CLAIMS

MULTI-DOMAIN AUTHENTICATION AND AUTHORIZATION SYSTEM WITH CREDENTIAL PORTABILITY FOR AI AGENT NETWORKS

What is claimed is:

- 1. A system for authenticating artificial intelligence agents across multiple computing environments comprising:
 - a processor configured to execute instructions for generating environment-independent identifiers for artificial intelligence agents;
 - a credential translation engine for converting between heterogeneous authentication protocols;
 and
 - a behavioral authentication module for validating artificial intelligence agent authenticity using operational characteristics.
- 2. The system of claim 1, wherein said environment-independent identifiers are derived from a combination of cryptographic keys, operational parameters, and capability sets specific to each artificial intelligence agent.
- 3. The system of claim 1, wherein said credential translation engine converts between at least two credential types selected from the group consisting of: API keys, X.509 certificates, OAuth tokens, JWT tokens, SAML assertions, Kerberos tickets, hardware security module credentials, and behavioral authentication patterns.
- 4. The system of claim 1, wherein said operational characteristics comprise behavioral patterns including API call sequences, resource utilization patterns, decision-making patterns, interaction sequences, and temporal patterns.
- 5. The system of claim 1, further comprising a privacy-preserving attribute verification mechanism using zero-knowledge cryptographic proofs that demonstrate attribute possession without revealing attribute values.
- 6. The system of claim 1, wherein said system supports concurrent authentication across at least one hundred distinct computing environments with sub-second latency.
- 7. The system of claim 1, further comprising distributed session management with Byzantine fault tolerance supporting faulty nodes with 3f+1 total nodes.
- 8. The system of claim 1, wherein said behavioral authentication module continuously validates artificial intelligence agents during operation using ensemble machine learning models.

- 9. The system of claim 8, wherein said ensemble machine learning models comprise at least two models selected from: Long Short-Term Memory networks, Isolation Forests, One-Class Support Vector Machines, and Autoencoders.
- 10. The system of claim 1, further comprising a trust bridge protocol module for establishing authentication requirements between environments with different security models through multiphase negotiation.
- 11. The system of claim 1, wherein said credential translation engine employs secure multiparty computation wherein no single party has access to complete credential information.
- 12. The system of claim 1, further comprising a regulatory compliance engine that enforces authentication policies using formal logic reasoning and generates cryptographically protected audit trails.
- 13. The system of claim 1, wherein said system is integrated within a Mathematical Woven Responsive Adaptive Swarm Platform (MWRASP) for defensive cybersecurity operations.
- 14. The system of claim 4, wherein said behavioral patterns are analyzed using statistical methods including Mahalanobis distance, Kullback-Leibler divergence, and Dynamic Time Warping.
- 15. The system of claim 1, further comprising predictive pre-authentication that analyzes agent behavior patterns to anticipate domain access requirements and pre-compute credential translations.
- 16. A method for cross-domain authentication of artificial intelligence agents comprising:
 - generating a universal identifier for an artificial intelligence agent based on cryptographic and operational characteristics;
 - translating said universal identifier to domain-specific credentials for a target domain while maintaining semantic equivalence of security properties; and
 - continuously validating said artificial intelligence agent through behavioral analysis during operation.
- 17. The method of claim 16, wherein generating said universal identifier comprises applying a privacy-preserving hash function to a combination of the agent's cryptographic keys, operational parameters, capability set, timestamp, and platform identifier.
- 18. The method of claim 16, wherein said behavioral analysis comprises:
 - establishing agent-specific baselines using machine learning during a training period;
 - comparing current operational patterns against established baselines;
 - calculating deviation metrics; and
 - triggering graduated security responses based on deviation thresholds.
- 19. The method of claim 16, further comprising establishing trust relationships between domains through a protocol comprising discovery, negotiation, establishment, and maintenance phases.

- 20. The method of claim 16, further comprising:
 - generating cryptographic commitments to agent attributes; and
 - providing zero-knowledge proofs that committed attributes satisfy domain requirements without revealing actual attribute values.
- 21. The method of claim 16, wherein translating comprises:
 - validating source credentials;
 - mapping security attributes between credential types;
 - · generating target credentials according to target domain requirements; and
 - creating cryptographic bindings between source and target credentials for audit trail integrity.
- 22. The method of claim 16, wherein continuously validating comprises analyzing at least three of: API call patterns, resource consumption patterns, decision-making patterns, interaction sequences, or temporal patterns.
- 23. The method of claim 16, further comprising maintaining distributed session state across multiple domains using Byzantine fault tolerant consensus protocol.
- 24. The method of claim 23, wherein said Byzantine fault tolerant consensus protocol comprises request, pre-prepare, prepare, commit, and reply phases requiring agreement from at least 2f+1 nodes.
- 25. A non-transitory computer-readable medium storing instructions that, when executed by a processor, cause the processor to perform operations comprising:
 - creating an abstraction layer for artificial intelligence agent identities independent of specific authentication domains;
 - implementing credential translation between heterogeneous authentication systems using secure multiparty computation; and
 - performing continuous behavioral authentication of artificial intelligence agents based on operational patterns.
- 26. The computer-readable medium of claim 25, wherein the operations further comprise maintaining distributed session state with perfect forward secrecy through ephemeral key generation.
- 27. The computer-readable medium of claim 25, wherein the operations further comprise generating zero-knowledge proofs using bulletproofs for efficient range proofs on agent attributes.
- 28. The computer-readable medium of claim 25, wherein the operations further comprise enforcing regulatory compliance through description logic policy expression and automated conflict resolution.
- 29. The computer-readable medium of claim 25, wherein creating said abstraction layer comprises generating universal identifiers using SHA-3-512 hash function with forward security, unlinkability, non-invertibility, and collision resistance properties.

- 30. The computer-readable medium of claim 25, wherein performing behavioral authentication comprises:
 - training ensemble models including LSTM networks, Isolation Forests, One-Class SVMs, and Autoencoders;
 - continuously monitoring agent operations across multiple behavioral dimensions;
 - calculating weighted anomaly scores from multiple models; and
 - implementing graduated responses ranging from logging to agent suspension based on deviation levels.
- 31. The system of claim 1, wherein said system implements post-quantum cryptographic algorithms including CRYSTALS-Kyber for key encapsulation and CRYSTALS-Dilithium for digital signatures.
- 32. The system of claim 1, further comprising homomorphic encryption capabilities enabling policy evaluation on encrypted credentials without decryption.
- 33. The system of claim 1, wherein said system dynamically adjusts security posture based on threat level by modifying authentication factors, session timeouts, and behavioral monitoring sensitivity.
- 34. The system of claim 1, further comprising federation interfaces for integration with external identity providers including Active Directory, LDAP, OAuth providers, and cloud IAM systems.
- 35. The system of claim 1, wherein said behavioral authentication module achieves at least 94% accuracy in detecting anomalous agent behavior with false positive rate below 5%.
- 36. The method of claim 16, further comprising caching frequently-used credential translations with TTL based on credential expiration and immediate invalidation upon revocation events.
- 37. The method of claim 16, wherein said method achieves average authentication latency below 200 milliseconds for full multi-domain authentication.
- 38. The method of claim 16, further comprising parallel processing of authentication requests using thread pools, asynchronous I/O operations, and lock-free data structures.
- 39. The computer-readable medium of claim 25, wherein the operations further comprise providing integration interfaces including REST API, gRPC, and native SDKs for Python, Java, Go, and JavaScript.
- 40. The computer-readable medium of claim 25, wherein the operations further comprise implementing rate limiting, DDoS protection via proof-of-work, replay prevention, and side-channel resistant cryptographic operations.