

# EMERGENCE IN FREE AND CORRELATED FERMIONS: FROM IMPURITY MODELS TO THE BULK

RPC PRESENTATION 2021-22

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## SUMMARY OF WORK

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1. 1-channel Kondo problem: *as second author*, published in Phys. Rev. B  
**Phys. Rev. B 105, 085119**
2. Multi-channel Kondo problem: *as second author*, under review at Phys. Rev. B  
**arXiv:2205.00790**
3. Generalised Anderson impurity model: manuscript **in preparation**
4. Entanglement scaling in free fermions: manuscript **in preparation**
5. New auxiliary model approach to correlated systems: **ongoing project**

# SINGLE-CHANNEL KONDO PROBLEM

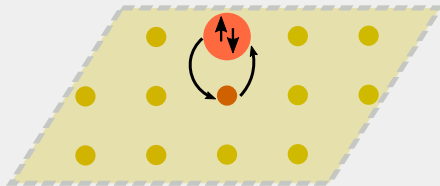
Phys. Rev. B 105, 085119

Anirban Mukherjee, **Abhirup Mukherjee**, N. S. Vidhyadhiraja, A. Taraphder, and Siddhartha Lal

# SINGLE-CHANNEL KONDO PROBLEM

Model of impurity interacting with conduction electrons through spin-flips

1. Computation of the impurity spectral function
2. Emergence of a local Fermi liquid, and orthogonality catastrophe between local moment and singlet states
3. Calculating of thermal entropy



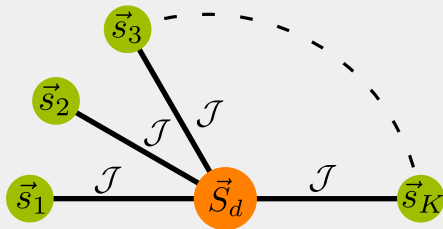
# MULTI-CHANNEL KONDO PROBLEM

arXiv:2205.00790

Siddhartha Patra, **Abhirup Mukherjee**, Anirban Mukherjee, N. S. Vidhyadhiraja, A. Taraphder,  
Siddhartha Lal

Model of impurity interacting with multiple conduction electron channels

1. Obtaining RG fixed point Hamiltonian
2. Analytical forms for degree of compensation, magnetization and susceptibility
3. Presence of a local marginal Fermi liquid
4. Dualities of the MCK model



# LOCAL METAL-INSULATOR TRANSITION IN EXTENDED ANDERSON IMPURITY MODEL

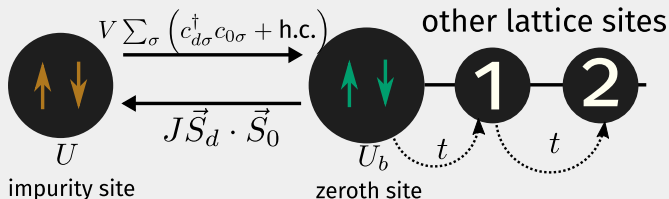


# EXTENDED ANDERSON IMPURITY MODEL

Standard Anderson impurity model  $\rightarrow$  only one stable phase (strong-coupling)

**no possibility of phase transition**  $\rightarrow$  Introduce additional correlation

- spin-flip correlation between impurity and bath:  $J$
- local correlation in the bath:  $U_b$

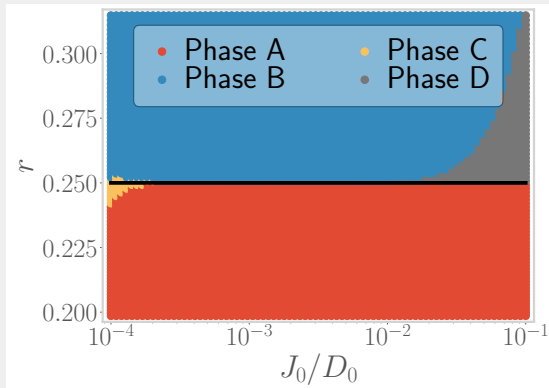


# RG PHASE DIAGRAM

RG equations reveal critical point where  $J, V$  **become irrelevant**

1. orange phase:  $J$  is relevant:  
strong-coupling
2. blue phase:  $J$  is irrelevant: local  
moment
3. yellow phase: spin+charge liquid
4. gray phase: all couplings irrelevant

