```
% begin recording
diary on
% FEMA appeal for The Town of Harpswell, Cumberland county, Maine
% TRANSECT ID: CM-54
% TRANSECTIO. CM-54
% calculation by SJH, Ransom Consulting, Inc. 16-Apr-2020
% 100-year wave runup using TAW methodology
% including berm and weighted average with foreshore if necessary
% chk nld 20200220
% This script assumes that the incident wave conditions provided
% as input in the configuration section below are the
% appropriate values located at the end of the foreshore
% or toe of the slope on which the run-up is being calculated
% the script does not attempt to apply a depth limit or any other
\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\$}}} transformation to the incident wave conditions other than
% conversion of the peak wave period to the spectral mean wave
\ensuremath{\text{\upshape 8}} as recommended in the references below
% references:
Van der Meer, J.W., 2002. Technical Report Wave Run-up and
% Wave Overtopping at Dikes. TAW Technical Advisory Committee on
% Flood Defence, The Netherlands.
% FEMA. 2007, Atlantic Ocean and Gulf of Mexico Coastal Guidelines Update
% CONFIG
fname='inpfiles/CM-54sta_ele_include.csv'; % file with station, elevation, include
                                             % third column is 0 for excluded points
imgname='logfiles/CM-54-runup';
SWEL=8.9874; % 100-yr still water level including wave setup. H0=9.2313; % significant wave height at toe of structure
Tp=13.882;
               % peak period, 1/fma,
T0=Tp/1.1;
gamma_berm=1; % this may get changed automatically below
gamma_rough=0.5;
gamma_beta=1;
gamma_perm=1;
setupAtToe=0.22642;
maxSetup=2.2367; % only used in case of berm/shallow foreshore weighted average
plotTitle='Iterative TAW for CM-54'
plotTitle =
Iterative TAW for CM-54
% END CONFIG
              ______
SWEL=SWEL+setupAtToe
SWEL =
                       9.21382
SWEL fore=SWEL+maxSetup
SWEL fore =
                     11.45052
% FIND WAVELENGTH USING DEEPWATER DISPERSION RELATION
% using English units
L0=32.15/(2*pi)*T0^2
T<sub>1</sub>O =
             814.92908607186
% Find Hb (Munk, 1949)
%Hb=H0/(3.3*(H0/L0)^(1/3))
%Db=-Hb/.78+SWEL; % depth at breaking
% The toe elevation here is only used to determine the average
% structure slope, it is not used to depth limit the wave height.
% Any depth limiting or other modification of the wave height
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% to make it consitent with TAW guidance should be performed
% prior to the input of the significant wave height given above.
Ztoe=SWEL-1.5*H0
Ztoe =
                  -4.63313
% read the transect
[sta,dep,inc] = textread(fname,'%n%n%n%*[^n]','delimiter',',','headerlines',0);
% remove unselected points
k=find(inc==0);
sta(k)=[];
dep(k)=[];
sta_org=sta; % used for plotting purposes
dep_org=dep;
% initial guess at maximum run-up elevation to estimate slope
Z2 =
                  23.06077
% determine station at the max runup and -1.5*H0 (i.e. the toe)
top_sta=-999;
toe_sta=-999;
for kk=1:length(sta)-1
    if ((Z2 > dep(kk)) & (Z2 <= dep(kk+1)))
                                                % here is the intersection of z2 with profile
       top_sta=interp1(dep(kk:kk+1),sta(kk:kk+1),Z2)
                                                    % here is the intersection of Ztoe with profile
    i f
       ((Ztoe > dep(kk)) & (Ztoe <= dep(kk+1)))
       toe_sta=interp1(dep(kk:kk+1),sta(kk:kk+1),Ztoe)
    end
end
toe_sta =
         -13.3009958538761
% check to make sure we got them, if not extend the end slopes outward
S=diff(dep)./diff(sta);
if toe_sta==-999
   dy=dep(1)-Ztoe;
   toe_sta=sta(1)-dy/S(1)
end
if top_sta==-999
