# Nessus Report

Nessus Scan Report Sat, 09 Dec 2017 14:28:52 EET

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# **Vulnerabilities By Host**

# 192.168.10.1

# **Scan Information**

Start time: Sat Dec 9 13:09:35 2017

End time: Sat Dec 9 13:17:16 2017

### **Host Information**

IP: 192.168.10.1

MAC Address: 00:50:56:01:2a:23

OS: FreeBSD 10.3-RELEASE-p16 (amd64)

### **Results Summary**

Critical	High	Medium	Low	Info	Total
0	0	3	0	32	35

#### **Results Details**

#### 0/icmp

# 10114 - ICMP Timestamp Request Remote Date Disclosure

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine the exact time set on the remote host.

# **Description**

The remote host answers to an ICMP timestamp request. This allows an attacker to know the date that is set on the targeted machine, which may assist an unauthenticated, remote attacker in defeating time-based authentication protocols.

Timestamps returned from machines running Windows Vista / 7 / 2008 / 2008 R2 are deliberately incorrect, but usually within 1000 seconds of the actual system time.

# **Solution**

Filter out the ICMP timestamp requests (13), and the outgoing ICMP timestamp replies (14).

# **Risk Factor**

None

# References

**CVE** CVE-1999-0524

XREF OSVDB:94

XREF CWE:200

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 1999/08/01, Modification date: 2012/06/18

### **Ports**

# icmp/0

The difference between the local and remote clocks is 370 seconds.

#### 0/tcp

# 11936 - OS Identification

# **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote operating system.

# **Description**

Using a combination of remote probes (e.g., TCP/IP, SMB, HTTP, NTP, SNMP, etc.), it is possible to guess the name of the remote operating system in use. It is also possible sometimes to guess the version of the operating system.

# Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2003/12/09, Modification date: 2017/08/29

#### **Ports**

tcp/0

```
Remote operating system : FreeBSD 10.3-RELEASE-p16 (amd64) Confidence level : 98 Method : NTP
```

The remote host is running FreeBSD 10.3-RELEASE-p16 (amd64)

# 19506 - Nessus Scan Information

# **Synopsis**

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

### **Description**

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself:

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

Information about this scan :

# **Solution**

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2005/08/26, Modification date: 2017/10/26

# **Ports**

# tcp/0

```
Nessus version: 6.11.2
Plugin feed version: 201711171815
Scanner edition used : Nessus
Scan type : Normal
Scan policy used : Advanced Scan
Scanner IP : 192.168.10.234
Port scanner(s) : nessus_tcp_scanner
Port range : default
Thorough tests : no
Experimental tests : no
Paranoia level : 1
Report verbosity: 1
Safe checks : yes
Optimize the test : yes
Credentialed checks : no
Patch management checks : None
CGI scanning : disabled
Web application tests : disabled
Max hosts : 100
Max checks : 5
Recv timeout : 5
Backports : None
Allow post-scan editing: Yes
```

Scan Start Date : 2017/12/9 13:10 EET

Scan duration: 433 sec

# 20094 - VMware Virtual Machine Detection

# **Synopsis**

The remote host is a VMware virtual machine.

# **Description**

According to the MAC address of its network adapter, the remote host is a VMware virtual machine.

#### Solution

Since it is physically accessible through the network, ensure that its configuration matches your organization's security policy.

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2005/10/27, Modification date: 2015/10/16

# **Ports**

tcp/0

The remote host is a VMware virtual machine.

# 25220 - TCP/IP Timestamps Supported

# **Synopsis**

The remote service implements TCP timestamps.

### **Description**

The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323. A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.

#### See Also

http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1323.txt

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2007/05/16, Modification date: 2011/03/20

#### **Ports**

tcp/0

# 35716 - Ethernet Card Manufacturer Detection

#### **Synopsis**

The manufacturer can be identified from the Ethernet OUI.

### **Description**

Each ethernet MAC address starts with a 24-bit Organizationally Unique Identifier (OUI). These OUIs are registered by IEEE.

# See Also

http://standards.ieee.org/faqs/regauth.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?794673b4

# Solution

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/19, Modification date: 2017/11/17

#### **Ports**

tcp/0

The following card manufacturers were identified :

00:50:56:01:2a:23 : VMware, Inc.

# 45590 - Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)

### **Synopsis**

It was possible to enumerate CPE names that matched on the remote system.

# **Description**

By using information obtained from a Nessus scan, this plugin reports CPE (Common Platform Enumeration) matches for various hardware and software products found on a host.

Note that if an official CPE is not available for the product, this plugin computes the best possible CPE based on the information available from the scan.

### See Also

http://cpe.mitre.org/

https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe

### **Solution**

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2010/04/21, Modification date: 2017/06/06

# **Ports**

tcp/0

The remote operating system matched the following CPE :

cpe:/o:freebsd:freebsd:10.3

# 54615 - Device Type

# **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote device type.

#### **Description**

Based on the remote operating system, it is possible to determine what the remote system type is (eg: a printer, router, general-purpose computer, etc).

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2011/05/23, Modification date: 2011/05/23

#### **Ports**

tcp/0

Remote device type : general-purpose Confidence level : 98

# 0/udp

# 10287 - Traceroute Information

# **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain traceroute information.

### **Description**

Makes a traceroute to the remote host.

### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 1999/11/27, Modification date: 2017/08/22

#### **Ports**

### udp/0

```
For your information, here is the traceroute from 192.168.10.234 to 192.168.10.1 : 192.168.10.234  
192.168.10.1  
Hop Count: 1
```

### 34277 - Nessus UDP Scanner

#### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which UDP ports are open.

### **Description**

This plugin runs a UDP port scan against the target. It is possible to determine which UDP ports are open by sending UDP packets on every port. If the port is open, the application will most often keep quiet.

If the port is closed, the TCP/IP stack may send back an ICMP Host unreachable / bad port packet. If the target machine is protected by a firewall, this technique cannot distinguish open ports from filtered ports and fails. As the ICMP rate is often limited, this scan is slow.

#### **Solution**

Protect your target with an IP filter or implement ICMP rate limitation.

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/04, Modification date: 2016/10/18

# **Ports**

# udp/0

The UDP port scan could not complete: The remote host has remained silent for too long This might be due to a firewall filtering UDP and/or ICMP packets

#### 53/tcp

# 10335 - Nessus TCP scanner

#### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### **Description**

This plugin is a classical TCP port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target. Once a TCP connection is open, it grabs any available banner for the service identification plugins. Note that TCP scanners are more intrusive than SYN (half open) scanners.

# **Solution**

Protect your target with an IP filter.

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/04, Modification date: 2017/10/24

# **Ports**

### tcp/53

Port 53/tcp was found to be open

# 11002 - DNS Server Detection

# **Synopsis**

A DNS server is listening on the remote host.

# **Description**

The remote service is a Domain Name System (DNS) server, which provides a mapping between hostnames and IP addresses.

### See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Domain\_Name\_System

#### Solution

Disable this service if it is not needed or restrict access to internal hosts only if the service is available externally.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2003/02/13, Modification date: 2017/05/16

#### **Ports**

tcp/53

80/tcp

# 10107 - HTTP Server Type and Version

### **Synopsis**

A web server is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

This plugin attempts to determine the type and the version of the remote web server.

# Solution

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2000/01/04, Modification date: 2016/02/19

# **Ports**

tcp/80

The remote web server type is :

nginx

# 10335 - Nessus TCP scanner

#### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# **Description**

This plugin is a classical TCP port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target. Once a TCP connection is open, it grabs any available banner for the service identification plugins. Note that TCP scanners are more intrusive than SYN (half open) scanners.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/04, Modification date: 2017/10/24

#### **Ports**

tcp/80

Port 80/tcp was found to be open

### 10386 - Web Server No 404 Error Code Check

# **Synopsis**

The remote web server does not return 404 error codes.

# **Description**

The remote web server is configured such that it does not return '404 Not Found' error codes when a nonexistent file is requested, perhaps returning instead a site map, search page or authentication page.

Nessus has enabled some counter measures for this. However, they might be insufficient. If a great number of security holes are produced for this port, they might not all be accurate.

### **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2000/04/28, Modification date: 2015/10/13

#### **Ports**

tcp/80

CGI scanning will be disabled for this host because the host responds to requests for non-existent URLs with HTTP code 301 rather than 404. The requested URL was :

http://192.168.10.1/zLXTyjvsoEtT.html

### 22964 - Service Detection

# **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

# **Description**

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

# **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2007/08/19, Modification date: 2017/07/07

### **Ports**

tcp/80

A web server is running on this port.

# 24260 - HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Information

#### **Synopsis**

Some information about the remote HTTP configuration can be extracted.

# **Description**

This test gives some information about the remote HTTP protocol - the version used, whether HTTP Keep-Alive and HTTP pipelining are enabled, etc...

This test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

# **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2007/01/30, Modification date: 2017/11/13

### **Ports**

tcp/80

```
Response Code : HTTP/1.1 301 Moved Permanently
Protocol version : HTTP/1.1
SSL : no
Keep-Alive : no
Options allowed : (Not implemented)
Headers :
  Server: nginx
 Date: Sat, 09 Dec 2017 11:09:44 GMT
 Content-Type: text/html
 Content-Length: 178
 Connection: keep-alive
 Location: https://192.168.10.1/
 X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
Response Body :
<html>
<head><title>301 Moved Permanently</title></head>
<body bgcolor="white">
<center><h1>301 Moved Permanently</h1></center>
<hr><center>nginx</center>
</body>
</html>
```

# 123/udp

#### 97861 - Network Time Protocol (NTP) Mode 6 Scanner

#### Synopsis

The remote NTP server responds to mode 6 queries.

# **Description**

The remote NTP server responds to mode 6 queries. Devices that respond to these queries have the potential to be used in NTP amplification attacks. An unauthenticated, remote attacker could potentially exploit this, via a specially crafted mode 6 query, to cause a reflected denial of service condition.

# See Also

https://ntpscan.shadowserver.org

# **Solution**

Restrict NTP mode 6 queries.

# **Risk Factor**

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:N/I:N/A:L)

#### **CVSS Base Score**

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2017/03/21, Modification date: 2017/03/21

#### **Ports**

udp/123

```
Nessus elicited the following response from the remote host by sending an NTP mode 6 query :

'version="ntpd 4.2.8p9@1.3265-o Sat Feb 11 03:58:47 UTC 2017 (1)",
```

```
processor="amd64", system="FreeBSD/10.3-RELEASE-p16", leap=0,
stratum=12, precision=-24, rootdelay=0.000, rootdisp=0.000,
refid=127.0.0.1, reftime=0x00000000.00000000, clock=0xddd6429f.falb7d9d,
peer=0, tc=3, mintc=3, offset=0.000000, frequency=0.000,
sys_jitter=0.000000, clk_jitter=0.000, clk_wander=0.000'
```

# 10884 - Network Time Protocol (NTP) Server Detection

# **Synopsis**

An NTP server is listening on the remote host.

### **Description**

An NTP server is listening on port 123. If not securely configured, it may provide information about its version, current date, current time, and possibly system information.

# See Also

http://www.ntp.org

#### **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2015/03/20, Modification date: 2017/05/31

#### **Ports**

udp/123

An NTP service has been discovered, listening on port 123.

Version : 4.2.8p9

#### 443/tcp

#### 51192 - SSL Certificate Cannot Be Trusted

# **Synopsis**

The SSL certificate for this service cannot be trusted.

# **Description**

The server's X.509 certificate cannot be trusted. This situation can occur in three different ways, in which the chain of trust can be broken, as stated below:

- First, the top of the certificate chain sent by the server might not be descended from a known public certificate authority. This can occur either when the top of the chain is an unrecognized, self-signed certificate, or when intermediate certificates are missing that would connect the top of the certificate chain to a known public certificate authority.
- Second, the certificate chain may contain a certificate that is not valid at the time of the scan. This can occur either when the scan occurs before one of the certificate's 'notBefore' dates, or after one of the certificate's 'notAfter' dates.
- Third, the certificate chain may contain a signature that either didn't match the certificate's information or could not be verified. Bad signatures can be fixed by getting the certificate with the bad signature to be re-signed by its issuer. Signatures that could not be verified are the result of the certificate's issuer using a signing algorithm that Nessus either does not support or does not recognize.

If the remote host is a public host in production, any break in the chain makes it more difficult for users to verify the authenticity and identity of the web server. This could make it easier to carry out man-in-the-middle attacks against the remote host.

#### See Also

http://www.itu.int/rec/T-REC-X.509/en

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/X.509

# **Solution**

Purchase or generate a proper certificate for this service.

# **Risk Factor**

Medium

# CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

### **CVSS Base Score**

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2010/12/15, Modification date: 2017/05/18

#### **Ports**

### tcp/443

The following certificate was at the top of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but it is signed by an unknown certificate authority:

|-Subject : C=US/ST=State/L=Locality/O=pfSense webConfigurator Self-Signed Certificate/E=admin@pfSense.localdomain/CN=pfSense-58aedd90745fe |-Issuer : C=US/ST=State/L=Locality/O=pfSense webConfigurator Self-Signed Certificate/E=admin@pfSense.localdomain/CN=pfSense-58aedd90745fe

#### 57582 - SSL Self-Signed Certificate

# **Synopsis**

The SSL certificate chain for this service ends in an unrecognized self-signed certificate.

#### Description

The X.509 certificate chain for this service is not signed by a recognized certificate authority. If the remote host is a public host in production, this nullifies the use of SSL as anyone could establish a man-in-the-middle attack against the remote host.

Note that this plugin does not check for certificate chains that end in a certificate that is not self-signed, but is signed by an unrecognized certificate authority.

### **Solution**

Purchase or generate a proper certificate for this service.

#### **Risk Factor**

Medium

### **CVSS Base Score**

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2012/01/17, Modification date: 2016/12/14

#### **Ports**

#### tcp/443

The following certificate was found at the top of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but is self-signed and was not found in the list of known certificate authorities:

|-Subject : C=US/ST=State/L=Locality/O=pfSense webConfigurator Self-Signed Certificate/E=admin@pfSense.localdomain/CN=pfSense-58aedd90745fe

# 10107 - HTTP Server Type and Version

# **Synopsis**

A web server is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

This plugin attempts to determine the type and the version of the remote web server.

# **Solution**

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2000/01/04, Modification date: 2016/02/19

#### **Ports**

#### tcp/443

The remote web server type is:

nginx

# 10335 - Nessus TCP scanner

# **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# **Description**

This plugin is a classical TCP port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target. Once a TCP connection is open, it grabs any available banner for the service identification plugins. Note that TCP scanners are more intrusive than SYN (half open) scanners.

### **Solution**

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/04, Modification date: 2017/10/24

#### **Ports**

tcp/443

Port 443/tcp was found to be open

# 10863 - SSL Certificate Information

# **Synopsis**

This plugin displays the SSL certificate.

# **Description**

This plugin connects to every SSL-related port and attempts to extract and dump the X.509 certificate.

### **Solution**

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2008/05/19, Modification date: 2015/12/30

# **Ports**

# tcp/443

```
Subject Name:

Country: US
State/Province: State
Locality: Locality
Organization: pfSense webConfigurator Self-Signed Certificate
Email Address: admin@pfSense.localdomain
Common Name: pfSense-58aedd90745fe

Issuer Name:

Country: US
State/Province: State
Locality: Locality
Organization: pfSense webConfigurator Self-Signed Certificate
Email Address: admin@pfSense.localdomain
Common Name: pfSense-58aedd90745fe

Serial Number: 00
```

```
Version: 3
Signature Algorithm: SHA-256 With RSA Encryption
Not Valid Before: Feb 23 13:03:12 2017 GMT
Not Valid After: Aug 16 13:03:12 2022 GMT
Public Key Info:
Algorithm: RSA Encryption
Key Length: 2048 bits
Public Key: 00 E3 9F B1 C9 4D 14 35 C0 60 A9 9A 55 09 F5 E8 D4 64 89 5C
            C2 BC 02 B4 BB D6 6C BA FA 05 76 F3 8F 12 A9 1C 07 95 78 57
            30 C7 70 0E 12 05 21 39 4E 1A D3 00 A2 91 7A D8 1E 3A 29 44
            06 09 20 04 C9 7A 49 3D 84 A3 EE 68 BF FF 88 75 6B 8C 62 9C
            32 OD B8 BF 2D 7F 3E 18 21 2F AB 6F 24 84 D0 DC 4D 8B 02 EF
            16 8E 45 D6 A0 9E 86 96 15 B4 1C 2C C3 6B C2 22 52 18 EF FC
            A4 A2 B1 C4 D3 1D 31 19 87 18 6D E2 53 C9 AD 0E 70 61 21 D8
            75 78 A1 48 06 5D D6 98 32 93 33 82 7D B6 54 61 31 33 37 34
            48 2E BD A2 91 E9 7C 62 3D 37 30 B4 4A A1 5E 1C E6 18 09 66
            9C 00 5D 1C DF F3 40 3B B4 7D 97 8A C0 B6 0D FD E1 C7 67 DA
            9B 42 4C 15 BB F4 65 DA 3F A6 B6 60 85 38 5D A5 0F BB F7 C8
            25 39 DD 15 3D 60 DA 62 F8 3F 70 F6 98 C6 89 06 EB D9 97 0B
            36 C9 A4 EB B7 61 41 96 D2 81 7A AC AA 23 0D C2 B1
Exponent: 01 00 01
Signature Length: 256 bytes / 2048 bits
Signature: 00 B8 8E C2 50 A3 62 61 E2 0C 79 F7 E8 F9 B6 09 61 7C 17 81
           B6 30 1E 7F 22 80 E3 72 8B E1 C5 A9 3E DE C4 5F 8E CD BB 62
           52 32 0E 40 83 D4 37 03 25 2D 40 30 9D 3F 55 EF 90 23 FF 56
           C7 8D D7 A7 C1 C2 62 C4 D4 8C 21 BB 13 59 67 1F 20 50 02 87
```

# 21643 - SSL Cipher Suites Supported

#### **Synopsis**

The remote service encrypts communications using SSL.

DD 5F 91 51 13 C2 A5 C4 6D [...]

### **Description**

This plugin detects which SSL ciphers are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

DC C9 9C CC AC 0B 9E DB 6E BA 94 BF 0E A1 BF 2F D7 FC 6E 7F

### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/man1.1.0/apps/ciphers.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?3a040ada

# **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2006/06/05, Modification date: 2017/11/13

### **Ports**

# tcp/443

```
Here is the list of SSL ciphers supported by the remote server : Each group is reported per SSL Version.
```

```
SSL Version : TLSv12
```

High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)

DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256	Kx=DH	Au=RSA	Enc=AES-GCM(128)	Mac=SHA256
DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384	Kx=DH	Au=RSA	Enc=AES-GCM(256)	Mac=SHA384
ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256	Kx=ECDH	Au=RSA	Enc=AES-GCM(128)	Mac=SHA256
ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384	Kx=ECDH	Au=RSA	Enc=AES-GCM(256)	Mac=SHA384
DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	Kx=DH	Au=RSA	Enc=AES-CBC(256)	Mac=SHA1
ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	Kx=ECDH	Au=RSA	Enc=AES-CBC(256)	Mac=SHA1
DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA256	Kx=DH	Au=RSA	Enc=AES-CBC(256)	Mac=SHA256
ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384	Kx=ECDH	Au=RSA	Enc=AES-CBC(256)	Mac=SHA384

```
SSL Version : TLSv11
  High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
    DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA
                                 Kx=DH
                                                 Au=RSA
                                                             Enc=AES-CBC(256)
                                                                                       Mac=SHA1
    ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA
                                 Kx=ECDH
                                                 Au=RSA
                                                             Enc=AES-CBC(256)
                                                                                       Mac=SHA1
The fields above are :
  {OpenSSL ciphername}
  Kx={key exchange}
  Au={authentication}
  Enc={symmetric encryption method}
 Mac={message authentication code}
  {export flag}
```

# 22964 - Service Detection

### **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

### **Description**

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

#### **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2007/08/19, Modification date: 2017/07/07

# **Ports**

### tcp/443

A TLSv1.1 server answered on this port.

#### tcp/443

A web server is running on this port through TLSv1.1.

# 24260 - HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Information

# **Synopsis**

Some information about the remote HTTP configuration can be extracted.

# **Description**

This test gives some information about the remote HTTP protocol - the version used, whether HTTP Keep-Alive and HTTP pipelining are enabled, etc...