$$r = -U_b/J$$



## PRESENCE OF A PHASE TRANSITION

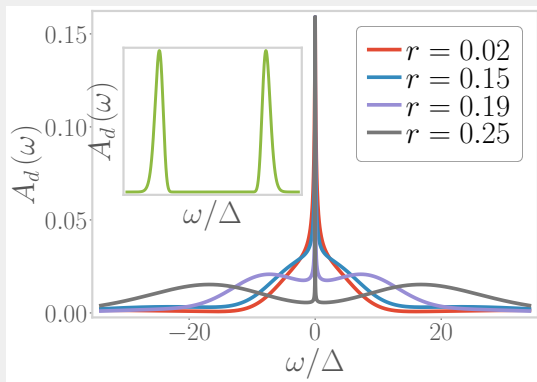
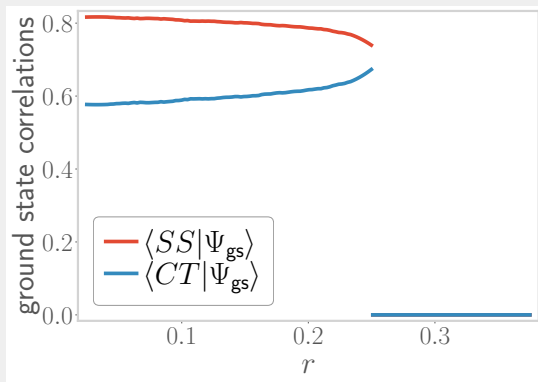
singlet  $\longrightarrow$  spin+charge liquid  $\longrightarrow$  local moment

impurity spectral function gaps out

$$r = -U_b/J$$

$$|SS\rangle = |\uparrow, \downarrow\rangle - |\downarrow, \uparrow\rangle$$

$$|CT\rangle = |2, 0\rangle + |0, 2\rangle$$

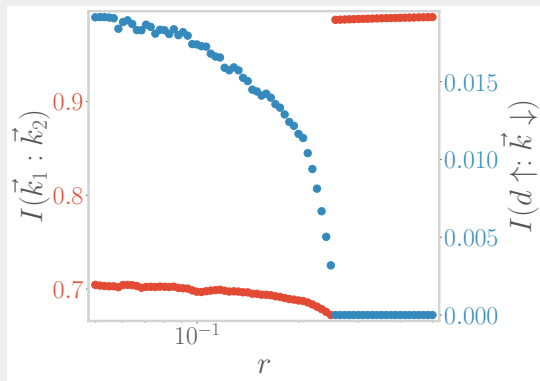
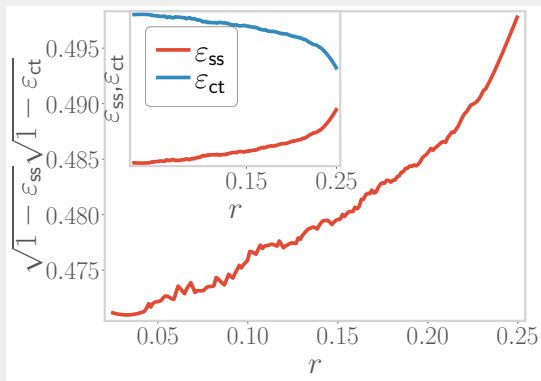


## ENTANGLEMENT AS A PROBE FOR THE TRANSITION

Geometric entanglement:  $\varepsilon(\psi_1, \psi_2) = 1 - |\langle \psi_1 | \psi_2 \rangle|^2$

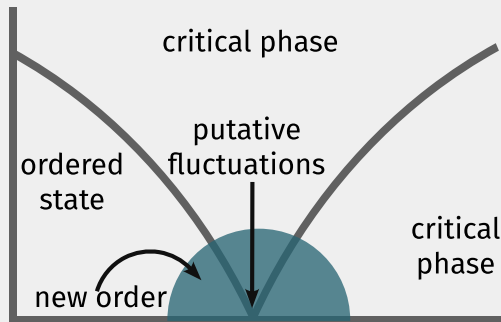
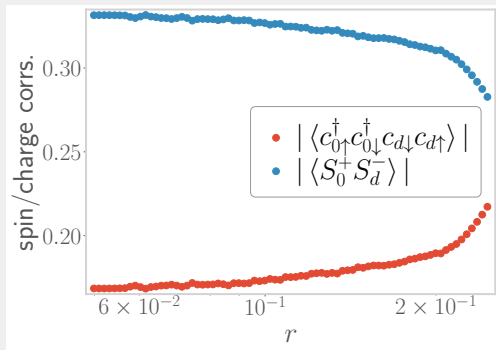
$\rightarrow \sqrt{1 - \varepsilon_{SS}} \sqrt{1 - \varepsilon_{CT}}$  is maximised, then vanishes

Mutual information between impurity and cloud vanishes



## PRESENCE OF SUBDOMINANT PAIR FLUCTUATIONS

- **pairing tendencies** observed near the quantum critical point
- might lead to **superconductivity** with doping
- seen in cuprates, heavy-fermions materials, pnictides, etc



# ENTANGLEMENT SCALING IN FREE FERMIONS

Free Dirac fermions on torus:  $k_x^n = \frac{2\pi}{L_x}n$ ,  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ ; define **sparsity** =  $\Delta n = 1$

