

SDG Goal 16	Peace, justice and strong institutions
SDG Target 16.1	Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere
SDG Indicator 16.1.1	Number of victims of intentional homicide per 100,000 population, by sex and age
Time series	Victims of intentional homicide

1. General information on the time series

- Date of national metadata: 21 October 2021
- National data: <http://sdg-indikatoren.de/en/16-1-1/>
- Definition: The time series shows the total number of victims of intentional homicide and per 100,000 inhabitants. The here presented total number of victims only includes completed offences.
- Disaggregation: age group; sex

2. Comparison with global metadata

- Date of global metadata: July 2016
- Global metadata: <https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/files/Metadata-16-01-01.pdf>
- The time series is partly compliant with the global metadata. It only covers completed criminal offences (attempts are not included).

3. Data description

- The data are taken from the Police Crime Statistics (PCS) by the Federal Criminal Police Office (Bundeskriminalamt, BKA). The PCS covers known criminal offences, victims and suspects. It includes attempts as well as completed offences for every year. Since the data are summarising only cases which were brought to the attention of the police, our numbers underestimate the real situation. If a person is a victim of more than one crime or repeatedly victim of the same crime, it is counted multiple times. The data are calculated as a sum of the individual data sets of the Länder's criminal police bureaus.

Data on population are the results of the latest population census (currently: 2011 Census) rolled forward in a breakdown by sex, age, marital status and citizenship, using both statistics of population change (migration, births, deaths, entering into marriages or registered same-sex partnerships) and information on changes in citizenship and the dissolution of marriages or registered same-sex partnerships. Before 2011, updated census data from 1987 (Federal Republic of Germany) and the population register of October 1990 (German Democratic Republic) were used. For the years before 2011 the results for population were calculated backwards using the census 2011 and migration, birth and death statistics.

4. Accessibility of source data

- Victims - T91 Total victims by age and sex:
https://www.bka.de/EN/CurrentInformation/PoliceCrimeStatistics/2020/pcs2020_node.html
- Population – GENESIS online 12411-0001:
<https://www-genesis.destatis.de/genesis//online?operation=table&code=12411-0001&bypass=true&language=en>

5. Metadata on source data

- Victims of intentional homicide (only available in German): PKS 2016 yearbook volume 2 -victims:
https://www.bka.de/DE/AktuelleInformationen/StatistikenLagebilder/PolizeilicheKriminalstatistik/PKS2016/pks2016_node.html
- Quality Report - Intercensal population updates:
<https://www.destatis.de/EN/Methods/Quality/QualityReports/Population/intercensal-population.pdf>

6. Timeliness and frequency

- Timeliness: t + 4 months
- Frequency: Annual

7. Calculation method

- Unit of measurement: Number; Per 100,000 inhabitants
- Calculation method:

$$\text{Victims of intentional homicide} = \frac{\text{Victims of criminal offences [number]}}{\text{Population [number]}} \cdot 100,000$$