This test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

# **Solution**

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2007/01/30, Modification date: 2017/11/13

# **Ports**

# tcp/443

```
Response Code : HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Protocol version : HTTP/1.1

SSL : yes

Keep-Alive : no
Options allowed : (Not implemented)
Headers :
```

```
Server: nginx
 Date: Sat, 09 Dec 2017 11:09:44 GMT
 Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8
 Transfer-Encoding: chunked
 Connection: keep-alive
 Last-Modified: Sat, 09 Dec 2017 11:09:44 GMT
 X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
 Expires: Thu, 19 Nov 1981 08:52:00 GMT
 Cache-Control: no-store, no-cache, must-revalidate, post-check=0, pre-check=0
 Pragma: no-cache
 Strict-Transport-Security: max-age=31536000
 X-Content-Type-Options: nosniff
Response Body :
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
<link rel="stylesheet" href="/css/pfSense.css" />
<title>Login</title>
<script type="text/javascript">
//<![CDATA{
var events = events || [];
//]]>
</script>
<script type="text/javascript">if (top != self) {top.location.href =
self.location.href;}</script><script type="text/javascript">var csrfMagicToken =
"sid:3ab7327de0fbae27180d8592844ec4b051d19510,1512817784";var csrfMagicName = "__csrf_magic";</
script><script src="/csrf/csrf-magic.js" type="text/javascript"></script></head>
<body id="login" class="no-menu">
<div id="jumbotron">
  <div class="container">
   <div class="col-sm-offset-3 col-sm-6 col-xs-12">
    <div class="panel panel-default">
     <div class="panel-heading">
      <h2 class="panel-title">Login to pfSense </h2>
     </div>
     <div class="panel-body">
     <div class="alert alert-warning hidden" id="no_cookies">The browser must support cookies to
login.</div>
      <form method="post" action="/index.php" class="form-horizontal"><input type='hidden'</pre>
name='__csrf_magic' value="sid:3ab7327de0fbae27180d8592844ec4b051d19510,1512817784" />
       <div class="form-group">
        <label for="usernamefld" class="col-sm-3 control-label">Username/label>
        <div class="col-sm-9 col-md-7">
         <input type="text" class="form-control" name="usernamefld" id="usernamefld"</pre>
placeholder="En [...]
```

### 42822 - Strict Transport Security (STS) Detection

#### Synopsis

The remote web server implements Strict Transport Security.

# **Description**

The remote web server implements Strict Transport Security (STS).

The goal of STS is to make sure that a user does not accidentally downgrade the security of his or her browser. All unencrypted HTTP connections are redirected to HTTPS. The browser is expected to treat all cookies as 'secure' and to close the connection in the event of potentially insecure situations.

# See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?2fb3aca6

# **Solution**

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/11/16, Modification date: 2013/11/19

#### **Ports**

tcp/443

The STS header line is :

Strict-Transport-Security: max-age=31536000

# 56984 - SSL / TLS Versions Supported

# **Synopsis**

The remote service encrypts communications.

#### **Description**

This plugin detects which SSL and TLS versions are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

# **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2011/12/01, Modification date: 2017/11/06

#### **Ports**

tcp/443

This port supports TLSv1.1/TLSv1.2.

# 57041 - SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy Cipher Suites Supported

### **Synopsis**

The remote service supports the use of SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy ciphers, which maintain confidentiality even if the key is stolen.

# **Description**

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS) encryption. These cipher suites ensure that recorded SSL traffic cannot be broken at a future date if the server's private key is compromised.

### See Also

http://www.openssl.org/docs/apps/ciphers.html

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diffie-Hellman\_key\_exchange

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Perfect\_forward\_secrecy

# **Solution**

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2011/12/07, Modification date: 2017/06/12

### **Ports**

tcp/443

Here is the list of SSL PFS ciphers supported by the remote server :

High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)

DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256	Kx=DH	Au=RSA	Enc=AES-GCM(128)	Mac=SHA256
DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384	Kx=DH	Au=RSA	Enc=AES-GCM(256)	Mac=SHA384
ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256	Kx=ECDH	Au=RSA	Enc=AES-GCM(128)	Mac=SHA256
ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384	Kx=ECDH	Au=RSA	Enc=AES-GCM(256)	Mac=SHA384
DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	Kx=DH	Au=RSA	Enc=AES-CBC(256)	Mac=SHA1

```
ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA
                                 Kx=ECDH
                                                 Au=RSA
                                                             Enc=AES-CBC(256)
                                                                                      Mac=SHA1
   DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA256
                                 Kx=DH
                                                 Au=RSA
                                                             Enc=AES-CBC(256)
                                                                                      Mac=SHA256
   ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384
                                 Kx=ECDH
                                                 Au=RSA
                                                             Enc=AES-CBC(256)
                                                                                      Mac=SHA384
The fields above are :
  {OpenSSL ciphername}
 Kx={key exchange}
 Au={authentication}
 Enc={symmetric encryption method}
 Mac={message authentication code}
```

# 62564 - TLS Next Protocols Supported

### **Synopsis**

{export flag}

The remote service advertises one or more protocols as being supported over TLS.

#### **Description**

This script detects which protocols are advertised by the remote service to be encapsulated by TLS connections. Note that Nessus did not attempt to negotiate TLS sessions with the protocols shown. The remote service may be falsely advertising these protocols and / or failing to advertise other supported protocols.

#### See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-agl-tls-nextprotoneg-04

https://technotes.googlecode.com/git/nextprotoneg.html

### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2012/10/16, Modification date: 2017/11/13

# **Ports**

# tcp/443

```
The target advertises that the following protocols are supported over SSL / TLS :  \label{eq:target}
```

http/1.1

# 70544 - SSL Cipher Block Chaining Cipher Suites Supported

### **Synopsis**

The remote service supports the use of SSL Cipher Block Chaining ciphers, which combine previous blocks with subsequent ones.

# **Description**

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that operate in Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) mode. These cipher suites offer additional security over Electronic Codebook (ECB) mode, but have the potential to leak information if used improperly.

### See Also

http://www.openssl.org/docs/apps/ciphers.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?cc4a822a

http://www.openssl.org/~bodo/tls-cbc.txt

# **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2013/10/22, Modification date: 2013/10/22

#### **Ports**

### tcp/443

```
Here is the list of SSL CBC ciphers supported by the remote server :
  High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
    DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA
                                                             Enc=AES-CBC(256)
                                                                                       Mac=SHA1
                                 Kx = DH
                                                 Au=RSA
    ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA
                                 Kx=ECDH
                                                 Au=RSA
                                                             Enc=AES-CBC(256)
                                                                                       Mac=SHA1
    DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA256
                                                             Enc=AES-CBC(256)
                                                                                       Mac=SHA256
                                 Kx = DH
                                                 Au=RSA
    ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384
                                 Kx=ECDH
                                                 Au=RSA
                                                             Enc=AES-CBC(256)
                                                                                       Mac=SHA384
The fields above are :
  {OpenSSL ciphername}
  Kx={key exchange}
 Au={authentication}
  Enc={symmetric encryption method}
  Mac={message authentication code}
  {export flag}
```

# 87242 - TLS NPN Supported Protocol Enumeration

# **Synopsis**

The remote host supports the TLS NPN extension.

### **Description**

The remote host supports the TLS NPN (Transport Layer Security Next Protocol Negotiation) extension. This plugin enumerates the protocols the extension supports.

### See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/id/draft-agl-tls-nextprotoneg-03.html

#### **Solution**

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2015/12/08, Modification date: 2015/12/08

#### **Ports**

tcp/443

```
NPN Supported Protocols:
```

http/1.1

#### 500/udp

# 11935 - IPSEC Internet Key Exchange (IKE) Version 1 Detection

# **Synopsis**

A VPN server is listening on the remote port.

### **Description**

The remote host seems to be enabled to do Internet Key Exchange (IKE) version 1. This is typically indicative of a VPN server. VPN servers are used to connect remote hosts into internal resources.

Make sure that the use of this VPN endpoint is done in accordance with your corporate security policy.

Note that if the remote host is not configured to allow the Nessus host to perform IKE/IPSEC negotiations, Nessus won't be able to detect the IKE service.

Also note that this plugin does not run over IPv6.

# **Solution**

If this service is not needed, disable it or filter incoming traffic to this port.

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2003/12/02, Modification date: 2016/06/13

### **Ports**

# udp/500

Nessus was able to get the following IKE vendor  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{ID}}(\ensuremath{\mathtt{s}}) \colon \ensuremath{\mathsf{XAUTH}}$ 

Dead Peer Detection v1.0

# 62695 - IPSEC Internet Key Exchange (IKE) Version 2 Detection

### **Synopsis**

A VPN server is listening on the remote port.

# **Description**

The remote host seems to be enabled to do Internet Key Exchange (IKE).

This is typically indicative of a VPN server. VPN servers are used to connect remote hosts into internal resources. Make sure that the use of this VPN endpoint is done in accordance with your corporate security policy.

Note that if the remote host is not configured to allow the Nessus host to perform IKE/IPSEC negotiations, Nessus won't be able to detect the IKE service.

Also note that this plugin does not run over IPv6.

# **Solution**

If this service is not needed, disable it or filter incoming traffic to this port.

### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2012/10/24, Modification date: 2016/02/15

#### **Ports**

udp/500

# 192.168.10.10

# **Scan Information**

Start time: Sat Dec 9 13:09:35 2017

End time: Sat Dec 9 13:18:26 2017

### **Host Information**

DNS Name: rodc.ldil.de

Netbios Name: RODC

IP: 192.168.10.10

MAC Address: 00:50:56:01:29:92

OS: Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 Standard Service Pack 1

### **Results Summary**

Critical	High	Medium	Low	Info	Total
3	0	1	0	52	56

#### **Results Details**

#### 0/tcp

# 10919 - Open Port Re-check

#### **Synopsis**

Previously open ports are now closed.

# **Description**

One of several ports that were previously open are now closed or unresponsive.

There are several possible reasons for this:

- The scan may have caused a service to freeze or stop running.
- An administrator may have stopped a particular service during the scanning process.

This might be an availability problem related to the following:

- A network outage has been experienced during the scan, and the remote network cannot be reached anymore by the scanner.
- This scanner may has been blacklisted by the system administrator or by an automatic intrusion detection / prevention system that detected the scan.
- The remote host is now down, either because a user turned it off during the scan or because a select denial of service was effective.

In any case, the audit of the remote host might be incomplete and may need to be done again.

### Solution

- Increase checks\_read\_timeout and/or reduce max\_checks.
- Disable any IPS during the Nessus scan

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2002/03/19, Modification date: 2014/06/04

# **Ports**

tcp/0

Port 3269 was detected as being open but is now closed

# 11936 - OS Identification

# **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote operating system.

# **Description**

Using a combination of remote probes (e.g., TCP/IP, SMB, HTTP, NTP, SNMP, etc.), it is possible to guess the name of the remote operating system in use. It is also possible sometimes to guess the version of the operating system.

### **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2003/12/09, Modification date: 2017/08/29

### **Ports**

### tcp/0

```
Remote operating system: Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 Standard Service Pack 1 Confidence level: 99
Method: MSRPC

Not all fingerprints could give a match. If you think some or all of the following could be used to identify the host's operating system, please email them to os-signatures@nessus.org. Be sure to include a brief description of the host itself, such as the actual operating system or product / model names.

NTP:!:unknown
```

The remote host is running Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 Standard Service Pack 1

# 12053 - Host Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) Resolution

#### **Synopsis**

It was possible to resolve the name of the remote host.

### **Description**

Nessus was able to resolve the fully qualified domain name (FQDN) of the remote host.

#### **Solution**

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2004/02/11, Modification date: 2017/04/14

# **Ports**

tcp/0

192.168.10.10 resolves as rodc.ldil.de.

# 19506 - Nessus Scan Information

### **Synopsis**

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

# **Description**

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself:

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2005/08/26, Modification date: 2017/10/26

# **Ports**

### tcp/0

```
Information about this scan :
Nessus version : 6.11.2
Plugin feed version: 201711171815
Scanner edition used : Nessus
Scan type : Normal
Scan policy used : Advanced Scan
Scanner IP : 192.168.10.234
Port scanner(s) : nessus_tcp_scanner
Port range : default
Thorough tests : no
Experimental tests : no
Paranoia level : 1
Report verbosity: 1
Safe checks : yes
Optimize the test : yes
Credentialed checks : no
Patch management checks : None
CGI scanning : disabled
Web application tests : disabled
Max hosts: 100
Max checks : 5
Recv timeout : 5
Backports : None
Allow post-scan editing: Yes
Scan Start Date : 2017/12/9 13:09 EET
Scan duration : 520 sec
```

# 20094 - VMware Virtual Machine Detection

# **Synopsis**

The remote host is a VMware virtual machine.

# **Description**

According to the MAC address of its network adapter, the remote host is a VMware virtual machine.

# **Solution**

Since it is physically accessible through the network, ensure that its configuration matches your organization's security policy.

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2005/10/27, Modification date: 2015/10/16

# **Ports**

tcp/0

The remote host is a VMware virtual machine.

# 24786 - Nessus Windows Scan Not Performed with Admin Privileges

# **Synopsis**

The Nessus scan of this host may be incomplete due to insufficient privileges provided.

# **Description**

The Nessus scanner testing the remote host has been given SMB credentials to log into the remote host, however these credentials do not have administrative privileges.

Typically, when Nessus performs a patch audit, it logs into the remote host and reads the version of the DLLs on the remote host to determine if a given patch has been applied or not. This is the method Microsoft recommends to determine if a patch has been applied.

If your Nessus scanner does not have administrative privileges when doing a scan, then Nessus has to fall back to perform a patch audit through the registry which may lead to false positives (especially when using third-party patch auditing tools) or to false negatives (not all patches can be detected through the registry).

#### Solution

Reconfigure your scanner to use credentials with administrative privileges.

# **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2007/03/12, Modification date: 2013/01/07

#### **Ports**

tcp/0

It was not possible to connect to '\\RODC\ADMIN\$' with the supplied credentials.

# 25220 - TCP/IP Timestamps Supported

### **Synopsis**

The remote service implements TCP timestamps.

#### **Description**

The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323. A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.

#### See Also

http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1323.txt

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2007/05/16, Modification date: 2011/03/20

#### **Ports**

tcp/0

# 35716 - Ethernet Card Manufacturer Detection

# **Synopsis**

The manufacturer can be identified from the Ethernet OUI.

#### **Description**

Each ethernet MAC address starts with a 24-bit Organizationally Unique Identifier (OUI). These OUIs are registered by IEEE.

# See Also

http://standards.ieee.org/faqs/regauth.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?794673b4

# **Solution**

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/19, Modification date: 2017/11/17

# **Ports**

### tcp/0

The following card manufacturers were identified :

00:50:56:01:29:92 : VMware, Inc.

# 45590 - Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)

#### **Synopsis**

It was possible to enumerate CPE names that matched on the remote system.

### **Description**

By using information obtained from a Nessus scan, this plugin reports CPE (Common Platform Enumeration) matches for various hardware and software products found on a host.

Note that if an official CPE is not available for the product, this plugin computes the best possible CPE based on the information available from the scan.

# See Also

http://cpe.mitre.org/

https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe

### **Solution**

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2010/04/21, Modification date: 2017/06/06

### **Ports**

tcp/0

The remote operating system matched the following CPE :

cpe:/o:microsoft:windows\_server\_2008:r2:sp1 -> Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 Service Pack 1

# 54615 - Device Type

# **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote device type.

# **Description**

Based on the remote operating system, it is possible to determine what the remote system type is (eg: a printer, router, general-purpose computer, etc).

# Solution

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2011/05/23, Modification date: 2011/05/23

# **Ports**

#### tcp/0

Remote device type : general-purpose Confidence level : 99

#### 0/udp

# 10287 - Traceroute Information

#### **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain traceroute information.

### **Description**

Makes a traceroute to the remote host.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 1999/11/27, Modification date: 2017/08/22

### **Ports**

### udp/0

```
For your information, here is the traceroute from 192.168.10.234 to 192.168.10.10: 192.168.10.234
192.168.10.10
Hop Count: 1
```

# 34277 - Nessus UDP Scanner

#### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which UDP ports are open.

# **Description**

This plugin runs a UDP port scan against the target. It is possible to determine which UDP ports are open by sending UDP packets on every port. If the port is open, the application will most often keep quiet.

If the port is closed, the TCP/IP stack may send back an ICMP Host unreachable / bad port packet. If the target machine is protected by a firewall, this technique cannot distinguish open ports from filtered ports and fails. As the ICMP rate is often limited, this scan is slow.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter or implement ICMP rate limitation.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/04, Modification date: 2016/10/18

#### **Ports**

#### udp/0

The UDP port scan could not complete: The remote host has remained silent for too long This might be due to a firewall filtering UDP and/or ICMP packets

#### 53/tcp

### 10335 - Nessus TCP scanner

#### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# **Description**

This plugin is a classical TCP port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target. Once a TCP connection is open, it grabs any available banner for the service identification plugins. Note that TCP scanners are more intrusive than SYN (half open) scanners.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/04, Modification date: 2017/10/24

#### **Ports**

tcp/53

Port 53/tcp was found to be open

# 11002 - DNS Server Detection

### **Synopsis**

A DNS server is listening on the remote host.

# **Description**

The remote service is a Domain Name System (DNS) server, which provides a mapping between hostnames and IP addresses.

#### See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Domain\_Name\_System

#### Solution

Disable this service if it is not needed or restrict access to internal hosts only if the service is available externally.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2003/02/13, Modification date: 2017/05/16

#### **Ports**

tcp/53

### 72779 - DNS Server Version Detection

# **Synopsis**

Nessus was able to obtain version information on the remote DNS server.

#### **Description**

Nessus was able to obtain version information by sending a special TXT record query to the remote host. Note that this version is not necessarily accurate and could even be forged, as some DNS servers send the information based on a configuration file.

#### **Solution**

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2014/03/03, Modification date: 2014/11/05

# **Ports**

tcp/53

```
DNS server answer for "version" (over TCP) :
```

Microsoft DNS 6.1.7601 (1DB1446A)

#### 53/udp

72836 - MS11-058: Vulnerabilities in DNS Server Could Allow Remote Code Execution (2562485) (uncredentialed check)

# **Synopsis**

The DNS server running on the remote host has multiple vulnerabilities.

# Description

According to its self-reported version number, the Microsoft DNS Server running on the remote host has the following vulnerabilities:

- A memory corruption vulnerability exists that can be triggered by an attacker sending a specially crafted NAPTR query. This could result in arbitrary code execution. (CVE-2011-1966)
- A denial of service vulnerability exists related to the improper handling of uninitialized memory. This may result in the DNS service becoming unresponsive. (CVE-2011-1970)

#### See Also

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/security/bulletin/ms11-058

# Solution

Microsoft has released a set of patches for Windows 2003, 2008, and 2008 R2.

### **Risk Factor**

Critical

### **CVSS Base Score**

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

# **CVSS Temporal Score**

7.8 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

# References

**BID** 49012

**BID** 49019

**CVE** CVE-2011-1966

**CVE** CVE-2011-1970

**MSKB** 2562485

XREF OSVDB:74399

XREF OSVDB:74400

XREF MSFT:MS11-058

# **Exploitable with**

Core Impact (true)

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2014/03/05, Modification date: 2017/08/30

# **Ports**

udp/53

Installed version : 6.1.7601.17514
Fixed version : 6.1.7601.17639

# 72837 - MS12-017: Vulnerability in DNS Server Could Allow Denial of Service (2647170) (uncredentialed check)

# **Synopsis**

The DNS server running on the remote host is susceptible to a denial of service attack.

# **Description**

According to its self-reported version number, the Microsoft DNS server running on the remote host does not properly handle objects in memory when looking up the resource record of a domain. By sending a specially crafted DNS query an attacker may be able to exploit this flaw and cause the DNS server on the remote host to stop responding and eventually restart.

#### See Also

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/security/bulletin/ms12-017

#### **Solution**

Microsoft has released a set of patches for Windows 2003, 2008, and 2008 R2.

#### **Risk Factor**

Medium

#### **CVSS Base Score**

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

### **CVSS Temporal Score**

4.1 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### References

**BID** 52374

**CVE** CVE-2012-0006

**MSKB** 2647170

XREF OSVDB:80005

XREF MSFT:MS12-017

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2014/03/05, Modification date: 2017/08/30

# **Ports**

# udp/53

Installed version : 6.1.7601.17514
Fixed version : 6.1.7601.17750

# 72780 - Microsoft DNS Server Version Detection

### **Synopsis**

Nessus was able to obtain version information on the remote Microsoft DNS server.

