



Competitive Security Assessment

Bondings_Update

Apr 22th, 2024



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Summary

This report is prepared for the project to identify vulnerabilities and issues in the smart contract source code. A group of NDA covered experienced security experts have participated in the Secure3's Audit Contest to find vulnerabilities and optimizations. Secure3 team has participated in the contest process as well to provide extra auditing coverage and scrutiny of the finding submissions.

The comprehensive examination and auditing scope includes:

- Cross checking contract implementation against functionalities described in the documents and white paper disclosed by the project owner.
- Contract Privilege Role Review to provide more clarity on smart contract roles and privilege.
- Using static analysis tools to analyze smart contracts against common known vulnerabilities patterns.
- Verify the code base is compliant with the most up-to-date industry standards and security best practices.
- Comprehensive line-by-line manual code review of the entire codebase by industry experts.

The security assessment resulted in findings that are categorized in four severity levels: Critical, Medium, Low, Informational. For each of the findings, the report has included recommendations of fix or mitigation for security and best practices.

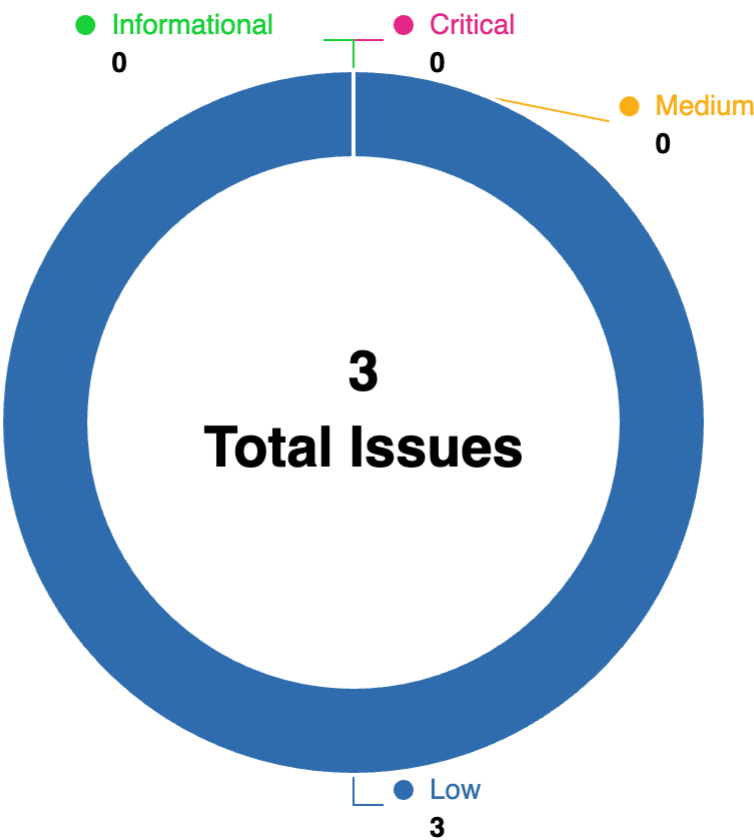
Overview

| | |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Project Name | Bondings_Update |
| Language | Solidity |
| Codebase | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• https://github.com/bondings/bondings-contract• audit version - 6aad6e6fb472e79c9e1b659aca77aad8a7249b85• final version - 773f25d3c050dc9c420bdd351de04aac96a0865c |
| Audit Methodology | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Audit Contest• Business Logic and Code Review• Privileged Roles Review• Static Analysis |

Audit Scope

| File | SHA256 Hash |
|-------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ./bondings-contract/contracts/BondingsCore.sol | 442addfddfa72a644a49f625de9e5b2fb2013924c8b2b8187019a68371594126 |
| ./bondings-contract/contracts/interface/interface.sol | ee2a2a24d572661b15da8d60f518a914cc19e5945fe2ad53b457ad7095a1bb72 |

Code Assessment Findings



| ID | Name | Category | Severity | Client Response | Contributor |
|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|-----------------|--------------------|
| BON-1 | should use <code>safeTransfer</code> instead of <code>transfer</code> | Logical | Low | Fixed | toffee |
| BON-2 | Missing zero address check in multiple functions | Logical | Low | Fixed | ethprinter, toffee |
| BON-3 | Inconsistent <code>BondingsTotalShare</code> logic in different functions | Logical | Low | Acknowledged | ethprinter |

BON-1:should use `safeTransfer` instead of `transfer`

| Category | Severity | Client Response | Contributor |
|----------|----------|-----------------|-------------|
| Logical | Low | Fixed | toffee |

Code Reference

- code/bondings-contract/contracts/BondingsCore.sol#L162
- code/bondings-contract/contracts/BondingsCore.sol#L195-L197

```
162: IERC20(unitTokenAddress).transfer(protocolFeeDestination, fee);
```

```
195: IERC20(unitTokenAddress).transfer(user, priceAfterFee);
196:     if (fee > 0)
197:         IERC20(unitTokenAddress).transfer(protocolFeeDestination, fee);
```

Description

toffee: the return value of `IERC20(unitTokenAddress).transfer()` is not checked, and it could be failure and result the wrong internal update.

