

PROJECT-5

June 15, 2023

#PROBLEM STATEMENT:- TO DIVIDE THE DATA INTO CLUSTERS BASED ON THE SIMILARITY

(The transactions made by a UK-based, registered, non-store online retailer between December 1, 2010, and December 9, 2011, are all included in the transnational data set known as online retail. The company primarily offers one-of-a-kind gifts for every occasion. The company has a large number of wholesalers as clients. Company Objective Using the global online retail dataset, we will design a clustering model and select the ideal group of clients for the business to target.)

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
      from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
      %matplotlib inline
```

```
[2]: df=pd.read_csv(r"/content/OnlineRetail.csv")
      df
```

```
[2]:
```

	InvoiceNo	StockCode	Description	Quantity	\
0	536365	85123A	WHITE HANGING HEART T-LIGHT HOLDER	6.0	
1	536365	71053	WHITE METAL LANTERN	6.0	
2	536365	84406B	CREAM CUPID HEARTS COAT HANGER	8.0	
3	536365	84029G	KNITTED UNION FLAG HOT WATER BOTTLE	6.0	
4	536365	84029E	RED WOOLLY HOTTIE WHITE HEART.	6.0	
...	
37000	539453	84659A	WHITE TRAVEL ALARM CLOCK	3.0	
37001	539453	84685	BEACH HUT KEY CABINET	1.0	
37002	539453	84688	BEACH HUT DESIGN BLACKBOARD	1.0	
37003	539453	84754	S/15 SILVER GLASS BAUBLES IN BAG	1.0	
37004	53	NaN	NaN	NaN	

	InvoiceDate	UnitPrice	CustomerID	Country
0	01-12-2010 08:26	2.55	17850.0	United Kingdom
1	01-12-2010 08:26	3.39	17850.0	United Kingdom
2	01-12-2010 08:26	2.75	17850.0	United Kingdom
3	01-12-2010 08:26	3.39	17850.0	United Kingdom
4	01-12-2010 08:26	3.39	17850.0	United Kingdom
...
37000	17-12-2010 17:08	2.51	NaN	United Kingdom
37001	17-12-2010 17:08	7.62	NaN	United Kingdom

37002	17-12-2010	17:08	8.47	NaN	United Kingdom
37003	17-12-2010	17:08	2.51	NaN	United Kingdom
37004		NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

[37005 rows x 8 columns]

```
[3]: df.head()
```

```
[3]: InvoiceNo StockCode Description Quantity \
0 536365 85123A WHITE HANGING HEART T-LIGHT HOLDER 6.0
1 536365 71053 WHITE METAL LANTERN 6.0
2 536365 84406B CREAM CUPID HEARTS COAT HANGER 8.0
3 536365 84029G KNITTED UNION FLAG HOT WATER BOTTLE 6.0
4 536365 84029E RED WOOLLY HOTTIE WHITE HEART. 6.0
```

	InvoiceDate	UnitPrice	CustomerID	Country
0	01-12-2010 08:26	2.55	17850.0	United Kingdom
1	01-12-2010 08:26	3.39	17850.0	United Kingdom
2	01-12-2010 08:26	2.75	17850.0	United Kingdom
3	01-12-2010 08:26	3.39	17850.0	United Kingdom
4	01-12-2010 08:26	3.39	17850.0	United Kingdom

```
[4]: df.tail()
```

```
[4]: InvoiceNo StockCode Description Quantity \
37000 539453 84659A WHITE TRAVEL ALARM CLOCK 3.0
37001 539453 84685 BEACH HUT KEY CABINET 1.0
37002 539453 84688 BEACH HUT DESIGN BLACKBOARD 1.0
37003 539453 84754 S/15 SILVER GLASS BAUBLES IN BAG 1.0
37004 53 NaN NaN NaN
```

	InvoiceDate	UnitPrice	CustomerID	Country
37000	17-12-2010 17:08	2.51	NaN	United Kingdom
37001	17-12-2010 17:08	7.62	NaN	United Kingdom
37002	17-12-2010 17:08	8.47	NaN	United Kingdom
37003	17-12-2010 17:08	2.51	NaN	United Kingdom
37004		NaN	NaN	NaN

