

<b>SDG Goal 5</b>	<b>Gender equality</b>
<b>SDG Target 5.2</b>	<b>Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation</b>
<b>SDG Indicator 5.2.1</b>	<b>Proportion of ever-partnered women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to physical, sexual or psychological violence by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by form of violence and by age</b>
<b>Time series</b>	<b>Female victims of sexual violence by an intimate partner</b>

## 1. General information on the time series

- Date of national metadata: 21 October 2021
- National data: <http://sdg-indikatoren.de/en/5-2-1/>
- Definition: The time series shows the total number and percentage of women and girls aged 15 years and older who have experienced sexual violence by an intimate partner, in the previous 12 months. Intimate relationships cover spouses, registered civil partnerships, non-marital partnerships, as well as previous partnerships. The percentage of women and girls is calculated by using the average female population aged 15 years and older.  
The following offence keys are considered as sexual violence, according to the national catalogue of criminal offences: 110000 and 130000 (without 111900, 131400, 131600, 131800 and 132000).
- Disaggregation: age group; sex

## 2. Comparison with global metadata

- Date of global metadata: July 2021
- Global metadata: <https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/files/Metadata-05-02-01.pdf>
- The time series is partly compliant with the global metadata. It only contains reported cases (administrative data) and is not based on a special survey (e.g. victimization survey).

## 3. Data description

- The data are taken from the Police Crime Statistics (PCS) of the Federal Criminal Police Office. The PCS covers known criminal offences, victims and suspects. It includes attempts as well as completed offences for every year. Since the data are summarising only cases, which were brought to the attention of the police, the total numbers underestimate the real situation.  
If a person is a victim of more than one crime, or repeatedly victim of the same crime, it is counted multiple times.

The population data come from the intercensal population updates, the basis of which is the last census conducted in 2011. The population data are rolled forward using statistical results on natural population change (births, deaths) and migrations.

## 4. Accessibility of source data

- Average population: sex, age – GENESIS online 12411-0041:  
<https://www-genesis.destatis.de/genesis//online?operation=table&code=12411-0041&bypass=true&language=en>  
Female victims of sexual violence: Special evaluation.

## 5. Metadata on source data

- Police Crime Statistics, Version 1.0, documents “Guidelines for Maintaining the Police Crime Statistics”, “Developmental History”, “Police Crime Statistics Report”:  
[https://www.bka.de/EN/CurrentInformation/PoliceCrimeStatistics/policecrimestatistics\\_node.htm](https://www.bka.de/EN/CurrentInformation/PoliceCrimeStatistics/policecrimestatistics_node.htm)
- Quality Report - Intercensal population updates:  
<https://www.destatis.de/EN/Methods/Quality/QualityReports/Population/intercensal-population.pdf>

## 6. Timeliness and frequency

- Timeliness: t + 4 months
- Frequency: Annual

## 7. Calculation method

- Unit of measurement: Number; Percentage
- Calculation method:

$$\text{Female victims of sexual violence by an intimate partner} = \frac{\text{Victims}_{i,j} [\text{number}]}{\text{Population}_i [\text{number}]} \cdot 100 [\%]$$

i = female persons aged 15 years and older

j = offence keys 110000 + 130000 - (111900 + 131400 + 131600 + 131800 + 132000) and suspect who was an intimate partner