



Titanic-Matlab

Using Classification Learner in Matlab

BZG1308ab

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Abstract

In this Documentation we will give you a brief overview of how Machine Learning works and how you can use it in Matlab. More specifically we will talk about the classification learner in Matlab. This will give you a powerful tool for Data analysis and you can use the gained knowledge with the Regression Learner.

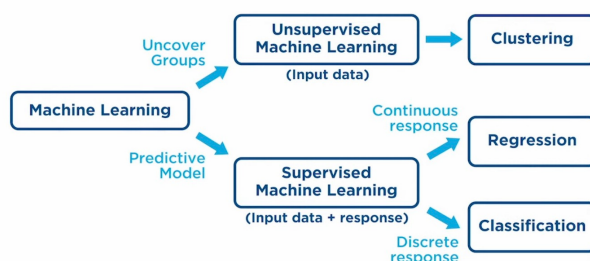
To do this we used a online Machine Learning Competition. [Kaggle-Titanic](#). It is a very popular Competition for people who are trying to get into Data Science. Therefore there are a lot of online guides for it. We combined the knowledge we gained from them for this report. The goal of the competition is to guess who survived the sinking of the Titanic and who did not. To help you guess you get a train.csv file with information about the people on board.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked
1	0	3	Braund, M...	male	22	1		0'A/5 21171'	7.2500		S

You use this data to train your Model. After developing your Model the true test comes. You run it using the test.csv file. This contains the same information but not whether or not the Passenger survived. To guess this you use your Model. How accurate this guess is, shows how good your model was developed

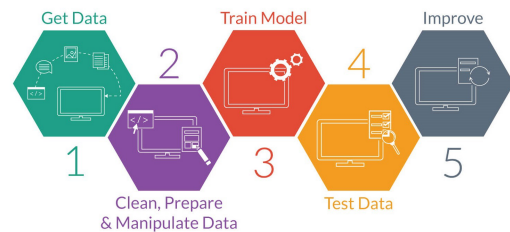
Introduction

You can group the Machine Learning the following way.



We will focus on the Classification of Supervised Learning. This means the output comes

out to be in one class. I.e. Survived or did not Survive. It could also be Apple, Banana or Orange. A Regression problem would f.e. be how much taxes you have to pay. I.e. 698.5 chf or 1045.7 chf. To do Supervised Machine Learning in Matlab we used the Classification Learner. Before diving in to that, we want to explain how the general Process of Machine Learning works. This graphic show the process.



Get Data

First you have to get your data. This will most of the time be the easy part. In our case we just have to read in the data from the .csv File.

```
1 Test = readtable('test.csv','Format','%f%f%q%C%f%f%f%q%f%q%C');
```

Clean Data

It is highly likely that you will have some blank spots in your data. To fill them is your responsibility. You will also likely have some Data that is non relevant to solving your Problem. To remove them is also your job. In code this would look something like this.

```
1 avgAge = nanmean(Train.Age)
2 Train.Age(isnan(Train.Age)) = avgAge;
3 Test.Age(isnan(Test.Age)) = avgAge;
```

Train Model

We train the Model using the Classification Learner from the Matlab Toolbox. You can read more about it in its own section.

Test Data

To test the Data we have two options. We can test run it against the training Data. This will give us a good estimate of how good the model performs. It should be pretty good since it is the same data we used to Train the Model. If we want to do a real test, we should run it against the test Data. We do not know the outcome for this data. To check how good we were we can upload this data to Kaggle. It will tell us our success rate.

Improve

Now we get to the interesting Part. To improve our Model we have two options. The first option is we find a better Model and train it more. The other option is to clean prepare and

Manipulate the Data in a smarter Way by including intelligent features and removing unimportant Data.

Methology

To create your own Machine Learning Model you first have to learn the basics. We used this tutorial for that [Matlab-Tutorial](#). This will teach you the basics and you will be able to develop your own models after completing it.

Classification Learner

Sebasmodell

In my Model i decided to use the boosted Tree Algorithm. It works like..... I tried to improve the performance of the Model by including some clever feature Datatypes and by improving how i filled out blank spaces.

Tillsmode

Results

In the end we developed two individuell Models that worked better than primitive guesses. We are really happy with that. The primitive guess would be to say every woman survived and every man died.

Method	Acuraccy in [%]
primitve	cell2
sebasmodel	77.2
tillmodel	cell8

Discussion