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Project 1

About

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Algorithm 1: Connecting Pairs of Persons

- While the algorithm uses a nested loop, it picks up from where the previous loop stops, so in effect, only one loop is occuring at any time.
- Therefore, this is considered one loop and falls within O(n) time complexity
 - Everything else is considered one step

Pseudocode

```
Function min_swaps(row[]) {
   int swaps = 0
   for each couple (i, i + 1) from 0 to row.length() with 2 step increments {
      if floor(row[i] / 2) != floor(row[i + 1] / 2) {
        find j where floor(row[j] / 2) == floor(row[i] / 2)
        swap row[i + 1] with row[j]
        swaps++
      }
   }
   return swaps
}
```

How to run:

```
~$ python3 algorithm-1.py
```

Algorithm 2: Greedy Approach to Hamilton Problem

Pseudocode

```
Function find_starting_city(city_distances, fuel, mpg):
   total_gas = 0
   total_distance = 0
   start_city = 0

For i from 0 to len(city_distances) - 1:
     total_gas += fuel[i]
     total_distance += city_distances[i]
```

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```
If total_gas * mpg < total_distance:
    start_city = i + 1
    total_gas = 0
    total_distance = 0

Return start_city % len(city_distances)</pre>
```

How to run:

```
~$ python3 algorithm-2.py
```