

Exercise 1.13

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Exercise 1.13: Prove that $\text{Fib}(n)$ is the closest integer to $\varphi^n / \sqrt{5}$, where $\varphi = (1 + \sqrt{5})/2$. Hint: Let $\psi = (1 - \sqrt{5})/2$. Use induction and the definition of the Fibonacci numbers (see [Section 1.2.2](#)) to prove that $\text{Fib}(n) = (\varphi^n - \psi^n) / \sqrt{5}$.

When $n = 0$:

$$\text{Fib}(0) = \frac{(\varphi^0 - \psi^0)}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{1 - 1}{\sqrt{5}} = 0$$

When $n = 1$:

$$\text{Fib}(1) = \frac{(\varphi^1 - \psi^1)}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{[(1 + \sqrt{5}) - (1 - \sqrt{5})]}{2\sqrt{5}} = \frac{2\sqrt{5}}{2\sqrt{5}} = 1$$

Assume $\text{Fib}(n) = (\varphi^n - \psi^n) / \sqrt{5}$ for $n \geq 2$

Then,

$$\text{Fib}(n+1) = (\varphi^{n+1} - \psi^{n+1}) / \sqrt{5}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Fib}(n+1) &= \text{Fib}(n) + \text{Fib}(n-1) \\ &= \frac{(\varphi^n - \psi^n)}{\sqrt{5}} + \frac{(\varphi^{n-1} - \psi^{n-1})}{\sqrt{5}} \\ &= \frac{\varphi^n + \varphi^{n-1}}{\sqrt{5}} - \frac{\psi^n + \psi^{n-1}}{\sqrt{5}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{\varphi^{n-1}(\varphi+1)}{\sqrt{5}} - \frac{\psi^{n-1}(\psi+1)}{\sqrt{5}} \\
&= \varphi^{n-1} \left(\frac{3+\sqrt{5}}{2\sqrt{5}} \right) - \psi^{n-1} \left(\frac{3-\sqrt{5}}{2\sqrt{5}} \right) \\
&= \varphi^{n-1} \cdot \varphi^2 / \sqrt{5} - \psi^{n-1} \cdot \psi^2 / \sqrt{5} \\
&= (\varphi^{n+1} - \psi^{n+1}) / \sqrt{5}
\end{aligned}$$

Thus, $\text{Fib}(n) = (\varphi^n - \psi^n) / \sqrt{5}$

To prove the initial statement:

$$\text{Fib}(n) - \frac{1}{2} < \frac{\varphi^n}{\sqrt{5}} < \text{Fib}(n) + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\varphi^n - \psi^n - \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} < \varphi^n < \varphi^n - \psi^n + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$$

Which is true as long as $-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} < \psi^n < \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$

But $-1 < \psi < 0$, so

$$-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} < -1 < \psi^n < 1 < \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} \quad \text{QED}$$

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