Module Three Lab and Report – R Data Structures and Visualization

The data set used for this lab is a training set that consists of passenger features related to the disaster of the Titanic. Some of the information that was included is name, age, gender, socio-economic class and whether the passenger survived the wreck or not.

Firstly, I loaded the data in R just to get another idea about how the data was stored in the csv files and to make sure to use the correct variables further along the lab. Before creating any visualizations, I made a few manual calculations to get some more practice with R and to confirm the data that was provided.

```
> liprary(train.csv)
Error in library(train.csv) : there is no package called 'train.csv'
> library(train)
Error in library(train) : there is no package called 'train'
> train <- read.csv("\\Users\\toons\\Downloads\\train.csv")</pre>
> summary(train)

        PassengerId
        Survived
        Pclass
        Name
        Sex
        Age

        Min. : 1.0
        Min. : 0.0000
        Min. : 1.000
        Length:891
        Length:891
        Min. : 0.42

        1st Qu.:223.5
        1st Qu.:0.0000
        1st Qu.:2.000
        Class :character
        Class :character
        1st Qu.:20.12

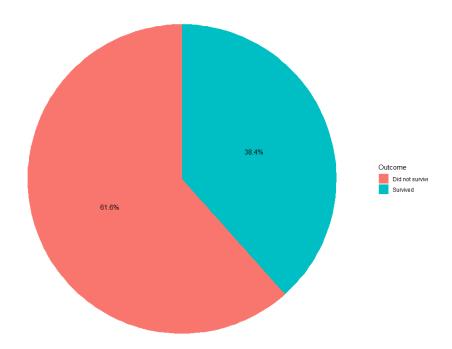
 Median :446.0 Median :0.0000 Median :3.000 Mode :character Mode :character Median :28.00 Mean :446.0 Mean :0.3838 Mean :2.309 Mean :29.70
 3rd Qu.:668.5 3rd Qu.:1.0000 3rd Qu.:3.000
Max. :891.0 Max. :1.0000 Max. :3.000
                                                                                                           3rd Qu.:38.00
                                                                                                          Max. :80.00
NA's :177
 SibSp Parch Ticket Fare Cabin Embarked
Min. :0.000 Min. :0.0000 Length:891 Min. : 0.00 Length:891 Length:891
 Mean :0.523 Mean :0.3816
                                                               Mean : 32.20
 3rd Qu.:1.000 3rd Qu.:0.0000
Max. :8.000 Max. :6.0000
                                                                3rd Qu.: 31.00
                                                               Max. :512.33
> summary(train$Survived)
  Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu.
 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.3838 1.0000 1.0000
> num survivors <- sum(train$Survived)</pre>
> print(num_survivors)
[1] 342
> total_passengers <- nrow(train)
> print(total_passengers)
[11 891
> survival_rate <- num_survivors / total_passengers
> print(survival_rate)
[1] 0.3838384
> survival percentage <- survival rate * 100
> print(survival_percentage)
[1] 38.38384
```

Visual for the above survival percentage commands and the commands used to generate the

chart:

```
>> ggplot(survival_data, aes(x = "", y = Count, fill = Outcome)) +
+ geom_bar(width = 1, stat = "identity") +
+ coord_polar("y") +
+ labs(title = "Survival Percentage") +
+ theme_void()+
+ geom_text(aes(label = paste0(round(Count / total_passengers * 100, 1), "%")), position = position_stack(vjust = 0.5))
> |
```

Survival Percentage



Lastly, I showed the relationship between age of passenger and fare paid with the following command in a plot:

> ggplot(train, aes(x = lage, y = Fare)) + geom_point(alpha = 0.6) + labs(title = "Relationship between passenger age and fare paid", x = " Fassenger age", y = "Fare paid") + theme_minimal()
Warning message:
Removed 177 rows containing missing values or values outside the scale range
('geom_point()').

