IoT: Client Devices

Configuring OS for Daemons

Starting Daemons

INIT, UPSTART, SYSTEMD

- Init was first, it's oldest initially in Unix System V
- Upstart was next, used in Debian distros and Redhat
- Systemd is the most current service manager

SYSTEMD CRITICISM

- Complex, violates Unix design philosophy
- But still widely used

Our IoT system uses init.

```
/etc
# ls
fstab
            hosts
                         mtab
                                      passwd-
                                                   random-seed
                                                                shadow-
                                      profile
                                                   resolv.conf
group
                         network
            inittab
                         os-release
                                                   services
                                                                ssl
group-
                                      protocols
hostname
            issue
                                                   shadow
                         passwd
# ls init.d
S01logging
           S20urandom
                       S40network S50sshd
                                               rcK
                                                           rcS
#
```

File Structure

init uses filenames to determine startup ordering

```
# Startup the system
::sysinit:/bin/mount -t proc proc /proc
::sysinit:/bin/mount -o remount,rw /
::sysinit:/bin/mkdir -p /dev/pts
::sysinit:/bin/mkdir -p /dev/shm
::sysinit:/bin/mount -a
::sysinit:/bin/hostname -F /etc/hostname
# now run any rc scripts
::sysinit:/etc/init.d/rcS
# Put a getty on the serial port
ttyAMA0::respawn:/sbin/getty -L ttyAMA0 0 vt100 # GENERIC_SERIAL
# Stuff to do for the 3-finger salute
#::ctrlaltdel:/sbin/reboot
# Stuff to do before rebooting
::shutdown:/etc/init.d/rcK
::shutdown:/sbin/swapoff -a
::shutdown:/bin/umount -a -r
```

inittab

Things we do when the system starts up

```
# Start all init scripts in /etc/init.d
# executing them in numerical order.
for i in /etc/init.d/S??* ;do
     # Ignore dangling symlinks (if any).
     [ ! -f "$i" ] && continue
    case "$i" in
        *.sh)
            # Source shell script for speed.
                trap - INT QUIT TSTP
                set start
                . $i
            # No sh extension, so fork subprocess
```

rcS

Starting all services on system start

```
[# Stop all init scripts in /etc/init.d
[# executing them in reversed numerical order.
#
for i in $(ls -r /etc/init.d/S??*) ;do
     # Ignore dangling symlinks (if any).
     [ ! -f "$i" ] && continue
     case "$i" in
        *.sh)
            # Source shell script for speed.
                trap - INT QUIT TSTP
                set stop
                . $i
            # No sh extension, so fork subprocess
```

rcK

Stopping all services on shutdown