Portierung von TinyOS CoAP auf die UCMotes Hardware

1. Folgende Verzeichnisse mit den entsprechenden aus dem Development Release ersetzen:

```
/apps/CoapBlip
/support/make/coap.extra
/support/sdk/c/coap
/tos/interfaces/CoAPClient.nc
/tos/interfaces/CoapResource.nc
/tos/interfaces/CoAPServer.nc
/tos/interfaces/LibCoAP.nc
/tos/lib/net/coap
```

2. Folgende Zeilen auskommentieren, da sie Fehler beim Kompilieren hervorrufen:

```
/support/sdk/c/coap/bits.h
- #include <sys/types.h>
+ //#include <sys/types.h>
/support/sdk/c/coap/net.c
- #include <sys/types.h>
+ //#include <sys/types.h>
```

3. Die Komponente /tos/lib/timer/LocalTimeSecondC.nc bindet Komponente CounterSecond32C ein, welche für den Atm128rfa1 Chip nicht existiert. Daher folgende Datei neu anlegen: /tos/chips/atmrfa1/timer/CounterSecond32C.nc

```
configuration CounterSecond32C
{
    provides interface Counter<TSecond,uint32_t>;
}
implementation
{
    components new TransformCounterC(TSecond, uint32_t, T62khz, uint32_t, 6, uint8_t);
    Counter = TransformCounterC;

    components Counter62khz32C;
    TransformCounterC.CounterFrom -> Counter62khz32C;
}
```

4. Zum Auslesen der Sensoren, die Komponente MeasurementC.nc unter /tos/platforms/ucmini/**MeasurementC.nc** angelegt.

```
* MeasurementC is a top-level access component for the getting sensor data
* of the ucmini platform, including the SHT21 humidity and temperature sensor,
* air pressure, light and voltage. Because this component represents one physical
* device, simultaneous calls to read temperature and humidity will be
* arbitrated and executed in sequential order. Feel free to read both
* at the same time, just be aware that they'll come back
* sequentially.
* @author Sebastian Scheibe <Sebastian.Scheibe@imms.de>
* @version $Revision: 1.0 $ $Date: 2013-12-09 15:46:18 $
*/
generic configuration MeasurementC() {
 provides interface ReadNow<uint16_t> as BatteryVoltage;
 provides interface Read<uint16_t> as Temperature;
 provides interface Read<uint16_t> as Humidity;
 provides interface Read<uint16_t> as Light;
}
implementation {
 components new TemperatureC() as Sht21Temp, new HumidityC() as Sht21Hum;
 Temperature = Sht21Temp.Read;
 Humidity = Sht21Hum.Read;
 components new AtmegaVoltageNowC() as VoltageNow;
 BatteryVoltage = VoltageNow;
 components new LightC() as PhotoSensor;
 Light = PhotoSensor.Read;
}
```

5. Anpassen der Coap-Server-Applikation "CoapBlipC.nc" in /apps/CoapBlip/CoapBlipC.nc

6. Umwandeln der Sensor-Rohwerte im CoapBuffer für SHT21. Im Verzeichnis /tos/lib/net/coap/translate die folgenden Komponenten anpassen:

CoapBufferTempTranslateP.nc:

```
generic module CoapBufferTempTranslateP() {
  provides interface Read<uint16_t> as ReadTemp;
  uses interface Read<uint16_t>;
} implementation {
  command error_t ReadTemp.read() {
   call Read.read();
   return SUCCESS;
}
  event void Read.readDone(error_t result, uint16_t val) {
  #if defined PLATFORM_TELOSB
/*
```

The calculation of the temperature for TelosB nodes is done according to the datasheet SHT1x (www.sensirion.com/en/pdf/product_information/Datasheet-humidity-sensor-SHT1x.pdf).

```
T = d1 + d2 * val
   All values are multiplied with 100 to get a fixed-point representation and the final result is in
Kelvin (+ 273.15). In addition, an offset can be subtracted for battery or USB powered nodes */
  val = 23355 + val -200; //Offset: 500 for USB, 200 for Battery
  printf( "CoapBufferTempTranslateP.readDone: %hu \n", val);
  signal ReadTemp.readDone(result, val);
#else if defined PLATFORM_UCMINI
  The calculation of the temperature for ucmini nodes is done according to the datasheet SHT2x
(http://www.sensirion.com/fileadmin/user_upload/customers/sensirion/Dokumente/Humidity/Sensi
rion_Humidity_SHT21_Datasheet_V3.pdf).
  T = -46.85 + 175.72 * ST / 2^16
  All values are multiplied with 100 to get a fixed-point representation and the final result is in °C. */
  val = ((((17572*((uint32_t)val*100/65536))-468500))/1000); //Temp in °C*10 to get 1 decimal
after comma
  //val = ((((17572*((uint32_t)val*100/65536))-468500))/10000); //Temp in °C
  printf( "CoapBufferTempTranslateP.readDone: %hu \n", val);
  signal ReadTemp.readDone(result, val);
#endif
}
}
generic module CoapBufferHumTranslateP() {
 provides interface Read<uint16_t> as ReadHum;
 uses interface Read<uint16_t>;
} implementation {
 command error_t ReadHum.read() {
  call Read.read();
  return SUCCESS;
 }
 event void Read.readDone(error_t result, uint16_t val) {
#if defined PLATFORM_TELOSB
```

```
The calculation of the relative humidity for TelosB nodes is done according to the datasheet
SHT1x (www.sensirion.com/en/pdf/product_information/Datasheet-humidity-sensor-SHT1x.pdf).
   RH = c1 + c2 * val + c3 * val^2
   To avoid floating point calculations and to achieve a precision of 0.01 %, the values c1 and c2 are
multiplied with 100 to get fixed point values and value c3 is transformed by 1/x. */
  val = (-204 + val*4 - ((uint32_t)val*(uint32_t)val)*100/628931);
  printf("CoapRead.readDone: %hu\n", val);
  signal ReadHum.readDone(result, val);
#else if defined PLATFORM UCMINI
  The calculation of the humidity for ucmini nodes is done according to the datasheet SHT2x
(http://www.sensirion.com/fileadmin/user_upload/customers/sensirion/Dokumente/Humidity/Sensi
rion_Humidity_SHT21_Datasheet_V3.pdf).
  H\% = -6 + 125 * SH / 2^16
  //val = (125*(uint32_t)(val/65536)-6);
  val = (((125*((uint32_t)val*10/65536))-60));
                                                             //relative humidity in %*10 to get 1
decimal after comma
  //val = (((125*((uint32_t)val*100/65536))-600)/100);
                                                             //relative humidity in %
  printf( "CoapBufferTempTranslateP.readDone: %hu \n", val);
  signal ReadHum.readDone(result, val);
#endif
}
}
```