Chapter 1.1 - Exercises

Ex 1. i) Proposition: If ax = a for some number $a \neq 0$, then x = 1.

Proof. (Direct)

Suppose ax = a for some number $a \neq 0$. Then $ax = a \implies x = a \times a^{-1} = 1$.

Ex 1. ii) Proposition: $x^2 - y^2 = (x - y)(x + y)$.

Proof. (Direct)

Observe that
$$(x+y)(x-y) = x^2 - xy + xy - y^2 = x^2 - y^2$$
.

Ex 1. iii) Proposition: If $x^2 = y^2$, then x = y or x = -y.

Proof. (Direct)

Given
$$x^2 = y^2$$
. Because $x^2 = |x|^2$, it follows that $\sqrt{|x|^2} = y^2 \implies |x| = y$. Thus $x = y$ or $x = -y$. \square

Ex 1. iv) Proposition: $x^3 - y^3 = (x - y)(x^2 + xy + y^2)$.

Proof. (Direct)

Observe that
$$(x-y)(x^2+xy+y^2)=x^3+x^2y+xy^2-x^2y-xy^2-y^3=x^3-y^3$$
.

Ex 1. v) Proposition: $x^n - y^n = (x - y)(x^{n-1} + x^{n-2}y + ... + xy^{n-2} + y^{n-1}).$

Proof. (Direct)

Observe that

$$(x-y)(x^{n-1}+x^{n-2}y+\ldots+xy^{n-2}+y^{n-1})=\\x(x^{n-1}+x^{n-2}y+\ldots+xy^{n-2}+y^{n-1})-y(x^{n-1}+x^{n-2}y+\ldots+xy^{n-2}+y^{n-1})=\\(x^n+x^{n-1}y+\ldots+x^2y^{n-2}+xy^{n-1})-(x^{n-1}y+x^{n-2}y^2+\ldots+xy^{n-1}+y^n)=\\x^n+(x^{n-1}y-x^{n-1}y)+(x^{n-2}y^2-x^{n-2}y^2)+\ldots+(x^2y^{n-2}-x^2y^{n-2})+(xy^{n-1}-xy^{n-1})-y^n=\\x^n-y^n$$

Ex 1. vi) Proposition: $x^3 + y^3 = (x + y)(x^2 - xy + y^2)$.

Proof (Direct)

Observe that
$$(x+y)(x^2-xy+y^2) = x^3-x^2y+xy^2+x^2y-xy^2+y^3=x^3+y^3$$
.

Ex 2. Because x = y implies x - y = 0, we can not divide both sides of (x + y)(x - y) = y(x - y) with x - y = 0.

Ex 3. i) Proposition: If $b, c \neq 0$, then $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{ac}{bc}$.

Proof. (Direct)

Given $b, c \neq 0$. Then $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{ac}{bc}$ implies abc = abc.

Ex 3. ii) Proposition: If $b, d \neq 0$, then $\frac{a}{b} + \frac{c}{d} = \frac{ad + bc}{bd}$.

Proof. (Direct)

Given $b, d \neq 0$. Observe that $\frac{a}{b} + \frac{c}{d} = \frac{ad}{bd} + \frac{bc}{bd} = \frac{ad + bc}{bd}$.

Ex 3. iii) Proposition: If $a, b \neq 0$, then $(ab)^{-1} = a^{-1}b^{-1}$.

Proof.

TODO

Ex 3. iv) Proposition: If $b, d \neq 0$, then $\frac{a}{b} \times \frac{c}{d} = \frac{ac}{db}$.

Proof.

TODO

Ex 3. v) Proposition: If $b, c, d \neq 0$, then $\frac{a}{b} \div \frac{c}{d} = \frac{ad}{bc}$.

Proof.

TODO

Ex 3. vi) Proposition: If $b, d \neq 0$, then $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}$ if and only if ad = bc. Also determine when $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{b}{a}$.

Proof.

TODO