Project assignment task description summary:

Through infrastructure automation my organization is using more of the DevOps methodology and it want to facilitate testing, deployment and use its benefits for disaster recovery.

A centralized server for Jenkins will be set up. Terraform will be used to build an EC2 Instance which should have basic infrastructure automation software installed.

Tools required:

Terraform, AWS account with security credentials, Keypair

Expected Deliverables:

Launch an EC2 instance using Terraform Connect to the instance Install Jenkins, Java and Python in the instance

| Introduction | 3 |
|--------------------------------------|----|
| Terraform and Jenkins Project | 3 |
| Commands to install Terraform | 3 |
| Terraform configuration | 7 |
| Creating a .tf file | 7 |
| Main.tf Terraform configuration file | 7 |
| Terraform init | 9 |
| Terraform plan | 10 |
| Terraform apply | 12 |
| Connect to EC2 instance | 13 |
| Check installed versions | 15 |
| Specifically check Jenkins status | 15 |
| Accessing Jenkins | 16 |
| Getting Public IP | 16 |
| Jenkins, GUI first steps | 17 |
| | |

Introduction

For this assignment, the given Ubuntu Lab Environment is the basis workspace. Furthermore AWS Webservices are used through given lab credentials.

Terraform and Jenkins Project

Commands to install Terraform

The following commands are entered to install Terraform and check the installed version

1)

fssl: Fail silently on (location and other) server errors

curl: Transfers data to or from a server

The Command adds the private key to trust the HashiCorp package when downloading it

Code:

curl -fsSL https://apt.releases.hashicorp.com/gpg I sudo apt-key add -

Terminal:

```
sebastiangoemel@ip-172-31-33-148:-$ curl -fs5L https://apt.releases.hashicorp.com/gpg | sudo apt-key add -

OK
sebastiangoemel@ip-172-31-33-148:-$
```

2)

Terraform package is installed

Code:

sudo apt install -y terraform

Terminal:

```
remarkingonmelgig-172-31-33-148:-$ sudo apt install -y terraform
Reading package lists... Dene
Reading dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
terraform is already the newest version (1.1.6).
8 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 8 to remove and 142 mot upgraded.
sebastiangonmelgip-172-31-33-148:-$
```

3)

Directory "ProjectTerraform" for Terraform is created on the desktop

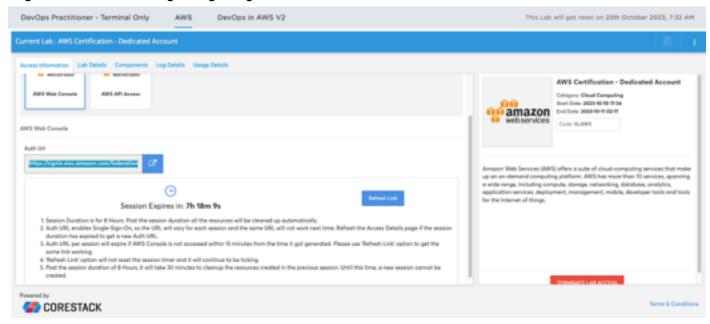
Code:

mkdir ProjectTerraform

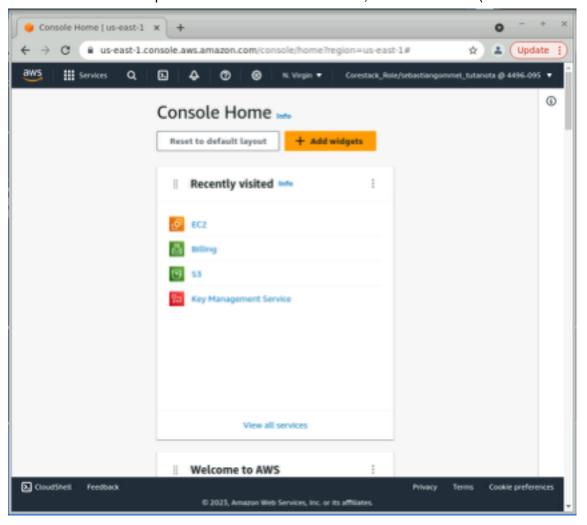
Terminal:

```
sebastiangommel@ip-172-31-33-148:-$ cd Besktop
sebastiangommel@ip-172-31-33-148:-/Desktop$ mkdir ProjectTerraform
sebastiangommel@ip-172-31-33-148:-/Desktop$ |
```

