Python Fundamentals 1

Introduction PF1

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Learning Overview

| Concepts | Synergy | Syntax (Functions & Methods) | Objectives |

Input Output Operations

- Understand how to use the print() and input() functions for basic input/output
- Learn what **functions** are, and how **arguments** are passed into them
- Work with strings, including escape sequences and f-strings for formatting output
- Use **comments** to annotate code for clarity
- Create and use **variables** to store and manipulate data
- Recognise common built-in **data types** in Python (int, float, str, bool, etc.)
- Convert between types using typecasting functions such as int(), float(), str(), and bool()
- Explore Boolean values and how Python treats different values as True or False
- Apply built-in **mathematical operators** (+, -, , /, //, %, *)
- Use the abs() function to calculate absolute values when only magnitude matters

Logical Operations:

- Understand the role of logical operations in programming
- Learn the basic comparison operators (==, !=, <, >, <=, >=)
- Use Boolean values (True and False) in expressions
- Combine conditions with logical operators (and, or, not)
- Evaluate and predict the outcomes of logical expressions

Conditional Statements:

- Understand the purpose of conditional statements in controlling program flow
- Learn the syntax of if, elif, and else statements
- Correctly apply colons and indentation in conditional blocks
- Use comparison operators to create conditions
- Write simple decision-making programs that respond to user input
- Explore how multiple conditions can be structured and ordered logically
- Recognise and correct common errors in conditional statements

Errors

- Understand what **errors** are in Python
- Differentiate between syntax errors and runtime errors
- Read and interpret Python error messages
- Recognise common error types (e.g. NameError, TypeError, IndexError)
- Practise strategies for identifying and fixing errors
- Learn how **exceptions** work in Python
- Use try and except to handle errors
- Apply best practices for writing robust, error-tolerant code

Next



