

	Append	Insert
<b>tArr</b>	97.12 $\mu$ s	38.11 $\mu$ s
<b>sArr</b>	110.02 $\mu$ s	55.66 $\mu$ s
<b>mArr</b>	153.23 $\mu$ s	160.28 $\mu$ s
<b>lArr</b>	617.11 $\mu$ s	6.26 ms
<b>xlA</b>	11.71 ms	935.81 ms

As the size of the array increases each functions runtime scales at a very different rate. The function that appends grows at a linear rate or  $O(n)$ , while the function that inserts grows at an exponential rate or  $O(n^2)$ . Even though the append function starts out slightly slower, it's not moving everything in the array like the insert function does. Therefore the append function is better optimized to scale.