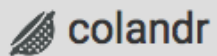




http://colandr.io



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SIGN UP

email

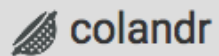
password

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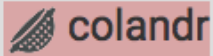
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SIGN UP



My Reviews

NEW REVIEW

Conservation + Human Development 2016-10-14

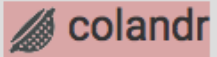
My Collaborative Review 2016-05-22

with wesreid, bobminnich , and sam

My Frozen Review 2016-03-01 – 2016-04-30



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New Review

name

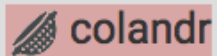
description

CREATE

CANCEL



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New Review

Burton's Big Review

description

CREATE

CANCEL

< Conservation + Human Development

[SETTINGS](#)

Planning

[objective](#)[questions](#)[pico](#)[keyterms](#)[selection criteria](#)[extraction form](#)

Citation Screening

[IMPORT](#)

0 citations imported

Full-text Screening

Data Extraction


MOCKUP SHORTCUTS:[planning](#)[citation import](#)[citation screening](#)[full-text screening](#)[data extraction](#)[export](#)

< Review Settings

Basic Information

Conservation + Human Development

International policy has sought to emphasize and strengthen the link between the conservation of natural ecosystems and human development. Furthermore, international conservation organizations have broadened their objectives beyond nature-based goals to recognize the contribution of conservation interventions in sustaining ecosystem services upon which human populations are dependent. While many indices have been developed to measure various human well-being domains, the strength of evidence to support the effects, both positive and negative, of conservation interventions on human well-being, is still unclear.



Collaboration

burton

burtdewilde@gmail.com

owner

[INVITE](#)

< Review Settings

Basic Information

foo bar bat baz



International policy has sought to emphasize and strengthen the link between the conservation of natural ecosystems and human development. Furthermore, international conservation organizations have broadened their objectives beyond nature-based goals to recognize the contribution of conservation interventions in sustaining ecosystem services upon which human populations are dependent. While many indices have been developed to measure various human well-being domains, the strength of evidence to support the effects, both positive and negative, of conservation interventions on human well-being, is still unclear.



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burt dewilde@gmail.com

owner

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burtdewilde@gmail.com

owner

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Freeze Review



You may freeze this review at any time to prevent further additions or changes from being made. This change is reversible.

[FREEZE](#)

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< Review Settings

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burton	burt dewilde@gmail.com	owner
wesreid	bwreid@gmail.com	 
bobminnich	rcm2164@columbia.edu	<i>pending</i>

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Screeners per Full-text: ☒ 1 ☐ 2

Freeze Review

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FREEZE

Delete Review

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DELETE

< Planning

Objective

To assess and characterize the current state and distribution of the existing evidence base around the causal linkages between both positive and negative effects of nature conservation and human well-being.



PICO

Population

Intervention

Comparison

Outcome

Research Questions

< Planning

Objective

Try to take over the world.



PICO

Population

Intervention

Comparison

Outcome

Research Questions

< Planning

Objective

To assess and characterize the current state and distribution of the existing evidence base around the causal linkages between both positive and negative effects of nature conservation and human well-being.

PICO

Population Human populations, including individuals, households, communities or nation states in

Intervention Adoption or implementation of nature conservation interventions

Comparison No use of nature conservation interventions either between sites or groups, or over time

Outcome Positive or negative effects on the multi-dimensional well-being status of human popula

Research Questions

< Planning

Research Questions

[+ ADD](#)

Search Terms

Term	Synonyms	Group
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[+ ADD](#)

Selection Criteria













Label	Description
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Data Extraction Form

< Planning

Research Questions

- 1 What are the impacts of nature conservation interventions on different domains of hum  
- 2 What is the current state and distribution of evidence?  
- 3 What types of impacts from conservation interventions on human well-being are measu  
- 4 What types of ecosystem services are explicitly associated with the impacts of conserv  
- 5 What populations are affected by conservation and/or focus of studies?  
- 6 How does the evidence base align with major priorities and investments of implementir  

[+ ADD](#)

Search Terms

Term	Synonyms	Group
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< Planning

Search Terms

Term	Synonyms	Group
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[+ ADD](#)

Selection Criteria

Label	Description
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Data Extraction Form

