

ssm练习第二天

第一章：ssm框架整合

第一节：数据库与表结构

产品表信息描述

序号	字段名称	字段类型	字段描述
1	id	number(9)	无意义，主键
2	productNum	varchar(50)	产品编号
3	productName	varchar(50)	产品名称（路线名称）
4	cityName	varchar(50)	出发城市
5	DepartureTime	timestamp	出发时间
6	productPrice	nubmer(8,2)	产品价格
7	productDesc	varchar(500)	产品描述
8	productStatus	number(2)	状态(0 关闭 1 开启)

创建表sql

```
创建表空间语句
create tablespace ssm datafile 'c:\ssm.dbf' size 100m autoextend on next 10m;
创建用户授予权限
create user ssm identified by ssm default tablespace ssm;
grant dba to ssm;
创建序列语句
create sequence common_sequence;
创建表的sql语句
CREATE TABLE product(
  id number(9) PRIMARY KEY ,
  productNum VARCHAR2(50) ,
  productName VARCHAR2(50),
  cityName VARCHAR2(50),
  DepartureTime TIMESTAMP(0),
  productPrice NUMBER(8,2),
  productDesc VARCHAR2(500),
  productStatus number(2)
)
插入数据语句
insert into PRODUCT
values (common_sequence.nextval, 'itcast-002', '北京三日游', '北京', to_timestamp('10-
```

```

10-2018 10:10:00.000000', 'dd-mm-yyyy hh24:mi:ss.ff'), 1200, '不错的旅行', 1);
insert into PRODUCT
values (common_sequence.nextval, 'itcast-003', '上海五日游', '上海', to_timestamp('25-
04-2018 14:30:00.000000', 'dd-mm-yyyy hh24:mi:ss.ff'), 1800, '魔都我来了', 0);
insert into PRODUCT
values (common_sequence.nextval, 'itcast-001', '北京三日游', '北京', to_timestamp('10-
10-2018 10:10:00.000000', 'dd-mm-yyyy hh24:mi:ss.ff'), 1200, '不错的旅行', 1);

```

第二节：创建maven工程

1. 创建maven的工程

1. 创建ssm_parent父工程（打包方式选择pom，必须的）
2. 创建ssm_web子模块（打包方式是war包）
3. 创建ssm_service子模块（打包方式是jar包）
4. 创建ssm_dao子模块（打包方式是jar包）
5. 创建ssm_domain子模块（打包方式是jar包）
6. 创建ssm_utils子模块（打包方式是jar包）
7. web依赖于service，service依赖于dao，dao依赖于domain，domain依赖utils
8. 在ssm_parent的pom.xml文件中引入坐标依赖

```

<properties>
    <spring.version>5.0.2.RELEASE</spring.version>
    <slf4j.version>1.6.6</slf4j.version>
    <log4j.version>1.2.12</log4j.version>
    <mybatis.version>3.4.5</mybatis.version>
    <spring.security.version>5.0.1.RELEASE</spring.security.version>
</properties>

<dependencies>
    <!-- spring -->
    <dependency>
        <groupId>org.aspectj</groupId>
        <artifactId>aspectjweaver</artifactId>
        <version>1.6.8</version>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
        <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
        <artifactId>spring-aop</artifactId>
        <version>${spring.version}</version>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
        <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
        <artifactId>spring-context</artifactId>
        <version>${spring.version}</version>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>