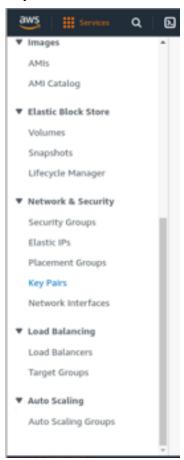
4)
Login to AWS EC2 through Single-Sign-On URL



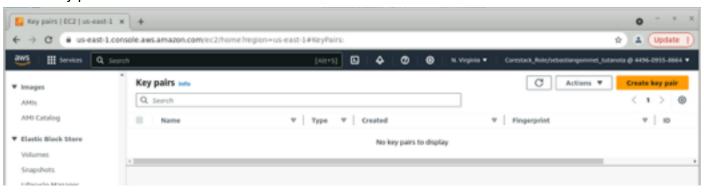
5)
AWS EC2 console is opened with the Chrome Browser, EC2 is selected (in Services if not in recent)



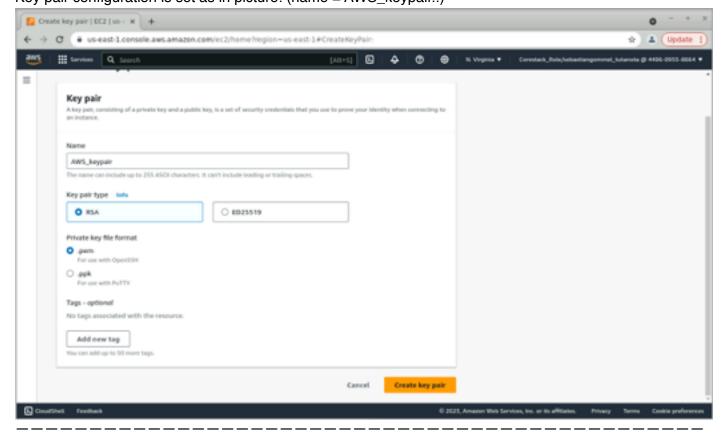
6)
Key Pairs is selected here in Network and Security



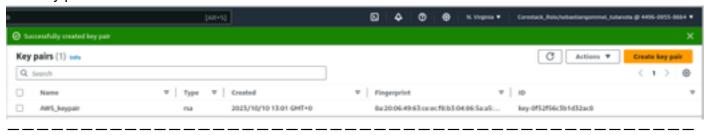
7) Create key pair is selected



8)
Key pair configuration is set as in picture: (name = AWS_keypair..)



The Key pair has been created and is in downloads



(9) Key pair is moved to the project directory "ProjectTerraform"

Code:

cd /home/sebastiangommel/Downloads

ls

mv AWS_keypair.pem /home/sebastiangommel/Desktop/ProjectTerraform

```
Sebastiangonmelgip-172-31-33-148:-/Desktop$ cd /home/sebastiangonmel/Downloads
sebastiangonmelgip-172-31-33-148:-/Downloads$ ls
AMS_keypair.pem
sebastiangonmelgip-172-31-33-148:-/Downloads$ mv AMS_keypair.pem /home/sebastiangonmel/Desktop/ProjectTerraform
sebastiangonmelgip-172-31-33-148:-/Downloads$ mv AMS_keypair.pem /home/sebastiangonmel/Desktop/ProjectTerraform
```

Terraform configuration

Creating a .tf file

1)

Change directory to project directory "ProjectTerraform"

Code:

cd /home/sebastiangommel/Desktop/ProjectTerraform/

Terminal:

sebastiangonnel@ip-172-31-33-148:-/Downloads\$ cd /home/sebastiangonnel/Desktop/ProjectTerraform, sebastiangonnel@ip-172-31-33-148:-/Desktop/ProjectTerraform\$

Main.tf Terraform configuration file

2)

Vim editor is used to create the main.tf file which includes the provider and region as well as the credentials for the EC2 instance.