Label	Description	Type	Allowed Values
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[+ ADD](#)

< Planning

Search Terms

Term	Synonyms	Group		
<u>wellbeing</u>	<u>well-being, well being</u>	<u>outcome</u>		
<u>nutrition</u>		<u>outcome</u>		
<u>marine</u>	<u>freshwater</u>	<u>intervention qualifiers</u>		
<u>forest</u>	<u>forests, forestry</u>	<u>intervention qualifiers</u>		
<u>protect</u>	<u>protects, protection</u>	<u>intervention</u>		

[+ ADD](#)

Boolean Search Query

((wellbeing OR "well-being" OR "well being") OR nutrition) AND ((marine OR freshwater) OR (forest OR forests OR forestry)) AND ((protect OR protects OR protection))

< Planning

Selection Criteria

Label	Description
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[+ ADD](#)









Data Extraction Form

Label	Description	Type	Allowed Values
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[+ ADD](#)

< Planning

Selection Criteria

Label	Description		
location	individuals, households, or communities must be in non-OECD countri		
undefined population	studies must include discrete populations and not undefined groups c		
intervention type	study must document or measure people's specific and discrete exter		
in-situ	study must focus on establishment, adoption, or implementation of re		

[+ ADD](#)







Data Extraction Form

Label	Description	Type	Allowed Values
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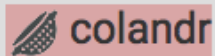
[+ ADD](#)

< Planning

Data Extraction Form

Label	Description	Type	Allowed Values
biome	type of ecosystem	Select Many ▾	marine, freshwater, fore  
study_duration	duration of study in mo.	Integer ▾	 
outcome_type		Select One ▾ Text Boolean Integer Float Date Select One Select Many Country	 

+ ADD



< Conservation + Human Development

[SETTINGS](#)

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keyterms

selection criteria

extraction form

Citation Screening

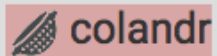
[IMPORT](#)

0 citations imported

Full-text Screening

Data Extraction

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< Import Citations

[from file](#)[with a form](#)[import history](#)

Import from

[BROWSE ...](#)

Data Source

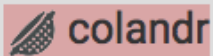
Status

[IMPORT](#)



< Import Citations

[from file](#)[with a form](#)[import history](#)Import from Data Source ▾ Status ▾



< Import Citations

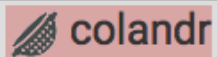
[from file](#)[with a form](#)[import history](#)Import from

Data Source



Status

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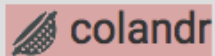
< Import Citations

[from file](#)[with a form](#)[import history](#)Import from

Data Source

database
gray literature

Status



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< Import Citations

[from file](#)[with a form](#)[import history](#)

Date	User	Data Source	Status	#
2016-10-15	burton	web of knowledge	not screened	42
2016-10-16	wesreid	www.foobar.com	excluded	10

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questions

pico

keyterms

selection criteria

extraction form

Citation Screening

[IMPORT](#)

not screened 1000

Full-text Screening

Data Extraction

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< Citation Screening

screen 1000

awaiting 0

in conflict 0

excluded 0

included 0

☐ Select All

Highlights ON

Filter by

or

 Tag ▾

Sort by

Relevance ▾

☐ Kellert, S R; Mehta, J N

INCLUDE

Local attitudes toward community-based **conservation** policy and programmes in Nepal: A case study in the Makalu-Barun Conservation

SKIP

EXCLUDE ▾

Environmental Conservation 25. (1998)

Community-based **conservation** (CBC) has been projected as the most practical approach to stem biodiversity loss in developing countries. Since CBC is 'people-centred' and experience with it is relatively new, it is important to know the views of local communities regarding implemented policies and programmes. This paper examines the attitudes of local communities toward policy and programmes implemented by a project under the CBC approach in the Makalu-Barun National Park and Conservation Area of Nepal, based on a 1996 survey of 400 people living in it. Overall, respondents did not have a particularly favourable perception of the community development programmes implemented. Strong support existed for ecotourism development in the Conservation Area. Respondents overwhelmingly endorsed community **forestry**. Wildlife **protection** remained a low priority amongst a significant majority of respondents. Some demographic and socio-economic factors exerted important influences on the attitudes of respondents.