```

```
        <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
        <artifactId>spring-context-support</artifactId>
        <version>${spring.version}</version>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
        <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
        <artifactId>spring-web</artifactId>
        <version>${spring.version}</version>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
        <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
        <artifactId>spring-orm</artifactId>
        <version>${spring.version}</version>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
        <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
        <artifactId>spring-beans</artifactId>
        <version>${spring.version}</version>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
        <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
        <artifactId>spring-core</artifactId>
        <version>${spring.version}</version>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
        <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
        <artifactId>spring-test</artifactId>
        <version>${spring.version}</version>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
        <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
        <artifactId>spring-webmvc</artifactId>
        <version>${spring.version}</version>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
        <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
        <artifactId>spring-tx</artifactId>
        <version>${spring.version}</version>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
        <groupId>junit</groupId>
        <artifactId>junit</artifactId>
        <version>4.12</version>
        <scope>test</scope>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
        <groupId>ojdbc</groupId>
        <artifactId>ojdbc</artifactId>
        <version>14</version>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
        <groupId>javax.servlet</groupId>

        <artifactId>javax.servlet-api</artifactId>
```

```

        <version>3.1.0</version>
        <scope>provided</scope>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
        <groupId>javax.servlet.jsp</groupId>
        <artifactId>jsp-api</artifactId>
        <version>2.0</version>
        <scope>provided</scope>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
        <groupId>jstl</groupId>
        <artifactId>jstl</artifactId>
        <version>1.2</version>
    </dependency>
    <!-- log start -->
    <dependency>
        <groupId>log4j</groupId>
        <artifactId>log4j</artifactId>
        <version>${log4j.version}</version>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
        <groupId>org.slf4j</groupId>
        <artifactId>slf4j-api</artifactId>
        <version>${slf4j.version}</version>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
        <groupId>org.slf4j</groupId>
        <artifactId>slf4j-log4j12</artifactId>
        <version>${slf4j.version}</version>
    </dependency>
    <!-- log end -->
    <dependency>
        <groupId>org.mybatis</groupId>
        <artifactId>mybatis</artifactId>
        <version>${mybatis.version}</version>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
        <groupId>org.mybatis</groupId>
        <artifactId>mybatis-spring</artifactId>
        <version>1.3.0</version>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
        <groupId>com.alibaba</groupId>
        <artifactId>druid</artifactId>
        <version>1.0.9</version>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
        <groupId>com.github.pagehelper</groupId>
        <artifactId>pagehelper</artifactId>
        <version>5.1.2</version>
    </dependency>

    <dependency>

```

```

        <groupId>org.springframework.security</groupId>
        <artifactId>spring-security-web</artifactId>
        <version>${spring.security.version}</version>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
        <groupId>org.springframework.security</groupId>
        <artifactId>spring-security-config</artifactId>
        <version>${spring.security.version}</version>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
        <groupId>org.springframework.security</groupId>
        <artifactId>spring-security-core</artifactId>
        <version>${spring.security.version}</version>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
        <groupId>org.springframework.security</groupId>
        <artifactId>spring-security-taglibs</artifactId>
        <version>${spring.security.version}</version>
    </dependency>
</dependencies>

<build>
    <pluginManagement>
        <plugins>
            <plugin>
                <groupId>org.apache.maven.plugins</groupId>
                <artifactId>maven-compiler-plugin</artifactId>
                <version>3.2</version>
                <configuration>
                    <source>1.8</source>
                    <target>1.8</target>
                    <encoding>UTF-8</encoding>
                    <showWarnings>true</showWarnings>
                </configuration>
            </plugin>
        </plugins>
    </pluginManagement>
</build>

```

9. 在ssm_web项目中导入静态页面

10. 部署ssm_web的项目，只要把ssm_web项目加入到tomcat服务器中即可

第三节：编写domain、dao和service

1. domain

```

public class Product {
    private Long id;
    private String productNum;
    private String productName;

    private String cityName;

```

```

        private Date departureTime;
        private String departureTimeStr;
        private double productPrice;
        private String productDesc;
        private Integer productStatus;
        private String productStatusStr;

        //省略getter/setter方法
    }

```

2. dao

```

public interface ProductDao {

    List<Product> findAll() throws Exception;
    void save(Product product) throws Exception;
}

```

3. service

```

public interface ProductService {

    List<Product> findAll() throws Exception;

    void save(Product product) throws Exception;
}

