EMERGENCE IN FREE AND CORRELATED FERMIONS: FROM IMPURITY MODELS TO THE BULK

ABHIRUP MUKHERJEE

JRF-TO-SRF PRESENTATION

DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICAL SCIENCES IISER KOLKATA, MOHANPUR

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SUMMARY OF WORK

Completed Projects

- Single-channel Kondo problem: **Phys. Rev. B 105, 085119** arXiv:2111.10580v3 A. Mukherjee, *Abhirup Mukherjee*, N. S. Vidhyadhiraja, A. Taraphder, and S. Lal
- Multi-channel Kondo problem: **under review at PRB**, arXiv:2205.00790 S. Patra, *Abhirup Mukherjee*, A. Mukherjee, N. S. Vidhyadhiraja, A. Taraphder, S. Lal

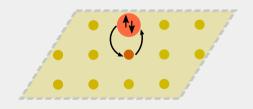
Ongoing Projects

- Metal-insulator transition in an extended Anderson impurity model
- Holography and topology of entanglement scaling in free fermions
- URG-based auxiliary model approach to correlated systems

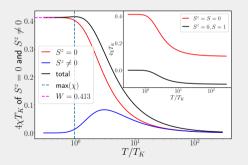
SINGLE-CHANNEL KONDO PROBLEM

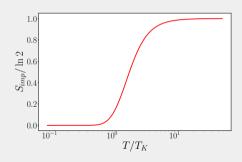
Phys. Rev. B 105, 085119

Anirban Mukherjee, **Abhirup Mukherjee**, N. S. Vidhyadhiraja, A. Taraphder, and Siddhartha Lal



- Comparison of impurity spectral function and magnetic susceptibility with NRG
- Calculation of local Fermi liq., orthogonality catastrophe and thermal entropy



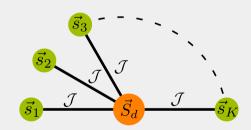


Kondo 1964; Wilson 1975; Andrei et al. 1983; Hewson 1993; Nozieres 1974; Anderson 1970; Tsvelick et al. 1983; Affleck et al. 1993; Goldhaber-Gordon et al. 1998; V. Borzenets et al. 2020; Sakai et al. 1989; Costi et al. 1990; Nozaki et al. 2012; Affleck 1995.

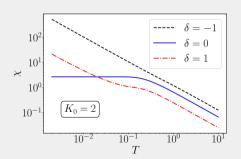
MULTI-CHANNEL KONDO PROBLEM

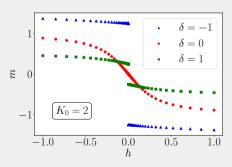
arXiv:2205.00790

Siddhartha Patra, **Abhirup Mukherjee**, Anirban Mukherjee, N. S. Vidhyadhiraja, A. Taraphder, Siddhartha Lal



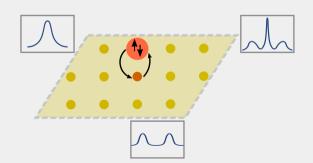
- 1. Intermediate-coupling RG fixed point Hamiltonian and degenerate ground states
- 2. Degree of compensation, magnetization and susceptibility show incomplete screening
- 3. Local marginal Fermi liquid within the low-energy excitations of the bath
- 4. Duality relations constrain the RG flows of the MCK model

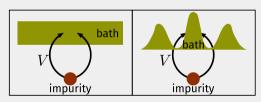




Nozières, Ph. et al. 1980; Tsvelick et al. 1985; Affleck et al. 1993; Gan 1994; Affleck et al. 1991; Emery et al. 1992; Bulla et al. 1998.