```
[5]: df['InvoiceNo'].value_counts()
```

```
[5]: 537434 675
538071 652
538349 620
537638 601
537237 597
...
C538680 1
```

```
C538681      1
C538682      1
537230       1
53           1
Name: InvoiceNo, Length: 1772, dtype: int64
```

```
[6]: df['CustomerID'].value_counts()
```

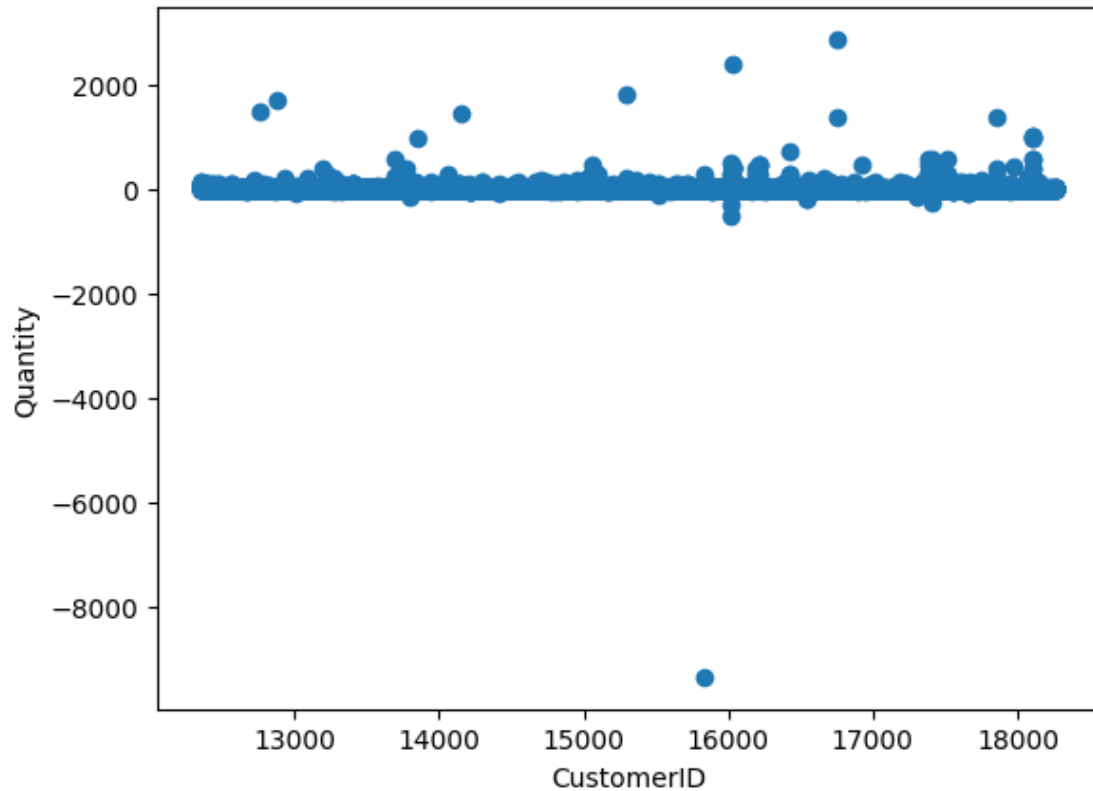
```
[6]: 12748.0      616
      17850.0      297
      17841.0      257
      14911.0      235
      14606.0      190
      ...
      14576.0       1
      15179.0       1
      13145.0       1
      13481.0       1
      14867.0       1
Name: CustomerID, Length: 897, dtype: int64
```

```
[7]: df['Quantity'].value_counts()
```

```
[7]: 1.0      12465
      2.0      5847
      12.0     3211
      3.0      2627
      6.0      2612
      ...
      -19.0       1
      -43.0       1
      -35.0       1
      -72.0       1
      -500.0       1
Name: Quantity, Length: 194, dtype: int64
```

```
[8]: plt.scatter(df["CustomerID"],df["Quantity"])
      plt.xlabel("CustomerID")
      plt.ylabel("Quantity")
```