#### **Description**

Nessus was able to obtain version information from the remote Microsoft DNS server by sending a special TXT record query to the remote host.

### See Also

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc772069.aspx

#### **Solution**

The command 'dnscmd /config /EnableVersionQuery 0' can be used to disable version queries if desired.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2014/03/03, Modification date: 2014/03/03

# **Ports**

# udp/53

Reported version : Microsoft DNS 6.1.7601 (1DB1446A) Extended version : 6.1.7601.17514

#### 88/tcp

# 10335 - Nessus TCP scanner

# **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### **Description**

This plugin is a classical TCP port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target. Once a TCP connection is open, it grabs any available banner for the service identification plugins. Note that TCP scanners are more intrusive than SYN (half open) scanners.

# **Solution**

Protect your target with an IP filter.

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/04, Modification date: 2017/10/24

# **Ports**

### tcp/88

Port 88/tcp was found to be open

# 43829 - Kerberos Information Disclosure

### **Synopsis**

The remote Kerberos server is leaking information.

# **Description**

Nessus was able to retrieve the realm name and/or server time of the remote Kerberos server.

#### **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2010/01/08, Modification date: 2015/09/24

#### **Ports**

tcp/88

```
Nessus gathered the following information:

Server time : 2017-12-09 11:15:01 UTC
```

Realm : LDIL.DE

#### 123/udp

# 10884 - Network Time Protocol (NTP) Server Detection

#### Synopsis

An NTP server is listening on the remote host.

### **Description**

An NTP server is listening on port 123. If not securely configured, it may provide information about its version, current date, current time, and possibly system information.

### See Also

http://www.ntp.org

# Solution

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2015/03/20, Modification date: 2017/05/31

# **Ports**

# udp/123

```
An NTP service has been discovered, listening on port 123.
```

No sensitive information has been disclosed.

Version : unknown

# 135/tcp

### 10335 - Nessus TCP scanner

# **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# **Description**

This plugin is a classical TCP port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target. Once a TCP connection is open, it grabs any available banner for the service identification plugins. Note that TCP scanners are more intrusive than SYN (half open) scanners.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/04, Modification date: 2017/10/24

#### **Ports**

tcp/135

Port 135/tcp was found to be open

# 10736 - DCE Services Enumeration

#### **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

### **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2001/08/26, Modification date: 2014/05/12

#### **Ports**

# tcp/135

```
The following DCERPC services are available locally :
Object UUID : 765294ba-60bc-48b8-92e9-89fd77769d91
UUID : d95afe70-a6d5-4259-822e-2c84dalddb0d, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Local RPC service
Named pipe : WindowsShutdown
Object UUID : 765294ba-60bc-48b8-92e9-89fd77769d91
UUID : d95afe70-a6d5-4259-822e-2c84da1ddb0d, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Local RPC service
Named pipe : WMsgKRpc07B840
Object UUID : b08669ee-8cb5-43a5-a017-84fe00000000
UUID : 76f226c3-ec14-4325-8a99-6a46348418af, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Local RPC service
Named pipe : WindowsShutdown
Object UUID : b08669ee-8cb5-43a5-a017-84fe00000000
UUID : 76f226c3-ec14-4325-8a99-6a46348418af, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Local RPC service
Named pipe : WMsgKRpc07B840
Object UUID : 6d726574-7273-0076-0000-000000000000
UUID : c9ac6db5-82b7-4e55-ae8a-e464ed7b4277, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Annotation: Impl friendly name
Type : Local RPC service
Named pipe : LRPC-f57a3f0a334044b229
Object UUID : 52ef130c-08fd-4388-86b3-6edf00000001
UUID : 12e65dd8-887f-41ef-91bf-8d816c42c2e7, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
```

```
Annotation : Secure Desktop LRPC interface
Type : Local RPC service
Named pipe : WMsgKRpc07BA61
Object UUID : b08669ee-8cb5-43a5-a017-84fe00000001
UUID : 76f226c3-ec14-4325-8a99-6a46348418af, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Local RPC service
Named pipe : WMsgKRpc07BA61
Object UUID : 5d8c0e58-a295-460b-a1fd-e22c6e3d7748
UUID : 906b0ce0-c70b-1067-b317-00dd010662da, version 1.0
Description : Distributed Transaction Coordinator
Windows process : msdtc.exe
Type : Local RPC service
Named pipe : OLE7454A2C30D7A4892A761CA8514D5
Object UUID : 5d8c0e58-a295-460b-a1fd-e22c6e3d7748
UUID : 906b0ce0-c70b-1067-b317-00dd010662da, version 1.0
Description : Distributed Transaction Coordinator
Windows process : msdtc.exe
Type : Local RPC service
Named pipe: LRPC-adef088a96c2487121
```

#### 137/udp

# 10150 - Windows NetBIOS / SMB Remote Host Information Disclosure

#### **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain the network name of the remote host.

Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0 [...]

# **Description**

The remote host is listening on UDP port 137 or TCP port 445, and replies to NetBIOS nbtscan or SMB requests. Note that this plugin gathers information to be used in other plugins, but does not itself generate a report.

#### Solution

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 1999/10/12, Modification date: 2017/09/27

# **Ports**

# udp/137

```
The following 4 NetBIOS names have been gathered:

RODC = Computer name

LDIL = Workgroup / Domain name

LDIL = Domain Controllers

RODC = File Server Service

The remote host has the following MAC address on its adapter:
```

00:50:56:01:29:92

# 139/tcp

#### 10335 - Nessus TCP scanner

# **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# **Description**

This plugin is a classical TCP port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target. Once a TCP connection is open, it grabs any available banner for the service identification plugins. Note that TCP scanners are more intrusive than SYN (half open) scanners.

#### **Solution**

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/04, Modification date: 2017/10/24

#### **Ports**

tcp/139

Port 139/tcp was found to be open

# 11011 - Microsoft Windows SMB Service Detection

# **Synopsis**

A file / print sharing service is listening on the remote host.

#### **Description**

The remote service understands the CIFS (Common Internet File System) or Server Message Block (SMB) protocol, used to provide shared access to files, printers, etc between nodes on a network.

#### **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

# Plugin Information:

Publication date: 2002/06/05, Modification date: 2015/06/02

#### **Ports**

tcp/139

An SMB server is running on this port.

# 389/tcp

# 10335 - Nessus TCP scanner

# **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a classical TCP port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target. Once a TCP connection is open, it grabs any available banner for the service identification plugins. Note that TCP scanners are more intrusive than SYN (half open) scanners.

# Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/04, Modification date: 2017/10/24

# **Ports**

tcp/389

Port 389/tcp was found to be open

# 20870 - LDAP Server Detection

# **Synopsis**

An LDAP server was detected on the remote host.

# **Description**

The remote host is running a Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) server. LDAP is a protocol for providing access to directory services over TCP/IP.

# See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/LDAP

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2006/02/10, Modification date: 2017/05/16

#### **Ports**

tcp/389

# 25701 - LDAP Crafted Search Request Server Information Disclosure

#### **Synopsis**

It is possible to discover information about the remote LDAP server.

# **Description**

By sending a search request with a filter set to 'objectClass=\*', it is possible to extract information about the remote LDAP server.

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2007/07/12, Modification date: 2012/02/20

1.2.840.113556.1.4.474

#### **Ports**

### tcp/389

```
[+]-namingContexts:
     DC=ldil,DC=de
      CN=Configuration, DC=ldil, DC=de
      {\tt CN=Schema\,,CN=Configuration\,,DC=ldil\,,DC=de}
      DC=DomainDnsZones,DC=ldil,DC=de
     DC=ForestDnsZones.DC=ldil.DC=de
[+]-currentTime:
    20171209111638.0Z
[+]-subschemaSubentry:
   CN=Aggregate, CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=ldil, DC=de
[+]-dsServiceName:
   CN=NTDS Settings, CN=RODC, CN=Servers, CN=StoreBranch, CN=Sites, CN=Configuration, DC=ldil, DC=de
[+]-namingContexts:
     DC=ldil,DC=de
      CN=Configuration, DC=ldil, DC=de
      CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=ldil, DC=de
      DC=DomainDnsZones,DC=ldil,DC=de
     DC=ForestDnsZones,DC=ldil,DC=de
[+]-defaultNamingContext:
   DC=ldil,DC=de
[+]-schemaNamingContext:
    CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=ldil, DC=de
[+]-configurationNamingContext:
   | CN=Configuration, DC=ldil, DC=de
[+]-rootDomainNamingContext:
   DC=ldil,DC=de
[+]-supportedControl:
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.319
      1.2.840.113556.1.4.801
      1.2.840.113556.1.4.473
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.528
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.417
      1.2.840.113556.1.4.619
      1.2.840.113556.1.4.841
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.529
      1.2.840.113556.1.4.805
      1.2.840.113556.1.4.521
      1.2.840.113556.1.4.970
      1.2.840.113556.1.4.1338
```

```
1.2.840.113556.1.4.1339
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.1340
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.1413
      2.16.840.1.113730.3.4.9
      2.16.840.1.113730.3.4.10
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.1504
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.1852
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.802
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.1907
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.1948
      1.2.840.113556.1.4.1974
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.1341
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.2026
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.2064
      1.2.840.113556.1.4.2065
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.2066
[+]-supportedLDAPVersion:
     2
[+]-supportedLDAPPolicies:
     MaxPoolThreads
     MaxDatagramRecv
     MaxReceiveBuffer
      InitRecvTimeout
     MaxConnections
     MaxConnIdleTime
     MaxPageSize
     MaxQueryDuration
     MaxTempTableSize
     MaxResultSetSize
```

#### 445/tcp

97833 - MS17-010: Security Update for Microsoft Windows SMB Server (4013389) (ETERNALBLUE) (ETERNALCHAMPION) (ETERNALROMANCE) (ETERNALSYNERGY) (WannaCry) (EternalRocks) (Petya) (uncredentialed check)

# **Synopsis**

The remote Windows host is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

### **Description**

The remote Windows host is affected by the following vulnerabilities:

- Multiple remote code execution vulnerabilities exist in Microsoft Server Message Block 1.0 (SMBv1) due to improper handling of certain requests. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit these vulnerabilities, via a specially crafted packet, to execute arbitrary code. (CVE-2017-0143, CVE-2017-0144, CVE-2017-0145, CVE-2017-0146, CVE-2017-0148)
- An information disclosure vulnerability exists in Microsoft Server Message Block 1.0 (SMBv1) due to improper handling of certain requests. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a specially crafted packet, to disclose sensitive information. (CVE-2017-0147)

ETERNALBLUE, ETERNALCHAMPION, ETERNALROMANCE, and ETERNALSYNERGY are four of multiple Equation Group vulnerabilities and exploits disclosed on 2017/04/14 by a group known as the Shadow Brokers. WannaCry / WannaCrypt is a ransomware program utilizing the ETERNALBLUE exploit, and EternalRocks is a worm that utilizes seven Equation Group vulnerabilities. Petya is a ransomware program that first utilizes CVE-2017-0199, a vulnerability in Microsoft Office, and then spreads via ETERNALBLUE.

# See Also

https://technet.microsoft.com/library/security/MS17-010

http://www.nessus.org/u?321523eb

http://www.nessus.org/u?7bec1941

http://www.nessus.org/u?d9f569cf

https://blogs.technet.microsoft.com/filecab/2016/09/16/stop-using-smb1/

https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/kb/2696547

http://www.nessus.org/u?8dcab5e4

http://www.nessus.org/u?36fd3072

http://www.nessus.org/u?4c7e0cf3

https://github.com/stamparm/EternalRocks/

http://www.nessus.org/u?59db5b5b

#### **Solution**

Microsoft has released a set of patches for Windows Vista, 2008, 7, 2008 R2, 2012, 8.1, RT 8.1, 2012 R2, 10, and 2016. Microsoft has also released emergency patches for Windows operating systems that are no longer supported, including Windows XP, 2003, and 8.

For unsupported Windows operating systems, e.g. Windows XP, Microsoft recommends that users discontinue the use of SMBv1. SMBv1 lacks security features that were included in later SMB versions. SMBv1 can be disabled by following the vendor instructions provided in Microsoft KB2696547. Additionally, US-CERT recommends that users block SMB directly by blocking TCP port 445 on all network boundary devices. For SMB over the NetBIOS API, block TCP ports 137 / 139 and UDP ports 137 / 138 on all network boundary devices.

## **Risk Factor**

Critical

## CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

## CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

9.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:F/RL:U/RC:X)

#### **CVSS Base Score**

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

## **CVSS Temporal Score**

9.5 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:U/RC:ND)

## **STIG Severity**

### References

BID	96703
BID	96704
BID	96705
BID	96706
BID	96707
BID	96709
CVE	CVE-2017-0143
CVE	CVE-2017-0144
CVE	CVE-2017-0145
CVE	CVE-2017-0146
CVE	CVE-2017-0147
CVE	CVE-2017-0148
MSKB	4012212
MSKB	4012213

**MSKB** 4012214

**MSKB** 4012215

**MSKB** 4012216

**MSKB** 4012217

MSKB 4012606

MSKB 4013198

**MSKB** 4013429

MSKB 4012598

XREF OSVDB:153673

XREF OSVDB:153674

XREF OSVDB:153675

XREF OSVDB:153676

XREF OSVDB:153677

XREF OSVDB:153678

XREF OSVDB:155620

XREF OSVDB:155634

XREF OSVDB:155635

XREF EDB-ID:41891

XREF EDB-ID:41987

XREF MSFT:MS17-010

**XREF** IAVA:2017-A-0065

## **Exploitable with**

Core Impact (true)Metasploit (true)

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2017/03/20, Modification date: 2017/09/07

#### **Ports**

## tcp/445

## 10335 - Nessus TCP scanner

#### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a classical TCP port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target. Once a TCP connection is open, it grabs any available banner for the service identification plugins. Note that TCP scanners are more intrusive than SYN (half open) scanners.

## **Solution**

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/04, Modification date: 2017/10/24

#### **Ports**

tcp/445

Port 445/tcp was found to be open

## 10394 - Microsoft Windows SMB Log In Possible

#### **Synopsis**

It was possible to log into the remote host.

#### **Description**

The remote host is running a Microsoft Windows operating system or Samba, a CIFS/SMB server for Unix. It was possible to log into it using one of the following accounts:

- NULL session
- Guest account
- Supplied credentials

#### See Also

https://support.microsoft.com/kb/143474

https://support.microsoft.com/kb/246261

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2000/05/09, Modification date: 2017/11/06

#### **Ports**

tcp/445

- NULL sessions are enabled on the remote host.

## 10736 - DCE Services Enumeration

#### **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

## **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

## **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2001/08/26, Modification date: 2014/05/12

## **Ports**

## tcp/445

The following DCERPC services are available remotely :

Object UUID : 765294ba-60bc-48b8-92e9-89fd77769d91 UUID : d95afe70-a6d5-4259-822e-2c84dalddb0d, version 1.0

Description : Unknown RPC service

Type : Remote RPC service
Named pipe : \PIPE\InitShutdown

```
Netbios name : \\RODC
Object UUID : b08669ee-8cb5-43a5-a017-84fe00000000
UUID : 76f226c3-ec14-4325-8a99-6a46348418af, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Remote RPC service
Named pipe : \PIPE\InitShutdown
Netbios name : \\RODC
UUID : e3514235-4b06-11d1-ab04-00c04fc2dcd2, version 4.0
Description : Active Directory Replication Interface
Windows process : unknown
Annotation: MS NT Directory DRS Interface
Type : Remote RPC service
Named pipe : \pipe\lsass
Netbios name : \\RODC
UUID : e3514235-4b06-11d1-ab04-00c04fc2dcd2, version 4.0
Description : Active Directory Replication Interface
Windows process : unknown
Annotation : MS NT Directory DRS Interface
Type : Remote RPC service
Named pipe : \PIPE\protected_storage
Netbios name : \\RODC
UUID : 12345778-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ab, version 0.0
Description : Local Security Authority
Windows process : lsass.exe
Type : Remote RPC service
Named pipe : \pipe\lsass
Netbios name : \\RODC
UUID : 12345778-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ab, version 0.0
Description : Local Security Authority
Windows process : lsass.exe
Type : Remote RPC service
Named pipe : \PIPE\protected_storage
Netbios name : \\RODC
UUID : 12345778-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ac, version 1.0
Description : Security Account Manager
Windows process : lsass.exe
Type : Remote RPC service
Named pipe : \pipe\lsass
Netbios name : \\RODC
UUID : 12345778-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ac, version 1.0
Description : Security Account Manager
Windows process : ls [...]
```

# 10785 - Microsoft Windows SMB NativeLanManager Remote System Information Disclosure Synopsis

It was possible to obtain information about the remote operating system.

## **Description**

Nessus was able to obtain the remote operating system name and version (Windows and/or Samba) by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445. Note that this plugin requires SMB1 to be enabled on the host.

## Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2001/10/17, Modification date: 2017/02/21

#### **Ports**

#### tcp/445

```
The remote Operating System is: Windows Server 2008 R2 Standard 7601 Service Pack 1
The remote native LAN manager is: Windows Server 2008 R2 Standard 6.1
The remote SMB Domain Name is: LDIL
```

#### 11011 - Microsoft Windows SMB Service Detection

#### **Synopsis**

A file / print sharing service is listening on the remote host.

## **Description**

The remote service understands the CIFS (Common Internet File System) or Server Message Block (SMB) protocol, used to provide shared access to files, printers, etc between nodes on a network.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2002/06/05. Modification date: 2015/06/02

#### **Ports**

tcp/445

A CIFS server is running on this port.

## 26917 - Microsoft Windows SMB Registry: Nessus Cannot Access the Windows Registry

#### **Synopsis**

Nessus is not able to access the remote Windows Registry.

#### **Description**

It was not possible to connect to PIPE\winreg on the remote host.

If you intend to use Nessus to perform registry-based checks, the registry checks will not work because the 'Remote Registry Access'

service (winreg) has been disabled on the remote host or can not be connected to with the supplied credentials.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2007/10/04, Modification date: 2011/03/27

#### **Ports**

## tcp/445

```
Could not connect to the registry because: Could not connect to \winreg
```

## 96982 - Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol Version 1 Enabled (uncredentialed check)

#### **Synopsis**

The remote Windows host supports the SMBv1 protocol.

#### **Description**

The remote Windows host supports Server Message Block Protocol version 1 (SMBv1). Microsoft recommends that users discontinue the use of SMBv1 due to the lack of security features that were included in later SMB versions. Additionally, the Shadow Brokers group reportedly has an exploit that affects SMB; however, it is unknown if the exploit affects SMBv1 or another version. In response to this, US-CERT recommends that users disable SMBv1 per SMB best practices to mitigate these potential issues.

#### See Also

https://blogs.technet.microsoft.com/filecab/2016/09/16/stop-using-smb1/

https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/kb/2696547

http://www.nessus.org/u?8dcab5e4

http://www.nessus.org/u?36fd3072

http://www.nessus.org/u?4c7e0cf3

#### **Solution**

Disable SMBv1 according to the vendor instructions in Microsoft KB2696547. Additionally, block SMB directly by blocking TCP port 445 on all network boundary devices. For SMB over the NetBIOS API, block TCP ports 137 / 139 and UDP ports 137 / 138 on all network boundary devices.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### References

XREF OSVDB:151058

#### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2017/02/03, Modification date: 2017/02/16

## Ports

tcp/445

The remote host supports SMBv1.

## 100871 - Microsoft Windows SMB Versions Supported (remote check)

### **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain information about the version of SMB running on the remote host.

#### **Description**

Nessus was able to obtain the version of SMB running on the remote host by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445.

Note that this plugin is a remote check and does not work on agents.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2017/06/19, Modification date: 2017/06/19

#### **Ports**

tcp/445

The remote host supports the following versions of SMB:  $\begin{array}{c} {\tt SMBv1} \\ {\tt SMBv2} \end{array}$ 

## 464/tcp

## 10335 - Nessus TCP scanner

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a classical TCP port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target. Once a TCP connection is open, it grabs any available banner for the service identification plugins. Note that TCP scanners are more intrusive than SYN (half open) scanners.