Code:

vim main.tf

Terminal:

sebastiangommel@ig-172-31-33-148;-/Desktog/ProjectTerraformt vim maim.tf

Furthermore the security group settings, as well as the type of resource to be executed and the commands to prepare the automation infrastructure environment for installation of Java, Python and Jenkins are executed.

3)

The following command rewrites the Terraform configuration file to a canonical format and style, which also improves the appearance of the next page with the code.

Code:

terraform fmt

"sudo apt install -y python3.8",

Code:

```
# Configuring the cloud provider with lab provided credentials
provider "aws" {
 region
        = "us-east-1"
 access_key = "ASIAWRLWRNKECLZGHYIK"
 secret key = "t/sHjJDHlrGYPj2VYBJBSf+IAE3unURU3wXWnD5J"
         = "FwoGZXIvYXdzEN7///////wEaDGts0LrZlozkSJPmKSK9AfE6qr612k6bydtmGV/
vqlxBiLeVg1nYnvY02MSwyMbGbldXSDgn8feqwsm5ak+oCFD8yy95CHC9Mw1sK4oR7s4WpefXnapP/
Qu+g+n1KuGWwLXHd80WRWNe9VWCwKAiBi9gO858xIS+LkmYbxsG2F9jOaZuK7fQPfTQr7cwk/
sAWmSmNxII0HXssqu0s2MzQeKQF1QVRXyWt6jYX+BbBhmXWM6Pb3KL2z3NyIq6KHQ9pcLdC5zo4pgI/
Sxx1yid/JSpBjlt/MfzfQfGX9yEXkxWXj1HTYRCTlrzOJOy+/hT/fErhrWF2tPBErNKVc9H7BF/"
# Security group settings
variable "ingress-rules" {
 type = list(number)
 default = [22, 8080]
resource "aws_security_group" "web_traffic" {
          = "Allow web traffic"
 description = "SSH/Jenkins inbound, everything outbound"
 dynamic "ingress" {
  iterator = port
  for_each = var.ingress-rules
  content {
   from_port = port.value
   to_port
           = port.value
   protocol = "TCP"
   cidr blocks = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
 }
 earess {
  from\_port = 0
  to port = 0
  protocol = "-1"
  cidr_blocks = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
}
# Type of resource to be executed
resource "aws instance" "ec2" {
               = "ami-04505e74c0741db8d"
 ami
 instance type
                   = "t3.micro"
                   = "AWS_keypair"
 key_name
 vpc_security_group_ids = [aws_security_group.web_traffic.id]
 # Remotely execute commands to install Java, Python, Jenkins
 provisioner "remote-exec" {
  inline = [
   "sudo apt update && upgrade",
```

"curl -fsSL https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable/jenkins.io-2023.key I sudo tee /usr/share/keyrings/ jenkins-keyring.asc > /dev/null", "echo deb [signed-by=/usr/share/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc] https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ I sudo tee /etc/apt/sources.list.d/jenkins.list > /dev/null", "sudo apt-get install fontconfig java-17-openjdk", "sudo systemctl daemon-reload", "sudo apt-get install jenkins"] } # Type of connection to be established connection { = "ssh" type = "ubuntu" user private_key = file("\${path.module}/AWS_keypair.pem") = self.public_ip }

Terraform init

4)

