Programming Lab – Weight on Different Planets PHYS 2511 – Prof. Matthew Newby – Spring 2018

Goal:	Create a Python program that determines the weight of an explorer on a planet, given the planet's composition, size, and altitude of the explorer.
Requirements:	A python program that reads in a specially-formatted data file, takes in the mass and altitude of a human explorer, and returns the weight of the explorer.
Inputs:	 Data File Planet of interest's name Altitude above average radius Explorer's Mass
Outputs:	The explorer's weightGravitational acceleration (in "g"s)

Possible Issues: Unit conversions

Background:

The input files will be in the following format:

```
# Planet's Name, Average Radius of Planet, Density of planet
Earth; 6371.0 km; 5.514 g/cm^3;
Mars; 3389.5 km; 3.9335 g/cm^3;
(more lines)
```

You will need to read this file in, decode it, convert units (as necessary), then do your calculations.

Recall that the weight of an object is equal to its acceleration due to gravity.

Newton's 2^{nd} Law: F = ma

Newton's Law of gravitation: $F_g = G \frac{Mm}{r^2}$

The mass of an object, given its density and volume, is: ${\cal M}=\rho V$

The volume of a sphere: $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$