

SQL Queries

Purpose

The primary goal of this sample is to demonstrate different scenarios where SQL queries are created to filter, extract and create reports and databases for different useful purposes.

NOTE: *This is just an illustrative sample to demonstrate abilities of query creation. To observe the outcome of these queries it is necessary to have the data.*

Queries

-- Show all info of films

```
select *  
from film;
```

-- Create a report that lists customer number, name, sales rep first and last name, order number, order comments, shipped date and required date for all orders where the order was shipped after the required date given by the customer.

```
select c.customerNumber, c.customerName, concat_ws(" ", e.firstName, e.lastName) as  
"Sales Representant", o.orderNumber, o.comments, o.shippedDate, o.requiredDate  
from customers c, employees e, orders o  
where e.employeeNumber = c.salesRepEmployeeNumber  
and c.customerNumber = o.customerNumber  
and o.shippedDate > o.requiredDate;
```

-- Create a report which lists all the products that are ordered on a Monday. (Different alternatives)

```
select distinct p.productName, dayname(o.orderDate) as "day name"  
from products p, orders o, orderdetails od  
where p.productCode = od.productCode  
and o.orderNumber = od.orderNumber  
and DAYNAME(orderDate) = 'MONDAY';
```

```
select productName
```

```

from products
where productCode in (select distinct od.productCode
                      from orders o, orderdetails od
                      where o.orderNumber =
                        od.orderNumber
and DAYNAME(o.orderDate) =
                        'MONDAY');

```

*-- Can you create a report that lists all the products purchased by
-- 'Herkku Gifts'*

```

select productName
from products
where productCode in (select distinct od.productCode
                      from orders o, orderdetails od,
Customers c
                      where o.orderNumber =
od.orderNumber
and o.CustomerNumber = c.customerNumber
and c.CustomerName = "Herkku Gifts");

```

*-- Can you create a report that shows total payments for customer
-- "Atelier graphique"*

```

select c.customerName, sum(p.amount)
from customers c, payments p
where c.customerNumber = p.customerNumber
and c.customerName = "Atelier graphique";

```

-- Show first name and last name of actors

```

select first_name, last_name
from actor;

```

-- Show first name, last name and email for customers

```

select first_name, last_name, email
from customer;

```

-- Show the unique values of rating in films

```

select distinct rating
from film;

```

--Count all the unique values for the amount of payments

```
select count (distinct amount)
from payment;
```

-- Show all the info for customers which first name is Jared

```
select *
from customer
where first_name = 'Jared';
```

-- Show the films which rental rate is greater than 4 and their replacement cost is greater or equal to 19.99

```
select *
from film
where rental_rate > 4
and replacement_cost >= 19.99;
```

```
select count (*)
from film
where rating = 'R'
or rating = 'PG-13';
```

--Show all the info of all films which rating is not R

```
select count (*)
from film
where rating != 'R';
```

-- Find the email of the customer named Nancy Thomas

```
select email
from customer
where first_name = 'Nancy'
and last_name = 'Thomas';
```

-- A customer wants to know the description of the film Outlaw Hanky

```
select description
from film
where title = 'Outlaw Hanky';
```

--Show all info of customers sorted by first name ascending

```
select *
from customer
```

```
order by first_name asc;
```

```
select *  
from customer  
order by first_name asc, last_name desc;
```

--What is the customer id for the first 10 customers who made a payment?

```
select customer_id  
from payment  
order by payment_date  
limit 10;
```

--Customer wants to know the titles for the 5 shortest movies

```
select title  
from film  
order by length asc  
limit 5;
```

-- The previous customer wants to know how many films are less than 50 min

```
select count (title)  
from film  
where length <= 50;
```

-- What are the payments between 2007-02-01 and 2007-02-15

```
select *  
from payment  
where payment_date between '2007-02-01' and '2007-02-15';
```

-- How many payments have an amount that are not .99, 1.98, 1.99

```
select count (*)  
from payment  
where amount  
not in (0.99, 1.98, 1.99);
```

--Select customers that has 'er' in their names

```
select *  
from customer  
where first_name  
like '%er';
```

--Select the minimum and maximum replacement cost of the films

```
select min(replacement_cost), max(replacement_cost)
from film;
```

