

```

In[44]:= Definitions and Assumptions;

In[45]:= $Assumptions = {M > 0, r > 0, θ ∈ ℝ, t ∈ ℝ, φ ∈ ℝ, τ ∈ ℝ};
n = 4;
coord = {t, r, θ, φ};
vel = {Dt[t, τ], Dt[r, τ], Dt[θ, τ], Dt[φ, τ]};

In[49]:= affine :=
affine = FullSimplify[Table[ $\frac{1}{2} \cdot \text{Sum}[(\text{inversemetric}[i, s]) \cdot (\text{D}[\text{metric}[s, j], \text{coord}[k]] +$ 
 $\text{D}[\text{metric}[s, k], \text{coord}[j]] - \text{D}[\text{metric}[j, k], \text{coord}[s]]),$ 
{s, 1, n}], {i, 1, n}, {j, 1, n}, {k, 1, n}]];

In[50]:= geodesic := geodesic = FullSimplify[
Table[-Sum[affine[i, j, k] × vel[j] × vel[k], {j, 1, n}, {k, 1, n}], {i, 1, n}]];

In[51]:= listaffine :=
Table[If[UnsameQ[affine[i, j, k], 0], {ToString[T[coord[i]], coord[j], coord[k]]],  

affine[i, j, k]}], {i, 1, n}, {j, 1, n}, {k, 1, n}];

In[52]:= listgeodesic := Table[{Dt[vel[i], τ], "=" , geodesic[i]}, {i, 1, n}];

In[53]:= 

```

### Problem 1;

```

In[57]:= metric = DiagonalMatrix[{- $\left(1 - \frac{2M}{\sqrt{r^2 + b^2}}\right)$ ,  $\left(1 - \frac{2M}{\sqrt{r^2 + b^2}}\right)^{-1}$ ,  $r^2 + b^2$ ,  $(r^2 + b^2) \sin[\theta]^2\}];

inversemetric = Simplify[Inverse[metric]];

In[59]:= metric // MatrixForm
inversemetric // MatrixForm

Out[59]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 + \frac{2M}{\sqrt{b^2+r^2}} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{1-\frac{2M}{\sqrt{b^2+r^2}}} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & b^2+r^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & (b^2+r^2) \sin[\theta]^2 \end{pmatrix}$$


Out[60]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{b^2+r^2}}{2M-\sqrt{b^2+r^2}} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 - \frac{2M}{\sqrt{b^2+r^2}} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{b^2+r^2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{\csc[\theta]^2}{b^2+r^2} \end{pmatrix}$$$ 
```

In[61]:=

**Problem 2;**In[65]:= **TableForm[Partition[DeleteCases[Flatten[listaffine], Null], 2], TableSpacing -> {2, 2}]**

Out[65]//TableForm=

$$\begin{aligned}\Gamma[t, r, t] & \frac{Mr}{(b^2+r^2) \left(-2 M+\sqrt{b^2+r^2}\right)} \\ \Gamma[r, t, t] & \frac{Mr \left(-2 M+\sqrt{b^2+r^2}\right)}{\left(b^2+r^2\right)^2} \\ \Gamma[r, r, r] & -\frac{Mr}{\left(b^2+r^2\right) \left(-2 M+\sqrt{b^2+r^2}\right)} \\ \Gamma[r, \theta, \theta] & r \left(-1+\frac{2 M}{\sqrt{b^2+r^2}}\right) \\ \Gamma[r, \phi, \phi] & r \left(-1+\frac{2 M}{\sqrt{b^2+r^2}}\right) \sin [\theta]^2 \\ \Gamma[\theta, \theta, r] & \frac{r}{b^2+r^2} \\ \Gamma[\theta, \phi, \phi] & -\cos [\theta] \sin [\theta] \\ \Gamma[\phi, \phi, r] & \frac{r}{b^2+r^2} \\ \Gamma[\phi, \phi, \theta] & \cot [\theta]\end{aligned}$$

In[66]:= **TableForm[Partition[DeleteCases[Flatten[listaffine], Null], 2], TableSpacing -> {2, 2}] /. {b -> 0} // FullSimplify**

Out[66]//TableForm=

$$\begin{aligned}\Gamma[t, r, t] & \frac{M}{r (-2 M+r)} \\ \Gamma[r, t, t] & \frac{M (-2 M+r)}{r^3} \\ \Gamma[r, r, r] & \frac{M}{2 M r-r^2} \\ \Gamma[r, \theta, \theta] & 2 M-r \\ \Gamma[r, \phi, \phi] & (2 M-r) \sin [\theta]^2 \\ \Gamma[\theta, \theta, r] & \frac{1}{r} \\ \Gamma[\theta, \phi, \phi] & -\cos [\theta] \sin [\theta] \\ \Gamma[\phi, \phi, r] & \frac{1}{r} \\ \Gamma[\phi, \phi, \theta] & \cot [\theta]\end{aligned}$$