Execute terraform init command

Code:

terraform init

Terminal

```
sebastiangemel@ip-172-31-33-148:-/Desktop/ProjectTerraform$ terraform init

Initializing the backend...

- Finding latest version of hashicorp/mws...

- Finding latest version of hashicorp/mws v5.20.0...

- Installied hashicorp/mws v5.20.0...

- Installied hashicorp/mws v5.20.0...

- Installied hashicorp/mws v5.20.0 (signed by HashiCorp)

Terraform has created a lock file in your wersion control repository so that Terraform can guarantee to make the same selections by default when you run "terraform init" in the future.

Terraform has been successfully initialized!

You may now hegin working with Terraform. Try running "terraform plan" to see may changes that are required for your infrastructure. All Terraform commands thould now work.

If you ever set or change modules or backend configuration for Terraform, rerun this command to reinitialize your working directory. If you forget, other commands will detect it and remind you to do so if measurery.

**Received to the seed of the seed of
```

Terraform plan

5)

Execute terraform plan command

Code: terraform plan

```
Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:

- create

Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:

- create

Terraform will perform the following actions:

- session and the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:

- session and the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:

- session and the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:

- session and the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:

- session and the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:

- session and the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:

- session and the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:

- session and the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:

- session and the following execution plan. Resource action plan.
- session and the following execution plan. Resource action plan.
- session and the following execution plan. Resource action plan.
- session and the following execution plan. Resource action plan.
- session and the following execution plan. Resource apply)
- session and the following execution plan. Resource action plan.
- session and the following execution plan. Resource action plan.
- session plan. Resource action plan.
- session pl
```

```
maintenance_options {
    - auto_recovery = (known after apply)
               network_interface (
- delete_or_termination = (known after apply)
- device_index = (known after apply)
- network_card_index = (known after apply)
- network_interface_id = (known after apply)

    private_dns_name_options {
            - enable_resource_name_dns_a_record = (known after apply)
            - enable_resource_name_dns_name_record = (known after apply)
            - hostname_type = (known after apply)

              root_block_device {
    delete_on_termination = (known after apply)
    device_name = (known after apply)
    encrypted = (known after apply)
    inps = (known after apply)
    kms_key_id = (known after apply)
    tags = (known after apply)
    throughput = (known after apply)
    volume_id = (known after apply)
    volume_size = (known after apply)
    volume_type = (known after apply)
}
# aws_security_group.web_traffic will be created
- resource "aws_security_group" "web_traffic" {
- ara = (knewn after apply)
- description = "SSR/Jenkins inbound, everything outbound"
- egress = (
                                description = ""
from port = 0
                                | ipv6_cidr_blocks = []
| prefix_list_ids = []
| protocol = "-1"
| security_groups = []
| self = false
| te_pert = 0
             id
ingress
                                                                    = (known after apply)
= [
                               + cidr_blocks = [
+ "0.0.0.0/0",
                                    + cidr_blocks = [
+ "0.0.0.0/0",
                              ]
name = "Allow web traffic"
name_prefix = (known after apply)
owner_id = (known after apply)
revoke_rule_en_delete = false
tags_all = (known after apply)
vpc_id = (known after apply)
lan: 2 to add, 0 to change, 0 to destroy.
```

Note: You didn't use the -out option to save this plan, so Terraform can't guarantee to take exactly these actions if you run "terraform apply" now. sebastiangommelgip-172-31-33-148:-/Desktop/ProjectTerraforms

Terraform apply

6)

Execute terraform apply command

Yes has to typed in after it is prompted to confirm that the actions will be performed.

Code:

terraform apply

```
description = "
- from port = 22
- ispot_cidr_blacks = []
- prefix_list_ids = []
- prefix_list_ids = []
- protecol = "tcp"
- security_groups = []
- self = false
- to_port = 22
- cidr_blacks = [
- "-0.0.0/a",
- description = "
- from port = 8886
- ispot_cidr_blacks = []
- prefix_list_ids = []
- pre
```

Last Output of Apply Command:

