

SDG Goal 16	Peace, justice and strong institutions
SDG Target 16.1	Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere
SDG Indicator 16.1.3	Proportion of population subjected to (a) physical violence; (b) psychological violence; and (c) sexual violence in the previous 12 months
Time series	Population who were exposed to physical violence

1. General information on the time series

- Date of national metadata: 01 June 2022
- National data: <http://sdg-indikatoren.de/en/16-1-3/>
- Definition: The time series measures the percentage of the population that has been a victim of a physical assault in the previous 12 months.
- Disaggregation: Not available.

2. Comparison with global metadata

- Date of global metadata: July 2016
- Global metadata: <https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/files/Metadata-16-01-03.pdf>
- The time series is compliant with the global metadata.

3. Data description

- The data is derived from the German Victimization Survey. The survey is telephone based with 35.503 observations for the year 2012. It is based on a random sample of the population living in private households, being 16 years or older and being available via telephone.
Since people with relative high education levels are overrepresented in the sample and young adults (age 18-34) are underrepresented compared to the general population, the answers were weighted to account for the unequal probability of taking part in the survey for these subgroups.
For this time series, the answer to the question whether an individual was at least once victim of a physical assault in the last 12 months was used.

The population data comes from the intercensal population updates, the basis of which is the last census conducted in 2011. The population data is rolled forward using statistical results on natural population change (births, deaths) and migrations. For 2010, the population was calculated backwards using the 2011 census and migration, birth and death statistics.

4. Accessibility of source data

- German Victimization Survey 2017 (only available in German):
https://www.bka.de/DE/AktuelleInformationen/StatistikenLagebilder/ViktimisierungssurveyDunkelfeldforschung/viktimisierungssurveyDunkelfeldforschung_node.html
- The 2017 German Victimization Survey - final report:
<https://www.bka.de/SharedDocs/Downloads/DE/Publikationen/Publikationsreihen/Forschungsergebnisse/2019ersteErgebnisseDVS2017EN.pdf>
- Average population – GENESIS online 12411-0041:
<https://www-genesis.destatis.de/genesis//online?operation=table&code=12411-0041&bypass=true&levelindex=1&levelid=1639396599054#abreadcrumb>
- Population data based on Census 2011 – 1991 to 2011 (only available in German):
https://www.destatis.de/DE/Themen/Gesellschaft-Umwelt/Bevoelkerung/Bevoelkerungsstand/_inhalt.html#sprg233540

5. Metadata on source data

- Victims of physical assault (only available in German):
https://www.bka.de/DE/Presse/Listenseite_Pressemitteilungen/2019/Presse2019/190402_DVS2017.html

6. Timeliness and frequency

- Timeliness: t + 24 months
- Frequency: Irregular

7. Calculation method

- Unit of measurement: Percentage
- Calculation method:

$$\text{Population subjected to physical violence} = \frac{\text{Persons being victim of a physical assault [weighted number]}}{\text{Persons taking part in the survey [weighted number]}} \cdot 100 [\%]$$

SDG Goal 16	Peace, justice and strong institutions
SDG Target 16.1	Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere
SDG Indicator 16.1.3	Proportion of population subjected to (a) physical violence; (b) psychological violence; and (c) sexual violence in the previous 12 months
Time series	Population who were victims of criminal offences

1. General information on the time series

- Date of national metadata: 01 June 2022
- National data: <http://sdg-indikatoren.de/en/16-1-3/>
- Definition: The time series measures the percentage of the population who was subjected to the total of criminal offences, attempted and completed.
- Disaggregation: Not available.

2. Comparison with global metadata

- Date of global metadata: July 2016
- Global metadata: <https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/files/Metadata-16-01-03.pdf>
- The time series is not compliant with the global metadata, but provides additional information. It does not measure separately victims of physical, psychological or sexual violence. With regard to psychological violence, there is yet no consensus at the international level of the precise definition and methodology to measure psychological violence.

3. Data description

- The data on population who were victims of criminal offences is derived from the Police Crime Statistics (PCS) by the Federal Criminal Police Office (BKA). The PCS covers known criminal offences, victims and suspects. It includes attempts as well as completed offences for every year. Since the data is summarising only cases which were brought to the attention of the police, our numbers underestimate the real situation. If a person is a victim of more than one crime or repeatedly victim of the same crime, it is counted multiple times. The data is calculated as a sum of the individual data sets of the Länder's criminal police bureaux.