```
[8]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Quantity')
```



```
[9]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 37005 entries, 0 to 37004
Data columns (total 8 columns):
#   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   InvoiceNo        37005 non-null  object
1   StockCode        37004 non-null  object
2   Description      36887 non-null  object
3   Quantity         37004 non-null  float64
4   InvoiceDate       37004 non-null  object
5   UnitPrice        37004 non-null  float64
6   CustomerID       24364 non-null  float64
7   Country          37004 non-null  object
dtypes: float64(3), object(5)
memory usage: 2.3+ MB
```

```
[10]: df.isnull().sum()
```

```
[10]: InvoiceNo      0
      StockCode     1
      Description   118
      Quantity      1
      InvoiceDate    1
      UnitPrice      1
      CustomerID    12641
      Country        1
      dtype: int64
```

```
[11]: df.fillna(method='ffill',inplace=True)
```

```
[12]: from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
      km=KMeans()
      km
```

```
[12]: KMeans()
```

```
[13]: y_predicted=km.fit_predict(df[["CustomerID","Quantity"]])
      y_predicted
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_kmeans.py:870:
FutureWarning: The default value of `n_init` will change from 10 to 'auto' in
1.4. Set the value of `n_init` explicitly to suppress the warning
warnings.warn(
```

```
[13]: array([3, 3, 3, ..., 2, 2, 2], dtype=int32)
```

```
[14]: df["cluster"]=y_predicted
      df.head()
```

```
[14]: InvoiceNo StockCode Description Quantity \
0  536365 85123A WHITE HANGING HEART T-LIGHT HOLDER 6.0
1  536365 71053 WHITE METAL LANTERN 6.0
2  536365 84406B CREAM CUPID HEARTS COAT HANGER 8.0
3  536365 84029G KNITTED UNION FLAG HOT WATER BOTTLE 6.0
4  536365 84029E RED WOOLLY HOTTIE WHITE HEART. 6.0

InvoiceDate UnitPrice CustomerID Country cluster
0 01-12-2010 08:26 2.55 17850.0 United Kingdom 3
1 01-12-2010 08:26 3.39 17850.0 United Kingdom 3
2 01-12-2010 08:26 2.75 17850.0 United Kingdom 3
3 01-12-2010 08:26 3.39 17850.0 United Kingdom 3
4 01-12-2010 08:26 3.39 17850.0 United Kingdom 3
```

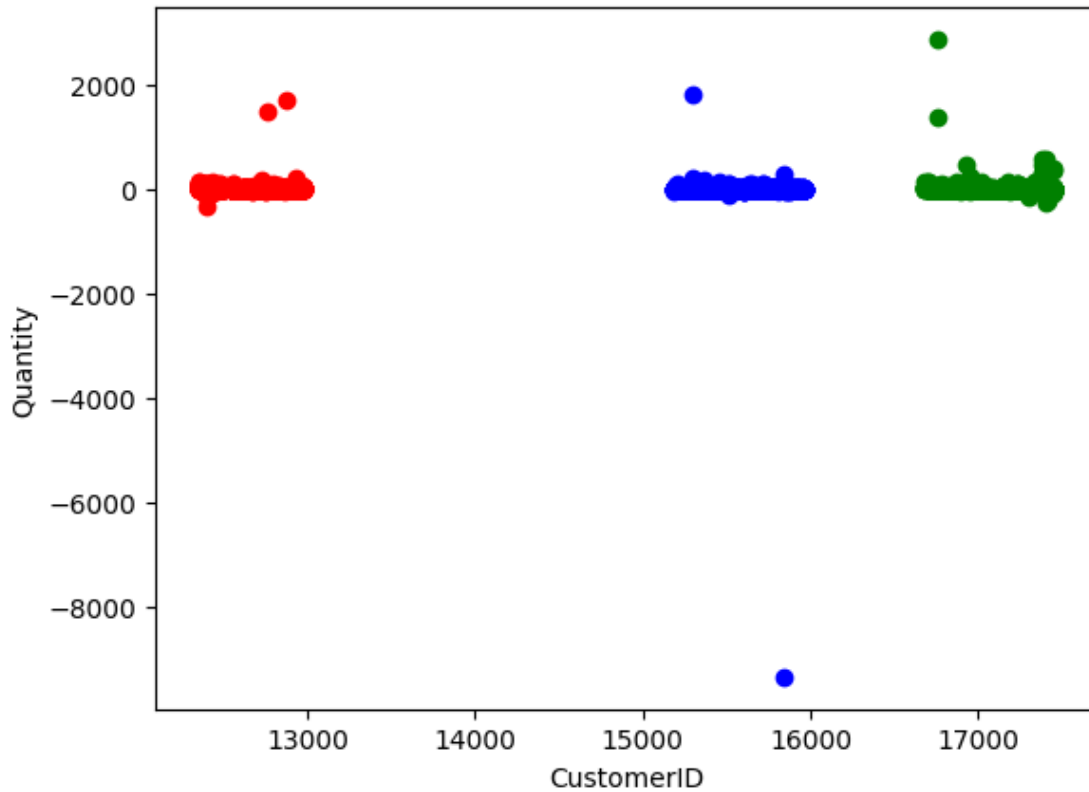
```
[15]: df1=df[df.cluster==0]
      df2=df[df.cluster==1]
```