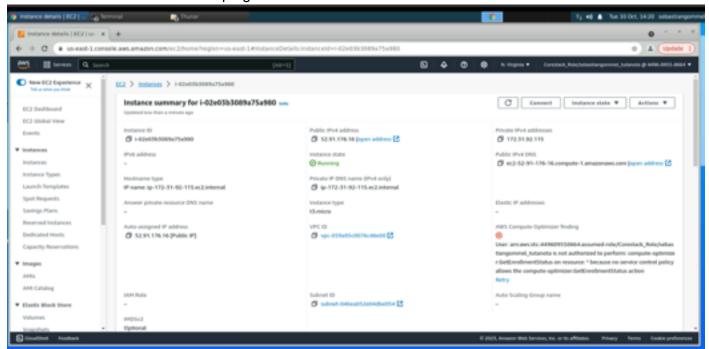
```
sws_instance.ec2 (remote-exec): (Reading database ... 80%
sws_instance.ec2 (remote-exec): (Reading database ... 85%
sws_instance.ec2 (remote-exec): (Reading database ... 90%
sws_instance.ec2 (remote-exec): (Reading database ... 95%
sws_instance.ec2 (remote-exec): (Reading database ... 95%
sws_instance.ec2 (remote-exec): (Reading database ... 6385 files and directories currently installed.)
sws_instance.ec2 (remote-exec): (Reading database ... 6385 files and directories currently installed.)
sws_instance.ec2 (remote-exec): (Reading database ... 6385 files and directories currently installed.)
sws_instance.ec2 (remote-exec): (Reading database ... 6385 files and directories currently installed.)
sws_instance.ec2 (remote-exec): (Reading database ... 6385 files and directories currently installed.)
sws_instance.ec2 (remote-exec): (Reading database ... 6385 files and directories currently installed.)
sws_instance.ec2 (remote-exec): (Reading database ... 6385 files and directories currently installed.)
sws_instance.ec2 (remote-exec): (Reading database ... 6385 files and directories currently installed.)
sws_instance.ec2 (remote-exec): Setting up inspot ... 6385 files and directories currently installed.)
sws_instance.ec2 (remote-exec): Setting up libpython3.8-sininal (3.8.10-0ubuntul-20.04.8) over (3.8.10-0ubuntul-20.04.8) ...
sws_instance.ec2 (remote-exec): Setting up libpython3.8-sininal (3.8.10-0ubuntul-20.04.8) ...
sws_instance.ec2 (remote-exec): Forcessing triggers for Nan-dd (3.8.10-0ubuntul-20.04.8) ...
sws_instance.ec2 (remote-exec): Forcessing triggers
```

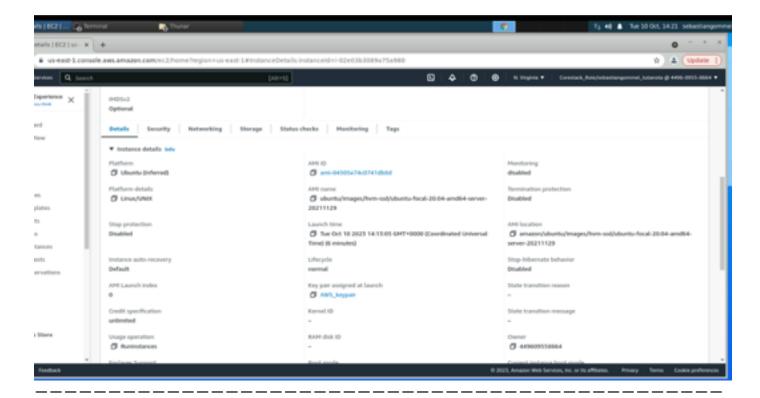
Connect to EC2 instance

7)

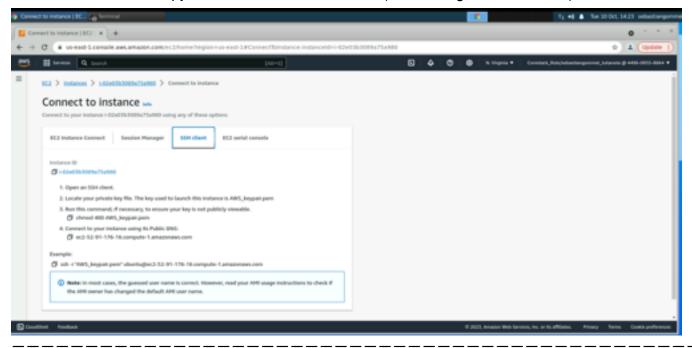
Connecting to EC2 instance

Get information form AWS, by going to AWS GUI to instances and clicking on the instance ID. Here Connect is clicked on the top right of the AWS GUI





