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diary on          % begin recording

% FEMA appeal for The Town of Harpswell, Cumberland county, Maine
% TRANSECT ID: CM-139-1
% calculation by SJH, Ransom Consulting, Inc. 20-Feb-2020
% 100-year wave runup using TAW methodology
% including berm and weighted average with foreshore if necessary
%
% chk nld 20200220
%
% This script assumes that the incident wave conditions provided
% as input in the configuration section below are the
% appropriate values located at the end of the foreshore
% or toe of the slope on which the run-up is being calculated
% the script does not attempt to apply a depth limit or any other
% transformation to the incident wave conditions other than
% conversion of the peak wave period to the spectral mean wave
% as recommended in the references below
%
% references:
%
% Van der Meer, J.W., 2002. Technical Report Wave Run-up and
% Wave Overtopping at Dikes. TAW Technical Advisory Committee on
% Flood Defence, The Netherlands.
%
% FEMA. 2007, Atlantic Ocean and Gulf of Mexico Coastal Guidelines Update
%
%
%-----
% CONFIG
%-----
fname='inpfiles/CM-139-1sta_ele_include.csv'; % file with station, elevation, include
% third column is 0 for excluded points
imgname='logfiles/CM-139-1-runup';
SWEL=8.7974; % 100-yr still water level including wave setup.
H0=9.1162; % significant wave height at toe of structure
Tp=9.9055; % peak period, 1/fma,
T0=Tp/1.1;

gamma_berm=1; % this may get changed automatically below
gamma_rough=0.8;
gamma_beta=1;
gamma_perm=1;

setupAtToe=-0.071548;
maxSetup=1.804; % only used in case of berm/shallow foreshore weighted average

plotTitle='Iterative TAW for CM-139-1'

plotTitle =

Iterative TAW for CM-139-1

% END CONFIG
%-----

SWEL=SWEL+setupAtToe

SWEL =

8.725852

SWEL_fore=SWEL+maxSetup

SWEL_fore =

10.529852

% FIND WAVELENGTH USING DEEPWATER DISPERSION RELATION
% using English units
L0=32.15/(2*pi)*T0^2

L0 =

414.923987801381

% Find Hb (Munk, 1949)
%Hb=H0/(3.3*(H0/L0)^(1/3))
%Db=-Hb/.78+SWEL; % depth at breaking

% The toe elevation here is only used to determine the average
% structure slope, it is not used to depth limit the wave height.
% Any depth limiting or other modification of the wave height

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% to make it consistent with TAW guidance should be performed
% prior to the input of the significant wave height given above.
Ztoe=SWEL-1.5*H0

Ztoe =

        -4.948448

% read the transect
[sta,dep,inc] = textread(fname,'%n%n%n%[^\\n]','delimiter',' ','headerlines',0);

% remove unselected points
k=find(inc==0);
sta(k)=[];
dep(k)=[];

sta_org=sta; % used for plotting purposes
dep_org=dep;

% initial guess at maximum run-up elevation to estimate slope
Z2=SWEL+1.5*H0

Z2 =

        22.400152

% determine station at the max runup and -1.5*H0 (i.e. the toe)
top_sta=-999;
toe_sta=-999;
for kk=1:length(sta)-1
    if ((Z2 > dep(kk)) & (Z2 <= dep(kk+1))) % here is the intersection of z2 with profile
        top_sta=interp1(dep(kk:kk+1),sta(kk:kk+1),Z2)
    end
    if ((Ztoe > dep(kk)) & (Ztoe <= dep(kk+1))) % here is the intersection of Ztoe with profile
        toe_sta=interp1(dep(kk:kk+1),sta(kk:kk+1),Ztoe)
    end
end
toe_sta =

        -21.5741922258949

% check to make sure we got them, if not extend the end slopes outward
S=diff(dep)./diff(sta);
if toe_sta== -999
    dy=dep(1)-Ztoe;
    toe_sta=sta(1)-dy/S(1)
end
if top_sta== -999
    dy=Z2-dep(end);
    top_sta=sta(end)+dy/S(end)
end
top_sta =

