

Метод замены ядра на вырожденное

$$\varphi(x) - 0.2 * \int_0^1 \frac{1}{10 - x * y} \varphi(y) dy = 1 + x^2$$

(0, 1)

- A, B = 0, 1

$\lambda = 0.2$

- $\lambda = 0.2$

K (generic function with 1 method)

- $K(x, y) = 1 / (10 - x*y)$

f (generic function with 1 method)

- $f(x) = 1 + x^2$

Разложение в ряд Тейлора в (1/2, 1/2)

r = 4

- r = 4

(x, y)

- @syms x, y

$K =$

$$\frac{1}{-xy + 10}$$

```
• K = 1 / (10 - x * y)
```

$f =$

$$x^2 + 1$$

```
• f = 1 + x^2
```

$$\frac{y}{(-xy + 10)^2}$$

```
• diff(K, x)
```

! (generic function with 1 method)

```
• !(n::Int) = n == 0 ? 1 : n * !(n-1)
```

$X =$

$$7.09344064112999 \cdot 10^{-7} x^4 + 8.58306317576729 \cdot 10^{-5} x^3 y - 4.43340040070624 \cdot 10^{-5} x^3 + 0$$

```
• X = sum(  
•     diff(diff(K, x, p), y, r-p).subs(Dict(  
•         x => .5, y => .5  
•     )) * (x-.5)^p * (y-.5)^(r-p) / !(p) / !(r-p)  
•     for p in 0:r  
• ) |> expand |> simplify
```

$$8.58306317576729 \cdot 10^{-5} y^3 - 0.0013779008445395 y^2 + 0.0013779008445395 y - 0.000355558$$

```
• X.coeff(x)
```

$\text{prods} =$

```
[(y^4, 0, 4), (xy^3, 1, 3), (y^3, 0, 3), (x^2y^2, 2, 2), (xy^2, 1, 2), (y^2, 0, 2), (x^3y, 3, 1), (x
```

```
• prods = [  
•     (x^p * y^q, p, q)  
•     for p in 0:r, q in 0:r if p+q ≤ 4  
• ] |> reverse
```

[7.09344e-7, 8.58306e-5, -4.4334e-5, 0.00124915, -0.0013779, 0.000377726, 8.58306e-5, -0.0

```
• begin
•   buf = X
•   coeffs = []
•   for p in prods[1:end-1] .|> first
•       push!(coeffs, buf.coeff(p) |> N)
•       global buf -= buf.coeff(p) * p
•   end
•   push!(coeffs, buf |> N |> BigFloat)
•   coeffs
• end
```

```
terms = OrderedCollections.OrderedDict{Tuple{SymPy.Sym, Int64, Int64}, AbstractFloat}(
    (y4, 0, 4) ⇒ 7.09344e-7
    (xy3, 1, 3) ⇒ 8.58306e-5
    (y3, 0, 3) ⇒ -4.4334e-5
    (x2y2, 2, 2) ⇒ 0.00124915
    (xy2, 1, 2) ⇒ -0.0013779
    (y2, 0, 2) ⇒ 0.000377726
    (x3y, 3, 1) ⇒ 8.58306e-5
    (x2y, 2, 1) ⇒ -0.0013779
    (xy, 1, 1) ⇒ 0.0013779
    (y, 0, 1) ⇒ -0.000355559
    (x4, 4, 0) ⇒ 7.09344e-7
    (x3, 3, 0) ⇒ -4.4334e-5
    (x2, 2, 0) ⇒ 0.000377726
    (x, 1, 0) ⇒ -0.000355559
    (1, 0, 0) ⇒ 8.88897e-05
)

• terms = OrderedDict(prods .=> coeffs)
```

Каждый член суммы представим в виде $c_{p+q} * x^{p-1} * y^{q-1}$, тогда

$c_{p+q} = a_{p+q} * p * q = (a_{p+q} * p^2 / q) * (a_{p+q} * q^2 / p)$. Функции $\alpha(x), \beta(y)$ примут вид:

$$\begin{cases} \alpha(x) = a_{p+q} * q * x^{p-1} \\ \beta(y) = p * y^{q-1} \end{cases}$$

([1.58614154679264 · 10⁻⁶, 0.000121382843498752x, -8.86680080141249 · 10⁻⁵, 0.001249154896x

```

• begin
•   α, β = [], []
•   term_keys = collect(keys(terms))
•   for key in term_keys[1:end-1]
•       push!(
•           α,
•           terms[key] * (key[3]+1) * x^key[2] / sqrt((key[2]+1) * (key[3]+1))
•       )
•       push!(
•           β,
•           (key[2]+1) * y^key[3] / sqrt((key[2]+1) * (key[3]+1))
•       )
•   end
•   α[end] += terms[term_keys[end]] / β[end]
•   α, β
• end

```

340434497101 · 10⁻¹⁹x²y + 1.0842021724855 · 10⁻¹⁹x² - 1.35525271560688 · 10⁻²⁰xy³ - 2.16x

```

• # проверка на маленьковость ошибки
• sum(
•   α[i] * β[i]
•   for i in 1:14
• ) - x