8)
Click on SSH client to copy the relevant SSH information (after having clicked connect):



9)
Back to the terminal, the permission for the pem file is changed here first before running the ssh command, as indicated in the step 3 of the AWS console

Code:

chmod 400 AWS_keypair.pem

Terminal:

sebestiangenmelgip-172-31-33-148:-/Desktop/ProjectTerreforms chmod 400 AWS_keypair.gem

10)

The next step is to connect to the EC2 instance with the ssh information copied from AWS GUI

<u>Code:</u>

ssh -i "AWS_keypair.pem" ubuntu@ec2-52-91-176-16.compute-1.amazonaws.com

Check installed versions

11)

Code:

python3 -- version

Terminal:

12)

Code:

java -showversion

Terminal:

13)

Code:

jenkins - - version

Terminal:

Specifically check Jenkins status

14)

Code:

sudo systemctl status jenkins

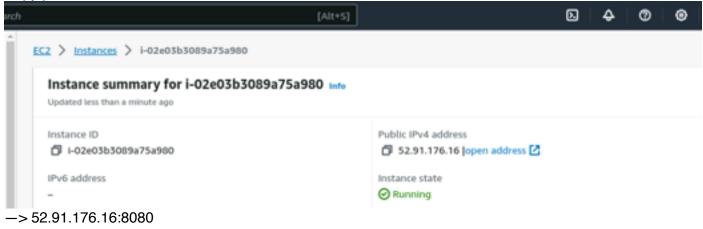
```
. progralis:-5 sudo systemcti status jenkins
rvice - Jenkins Continuous Integration Server
loaded (/lib/systemd/bystemd/jenkins.service; enabled; vendor preset: enabled)
active (running) since Tue 2023-10-10 14:55:18 UTC; Zmin 34s ago
5553 (java)
36 (limit: 1116)
312.6M
/system sitema
  oukiem.
Nystem.slice/jenkins.service
≒5553 /usr/bin/java -bjava.awt.headless=true -jar /usr/share/java/jenkins.war --webroot=/var/cache/jenkins/war --httpPort=8080
```

Accessing Jenkins

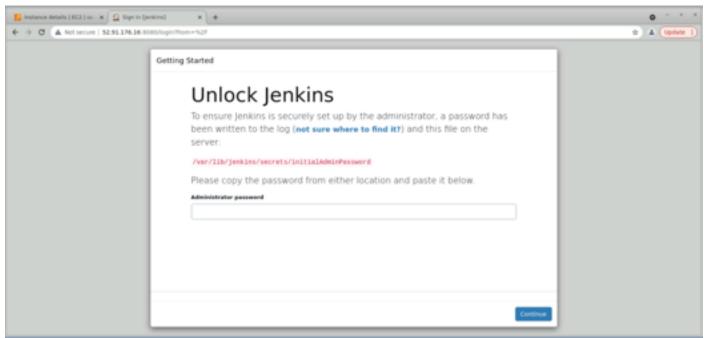
Getting Public IP

1)

Copy public IPv4 address from AWS console



2) Ip is entered in chrome web browser with jenkins standard port 8080 52.91.176.16:8080



3)

At the terminal the password is found out with the following command

Code:

sudo cat /var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword

Terminal:

ubuntuhip-172-31-92-115:-\$ sudo cat /var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword akalf8b7c73d4a6fab98758d4c9a6c1a ubuntuhip-172-31-92-115:-\$