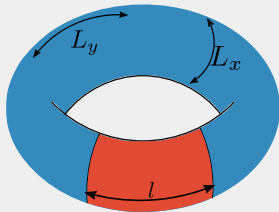
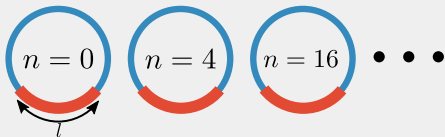
**Simplest** choice: the entire set

sparsity = 1  $\longrightarrow n \in \{-N, -(N-1), -(N-2), \dots, -1, 0, 1, \dots, N-2, N-1, N\}$

**Coarser** choices: increase sparsity

sparsity = 2  $\longrightarrow n \in \{-N, -(N-2), -(N-4), \dots, -2, 0, 2, \dots, N-4, N-2, N\}$

sparsity = 4  $\longrightarrow n \in \{-N, -(N-4), -(N-8), \dots, -4, 0, 4, \dots, N-8, N-4, N\}$



$$S_{A_z(j)} = f_z(j) c \alpha L_x - c \log |2 \sin(\pi f_z(j) \phi)|$$

$$i < j, S_{i \cup j} = \begin{cases} S_i, & z > 0 \\ S_j, & z < 0 \end{cases}$$



- presents a **hierarchy** of entanglement  $\rightarrow$  EE distributed across RG steps  
RG transformation  $\rightarrow$  reveals entanglement
- distribution of entanglement also present in **multipartite** entanglement



# MUTUAL INFORMATION = DISTANCE

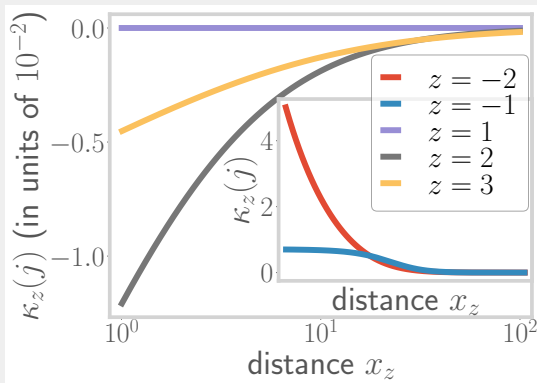
**Mutual information:**  $I^2(A : B) \equiv S(A) + S(B) - S(A \cup B)$  (non-negative)

Define distances using mut. info.

$$x_z(j) = \log t_z(j), \quad y_z(j) = \log t_z(j \pm 1)$$

$$v_z(j) \equiv \Delta y_z(j) / \Delta x_z(j), \quad v' = \Delta v_z(j) / \Delta x_z(j)$$

$$\text{Curvature as well: } \kappa_z(j) = \frac{v'_z(j)}{[1 + v_z(j)^2]^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$



- Distances and curvature can be related to an RG **beta function**
- Amounts to an **explicit demonstration** of the holographic principle
- Sign of curvature is **topological**, can be written in terms of winding numbers

$$S_{A_z(j)} = f_z(j) c \alpha L_x - \underbrace{c \log |2 \sin(\pi f_z(j) \phi)|}_{=Q(\phi), \text{ geometry-independent term}}$$

- $Q(\phi)$  is periodic in the flux  $\phi$ ,  $\phi = 1$  transports a charge across Fermi surface
- pole structure of  $\left(\sin \frac{\pi}{4} - |\sin(\pi f_z(j) \phi)|\right)^{-1}$  counts number of states  $\rightarrow$  tracks Luttinger volume
- Luttinger volume is topological, so is  $Q(\phi)$ ;  $Q(\phi)$  can be expressed in terms of winding numbers

## FUTURE PROSPECTS

- Using local impurity models to create bulk lattice models (Bloch's theorem)

$$H_{\text{bulk}} = \sum_i H_{\text{local}}(i), \quad \psi_{\text{bulk}}(\vec{k}) \sim \sum_i e^{i\vec{k} \cdot \vec{r}_i} \psi_{\text{local}}(i)$$

- Relates bulk correlation functions to those of the auxiliary model
- phase transition in the extended AIM  $\longrightarrow$  phase transition in the bulk model, **metal-insulator transition** in Hubbard-Heisenberg model

- Should be useful for studying other models of strong-correlations
  - ▶ periodic Anderson/Kondo models
  - ▶ Heisenberg models
- Another potential application: topologically active systems:
  - ▶ Fractional quantum hall systems

- Method can be made more powerful by using multiple impurities
- Allows entangled liquid-like insulating phases
- Might also provide  $k$ -space resolution
  - ▶ partial gapping of Fermi surface?
  - ▶ pseudogap phases
- Extend the formalism towards higher order Greens functions
  - ▶ two-particle Greens functions, doublon-holon correlations
  - ▶ can provide more info on the MIT

- Materials with very high quasiparticle masses
- Outstanding questions exist about the nature of phases and phase transitions
  - ▶ microscopic justification of certain phases
  - ▶ theory for the strange metal excitations
  - ▶ microscopic justification for the origin of unconventional superconductivity
- the URG, MERG and auxiliary model methods should prove useful



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