```

第四节：编写Spring的配置文件

1. 在ssm_web项目中创建applicationContext.xml的配置文件，编写具体的配置信息。

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
       xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
       xmlns:context="http://www.springframework.org/schema/context"
       xmlns:aop="http://www.springframework.org/schema/aop"
       xmlns:tx="http://www.springframework.org/schema/tx"
       xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd
http://www.springframework.org/schema/context
http://www.springframework.org/schema/context/spring-context.xsd
http://www.springframework.org/schema/aop
http://www.springframework.org/schema/aop/spring-aop.xsd
http://www.springframework.org/schema/tx
http://www.springframework.org/schema/tx/spring-tx.xsd">

```

<!-- 开启注解扫描，要扫描的是service和dao层的注解，要忽略web层注解，因为web层让SpringMVC框架

```

去管理 -->
    <context:component-scan base-package="cn.itcast">
        <!-- 配置要忽略的注解 -->
        <context:exclude-filter type="annotation"
expression="org.springframework.stereotype.Controller"/>
    </context:component-scan>

</beans>

```

第五节：编写SpringMVC框架的配置文件

1. 在web.xml中配置DispatcherServlet前端控制器

```

<!-- 配置前端控制器：服务器启动必须加载，需要加载springmvc.xml配置文件 -->
<servlet>
    <servlet-name>dispatcherServlet</servlet-name>
    <servlet-class>org.springframework.web.servlet.DispatcherServlet</servlet-class>
    <!-- 配置初始化参数，创建完DispatcherServlet对象，加载springmvc.xml配置文件 -->
    <init-param>
        <param-name>contextConfigLocation</param-name>
        <param-value>classpath:springmvc.xml</param-value>
    </init-param>
    <!-- 服务器启动的时候，让DispatcherServlet对象创建 -->
    <load-on-startup>1</load-on-startup>
</servlet>
<servlet-mapping>
    <servlet-name>dispatcherServlet</servlet-name>
    <url-pattern>/</url-pattern>
</servlet-mapping>

```

2. 在web.xml中配置DispatcherServlet过滤器解决中文乱码

```

<!-- 配置解决中文乱码的过滤器 -->
<filter>
    <filter-name>characterEncodingFilter</filter-name>
    <filter-class>org.springframework.web.filter.CharacterEncodingFilter</filter-class>
    <init-param>
        <param-name>encoding</param-name>
        <param-value>UTF-8</param-value>
    </init-param>
</filter>
<filter-mapping>
    <filter-name>characterEncodingFilter</filter-name>
    <url-pattern>/*</url-pattern>
</filter-mapping>

```

3. 创建springmvc.xml的配置文件，编写配置文件

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
       xmlns:mvc="http://www.springframework.org/schema/mvc"
       xmlns:context="http://www.springframework.org/schema/context"
       xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
       xsi:schemaLocation="

           http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
           http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd
           http://www.springframework.org/schema/mvc
           http://www.springframework.org/schema/mvc/spring-mvc.xsd
           http://www.springframework.org/schema/context
           http://www.springframework.org/schema/context/spring-context.xsd">

    <!-- 扫描controller的注解，别的不扫描 -->
    <context:component-scan base-package="cn.itcast.controller">
    </context:component-scan>

    <!-- 配置视图解析器 -->
    <bean id="viewResolver"
class="org.springframework.web.servlet.view.InternalResourceViewResolver">
        <!-- JSP文件所在的目录 -->
        <property name="prefix" value="/pages/" />
        <!-- 文件的后缀名 -->
        <property name="suffix" value=".jsp" />
    </bean>

    <!-- 设置静态资源不过滤 -->
    <mvc:resources location="/css/" mapping="/css/**" />
    <mvc:resources location="/img/" mapping="/img/**" />
    <mvc:resources location="/js/" mapping="/js/**" />
    <mvc:resources location="/plugins/" mapping="/plugins/**" />

    <!-- 开启对SpringMVC注解的支持 -->
    <mvc:annotation-driven />

</beans>

```

第六节：Spring整合SpringMVC的框架

1. 在项目启动的时候，就去加载applicationContext.xml的配置文件，在web.xml中配置ContextLoaderListener监听器（该监听器只能加载WEB-INF目录下的applicationContext.xml的配置文件）。


```

<!-- 配置Spring的监听器 -->
<listener>
    <listener-class>org.springframework.web.context.ContextLoaderListener</listener-class>
</listener>
<!-- 配置加载类路径的配置文件 -->
<context-param>
    <param-name>contextConfigLocation</param-name>
    <param-value>classpath:applicationContext.xml</param-value>
</context-param>