```

df3=df[df.cluster==2]
plt.scatter(df1["CustomerID"],df1["Quantity"],color="red")
plt.scatter(df2["CustomerID"],df2["Quantity"],color="green")
plt.scatter(df3["CustomerID"],df3["Quantity"],color="blue")
plt.xlabel("CustomerID")
plt.ylabel("Quantity")

```

[15]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Quantity')



```

[16]: from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
scaler=MinMaxScaler()
scaler.fit(df[["Quantity"]])
df["Quantity"]=scaler.transform(df[["Quantity"]])
df.head()

```

```

[16]: InvoiceNo StockCode Description Quantity \
0 536365 85123A WHITE HANGING HEART T-LIGHT HOLDER 0.765196
1 536365 71053 WHITE METAL LANTERN 0.765196
2 536365 84406B CREAM CUPID HEARTS COAT HANGER 0.765359
3 536365 84029G KNITTED UNION FLAG HOT WATER BOTTLE 0.765196
4 536365 84029E RED WOOLLY HOTTIE WHITE HEART. 0.765196

```

	InvoiceDate	UnitPrice	CustomerID	Country	cluster
0	01-12-2010 08:26	2.55	17850.0	United Kingdom	3
1	01-12-2010 08:26	3.39	17850.0	United Kingdom	3
2	01-12-2010 08:26	2.75	17850.0	United Kingdom	3
3	01-12-2010 08:26	3.39	17850.0	United Kingdom	3
4	01-12-2010 08:26	3.39	17850.0	United Kingdom	3

```
[17]: scaler.fit(df[["CustomerID"]])
df["CustomerID"]=scaler.transform(df[["CustomerID"]])
df.head()
```

```
[17]: InvoiceNo StockCode Description Quantity \
0 536365 85123A WHITE HANGING HEART T-LIGHT HOLDER 0.765196
1 536365 71053 WHITE METAL LANTERN 0.765196
2 536365 84406B CREAM CUPID HEARTS COAT HANGER 0.765359
3 536365 84029G KNITTED UNION FLAG HOT WATER BOTTLE 0.765196
4 536365 84029E RED WOOLLY HOTTIE WHITE HEART. 0.765196
```

	InvoiceDate	UnitPrice	CustomerID	Country	cluster
0	01-12-2010 08:26	2.55	0.929247	United Kingdom	3
1	01-12-2010 08:26	3.39	0.929247	United Kingdom	3
2	01-12-2010 08:26	2.75	0.929247	United Kingdom	3
3	01-12-2010 08:26	3.39	0.929247	United Kingdom	3
4	01-12-2010 08:26	3.39	0.929247	United Kingdom	3

#K-MeansClustering

```
[18]: km=KMeans()
```

```
[19]: y_predicted=km.fit_predict(df[["CustomerID","Quantity"]])
y_predicted
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_kmeans.py:870:
FutureWarning: The default value of `n_init` will change from 10 to 'auto' in
1.4. Set the value of `n_init` explicitly to suppress the warning
warnings.warn(
```