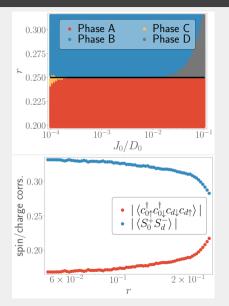
LOCAL METAL-INSULATOR TRANSITION IN AN EXTENDED ANDERSON IMPURITY MODEL





LOCAL METAL-INSULATOR TRANSITION IN AN EXTENDED ANDERSON IMPURITY MODEL

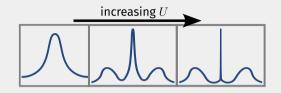
- Competition between J and U_b leads to phase transition from screened singlet phase at $|U_b| \le 4J$ to unscreened local moment phase at $|U_b| > 4J$.
- Impurity spectral function becomes gapped beyond the critical point.
- Decoupling the impurity model leads to an effective model with the zeroth site as the correlated impurity, demonstrating the symmetry between the impurity and zeroth site.
- Geometric entanglement and mutual information track the transition by vanishing beyond the critical point.
- Subdominant pairing tendencies are observed near the quantum critical point.



INTRODUCING THE EXTENDED ANDERSON IMPURITY MODEL

Standard Anderson impurity model

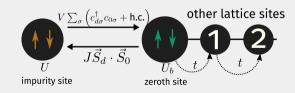
- no local-moment phase, $A(\omega)$ gapless
- cannot explain insulating phase of DMFT



Gap in spectral function requires additional physics!

Extended Anderson impurity model

- impurity-bath spin correlation: J
- \blacksquare bath zeroth site local correlation: U_b

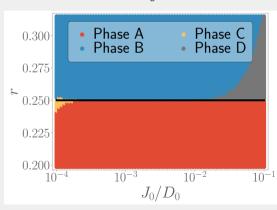


RG PHASE DIAGRAM

RG equations reveal critical point where J, V become irrelevant

- 1. orange phase: *J* is relevant: strong-coupling
- 2. blue phase: J is irrelevant: local moment
- 3. yellow phase: spin+charge liquid
- 4. gray phase: all couplings irrelevant

$$r = -U_h/J$$



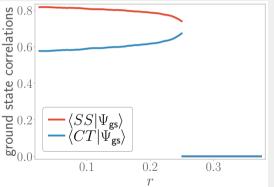
PRESENCE OF A PHASE TRANSITION

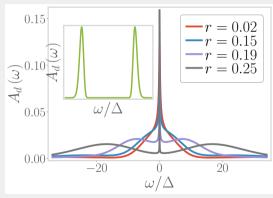
singlet \longrightarrow spin+charge liquid \longrightarrow local moment impurity spectral function gaps out

$$r = -U_b/J$$

$$|SS\rangle = |\uparrow, \downarrow\rangle - |\downarrow, \uparrow\rangle$$

$$|CT\rangle = |2, 0\rangle + |0, 2\rangle$$





BATH SPECTRAL FUNCTION: TOWARDS SELF-CONSISTENCY

■ Decoupling the impurity site leads to an Anderson impurity model

$$H_{0+\text{rest}} = \underbrace{-\left(U_0 + U_b\right)\left(\hat{n}_{0\uparrow} - \hat{n}_{0\downarrow}\right)^2}_{\text{new correlated impurity}} - t \sum_{\substack{j \in \text{n.n. of } 0, \\ \sigma}} \left(c_{0\sigma}^{\dagger} c_{j\sigma} + \text{h.c.}\right) - t \sum_{\substack{\langle i,j \rangle \\ \text{K.E. of new bath}}} \left(c_{i\sigma}^{\dagger} c_{j\sigma} + \text{h.c.}\right)$$

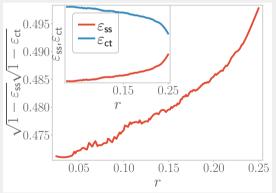
- correlated, dominant spin-flip processes lead to repulsive $U_{\text{eff}} = U_0 + U_b \sim J^*/8$
- J symmetrises the two sites, leading to similar spectral functions → essence of self-consistency

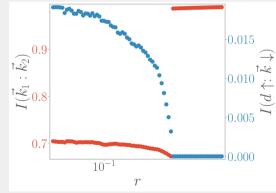
ENTANGLEMENT AS A PROBE FOR THE TRANSITION