   dy=Z2-dep(end);
   top_sta=sta(end)+dy/S(end)
top_sta =
           93.218315018315
% just so the reader can tell the values aren't -999 anymore
top sta
top sta =
           93.218315018315
toe_sta
toe sta =
         -13.3009958538761
% check for case where the toe of slope is below SWL-1.5*H0 \,
% in this case interpolate setup from the setupAtToe(really setup as first station), and the max setup
% also un-include points seaward of SWL-1.5*HO
if Ztoe > dep(1)
   dd=SWEL_fore-dep;
   k=find(dd<0,1); % k is index of first land point
   staAtSWL=interpl(dep(k-1:k),sta(k-1:k),SWEL_fore);
   dsta=staAtSWL-sta(1);
   dsetup=maxSetup-setupAtToe;
   dsetdsta=dsetup/dsta;
   setup=setupAtToe+dsetdsta*(toe_sta-sta(1));
   sprintf('-!!- Location of SWEL-1.5*HO is %4.1f ft landward of toe of slope', dsta)
   sprintf('-!!- Setup is interpolated between setup at toe of slope and max setup')
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```
sprintf('-!!-
                        setup is adjusted to %4.2f feet', setup)
   SWEL=SWEL-setupAtToe+setup;
   sprintf('-!!-
                        SWEL is adjusted to %4.2f feet', SWEL)
   k=find(dep < SWEL-1.5*H0)
   sta(k)=[];
   dep(k)=[];
else
   sprintf('-!!- The User has selected a starting point that is 4.2f feet above the elevation of SWEL-1.5H0\n', dep(1 sprintf('-!!- This may be reasonable for some cases. However the user may want to consider:\n') sprintf('-!!- 1) Selecting a starting point that is at or below 4.2f feet elevation, or\n', Ztoe)
   sprintf('-!!-
                     end
ans =
-!!- Location of SWEL-1.5*HO is 82.2 ft landward of toe of slope
-!!- Setup is interpolated between setup at toe of slope and max setup
ans =
-!!-
            setup is adjusted to 0.76 feet
ans =
            SWEL is adjusted to 9.74 feet
-!!-
k =
     1
     2
     3
     4
     6
7
     8
     9
    10
    11
    12
    13
    14
    15
    17
    18
    20
    21
    23
    25
% now iterate converge on a runup elevation
tol=0.01; % convergence criteria R2del=999;
R2_new=3*H0; %initial guess
R2=R2 new;
iter=0;
R2_all=[];
topStaAll=[];
Berm_Segs=[];
TAW_ALWAYS_VALID=1;
while(abs(R2del) > tol && iter <= 25)</pre>
    iter=iter+1;
    sprintf ('!-----!',iter)
    % elevation of toe of slope
    Ztoe
    % station of toe slope (relative to 0-NAVD88 shoreline
    % station of top of slope/extent of 2% run-up
    % elevation of top of slope/extent of 2% run-up
    Z_2
    % incident significant wave height
    % incident spectral peak wave period
    Тp
```

% incident spectral mean wave period

```
Т0
```

```
R2=R2 new
72=R2+SWET
% determine slope for this iteration
top_sta=-999;
for kk=1:length(sta)-1
   if ((Z2 > dep(kk)) & (Z2 \le dep(kk+1)))
                                             % here is the intersection of z2 with profile
      top_sta=interp1(dep(kk:kk+1),sta(kk:kk+1),Z2)
   end
end
if top_sta==-999
   dy=Z2-dep(end);
   top_sta=sta(end)+dy/S(end)
% get the length of the slope (not accounting for berm)
Lslope=top_sta-toe_sta
% loop over profile segments to determine berm factor
% re-calculate influence of depth of berm based on this run-up elevation
% check for berm, berm width, berm height
berm_width=0;
rdh_sum=0;
Berm_Segs=[];
Berm_Heights=[];
for kk=1:length(sta)-1
   ddep=dep(kk+1)-dep(kk);
   dsta=sta(kk+1)-sta(kk);
   s=ddep/dsta;
   if (s < 1/15)
                       % count it as a berm if slope is flatter than 1:15 (see TAW manual)
      sprintf ('Berm Factor Calculation: Iteration %d, Profile Segment: %d',iter,kk) berm_width=berm_width+dsta; % tally the width of all berm segments
      % compute the rdh for this segment and weight it by the segment length