--Select the average replacement cost of the films rounded in 2 decimals

```
select round(avg(replacement_cost),2)
from film;
```

--Show the total amount of payments by customer id and staff id order by this total

```
select staff_id, customer_id, sum(amount)
from payment
group by staff_id, customer_id
order by sum(amount);
```

-- We want to give a bonus to the staff 1 or 2 that have the most amount of payments as number no dollar

```
select staff_id, count (payment_id)
from payment
group by staff_id;
```

--What is the average replacement cost per MPAA rating

```
select rating, round(avg(replacement_cost),2)
from film
group by rating;
```

--What are the customers ids for customers that spend more than 100 in payments transactions with staff_id 2

```
select customer_id, sum(amount)
from payment
where staff_id = 2
group by customer_id
having sum(amount) > 100;
```

--What customer has the highest customer ID number whose name starts with an 'E' and has an address ID lower than 500?

```
SELECT first_name,last_name FROM customer
WHERE first_name LIKE 'E%'
AND address_id <500
ORDER BY customer_id DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

--Inner Join

```
select payment_id, payment.customer_id, first_name
from payment
inner join customer
on payment.customer_id = customer.customer_id;
```

-- Full Outer Join

-- All payments are associated with a customer id, no customer without historical payment

--The results show us that there is not payment information not associated with a customer or a customer without a payment history

```
select *
from customer
full outer join payment
on customer.customer_id = payment.customer_id
where customer.customer_id is null
or payment.payment_id is null;
```

--Left Outer Join

-- Which movies are not in an inventory and store

```
select film.film_id, title, inventory_id, store_id
from film
left join inventory
on inventory.film_id = film.film_id
where inventory.film_id is null;
```

--What movies Nick Wahlberg has been

```
select film.title, actor.first_name, actor.last_name
from actor, film, film_actor
where actor.actor_id = film_actor.actor_id
and film_actor.film_id = film.film_id
and actor.first_name = 'Nick'
and actor.last_name = 'Wahlberg';
```

--Same question using Inner Join

```
select title, first_name, last_name
from actor
inner join film_actor
on actor.actor_id = film_actor.actor_id
inner join film
on film_actor.film_id = film.film_id
where first_name = 'Nick'
```

```
and last_name = 'Wahlberg';
```

--Extract the year of the payments date

```
select extract(year from payment_date)
from payment;
```

-- Change the date type to months and years in payment date

```
select to_char(payment_date, 'MONTH-YYYY')
from payment;
```

-- During which months did payments occur

```
select distinct to_char(payment_date, 'MONTH')
from payment;
```

--How many payments occurred on monday

```
select count(*)
from payment
where extract(dow from payment_date) = 1;
```

-- Create emails using the first letter of the name, the last name and gmail format

```
select lower(left(first_name,1)) || lower(last_name) || '@gmail.com'
from customer;
```

--Subquery. what are the movies that have a greater rental rate than the average rental rate

```
select title, rental_rate
from film
where rental_rate > (select avg(rental_rate)
                    from film);
```

--Subquery

```
select film_id, title
from film
where film_id in
(select inventory.film_id
from rental
inner join inventory on inventory.inventory_id = rental.inventory_id
where return_date between '2005-05-29' and '2005-05-30')
order by title;
```

--Select the first name and last name of customer that payment amount is greater than 11

```
select first_name, last_name
from customer c
where exists
(select *
from payment p
where p.customer_id = c.customer_id
and amount > 11);
```

--Match the films that have the same length giving the titles of the movies that match in the same table

```
select f1.title, f2.title, f1.length
from film f1
inner join film f2
on f1.film_id != f2.film_id
and f1.length = f2.length
and f1.length = 117;
```

--Case

```
select customer_id,
case
    when customer_id <= 100 then 'Vip'
    when customer_id between 100 and 200 then 'Plus'
    else 'Normal'
end as "Category class"
from customer;
```

--Case expression

```
select customer_id,
case customer_id
    when 2 then 'Winner'
    when 5 then 'Looser'
    else 'Normal'
end as "Winner or Looser"
from customer;
```

--Count the number of movies that cost 0.99 using case

```
select
sum(case rental_rate
    when 0.99 then 1
```



```
    else 0
end) as bargains,
sum(case rental_rate
    when 2.99 then 1
    else 0
end) as normal
from film;
```