#### **Solution**

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/04, Modification date: 2017/10/24

#### **Ports**

tcp/464

Port 464/tcp was found to be open

593/tcp

#### 10335 - Nessus TCP scanner

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

#### **Description**

This plugin is a classical TCP port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target. Once a TCP connection is open, it grabs any available banner for the service identification plugins. Note that TCP scanners are more intrusive than SYN (half open) scanners.

#### **Solution**

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/04, Modification date: 2017/10/24

**Ports** 

tcp/593

Port 593/tcp was found to be open

## 22964 - Service Detection

## **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

### **Description**

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2007/08/19, Modification date: 2017/07/07

**Ports** 

tcp/593

An http-rpc-epmap is running on this port.

636/tcp

## 10335 - Nessus TCP scanner

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a classical TCP port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target. Once a TCP connection is open, it grabs any available banner for the service identification plugins. Note that TCP scanners are more intrusive than SYN (half open) scanners.

#### **Solution**

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/04, Modification date: 2017/10/24

#### **Ports**

tcp/636

Port 636/tcp was found to be open

#### 3268/tcp

## 10335 - Nessus TCP scanner

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

#### **Description**

This plugin is a classical TCP port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target. Once a TCP connection is open, it grabs any available banner for the service identification plugins. Note that TCP scanners are more intrusive than SYN (half open) scanners.

#### **Solution**

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/04, Modification date: 2017/10/24

#### **Ports**

tcp/3268

Port 3268/tcp was found to be open

## 20870 - LDAP Server Detection

## **Synopsis**

An LDAP server was detected on the remote host.

## **Description**

The remote host is running a Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) server. LDAP is a protocol for providing access to directory services over TCP/IP.

#### See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/LDAP

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2006/02/10, Modification date: 2017/05/16

#### **Ports**

tcp/3268

### 25701 - LDAP Crafted Search Request Server Information Disclosure

#### **Synopsis**

It is possible to discover information about the remote LDAP server.

#### **Description**

By sending a search request with a filter set to 'objectClass=\*', it is possible to extract information about the remote LDAP server.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information:**

MaxConnIdleTime

Publication date: 2007/07/12, Modification date: 2012/02/20

#### **Ports**

```
[+]-namingContexts:
     DC=ldil,DC=de
     CN=Configuration, DC=ldil, DC=de
     {\tt CN=Schema\,,CN=Configuration\,,DC=ldil\,,DC=de}
     DC=DomainDnsZones, DC=ldil, DC=de
     DC=ForestDnsZones,DC=ldil,DC=de
[+]-currentTime:
   20171209111638.0Z
[+]-subschemaSubentry:
   CN=Aggregate, CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=ldil, DC=de
[+]-dsServiceName:
   CN=NTDS Settings, CN=RODC, CN=Servers, CN=StoreBranch, CN=Sites, CN=Configuration, DC=ldil, DC=de
[+]-namingContexts:
     DC=ldil,DC=de
     CN=Configuration,DC=ldil,DC=de
     CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=ldil, DC=de
     DC=DomainDnsZones,DC=ldil,DC=de
     DC=ForestDnsZones,DC=ldil,DC=de
[+]-defaultNamingContext:
   DC=ldil,DC=de
[+]-schemaNamingContext:
   CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=ldil, DC=de
[+]-configurationNamingContext:
   | CN=Configuration, DC=ldil, DC=de
[+]-rootDomainNamingContext:
   DC=ldil,DC=de
[+]-supportedControl:
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.319
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.801
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.473
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.528
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.417
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.619
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.841
      1.2.840.113556.1.4.529
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.805
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.521
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.970
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.1338
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.474
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.1339
      1.2.840.113556.1.4.1340
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.1413
     2.16.840.1.113730.3.4.9
      2.16.840.1.113730.3.4.10
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.1504
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.1852
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.802
      1.2.840.113556.1.4.1907
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.1948
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.1974
      1.2.840.113556.1.4.1341
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.2026
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.2064
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.2065
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.2066
[+]-supportedLDAPVersion:
     3
[+]-supportedLDAPPolicies:
     MaxPoolThreads
     MaxDatagramRecv
     MaxReceiveBuffer
      InitRecvTimeout
     MaxConnections
```

MaxPageSize
MaxQueryDuration
MaxTempTableSize
MaxResultSetSize
[...]

#### 3269/tcp

## 10335 - Nessus TCP scanner

#### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

#### **Description**

This plugin is a classical TCP port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target. Once a TCP connection is open, it grabs any available banner for the service identification plugins. Note that TCP scanners are more intrusive than SYN (half open) scanners.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/04, Modification date: 2017/10/24

#### **Ports**

#### tcp/3269

Port 3269/tcp was found to be open

#### 5355/udr

53514 - MS11-030: Vulnerability in DNS Resolution Could Allow Remote Code Execution (2509553) (remote check)

#### **Synopsis**

Arbitrary code can be executed on the remote host through the installed Windows DNS client.

## **Description**

A flaw in the way the installed Windows DNS client processes Link- local Multicast Name Resolution (LLMNR) queries can be exploited to execute arbitrary code in the context of the NetworkService account.

Note that Windows XP and 2003 do not support LLMNR and successful exploitation on those platforms requires local access and the ability to run a special application. On Windows Vista, 2008, 7, and 2008 R2, however, the issue can be exploited remotely.

## See Also

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/security/bulletin/ms11-030

#### **Solution**

Microsoft has released a set of patches for Windows XP, 2003, Vista, 2008, 7, and 2008 R2.

#### **Risk Factor**

Critical

#### **CVSS Base Score**

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

#### **CVSS Temporal Score**

7.8 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### **STIG Severity**

I

#### References

**BID** 47242

**CVE** CVE-2011-0657

MSKB 2509553

XREF OSVDB:71780

**XREF** IAVA:2011-A-0039

XREF MSFT:MS11-030

#### **Exploitable with**

Core Impact (true)Metasploit (true)

#### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2011/04/21, Modification date: 2017/08/30

#### **Ports**

#### udp/5355

## 53513 - Link-Local Multicast Name Resolution (LLMNR) Detection

#### **Synopsis**

The remote device supports LLMNR.

#### **Description**

The remote device answered to a Link-local Multicast Name Resolution (LLMNR) request. This protocol provides a name lookup service similar to NetBIOS or DNS. It is enabled by default on modern Windows versions.

#### See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?85beb421

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb878128.aspx

#### Solution

Make sure that use of this software conforms to your organization's acceptable use and security policies.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2011/04/21, Modification date: 2012/03/05

#### **Ports**

udp/5355

According to LLMNR, the name of the remote host is 'RODC'.

### 5722/tcp

## 10736 - DCE Services Enumeration

#### **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

#### **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

### Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2001/08/26, Modification date: 2014/05/12

#### **Ports**

## tcp/5722

The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 5722:

```
Object UUID: 5bcled07-f5f5-485f-9dfd-6fd0acf9a23c
UUID: 897e2e5f-93f3-4376-9c9c-fd2277495c27, version 1.0
Description: Unknown RPC service
Annotation: Frs2 Service
Type: Remote RPC service
TCP Port: 5722
IP: 192.168.10.10
```

## 10736 - DCE Services Enumeration

#### **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

#### **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2001/08/26, Modification date: 2014/05/12

#### **Ports**

#### tcp/49152

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 49152:

Object UUID: 765294ba-60bc-48b8-92e9-89fd77769d91

UUID: d95afe70-a6d5-4259-822e-2c84dalddb0d, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 49152

IP: 192.168.10.10
```

#### 49153/tcp

## 10736 - DCE Services Enumeration

#### **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

## **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

## Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2001/08/26, Modification date: 2014/05/12

### **Ports**

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 49153:

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-0000000000000

UUID: f6beaff7-le19-4fbb-9f8f-b89e2018337c, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service

Annotation: Event log TCPIP
```

```
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49153
IP: 192.168.10.10
UUID : 30adc50c-5cbc-46ce-9a0e-91914789e23c, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Annotation: NRP server endpoint
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49153
IP: 192.168.10.10
UUID : 3c4728c5-f0ab-448b-bda1-6ce01eb0a6d6, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Annotation : DHCPv6 Client LRPC Endpoint
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49153
IP: 192.168.10.10
UUID : 3c4728c5-f0ab-448b-bda1-6ce01eb0a6d5, version 1.0
Description : DHCP Client Service
Windows process : svchost.exe
Annotation : DHCP Client LRPC Endpoint
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49153
IP: 192.168.10.10
```

## 10736 - DCE Services Enumeration

#### **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

#### **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

### **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2001/08/26, Modification date: 2014/05/12

#### **Ports**

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 49154:
UUID : 86d35949-83c9-4044-b424-db363231fd0c, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49154
IP: 192.168.10.10
UUID : 98716d03-89ac-44c7-bb8c-285824e51c4a, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Annotation : XactSrv service
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49154
IP : 192.168.10.10
UUID : 552d076a-cb29-4e44-8b6a-d15e59e2c0af, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
```

```
Annotation: IP Transition Configuration endpoint
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49154
IP: 192.168.10.10
Object UUID : 73736573-6f69-656e-6e76-000000000000
UUID : c9ac6db5-82b7-4e55-ae8a-e464ed7b4277, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Annotation : Impl friendly name
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49154
IP : 192.168.10.10
UUID : 30b044a5-a225-43f0-b3a4-e060df91f9c1, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49154
IP: 192.168.10.10
UUID : a398e520-d59a-4bdd-aa7a-3c1e0303a511, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Annotation : IKE/Authip API
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49154
IP: 192.168.10.10
UUID : 201ef99a-7fa0-444c-9399-19ba84f12ala, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Annotation : AppInfo
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49154
IP : 192.168.10.10
UUID : 5f54ce7d-5b79-4175-8584-cb65313a0e98, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Annotation : AppInfo
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49154
IP : 192.168.10.10
UUID : fd7a0523-dc70-43dd-9b2e-9c5ed48225b1, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Annotation : AppInfo [...]
```

#### 10736 - DCE Services Enumeration

## **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

## **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2001/08/26, Modification date: 2014/05/12

#### **Ports**

tcp/49155

The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 49155:

```
UUID : e3514235-4b06-11d1-ab04-00c04fc2dcd2, version 4.0
Description : Active Directory Replication Interface
Windows process : unknown
Annotation : MS NT Directory DRS Interface
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49155
IP : 192.168.10.10
UUID : 12345778-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ab, version 0.0
Description : Local Security Authority
Windows process : lsass.exe
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49155
IP: 192.168.10.10
UUID : 12345778-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ac, version 1.0
Description : Security Account Manager
Windows process : lsass.exe
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49155
IP: 192.168.10.10
UUID : 12345678-1234-abcd-ef00-01234567cffb, version 1.0
Description: Network Logon Service
Windows process : lsass.exe
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49155
IP: 192.168.10.10
```

#### 10736 - DCE Services Enumeration

#### **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

## **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2001/08/26, Modification date: 2014/05/12

#### **Ports**

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 61238:

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-00000000000000

UUID: 12345778-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ac, version 1.0

Description: Security Account Manager

Windows process: lsass.exe

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 61238

IP: 192.168.10.10

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-000000000000

UUID: 12345678-1234-abcd-ef00-01234567cffb, version 1.0

Description: Network Logon Service

Windows process: lsass.exe

Type: Remote RPC service
```

TCP Port : 61238 IP : 192.168.10.10

## 61272/tcp

## 10736 - DCE Services Enumeration

#### **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

#### **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2001/08/26, Modification date: 2014/05/12

#### **Ports**

#### tcp/61272

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 61272:

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-00000000000000

UUID: 367abb81-9844-35f1-ad32-98f038001003, version 2.0

Description: Service Control Manager

Windows process: svchost.exe

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 61272

IP: 192.168.10.10
```

#### 61279/tcp

### 10736 - DCE Services Enumeration

## **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

## **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2001/08/26, Modification date: 2014/05/12

#### **Ports**

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 61279:

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-0000000000000

UUID: 50abc2a4-574d-40b3-9d66-ee4fd5fba076, version 5.0

Description: DNS Server

Windows process: dns.exe

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 61279

IP: 192.168.10.10
```

## 192.168.10.20

## **Scan Information**

Start time: Sat Dec 9 13:09:35 2017

End time: Sat Dec 9 13:12:15 2017

#### **Host Information**

IP: 192.168.10.20

MAC Address: 00:50:56:01:29:98

OS: Linux Kernel 2.6 on CentOS Linux release 6

#### **Results Summary**

Critical	High	Medium	Low	Info	Total
0	0	3	2	31	36

#### **Results Details**

#### 0/icmp

## 10114 - ICMP Timestamp Request Remote Date Disclosure

#### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine the exact time set on the remote host.

#### **Description**

The remote host answers to an ICMP timestamp request. This allows an attacker to know the date that is set on the targeted machine, which may assist an unauthenticated, remote attacker in defeating time-based authentication protocols.

Timestamps returned from machines running Windows Vista / 7 / 2008 / 2008 R2 are deliberately incorrect, but usually within 1000 seconds of the actual system time.

## **Solution**

Filter out the ICMP timestamp requests (13), and the outgoing ICMP timestamp replies (14).

## **Risk Factor**

None

## References

**CVE** CVE-1999-0524

XREF OSVDB:94

XREF CWE:200

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 1999/08/01, Modification date: 2012/06/18

## **Ports**

## icmp/0

The difference between the local and remote clocks is 11 seconds.

#### 0/tcp

## 11936 - OS Identification

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote operating system.

### **Description**

Using a combination of remote probes (e.g., TCP/IP, SMB, HTTP, NTP, SNMP, etc.), it is possible to guess the name of the remote operating system in use. It is also possible sometimes to guess the version of the operating system.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2003/12/09, Modification date: 2017/08/29

#### **Ports**

tcp/0

```
Remote operating system : Linux Kernel 2.6 on CentOS Linux release 6 Confidence level : 95
Method : HTTP
```

The remote host is running Linux Kernel 2.6 on CentOS Linux release 6

## 18261 - Apache Banner Linux Distribution Disclosure

#### **Synopsis**

The name of the Linux distribution running on the remote host was found in the banner of the web server.

#### **Description**

Nessus was able to extract the banner of the Apache web server and determine which Linux distribution the remote host is running.

#### **Solution**

If you do not wish to display this information, edit 'httpd.conf' and set the directive 'ServerTokens Prod' and restart Apache.

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2005/05/15, Modification date: 2017/03/13

#### **Ports**

tcp/0

```
The Linux distribution detected was : - CentOS 6
```

## 19506 - Nessus Scan Information

#### **Synopsis**

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

## **Description**

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself:

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2005/08/26, Modification date: 2017/10/26

#### **Ports**

#### tcp/0

```
Information about this scan :
Nessus version : 6.11.2
Plugin feed version: 201711171815
Scanner edition used : Nessus
Scan type : Normal
Scan policy used : Advanced Scan
Scanner IP : 192.168.10.234
Port scanner(s) : nessus_tcp_scanner
Port range : default
Thorough tests : no
Experimental tests : no
Paranoia level : 1
Report verbosity: 1
Safe checks : yes
Optimize the test : yes
Credentialed checks : no
Patch management checks : None
CGI scanning : disabled
Web application tests : disabled
Max hosts: 100
Max checks : 5
Recv timeout : 5
Backports : Detected
Allow post-scan editing: Yes
Scan Start Date : 2017/12/9 13:09 EET
Scan duration: 156 sec
```

## 20094 - VMware Virtual Machine Detection

## **Synopsis**

The remote host is a VMware virtual machine.

#### **Description**

According to the MAC address of its network adapter, the remote host is a VMware virtual machine.

## **Solution**

Since it is physically accessible through the network, ensure that its configuration matches your organization's security policy.

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2005/10/27, Modification date: 2015/10/16

## **Ports**

tcp/0

The remote host is a VMware virtual machine.

## 25220 - TCP/IP Timestamps Supported

## **Synopsis**

The remote service implements TCP timestamps.

## **Description**

The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323. A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.

## See Also

http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1323.txt

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2007/05/16, Modification date: 2011/03/20

#### **Ports**

tcp/0

## 35716 - Ethernet Card Manufacturer Detection

#### **Synopsis**

The manufacturer can be identified from the Ethernet OUI.

#### **Description**

Each ethernet MAC address starts with a 24-bit Organizationally Unique Identifier (OUI). These OUIs are registered by IEEE.

#### See Also

http://standards.ieee.org/faqs/regauth.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?794673b4

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/19, Modification date: 2017/11/17

#### **Ports**

tcp/0

The following card manufacturers were identified:

00:50:56:01:29:98 : VMware, Inc.

#### 45590 - Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)

### **Synopsis**

It was possible to enumerate CPE names that matched on the remote system.

## **Description**

By using information obtained from a Nessus scan, this plugin reports CPE (Common Platform Enumeration) matches for various hardware and software products found on a host.

Note that if an official CPE is not available for the product, this plugin computes the best possible CPE based on the information available from the scan.

#### See Also

http://cpe.mitre.org/

https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe

## Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2010/04/21, Modification date: 2017/06/06

#### **Ports**

tcp/0

```
The remote operating system matched the following \mathtt{CPE}\ :
```

```
cpe:/o:centos:centos:6 -> CentOS-6
```

Following application CPE's matched on the remote system :

## 54615 - Device Type

#### **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote device type.

#### **Description**

Based on the remote operating system, it is possible to determine what the remote system type is (eg: a printer, router, general-purpose computer, etc).

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2011/05/23, Modification date: 2011/05/23

#### **Ports**

### tcp/0

```
Remote device type : general-purpose Confidence level : 95
```

#### 0/udp

#### 10287 - Traceroute Information

#### **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain traceroute information.

#### **Description**

Makes a traceroute to the remote host.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 1999/11/27, Modification date: 2017/08/22

#### **Ports**

## udp/0

```
For your information, here is the traceroute from 192.168.10.234 to 192.168.10.20: 192.168.10.234 192.168.10.20
```

Hop Count: 1

#### 34277 - Nessus UDP Scanner

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which UDP ports are open.

### **Description**

This plugin runs a UDP port scan against the target. It is possible to determine which UDP ports are open by sending UDP packets on every port. If the port is open, the application will most often keep quiet.

If the port is closed, the TCP/IP stack may send back an ICMP Host unreachable / bad port packet. If the target machine is protected by a firewall, this technique cannot distinguish open ports from filtered ports and fails. As the ICMP rate is often limited, this scan is slow.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter or implement ICMP rate limitation.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/04, Modification date: 2016/10/18

#### **Ports**

udp/0

The UDP port scan could not complete: The remote host has remained silent for too long This might be due to a firewall filtering UDP and/or ICMP packets

22/tcp

#### 90317 - SSH Weak Algorithms Supported

#### **Synopsis**

The remote SSH server is configured to allow weak encryption algorithms or no algorithm at all.

#### **Description**

Nessus has detected that the remote SSH server is configured to use the Arcfour stream cipher or no cipher at all. RFC 4253 advises against using Arcfour due to an issue with weak keys.

#### See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4253#section-6.3

#### **Solution**

Contact the vendor or consult product documentation to remove the weak ciphers.

#### **Risk Factor**

Medium

#### **CVSS Base Score**

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

#### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2016/04/04, Modification date: 2016/12/14

#### **Ports**

### tcp/22

```
The following weak server-to-client encryption algorithms are supported:

arcfour
arcfour128
arcfour256

The following weak client-to-server encryption algorithms are supported:

arcfour
arcfour128
arcfour128
arcfour256
```

### 70658 - SSH Server CBC Mode Ciphers Enabled

## **Synopsis**

The SSH server is configured to use Cipher Block Chaining.

#### **Description**

The SSH server is configured to support Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) encryption. This may allow an attacker to recover the plaintext message from the ciphertext.

Note that this plugin only checks for the options of the SSH server and does not check for vulnerable software versions.

## Solution

Contact the vendor or consult product documentation to disable CBC mode cipher encryption, and enable CTR or GCM cipher mode encryption.

#### **Risk Factor**

Low

### **CVSS Base Score**

## **CVSS Temporal Score**

2.6 (CVSS2#E:ND/RL:ND/RC:ND)

#### References

**BID** 32319

**CVE** CVE-2008-5161

XREF OSVDB:50035

XREF OSVDB:50036

XREF CERT:958563

XREF CWE:200

#### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2013/10/28, Modification date: 2016/05/12

#### **Ports**

tcp/22

```
The following client-to-server Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) algorithms
are supported :
  3des-cbc
 aes128-cbc
 aes192-cbc
 aes256-cbc
 blowfish-cbc
 cast128-cbc
 rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
The following server-to-client Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) algorithms
are supported :
  3des-cbc
  aes128-cbc
 aes192-cbc
 aes256-cbc
 blowfish-cbc
  cast128-cbc
  rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
```

## 71049 - SSH Weak MAC Algorithms Enabled

## **Synopsis**

The remote SSH server is configured to allow MD5 and 96-bit MAC algorithms.

