R, FRED, and the 2016 Texas Primary: Part 2

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Overview: Picking up from last time

I have all the metadata and the data itself. However, all that data is floating around in data frames inside a list. I need a way to clean this up to make operations on the data frames more manageable.

Introduction to cat.functions.R

The file cat. functions. R contains a functions that we will use to tidy up the FRED data:

- cat.info() = creates a master/top-level table
- obs.catcher() = uses 'category' information from cat.info() to group data frames in fred.obs by 'category'
- cat.tabler() = creates tables each 'category' list element returned by obs.catcher()

Why create and use cat. functions.R?

- 1. The first function, cat.info(), will create a handy table with information about each category
- 2. We can use this table to check the frequency and range of each category
- 3. The second function, obs.catcher(), will categorize the data in fred.obs
- 4. The last function in the list, cat.tabler(), will create a table for each category (I initially thought this would be useful but since have reconsidered, but I am including it anyway)

Function overview: cat.info()

This will create a master/top-level table from which to draw certain metadata which will be used in other functions.

```
cat.info <- function(series.table){
### load dependencies
    require(plyr, quietly = T) ## I have a habit of loading plyr BEFORE dplyr
    require(dply, quietly = T)</pre>
```

Function overview: obs.catcher()

This will categorize the data frames in the fred. obs list. With this categorized list, we will be able to aggregate data as needed for our analysis (i.e. summarizing monthly data into annual data, etc).

```
obs.catcher <- function(series.table, obs.list, cat){
### subset by category
    cat.series <- series.table[series.table$Category == cat, ]

### Find all SeriesID matching the subset's SeriesID
    cat.obs <- list()
    cat.obs <- obs.list[cat.series$SeriesID]
}</pre>
```

Function overview: cat.tabler()

This will create a table from each category in the fred. obs list. The first column is Date and has a further 254 columns (one for each county). The 254 columns have column headers that correspond to the SeriesID.

```
cat.tabler <- function(obs.list){</pre>
    x <- 1
    while(x <= length(obs.list)){</pre>
        if(x == 1){
            main.frame
                                   <- data.frame() # initialize the data frame
            main.frame
                                   <- obs.list[[x]] # add the first list object
            names(main.frame)[2] <- names(obs.list)[1] # give that object a name</pre>
            main.frame
        }
            else {
                                       <- merge(main.frame, obs.list[[x]], by = "Date")</pre>
            main.frame
            names(main.frame)[x + 1] \leftarrow names(obs.list)[x]
            main.frame
        }
        x = x + 1
        main.frame
```

```
}
main.frame
}
```

Running the functions: Plan of attack

Here is our plan of attack for using these functions to tidy our data:

- Create a top-level/master table using cat.info()
- 2. Use the result table from cat.info() to group the data frames in fred.obs by category: we will use obs.catcher() to do this
- 3. Create separate tables of each category: each table will correspond to one of the categories in cat.info(), and each table will have 255 columns (one called Date and the others will have names corresponding to the SeriesID of each of the 254 counties in Texas)

Running the functions: Loading the dependencies

```
library(plyr, quietly = T)
library(dplyr, quietly = T)
library(rvest, quietly = T)
library(lubridate, quietly = T)
source("cat.functions.R")
load("Data/fred.series")
load("Data/fred.obs")
```

Running the functions: cat.info(),obs.catcher(), and cat.tabler()

Create a top-level/master table using cat.info()

```
fred.master <- cat.info(fred.series)</pre>
```

Group the data frames in fred.obs by category using obs.catcher()

Create separate tables of each category using cat.tabler()

Results

Let's take a look at what we have.

```
# `cat.info()`
head(fred.master)
```

```
##
                                          category release
                                                              freq
                                                                        start
## 1
                              Civilian Labor Force
                                                       116 Monthly 1990-01-01
## 2
                                 Unemployment Rate
                                                       116 Monthly 1990-01-01
## 3
                               Resident Population
                                                       119 Annual 1970-01-01
## 4
                        Per Capita Personal Income
                                                       175 Annual 1969-01-01
## 5
                                   Personal Income
                                                       175 Annual 1969-01-01
## 6 Bachelor's Degree or Higher (5-year estimate)
                                                       330 5-Years 2010-01-01
                               units
##
            end
## 1 2016-01-01
                             Persons
## 2 2016-01-01
                             Percent
## 3 2014-01-01 Thousands of Persons
## 4 2013-01-01
                             Dollars
## 5 2013-01-01 Thousands of Dollars
## 6 2012-01-01
                             Percent
# `obs.catcher()`
```

tail(fred.cat.list\$`Resident Population`\$TXHARR1POP)

`cat.tabler()`

head(fred.tables\$`Civilian Labor Force`[1:5])

##		Date	TXANDE1LFN	TXANDR3LFN	TXANGE5LFN	TXARAN7LFN
##	1	1990-01-01	17854	6356	32084	7444
##	2	1990-02-01	17768	6219	32244	7394
##	: 3	1990-03-01	17844	6296	32451	7390
##	4	1990-04-01	17818	6230	32197	7373
##	: 5	1990-05-01	17999	6290	32306	7486
##	6	1990-06-01	18010	6211	32600	7629