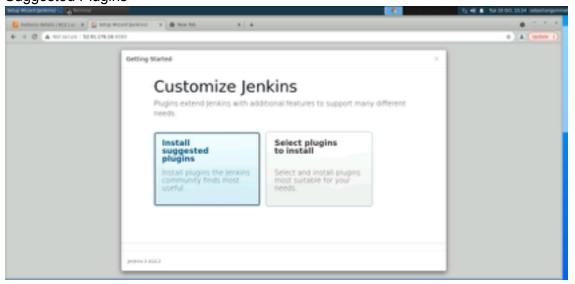
a4a1f8b7c73d4e6fab98758d4c9a6c1a

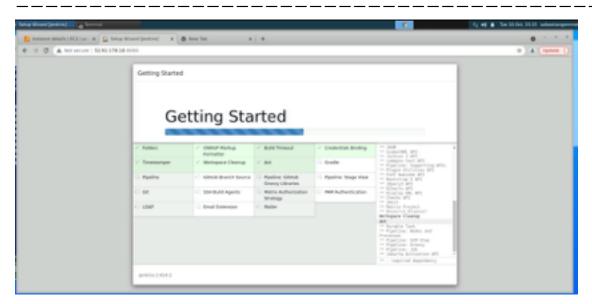
This is the inital password to log in in Jenkins

Jenkins, GUI first steps

4)

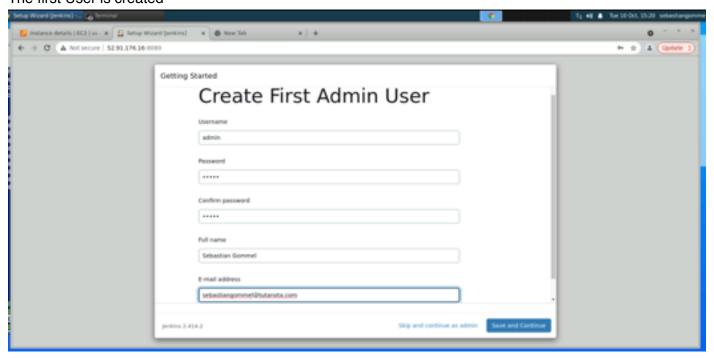
After Entering the password on the unlock Jenkins Video the following page is shown. Suggested Plugins



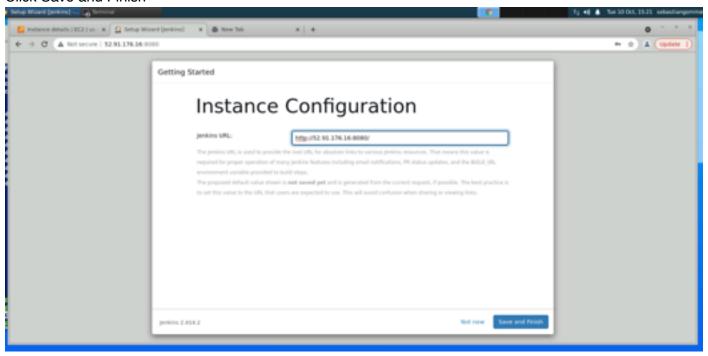


Initial default configuration is set up

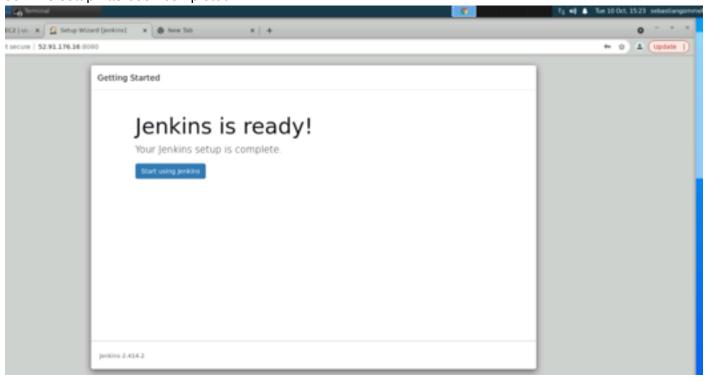
5) The first User is created



6) Click Save and Finish



Jenkins setup has been completed



Jenkins is now ready to use through the EC2 instance