      dh=SWEL-(dep(kk)+dep(kk+1))/2
      if dh < 0
          chi=R2;
      else
          chi=2* H0;
      end
      if (dh <= R2 & dh >=-2*H0)
         rdh=(0.5-0.5*cos(3.14159*dh/chi));
      else
         rdh=1;
      end
      rdh_sum=rdh_sum + rdh * dsta
      Berm_Segs=[Berm_Segs, kk];
      Berm_Heights=[Berm_Heights, (dep(kk)+dep(kk+1))/2];
   if dep(kk) >= Z2 % jump out of loop if we reached limit of run-up for this iteration
end
sprintf ('!----- End Berm Factor Calculation, Iter: %d -----!',iter)
berm_width
rB=berm_width/Lslope
if (berm_width > 0)
   rdh_mean=rdh_sum/berm_width
else
  rdh_mean=1
end
gamma_berm=1- rB * (1-rdh_mean)
if gamma_berm > 1
   gamma_berm=1
end
if gamma_berm < 0.6
   gamma_berm =0.6
end
% Iribarren number
slope=(Z2-Ztoe)/(Lslope-berm_width)
Irb=(slope/(sqrt(H0/L0)))
% runup height
gamma_berm
gamma_perm
gamma_beta
gamma=gamma_berm*gamma_perm*gamma_beta*gamma_rough
% check validity
TAW_VALID=1;
if (Irb*gamma_berm < 0.5 | Irb*gamma_berm > 10 )
   sprintf('!!! - - Iribaren number: %6.2f is outside the valid range (0.5-10), TAW NOT VALID - - !!!\n', Irb*gam
   TAW_VALID=0;
else
   sprintf('!!! - - Iribaren number: %6.2f is in the valid range (0.5-10), TAW RECOMMENDED - - !!!\n', Irb*gamma_
end
islope=1/slope;
if (slope < 1/8 | slope > 1)
   sprintf('!!! - - slope: 1:%3.1f V:H is outside the valid range (1:8 - 1:1), TAW NOT VALID - - !!!\n', islope)
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```
TAW VALID=0;
    else
       sprintf('!!! - slope: 1:%3.1f V:H is in the valid range (1:8 - 1:1), TAW RECOMMENDED - - !!!\n', islope)
    end
    if TAW_VALID == 0
       TAW_ALWAYS_VALID=0;
    end
    if (Irb*gamma_berm < 1.8)
    R2_new=gamma*H0*1.77*Irb</pre>
    else
       R2_new=gamma*H0*(4.3-(1.6/sqrt(Irb)))
    end
    % check to see if we need to evaluate a shallow foreshore if berm_width > 0.25 * {\tt L0};
       disp ('! Berm_width is greater than 1/4 wave length')
       disp ('!
                  Runup will be weighted average with foreshore calculation assuming depth limited wave height on ber
       % do the foreshore calculation
       fore_H0=0.78*(SWEL_fore-min(Berm_Heights))
       % get upper slope
       fore_toe_sta=-999;
       fore_toe_dep=-999;
       for kk=length(dep)-1:-1:1
          ddep=dep(kk+1)-dep(kk);
          dsta=sta(kk+1)-sta(kk);
          s=ddep/dsta;
          if s < 1/15
             break
          end
          fore_toe_sta=sta(kk);
          fore_toe_dep=dep(kk);
          upper_slope=(Z2-fore_toe_dep)/(top_sta-fore_toe_sta)
       end
       fore_Irb=upper_slope/(sqrt(fore_H0/L0));
       fore_gamma=gamma_perm*gamma_beta*gamma_rough;
       if (fore_Irb < 1.8)
          fore_R2=fore_gamma*fore_H0*1.77*fore_Irb;
       else
          fore_R2=fore_gamma*fore_H0*(4.3-(1.6/sqrt(fore_Irb)));
       end
       if berm_width >= L0
          R2_new=fore_R2
          disp ('berm is wider than one wavelength, use full shallow foreshore solution');
          w2=(berm_width-0.25*L0)/(0.75*L0)
          w1 = 1 - w2
          R2_new=w2*fore_R2 + w1*R2_new
       end
    end % end berm width check
    % convergence criterion
    R2del=abs(R2-R2_new)
    R2_all(iter)=R2_new;
    % get the new top station (for plot purposes)
    Z2=R2_new+SWEL
    top_sta=-999;
    for kk=1:length(sta)-1
       if ((Z2 > dep(kk)) & (Z2 <= dep(kk+1))) % here is the intersection of z2 with profile
          top_sta=interp1(dep(kk:kk+1),sta(kk:kk+1),Z2)
          break;
       end
    end
    if top_sta==-999
       dy=Z2-dep(end);
       top_sta=sta(end)+dy/S(end);
    end
    topStaAll(iter)=top_sta;
ans =
       -----! STARTING ITERATION 1 -----!