The population data comes from the intercensal population updates, the basis of which is the last census conducted in 2011. The population data is rolled forward using statistical results on natural population change (births, deaths) and migrations. For 2010, the population was calculated backwards using the 2011 census and migration, birth and death statistics.

4. Accessibility of source data

- Victims - T91 Total victims by age and sex:
https://www.bka.de/EN/CurrentInformation/PoliceCrimeStatistics/2021/pcs2021_node.html
- The 2017 German Victimisation Survey - final report:
<https://www.bka.de/SharedDocs/Downloads/DE/Publikationen/Publikationsreihen/Forschungsergebnisse/2019ersteErgebnisseDVS2017EN.pdf>
- Average population – GENESIS online 12411-0041:
<https://www-genesis.destatis.de/genesis//online?operation=table&code=12411-0041&bypass=true&levelindex=1&levelid=1639396599054#abreadcrumb>
- Population data based on Census 2011 – 1991 to 2011 (only available in German):
https://www.destatis.de/DE/Themen/Gesellschaft-Umwelt/Bevoelkerung/Bevoelkerungsstand/_inhalt.html#sprg233540

5. Metadata on source data

- Victims of intentional homicide (only available in German): PKS 2016 yearbook volume 2 - victims:
https://www.bka.de/DE/AktuelleInformationen/StatistikenLagebilder/PolizeilicheKriminalstatistik/PKS2016/pks2016_node.html

6. Timeliness and frequency

- Timeliness: t + 4 months
- Frequency: Annual

7. Calculation method

- Unit of measurement: Percentage
- Calculation method:

$$\text{Population who were victims of criminal offences} = \frac{\text{Victims of criminal offences [number]}}{\text{Population [number]}} \cdot 100 [\%]$$

SDG Goal 16	Peace, justice and strong institutions
SDG Target 16.1	Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere
SDG Indicator 16.1.3	Proportion of population subjected to (a) physical violence; (b) psychological violence; and (c) sexual violence in the previous 12 months
Time series	Victims of criminal offences

1. General information on the time series

- Date of national metadata: 01 June 2022
- National data: <http://sdg-indikatoren.de/en/16-1-3/>
- Definition: The time series measures the total number of victims of criminal offences.
- Disaggregation: age group; sex

2. Comparison with global metadata

- Date of global metadata: July 2016
- Global metadata: <https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/files/Metadata-16-01-03.pdf>
- The time series is not compliant with the global metadata, but provides additional information. It only covers the total number of victims instead of the proportion of population.

3. Data description

- The data is derived from the Police Crime Statistics (PCS) of the Federal Criminal Police Office (BKA). The PCS covers known criminal offences, victims and suspects. It includes attempts as well as completed offences for every year. Since the data is summarising only cases, which were brought to the attention of the police, the total numbers underestimate the real situation.
If a person is a victim of more than one crime, or repeatedly victim of the same crime, it is counted multiple times.
The data is calculated as a sum of the individual data sets of the Länder's criminal police bureaux.

4. Accessibility of source data

- Victims - T91 Total victims by age and sex:
https://www.bka.de/EN/CurrentInformation/PoliceCrimeStatistics/2021/pcs2021_node.html
- The 2017 German Victimisation Survey - final report:
<https://www.bka.de/SharedDocs/Downloads/DE/Publikationen/Publikationsreihen/Forschungsergebnisse/2019ersteErgebnisseDVS2017EN.pdf>
- Intercensal population updates as annual average – GENESIS online 12411-0040:
<https://www-genesis.destatis.de/genesis//online?operation=table&code=12411-0040&bypass=true&language=en#abreadcrumb>

5. Metadata on source data

- Victims of intentional homicide (only available in German): PKS 2016 yearbook volume 2 - victims:
https://www.bka.de/DE/AktuelleInformationen/StatistikenLagebilder/PolizeilicheKriminalstatistik/PKS2016/pks2016_node.html
- Quality Report - Intercensal population updates:
<https://www.destatis.de/EN/Methods/Quality/QualityReports/Population/einfuehrung.html>

6. Timeliness and frequency

- Timeliness: t + 4 months
- Frequency: Annual

7. Calculation method

- Unit of measurement: Number
- Calculation method:

Not applicable.