```
% begin recording
diary on
% FEMA appeal for The Town of Harpswell, Cumberland county, Maine
% TRANSECT ID: CM-150-2
% calculation by SJH, Ransom Consulting, Inc. 20-Feb-2020
% 100-year wave runup using TAW methodology
% including berm and weighted average with foreshore if necessary
% chk nld 20200220
% This script assumes that the incident wave conditions provided
% as input in the configuration section below are the
% appropriate values located at the end of the foreshore
% or toe of the slope on which the run-up is being calculated
% the script does not attempt to apply a depth limit or any other
\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\$}}} transformation to the incident wave conditions other than
% conversion of the peak wave period to the spectral mean wave
% as recommended in the references below
% references:
Van der Meer, J.W., 2002. Technical Report Wave Run-up and
% Wave Overtopping at Dikes. TAW Technical Advisory Committee on
% Flood Defence, The Netherlands.
% FEMA. 2007, Atlantic Ocean and Gulf of Mexico Coastal Guidelines Update
% CONFIG
fname='inpfiles/CM-150-2sta_ele_include.csv'; % file with station, elevation, include
                                            % third column is 0 for excluded points
imgname='logfiles/CM-150-2-runup';
SWEL=8.9231; % 100-yr still water level including wave setup. H0=3.1328; % significant wave height at toe of structure
Tp=8.6753;
               % peak period, 1/fma,
T0=Tp/1.1;
gamma_berm=1;
                  % this may get changed automatically below
gamma_rough=1;
gamma_beta=1;
gamma_perm=1;
setupAtToe=-0.025892;
maxSetup=0.27652;
                      % only used in case of berm/shallow foreshore weighted average
plotTitle='Iterative TAW for CM-150-2'
plotTitle =
Iterative TAW for CM-150-2
% END CONFIG
              ______
SWEL=SWEL+setupAtToe
SWEL =
                     8.897208
SWEL fore=SWEL+maxSetup
SWEL fore =
                     9.173728
% FIND WAVELENGTH USING DEEPWATER DISPERSION RELATION
% using English units
L0=32.15/(2*pi)*T0^2
T<sub>1</sub>O =
           318.261967049778
% Find Hb (Munk, 1949)
%Hb=H0/(3.3*(H0/L0)^(1/3))
%Db=-Hb/.78+SWEL; % depth at breaking
% The toe elevation here is only used to determine the average
% structure slope, it is not used to depth limit the wave height.
% Any depth limiting or other modification of the wave height
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% to make it consitent with TAW guidance should be performed
% prior to the input of the significant wave height given above.
Ztoe=SWEL-1.5*H0
Ztoe =
                  4.198008
% read the transect
[sta,dep,inc] = textread(fname,'%n%n%n%*[^\n]','delimiter',',','headerlines',0);
% remove unselected points
k=find(inc==0);
sta(k)=[];
dep(k)=[];
sta_org=sta; % used for plotting purposes
dep_org=dep;
% initial guess at maximum run-up elevation to estimate slope
Z2 =
                 13.596408
% determine station at the max runup and -1.5*H0 (i.e. the toe)
top_sta=-999;
toe_sta=-999;
for kk=1:length(sta)-1
    if ((Z2 > dep(kk)) & (Z2 <= dep(kk+1)))
                                                % here is the intersection of z2 with profile
       top_sta=interp1(dep(kk:kk+1),sta(kk:kk+1),Z2)
                                                    % here is the intersection of Ztoe with profile
    i f
       ((Ztoe > dep(kk)) & (Ztoe <= dep(kk+1)))
       toe_sta=interp1(dep(kk:kk+1),sta(kk:kk+1),Ztoe)
    end
end
toe_sta =
          10.8823897620474
top_sta =
          27.3012074058466
% check to make sure we got them, if not extend the end slopes outward
S=diff(dep)./diff(sta);
if toe_sta==-999
   dy=dep(1)-Ztoe;
   toe_sta=sta(1)-dy/S(1)