Recommendation

toffee: check the return value of the `transfer` call or use `safeTransfer` library

Client Response

toffee: client response for toffee: Fixed. Fix at:

- <https://github.com/bondings/bondings-contract/commit/773f25d3c050dc9c420bdd351de04aac96a0865c#diff-c1fd6debce6f6582bfeaf7c28a32a027485fb747c96cf34f5e209f9385a3ada5R162>
- <https://github.com/bondings/bondings-contract/commit/773f25d3c050dc9c420bdd351de04aac96a0865c#diff-c1fd6debce6f6582bfeaf7c28a32a027485fb747c96cf34f5e209f9385a3ada5R197>

BON-2:Missing zero address check in multiple functions

| Category | Severity | Client Response | Contributor |
|----------|----------|-----------------|--------------------|
| Logical | Low | Fixed | ethprinter, toffee |

Code Reference

- code/bondings-contract/contracts/BondingsCore.sol#L62
- code/bondings-contract/contracts/BondingsCore.sol#L226
- code/bondings-contract/contracts/BondingsCore.sol#L271
- code/bondings-contract/contracts/BondingsCore.sol#272

```
62: address unitTokenAddress_, address protocolFeeDestination_
```

```
226: userShare[bondingsId][to] += share;
```

```
271: function setProtocolFeeDestination(address newProtocolFeeDestination) public onlyOwner {
```

```
272: address oldProtocolFeeDestination = protocolFeeDestination;
```

Description

ethprinter: The code misses zero address check in many functions, lacking of validating for a zero address, it could result in the function performing unexpected or erroneous behavior, such as transferring shares to a nonexistent or set rotocolFeeDestination to a invalid Ethereum address.

toffee: `protocolFeeDestination` is used for receiving selling fees, and there is lack of zero address check. the risk is that if the `newProtocolFeeDestination` is zero the fee will be sent to zero and equilavent to burn

Recommendation

ethprinter:

```
function setProtocolFeeDestination(address newProtocolFeeDestination) public onlyOwner {
    require(newProtocolFeeDestination != address(0), "Invalid address");
    address oldProtocolFeeDestination = protocolFeeDestination;
    protocolFeeDestination = newProtocolFeeDestination;
    emit AdminSetParam(
        "protocolFeeDestination",
        bytes32(uint256(uint160(oldProtocolFeeDestination))),
        bytes32(uint256(uint160(newProtocolFeeDestination)))
    );
}
```

toffee: add `require(newProtocolFeeDestination != address(0), "zero address")` in the L272

Client Response

ethprinter: client response for ethprinter: Fixed. Fixed at:

- <https://github.com/bondings/bondings-contract/commit/773f25d3c050dc9c420bdd351de04aac96a0865c#diff-c1fd6debce6f6582bfeaf7c28a32a027485fb747c96cf34f5e209f9385a3ada5R225>
- <https://github.com/bondings/bondings-contract/commit/773f25d3c050dc9c420bdd351de04aac96a0865c#diff-c1fd6debce6f6582bfeaf7c28a32a027485fb747c96cf34f5e209f9385a3ada5R225>

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- <https://github.com/bondings/bondings-contract/commit/773f25d3c050dc9c420bdd351de04aac96a0865c#diff-c1fd6debce6f6582bfeaf7c28a32a027485fb747c96cf34f5e209f9385a3ada5R225>
- <https://github.com/bondings/bondings-contract/commit/773f25d3c050dc9c420bdd351de04aac96a0865c#diff-c1fd6debce6f6582bfeaf7c28a32a027485fb747c96cf34f5e209f9385a3ada5R225>

BON-3: Inconsistent `BondingsTotalShare` logic in different functions

| Category | Severity | Client Response | Contributor |
|----------|----------|-----------------|-------------|
| Logical | Low | Acknowledged | ethprinter |

Code Reference

- code/bondings-contract/contracts/BondingsCore.sol#L137

```
137: uint256 totalShare = bondingsTotalShare[bondingsId];
```

Description

ethprinter: When a new bonding is launched, its share should be zero, it seems that the developer has considered that problem in the `getBondingsTotalShare()` function, which returns `bondingsTotalShare[bondingsId] - 1`, however, the code doesn't consider this when using `totalShare` to do the actual calculation (in line 137 for example).

Recommendation

ethprinter: In line 122, `bondingsTotalShare[bondingsId] = 1`, every bonding's share is set to 1 after being launched, which is strange because that share doesn't belong to anyone. Should consider give that 1 share to the launcher and returns `bondingsTotalShare[bondingsId]` in `getBondingsTotalShare()` to maintain the consistence.

Client Response

ethprinter: client response for ethprinter: Acknowledged. This inconsistent logic is designed on purpose for the requirement "the first (0th) share's price is 1, not 0". See the annotation at <https://github.com/bondings/bondings-contract/commit/773f25d3c050dc9c420bdd351de04aac96a0865c#diff-c1fd6debce6f6582bfeaf7c28a32a027485fb747c96cf34f5e209f9385a3ada5R112>

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