```

2. 在controller中注入service对象，调用service对象的方法进行测试

第七节：Spring整合MyBatis框架

1. 目的：把SqlMapConfig.xml配置文件中的内容配置到applicationContext.xml配置文件中

```

<!-- 配置C3P0的连接池对象 -->
<bean id="dataSource" class="com.mchange.v2.c3p0.ComboPooledDataSource">
    <property name="driverClass" value="oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver"></property>
    <property name="jdbcUrl" value="jdbc:mysql:///ssm" />
    <property name="user" value="root" />
    <property name="password" value="root" />
</bean>

<!-- 配置SqlSession的工厂 -->
<bean id="sqlSessionFactory" class="org.mybatis.spring.SqlSessionFactoryBean">
    <property name="dataSource" ref="dataSource" />
</bean>

<!-- 配置扫描dao的包 -->
<bean id="mapperScanner" class="org.mybatis.spring.mapper.MapperScannerConfigurer">
    <property name="basePackage" value="cn.itcast.dao"/>
</bean>

```

2. 在AccountDao接口中添加@Repository注解
3. 在service中注入dao对象，进行测试

第八节：配置Spring声明式事务管理

```
<!-- 配置事务管理器 -->
    <bean id="transactionManager"
class="org.springframework.jdbc.datasource.DataSourceTransactionManager">

        <property name="dataSource" ref="dataSource"/>

    </bean>
<!--开启事务的注解驱动-->
<tx:annotation-driven></tx:annotation-driven>
```

第二章：产品模块功能

第一节：查询所有的产品

```
@Controller
@RequestMapping("/product")
public class ProductController {

    @Autowired
    private ProductService productService;

    @RequestMapping("/findAllProduct")
    public String findAllProduct(Model model){
        model.addAttribute("productList",productService.findAllProduct());
        return "product/productList";
    }
}

@Service
public class ProductServiceImpl implements ProductService {

    @Autowired
    private ProductDao productDao;

    public List<Product> findAll() {
        return productDao.findAll();
    }

}

@Repository
public interface ProductDao {
```

```



```

```

<!--数据列表-->
<table id="dataList"
class="table table-bordered table-striped table-hover dataTable">
<thead>
<tr>
<th class="" style="padding-right: 0px;"><input
id="selall" type="checkbox" class="icheckbox_square-blue">
</th>

<th class="sorting">产品编号</th>
<th class="sorting">产品名称</th>
<th class="sorting">出发城市</th>
<th class="sorting">出发日期</th>
<th class="sorting">价格</th>
<th class="sorting">描述</th>

<th class="text-center">操作</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>

<c:forEach items="${ plist }" var="p">
<tr>
<td><input name="ids" type="checkbox"></td>

<td>${ p.productNum }</td>
<td>${ p.productName }</td>
<td>${ p.cityName }</td>
<td>${ p.departureTime }</td>
<td>${ p.productPrice }</td>
<td>${ p.productDesc }</td>

<td class="text-center">
<button type="button" class="btn bg-olive btn-xs"
onclick='location.href="all-order-manage-edit.html"'>订单</button>
<button type="button" class="btn bg-olive btn-xs"
onclick='location.href="all-order-manage-edit.html"'>查看</button>
</td>
</tr>
</c:forEach>

</tbody>

</table>

```

第二节：解决日期和状态字段显示的问题

1. JSP页面显示的日期为默认的英文日期，转换成字符串格式有2种方式

1. 使用fmt标签进行转换

1. <%@ taglib prefix="fmt" uri="<http://java.sun.com/jsp/jstl/fmt>" %>

2.

undefined在JavaBean中添加属性，重写该属性的get方法进行转换

```
private String departureTimeStr;
/**
 * 重新get方法，返回字符串类型的时间
 * @return
 */
public String getDepartureTimeStr() {
    if(departureTime == null) {
        return "";
    }else {
        return DateUtils.dateToStr(departureTime, "yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss");
    }
}

public class DateUtils {

    /**
     * 把日期转换成字符串
     * @param date
     * @return
     */
    public static String dateToStr(Date date,String pattern) {
        SimpleDateFormat sdf = new SimpleDateFormat(pattern);
        return sdf.format(date);
    }

}
```