        110.220889108171

% just so the reader can tell the values aren't -999 anymore
top_sta

top_sta =

        110.220889108171

toe_sta

toe_sta =

        -21.5741922258949

% check for case where the toe of slope is below SWL-1.5*H0
% in this case interpolate setup from the setupAtToe(really setup as first station), and the max setup
% also un-include points seaward of SWL-1.5*H0
if Ztoe > dep(1)
    dd=SWEL_fore-dep;
    k=find(dd<0,1); % k is index of first land point
    staAtSWL=interp1(dep(k-1:k),sta(k-1:k),SWEL_fore);
    dsta=staAtSWL-sta(1);
    dsetup=maxSetup-setupAtToe;
    dsetdsta=dsetup/dsta;
    setup=setupAtToe+dsetdsta*(toe_sta-sta(1));
    sprintf('!!- Location of SWEL-1.5*H0 is %4.1f ft landward of toe of slope',dsta)
    sprintf('!!- Setup is interpolated between setup at toe of slope and max setup')

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    sprintf('!!!-      setup is adjusted to %4.2f feet',setup)
    SWEL=SWEL-setupAtToe+setup;
    sprintf('!!!-      SWEL is adjusted to %4.2f feet',SWEL)
    k=find(dep < SWEL-1.5*H0)
    sta(k)=[];
    dep(k)=[];
else
    sprintf('!!!- The User has selected a starting point that is %4.2f feet above the elevation of SWEL-1.5H0\n',dep(1)
    sprintf('!!!- This may be reasonable for some cases. However the user may want to consider:\n')
    sprintf('!!!- 1) Selecting a starting point that is at or below %4.2f feet elevation, or\n', Ztoe)
    sprintf('!!!- 2) Reducing the incident wave height to a depth limited condition.\n')
end

ans =

-!!!- Location of SWEL-1.5*H0 is 123.5 ft landward of toe of slope

ans =

-!!!- Setup is interpolated between setup at toe of slope and max setup

ans =

-!!!-      setup is adjusted to 0.63 feet

ans =

-!!!-      SWEL is adjusted to 9.43 feet

k =

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% now iterate converge on a runup elevation

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tol=0.01; % convergence criteria
R2del=999;
R2_new=3*H0; %initial guess
R2=R2_new;
iter=0;
R2_all=[];
topStaAll=[];
Berm_Segs=[];
TAW_ALWAYS_VALID=1;
while(abs(R2del) > tol && iter <= 25)
    iter=iter+1;
    sprintf('!----- STARTING ITERATION %d -----!',iter)
    % elevation of toe of slope
    Ztoe
    % station of toe slope (relative to 0-NAVD88 shoreline)
    toe_sta
    % station of top of slope/extent of 2% run-up
    top_sta
    % elevation of top of slope/extent of 2% run-up
    Z2
    % incident significant wave height
    H0
    % incident spectral peak wave period
    Tp
    % incident spectral mean wave period
    T0

    R2=R2_new
    Z2=R2+SWEL
    % determine slope for this iteration
    top_sta=-999;
    for kk=1:length(sta)-1
        if ((Z2 > dep(kk)) & (Z2 <= dep(kk+1))) % here is the intersection of z2 with profile
            top_sta=interp1(dep(kk:kk+1),sta(kk:kk+1),Z2)
            break;
        end
    end
    if top_sta== -999
        dy=Z2-dep(end);
        top_sta=sta(end)+dy/S(end)
    end

    % get the length of the slope (not accounting for berm)
    Lslope=top_sta-toe_sta