Keywords: Community **forestry**; Community-based **conservation**; Ecotourism; Nepal; Policies; Wildlife conservation

[+ Add Tag](#)

< Citation Screening

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< Citation Screening

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Recently Added☐ Kellert, S R; Mehta, J N

INCLUDE

Local attitudes toward community-based **conservation** policy and programmes in Nepal: A case study in the Makalu-Barun Conservation

SKIP

Environmental Conservation 25. (1998)

EXCLUDE ▾

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☐ Peterson, A M; Stead, S M.

INCLUDE

Rule breaking and livelihood options in **marine protected** areas.

SKIP

EXCLUDE ▾

Environmental Conservation 38. (2011)

Two main drivers of global trends in noncompliance of **marine protected** areas regulations are food and income security. Declines in fish stocks have resulted in greater concerns for food security, especially in developing and coastal areas, and calls for environmental **conservation** are growing. Planning of **marine protected** areas has traditionally been based on biological and ecological data, only recently focusing on the human communities that are significantly dependent on coastal resources. The hypothesis that **marine** resource use is determined by socioeconomic factors (such as food security and income) and livelihood options was tested in two communities on the island of Rodrigues (Western Indian Ocean). As livelihood development can be a response to fisher displacement by **protected** areas, willingness towards alternative livelihood options and the differences in this between fisher demographic groups were also examined. Using semi-structured interviews, 72 fishers were surveyed on topics such as **fishery** and **marine protected** area (MPA) regulation noncompliance, current livelihoods and willingness to consider alternative livelihoods.

Keywords: alternative livelihoods; livelihood choice; **marine protected** areas; **marine** resource dependence; noncompliance; socioeconomics

< Citation Screening

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☐ Brännlund, R; Gong, P; Sidibe, A.

INCLUDE

Participation to **forest conservation** in National Kabore Tambi Park in Southern Burkina Faso

SKIP

Forest Policy and Economics 11. (2009)

EXCLUDE ▾

The main objective with this study is to investigate how different household characteristics, households' perceptions about the security of land use rights, and the households' proximity to **forests** affect the individual household's willingness to engage in activities that are meant to promote sustainable **forest** management in Burkina Faso. To achieve this objective we use a multinomial choice model of engagement (or non-engagement) in **forest** management activities based on household data from 4 villages surrounding the National Kabore Tambi Park in Burkina Faso. The results show that the participation by household members in **forest** conservation activities is mainly determined by the three variables that are related to policy: membership in community based **forest** management associations, security of land use rights, and training.

Keywords: Burkina Faso; Deforestation; **Forest** conservation

+ Add Tag

☐ Saunders, E

< Citation Screening

screen 999

awaiting 0

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☐ Brännlund, R; Gong, P; Sidibe, A.

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EXCLUDE ▾

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Keywords: Burkina Faso; Deforestation; **Forest** conservation Add Tag☐ Saunders, F.

INCLUDE

It's like herding monkeys into a conservation enclosure. The formation and

< Citation Screening

screen 999

awaiting 0

in conflict 0

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☐ Brännlund, R; Gong, P; Sidibe, A.

INCLUDE

Participation to **forest conservation** in National Kabore Tambi Park in Southern Burkina Faso

SKIP

EXCLUDE ▾

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- ☒ location
- ☐ undefined population
- ☒ intervention type
- ☐ in-situ

CANCEL

SAVE

Keywords: Burkina Faso; Deforestation; **Forest** conservation

+ Add Tag

☐ Saunders, F.

INCLUDE

It's like herding monkeys into a conservation enclosure. The formation and

< Citation Screening

screen 998

awaiting 0

in conflict 0

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☐ Select All

Highlights ON

Filter by

or

 Tag ▾

Sort by

Relevance ▾

☐ Saunders, F.

INCLUDE

It's like herding monkeys into a **conservation** enclosure: The formation and establishment of the Jozani-Chwaka Bay National Park, Zanzibar, Tanzania

SKIP

Conservation and Society 9. (2011)

EXCLUDE ▾

This manuscript examines a project that is representative of an emerging trend of new generation Integrated **Conservation** Development Projects in parts of Africa that combine socio-economic development with an emphasis on local institutional change. These 'local' projects are interlinked with global networks of **conservation** interests that provide technical expertise and resourcing. Key hurdles for establishing Zanzibar's first national park, the Jozani-Chwaka Bay National Park, were limiting community access to customary **forest** resources, farmer-red colobus monkey conflict, and setting up a supportive institution.