end
if top_sta==-999
   dy=Z2-dep(end);
   top_sta=sta(end)+dy/S(end)
% just so the reader can tell the values aren't -999 anymore
top sta
top_sta =
          27.3012074058466
toe_sta
toe sta =
          10.8823897620474
% check for case where the toe of slope is below SWL-1.5*H0 \,
% in this case interpolate setup from the setupAtToe(really setup as first station), and the max setup
% also un-include points seaward of SWL-1.5*HO
if Ztoe > dep(1)
   dd=SWEL_fore-dep;
   k=find(dd<0,1); % k is index of first land point
   staAtSWL=interpl(dep(k-1:k),sta(k-1:k),SWEL_fore);
   dsta=staAtSWL-sta(1);
   dsetup=maxSetup-setupAtToe;
   dsetdsta=dsetup/dsta;
   setup=setupAtToe+dsetdsta*(toe_sta-sta(1));
   sprintf('-!!- Location of SWEL-1.5*HO is %4.1f ft landward of toe of slope', dsta)
   sprintf('-!!- Setup is interpolated between setup at toe of slope and max setup')
```

```
setup is adjusted to %4.2f feet', setup)
   sprintf('-!!-
   SWEL=SWEL-setupAtToe+setup;
   sprintf('-!!-
                        SWEL is adjusted to %4.2f feet', SWEL)
   k=find(dep < SWEL-1.5*H0)
   sta(k)=[];
   dep(k)=[];
else
   sprintf('-!!- The User has selected a starting point that is 4.2f feet above the elevation of SWEL-1.5H0\n', dep(1)
   sprintf('-!!- This may be reasonable for some cases. However the user may want to consider:\n') sprintf('-!!- 1) Selecting a starting point that is at or below %4.2f feet elevation, or\n', Ztoe)
   sprintf('-!!-
                     2) Reducing the incident wave height to a depth limited condition.\n')
end
ans =
-!!- Location of SWEL-1.5*H0 is 11.5 ft landward of toe of slope
-!!- Setup is interpolated between setup at toe of slope and max setup
ans =
-!!-
            setup is adjusted to 0.08 feet
ans =
            SWEL is adjusted to 9.00 feet
-!!-
k =
     1
     2
     3
     4
     5
% now iterate converge on a runup elevation
tol=0.01; % convergence criteria R2del=999;
R2_new=3*H0; %initial guess
R2=R2_new;
iter=0;
R2_all=[];
topStaAll=[];
Berm_Segs=[];
TAW_ALWAYS_VALID=1;
\overline{\text{while}}(abs(\overline{\text{R2del}}) > \text{tol \&\& iter} <= 25)
    iter=iter+1;
    sprintf ('!------ STARTING ITERATION %d -----!',iter)
    % elevation of toe of slope
    Ztoe
    % station of toe slope (relative to 0-NAVD88 shoreline
    toe sta
    % station of top of slope/extent of 2% run-up
    top sta
    % elevation of top of slope/extent of 2% run-up
    Z_2
    % incident significant wave height
    НΟ
    % incident spectral peak wave period
    Тp
    % incident spectral mean wave period
    Т0
    R2=R2_new
    Z2=R2+SWEL
    % determine slope for this iteration
    top_sta=-999;
    for kk=1:length(sta)-1
                                                    % here is the intersection of z2 with profile
        if ((Z2 > dep(kk)) & (Z2 <= dep(kk+1)))
           top_sta=interp1(dep(kk:kk+1),sta(kk:kk+1),Z2)
          break;
        end
    end
    if top_sta==-999
        dy=Z2-dep(end);
        top_sta=sta(end)+dy/S(end)
    % get the length of the slope (not accounting for berm)
    Lslope=top_sta-toe_sta
```

```
% loop over profile segments to determine berm factor
% re-calculate influence of depth of berm based on this run-up elevation
% check for berm, berm width, berm height
berm_width=0;
rdh sum=0;
Berm_Segs=[];
Berm_Heights=[];
for kk=1:length(sta)-1
   ddep=dep(kk+1)-dep(kk);
   dsta=sta(kk+1)-sta(kk);
   s=ddep/dsta;
      (s < 1/15) % count it as a berm if slope is flatter than 1:15 (see TAW manual) sprintf ('Berm Factor Calculation: Iteration %d, Profile Segment: %d',iter,kk)
   if (s < 1/15)
      berm_width=berm_width+dsta; % tally the width of all berm segments