!----
Ztoe =
                  -4.63313
toe_sta =
         -13.3009958538761
top_sta =
           93.218315018315
Z2 =
                   23.06077
H0 =
                     9.2313
Tp =
                     13.882
T0 =
                      12.62
R2 =
                    27.6939
Z2 =
          37.4384807090869
top_sta =
```

end

```
150.15410636209
Lslope =
        163.455102215966
ans =
!----- End Berm Factor Calculation, Iter: 1 -----!
berm_width =
    0
rB =
   0
rdh_mean =
gamma_berm =
slope =
        0.257389400139369
Irb =
       2.41834988586755
gamma_berm =
gamma_perm =
gamma_beta =
gamma_rough =
                      0.5
gamma =
                      0.5
ans =
!!! - - Iribaren number: 2.42 is in the valid range (0.5-10), TAW RECOMMENDED - - !!!
!!! - - slope: 1:3.9 V:H is in the valid range (1:8 - 1:1), TAW RECOMMENDED - - !!!
R2\_new =
         15.0983921556538
R2del =
         12.5955078443462
Z_{2} =
         24.8429728647407
ans =
!----- STARTING ITERATION 2 -----!
Ztoe =
                 -4.63313
toe_sta =
        -13.3009958538761
top_sta =
         100.275845420219
7.2 =
        24.8429728647407
H0 =
                   9.2313
Tp =
                   13.882
T0 =
                    12.62
R2 =
        15.0983921556538
Z2 =
        24.8429728647407
top_sta =
         100.275845420219
Lslope =
         113.576841274095
ans =
!----- End Berm Factor Calculation, Iter: 2 -----!
berm_width =
rB =
    0
rdh_mean =
gamma_berm =
slope =
       0.259525643908393
Irb =
        2.43842136073095
gamma_berm =
gamma_perm =
gamma_beta =
gamma_rough =
                      0.5
gamma =
                      0.5
!!! - - Iribaren number: 2.44 is in the valid range (0.5-10), TAW RECOMMENDED - - !!!
!!! - - slope: 1:3.9 V:H is in the valid range (1:8 - 1:1), TAW RECOMMENDED - - !!!
R2\_new =
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```
15.1179774588164
R2del =
       0.0195853031625539
Z2 =
         24.8625581679033
ans =
!-----!
Ztoe =
                -4.63313
toe_sta =
        -13.3009958538761
top_sta =
           100.3534032983
Z2 =
        24.8625581679033
H0 =
                  9.2313
= qT
                  13.882
T0 =
                   12.62
R2 =
        15.1179774588164
        24.8625581679033
top_sta =
          100.3534032983
Lslope =
        113.654399152176
!----- End Berm Factor Calculation, Iter: 3 -----!
berm_width =
    0
rB =
    0
rdh_mean =
gamma_berm =
    1
slope =
       0.259520866661838
Irb =
        2.43837647522419
gamma_berm =
gamma_perm =
gamma_beta =
gamma_rough =
                     0.5
gamma =
                     0.5
ans =
!!! - - Iribaren number: 2.44 is in the valid range (0.5-10), TAW RECOMMENDED - - !!!
!!! - - slope: 1:3.9 V:H is in the valid range (1:8 - 1:1), TAW RECOMMENDED - - !!!
R2\_new =
        15.1179339305016
R2del =
    4.35283147872667e-05
Z2 =
24.8625146395885
% final 2% runup elevation
Z2=R2_new+SWEL
Z2 =
24.8625146395885
diary off
-1.000000e+00
```