```
[19]: array([4, 4, 4, ..., 2, 2, 2], dtype=int32)
```

```
[20]: df["New Cluster"]=y_predicted
df.head()
```

```
[20]: InvoiceNo StockCode Description Quantity \
0 536365 85123A WHITE HANGING HEART T-LIGHT HOLDER 0.765196
1 536365 71053 WHITE METAL LANTERN 0.765196
2 536365 84406B CREAM CUPID HEARTS COAT HANGER 0.765359
3 536365 84029G KNITTED UNION FLAG HOT WATER BOTTLE 0.765196
```

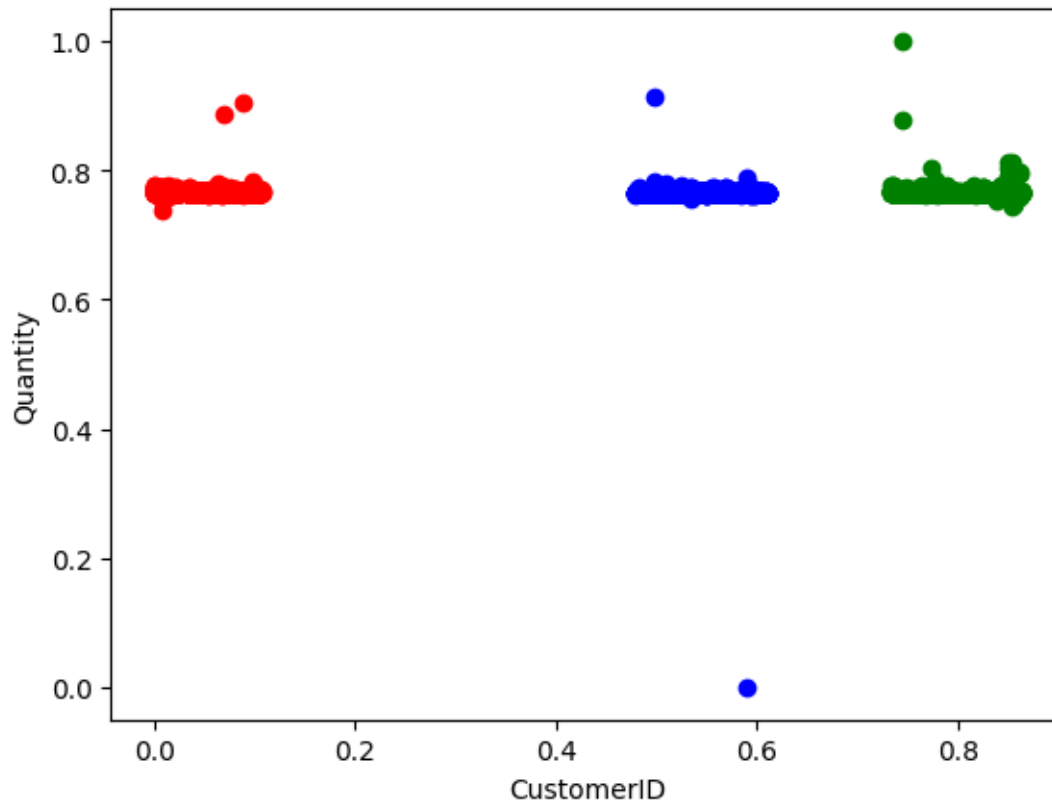
```
4      536365      84029E      RED WOOLLY HOTTIE WHITE HEART.  0.765196
```

	InvoiceDate	UnitPrice	CustomerID	Country	cluster	\
0	01-12-2010 08:26	2.55	0.929247	United Kingdom	3	
1	01-12-2010 08:26	3.39	0.929247	United Kingdom	3	
2	01-12-2010 08:26	2.75	0.929247	United Kingdom	3	
3	01-12-2010 08:26	3.39	0.929247	United Kingdom	3	
4	01-12-2010 08:26	3.39	0.929247	United Kingdom	3	

	New Cluster
0	4
1	4
2	4
3	4
4	4