Geometric entanglement: $\varepsilon(\psi_1, \psi_2) = 1 - |\langle \psi_1 | \psi_2 \rangle|^2$

$$\longrightarrow \sqrt{1-\varepsilon_{\rm SS}}\sqrt{1-\varepsilon_{\rm CT}}$$
 is maximised, then vanishes

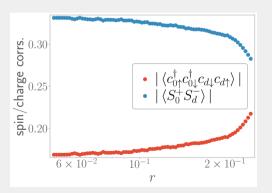
Mutual information between impurity and cloud vanishes

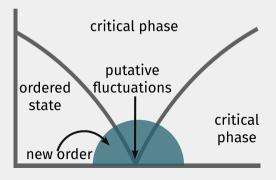




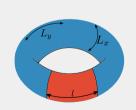
Presence of Subdominant pair fluctuations

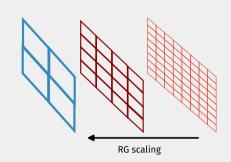
- **pairing tendencies** observed near the quantum critical point
- might lead to superconductivity with doping
- seen in cuprates, heavy-fermions materials, pnictides, etc

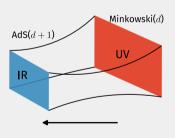




ENTANGLEMENT SCALING IN FREE FERMIONS

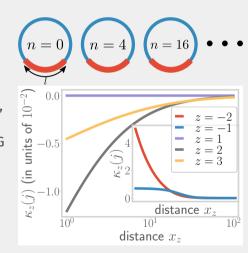






ENTANGLEMENT SCALING IN FREE FERMIONS

- Under coarse-graining or fine-graining in *k*-space, entanglement of free Dirac fermions shows hierarchical onion-like structure.
- Entanglement scaling can be used to define distances, leads to additional spatial dimension → holography
- Emergent distances and curvature can be related to RG beta function; the sign of the curvature is topological.
- Pole structure of the entanglement tracks the Luttinger volume invariant under the scaling transformations





FUTURE PROSPECTS

- Better model can be obtained by taking multiple impurities and general impurity filling
- novel auxiliary model method can used for studying other models of strong-correlations as well as topologically active or flat band systems
- The URG can be applied to heavy-fermion materials towards a study of phase diagram and unconventional superconductivity, as well as Kondo insulators
- Interacting systems in a magnetic field is also a potential area of study, specifically fractional Chern insulators (e.g. the fractional quantum hall effects)

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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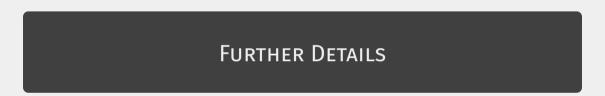
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LOCAL METAL-INSULATOR TRANSITION IN EXTENDED

ANDERSON IMPURITY MODEL



CREATING SUBSYSTEMS

Free Dirac fermions on torus: $k_x^n = \frac{2\pi}{L_x}n$, $n \in \mathbb{Z}$; define sparsity = $\Delta n = 1$

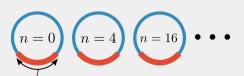
Simplest choice: the entire set

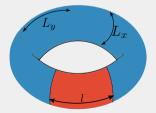
sparsity = 1
$$\longrightarrow$$
 $n \in \{-N, -(N-1), -(N-2), ..., -1, 0, 1, ..., N-2, N-1, N\}$

Coarser choices: increase sparsity

sparsity = 2
$$\longrightarrow n \in \{-N, -(N-2), -(N-4), ..., -2, 0, 2, ..., N-4, N-2, N\}$$

sparsity =
$$4 \longrightarrow n \in \{-N, -(N-4), -(N-8), ..., -4, 0, 4, ..., N-8, N-4, N\}$$