In[67]:=

**Problem 3;**

```
In[70]:= TableForm[listgeodesic, TableSpacing -> {2, 2}] // FullSimplify // TraditionalForm
```

Out[70]//TraditionalForm=

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{d^2t}{d\tau^2} &= -\frac{2M r \frac{dr}{d\tau} \frac{dt}{dr}}{(b^2+r^2)(\sqrt{b^2+r^2}-2M)} \\ \frac{d^2r}{d\tau^2} &= r \left( \frac{(\sqrt{b^2+r^2}-2M) \left( (b^2+r^2)^{3/2} \left( \sin^2(\theta) \left( \frac{d\phi}{d\tau} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{d\theta}{d\tau} \right)^2 \right) - M \left( \frac{dt}{d\tau} \right)^2 \right)}{(b^2+r^2)^2} + \frac{M \left( \frac{dr}{d\tau} \right)^2}{(b^2+r^2)(\sqrt{b^2+r^2}-2M)} \right) \\ \frac{d^2\theta}{d\tau^2} &= \sin(\theta) \cos(\theta) \left( \frac{d\phi}{d\tau} \right)^2 - \frac{2r \frac{dr}{d\tau} \frac{d\theta}{d\tau}}{b^2+r^2} \\ \frac{d^2\phi}{d\tau^2} &= 2 \frac{d\phi}{d\tau} \left( -\frac{r \frac{dr}{d\tau}}{b^2+r^2} - \cot(\theta) \frac{d\theta}{d\tau} \right)\end{aligned}$$

In[71]:=

#### Problem 4;

```
In[74]:= e = - (metric.vel) [[1]];
```

```
l = - (metric.vel) [[4]];
```

```
In[76]:= e // FullSimplify
```

```
l // FullSimplify
```

Out[76]=

$$\left( 1 - \frac{2M}{\sqrt{b^2 + r^2}} \right) Dt[t, \tau]$$

Out[77]=

$$- ( (b^2 + r^2) Dt[\phi, \tau] \sin[\theta]^2 )$$

```
In[78]:= vel^t.metric.vel // FullSimplify // TraditionalForm
```

Out[78]//TraditionalForm=

$$\left( \frac{2M}{\sqrt{b^2 + r^2}} - 1 \right) \left( \frac{dt}{d\tau} \right)^2 + \frac{\left( \frac{dr}{d\tau} \right)^2}{1 - \frac{2M}{\sqrt{b^2 + r^2}}} + (b^2 + r^2) \left( \sin^2(\theta) \left( \frac{d\phi}{d\tau} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{d\theta}{d\tau} \right)^2 \right)$$

#### Problem 7;

```
In[87]:= effectivePotential = 1/2 \left( \left( 1 - \frac{2M}{\sqrt{r^2 + b^2}} \right) \left( 1 + \frac{L^2}{r^2 + b^2} \right) - 1 \right);
```

```
In[88]:= conditions = {M -> 1, b -> 1, L -> 5};
```

```
In[89]:= extrema = FullSimplify[
```

```
Solve[D[effectivePotential /. conditions, r] == 0, r], Assumptions -> {L > 0}] // N
```

Out[89]=

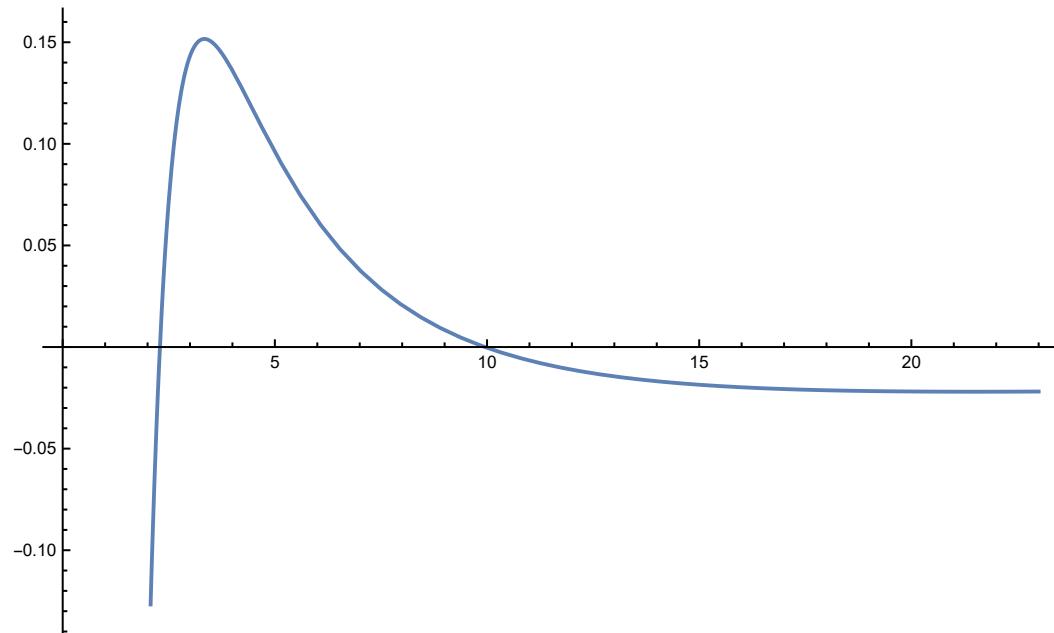
$$\{ \{ r \rightarrow 3.33962 \}, \{ r \rightarrow 21.4906 \} \}$$

```
In[90]:= D[D[effectivePotential, r], r] /. extrema /. conditions // N
```

Out[90]=

$$\{ -0.112016, 0.0000839707 \}$$

```
In[91]:= Plot[effectivePotential /. conditions, {r, 0, 23}]
Out[91]=
```



### Problem 8;

```
In[94]:= conditions = {M → 1, b → 3, L → 2};
In[95]:= Solve[(effectivePotential /. conditions) == -0.05, r]
```

**... Solve:** Solve was unable to solve the system with inexact coefficients. The answer was obtained by solving a corresponding exact system and numericizing the result.

```
Out[95]=
{ {r → 17.7759} }
```

```
In[96]:= Plot[(effectivePotential /. conditions), {r, 0, 18}]
```

