



## COS 210 Worksheet 3

- This worksheet consists of 4 questions for a total of 12 marks.

### Question 1 ..... (3 marks)

The language  $A$  is defined over the alphabet  $\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$  with

$$A = \{w : \text{there exists a symbol in } \Sigma \text{ that appears at most twice in } w\}.$$

Draw a non-deterministic finite automaton  $N$  with  $L(N) = A$ .

### Question 2 ..... (2 marks)

The language  $B$  is defined over the alphabet  $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$  with

$$B = \{u_1 u_2 \dots u_k : k \geq 0 \text{ and } u_i \in \{bab, ba\} \text{ for all } i \in 1, 2, \dots, k\}.$$

Hence,  $B$  is the language of arbitrary concatenations of  $bab$  and  $ba$ . Draw a non-deterministic finite automaton  $N$  with  $L(N) = B$ . Your automaton shall have three states. (Note that the transitions of your automaton must be labelled with  $a$  or  $b$  or  $\epsilon$ , but NOT with  $bab$  or  $ba$ .)

### Question 3 ..... (3 marks)

Draw a deterministic finite automaton  $D$  over  $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$  with  $L(D) = B$  where  $B$  is the language from Question 2. Your automaton shall have five states.

### Question 4 ..... (4 marks)

Convert the NFA  $N$  below to a DFA  $D = (Q', \Sigma, \delta', q', F')$  using the approach from Lecture 7 and textbook Section 2.5. You are required to explicitly provide the elements of the 5-tuple  $(Q', \Sigma, \delta', q', F')$  that describes the DFA  $D$ . Provide the transition function as a table. Do not draw the DFA.

