

CSE 302 Homework Assignment 2

Due: Feb 23rd, 2025, 11:59 PM

Instructions

Answer all questions carefully and completely. Ensure that your code for programming tasks compiles and functions as expected. **All submissions are to be made via Gradescope. The code part should be submitted through a separate Gradescope session.** Refer to the course syllabus and the Blackboard Assignments page for code submission details and help. **Also see the last page for submission guidelines.**

Problems

Q1 (30 pts) For each of the following scenarios (a)-(c), you will analyze an application that requires storing a collection of data. Each scenario includes a default data structure already proposed among the ones we have studied: **AUList**, **ASList**, **LLUList**, or **LLSList**, and you will need to recommend a better one. For each scenario, do the following:

- (1) List at least one strength of the **originally proposed** data structure.
- (2) List at least one weakness of the **originally proposed** data structure.
- (3) Recommend a **better-suited** data structure (from AUList, ASList, LLUList, or LLSList) for the task, and explain why it is a better choice given the scenario.

Notes: (1) No "trick" question. Each scenario is guaranteed to have a better choice. (2) Stacks and Queues should NOT be considered for this problem, even if they are better.

- (a) A user needs to maintain a database that stores individuals' names along with their blood types (O+, O-, A+, A-, B+, B-, AB+, AB-). The database must support the following requirements:
 - (i) Rare modifications – Names are rarely added or removed (only a few times per week).
 - (ii) Frequent name-based searches – The database is searched hundreds of times per day by name.
 - (iii) Fixed maximum size – The maximum number of records is known in advance.

The **originally proposed** data structure is the Array-based Unsorted List (AUList).

- (b) A user needs to manage a list of up to 100 favorite songs with the following requirements:
- (i) New songs are frequently added, but the list never exceeds 100 entries.
 - (ii) The entire list is frequently cleared all at once.
 - (iii) Searching for specific songs is almost never needed.
 - (iv) The order of the songs in the list does not matter.

The **originally proposed** data structure is the Linked-list Based Unsorted List (LLUList).

- (c) A user needs to store information about recent sightings of a specific animal (such as the sighting location) with the following requirements:
- (i) Adding new sightings must be very fast in constant time ($O(1)$ execution time).
 - (ii) The maximum number of sightings is unknown in advance.
 - (iii) General searches are uncommon, but it is important to quickly retrieve the most recently added sightings.

The **originally proposed** data structure is the Linked-list Based Sorted List (LLSList).

Q2 (30 pts) Compare each pair of the concepts in (a)-(c) by answering the specific questions. If a data structure is mentioned, assume it refers to the specific implementations we have used in class. Your answers should be clear and concise, with about 4 to 7 sentences per part.

- (a) **Linear Search vs. Binary Search** – Define both search algorithms. Compare their efficiency using Big-O notation. Discuss when each method is more appropriate based on the data being searched.

- (b) **Stack ADT vs. Queue ADT** – Explain the principles of both abstract data types (ADTs) and how they manage data. Compare their similarities and differences. Discuss which one is easier to implement efficiently and why.

- (c) **Dynamically Allocated Array vs. Vector Class (C++)** – Define both terms in the context of C++. Compare how they handle memory allocation. Compare their ease of use and efficiency.

Programming

Q3 (40 pts) This problem requires you to implement a function that utilizes **template-based** `StackType` and `QueueType` implementations, along with **C++ strings**.

Instructions:

- You **must use** the provided `StackType.h` and `QueueType.h` files, which are attached to the assignment.
- Follow the example carefully: **Use `std::string` as input arguments, not character arrays**, since our test cases will be based on strings.

Function Requirements: You need to create a function `decode` in a file named `stringdecoding.cpp` with the following function signature:

```
std::string decode(std::string exp, std::string code);
```

The function must adhere to these rules:

1. **Iterate through each character** in `exp` (it is recommended to use `std::string::at()`).
2. Process characters based on their presence in `code`:
 - (i) If a character in `exp` **is not in code**, add it to the output string in its original order.
 - (ii) If a character in `exp` **is also in code**, store it separately and append it to the output string in **reverse order** after the first set of characters in (i).

Example Input:

```
decode("czitqommta_ehmumt_nio_szozir_eulopupoa_yeht_", "_acefhilnpst")
```

note that "`czitqommta_ehmumt_nio_szozir_eulopupoa_yeht_`" is `exp` and "`_acefhilnpst`" is `code`. The characters in common are marked with red, and will be reversely appended at the end of the output as "`_the_apple_is_in_the_attic`".

Expected output:

```
"zqommmumozozruouoy_the_apple_is_in_the_attic"
```

Recommended Approach:

1. Use `StackType<>` and `QueueType<>` instances:
 - Store characters appropriately as you go through `exp`.
2. **Construct the output string** following the given rules:
 - Maintain the normal order for non-`code` characters.
 - Reverse the order for `code` characters before appending them.

Additional Notes and Reminders:

- **Recommend use `std::string::find()` to check** whether a character is in code. **Do not** use `contains()`, as the autograder may not support it.
- **Helper functions are allowed**, but all your code must be in `stringdecoding.cpp`.
- **Do not modify `StackType.h` or `QueType.h`**. Instead, simply `#include` them in `stringdecoding.cpp`.
- **Initialize all variables explicitly**. For example, if you want to set `myInt` to 0, do

```
int myInt = 0;
```

instead of just:

```
int myInt;
```

Submission

Submit your solutions via Gradescope. Be sure to include:

- Follow this template.
- All written responses in a single document (preferably PDF) named “LN_FN_2” where LN is your last name, and FN is your first name.
- The code for Q3 should be submitted as one single file, `stringdecoding.cpp`. You will be allowed up to 10 submissions. Again, make sure that the code can compile successfully using the latest stable distribution of GCC and GNU Make.