

<b>SDG Goal 16</b>	<b>Peace, justice and strong institutions</b>
<b>SDG Target 16.2</b>	<b>End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children</b>
<b>SDG Indicator 16.2.2</b>	<b>Number of victims of human trafficking per 100,000 population, by sex, age and form of exploitation</b>
<b>Time series</b>	<b>Victims of human trafficking</b>

### 1. General information on the time series

- Date of national metadata: 3 August 2022
- National data: <http://sdg-indicators.de/16-2-2/>
- Definition: The time series measures the total number of victims of human trafficking, expressed per 100,000 inhabitants and the total number. Trafficking in human beings is defined as offences against sexual self-determination (trafficking for sexual exploitation) or a person's freedom of disposal over the use and exploitation of their labour (trafficking for labour exploitation).
- Disaggregation: age group; sex

### 2. Comparability with the global metadata

- Date of global metadata: July 2016
- Global metadata: <https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/files/Metadata-16-02-02.pdf>
- The time series is compliant with global metadata. The number of victims of human trafficking is shown as additional information in a separate time series.

### 3. Data description

- The data is derived from the "National Situation Report on Human Trafficking and exploitation" of the German Federal Criminal Police Office (BKA). The data is based on reports submitted by the police offices of the German Länder, the BKA, the Federal Police (Bundespolizei) and the German customs authorities about police investigations which were concluded during the year under review.

The population data comes from the intercensal population updates, the basis of which is the last census conducted in 2011. The population data is rolled forward using statistical results on natural population change (births, deaths) and migrations. For 2010, the population was calculated backwards using the 2011 census and migration, birth and death statistics.

### 4. Access to data source

- National Situation Report on Human Trafficking and exploitation (only available in German):  
[https://www.bka.de/DE/AktuelleInformationen/StatistikenLagebilder/Lagebilder/Menschenhandel/menschenhandel\\_node.html](https://www.bka.de/DE/AktuelleInformationen/StatistikenLagebilder/Lagebilder/Menschenhandel/menschenhandel_node.html)
- Average population – GENESIS online 12411-0041:  
<https://www-genesis.destatis.de/genesis//online?operation=table&code=12411-0041&bypass=true&levelindex=1&levelid=1639396599054#abreadcrumb>
- Population data based on Census 2011 – 1991 to 2011 (only available in German):  
[https://www.destatis.de/DE/Themen/Gesellschaft-Umwelt/Bevoelkerung/Bevoelkerungsstand/\\_inhalt.html#sprg233540](https://www.destatis.de/DE/Themen/Gesellschaft-Umwelt/Bevoelkerung/Bevoelkerungsstand/_inhalt.html#sprg233540)

## 5. Metadata on source data

- Victims (only available in German):  
[https://www.bka.de/DE/AktuelleInformationen/StatistikenLagebilder/Lagebilder/Menschenhandel/menschenhandel\\_node.htm](https://www.bka.de/DE/AktuelleInformationen/StatistikenLagebilder/Lagebilder/Menschenhandel/menschenhandel_node.htm)

## 6. Timeliness and frequency

- Timeliness: t + 9 months
- Frequency: Annual

## 7. Calculation method

- Unit of measurement: Number; Per 100,000 inhabitants
- Calculation:

$$\text{Victims of human trafficking} = \frac{\sum_i \text{Victims of human trafficking}_i [\text{number}]}{\text{Population} [\text{number}]} \cdot 100,000$$

$i \in \{\text{sexual exploitation; labour exploitation}\}$