

Scripts and Functions

Talk to a Teacher
National Mission on Education through ICT

<http://spoken-tutorial.org>

Script & Narration
Anuradha Amrutkar
(IIT Bombay)

19 August 2011



Script Files

Let us start with a brief introduction to the file formats in Scilab



Script Files

Let us start with a brief introduction to the file formats in Scilab

- **When several commands are to be executed, it may be more convenient to write these statements into a file with Scilab editor.**



Script Files

Let us start with a brief introduction to the file formats in Scilab

- **When several commands are to be executed, it may be more convenient to write these statements into a file with Scilab editor.**
- **These are called as SCRIPT files.**



Script Files

- To execute the commands written in such a script file, the "*exec*" function can be used, followed by the name of the script file.



Script Files

- To execute the commands written in such a script file, the " *exec* " function can be used, followed by the name of the script file.
- These file generally have the extension " *.sce* " or " *.sci* ", depending on its content.



Files having the .sci extension contains



.sci Files

Files having the .sci extension contains

- **Scilab functions and/or**
- **User defined functions**



.sci Files

Files having the .sci extension contains

- **Scilab functions and/or**
- **User defined functions**

Executing these files loads the functions into Scilab environment (but does not execute them)



.sce Files

Files having the .sce extension contains



Files having the .sce extension contains

- **Scilab functions and**
- **User defined functions**



Remember

Please Remember that



Remember

Please Remember that

- The convention of naming the extension as *.sce* and *.sci* are not **RULES**, but a convention followed by the scilab community.



Features of Scilab Script Files

One of the interesting feature of scilab is



Features of Scilab Script Files

One of the interesting feature of scilab is

- **You can define any number of functions in a single .sci file**



Features of Scilab Script Files

- While doing this please remember that



Features of Scilab Script Files

- **While doing this please remember that**
 - **By default all the variables defined in a function are LOCAL**



Features of Scilab Script Files

- **While doing this please remember that**
 - By default all the variables defined in a function are **LOCAL**
 - The scope of these variables used in a particular function ends with the **endfunction** keyword of the function definition.



Features of Scilab Script Files

Advantage of this feature is



Features of Scilab Script Files

Advantage of this feature is

- **We can use same variable names in different function.**



Features of Scilab Script Files

Advantage of this feature is

- **We can use same variable names in different function.**
- **These variables won't get mixed up unless we use the global option.**



Features of Scilab Script Files

Advantage of this feature is

- We can use same variable names in different function.
- These variables won't get mixed up unless we use the global option.
- To know more about the global variables type *help global*



Features of Scilab Script Files

Please note that if any variable is to be "watched" or monitored inside a function, then *disp* is required.



Features of Scilab Script Files

Please note that if any variable is to be "watched" or monitored inside a function, then *disp* is required.

Inside a function file, you can check for yourself the effect of putting a *semicolon(;)* at the end of a statement



Features of Scilab Script Files

Please note that if any variable is to be "watched" or monitored inside a function, then *disp* is required.

Inside a function file, you can check for yourself the effect of putting a *semicolon(;)* at the end of a statement

Also check this for *disp(" ...")* statements.



Inline Functions

- **Functions are segments of code that have well defined input and output as well as local variables**



Inline Functions

- **Functions are segments of code that have well defined input and output as well as local variables**
- **The simplest way to define a function is by using the command *'deff()'*.**



Inline Functions

- **Scilab allows the creation of in-line functions and are especially useful when the body of the function is short**



Inline Functions

- **Scilab allows the creation of in-line functions and are especially useful when the body of the function is short**
- **This can be done with the help of the function *deff()*.**



Inline Functions

- It takes two string parameters.



Inline Functions

- **It takes two string parameters.**
 - **The first string defines the interface to the function**



Inline Functions

- **It takes two string parameters.**
 - The first string defines the interface to the function
 - The second string defines the statements of the function.



Inline Functions

- The **deff** command defines the function in the scilab and also loads it.



Inline Functions

- **The deff command defines the function in the scilab and also loads it.**
- **There is no need to load the function defined by using deff command explicitly through execute menu option.**



.sce Files

The files with the .sce file extension are the script files

- **They contain the SCILAB commands that you enter during an interactive kind of SCILAB session**



.sce Files

The files with the .sce file extension are the script files

- **They contain the SCILAB commands that you enter during an interactive kind of SCILAB session**
- **They can comprise comment lines utilized in documenting the function**



- They can also use the command **EXEC** to execute the script.



.sci Files

- The files with the .sci file extension are the function files that start with the function statement.



.sce Files

- A single .sci file can have multiple function definitions which



.sce Files

- A single .sci file can have multiple function definitions which
 - Themselves contain any number of SCILAB statements that perform operations on the function arguments or



.sce Files

- A single .sci file can have multiple function definitions which
 - Themselves contain any number of SCILAB statements that perform operations on the function arguments or
 - On the output variables after they have been evaluated.



Acknowledgement

- **This spoken tutorial has been created by the Free and Open Source Software in Science and Engineering Education(FOSSEE).**



Acknowledgement

- This spoken tutorial has been created by the Free and Open Source Software in Science and Engineering Education(FOSSEE).
- More information on the FOSSEE project could be obtained from <http://fossee.in> or <http://scilab.in>



Acknowledgement

- This spoken tutorial has been created by the Free and Open Source Software in Science and Engineering Education(FOSSEE).
- More information on the FOSSEE project could be obtained from <http://fossee.in> or <http://scilab.in>



Acknowledgement

- **Supported by the National Mission on Education through ICT, MHRD, Government of India.**



Acknowledgement

- Supported by the National Mission on Education through ICT, MHRD, Government of India.
- For more information, visit:
<http://spoken-tutorial.org/NMEICT-Intro>