      % compute the rdh for this segment and weight it by the segment length
      dh=SWEL-(dep(kk)+dep(kk+1))/2
      if dh < 0
          chi=R2;
      else
          chi=2* H0;
      end
      if (dh <= R2 \& dh >= -2*H0)
         rdh=(0.5-0.5*cos(3.14159*dh/chi));
      else
         rdh=1;
      end
      rdh_sum=rdh_sum + rdh * dsta
      Berm_Segs=[Berm_Segs, kk];
      Berm_Heights=[Berm_Heights, (dep(kk)+dep(kk+1))/2];
   end
   if dep(kk) >= Z2 % jump out of loop if we reached limit of run-up for this iteration
      break
   end
end
sprintf ('!----- End Berm Factor Calculation, Iter: %d -----!',iter)
berm width
rB=berm_width/Lslope
if (berm_width > 0)
   rdh_mean=rdh_sum/berm_width
else
   rdh_mean=1
end
gamma_berm=1- rB * (1-rdh_mean)
if gamma_berm > 1
   gamma_berm=1
end
if gamma_berm < 0.6
   gamma_berm =0.6
end
% Iribarren number
slope=(Z2-Ztoe)/(Lslope-berm_width)
Irb=(slope/(sqrt(H0/L0)))
% runup height
gamma_berm
gamma_perm
gamma_beta
gamma rough
gamma=gamma_berm*gamma_perm*gamma_beta*gamma_rough
% check validity
TAW_VALID=1;
if (Irb*gamma_berm < 0.5 | Irb*gamma_berm > 10 )
   sprintf('!!! - - Iribaren number: %6.2f is outside the valid range (0.5-10), TAW NOT VALID - - !!!\n', Irb*gam
   TAW_VALID=0;
else
   sprintf('!!! - - Iribaren number: %6.2f is in the valid range (0.5-10), TAW RECOMMENDED - - !!!\n', Irb*gamma_
end
islope=1/slope;
if (slope < 1/8 | slope > 1) sprintf('!!! - - slope: 1:%3.1f V:H is outside the valid range (1:8 - 1:1), TAW NOT VALID - - !!!\n', islope)
else
   sprintf('!!! - - slope: 1:%3.1f V:H is in the valid range (1:8 - 1:1), TAW RECOMMENDED - - !!!\n', islope)
end
if TAW_VALID == 0
   TAW_ALWAYS_VALID=0;
end
if (Irb*gamma_berm < 1.8)</pre>
   R2_new=gamma*H0*1.77*Irb
else
   R2_new=gamma*H0*(4.3-(1.6/sqrt(Irb)))
end
% check to see if we need to evaluate a shallow foreshore
if berm_width > 0.25 * L0;
   disp ('! Berm_width is greater than 1/4 wave length')
   disp ('!
              Runup will be weighted average with foreshore calculation assuming depth limited wave height on ber
   % do the foreshore calculation
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```
fore_H0=0.78*(SWEL_fore-min(Berm_Heights))
       % get upper slope
       fore_toe_sta=-999;
       fore_toe_dep=-999;
       for kk=length(dep)-1:-1:1
          ddep=dep(kk+1)-dep(kk);
          dsta=sta(kk+1)-sta(kk);
          s=ddep/dsta;
          if s < 1/15
             break
          end
          fore_toe_sta=sta(kk);
          fore_toe_dep=dep(kk);
          upper_slope=(Z2-fore_toe_dep)/(top_sta-fore_toe_sta)
       end
       fore_Irb=upper_slope/(sqrt(fore_H0/L0));
       fore_gamma=gamma_perm*gamma_beta*gamma_rough;
       if (fore_Irb < 1.8)</pre>
          fore_R2=fore_gamma*fore_H0*1.77*fore_Irb;
          fore_R2=fore_gamma*fore_H0*(4.3-(1.6/sqrt(fore_Irb)));
       end
       if berm_width >= L0
          R2_new=fore_R2
          disp ('berm is wider than one wavelength, use full shallow foreshore solution');
          w2=(berm_width-0.25*L0)/(0.75*L0)
          w1 = 1 - w2
          R2_new=w2*fore_R2 + w1*R2_new
       end
    end % end berm width check
    % convergence criterion
R2del=abs(R2-R2_new)
    R2_all(iter)=R2_new;
    % get the new top station (for plot purposes)
    Z2=R2 new+SWEL
    top_sta=-999;
    for kk=1:length(sta)-1
       if ((Z2 > dep(kk))) & (Z2 <= dep(kk+1))) % here is the intersection of Z2 with profile
          \verb"top_sta=interp1(dep(kk:kk+1),sta(kk:kk+1),Z2)"
          break;
       end
    end
    if top_sta==-999
       dy=Z2-dep(end);
       top_sta=sta(end)+dy/S(end);
    end
    topStaAll(iter)=top_sta;
ans =
!----- STARTING ITERATION 1 -----!
