



SDG Goal 8 Decent work and economic growth

SDG Target 8.8 Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working

environments for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular

women migrants, and those in precarious employment

SDG Indicator 8.8.1 Fatal and non-fatal occupational injuries per 100,000 workers, by sex and migrant

status

Time series Fatal occupational accidents

#### 1. General information on the time series

Date of national metadata: 30 September 2021

• National data: http://sdg-indikatoren.de/en/8-8-1/

- Definition: The time series provides the non-standardized incidence rate of number of fatal accidents in relation to the number of persons employed. An accident at work is defined as a discrete occurrence during the course of work which leads to physical or mental harm. Fatal accidents at work are those that lead to the death of the victim within 30 days after the accident.
- Disaggregation: Not available.

#### 2. Comparison with global metadata

- Date of global metadata: January 2021
- Global metadata: https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/files/Metadata-08-08-01.pdf
- The time series is compliant with the global metadata.

#### 3. Data description

• Data on the time series are collected in the framework of the administrative data collection European Statistics on Accidents at Work (ESAW). The ESAW methodology is in accordance with the International Labour Office "Resolution concerning statistics of occupational injuries (resulting from occupational accidents)" adopted by the Sixteenth International Conference of Labour Statisticians in October 1998. Data are based on information provided by the statutory accident insurance. Occupational injuries of civil servants are not included. The number of persons employed is defined in accordance with the ILO definition: any person aged 15 years and older is considered employed if he/she worked for remuneration or as self-employed or as a family worker for at least one hour in the one-week reference period. Also, persons formally having a job and only temporarily not having performed that job within the reference period are considered employed.

### 4. Accessibility of source data

• Fatal Accidents at work - Eurostat table [hsw\_n2\_02]: https://appsso.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/nui/show.do?dataset=hsw\_n2\_02&lang=en

#### 5. Metadata on source data

• Metadata on ESAW methodology:

http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/cache/metadata/en/hsw\_acc\_work\_esms.htm

• Quality Report - Monthly Unemployment Statistics According to the ILO Concept 11/2015 - 10/2016: https://www.destatis.de/EN/Methods/Quality/QualityReports/Labour-Market/monthly-unemployment-ilo-concept.pdf

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# 6. Timeliness and frequency

• Timeliness: t + 2 years

• Frequency: Annual

## 7. Calculation method

• Unit of measurement: Per 100,000 employees

• Calculation method:

 $\textbf{Fatal occupational accidents} = \frac{\text{Fatal accidents}[\text{number}]}{\text{Persons employed}[\text{number}]} \cdot 100\,000$ 

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environments for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular

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SDG Indicator 8.8.1 Fatal and non-fatal occupational injuries per 100,000 workers, by sex and migrant

status

Time series Non-fatal occupational accidents

#### 1. General information on the time series

Date of national metadata: 30 September 2021

• National data: http://sdg-indikatoren.de/en/8-8-1/

- Definition: The time series provides the non-standardized incidence rate of number of non-fatal accidents in relation to the number of persons employed. An accident at work is defined as a discrete occurrence during the course of work which leads to physical or mental harm. Non-fatal accidents at work are those that imply at least four full calendar days of absence from work.
- Disaggregation: sex

#### 2. Comparison with global metadata

- Date of global metadata: January 2021
- Global metadata: https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/files/Metadata-08-08-01.pdf
- The time series is compliant with the global metadata.

#### 3. Data description

• Data on the time series are collected in the framework of the administrative data collection European Statistics on Accidents at Work (ESAW). The ESAW methodology is in accordance with the International Labour Office "Resolution concerning statistics of occupational injuries (resulting from occupational accidents)" adopted by the Sixteenth International Conference of Labour Statisticians in October 1998.

Data are based on information provided by the statutory accident insurance. Occupational injuries of civil servants are not included.

The number of persons employed is defined in accordance with the ILO definition: any person aged 15 years and older is considered employed if he/she worked for remuneration or as self-employed or as a family worker for at least one hour in the one-week reference period. Also, persons formally having a job and only temporarily not having performed that job within the reference period are considered employed.

## 4. Accessibility of source data

• Non-fatal Accidents at work - Eurostat table [hsw\_n2\_01]: https://appsso.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/nui/show.do?dataset=hsw\_n2\_01&lang=en

#### 5. Metadata on source data

Metadata on ESAW methodology:

http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/cache/metadata/en/hsw\_acc\_work\_esms.htm

• Quality Report - Monthly Unemployment Statistics According to the ILO Concept 11/2015 - 10/2016: https://www.destatis.de/EN/Methods/Quality/QualityReports/Labour-Market/monthly-unemployment-ilo-concept.pdf

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# 6. Timeliness and frequency

• Timeliness: t + 2 years

• Frequency: Annual

## 7. Calculation method

• Unit of measurement: Per 100,000 employees

• Calculation method:

 $\label{eq:Non-fatal-accidents} \begin{aligned} & \textbf{Non-fatal accidents}[number] \\ & = \frac{\text{Non-fatal accidents}[number]}{\text{Persons employed}[number]} \cdot 100\,000 \end{aligned}$ 

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