

tower.c

Includes

Prototypes

Int moves = 0

Main function

```
main(argc, **argv) {
    Char *validchars = "srn:"
    Disks = 5
    Loop to take in user input
    Getopt loop {
        Switch option {
            case stack
                Stack = true
            Case recursive
                Recursion = true
            Case num
                Number = optarg
        }
    }
    Function calls based on user input
    If stack {
        print(stack(number))
        Moves = 0
    }
    If recur {
        print(recursion(number, 'A', 'B', 'C'))
        Moves = 0
    }
    Return 0
}
```

Stack solution

```
stack(num_of_disks) {
    Create 3 stacks (A, B, C) with capacity of num_of_disks
    For loop {
        Add a disk to stack A until its full
    }
    Do this loop until finished if the total number of disks is odd
    If (num_of_disks is odd) {
        while(true) {
```

Make legal move between A and B, add 1 to moves, and check if done

```
If ((A < B and A is not empty) OR if B is empty) { // A and B
    Move top disk of A to B
```

```
}
```

```
Else {
```

```
    Move top disk of B to A
```

```
}
```

```
moves++
```

```
Break loop if A and C are both empty
```

Make legal move between A and C, add 1 to moves, and check if done

```
If ((A < C and A is not empty) OR if C is empty) { // A and C
    Move top disk of A to C
```

```
}
```

```
Else {
```

```
    Move top disk of C to A
```

```
}
```

```
moves++
```

```
Break loop if A and C are both empty
```

Make legal move between B and C, add 1 to moves, and check if done

```
If ((B < C and B is not empty) OR if C is empty) { // B and C
    Move top disk of B to C
```

```
}
```

```
Else {
```

```
    Move top disk of C to B
```

```
}
```

```
moves++
```

```
Break loop if A and C are both empty
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

Do this loop until finished if the total number of disks is even

```
Else { // num_of_disks is even
```

```
    while(true) {
```

Make legal move between A and C, add 1 to moves, and check if done

```
If ((A < C and A is not empty) OR if C is empty) { // A and C
    Move top disk of A to C
```

```
}
```

```
Else {
```

```
    Move top disk of C to A
```

```
}
```

```
moves++
```

```
Break loop if A and C are both empty
```

Make legal move between A and B, add 1 to moves, and check if done

If ((A < B and A is not empty) OR if B is empty) { // A and B

Move top disk of A to B

}

Else {

Move top disk of B to A

}

moves++

Break loop if A and C are both empty

Make legal move between B and C, add 1 to moves, and check if done

If ((B < C and B is not empty) OR if C is empty) { // B and C

Move top disk of B to C

}

Else {

Move top disk of C to B

}

moves++

Break loop if A and C are both empty

}

}

Once finished, free the stacks and return the number of moves

Free stacks:

Return moves;

}

Recursive solution

recursive(disks, start, target, spare) {

Base case

If (disks == 1) {

print("move disk _ from peg _ to peg _", disks, start, end)

Moves++

Return 0;

}

recursive(disks -1, start, spare, target);

print("move disk _ from peg _ to peg _", disks, start, end)

moves++

recursive(disks-1, spare, target, start);

Return moves;

}

stack.c

includes

Creates stacks

```
Stack *stack_create(int capacity, char name) {  
    Create stack using malloc  
}
```

Deletes stack from memory

```
void stack_delete(Stack *s) {  
    Delete (free) the stack  
}
```

Pops top item off of stack

```
int stack_pop(Stack *s) {  
    Return top value of stack and move stack top down 1  
}
```

Moves item to top of stack

```
void stack_push(Stack *s, int item) {  
    Add item to top of stack and make that the new stack top  
}
```

Determines if stack is empty or not

```
bool stack_empty(Stack *s) {  
    If stack is empty return true  
}
```

Shows the top item of stack

```
int stack_peek(Stack *s) {  
    Return top value of stack  
}
```