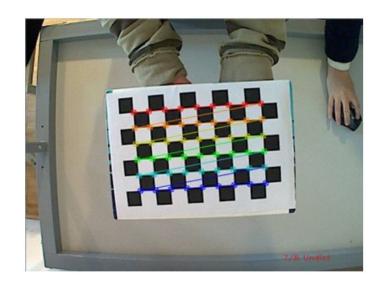
# Lab 03

Camera Calibration (50%)
Warping Practice (50%)

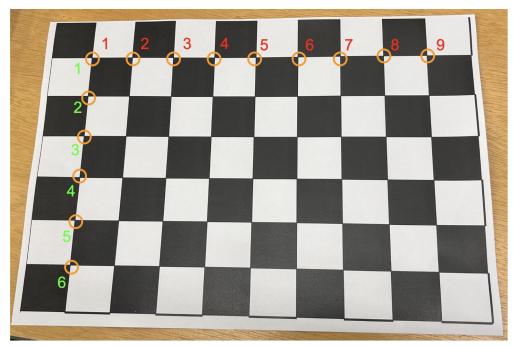
# How to get image from webcam?

```
import cv2
cap = cv2.VideoCapture(1) #device
while (True):
  ret, frame = cap.read()
  #ret is True if read() successed
  cv2.imshow('frame', frame)
  cv2.waitKey(33)
```

- 1. 假設好棋盤格的 object point
- 2. 利用 webcam 讀取即時影像, 將影像轉成灰階
- 3. 拍攝棋盤格, 若有偵測到則儲存該影像中棋盤格的 image point
- 4. 當儲存影像多於四張時,開始計算參數
- 5. 得到參數並儲存於 xml 檔



- 假設棋盤格的 object point (z = 0)
- 準備 object points (0,0,0), (1,0,0), (2,0,0) ....,(8,5,0)



- ret, corner = cv2.findChessboardCorners(image, patternSize, None)
  - patternSize Number of inner corners per a chessboard row and column (patternSize = cvSize(points\_per\_row,points\_per\_colum) = cvSize(columns,rows)).
  - ret == True, chessboard detected

- cv2.cornerSubPix(image, corners, winSize, zeroZone, criteria)
  - image Input image.
  - corners Initial coordinates of the input corners and refined coordinates provided for output.
  - winSize (11, 11)
  - zeroZone (-1,-1)
  - criteria criteria = (cv2.TERM\_CRITERIA\_EPS + cv2.TERM\_CRITERIA\_MAX\_ITER, 30, 0.1)

- ret, cameraMatrix, distCoeffs, rvecs, tvecs =
   cv2.calibrateCamera(objectPoints, imagePoints, imageSize, None)
  - o cameraMatrix Output 3x3 floating-point camera matrix
  - distCoeffs Output vector of distortion coefficients
  - rvecs, tvecs rotation and translation matrix
  - 有多少組 imagepoint 就要有多少組 objectpoint

- f = cv2.FileStorage(filename, cv2.FILE\_STORAGE\_WRITE)
  - f.write("intrinsic", mtx) //cameraMatrix
  - f.write("distortion", dist) //distCoeffs
  - f.release()

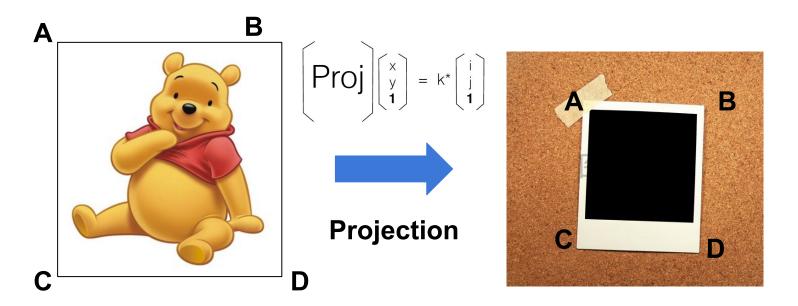
# **Warping Practice (50%)**



透視變換 (Perspective Transformation): 將成像投影到一個新的視平面(Viewing Plane),

也稱作投影映射 (Projective Mapping)

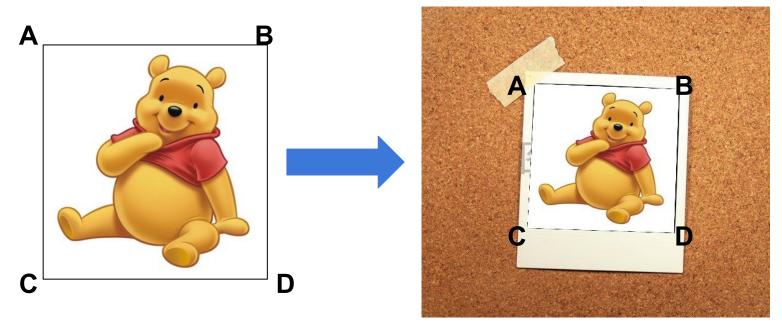
# 2. Warping Practice (50%)



cv2.getPerspectiveTransform(cap\_corner, img\_corner)

- cap\_corner, img\_corner 為四個點的陣列, 順序需要兩兩相對
- 返回一個 3x3 的 matrix

# 2. Warping Practice (50%)



不能使用 cv2.warpPerspective(src, M, dsize)

- 返回轉換後的圖後再將轉換圖貼上去
- 利用 bilinear interpolation 將圖填上去

# 2. Warping Practice (50%)

將 webcam 得到的即時影像 warp 到看板上

- 1. 得到兩張圖中對應的四個點
- 2. 利用 cv2.getPerspectiveTransform 得到轉換關係
- 3. 透過 bilinear interpolation 將圖適當的填上