```

Построение системы и вычисление A_i

B = 14x14 Matrix{Float64}:

```
1.0 -5.60786e-8 -3.96535e-8 -1.05743e-7 ... -5.49456e-7 -4.48629e-7
-1.80947e-6 0.999997 -2.42766e-6 -6.06914e-6 -2.10241e-5 -1.71661e-5
1.58614e-6 3.13489e-6 1.0 5.9112e-6 3.07155e-5 2.50791e-5
-1.59611e-5 -2.94429e-5 -2.08192e-5 0.99995 -0.00014424 -0.000117771
2.51569e-5 4.77319e-5 3.37515e-5 8.43788e-5 0.000292297 0.000238659
-1.17034e-5 -2.31309e-5 -1.6356e-5 -4.3616e-5 ... -0.000226635 -0.000185047
-6.78551e-7 -1.22615e-6 -8.6702e-7 -2.02305e-6 -5.25603e-6 -4.29153e-6
1.43754e-5 2.65177e-5 1.87509e-5 4.50021e-5 0.00012991 0.000106071
-2.05405e-5 -3.89729e-5 -2.7558e-5 -6.8895e-5 -0.000238659 -0.000194865
8.995e-6 1.77779e-5 1.25709e-5 3.35224e-5 0.000174187 0.000142223
-3.15264e-9 -5.60786e-9 -3.96535e-9 -9.06367e-9 ... -2.19782e-8 -1.79451e-8
2.47835e-7 4.47841e-7 3.16671e-7 7.389e-7 1.91972e-6 1.56744e-6
-2.78652e-6 -5.1402e-6 -3.63467e-6 -8.7232e-6 0.999975 -2.05608e-5
2.62354e-6 4.88893e-6 3.457e-6 8.3806e-6 2.17734e-5 1.00002
```

```
• B = -λ * [
•   integrate(
•       α[i] * β[j].subs(Dict(y=>x)),
•       (x, A, B)
•   ) |> N |> Float64
•   for i in 1:length(α), j in 1:length(β)
• ] + I
```

```
F = Float64[
1: 0.15333
2: 0.294628
3: 0.208333
4: 0.533333
5: 0.435465
6: 0.30792
7: 1.06066
8: 0.918559
9: 0.75
10: 0.53033
11: 2.98142
12: 2.66667
13: 2.3094
14: 1.88562
]
```

```
• F = [
•   integrate(
•       f * β[j].subs(Dict(y=>x)),
•       (x, A, B)
•   ) |> N
•   for j in 1:length(β)
• ]
```

```
A = Float64[
  1: 0.153337
  2: 0.294893
  3: 0.207961
  4: 0.535191
  5: 0.431778
  6: 0.310667
  7: 1.06073
  8: 0.916886
  9: 0.75301
 10: 0.528219
 11: 2.98142
 12: 2.66664
 13: 2.30973
 14: 1.88533
]
```

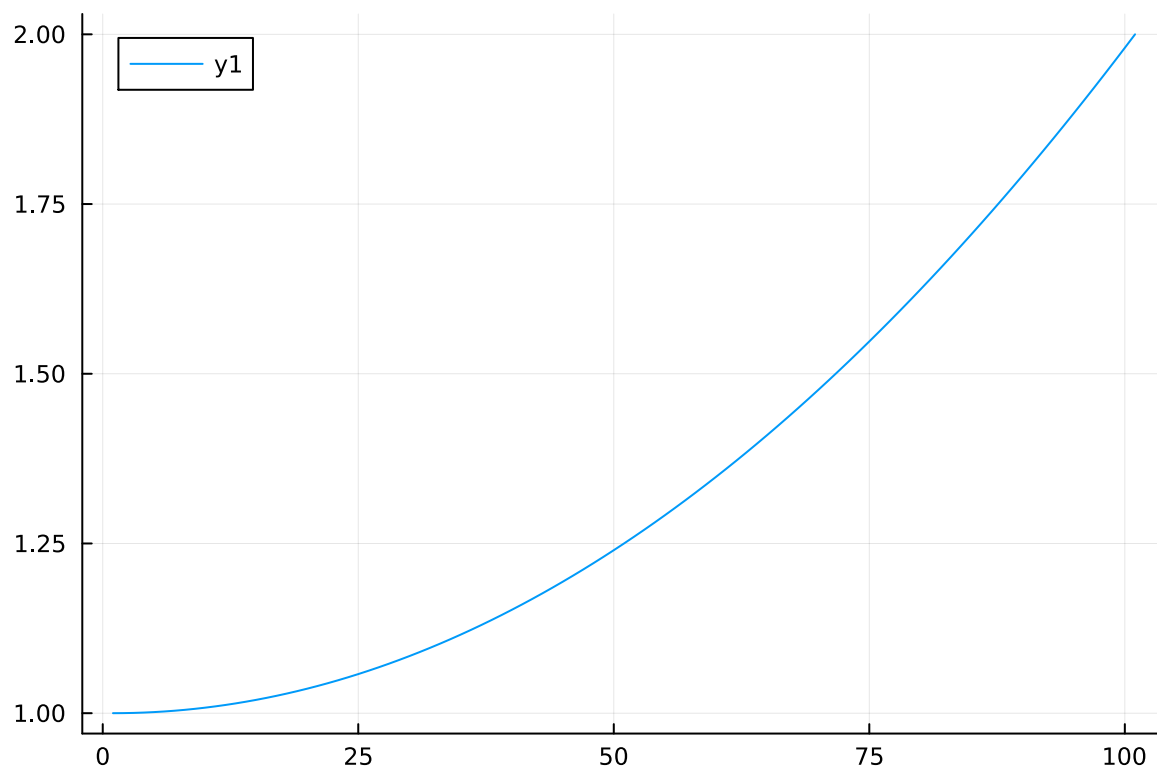
```
• A = B \ F
```

```
⊗ + 1.000007589642428908593376841442785671454205073714382892346532217362396167366
```

```
• f + λ * sum(A[i] * α[i] for i in 1:14)
```

φ (generic function with 1 method)

```
• φ(x::Number) = (f + λ * sum(A[i] * α[i] for i in 1:14)).subs(Dict(x => x)) |> N
```



```
• φ.(0:.01:1) |> plot
```