Intro

- about Martin
 - visual neuroscience and electrophysiology
 - Laura Busse's lab, work on mouse vision and behaviour, record neurophysiology with optogenetic manipulation
 - Python experience:
 - needed visual stimulus presentation program
 - found VisionEgg, written in Python by a neuroscientist/entomologist, flexibility, features we needed, and it was free!
 - now use Python for:
 - arithmetic, simple calculations instead of a calculator
 - simpler things like renaming a bunch of files/folders in nested hierarchy
 - acquiring video frames from an eye-tracking camera
 - neural spike sorting & data analysis
 - managing a database for storing all our lab data
- quick round of intros: name, field of study, programming background, data analysis wants/needs
- why programming/coding?
 - o for those who don't know any programming: how do you analyze your data?
 - probably Excel, which is a mini language
 - o programming gives you the flexibility to do just about anything with your data, or any data
 - use lots of small building blocks, combine them in sequences in infinite ways
 - trick is to learn which blocks to use, and when, and how best to combine them
 - can make scientific discoveries, give machines the ability to learn, or fly a helicopter on Mars - can't do that with Excel

why Python?

- like Matlab, Python is an "interpreted" language as opposed to a "compiled" language no extra compilation step as in many other languages, developing code is easier and quicker
- Python installation is relatively small, on disk and in memory, launches faster than Matlab
- Python is free, and also open source: code behind Python and all of its libraries can be inspected, modified, improved by anyone not so with Matlab
 - using Python can make science more open and reproducible:
 - ultimately, science needs open publication, open data, open hardware, and open code
 - LMU open science center: https://www.osc.uni-muenchen.de/
- Python is used more outside of science and engineering than within it huge user base
 - easy to find answers to problems, easy to find existing tools (libraries) that already do what you want to do
 - end result is fewer lines of code that *you* need to write to accomplish something
- Python has been growing in popularity over many years, now ranked #1 depending on how you measure it
 - https://stackoverflow.blog/2017/09/06/incredible-growth-python/

- https://insights.stackoverflow.com/survey/2020#technology-programming-scripting-and-markup-languages
- o fits your brain Python syntax is intuitive, often reads like English
 - Guido: "programming languages are as much about communicating ideas between developers as they are about telling a computer what to do"
- o batteries included lots and lots of tools built in, and endless more that can be installed
 - bit like toolboxes in Matlab, but free and open
- helps make you employable
- motivation:
 - example: load data, analyze, plot, save
 - python LFP_analysis_example.py
- class stuff
 - integrated lecture + in-class exercises
 - lecture: introduce concepts, exercises: practice the concepts
 - please keep your audio muted when not speaking

Outline

- 1. Python basics
- 2. Python basics 2
- 3. collections
- 4. numpy 1D arrays
- 5. numpy data types
- 6. numpy file operations, plotting with matplotlib
- 7. more matplotlib, matrices
- 8. image analysis
- 9. data analysis with Pandas
- 10. statistics
- 11. organizing code, data, results; version control with Git; work on project
- 12. options:
 - o review
 - dimension reduction & clustering
 - hierarchical indexing in pandas
 - work on project

Grades

- attendance: 25%, all or nothing
 - o can miss up to 3 out of 12 classes, any more and no credit for course
- homework: 25%, 4 homework assignments, short, similar to in-class exercises
 - o graded by attempt, not outcome
 - we'll go over solutions the following week
 - programming is a skill, like any other language, need practice listening/speaking/reading/writing

- struggling and overcoming the struggle is part of the process
- final project: 50%
 - meet list of requirements that are fairly easy to fulfill
 - o code needs to run more or less successfully