    % loop over profile segments to determine berm factor
    % re-calculate influence of depth of berm based on this run-up elevation
    % check for berm, berm width, berm height
    berm_width=0;
    rdh_sum=0;
    Berm_Segs=[];
    Berm_Heights=[];
    for kk=1:length(sta)-1
        ddep=dep(kk+1)-dep(kk);
        dsta=sta(kk+1)-sta(kk);
        s=ddep/dsta;
        if (s < 1/15) % count it as a berm if slope is flatter than 1:15 (see TAW manual)
            sprintf('Berm Factor Calculation: Iteration %d, Profile Segment: %d',iter,kk)
            berm_width=berm_width+dsta; % tally the width of all berm segments
            % compute the rdh for this segment and weight it by the segment length
            dh=SWEL-(dep(kk)+dep(kk+1))/2
            if dh < 0
                chi=R2;
            else
                chi=2* H0;
            end
            if (dh <= R2 & dh >=-2*H0)
                rdh=(0.5-0.5*cos(3.14159*dh/chi)) ;
            else
                rdh=1;
            end
            rdh_sum=rdh_sum + rdh * dsta
            Berm_Segs=[Berm_Segs, kk];
            Berm_Heights=[Berm_Heights, (dep(kk)+dep(kk+1))/2];
        end
        if dep(kk) >= Z2 % jump out of loop if we reached limit of run-up for this iteration
            break
        end
    end
    sprintf('!----- End Berm Factor Calculation, Iter: %d -----!',iter)
    berm_width
    rB=berm_width/Lslope
    if (berm_width > 0)
        rdh_mean=rdh_sum/berm_width
    else
        rdh_mean=1
    end
    gamma_berm=1- rB * (1-rdh_mean)
    if gamma_berm > 1
        gamma_berm=1
    end
end

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end
if gamma_berm < 0.6
    gamma_berm = 0.6
end
% Iribarren number
slope=(Z2-Ztoe)/(Lslope-berm_width)
Irb=(slope/(sqrt(H0/L0)))
% runup height
gamma_berm
gamma_perm
gamma_beta
gamma_rough
gamma=gamma_berm*gamma_perm*gamma_beta*gamma_rough

% check validity
TAW_VALID=1;
if (Irb*gamma_berm < 0.5 | Irb*gamma_berm > 10 )
    sprintf('!!! - - Iribarren number: %6.2f is outside the valid range (0.5-10), TAW NOT VALID - - !!!\n', Irb*gamma_berm)
    TAW_VALID=0;
else
    sprintf('!!! - - Iribarren number: %6.2f is in the valid range (0.5-10), TAW RECOMMENDED - - !!!\n', Irb*gamma_berm)
end
islope=1/slope;
if (slope < 1/8 | slope > 1)
    sprintf('!!! - - slope: 1:%3.1f V:H is outside the valid range (1:8 - 1:1), TAW NOT VALID - - !!!\n', islope)
    TAW_VALID=0;
else
    sprintf('!!! - - slope: 1:%3.1f V:H is in the valid range (1:8 - 1:1), TAW RECOMMENDED - - !!!\n', islope)
end
if TAW_VALID == 0
    TAW_ALWAYS_VALID=0;
end

if (Irb*gamma_berm < 1.8)
    R2_new=gamma*H0*1.77*Irb
else
    R2_new=gamma*H0*(4.3-(1.6/sqrt(Irb)))
end

% check to see if we need to evaluate a shallow foreshore
if berm_width > 0.25 * L0;
    disp('! Berm width is greater than 1/4 wave length')
    disp('! Runup will be weighted average with foreshore calculation assuming depth limited wave height on berm')
    % do the foreshore calculation
    fore_H0=0.78*(SWEL_fore-min(Berm_Heights))
    % get upper slope
    fore_toe_sta=-999;
    fore_toe_dep=-999;
    for kk=length(dep)-1:-1:1
        ddep=dep(kk+1)-dep(kk);
        dsta=sta(kk+1)-sta(kk);
        s=ddep/dsta;
        if s < 1/15
            break
        end
        fore_toe_sta=sta(kk);
        fore_toe_dep=dep(kk);
        upper_slope=(Z2-fore_toe_dep)/(top_sta-fore_toe_sta)
    end
    fore_Irb=upper_slope/(sqrt(fore_H0/L0));
    fore_gamma=gamma_perm*gamma_beta*gamma_rough;
    if (fore_Irb < 1.8)
        fore_R2=fore_gamma*fore_H0*1.77*fore_Irb;
    else
        fore_R2=fore_gamma*fore_H0*(4.3-(1.6/sqrt(fore_Irb)));
    end
    if berm_width >= L0
        R2_new=fore_R2
        disp('berm is wider than one wavelength, use full shallow foreshore solution');
    else
        w2=(berm_width-0.25*L0)/(0.75*L0)
        w1=1-w2
        R2_new=w2*fore_R2 + w1*R2_new
    end
end % end berm width check
% convergence criterion
R2del=abs(R2-R2_new)
R2_all(iter)=R2_new;
% get the new top station (for plot purposes)
Z2=R2_new+SWEL
top_sta=-999;
for kk=1:length(sta)-1
    if ((Z2 > dep(kk)) & (Z2 <= dep(kk+1))) % here is the intersection of z2 with profile
        top_sta=interp1(dep(kk:kk+1),sta(kk:kk+1),Z2)
        break;
    end
end
if top_sta== -999
    dy=Z2-dep(end);