Ztoe =
                  4.198008
toe_sta =
          10.8823897620474
top_sta =
          27.3012074058466
Z2 =
                 13.596408
H0 =
                    3.1328
Tp =
                    8.6753
T0 =
          7.88663636363636
R2 =
                    9.3984
Z2 =
          18.3976160809072
top_sta =
          38.3693497888371
Lslope =
          27.4869600267897
ans =
!----- End Berm Factor Calculation, Iter: 1 -----!
berm_width =
rB =
    Ω
rdh_mean =
gamma_berm =
slope =
        0.516594343902266
         5.20685739140577
gamma_berm =
```

```
1
gamma_perm =
gamma_beta =
gamma_rough =
gamma =
ans =
!!! - - Iribaren number: 5.21 is in the valid range (0.5-10), TAW RECOMMENDED - - !!!
!!! - - slope: 1:1.9 V:H is in the valid range (1:8 - 1:1), TAW RECOMMENDED - - !!!
R2\_new =
         11.2743700388112
R2del =
         1.87597003881122
Z2 =
         20.2735861197185
top_sta =
         48.6203040653157
      -----! STARTING ITERATION 2 -----!
Ztoe =
                4.198008
toe_sta =
         10.8823897620474
top_sta =
         48.6203040653157
Z2 =
         20.2735861197185
H0 =
                  3.1328
= qT
                  8.6753
T0 =
         7.88663636363636
R2 =
        11.2743700388112
Z2 =
         20.2735861197185
top_sta =
         48.6203040653157
Lslope =
         37.7379143032683
!----- End Berm Factor Calculation, Iter: 2 -----!
berm_width =
rB =
    0
rdh_mean =
gamma_berm =
slope =
       0.425979506724521
Irb =
        4.29353238059373
gamma_berm =
gamma_perm =
gamma_beta =
gamma\_rough =
gamma =
    1
ans =
!!! - - Iribaren number: 4.29 is in the valid range (0.5-10), TAW RECOMMENDED - - !!!
!!! - - slope: 1:2.3 V:H is in the valid range (1:8 - 1:1), TAW RECOMMENDED - - !!!
R2\_new =
        11.0519875687306
R2del =
        0.222382470080627
Z2 =
         20.0512036496378
top_sta =
        47.5356511835164
ans =
!----!
                 4.198008
toe_sta =
        10.8823897620474
top_sta =
        47.5356511835164
Z2 =
```

```
20.0512036496378
H0 =
                   3.1328
Tp =
                   8.6753
T0 =
         7.88663636363636
R2 =
        11.0519875687306
7.2 =
        20.0512036496378
top_sta =
         47.5356511835164
Lslope =
         36.6532614214691
!----- End Berm Factor Calculation, Iter: 3 -----!
berm_width =
rB =
    0
rdh_mean =
gamma_berm =
slope =
        0.432518008898168
Irb =
       4.35943524765652
gamma_berm =
gamma_perm =
gamma_beta =
gamma\_rough =
gamma =
    1
ans = !!! - Iribaren number: 4.36 is in the valid range (0.5-10), TAW RECOMMENDED - - !!!
!!! - - slope: 1:2.3 V:H is in the valid range (1:8 - 1:1), TAW RECOMMENDED - - !!!
R2\_new =
        11.0703419642589
R2del =
       0.0183543955283003
Z2 =
        20.0695580451661
top_sta =
        47.6294300284393
ans =
!----- STARTING ITERATION 4 -----!
Ztoe =
                 4.198008
toe_sta =
         10.8823897620474
top_sta =
         47.6294300284393
Z2 =
        20.0695580451661
H0 =
                   3.1328
Tp =
                   8.6753
T0 =
        7.88663636363636
R2 =
        11.0703419642589
Z2 =
         20.0695580451661
top_sta =
         47.6294300284393
Lslope =
        36.7470402663919
ans =
!----- End Berm Factor Calculation, Iter: 4 -----!
berm_width =
rB =
    0
rdh_mean =
gamma_berm =
slope =
      0.431913697813697
        4.35334427574784
gamma_berm =
```

```
1
gamma_perm =
gamma_beta =
    1
gamma_rough =
gamma =
    1
ans = | !!! - - Iribaren number: 4.35 is in the valid range (0.5-10), TAW RECOMMENDED - - !!!
ans = !!! - - slope: 1:2.3 V:H is in the valid range (1:8 - 1:1), TAW RECOMMENDED - - !!!
R2_new = 11.0686630856592
R2del = 0.00167887859964999
          20.0678791665665
top_sta =
47.6208520670677
% final 2% runup elevation
Z2=R2_new+SWEL
20.0678791665665
diary off
-1.000000e+00
```