#### **Description**

The remote SSH server is configured to allow either MD5 or 96-bit MAC algorithms, both of which are considered weak.

Note that this plugin only checks for the options of the SSH server, and it does not check for vulnerable software versions.

## Solution

Contact the vendor or consult product documentation to disable MD5 and 96-bit MAC algorithms.

#### **Risk Factor**

Low

## **CVSS Base Score**

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2013/11/22, Modification date: 2016/12/14

#### **Ports**

tcp/22

```
The following client-to-server Message Authentication Code (MAC) algorithms are supported:

hmac-md5
hmac-md5-96
hmac-shal-96

The following server-to-client Message Authentication Code (MAC) algorithms are supported:

hmac-md5
hmac-md5
hmac-md5-96
hmac-shal-96
```

## 10267 - SSH Server Type and Version Information

#### **Synopsis**

An SSH server is listening on this port.

#### **Description**

It is possible to obtain information about the remote SSH server by sending an empty authentication request.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 1999/10/12, Modification date: 2017/11/17

#### **Ports**

tcp/22

```
SSH version : SSH-2.0-OpenSSH_5.3
SSH supported authentication : publickey,password
```

## 10335 - Nessus TCP scanner

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

#### **Description**

This plugin is a classical TCP port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target. Once a TCP connection is open, it grabs any available banner for the service identification plugins. Note that TCP scanners are more intrusive than SYN (half open) scanners.

## **Solution**

Protect your target with an IP filter.

## **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/04, Modification date: 2017/10/24

### **Ports**

tcp/22

Port 22/tcp was found to be open

## 10881 - SSH Protocol Versions Supported

## **Synopsis**

A SSH server is running on the remote host.

## **Description**

This plugin determines the versions of the SSH protocol supported by the remote SSH daemon.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2002/03/06, Modification date: 2017/05/30

#### **Ports**

#### tcp/22

The remote SSH daemon supports the following versions of the SSH protocol :

- 1.99

- 2.0

#### 22964 - Service Detection

#### **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

#### **Description**

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2007/08/19, Modification date: 2017/07/07

#### **Ports**

tcp/22

An SSH server is running on this port.

## 39520 - Backported Security Patch Detection (SSH)

## **Synopsis**

Security patches are backported.

## **Description**

Security patches may have been 'backported' to the remote SSH server without changing its version number. Banner-based checks have been disabled to avoid false positives.

Note that this test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

#### See Also

https://access.redhat.com/security/updates/backporting/?sc\_cid=3093

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/06/25, Modification date: 2015/07/07

#### **Ports**

tcp/22

Give Nessus credentials to perform local checks.

#### 70657 - SSH Algorithms and Languages Supported

## **Synopsis**

An SSH server is listening on this port.

## **Description**

This script detects which algorithms and languages are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

#### **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2013/10/28, Modification date: 2017/08/28

## **Ports**

```
Nessus negotiated the following encryption algorithm with the server :
The server supports the following options for kex_algorithms :
 diffie-hellman-group-exchange-shal
 diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha256
 diffie-hellman-group1-shal
 diffie-hellman-group14-sha1
The server supports the following options for server_host_key_algorithms :
  ssh-dss
  ssh-rsa
The server supports the following options for encryption_algorithms_client_to_server :
  3des-cbc
 aes128-cbc
 aes128-ctr
 aes192-cbc
  aes192-ctr
 aes256-cbc
 aes256-ctr
  arcfour
 arcfour128
 arcfour256
 blowfish-cbc
  cast128-cbc
 rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
The server supports the following options for encryption_algorithms_server_to_client :
  3des-cbc
  aes128-cbc
 aes128-ctr
 aes192-cbc
 aes192-ctr
 aes256-cbc
 aes256-ctr
 arcfour
  arcfour128
 arcfour256
 blowfish-cbc
 cast128-cbc
  rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
The server supports the following options for mac_algorithms_client_to_server :
 hmac-md5
 hmac-md5-96
 hmac-ripemd160
  hmac-ripemd160@openssh.com
 hmac-sha1
 hmac-shal-96
```

```
umac-64@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for mac_algorithms_server_to_client :

hmac-md5
hmac-md5-96
hmac-ripemd160
hmac-ripemd160@openssh.com
hmac-shal
hmac-shal
hmac-shal-96
umac-64@openssh.com

The server supports the following options for compression_algorithms_client_to_server :
    none
    zlib@openssh.com

The server supports the following options for compression_algorithms_server_to_client :
```

#### 11213 - HTTP TRACE / TRACK Methods Allowed

## **Synopsis**

Debugging functions are enabled on the remote web server.

## **Description**

zlib@openssh.com

The remote web server supports the TRACE and/or TRACK methods. TRACE and TRACK are HTTP methods that are used to debug web server connections.

#### See Also

http://www.cgisecurity.com/whitehat-mirror/WH-WhitePaper\_XST\_ebook.pdf

http://www.apacheweek.com/issues/03-01-24

http://download.oracle.com/sunalerts/1000718.1.html

#### **Solution**

Disable these methods. Refer to the plugin output for more information.

#### **Risk Factor**

Medium

#### **CVSS Base Score**

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

#### **CVSS Temporal Score**

4.3 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### References

BID	9506
BID	9561
BID	11604
BID	33374
BID	37995
CVE	CVE-2003-1567
CVE	CVE-2004-2320
CVE	CVE-2010-0386

XREF OSVDB:877

XREF OSVDB:3726

XREF OSVDB:5648

XREF OSVDB:11408

XREF OSVDB:50485

XREF CERT:288308

XREF CERT:867593

XREF CWE:16

XREF CWE:200

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2003/01/23, Modification date: 2016/11/23

#### **Ports**

```
To disable these methods, add the following lines for each virtual
host in your configuration file :
   RewriteEngine on
   RewriteCond %{REQUEST_METHOD} ^(TRACE|TRACK)
   RewriteRule .* - [F]
Alternatively, note that Apache versions 1.3.34, 2.0.55, and 2.2
support disabling the TRACE method natively via the 'TraceEnable'
directive.
Nessus sent the following TRACE request :
----- snip -----
TRACE /Nessus1074406023.html HTTP/1.1
Connection: Close
Host: 192.168.10.20
Pragma: no-cache
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 5.1; Trident/4.0)
Accept: image/gif, image/x-xbitmap, image/jpeg, image/pjpeg, image/png, */*
Accept-Language: en
Accept-Charset: iso-8859-1,*,utf-8
----- snip ------
and received the following response from the remote server :
----- snip -----
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Sat, 09 Dec 2017 11:11:35 GMT
Server: Apache/2.2.15 (CentOS)
Connection: close
Transfer-Encoding: chunked
Content-Type: message/http
TRACE /Nessus1074406023.html HTTP/1.1
Connection: Close
Host: 192.168.10.20
Pragma: no-cache
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 5.1; Trident/4.0)
Accept: image/gif, image/x-xbitmap, image/jpeg, image/pjpeg, image/png, */*
Accept-Language: en
Accept-Charset: iso-8859-1,*,utf-8
----- snip ------
```

## 10107 - HTTP Server Type and Version

#### **Synopsis**

A web server is running on the remote host.

#### **Description**

This plugin attempts to determine the type and the version of the remote web server.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2000/01/04, Modification date: 2016/02/19

#### **Ports**

### tcp/80

The remote web server type is :

Apache/2.2.15 (CentOS)

You can set the directive 'ServerTokens Prod' to limit the information emanating from the server in its response headers.

## 10335 - Nessus TCP scanner

#### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

#### **Description**

This plugin is a classical TCP port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target. Once a TCP connection is open, it grabs any available banner for the service identification plugins. Note that TCP scanners are more intrusive than SYN (half open) scanners.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/04, Modification date: 2017/10/24

#### **Ports**

tcp/80

Port 80/tcp was found to be open

## 22964 - Service Detection

## **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

#### **Description**

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2007/08/19, Modification date: 2017/07/07

#### **Ports**

A web server is running on this port.

## 24260 - HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Information

## **Synopsis**

Some information about the remote HTTP configuration can be extracted.

## **Description**

This test gives some information about the remote HTTP protocol - the version used, whether HTTP Keep-Alive and HTTP pipelining are enabled, etc...

This test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

## Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2007/01/30, Modification date: 2017/11/13

#### **Ports**

```
Response Code : HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Protocol version: HTTP/1.1
SSL : no
Keep-Alive : no
Options allowed : (Not implemented)
Headers :
      Date: Sat, 09 Dec 2017 11:11:38 GMT
      Server: Apache/2.2.15 (CentOS)
      X-Powered-By: PHP/5.3.3
      Expires: Thu, 19 Nov 1981 08:52:00 GMT
      Cache-Control: no-store, no-cache, must-revalidate, post-check=0, pre-check=0
     Pragma: no-cache
      Content-Length: 1026
      Connection: close
      Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8
Response Body :
<html>
<head>
      <title>POS</title>
       <style type="text/css">
            body {
                  background-color: #ece5ce;
                   color: #774f38;
                   font-family: tahoma, verdana;
                   font-size: 14px;
            h2 {
                  padding: 5px;
             }
             .err {
                  background-color: #e08e79;
             }
             .ok {
                  background-color: #c5e0c9;
            tr td:first-child {
                   text-align: right;
             }
      </style>
</head>
<body>
       <form method="post" action="maksu.php">
      \verb| <input type="hidden" name="session" value="4adplk2jo1vbeosrlqhpe6stj4"> \\| <input type="hidden" name="session" name="session" value="4adplk2jo1vbeosrlqhpe6stj4"> \\| <input type="hidden" name="session" name="sess
      <input type="hidden" name="amount" value="25.99">
       <h1>POS</h1>
```

```
    Amount:<input type="number" name="amount">
    Card number:<input type="text" size="20" maxlength="19" name="card">
    Card number:<input type="text" size="20" maxlength="19" name="card">
    Security code:<input type="password" size="5" maxlength="4" name="card_code">
    card_code">

    </form></body>
</html>
```

## 39521 - Backported Security Patch Detection (WWW)

#### **Synopsis**

Security patches are backported.

## **Description**

Security patches may have been 'backported' to the remote HTTP server without changing its version number.

Banner-based checks have been disabled to avoid false positives.

Note that this test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

#### See Also

https://access.redhat.com/security/updates/backporting/?sc\_cid=3093

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/06/25, Modification date: 2015/07/07

#### **Ports**

tcp/80

Give Nessus credentials to perform local checks.

### 48243 - PHP Version Detection

## **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain the version number of the remote PHP installation.

## **Description**

Nessus was able to determine the version of PHP available on the remote web server.

#### Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2010/08/04, Modification date: 2017/07/07

## **Ports**

tcp/80

```
Nessus was able to identify the following PHP version information:

Version: 5.3.3

Source: X-Powered-By: PHP/5.3.3
```

## 84574 - Backported Security Patch Detection (PHP)

#### **Synopsis**

Security patches have been backported.

## **Description**

Security patches may have been 'backported' to the remote PHP install without changing its version number.

Banner-based checks have been disabled to avoid false positives.

Note that this test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

#### See Also

https://access.redhat.com/security/updates/backporting/?sc\_cid=3093

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2015/07/07, Modification date: 2015/07/07

#### **Ports**

tcp/80

Give Nessus credentials to perform local checks.

#### 443/tcp

#### 242 UTTD TD ACE / TD ACK Motheds Allowed

#### **Synopsis**

Debugging functions are enabled on the remote web server.

#### **Description**

The remote web server supports the TRACE and/or TRACK methods. TRACE and TRACK are HTTP methods that are used to debug web server connections.

#### See Also

http://www.cgisecurity.com/whitehat-mirror/WH-WhitePaper\_XST\_ebook.pdf

http://www.apacheweek.com/issues/03-01-24

http://download.oracle.com/sunalerts/1000718.1.html

## **Solution**

Disable these methods. Refer to the plugin output for more information.

CVE-2010-0386

## **Risk Factor**

Medium

## **CVSS Base Score**

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

## **CVSS Temporal Score**

4.3 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

**CVE** 

BID	9506
BID	9561
BID	11604
BID	33374
BID	37995
CVE	CVE-2003-1567
CVE	CVE-2004-2320

XREF OSVDB:877

XREF OSVDB:3726

XREF OSVDB:5648

XREF OSVDB:11408

XREF OSVDB:50485

XREF CERT:288308

XREF CERT:867593

XREF CWE:16

XREF CWE:200

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2003/01/23, Modification date: 2016/11/23

#### **Ports**

```
To disable these methods, add the following lines for each virtual
host in your configuration file :
   RewriteEngine on
   RewriteCond %{REQUEST_METHOD} ^(TRACE|TRACK)
   RewriteRule .* - [F]
Alternatively, note that Apache versions 1.3.34, 2.0.55, and 2.2
support disabling the TRACE method natively via the 'TraceEnable'
directive.
Nessus sent the following TRACE request :
----- snip -----
TRACE /Nessus1624588890.html HTTP/1.1
Connection: Close
Host: 192.168.10.20
Pragma: no-cache
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 5.1; Trident/4.0)
Accept: image/gif, image/x-xbitmap, image/jpeg, image/pjpeg, image/png, */*
Accept-Language: en
Accept-Charset: iso-8859-1,*,utf-8
----- snip ------
and received the following response from the remote server :
----- snip -----
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Sat, 09 Dec 2017 11:11:35 GMT
Server: Apache/2.2.15 (CentOS)
Connection: close
Transfer-Encoding: chunked
Content-Type: message/http
TRACE /Nessus1624588890.html HTTP/1.1
Connection: Close
Host: 192.168.10.20
Pragma: no-cache
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 5.1; Trident/4.0)
Accept: image/gif, image/x-xbitmap, image/jpeg, image/pjpeg, image/png, */*
Accept-Language: en
Accept-Charset: iso-8859-1,*,utf-8
----- snip ------
```

## 10107 - HTTP Server Type and Version

#### **Synopsis**

A web server is running on the remote host.

### **Description**

This plugin attempts to determine the type and the version of the remote web server.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2000/01/04, Modification date: 2016/02/19

#### **Ports**

#### tcp/443

```
The remote web server type is :
```

```
Apache/2.2.15 (CentOS)
```

You can set the directive 'ServerTokens Prod' to limit the information emanating from the server in its response headers.

## 10335 - Nessus TCP scanner

#### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

#### **Description**

This plugin is a classical TCP port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target. Once a TCP connection is open, it grabs any available banner for the service identification plugins. Note that TCP scanners are more intrusive than SYN (half open) scanners.

### **Solution**

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/04, Modification date: 2017/10/24

#### **Ports**

tcp/443

Port 443/tcp was found to be open

## 22964 - Service Detection

### **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

#### **Description**

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2007/08/19, Modification date: 2017/07/07

#### **Ports**

A web server is running on this port.

## 24260 - HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Information

## **Synopsis**

Some information about the remote HTTP configuration can be extracted.

## **Description**

This test gives some information about the remote HTTP protocol - the version used, whether HTTP Keep-Alive and HTTP pipelining are enabled, etc...

This test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

## Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2007/01/30, Modification date: 2017/11/13

### **Ports**

```
Response Code : HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Protocol version: HTTP/1.1
SSL : no
Keep-Alive : no
Options allowed : (Not implemented)
Headers :
 Date: Sat, 09 Dec 2017 11:11:38 GMT
 Server: Apache/2.2.15 (CentOS)
 X-Powered-By: PHP/5.3.3
 Expires: Thu, 19 Nov 1981 08:52:00 GMT
  Cache-Control: no-store, no-cache, must-revalidate, post-check=0, pre-check=0
 Pragma: no-cache
 Content-Length: 1026
  Connection: close
  Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8
Response Body :
<html>
<head>
  <title>POS</title>
  <style type="text/css">
    body {
     background-color: #ece5ce;
      color: #774f38;
      font-family: tahoma, verdana;
      font-size: 14px;
    h2 {
     padding: 5px;
    }
    .err {
     background-color: #e08e79;
    }
    .ok {
     background-color: #c5e0c9;
    tr td:first-child {
      text-align: right;
    }
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <form method="post" action="maksu.php">
  <input type="hidden" name="session" value="51te18b4e142skoskpru2e50d2">
  <input type="hidden" name="amount" value="25.99">
  <h1>POS</h1>
```

```
    Amount:<input type="number" name="amount">
    Amount:<input type="text" size="20" maxlength="19" name="card">

    Card number:<input type="text" size="20" maxlength="19" name="card">

    Security code:<input type="password" size="5" maxlength="4" name="card_code">

    name="card_code">

    <</tr>

    <</td>

    <input type="submit" value="Confirm">

    </form>
</body>
</html>
```

## 39521 - Backported Security Patch Detection (WWW)

### **Synopsis**

Security patches are backported.

### **Description**

Security patches may have been 'backported' to the remote HTTP server without changing its version number.

Banner-based checks have been disabled to avoid false positives.

Note that this test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

### See Also

https://access.redhat.com/security/updates/backporting/?sc\_cid=3093

### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/06/25, Modification date: 2015/07/07

#### **Ports**

tcp/443

Give Nessus credentials to perform local checks.

## 48243 - PHP Version Detection

## **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain the version number of the remote PHP installation.

## **Description**

Nessus was able to determine the version of PHP available on the remote web server.

### Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2010/08/04, Modification date: 2017/07/07

# **Ports**

tcp/443

```
Nessus was able to identify the following PHP version information:

Version: 5.3.3
Source: X-Powered-By: PHP/5.3.3
```

# 84574 - Backported Security Patch Detection (PHP)

### **Synopsis**

Security patches have been backported.

## **Description**

Security patches may have been 'backported' to the remote PHP install without changing its version number.

Banner-based checks have been disabled to avoid false positives. Note that this test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

#### See Also

https://access.redhat.com/security/updates/backporting/?sc\_cid=3093

# **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2015/07/07, Modification date: 2015/07/07

## **Ports**

## tcp/443

Give Nessus credentials to perform local checks.

## 192.168.10.30

## **Scan Information**

Start time: Sat Dec 9 13:09:35 2017

End time: Sat Dec 9 13:17:37 2017

## **Host Information**

IP: 192.168.10.30

MAC Address: 00:50:56:01:1a:ae

### **Results Summary**

Critical High Medium Low Info Total

0

4

4

### **Results Details**

#### 0/tcp

## 19506 - Nessus Scan Information

## **Synopsis**

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

## **Description**

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself:

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

## **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2005/08/26, Modification date: 2017/10/26

# **Ports**

### tcp/0

Information about this scan : Nessus version : 6.11.2 Plugin feed version : 201711171815 Scanner edition used : Nessus Scan type : Normal Scan policy used : Advanced Scan Scanner IP : 192.168.10.234 Port scanner(s) : nessus\_tcp\_scanner Port range : default Thorough tests : no Experimental tests : no Paranoia level : 1 Report verbosity: 1 Safe checks : yes Optimize the test : yes Credentialed checks : no Patch management checks : None CGI scanning : disabled

```
Web application tests: disabled
Max hosts: 100
Max checks: 5
Recv timeout: 5
Backports: None
Allow post-scan editing: Yes
Scan Start Date: 2017/12/9 13:10 EET
Scan duration: 455 sec
```

## 20094 - VMware Virtual Machine Detection

### **Synopsis**

The remote host is a VMware virtual machine.

### **Description**

According to the MAC address of its network adapter, the remote host is a VMware virtual machine.

#### Solution

Since it is physically accessible through the network, ensure that its configuration matches your organization's security policy.

### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2005/10/27, Modification date: 2015/10/16

#### Ports

tcp/0

The remote host is a VMware virtual machine.

# 35716 - Ethernet Card Manufacturer Detection

### **Synopsis**

The manufacturer can be identified from the Ethernet OUI.

### **Description**

Each ethernet MAC address starts with a 24-bit Organizationally Unique Identifier (OUI). These OUIs are registered by IEEE.