```
[21]: df1=df[df["New Cluster"]==0]
df2=df[df["New Cluster"]==1]
df3=df[df["New Cluster"]==2]
plt.scatter(df1["CustomerID"],df1["Quantity"],color="red")
plt.scatter(df2["CustomerID"],df2["Quantity"],color="green")
plt.scatter(df3["CustomerID"],df3["Quantity"],color="blue")
plt.xlabel("CustomerID")
plt.ylabel("Quantity")
```

```
[21]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Quantity')
```

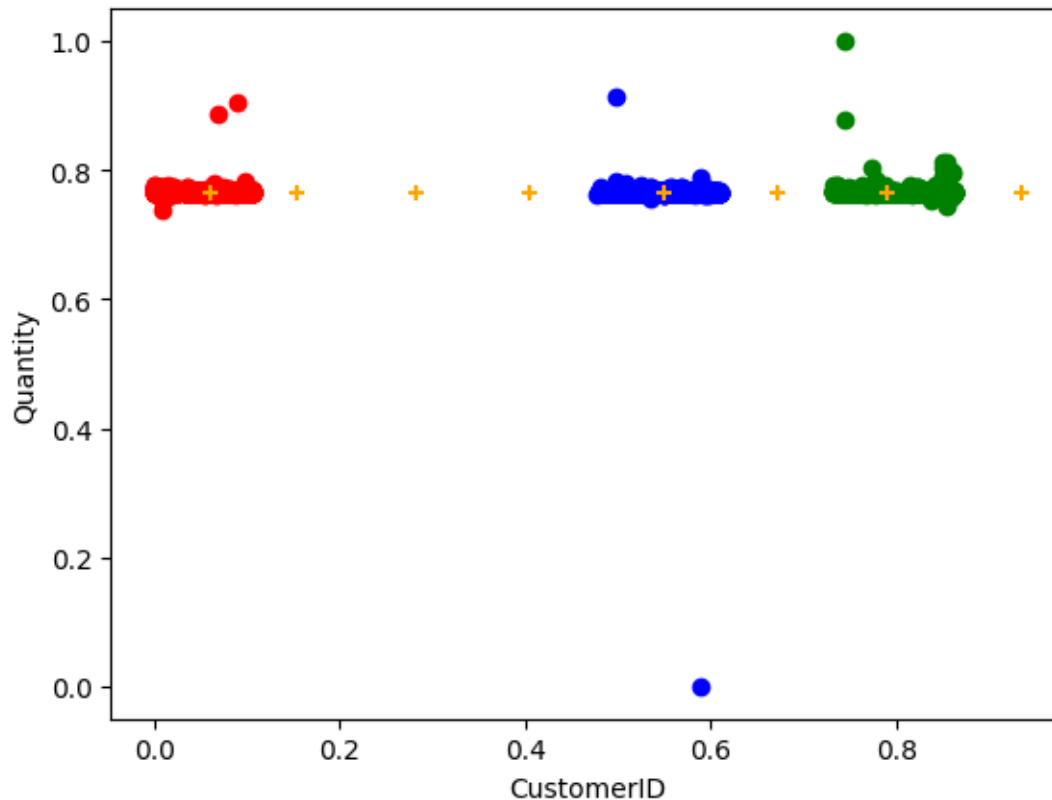



```
[22]: km.cluster_centers_
```

```
[22]: array([[0.06146662, 0.76539312],
            [0.79121684, 0.7652455 ],
            [0.55003698, 0.76509698],
            [0.28162316, 0.7661018 ],
            [0.93498295, 0.76535241],
            [0.6724887 , 0.76544962],
            [0.15279005, 0.76532485],
            [0.4037083 , 0.76545935]])
```