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        top_sta=sta(end)+dy/S(end);
    end
    topStaAll(iter)=top_sta;
end
ans =
!----- STARTING ITERATION 1 -----!
Ztoe =
        -4.948448
toe_sta =
        -21.5741922258949
top_sta =
        110.220889108171
Z2 =
        22.400152
H0 =
        9.1162
Tp =
        9.9055
T0 =
        9.005
R2 =
        27.3486
Z2 =
        36.7795831525375
top_sta =
        176.525576050692
Lslope =
        198.099768276587
ans =
!----- End Berm Factor Calculation, Iter: 1 -----!
berm_width =
    0
rB =
    0
rdh_mean =
    1
gamma_berm =
    1
slope =
        0.210641494008599
Irb =
        1.42108899326213
gamma_berm =
    1
gamma_perm =
    1
gamma_beta =
    1
gamma_rough =
        0.8
gamma =
        0.8
ans =
!!! - - Iribaren number: 1.42 is in the valid range (0.5-10), TAW RECOMMENDED - - !!!
ans =
!!! - - slope: 1:4.7 V:H is in the valid range (1:8 - 1:1), TAW RECOMMENDED - - !!!
R2_new =
        18.3441829762128
R2del =
        9.00441702378723
Z2 =
        27.7751661287503
ans =
!----- STARTING ITERATION 2 -----!
Ztoe =
        -4.948448
toe_sta =
        -21.5741922258949
top_sta =
        135.005501610421
Z2 =
        27.7751661287503
H0 =
        9.1162
Tp =
        9.9055
T0 =
        9.005
R2 =
        18.3441829762128
Z2 =
        27.7751661287503
top_sta =
        135.005501610421
Lslope =
        156.579693836316
ans =
!----- End Berm Factor Calculation, Iter: 2 -----!
berm_width =
    0

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rB =
  0
rdh_mean =
  1
gamma_berm =
  1
slope =
  0.208990152726692
Irb =
  1.40994824945531
gamma_berm =
  1
gamma_perm =
  1
gamma_beta =
  1
gamma_rough =
  0.8
gamma =
  0.8
ans =
!!! - - Iribaren number: 1.41 is in the valid range (0.5-10), TAW RECOMMENDED - - !!!
ans =
!!! - - slope: 1:4.8 V:H is in the valid range (1:8 - 1:1), TAW RECOMMENDED - - !!!
R2_new =
  18.2003722480652
R2del =
  0.143810728147567
Z2 =
  27.6313554006027
ans =
!----- STARTING ITERATION 3 -----!
Ztoe =
  -4.948448
toe_sta =
  -21.5741922258949
top_sta =
  134.342379042661
Z2 =
  27.6313554006027
H0 =
  9.1162
Tp =
  9.9055
T0 =
  9.005
R2 =
  18.2003722480652
Z2 =
  27.6313554006027
top_sta =
  134.342379042661
Lslope =
  155.916571268556
ans =
!----- End Berm Factor Calculation, Iter: 3 -----!
berm_width =
  0
rB =
  0
rdh_mean =
  1
gamma_berm =
  1
slope =
  0.208956643514731
Irb =
  1.40972218016865
gamma_berm =
  1
gamma_perm =
  1
gamma_beta =
  1
gamma_rough =
  0.8
gamma =
  0.8
ans =
!!! - - Iribaren number: 1.41 is in the valid range (0.5-10), TAW RECOMMENDED - - !!!
ans =
!!! - - slope: 1:4.8 V:H is in the valid range (1:8 - 1:1), TAW RECOMMENDED - - !!!
R2_new =
  18.1974540238165
R2del =
  0.00291822424871313
Z2 =
  27.628437176354
% final 2% runup elevation
Z2=R2_new+SWEL

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z2 =          27.628437176354
diary off
-1.000000e+00
-1.000000e+00
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