2. 处理状态的问题

1. 在JSP页面进行判断

```
<td>
    <c:if test="${ p.productStatus == 0 }">关闭</c:if>
    <c:if test="${ p.productStatus == 1 }">开启</c:if>
</td>
```

2. 在JavaBean中添加属性，重写get方法

```
private String productStatusStr;
public String getProductStatusStr() {
    return productStatus == 0?"关闭":"开启";
}
```

第三节：保存产品

1. 跳转到新增的页面

```
/**
 * 跳转到新增页面
 * @return
 */
@RequestMapping("/initAdd")
public String initAdd() {
    return "product-add";
}
```

2. 新增产品

```
/**
 * 保存
 * @return
 */
@RequestMapping("/save")
public String save(Product product) {
    productService.save(product);
    return "redirect:/product/findAll";
}

@Service
public class ProductServiceImpl implements ProductService {

    @Autowired
    private ProductDao productDao;

    public List<Product> findAll() {
        return productDao.findAll();
    }

    public void save(Product product) {
        productDao.save(product);
    }
}

@Repository
public interface ProductDao {

    @Select("select * from product")
```

```

    public List<Product> findAll();

    @Insert("insert into product
(productNum,productName,cityName,departureTime,productPrice,productDesc,productStatus)
values ({productNum},{productName},{cityName},{departureTime},{productPrice},{productDesc},{productStatus})")
    public void save(Product product);

}

```

3. 在进行数据绑定的时候，日期出现了异常，该格式的日期不支持默认数据类型转换

1. 自定义类型转换器（比较麻烦，回去看第一天文档）
2. 在departureTime属性上添加注解解决

```

@DateTimeFormat(pattern="yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm")
private Date departureTime;

```

3. 在Controller类中添加方法，进行类型转换

```

/**
 * 类型转换
 * @param dataBinder
 */
@InitBinder
public void initBinderDate(WebDataBinder dataBinder) {
    dataBinder.registerCustomEditor(Date.class, new PropertiesEditor() {
        // JSP页面传过来的数据
        public void setAsText(String text) throws IllegalArgumentException {
            // 把字符串转换成日期
            SimpleDateFormat sdf = new SimpleDateFormat("yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm");
            try {
                Date date = sdf.parse(text);
                // 设置值
                super.setValue(date);
            } catch (ParseException e) {
                e.printStackTrace();
            }
        }
    });
}

```

第四节：修改产品

1. 跳转到修改页面

```

/**
 * 跳转到修改页面
 * @return
 */

```

```

@RequestMapping("/initUpdate")
public ModelAndView initUpdate(Long id) {
    ModelAndView mv = new ModelAndView();
    // 查询
    Product product = productService.findById(id);
    mv.addObject("product", product);
    mv.setViewName("product-update");
    return mv;
}

public Product findById(Long id) {
    return productDao.findById(id);
}

@Select("select * from product where id = #{id}")
public Product findById(Long id);

```

2. 修改代码

```

/**
 * 修改
 * @param product
 * @return
 */
@RequestMapping("/update")
public String update(Product product) {
    productService.update(product);
    return "redirect:/product/findAll";
}

public void update(Product product) {
    productDao.update(product);
}

@Update("update product set productNum = #{productNum},productName=#{
{productName},cityName=#{cityName},departureTime=#{departureTime},productPrice=#{
{productPrice},productDesc=#{productDesc},productStatus=#{productStatus} where id = #{id}")
public void update(Product product);

```

第五节：删除产品

1. 代码

```

<button type="button" class="btn bg-olive btn-xs" onclick='del(${p.id})'>删除</button>

// 删除
function del(id){
    if(confirm("确定删除吗? ")){
        // 发送请求

        location.href = "${pageContext.request.contextPath}/product/delete?