Keywords: Integrated **Conservation** Development Project; Jozani-Chawka Bay; community **conservation**; community-based natural resource management; tourism; trade-offs; wildlife conflict

☐ Idrus, A; Napiah, M; Othman, I.

INCLUDE

Human resource management in the construction of a sustainable

< Citation Screening

screen 998

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in conflict 1

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☐ Select All

Highlights ON

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Relevance ▾

☐ Idrus, A; Napiah, M; Othman, I.

INCLUDE

Human resource management in the construction of a sustainable development project: Towards successful completion.

SKIP

WIT Transactions on Ecology and the Environment 162. (2012)

EXCLUDE ▾

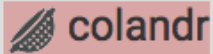
Construction projects are facing many problems from day to day in their business. One of the problems that has been taken into consideration in this study is human resource management in the construction of a sustainable development project. Even though construction uses more manpower in its business activities compared to other fields, its human resource management is still inadequate and insufficient. The problem concerning human resource management in the construction of a sustainable development project needs to be identified and methods for improvement need to be formulated for the success of the project.

Keywords: Construction; Human resource management; Improvement; Successful completion; Sustainable development

☐ Gauli, K; Hauser, M.

INCLUDE

Ain't Nobody Got fo' Dat: Challenges — and Memes — for Conservation



burton ▾



< Citation Screening

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in conflict 1

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included 1☐ Select All**Highlights ON**

Filter by



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Sort by

Relevance ▾

☐ Kellert, S R; Mehta, J N.

burton



Local attitudes toward community-based **conservation** policy and programmes in Nepal: A case study in the Makalu-Barun Conservation

Environmental Conservation 25. (1998)

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☐ Kellert, S R; Mehta, J N.

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Local attitudes toward community
programmes in Nepal: A case study

Environmental Conservation 25. (1998)

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If you remove this screening, the citation will
be returned to your **screen** list.
Are you sure?

YES

NO

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screen 998

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☐ Select All

Highlights ON

Filter by

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 Tag ▾

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Relevance ▾

☐ Brännlund, R; Gong, P; Sidibe, A.

Participation to **forest conservation** in National Kabore Tambi Park in Southern Burkina Faso.

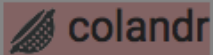
Forest Policy and Economics 11. (2009)

burton



✗ location

✗ intervention type



burton ▾



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☐ Brännlund, R; Gong, P; Sidibe, A.

Participation to **forest conse**
Southern Burkina Faso.

Forest Policy and Economics 11. (20

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✗ location

✗ intervention type

Remove Screening

If you remove this screening, the citation will
be returned to your **screen** list.
Are you sure?

YES**NO**

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in conflict 1

excluded 1

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☐ Select All

Highlights ON

Filter by

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Tag ▾

Sort by

Relevance ▾

☐ Ros-Tonen, M A.

New perspectives for the sustainable management of the amazon forest:
Exploring new avenues

*Novas perspectivas para a gestão sustentável da floresta amazônica: Explorando novas
caminhos 10. (2007)*

burton



wesreid



✗ in-situ

SHOW MORE

how to resolve conflicts hasn't *really* been decided.

currently, one of the two screeners has to come in here and remove his or her screening, thus throwing it back into their **screen** list. then, whenever they get back to it, they'll have to remember to screen it differently than before.

this is painful for users, absolutely, but the back-end isn't currently set up to "change" a screening decision, and i may not have time to get to it.

< Conservation + Human Development

[SETTINGS](#)

Planning

objective

questions

pico

keyterms

selection criteria

extraction form

Citation Screening

[IMPORT](#)

not screened 400

screened once 175

conflict
100

excluded 125

included 200

Full-text Screening

not screened 200

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Data Extraction

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[IMPORT](#)

not screened 400

screened once 175

conflict
100

excluded 125

included 200

Full-text Screening

not screened 70

screened once 50

conflict

excluded 30

included 40

Data Extraction

not started 10

screened once 10

finished 20

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