

You must show all your work! Answers without supporting work will not be graded.

All problems are inspired by our *Introduction to Logic Design 3rd Edition* text.

This homework is worth 3 points.

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1. Using the following state table, create two Sequential Circuits. You must draw the block diagrams for both.

<b>A B</b>	<b>A* B*</b>		<b>z</b>	
	<b>x=0</b>	<b>x=1</b>	<b>x=0</b>	<b>x=1</b>
0 0	1 0	1 1	0	0
0 1	0 0	0 1	0	0
1 0	0 1	1 1	1	0
1 1	0 0	0 0	1	1

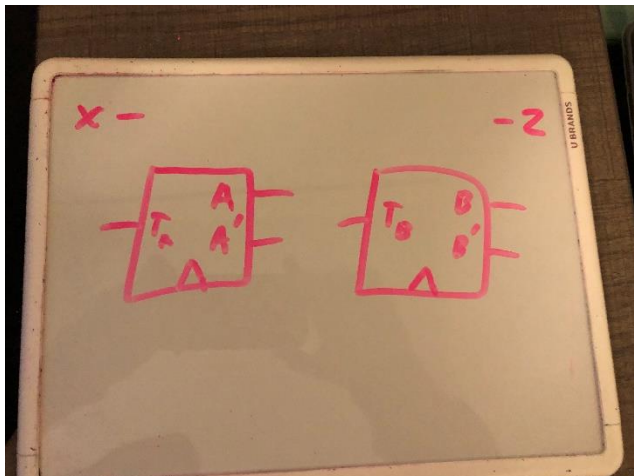
- (a) Use T Flip Flops with inputs  $T_A$  and  $T_B$  to store  $A*B^*$ .

i.  $T_A = x'A + A'B' + AB$

ii.  $T_B = A = x'B + xB'$

iii.  $z = x'A + AB$

- iv. Diagram:



## Workspace 1.a

USED FOR PARTS A and B

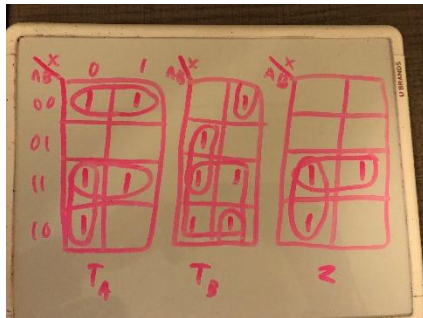
X	A	B	A*	B*	Ta	Tb	SaRa	SbRb	z
0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1 0	0 X	0
0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0 X	0 1	0
0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0 1	1 0	1
0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0 1	0 1	1
1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1 0	1 0	0
1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0 X	X 0	0
1	1	0	1	1	0	1	X 0	1 0	0
1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0 1	0 1	1

T Flip Flop: 0 = hold, 1 = toggle

SR Flip Flop:

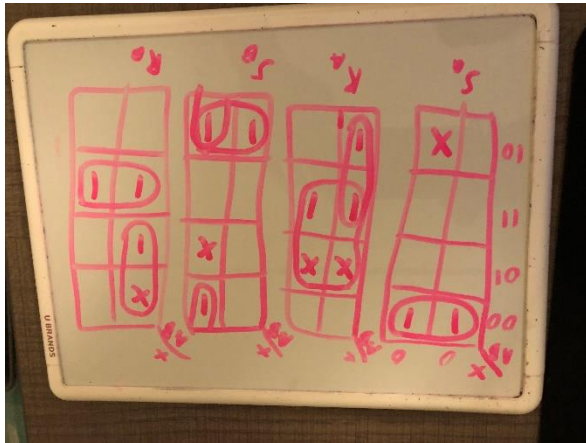
q	Q*	S	R
0	0	0	X
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	1
1	1	X	0

T



SR

Cont.



(b) Use SR Flip Flops with inputs  $S_A R_A$  and  $S_B R_B$  to store  $A*B^*$ .

i.  $S_A = A'B'$

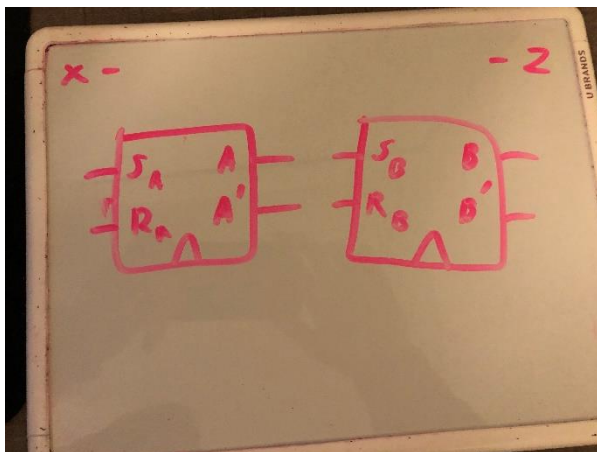
ii.  $R_A = B + x'A$

iii.  $S_B = xB' + AB'$

iv.  $R_B = x'A' + AB$

v.  $Z = X'A + AB$

vi. Diagram:



Workspace 1.b

Cont.