### See Also

http://standards.ieee.org/faqs/regauth.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?794673b4

## **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/19, Modification date: 2017/11/17

## **Ports**

tcp/0

```
The following card manufacturers were identified: 00:50:56:01:1a:ae: VMware, Inc.
```

### 0/udp

## 34277 - Nessus UDP Scanner

#### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which UDP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin runs a UDP port scan against the target. It is possible to determine which UDP ports are open by sending UDP packets on every port. If the port is open, the application will most often keep quiet.

If the port is closed, the TCP/IP stack may send back an ICMP Host unreachable / bad port packet. If the target machine is protected by a firewall, this technique cannot distinguish open ports from filtered ports and fails. As the ICMP rate is often limited, this scan is slow.

## **Solution**

Protect your target with an IP filter or implement ICMP rate limitation.

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/04, Modification date: 2016/10/18

## **Ports**

## udp/0

The UDP port scan could not complete: The remote host has remained silent for too long This might be due to a firewall filtering UDP and/or ICMP packets

## 192.168.10.51

## **Scan Information**

Start time: Sat Dec 9 13:09:35 2017

End time: Sat Dec 9 14:28:48 2017

### **Host Information**

IP: 192.168.10.51

MAC Address: 00:50:56:01:18:7e

OS: Linux Kernel 3.1, Linux Kernel 3.3

### **Results Summary**

Critical	High	Medium	Low	Info	Total
0	0	1	0	18	19

### **Results Details**

#### 0/icmp

## 10114 - ICMP Timestamp Request Remote Date Disclosure

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine the exact time set on the remote host.

### **Description**

The remote host answers to an ICMP timestamp request. This allows an attacker to know the date that is set on the targeted machine, which may assist an unauthenticated, remote attacker in defeating time-based authentication protocols.

Timestamps returned from machines running Windows Vista / 7 / 2008 / 2008 R2 are deliberately incorrect, but usually within 1000 seconds of the actual system time.

## **Solution**

Filter out the ICMP timestamp requests (13), and the outgoing ICMP timestamp replies (14).

## **Risk Factor**

None

## References

**CVE** CVE-1999-0524

XREF OSVDB:94

XREF CWE:200

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 1999/08/01, Modification date: 2012/06/18

# Ports

## icmp/0

The difference between the local and remote clocks is 11 seconds.

#### 0/tcp

## 11936 - OS Identification

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote operating system.

### **Description**

Using a combination of remote probes (e.g., TCP/IP, SMB, HTTP, NTP, SNMP, etc.), it is possible to guess the name of the remote operating system in use. It is also possible sometimes to guess the version of the operating system.

### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2003/12/09, Modification date: 2017/08/29

#### **Ports**

tcp/0

```
Remote operating system : Linux Kernel 3.1
Linux Kernel 3.3
Confidence level : 59
Method : SinFP

The remote host is running one of these operating systems :
Linux Kernel 3.1
Linux Kernel 3.3
```

## 18261 - Apache Banner Linux Distribution Disclosure

### **Synopsis**

The name of the Linux distribution running on the remote host was found in the banner of the web server.

### **Description**

Nessus was able to extract the banner of the Apache web server and determine which Linux distribution the remote host is running.

### **Solution**

If you do not wish to display this information, edit 'httpd.conf' and set the directive 'ServerTokens Prod' and restart Apache.

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2005/05/15, Modification date: 2017/03/13

#### Ports

tcp/0

```
The Linux distribution detected was :
    Debian 7.0 (wheezy)
    Debian unstable (sid)
    Debian testing (wheezy)
```

## 19506 - Nessus Scan Information

### **Synopsis**

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

### **Description**

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself:

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

## Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2005/08/26, Modification date: 2017/10/26

## **Ports**

### tcp/0

```
Information about this scan :
Nessus version : 6.11.2
Plugin feed version: 201711171815
Scanner edition used : Nessus
Scan type : Normal
Scan policy used : Advanced Scan
Scanner IP : 192.168.10.234
Port scanner(s) : nessus_udp_scanner nessus_tcp_scanner
Port range : default
Thorough tests : no
Experimental tests : no
Paranoia level : 1
Report verbosity : 1
Safe checks : yes
Optimize the test : yes
Credentialed checks : no
Patch management checks : None
CGI scanning : disabled
Web application tests : disabled
Max hosts : 100
Max checks : 5
Recv timeout : 5
Backports : Detected
Allow post-scan editing: Yes
Scan Start Date : 2017/12/9 13:09 EET
Scan duration: 4749 sec
```

### 20094 - VMware Virtual Machine Detection

### **Synopsis**

The remote host is a VMware virtual machine.

## **Description**

According to the MAC address of its network adapter, the remote host is a VMware virtual machine.

## Solution

Since it is physically accessible through the network, ensure that its configuration matches your organization's security policy.

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2005/10/27, Modification date: 2015/10/16

### **Ports**

tcp/0

The remote host is a VMware virtual machine.

## 25220 - TCP/IP Timestamps Supported

## **Synopsis**

The remote service implements TCP timestamps.

## **Description**

The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323. A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.

### See Also

http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1323.txt

### **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2007/05/16, Modification date: 2011/03/20

### **Ports**

tcp/0

## 35716 - Ethernet Card Manufacturer Detection

### **Synopsis**

The manufacturer can be identified from the Ethernet OUI.

### **Description**

Each ethernet MAC address starts with a 24-bit Organizationally Unique Identifier (OUI). These OUIs are registered by IEEE.

### See Also

http://standards.ieee.org/faqs/regauth.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?794673b4

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/19, Modification date: 2017/11/17

### **Ports**

tcp/0

The following card manufacturers were identified :

00:50:56:01:18:7e : VMware, Inc.

### 45590 - Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)

### **Synopsis**

It was possible to enumerate CPE names that matched on the remote system.

### **Description**

By using information obtained from a Nessus scan, this plugin reports CPE (Common Platform Enumeration) matches for various hardware and software products found on a host.

Note that if an official CPE is not available for the product, this plugin computes the best possible CPE based on the information available from the scan.

## See Also

http://cpe.mitre.org/

https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe

## Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2010/04/21, Modification date: 2017/06/06

### **Ports**

tcp/0

```
The remote operating system matched the following CPE's:

cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:3.1

cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:3.3

Following application CPE matched on the remote system:

cpe:/a:apache:http_server:2.2.22 -> Apache Software Foundation Apache HTTP Server 2.2.22
```

## 54615 - Device Type

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote device type.

## **Description**

Based on the remote operating system, it is possible to determine what the remote system type is (eg: a printer, router, general-purpose computer, etc).

### **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2011/05/23, Modification date: 2011/05/23

### **Ports**

### tcp/0

```
Remote device type : general-purpose Confidence level : 59
```

#### 0/udp

# 10287 - Traceroute Information

## **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain traceroute information.

# **Description**

Makes a traceroute to the remote host.

### Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 1999/11/27, Modification date: 2017/08/22

### **Ports**

### udp/0

```
For your information, here is the traceroute from 192.168.10.234 to 192.168.10.51: 192.168.10.234
192.168.10.51
Hop Count: 1
```

#### 23/tcp

## 10335 - Nessus TCP scanner

#### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a classical TCP port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target. Once a TCP connection is open, it grabs any available banner for the service identification plugins. Note that TCP scanners are more intrusive than SYN (half open) scanners.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/04, Modification date: 2017/10/24

### **Ports**

tcp/23

Port 23/tcp was found to be open

#### 80/tcp

#### 88098 - Apache Server ETag Header Information Disclosure

### **Synopsis**

The remote web server is affected by an information disclosure vulnerability.

### **Description**

The remote web server is affected by an information disclosure vulnerability due to the ETag header providing sensitive information that could aid an attacker, such as the inode number of requested files.

#### See Also

http://httpd.apache.org/docs/2.2/mod/core.html#FileETag

### **Solution**

Modify the HTTP ETag header of the web server to not include file inodes in the ETag header calculation. Refer to the linked Apache documentation for more information.

#### **Risk Factor**

Medium

### **CVSS Base Score**

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

## **CVSS Temporal Score**

4.8 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:ND/RC:ND)

### References

**BID** 6939

**CVE** CVE-2003-1418

XREF OSVDB:60395

XREF CWE:200

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2016/01/22, Modification date: 2016/08/01

#### **Ports**

### tcp/80

Nessus was able to determine that the Apache Server listening on port 80 leaks the servers inode numbers in the ETag HTTP Header field:

Source : ETag: "22c9b-fc-5050e9c759908"

Inode number : 142491 File size : 252 bytes

File modification time : Oct. 10, 2014 at 09:59:56 GMT

## 10107 - HTTP Server Type and Version

### **Synopsis**

A web server is running on the remote host.

### **Description**

This plugin attempts to determine the type and the version of the remote web server.

### **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2000/01/04, Modification date: 2016/02/19

### **Ports**

#### tcp/80

The remote web server type is :

Apache/2.2.22 (Debian)

You can set the directive 'ServerTokens Prod' to limit the information emanating from the server in its response headers.

### 10335 - Nessus TCP scanner

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

#### **Description**

This plugin is a classical TCP port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target. Once a TCP connection is open, it grabs any available banner for the service identification plugins. Note that TCP scanners are more intrusive than SYN (half open) scanners.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/04, Modification date: 2017/10/24

## **Ports**

tcp/80

Port 80/tcp was found to be open

## 22964 - Service Detection

### Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

### **Description**

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

### Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2007/08/19. Modification date: 2017/07/07

## **Ports**

tcp/80

A web server is running on this port.

## 24260 - HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Information

### **Synopsis**

Some information about the remote HTTP configuration can be extracted.

### **Description**

This test gives some information about the remote HTTP protocol - the version used, whether HTTP Keep-Alive and HTTP pipelining are enabled, etc...

This test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

### **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2007/01/30, Modification date: 2017/11/13

### **Ports**

### tcp/80

```
Response Code : HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Protocol version : HTTP/1.1
SSL : no
Keep-Alive : yes
Options allowed : (Not implemented)
Headers :
 Date: Sat, 09 Dec 2017 12:27:33 GMT
 Server: Apache/2.2.22 (Debian)
 Last-Modified: Fri, 10 Oct 2014 09:59:56 GMT
 ETag: "22c9b-fc-5050e9c759908"
 Accept-Ranges: bytes
  Content-Length: 252
 Vary: Accept-Encoding
 Keep-Alive: timeout=5, max=100
 Connection: Keep-Alive
 Content-Type: text/html
Response Body :
<html>
<body>
<h2>I-Spy IP Camera 0.9</h2>
<imq src="/cgi-bin/video.cgi">
<a href="/cgi-bin/video.cgi">Plain image</a>
<a href="cgi-bin/video_full.cgi">Plain image (High resolution)</a>
I-SPY FW Version 7.87B-55-R2.6B
</body>
```

# 39521 - Backported Security Patch Detection (WWW)

## **Synopsis**

Security patches are backported.

## **Description**

Security patches may have been 'backported' to the remote HTTP server without changing its version number. Banner-based checks have been disabled to avoid false positives.

Note that this test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

### See Also

https://access.redhat.com/security/updates/backporting/?sc\_cid=3093

### **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/06/25, Modification date: 2015/07/07

### **Ports**

tcp/80

Give Nessus credentials to perform local checks.

## 43111 - HTTP Methods Allowed (per directory)

### **Synopsis**

This plugin determines which HTTP methods are allowed on various CGI directories.

## **Description**

By calling the OPTIONS method, it is possible to determine which HTTP methods are allowed on each directory. As this list may be incomplete, the plugin also tests - if 'Thorough tests' are enabled or 'Enable web applications tests' is set to 'yes'

in the scan policy - various known HTTP methods on each directory and considers them as unsupported if it receives a response code of 400, 403, 405, or 501.

Note that the plugin output is only informational and does not necessarily indicate the presence of any security vulnerabilities.

## **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/12/10, Modification date: 2013/05/09

### **Ports**

# tcp/80

```
Based on the response to an OPTIONS request :
- HTTP methods GET HEAD OPTIONS POST are allowed on :
```

### 1072/udp

### 34277 - Nessus UDP Scanner

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which UDP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin runs a UDP port scan against the target. It is possible to determine which UDP ports are open by sending UDP packets on every port. If the port is open, the application will most often keep quiet.

If the port is closed, the TCP/IP stack may send back an ICMP Host unreachable / bad port packet. If the target machine is protected by a firewall, this technique cannot distinguish open ports from filtered ports and fails. As the ICMP rate is often limited, this scan is slow.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter or implement ICMP rate limitation.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/04, Modification date: 2016/10/18

### **Ports**

### udp/1072

Port 1072/udp was found to be open

## 192.168.10.52

## **Scan Information**

Start time: Sat Dec 9 13:09:35 2017

End time: Sat Dec 9 14:28:52 2017

### **Host Information**

IP: 192.168.10.52

MAC Address: 00:50:56:01:18:7d

OS: Linux Kernel 3.1, Linux Kernel 3.3

### **Results Summary**

Critical	High	Medium	Low	Info	Total
0	0	1	0	18	19

### **Results Details**

#### 0/icmp

## 10114 - ICMP Timestamp Request Remote Date Disclosure

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine the exact time set on the remote host.

### **Description**

The remote host answers to an ICMP timestamp request. This allows an attacker to know the date that is set on the targeted machine, which may assist an unauthenticated, remote attacker in defeating time-based authentication protocols.

Timestamps returned from machines running Windows Vista / 7 / 2008 / 2008 R2 are deliberately incorrect, but usually within 1000 seconds of the actual system time.

## **Solution**

Filter out the ICMP timestamp requests (13), and the outgoing ICMP timestamp replies (14).

## **Risk Factor**

None

## References

**CVE** CVE-1999-0524

XREF OSVDB:94

XREF CWE:200

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 1999/08/01, Modification date: 2012/06/18

## **Ports**

## icmp/0

The difference between the local and remote clocks is 11 seconds.

#### 0/tcp

## 11936 - OS Identification

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote operating system.

### **Description**

Using a combination of remote probes (e.g., TCP/IP, SMB, HTTP, NTP, SNMP, etc.), it is possible to guess the name of the remote operating system in use. It is also possible sometimes to guess the version of the operating system.

### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2003/12/09, Modification date: 2017/08/29

#### **Ports**

tcp/0

```
Remote operating system : Linux Kernel 3.1
Linux Kernel 3.3
Confidence level : 59
Method : SinFP

The remote host is running one of these operating systems :
Linux Kernel 3.1
Linux Kernel 3.3
```

## 18261 - Apache Banner Linux Distribution Disclosure

### **Synopsis**

The name of the Linux distribution running on the remote host was found in the banner of the web server.

### **Description**

Nessus was able to extract the banner of the Apache web server and determine which Linux distribution the remote host is running.

### **Solution**

If you do not wish to display this information, edit 'httpd.conf' and set the directive 'ServerTokens Prod' and restart Apache.

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2005/05/15, Modification date: 2017/03/13

#### Ports

tcp/0

```
The Linux distribution detected was :
    Debian 7.0 (wheezy)
    Debian unstable (sid)
    Debian testing (wheezy)
```

## 19506 - Nessus Scan Information

### **Synopsis**

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

### **Description**

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself:

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

## Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2005/08/26, Modification date: 2017/10/26

### **Ports**

### tcp/0

```
Information about this scan :
Nessus version : 6.11.2
Plugin feed version: 201711171815
Scanner edition used : Nessus
Scan type : Normal
Scan policy used : Advanced Scan
Scanner IP : 192.168.10.234
Port scanner(s) : nessus_udp_scanner nessus_tcp_scanner
Port range : default
Thorough tests : no
Experimental tests : no
Paranoia level : 1
Report verbosity : 1
Safe checks : yes
Optimize the test : yes
Credentialed checks : no
Patch management checks : None
CGI scanning : disabled
Web application tests : disabled
Max hosts : 100
Max checks : 5
Recv timeout : 5
Backports : Detected
Allow post-scan editing: Yes
Scan Start Date : 2017/12/9 13:09 EET
Scan duration: 4753 sec
```

### 20094 - VMware Virtual Machine Detection

### **Synopsis**

The remote host is a VMware virtual machine.

## **Description**

According to the MAC address of its network adapter, the remote host is a VMware virtual machine.

## Solution

Since it is physically accessible through the network, ensure that its configuration matches your organization's security policy.

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2005/10/27, Modification date: 2015/10/16

### **Ports**

tcp/0

The remote host is a VMware virtual machine.

## 25220 - TCP/IP Timestamps Supported

## **Synopsis**

The remote service implements TCP timestamps.

## **Description**

The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323. A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.

### See Also

http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1323.txt

### **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2007/05/16, Modification date: 2011/03/20

### **Ports**

tcp/0

## 35716 - Ethernet Card Manufacturer Detection

### **Synopsis**

The manufacturer can be identified from the Ethernet OUI.

### **Description**

Each ethernet MAC address starts with a 24-bit Organizationally Unique Identifier (OUI). These OUIs are registered by IEEE.

### See Also

http://standards.ieee.org/faqs/regauth.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?794673b4

#### **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/19, Modification date: 2017/11/17

### **Ports**

tcp/0

The following card manufacturers were identified :

00:50:56:01:18:7d : VMware, Inc.

### 45590 - Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)

### **Synopsis**

It was possible to enumerate CPE names that matched on the remote system.

### **Description**

By using information obtained from a Nessus scan, this plugin reports CPE (Common Platform Enumeration) matches for various hardware and software products found on a host.

Note that if an official CPE is not available for the product, this plugin computes the best possible CPE based on the information available from the scan.

## See Also

http://cpe.mitre.org/

https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe

## Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2010/04/21, Modification date: 2017/06/06

### **Ports**

tcp/0

```
The remote operating system matched the following CPE's:

cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:3.1

cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:3.3

Following application CPE matched on the remote system:

cpe:/a:apache:http_server:2.2.22 -> Apache Software Foundation Apache HTTP Server 2.2.22
```

## 54615 - Device Type

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote device type.

## **Description**

Based on the remote operating system, it is possible to determine what the remote system type is (eg: a printer, router, general-purpose computer, etc).

### **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2011/05/23, Modification date: 2011/05/23

### **Ports**

## tcp/0

```
Remote device type : general-purpose Confidence level : 59
```

#### 0/udp

# 10287 - Traceroute Information

## **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain traceroute information.

# **Description**

Makes a traceroute to the remote host.

### Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 1999/11/27, Modification date: 2017/08/22

### **Ports**

### udp/0

```
For your information, here is the traceroute from 192.168.10.234 to 192.168.10.52: 192.168.10.234
192.168.10.52
Hop Count: 1
```

#### 23/tcp

## 10335 - Nessus TCP scanner

#### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a classical TCP port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target. Once a TCP connection is open, it grabs any available banner for the service identification plugins. Note that TCP scanners are more intrusive than SYN (half open) scanners.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/04, Modification date: 2017/10/24

### **Ports**

tcp/23

Port 23/tcp was found to be open

#### 80/tcp

#### 88098 - Apache Server ETag Header Information Disclosure

### **Synopsis**

The remote web server is affected by an information disclosure vulnerability.

### **Description**

The remote web server is affected by an information disclosure vulnerability due to the ETag header providing sensitive information that could aid an attacker, such as the inode number of requested files.

#### See Also

http://httpd.apache.org/docs/2.2/mod/core.html#FileETag

### **Solution**

Modify the HTTP ETag header of the web server to not include file inodes in the ETag header calculation. Refer to the linked Apache documentation for more information.

#### **Risk Factor**

Medium

#### **CVSS Base Score**

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

## **CVSS Temporal Score**

4.8 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:ND/RC:ND)

### References

**BID** 6939

**CVE** CVE-2003-1418

XREF OSVDB:60395

XREF CWE:200

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2016/01/22, Modification date: 2016/08/01

#### **Ports**

### tcp/80

Nessus was able to determine that the Apache Server listening on port 80 leaks the servers inode numbers in the ETag HTTP Header field:

Source : ETag: "22c9b-fc-5050e9c759908"

Inode number : 142491 File size : 252 bytes

File modification time : Oct. 10, 2014 at 09:59:56 GMT

## 10107 - HTTP Server Type and Version

# **Synopsis**

A web server is running on the remote host.

### **Description**

This plugin attempts to determine the type and the version of the remote web server.

### **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2000/01/04, Modification date: 2016/02/19

#### **Ports**

#### tcp/80

The remote web server type is:

Apache/2.2.22 (Debian)

You can set the directive 'ServerTokens Prod' to limit the information emanating from the server in its response headers.