```

```
id="+id;
        }
    }

    /**
     * 删除
     * @param id
     * @return
     */
    @RequestMapping("/delete")
    public String delete(Long id) {
        productService.delete(id);
        return "redirect:/product/findAll";
    }

    public void delete(Long id) {
        productDao.delete(id);
    }

    @Delete("delete from product where id = #{id}")
    public void delete(Long id);
}
```

第三章：订单模块功能

第一节：订单表与产品表的关系

1. 一个用户会产品一个订单，一个订单只能选择一个产品，因为是旅游产品。
2. 一个产品可以被多个订单所选择。
3. 订单表与产品表的关系是多对一
4. 订单表的SQL语句
5. 订单表信息描述 orders

序号	字段名称	字段类型	字段描述
1	id	number	主键
2	orderNum	varchar2(50)	订单编号 不为空 唯一
3	orderTime	timestamp	下单时间
4	peopleCount	number	出行人数
5	orderDesc	varchar2(500)	订单描述(其它信息)
6	payType	number	支付方式(0 支付宝 1 微信 2其它)
7	orderStatus	number	订单状态(0 未支付 1 已支付)
8	productId	number	产品id 外键

productId描述了订单与产品之间的关系。

创建表sql

```
CREATE TABLE orders(
  id NUMBER(9) PRIMARY KEY ,
  orderNum VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL UNIQUE,
  orderTime TIMESTAMP(0),
  peopleCount NUMBER,
  orderDesc VARCHAR2(500),
  payType NUMBER(2),
  orderStatus NUMBER(2),
  productId NUMBER(9),
  FOREIGN KEY (productId) REFERENCES product(id)
)
```

第二节：搭建订单模块的环境

1. 编写Order的JavaBean

```
public class Order implements Serializable{

    private static final long serialVersionUID = 8153486211933088983L;

    private Long id;
    private String orderNum;
    private Date orderTime;
    private Integer peopleCount;
    private String orderDesc;
    private Integer payType;
    private Integer orderStatus;
    // 外键
```

```
// private Long productId;
private Product product;

// get和set
}
```

2. 编写OrderDao

```
package cn.itcast.dao;

import org.springframework.stereotype.Repository;

@Repository
public interface OrderDao {

}
```

3. 编写OrderService

```
package cn.itcast.service.impl;

import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;

import cn.itcast.dao.OrderDao;
import cn.itcast.service.OrderService;

@Service
public class OrderServiceImpl implements OrderService {

    @Autowired
    private OrderDao orderDao;

}
```

4. 编写OrderController

```
package cn.itcast.web;

import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Controller;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;

import cn.itcast.service.OrderService;
```

```

@Controller
@RequestMapping("/order")
public class OrderController {

    @Autowired
    private OrderService orderService;

}

```

第三节：查询所有的订单

1. 具体的代码如下

```

@Controller
@RequestMapping("/order")
public class OrderController {

    @Autowired
    private OrderService orderService;

    /**
     * 查询所有
     * @return
     */
    @RequestMapping("/findAllOrder")
    public String findAllOrder(Model model){

        model.addAttribute("orderList",orderService.findAllOrder());

        return "order/orderList";
    }

}

@Service
public class OrderServiceImpl implements OrderService {

    @Autowired
    private OrderDao orderDao;

    public List<Order> findAll() {
        return orderDao.findAll();
    }

}

```

```
@Repository public interface OrderDao { /**
```

```

* 查询所有
* @return
*/


```

```

}

```



\${ o.orderNum } \${ o.peopleCount } \${ o.orderDesc } 支付宝/[/c:if](#) 微信/[/c:if](#) 其他/[/c:if](#) 未支付/[/c:if](#) 已支付/[/c:if](#) \${
 o.product.productName } \${ o.product.productPrice }

<button type="button" class="btn bg-olive btn-xs"
 onclick='location.href="\${pageContext.request.contextPath}/pages/order-show.jsp"'>订单 <button
 type="button" class="btn bg-olive btn-xs"
 onclick='location.href="\${pageContext.request.contextPath}/pages/order-show.jsp"'>查看 [/c:forEach](#)