Workspace 1.b continued

2. Use the following State Table and state mapping to create two Sequential Circuits. You need not draw block diagrams.

$q$	$q^*$		$z$		$q$	$q_1 q_2$
	$x=0$	$x=1$	$x=0$	$x=1$		
A	C	B	1	1	A	0 0
B	A	A	1	0	B	1 1
C	C	A	1	0	C	0 1

- (a) For the first, use JK Flip Flops with inputs  $J_1 K_1$  and  $J_2 K_2$  to store  $q^* q^*$ .  
<sub>1 2</sub>

i.  $J_1 = xB'$

ii.  $K_1 = 1$

iii.  $J_2 = 1$

iv.  $K_2 = x + A$

v.  $z = x' + B'$

Workspace 2.a

## Workspace 2.a continued

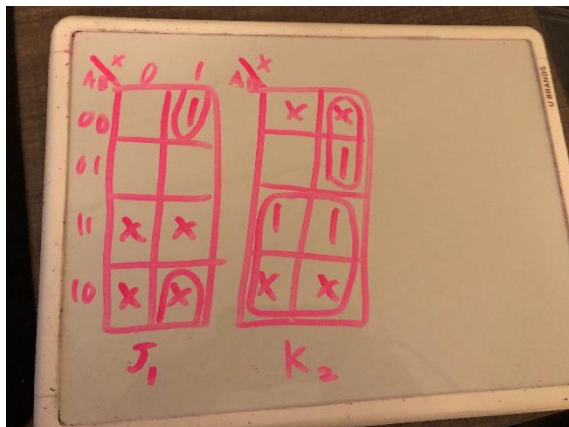
USED FOR PARTS A and B

X	Q1	Q2	Q1* / D1	Q2* / D2	z	J1K1	J2K2
0	0	0	0	1	1	0X	1X
0	0	1	0	1	1	0X	X0
0	1	0	X	X	X	XX	XX
0	1	1	0	0	1	X1	X1
1	0	0	1	1	1	1X	1X
1	0	1	0	0	0	0X	X1
1	1	0	X	X	X	XX	XX
1	1	1	0	0	0	X1	X1

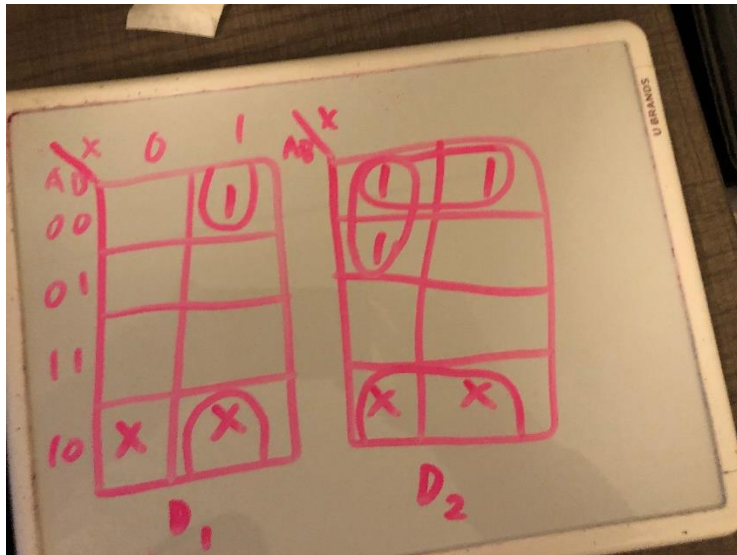
JK Flip Flop:

q	Q*	J	K
0	0	0	X
0	1	1	X
1	0	X	1
1	1	X	0

JK



D





(b) Use D Flip Flops with inputs  $D_1$  and  $D_2$  to store  $q_1^* q_2^*$ .

i.  $D_1 = xB'$

ii.  $D_2 = B' + x'A'$

iii.  $z = x' + B'$

Workspace 2.b

3. Create a sequential circuit with no output which passes through the following states and repeats:

1, 3, 5, 7, 6, 4, 2, 0, ...

You must use  $q_1$ ,  $q_2$ , and  $q_3$  as your state variables from highest ( $q_1$ ) to lowest ( $q_3$ ) bits. Notice the circuit visits all possible states. Use  $J_1K_1$ ,  $D_2$ , and  $T_3$  as inputs to three (a JK, D, and T) flip flops. You need not draw the block diagram.

(a)  $J_1 = q_2q_3$

(b)  $K_1 = q_2'q_3'$

(c)  $D_2 = xA' + xB + A'B$

(d)  $T_3 = q_1'q_2'q_3' + q_1q_2q_3$

Workspace 3

## Workspace 3 continued

Q1	Q2	Q3	Q1*	Q2* / D2	Q3*	J1K1	T3
0	0	0	0	0	1	0X	1
0	0	1	0	1	1	0X	0
0	1	0	0	0	0	0X	0
0	1	1	1	0	1	1X	0
1	0	0	0	1	0	X1	0
1	0	1	1	1	1	X0	0
1	1	0	1	0	0	X0	0
1	1	1	1	1	0	X0	1