SUBSYSTEM ENTANGLEMENT ENTROPY: ENTANGLEMENT HIERARCHY

$$\begin{split} S_{A_z(j)} &= f_z(j) c \alpha L_x - c \log \left| 2 \sin \left(\pi f_z(j) \phi \right) \right| \\ & i < j, \ S_{i \cup j} = \begin{cases} S_i, & z > 0 \\ S_j, & z < 0 \end{cases} \end{split}$$





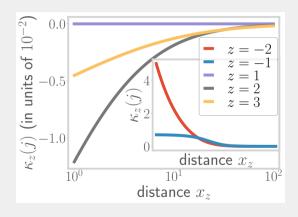
■ presents a hierarchy of entanglement → EE distributed across RG steps RG transformation → reveals entanglement

■ distribution of entanglement also present in multipartite entanglement

Mutual information:
$$I^2(A:B) \equiv S(A) + S(B) - S(A \cup B)$$
 (non-negative)

Define distances using mut. info.

$$\begin{aligned} x_z(j) &= \log t_z(j), \quad y_z(j) = \log t_z(j \pm 1) \\ v_z(j) &= \Delta y_z(j)/\Delta x_z(j), \quad v' = \Delta v_z(j)/\Delta x_z(j) \\ \text{Curvature as well:} \quad \kappa_z(j) &= \frac{v_z'(j)}{\left[1 + v_z(j)^2\right]^{\frac{3}{2}}} \end{aligned}$$



RG EVOLUTION = EMERGENT DISTANCE

- Distances and curvature can be related to an RG beta function
- Amounts to an **explicit demonstration** of the holographic principle
- Sign of curvature is **topological**, can be written in terms of winding numbers

TOPOLOGICAL NATURE OF GEOMETRY-INDEPENDENT TERM

$$S_{A_z(j)} = f_z(j)c\alpha L_x - \underbrace{c \log |2 \sin(\pi f_z(j)\phi)|}_{=Q(\phi),\text{geometry-independent term}}$$

- \blacksquare $Q(\phi)$ is periodic in the flux ϕ , $\phi = 1$ transports a charge across Fermi surface
- pole structure of $\left(\sin\frac{\pi}{4} |\sin\left(\pi f_z(j)\right)\phi|\right)^{-1}$ counts number of states \longrightarrow tracks Luttinger volume
- Luttinger volume is topological, so is $Q(\phi)$; $Q(\phi)$ can be expressed in terms of winding numbers



IMPROVEMENTS TO THE AUXILIARY MODEL

- Better model can be obtained by using multiple impurities
- Allows entangled liquid-like insulating phases
- Might also provide *k*-space resolution
 - partial gapping of Fermi surface?
 - pseudogap phases
- Introducing general impurity filling
 - new phases?
 - dominant pair fluctuations?

A NOVEL AUXILIARY MODEL APPROACH

■ Using local impurity models to create bulk lattice models (Bloch's theorem)

$$H_{\text{bulk}} = \sum_{i} H_{\text{local}}(i), \ \Psi_{\text{bulk}}(\vec{k}) \sim \sum_{i} e^{i\vec{k}\cdot\vec{r}_{i}} \Psi_{\text{local}}(i)$$

- Relates bulk correlation functions to those of the auxiliary model
- phase transition in the extended AIM → phase transition in the bulk model, metal-insulator transition in Hubbard-Heisenberg model

A NOVEL AUXILIARY MODEL APPROACH

- Should be useful for studying other models of strong-correlations
 - periodic Anderson/Kondo models
 - Heisenberg models
- Another potential application: topologically active systems:
 - Fractional quantum hall systems
- Extend the formalism towards higher order Greens functions
 - ► two-particle Greens functions, doublon-holon correlations
 - can provide more info on the MIT

HEAVY-FERMION MATERIALS

- Materials with very high quasiparticle masses
- Outstanding questions exist about the nature of phases and phase transitions
 - microscopic justification of certain phases
 - theory for the strange metal excitations
 - microscopic justification for the origin of unconventional superconductivity
- the URG, MERG and auxiliary model methods should prove useful