DS and OOP

lab2

Question 1 (30%)

Given two positive integers which are less than 2^31-1, please find the

Greatest Common Divisor.

Format

input format:

```
# of testing data
```

[positive integer1] [positive integer2]

(2 positive integers are seperated by space.)

output format:

[Greatest Common Divisor]

Example

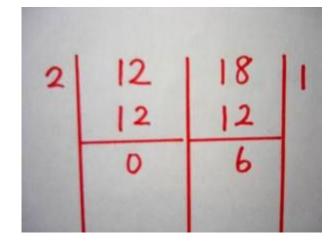
output:

```
1 8
2 12
3 17
4
```

Requirements

- Read input from stdin and output to stdout
- 2. Use your workstation to run your code
- 3. Your program must terminate correctly.

Hint:



Question 2 (30%)

Every decimal number has a binary representation. If a bit of a number is "1" and its next bit is also "1" then we can say that the number has a 1 adjacent bit.

For examples:

Number	Binary Representation	# of 1 adjacent bit	# of trailing zeros
12	1100	1	2
15	1111	3	0
54	110110	2	1

Find out how many times this scenario occurs and # of trailing zeros for N.

Format

input format:

```
[value of N] // where 0 < N \le 2^3 - 1
```

[value of N]

• • •

0 // means no more input and your program should terminate.

output format:

[Times of 1 adjacent occurs for N] [# of Trailing zeros for N]

Example

Input:

```
1 6
2 15
3 0
```

output:

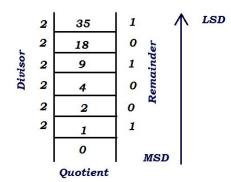
```
1 1 1
2 3 0
3
```

Requirements

- Read input from stdin and output to stdout
- 2. Use your workstation to run your code
- 3. Your program must terminate correctly.

Find the Binary equivalent for Decimal 35

Hint:



MSD - most significant digit LSD - least significant digit Therefore, the binary equivalent for 35 is 100101

Question 3 (40%)

You are given a map in form of a two-dimensional integer grid where 1 represents land and 0 represents water. Please determine the perimeter of the island.

Constrains of the Island:

- 1. There is exactly one island.
- 2. Grid cells are connected horizontally/vertically (not diagonally).
- 3. The grid is completely surrounded by water
- 4. The island doesn't have "lakes" (No "0" is surrounded by "1").
- 5. One cell is a square with side length 1. The grid is rectangular, width and height don't exceed 100.

Format

input format:

```
# of testing data

[height of first map] [weight of first map]

[first row of map]
```

output format:

...

```
[The perimeter of first island]
[The perimeter of second island]
```

Example

Input:

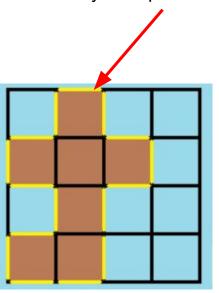
```
1 1 2 4 4 3 0 1 0 0 4 1 1 1 0 5 0 1 0 0 6 1 1 0 0 7
```

output:



The yellow parts are edges.

which indicate:



Requirements

- Read input from stdin and output to stdout
- 2. Use your workstation to run your code
- 3. Your program must terminate correctly.
- 4. Output format must be exactly the same as mentioned.

Reference

Putty:

https://help.cs.nctu.edu.tw/help/index.php/HOWTO - %E4%BD%BF%E7%94%A8PuTTY%E7%99%BB %E5%85%A5%E7%B3%BB%E4%B8%8A%E5%B7%A5%E4%BD%9C%E7%AB%99

Filezilla:

https://help.cs.nctu.edu.tw/help/index.php/HOWTO - %E9%80%A3%E4%B8%8A%E7%B3%BB%E4%B888A%E5%B7%A5%E4%BD%9C%E7%AB%99%E7%9A%84_FTP

Command line:

http://crasseux.com/books/ctutorial/argc-and-argv.html

Putty

Please connect to:

linux1.cs.nctu.edu.tw

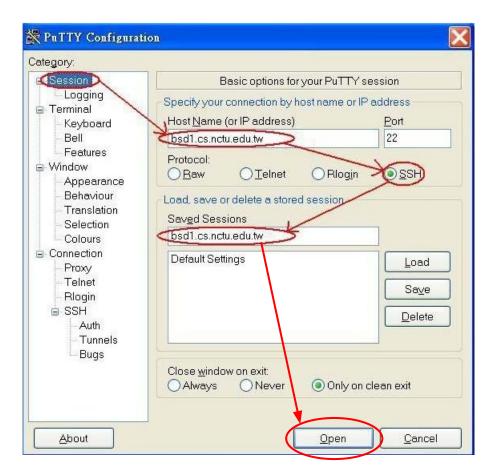
linux2.cs.nctu.edu.tw

linux3.cs.nctu.edu.tw

linux4.cs.nctu.edu.tw

linux5.cs.nctu.edu.tw

linux6.cs.nctu.edu.tw



Download:

https://goo.gl/bFz961

More Settings:

https://goo.gl/y5zc2d

Upload to Work Station



Linux command

command you may use: cd, ls, g++ [-o outputfilename], ./[outputfilename]

```
@linux2 [~/
                                  >ls
16:17
ezbb.cpp test1.txt
            @linux2 [~/
                                >g++ ezbb.cpp
16:18
                                 >1s
            @linux2 [~/
16:18
        ezbb.cpp test1.txt
a.out*
            @linux2 [~/
                                ] >./a.out
16:18
10
```

* Redirect file to standard input : [executable] < [file] (i.e., ./a.out < input.txt)