



COMANDOS ÚTILES EN LINUX

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Comando “Man”

- El comando “Man” en relación al “help” de Windows , es ese comando la cual nos ayuda a encontrar las funcionalidades de cada comando en Linux.



```
root@kali: /
Archivo Acciones Editar Vista Ayuda
CAT(1) User Commands CAT(1)
NAME
cat - concatenate files and print on the standard output
SYNOPSIS
cat [OPTION]... [FILE]...
DESCRIPTION
Concatenate FILE(s) to standard output.
With no FILE, or when FILE is -, read standard input.
-A, --show-all
    equivalent to -vET
-b, --number-nonblank
    number nonempty output lines, overrides -n
-e
    equivalent to -vE
-E, --show-ends
    display $ at end of each line
-n, --number
    number all output lines
Manual page cat(1) line 1 (press h for help or q to quit)
```

```
@kali: /
Manager's Manual SUDO(8)
NAME
sudo, sudoedit - execute a command as another user
SYNOPSIS
sudo -h | -K | -k | -V
sudo -v [-ABkNnS] [-g group] [-h host] [-p prompt] [-u user]
sudo -l [-ABkNnS] [-g group] [-h host] [-p prompt] [-U user]
[-u user] [command [arg ...]]
sudo [-ABbEHnPS] [-C num] [-D directory] [-g group] [-h host]
[-p prompt] [-R directory] [-r role] [-t type] [-T timeout]
[-u user] [VAR=value] [-i | -s] [command [arg ...]]
sudoedit [-ABkNnS] [-C num] [-D directory] [-g group] [-h host]
[-p prompt] [-R directory] [-r role] [-t type] [-T timeout]
[-u user] file ...
DESCRIPTION
sudo allows a permitted user to execute a command as the superuser
or another user, as specified by the security policy. The invoking
user's real (not effective) user-ID is used to determine the user
name with which to query the security policy.
sudo supports a plugin architecture for security policies, auditing,
and input/output logging. Third parties can develop and distribute
their own plugins to work seamlessly with the sudo front-end. The
Manual page sudo(8) line 1 (press h for help or q to quit)
```