```
[23]: df1=df[df["New Cluster"]==0]
df2=df[df["New Cluster"]==1]
df3=df[df["New Cluster"]==2]
plt.scatter(df1["CustomerID"],df1["Quantity"],color="red")
plt.scatter(df2["CustomerID"],df2["Quantity"],color="green")
plt.scatter(df3["CustomerID"],df3["Quantity"],color="blue")
plt.scatter(km.cluster_centers_[0],km.cluster_centers_[1],color="orange",marker="+")
plt.xlabel("CustomerID")
plt.ylabel("Quantity")
```

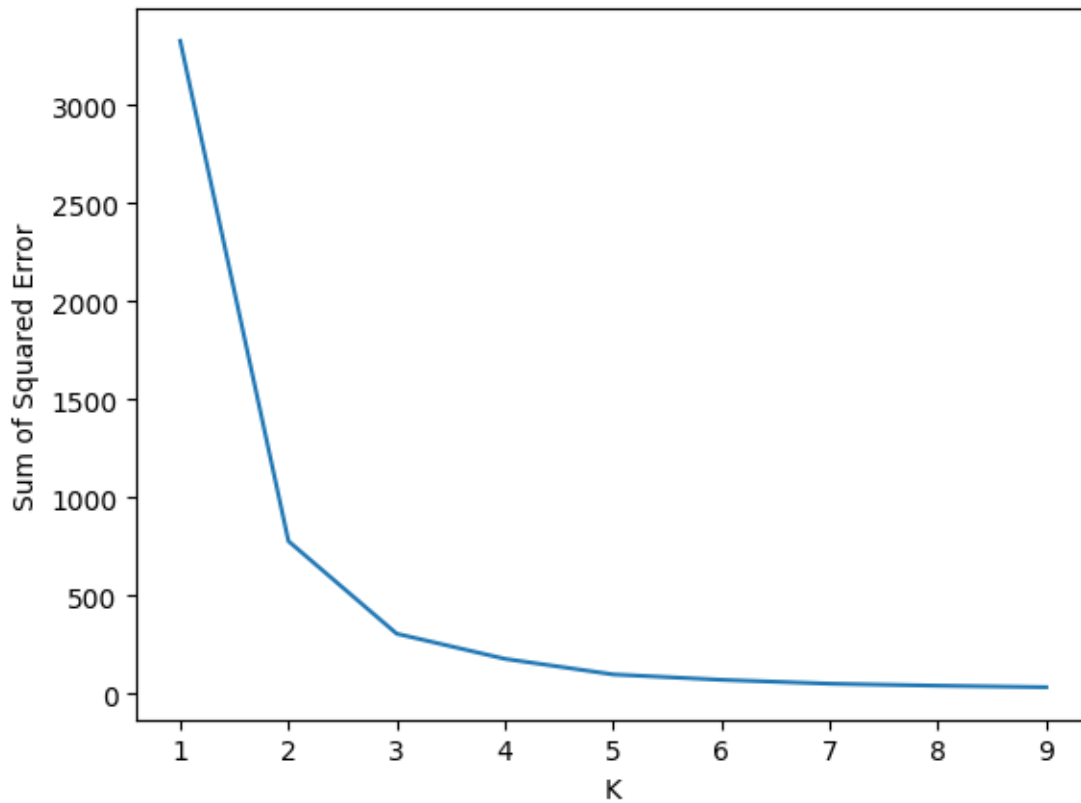
```
[23]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Quantity')
```



```
[24]: k_rng=range(1,10)
sse=[]
```

```
[25]: for k in k_rng:
    km=KMeans(n_clusters=k)
    km.fit(df[["CustomerID","Quantity"]])
    sse.append(km.inertia_)
    #km.inertia_ will give you the value of sum of square error
print(sse)
plt.plot(k_rng,sse)
plt.xlabel("K")
plt.ylabel("Sum of Squared Error")
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_kmeans.py:870:
FutureWarning: The default value of `n_init` will change from 10 to 'auto' in
1.4. Set the value of `n_init` explicitly to suppress the warning
    warnings.warn(
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_kmeans.py:870:
FutureWarning: The default value of `n_init` will change from 10 to 'auto' in
```

#CONCLUSION:-

-> For the given dataset we use K-means Clustering and done the grouping based on the given data. In the above dataset we will take customer id and quantity based on that we make the clusters. When the K-value is low error rate is more and the K-value is high error rate is very high. So, finally we can Conclude the above dataset is bestfit for K-Means.