

## Laptops

Problem statement: [Laptops \(link\)](#)

Implementation: [Code \(link\)](#)

Our approach is to sort the laptops by price, then do a linear search. After sorting (increasingly), let  $L_i.quality$  denote the quality of the  $i$ -th laptop. Also, let  $max_i$  denote the maximum quality up to and including the  $i$ -th laptop, initially set to 0. Then we can visit each laptop, from cheapest to most expensive. On each visit, we check whether  $L_i.quality < max_{i-1}$ . If  $L_i.quality < max_{i-1}$  then we output "Happy Alex" and terminate. Otherwise, we update  $max_{i-1}$  and proceed to the next laptop. After visiting each laptop we output "Poor Alex".

Runtime complexity:  $O(n \log(n))$ , the sort subroutine dominates.

Memory complexity:  $O(n)$