### 10335 - Nessus TCP scanner

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

#### **Description**

This plugin is a classical TCP port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target. Once a TCP connection is open, it grabs any available banner for the service identification plugins. Note that TCP scanners are more intrusive than SYN (half open) scanners.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/04, Modification date: 2017/10/24

## **Ports**

tcp/80

Port 80/tcp was found to be open

## 22964 - Service Detection

### Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

### **Description**

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

### Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2007/08/19, Modification date: 2017/07/07

## **Ports**

tcp/80

A web server is running on this port.

## 24260 - HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Information

### **Synopsis**

Some information about the remote HTTP configuration can be extracted.

### **Description**

This test gives some information about the remote HTTP protocol - the version used, whether HTTP Keep-Alive and HTTP pipelining are enabled, etc...

This test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

### **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2007/01/30, Modification date: 2017/11/13

## **Ports**

### tcp/80

```
Response Code : HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Protocol version : HTTP/1.1
SSL : no
Keep-Alive : yes
Options allowed : (Not implemented)
Headers :
 Date: Sat, 09 Dec 2017 12:27:34 GMT
 Server: Apache/2.2.22 (Debian)
 Last-Modified: Fri, 10 Oct 2014 09:59:56 GMT
 ETag: "22c9b-fc-5050e9c759908"
 Accept-Ranges: bytes
  Content-Length: 252
 Vary: Accept-Encoding
 Keep-Alive: timeout=5, max=100
 Connection: Keep-Alive
 Content-Type: text/html
Response Body :
<html>
<body>
<h2>I-Spy IP Camera 0.9</h2>
<imq src="/cgi-bin/video.cgi">
<a href="/cgi-bin/video.cgi">Plain image</a>
<a href="cgi-bin/video_full.cgi">Plain image (High resolution)</a>
I-SPY FW Version 7.87B-55-R2.6B
</body>
```

# 39521 - Backported Security Patch Detection (WWW)

## **Synopsis**

Security patches are backported.

## **Description**

Security patches may have been 'backported' to the remote HTTP server without changing its version number. Banner-based checks have been disabled to avoid false positives.

Note that this test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

### See Also

https://access.redhat.com/security/updates/backporting/?sc\_cid=3093

### **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/06/25, Modification date: 2015/07/07

### **Ports**

tcp/80

Give Nessus credentials to perform local checks.

## 43111 - HTTP Methods Allowed (per directory)

### **Synopsis**

This plugin determines which HTTP methods are allowed on various CGI directories.

## **Description**

By calling the OPTIONS method, it is possible to determine which HTTP methods are allowed on each directory. As this list may be incomplete, the plugin also tests - if 'Thorough tests' are enabled or 'Enable web applications tests' is set to 'yes'

in the scan policy - various known HTTP methods on each directory and considers them as unsupported if it receives a response code of 400, 403, 405, or 501.

Note that the plugin output is only informational and does not necessarily indicate the presence of any security vulnerabilities.

## **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/12/10, Modification date: 2013/05/09

### **Ports**

# tcp/80

```
Based on the response to an OPTIONS request :
- HTTP methods GET HEAD OPTIONS POST are allowed on :
```

### 1072/udp

### 34277 - Nessus UDP Scanner

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which UDP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin runs a UDP port scan against the target. It is possible to determine which UDP ports are open by sending UDP packets on every port. If the port is open, the application will most often keep quiet.

If the port is closed, the TCP/IP stack may send back an ICMP Host unreachable / bad port packet. If the target machine is protected by a firewall, this technique cannot distinguish open ports from filtered ports and fails. As the ICMP rate is often limited, this scan is slow.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter or implement ICMP rate limitation.

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/04, Modification date: 2016/10/18

### **Ports**

### udp/1072

Port 1072/udp was found to be open

## 192.168.10.234

## **Scan Information**

Start time: Sat Dec 9 13:09:42 2017

End time: Sat Dec 9 13:09:52 2017

#### **Host Information**

DNS Name: kali

IP: 192.168.10.234

MAC Address: 00:50:56:01:32:f6 00:50:56:01:32:fa 00:50:56:01:32:f4 00:50:56:01:32:f9 00:50:56:01:32:f6

00:50:56:01:32:f7 00:50:56:01:32:f8

OS: Linux Kernel 4.12.0-kali1-amd64

#### **Results Summary**

Critical	High	Medium	Low	Info	Total
0	0	0	0	31	31

#### **Results Details**

0/tcp

## 11936 - OS Identification

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote operating system.

### **Description**

Using a combination of remote probes (e.g., TCP/IP, SMB, HTTP, NTP, SNMP, etc.), it is possible to guess the name of the remote operating system in use. It is also possible sometimes to guess the version of the operating system.

### **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2003/12/09, Modification date: 2017/08/29

# **Ports**

tcp/0

Remote operating system : Linux Kernel 4.12.0-kali1-amd64 Confidence level : 99 Method : uname

The remote host is running Linux Kernel 4.12.0-kali1-amd64

## 12053 - Host Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) Resolution

## **Synopsis**

It was possible to resolve the name of the remote host.

## **Description**

Nessus was able to resolve the fully qualified domain name (FQDN) of the remote host.

### **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2004/02/11, Modification date: 2017/04/14

#### **Ports**

tcp/0

192.168.10.234 resolves as kali.

## 12634 - Authenticated Check: OS Name and Installed Package Enumeration

### **Synopsis**

This plugin gathers information about the remote host via an authenticated session.

## **Description**

This plugin logs into the remote host using SSH, RSH, RLOGIN, Telnet, or local commands and extracts the list of installed packages.

If using SSH, the scan should be configured with a valid SSH public key and possibly an SSH passphrase (if the SSH public key is protected by a passphrase).

### **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2004/07/06, Modification date: 2017/11/17

### **Ports**

### tcp/0

Nessus can run commands on localhost to check if patches are applied.

```
The output of "uname -a" is :
Linux kali 4.12.0-kali1-amd64 #1 SMP Debian 4.12.6-1kali6 (2017-08-30) x86_64 GNU/Linux
```

Local security checks have NOT been enabled because the remote Linux distribution is not supported.

### 19506 - Nessus Scan Information

### **Synopsis**

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

### **Description**

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself:

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

### **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2005/08/26, Modification date: 2017/10/26

## **Ports**

## tcp/0

```
Information about this scan :
Nessus version : 6.11.2
```

```
Plugin feed version: 201711171815
Scanner edition used : Nessus
Scan type : Normal
Scan policy used : Advanced Scan
Scanner IP : 192.168.10.234
Thorough tests : no
Experimental tests : no
Paranoia level: 1
Report verbosity: 1
Safe checks : yes
Optimize the test : yes
Credentialed checks : no
Patch management checks : None
CGI scanning : disabled
Web application tests : disabled
Max hosts : 100
Max checks : 5
Recv timeout : 5
Backports : None
Allow post-scan editing: Yes
Scan Start Date : 2017/12/9 13:09 EET
Scan duration: 10 sec
```

## 20094 - VMware Virtual Machine Detection

## **Synopsis**

The remote host is a VMware virtual machine.

### **Description**

According to the MAC address of its network adapter, the remote host is a VMware virtual machine.

### **Solution**

Since it is physically accessible through the network, ensure that its configuration matches your organization's security policy.

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2005/10/27, Modification date: 2015/10/16

### **Ports**

tcp/0

The remote host is a VMware virtual machine.

# 21745 - Authentication Failure - Local Checks Not Run

### **Synopsis**

The local security checks are disabled.

## **Description**

Local security checks have been disabled for this host because either the credentials supplied in the scan policy did not allow Nessus to log into it or some other problem occurred.

## **Solution**

Address the problem(s) so that local security checks are enabled.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2006/06/23, Modification date: 2017/05/30

### **Ports**

tcp/0

Additional failure information from ssh\_get\_info2.nasl : Debian version does not match known patterns

## 25202 - Enumerate IPv6 Interfaces via SSH

### **Synopsis**

Nessus was able to enumerate the IPv6 interfaces on the remote host.

### **Description**

Nessus was able to enumerate the network interfaces configured with IPv6 addresses by connecting to the remote host via SSH using the supplied credentials.

### **Solution**

Disable IPv6 if you are not actually using it. Otherwise, disable any unused IPv6 interfaces.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2007/05/11, Modification date: 2017/01/26

### **Ports**

tcp/0

The following IPv6 interfaces are set on the remote host :

```
- fe80::250:56ff:fe01:32f4 (on interface eth0)

- fe80::90f4:2d78:8dc6:1282 (on interface eth1)

- fe80::6561:631c:86eb:a5e6 (on interface eth2)

- fe80::ff46:ee3e:87a2:9753 (on interface eth3)

- fe80::35d6:ae07:7359:e655 (on interface eth4)

- fe80::6e4c:90ef:a2f2:a8ec (on interface eth5)

- fe80::fcda:cc39:e730:eea4 (on interface eth6)

- ::1 (on interface lo)
```

### 25203 - Enumerate IPv4 Interfaces via SSH

### **Synopsis**

Nessus was able to enumerate the IPv4 interfaces on the remote host.

## **Description**

Nessus was able to enumerate the network interfaces configured with IPv4 addresses by connecting to the remote host via SSH using the supplied credentials.

## Solution

Disable any unused IPv4 interfaces.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2007/05/11, Modification date: 2017/01/26

## **Ports**

tcp/0

The following IPv4 addresses are set on the remote host:

```
- 10.99.0.234 (on interface eth0)

- 10.10.10.234 (on interface eth1)

- 10.0.100.234 (on interface eth2)

- 10.10.0.10 (on interface eth3)

- 172.20.0.234 (on interface eth4)

- 192.168.10.234 (on interface eth5)

- 192.168.20.234 (on interface eth6)

- 127.0.0.1 (on interface lo)
```

### 33276 - Enumerate MAC Addresses via SSH

### **Synopsis**

Nessus was able to enumerate MAC addresses on the remote host.

## **Description**

Nessus was able to enumerate MAC addresses by connecting to the remote host via SSH with the supplied credentials.

#### Solution

Disable any unused interfaces.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2008/06/30, Modification date: 2017/01/26

#### **Ports**

### tcp/0

The following MAC addresses exist on the remote host :

```
- 00:50:56:01:32:f5 (interface eth1)
- 00:50:56:01:32:fa (interface eth6)
- 00:50:56:01:32:f4 (interface eth0)
- 00:50:56:01:32:f9 (interface eth5)
- 00:50:56:01:32:f6 (interface eth2)
- 00:50:56:01:32:f7 (interface eth3)
- 00:50:56:01:32:f8 (interface eth4)
```

## 34098 - BIOS version (SSH)

### **Synopsis**

The BIOS version could be read.

## **Description**

Using the SMBIOS (aka DMI) interface, it was possible to get the BIOS vendor and version.

#### Solution

N/A

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2008/09/08, Modification date: 2017/08/28

## **Ports**

# tcp/0

Version : 6.00

Vendor : Phoenix Technologies LTD

Release Date : 09/17/2015

UUID : 4204D3C5-5DF6-9C4C-5D0B-7A6E24E5AD02

## 35351 - System Information Enumeration (via DMI)

## **Synopsis**

Information about the remote system's hardware can be read.

## **Description**

Using the SMBIOS (aka DMI) interface, it was possible to retrieve information about the remote system's hardware, such as its product name and serial number.

## **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/01/12, Modification date: 2016/08/17

# **Ports**

## tcp/0

Chassis Information
Serial Number : None
Version : N/A

```
Manufacturer : No Enclosure
Lock : Not Present
Type : Other

System Information
```

Serial Number: VMware-42 04 d3 c5 5d f6 9c 4c-5d 0b 7a 6e 24 e5 ad 02

Version : None

Manufacturer : VMware, Inc.

Product Name : VMware Virtual Platform

Family : Not Specified

## 35716 - Ethernet Card Manufacturer Detection

#### **Synopsis**

The manufacturer can be identified from the Ethernet OUI.

### **Description**

Each ethernet MAC address starts with a 24-bit Organizationally Unique Identifier (OUI). These OUIs are registered by IEEE.

#### See Also

http://standards.ieee.org/faqs/regauth.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?794673b4

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/19, Modification date: 2017/11/17

#### **Ports**

tcp/0

```
The following card manufacturers were identified:

00:50:56:01:32:f8: VMware, Inc.

00:50:56:01:32:f7: VMware, Inc.

00:50:56:01:32:f6: VMware, Inc.

00:50:56:01:32:f9: VMware, Inc.

00:50:56:01:32:f4: VMware, Inc.

00:50:56:01:32:fa: VMware, Inc.

00:50:56:01:32:fa: VMware, Inc.

00:50:56:01:32:f5: VMware, Inc.
```

### 45432 - Processor Information (via DMI)

#### Synopsis

Nessus was able to read information about the remote system's processor.

## **Description**

Nessus was able to retrieve information about the remote system's hardware, such as its processor type, by using the SMBIOS (aka DMI) interface.

# Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2010/04/06, Modification date: 2016/02/25

## **Ports**

tcp/0

Nessus detected 2 processors :

Version : Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2690 v2 @ 3.00GHz
Manufacturer : GenuineIntel

External Clock : Unknown

Status : Populated, Enabled

Family : Unknown

: Central Processor Type

Current Speed : 3000 MHz

: Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2690 v2 @ 3.00GHz

Manufacturer : GenuineIntel External Clock : Unknown

: Populated, Enabled Status

Family : Unknown

: Central Processor Туре

## 45433 - Memory Information (via DMI)

### Synopsis

Information about the remote system's memory devices can be read.

### **Description**

Using the SMBIOS (aka DMI) interface, it was possible to retrieve information about the remote system's memory devices, such as the total amount of installed memory.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2010/04/06, Modification date: 2011/03/21

# **Ports**

tcp/0

Total memory : 8192 MB

### 45590 - Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)

### **Synopsis**

It was possible to enumerate CPE names that matched on the remote system.

## Description

By using information obtained from a Nessus scan, this plugin reports CPE (Common Platform Enumeration) matches for various hardware and software products found on a host.

Note that if an official CPE is not available for the product, this plugin computes the best possible CPE based on the information available from the scan.

#### See Also

http://cpe.mitre.org/

https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe

### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2010/04/21, Modification date: 2017/06/06

### **Ports**

tcp/0

The remote operating system matched the following CPE:

```
cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:4.12
```

Following application CPE matched on the remote system :

cpe:/a:openbsd:openssh:7.5

# 54615 - Device Type

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote device type.

## **Description**

Based on the remote operating system, it is possible to determine what the remote system type is (eg: a printer, router, general-purpose computer, etc).

## Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2011/05/23, Modification date: 2011/05/23

## **Ports**

tcp/0

```
Remote device type : general-purpose Confidence level : 99
```

## 55472 - Device Hostname

#### **Synopsis**

It was possible to determine the remote system hostname.

## **Description**

This plugin reports a device's hostname collected via SSH or WMI.

# **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2011/06/30, Modification date: 2017/11/06

# **Ports**

tcp/0

```
Hostname : kali
  kali (hostname command)
```

# 56468 - Time of Last System Startup

# **Synopsis**

The system has been started.

## **Description**

Using the supplied credentials, Nessus was able to determine when the host was last started.

### **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2011/10/12, Modification date: 2015/08/21

### **Ports**

### tcp/0

```
reboot system boot 4.12.0-kali1-amd Wed Nov 22 21:45 still running reboot system boot 4.12.0-kali1-amd Mon Nov 20 14:15 still running reboot system boot 4.12.0-kali1-amd Mon Nov 20 13:27 - 14:15 (00:48) reboot system boot 4.12.0-kali1-amd Mon Nov 20 13:18 - 14:15 (00:57)
```

wtmp begins Mon Nov 20 13:18:34 2017

### 58651 - Netstat Active Connections

#### **Synopsis**

Active connections are enumerated via the 'netstat' command.

#### **Description**

This plugin runs 'netstat' on the remote machine to enumerate all active 'ESTABLISHED' or 'LISTENING' tcp/udp connections.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2012/04/10, Modification date: 2015/06/02

### **Ports**

tcp/0

```
Netstat output :
```

```
Active Internet connections (servers and established)
Proto Recv-Q Send-Q Local Address
                                            Foreign Address
                                                                     State
           0
                 0 0.0.0.0:22
                                            0.0.0.0:*
                                                                     LISTEN
tcp
                                            0.0.0.0:*
                                                                     LISTEN
tcp
           Λ
                  0 0.0.0.0:8834
                  0 127.0.0.1:49954
                                           127.0.0.1:8834
                                                                     ESTABLISHED
tcp
           0
                  0 10.99.0.234:8834
                                            77.74.137.114:35571
           0
                                                                     TIME WAIT
tcp
                  0 192.168.10.234:47798
           0
                                            192.168.10.51:80
                                                                     ESTABLISHED
tcp
                  0 192.168.10.234:58844 192.168.10.52:23
                                                                     ESTABLISHED
           0
tcp
tcp
           0
                  0 127.0.0.1:8834
                                            127.0.0.1:49954
                                                                     ESTABLISHED
                                            77.74.137.114:11892
           0
                  0 10.99.0.234:8834
                                                                     TIME WAIT
tcp
                  0 192.168.10.234:59244
           Ω
                                            192.168.10.52;80
                                                                     ESTABLISHED
tcp
           0
                  0 10.99.0.234:22
                                            77.74.137.114:11311
                                                                     ESTABLISHED
tcp
                  1 192.168.10.234:55622
                                                                     SYN SENT
           0
                                            192.168.10.1:8009
tcp
           0
                  0 10.99.0.234:8834
                                            77.74.137.114:61431
                                                                     TIME_WAIT
tcp
                  1 192.168.10.234:50762
                                            192.168.10.1:81
                                                                     SYN_SENT
           0
tcp
tcp
           Ω
                  0 192.168.10.234:60198
                                            192.168.10.51:23
                                                                     ESTABLISHED
tcp
           0
                  0 10.99.0.234:8834
                                            77.74.137.114:35939
                                                                     TIME_WAIT
                  0 10.99.0.234:8834
                                            77.74.137.114:61527
                                                                     TIME WAIT
tcp
           0
           0
                  0 :::22
                                            :::*
                                                                     LISTEN
tсрб
                  0 :::8834
                                            :::*
                                                                     LISTEN
           0
tcp6
                                            192.168.10.30:161
udp
           Ω
                  0 192.168.10.234:40972
                                                                     ESTABLISHED
udp
           0
                  0 0.0.0.0:68
                                            0.0.0.0:*
                  0 192.168.10.234:46021
                                            192.168.10.20:137
                                                                     ESTABLISHED
udp
           0
                  0 192.168.10.234:46087
                                            192.168.10.10:161
                                                                     ESTABLISHED
udp
           0
                  0 :::58
                                            :::*
raw6
           0
           Ω
                  0 :::58
                                             :::*
                                                           [...]
rawб
```

## 64582 - Netstat Connection Information

## **Synopsis**

Nessus was able to parse the results of the 'netstat' command on the remote host.

### **Description**

The remote host has listening ports or established connections that Nessus was able to extract from the results of the 'netstat' command.

### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2013/02/13, Modification date: 2016/08/05

## **Ports**

tcp/0

```
tcp4 (listen)
  src: [host=0.0.0.0, port=22]
 dst: [host=0.0.0.0, port=*]
tcp4 (listen)
  src: [host=0.0.0.0, port=8834]
 dst: [host=0.0.0.0, port=*]
tcp4 (established)
  src: [host=127.0.0.1, port=49954]
 dst: [host=127.0.0.1, port=8834]
tcp4 (established)
  src: [host=10.99.0.234, port=8834]
 dst: [host=77.74.137.114, port=35571]
tcp4 (established)
  src: [host=192.168.10.234, port=47798]
 dst: [host=192.168.10.51, port=80]
tcp4 (established)
  src: [host=192.168.10.234, port=58844]
 dst: [host=192.168.10.52, port=23]
tcp4 (established)
  src: [host=127.0.0.1, port=8834]
  dst: [host=127.0.0.1, port=49954]
tcp4 (established)
  src: [host=10.99.0.234, port=8834]
 dst: [host=77.74.137.114, port=11892]
tcp4 (established)
  src: [host=192.168.10.234, port=59244]
 dst: [host=192.168.10.52, port=80]
tcp4 (established)
  src: [host=10.99.0.234, port=22]
 dst: [host=77.74.137.114, port=11311]
tcp4 (established)
 src: [host=192.168.10.234, port=55622]
 dst: [host=192.168.10.1, port=8009]
tcp4 (established)
  src: [host=10.99.0.234, port=8834]
 dst: [host=77.74.137.114, port=61431]
tcp4 (established)
  src: [host=192.168.10.234, port=50762]
 dst: [host=192.168.10.1, port=81]
tcp4 (established)
  src: [host=192.168.10.234, port=60198]
 dst: [host=192.168.10.51, port=23]
tcp4 (established)
  src: [host=10.99.0.234, port=8834]
 dst: [host=77.74.137.114, port=35939]
tcp4 (established)
  src: [host=10.99.0.234, port=8834]
 dst: [host=77.74.137.114, port=61527]
tcp6 (listen)
  src: [host=::, port=22]
  dst: [host=::, port=*]
```

```
tcp6 (listen)
  src: [host=::, port=8834]
 dst: [host=::, port=*]
udp4 (established)
  src: [host=192.168.10.234, port=40972]
 dst: [host=192.168.10.30, port=161]
udp4 (listen)
  src: [host=0.0.0.0, port=68]
 dst: [host=0.0.0.0, port=*]
udp4 (established)
  src: [host=192.168.10.234, port=46021]
 dst: [host=192.168.10.20, port=137]
udp4 (established)
  src: [host=192.168.10.234, port=46087]
 dst: [host=192.168.10.10, port=161]
udp6 (listen)
  src: [host=::, port=58 [...]
```

## 97993 - OS Identification and Installed Software Enumeration over SSH v2 (Using New SSH Library)

### **Synopsis**

Information about the remote host can be disclosed via an authenticated session.

## **Description**

Nessus was able to login to the remote host using SSH or local commands and extract the list of installed packages.

### **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2017/05/30, Modification date: 2017/11/17

### **Ports**

tcp/0

```
Nessus can run commands on localhost to check if patches are applied.

The output of "uname -a" is:
Linux kali 4.12.0-kali1-amd64 #1 SMP Debian 4.12.6-1kali6 (2017-08-30) x86_64 GNU/Linux

We are able to run commands on the remote host, but are unable to currently identify it in this plugin.

Runtime: 0.28478 seconds
```

### **22/tcp**

# 10267 - SSH Server Type and Version Information

## **Synopsis**

An SSH server is listening on this port.

## **Description**

It is possible to obtain information about the remote SSH server by sending an empty authentication request.

## **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 1999/10/12, Modification date: 2017/11/17

#### **Ports**

### tcp/22

```
SSH version : SSH-2.0-OpenSSH_7.5p1 Debian-10 SSH supported authentication : publickey,password
```

## 10881 - SSH Protocol Versions Supported

### **Synopsis**

A SSH server is running on the remote host.

## **Description**

This plugin determines the versions of the SSH protocol supported by the remote SSH daemon.

### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2002/03/06, Modification date: 2017/05/30

### **Ports**

### tcp/22

```
The remote SSH daemon supports the following versions of the SSH protocol :  \\
```

- 1.99 - 2.0

## 14272 - Netstat Portscanner (SSH)

### **Synopsis**

Remote open ports can be enumerated via SSH.

### **Description**

Nessus was able to run 'netstat' on the remote host to enumerate the open ports. See the section 'plugins options' about configuring this plugin.

### See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netstat

## **Solution**

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2004/08/15, Modification date: 2017/08/25

### **Ports**

tcp/22

Port 22/tcp was found to be open

## 22964 - Service Detection

## **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

## **Description**

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

## Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2007/08/19, Modification date: 2017/07/07

### **Ports**

tcp/22

An SSH server is running on this port.

## 25221 - Remote listeners enumeration (Linux / AIX)

## **Synopsis**

Using the supplied credentials, it was possible to identify the process listening on the remote port.

### **Description**

By logging into the remote host with the supplied credentials, Nessus was able to obtain the name of the process listening on the remote port.

Note that the method used by this plugin only works for hosts running Linux or AIX.

### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2007/05/16, Modification date: 2017/08/28

#### **Ports**

tcp/22

Process ID : 7436

Executable : /usr/sbin/sshd
Command line : /usr/sbin/sshd -D

## 70657 - SSH Algorithms and Languages Supported

### **Synopsis**

An SSH server is listening on this port.

### **Description**

This script detects which algorithms and languages are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2013/10/28, Modification date: 2017/08/28

#### **Ports**

tcp/22

```
Nessus negotiated the following encryption algorithm with the server :
```

The server supports the following options for kex\_algorithms :

```
curve25519-sha256
curve25519-sha256@libssh.org
diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha256
diffie-hellman-group14-sha1
diffie-hellman-group14-sha256
diffie-hellman-group16-sha512
diffie-hellman-group18-sha512
ecdh-sha2-nistp256
ecdh-sha2-nistp384
ecdh-sha2-nistp521
```

```
The server supports the following options for server_host_key_algorithms :
  ecdsa-sha2-nistp256
 rsa-sha2-256
  rsa-sha2-512
  ssh-ed25519
  ssh-rsa
The server supports the following options for encryption_algorithms_client_to_server :
  aes128-ctr
 aes128-gcm@openssh.com
  aes192-ctr
 aes256-ctr
 aes256-gcm@openssh.com
 chacha20-poly1305@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for encryption_algorithms_server_to_client :
 aes128-ctr
 aes128-gcm@openssh.com
 aes192-ctr
  aes256-ctr
  aes256-gcm@openssh.com
 chacha20-poly1305@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for mac_algorithms_client_to_server :
 hmac-sha1
 hmac-shal-etm@openssh.com
 hmac-sha2-256
 hmac-sha2-256-etm@openssh.com
 hmac-sha2-512
 hmac-sha2-512-etm@openssh.com
 umac-128-etm@openssh.com
 umac-128@openssh.com
 umac-64-etm@openssh.com
  umac-64@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for mac_algorithms_server_to_client :
 hmac-shal
 hmac-shal-etm@openssh.com
 hmac-sha2-256
 hmac-sha2-256-etm@openssh.com
 hmac-sha2-512
 hmac-sha2-512-etm@openssh.com
 umac-128-etm@openssh.com
 umac-128@openssh.com
 umac-64-etm@openssh.com
  umac-64@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for compression_algorithms_client_to_server :
  none
  zlib@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for compression_algorithms_server_to_client :
  zlib@openssh.com
```

# 14272 - Netstat Portscanner (SSH)

## **Synopsis**

Remote open ports can be enumerated via SSH.

## **Description**

Nessus was able to run 'netstat' on the remote host to enumerate the open ports. See the section 'plugins options' about configuring this plugin.

# See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netstat

### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2004/08/15, Modification date: 2017/08/25

#### **Ports**

udp/68

Port 68/udp was found to be open

## 25221 - Remote listeners enumeration (Linux / AIX)

## **Synopsis**

Using the supplied credentials, it was possible to identify the process listening on the remote port.

## **Description**

By logging into the remote host with the supplied credentials, Nessus was able to obtain the name of the process listening on the remote port.

Note that the method used by this plugin only works for hosts running Linux or AIX.

### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2007/05/16, Modification date: 2017/08/28

# **Ports**

udp/68

```
Process ID : 1784

Executable : /sbin/dhclient

Command line : /sbin/dhclient -d -q -sf /usr/lib/NetworkManager/nm-dhcp-helper -pf /run/
dhclient-eth3.pid -lf /var/lib/NetworkManager/dhclient-cec9324d-e7a6-3273-9745-438b95233ba7-
eth3.lease -cf /var/lib/NetworkManager/dhclient-eth3.conf eth3
```

### 8834/tcp

# 25221 - Remote listeners enumeration (Linux / AIX)

### **Synopsis**

Using the supplied credentials, it was possible to identify the process listening on the remote port.

## **Description**

By logging into the remote host with the supplied credentials, Nessus was able to obtain the name of the process listening on the remote port.

Note that the method used by this plugin only works for hosts running Linux or AIX.

### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2007/05/16, Modification date: 2017/08/28

### **Ports**

### tcp/8834

Process ID : 7814

Executable : /opt/nessus/sbin/nessusd

# 25221 - Remote listeners enumeration (Linux / AIX)

## **Synopsis**

Using the supplied credentials, it was possible to identify the process listening on the remote port.

# **Description**

By logging into the remote host with the supplied credentials, Nessus was able to obtain the name of the process listening on the remote port.

Note that the method used by this plugin only works for hosts running Linux or AIX.

### **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2007/05/16, Modification date: 2017/08/28

#### **Ports**

## udp/43734

Process ID : 7814

Executable : /opt/nessus/sbin/nessusd

Command line : nessusd -q

## 192.168.10.245

## **Scan Information**

Start time: Sat Dec 9 13:09:42 2017

End time: Sat Dec 9 13:17:29 2017

## **Host Information**

IP: 192.168.10.245

MAC Address: 00:50:56:01:21:ae

### **Results Summary**

Critical High Medium Low Info Total

0 0 0 0 4 4

## **Results Details**

#### 0/tcp

# 19506 - Nessus Scan Information

## **Synopsis**

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

## **Description**

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself:

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

## **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2005/08/26, Modification date: 2017/10/26

# **Ports**

```
Information about this scan :
Nessus version: 6.11.2
Plugin feed version : 201711171815
Scanner edition used : Nessus
Scan type : Normal
Scan policy used : Advanced Scan
Scanner IP : 192.168.10.234
Port scanner(s) : nessus_tcp_scanner
Port range : default
Thorough tests : no
Experimental tests : no
Paranoia level : 1
Report verbosity: 1
Safe checks : yes
Optimize the test : yes
Credentialed checks : no
Patch management checks : None
CGI scanning : disabled
```

```
Web application tests: disabled
Max hosts: 100
Max checks: 5
Recv timeout: 5
Backports: None
Allow post-scan editing: Yes
Scan Start Date: 2017/12/9 13:10 EET
Scan duration: 441 sec
```

# 20094 - VMware Virtual Machine Detection

## **Synopsis**

The remote host is a VMware virtual machine.

### **Description**

According to the MAC address of its network adapter, the remote host is a VMware virtual machine.

#### Solution

Since it is physically accessible through the network, ensure that its configuration matches your organization's security policy.

### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2005/10/27, Modification date: 2015/10/16

#### Ports

tcp/0

The remote host is a VMware virtual machine.

### 35716 - Ethernet Card Manufacturer Detection

### **Synopsis**

The manufacturer can be identified from the Ethernet OUI.

## **Description**

Each ethernet MAC address starts with a 24-bit Organizationally Unique Identifier (OUI). These OUIs are registered by IEEE.

## See Also

http://standards.ieee.org/faqs/regauth.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?794673b4

## **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/19, Modification date: 2017/11/17

# **Ports**

tcp/0

```
The following card manufacturers were identified: 00:50:56:01:21:ae: VMware, Inc.
```

### 0/udp

## 34277 - Nessus UDP Scanner

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which UDP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin runs a UDP port scan against the target. It is possible to determine which UDP ports are open by sending UDP packets on every port. If the port is open, the application will most often keep quiet.

If the port is closed, the TCP/IP stack may send back an ICMP Host unreachable / bad port packet. If the target machine is protected by a firewall, this technique cannot distinguish open ports from filtered ports and fails. As the ICMP rate is often limited, this scan is slow.

## **Solution**

Protect your target with an IP filter or implement ICMP rate limitation.

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/04, Modification date: 2016/10/18

## **Ports**

## udp/0

The UDP port scan could not complete: The remote host has remained silent for too long This might be due to a firewall filtering UDP and/or ICMP packets

## 192.168.10.251

## **Scan Information**

Start time: Sat Dec 9 13:09:42 2017

End time: Sat Dec 9 14:27:05 2017

### **Host Information**

IP: 192.168.10.251

MAC Address: 00:50:56:01:32:c9

OS: Linux Kernel 3.16 on Debian 8.0 (jessie)

## **Results Summary**

Critical	High	Medium	Low	Info	Total	
0	0	0	0	19	19	

### **Results Details**

### 0/icmp

## 10114 - ICMP Timestamp Request Remote Date Disclosure

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine the exact time set on the remote host.

### **Description**

The remote host answers to an ICMP timestamp request. This allows an attacker to know the date that is set on the targeted machine, which may assist an unauthenticated, remote attacker in defeating time-based authentication protocols.

Timestamps returned from machines running Windows Vista / 7 / 2008 / 2008 R2 are deliberately incorrect, but usually within 1000 seconds of the actual system time.

# **Solution**

Filter out the ICMP timestamp requests (13), and the outgoing ICMP timestamp replies (14).

# **Risk Factor**

None

# References

**CVE** CVE-1999-0524

XREF OSVDB:94

XREF CWE:200

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 1999/08/01, Modification date: 2012/06/18

## **Ports**

## icmp/0

The difference between the local and remote clocks is 3 seconds.

### 0/tcp

## 11936 - OS Identification

# **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote operating system.

## **Description**

Using a combination of remote probes (e.g., TCP/IP, SMB, HTTP, NTP, SNMP, etc.), it is possible to guess the name of the remote operating system in use. It is also possible sometimes to guess the version of the operating system.

## Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2003/12/09, Modification date: 2017/08/29

### **Ports**

tcp/0

```
Remote operating system : Linux Kernel 3.16 on Debian 8.0 (jessie) Confidence level : 95
Method : SSH
```

The remote host is running Linux Kernel 3.16 on Debian 8.0 (jessie)

## 19506 - Nessus Scan Information

## **Synopsis**

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

### **Description**

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself:

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

## **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2005/08/26, Modification date: 2017/10/26

## **Ports**

```
Information about this scan :
Nessus version: 6.11.2
Plugin feed version: 201711171815
Scanner edition used : Nessus
Scan type : Normal
Scan policy used : Advanced Scan
Scanner IP : 192.168.10.234
Port scanner(s) : nessus_udp_scanner nessus_tcp_scanner
Port range : default
Thorough tests : no
Experimental tests : no
Paranoia level: 1
Report verbosity: 1
Safe checks : yes
Optimize the test : yes
Credentialed checks : no
Patch management checks : None
CGI scanning : disabled
Web application tests : disabled
Max hosts : 100
Max checks : 5
Recv timeout : 5
Backports : Detected
Allow post-scan editing: Yes
```

Scan Start Date : 2017/12/9 13:09 EET

Scan duration: 4639 sec

# 20094 - VMware Virtual Machine Detection

## Synopsis

The remote host is a VMware virtual machine.

### **Description**

According to the MAC address of its network adapter, the remote host is a VMware virtual machine.

### Solution

Since it is physically accessible through the network, ensure that its configuration matches your organization's security policy.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2005/10/27, Modification date: 2015/10/16

## **Ports**

tcp/0

The remote host is a VMware virtual machine.

## 25220 - TCP/IP Timestamps Supported

## **Synopsis**

The remote service implements TCP timestamps.

### **Description**

The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323. A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.

### See Also

http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1323.txt

### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2007/05/16, Modification date: 2011/03/20

### **Ports**

tcp/0

# 35716 - Ethernet Card Manufacturer Detection

## **Synopsis**

The manufacturer can be identified from the Ethernet OUI.

## **Description**

Each ethernet MAC address starts with a 24-bit Organizationally Unique Identifier (OUI). These OUIs are registered by IEEE.

## See Also

http://standards.ieee.org/faqs/regauth.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?794673b4

## Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/19, Modification date: 2017/11/17

### **Ports**

tcp/0

The following card manufacturers were identified :

00:50:56:01:32:c9 : VMware, Inc.

## 45590 - Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)

## **Synopsis**

It was possible to enumerate CPE names that matched on the remote system.

## **Description**

By using information obtained from a Nessus scan, this plugin reports CPE (Common Platform Enumeration) matches for various hardware and software products found on a host.

Note that if an official CPE is not available for the product, this plugin computes the best possible CPE based on the information available from the scan.

### See Also

http://cpe.mitre.org/

https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe

### **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2010/04/21, Modification date: 2017/06/06

## **Ports**

tcp/0

```
The remote operating system matched the following CPE:

cpe:/o:debian:debian_linux:8.0 -> Debian Linux 8.0 (Jessie)

Following application CPE matched on the remote system:

cpe:/a:openbsd:openssh:6.7 -> OpenBSD OpenSSH 6.7
```

## 54615 - Device Type

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote device type.

# **Description**

Based on the remote operating system, it is possible to determine what the remote system type is (eg: a printer, router, general-purpose computer, etc).

## **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2011/05/23, Modification date: 2011/05/23

## **Ports**

```
Remote device type : general-purpose Confidence level : 95
```

### 10287 - Traceroute Information

### **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain traceroute information.

## **Description**

Makes a traceroute to the remote host.

## **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 1999/11/27, Modification date: 2017/08/22

### **Ports**

## udp/0

```
For your information, here is the traceroute from 192.168.10.234 to 192.168.10.251: 192.168.10.234
192.168.10.251

Hop Count: 1
```

### 22/tcp

# 10267 - SSH Server Type and Version Information

## **Synopsis**

An SSH server is listening on this port.

### **Description**

It is possible to obtain information about the remote SSH server by sending an empty authentication request.

## Solution

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 1999/10/12, Modification date: 2017/11/17

# **Ports**

# tcp/22

```
SSH version : SSH-2.0-OpenSSH_6.7pl Debian-5+deb8ul SSH supported authentication : publickey,password
```

# 10335 - Nessus TCP scanner

# **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a classical TCP port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target. Once a TCP connection is open, it grabs any available banner for the service identification plugins. Note that TCP scanners are more intrusive than SYN (half open) scanners.

## **Solution**

Protect your target with an IP filter.

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/04, Modification date: 2017/10/24

### **Ports**

## tcp/22

Port 22/tcp was found to be open

# 10881 - SSH Protocol Versions Supported

### **Synopsis**

A SSH server is running on the remote host.

### **Description**

This plugin determines the versions of the SSH protocol supported by the remote SSH daemon.

### **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2002/03/06, Modification date: 2017/05/30

### **Ports**

### tcp/22

The remote SSH daemon supports the following versions of the SSH protocol :

- 1.99
- 2.0

## 22964 - Service Detection

### **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

### **Description**

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

## **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2007/08/19, Modification date: 2017/07/07

### **Ports**

tcp/22

An SSH server is running on this port.

# 39520 - Backported Security Patch Detection (SSH)

# **Synopsis**

Security patches are backported.

## **Description**

Security patches may have been 'backported' to the remote SSH server without changing its version number. Banner-based checks have been disabled to avoid false positives.

Note that this test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

### See Also

https://access.redhat.com/security/updates/backporting/?sc\_cid=3093

## **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/06/25, Modification date: 2015/07/07

### **Ports**

tcp/22

Give Nessus credentials to perform local checks.

# 70657 - SSH Algorithms and Languages Supported

## **Synopsis**

An SSH server is listening on this port.

## **Description**

This script detects which algorithms and languages are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

### **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2013/10/28, Modification date: 2017/08/28

### **Ports**

```
Nessus negotiated the following encryption algorithm with the server :
The server supports the following options for kex_algorithms :
  curve25519-sha256@libssh.org
 diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha256
 diffie-hellman-group14-sha1
  ecdh-sha2-nistp256
  ecdh-sha2-nistp384
  ecdh-sha2-nistp521
The server supports the following options for server_host_key_algorithms :
  ecdsa-sha2-nistp256
  ssh-dss
  ssh-ed25519
  ssh-rsa
The server supports the following options for encryption_algorithms_client_to_server :
  aes128-ctr
  aes128-gcm@openssh.com
 aes192-ctr
 aes256-ctr
 aes256-gcm@openssh.com
 chacha20-poly1305@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for encryption_algorithms_server_to_client :
  aes128-ctr
 aes128-gcm@openssh.com
  aes192-ctr
 aes256-ctr
 aes256-gcm@openssh.com
  chacha20-poly1305@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for mac_algorithms_client_to_server :
  hmac-sha1
 hmac-shal-etm@openssh.com
 hmac-sha2-256
```

```
hmac-sha2-256-etm@openssh.com
 hmac-sha2-512
 hmac-sha2-512-etm@openssh.com
  umac-128-etm@openssh.com
 umac-128@openssh.com
  umac-64-etm@openssh.com
  umac-64@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for mac_algorithms_server_to_client :
  hmac-shal
 hmac-shal-etm@openssh.com
 hmac-sha2-256
 hmac-sha2-256-etm@openssh.com
 hmac-sha2-512
 hmac-sha2-512-etm@openssh.com
 umac-128-etm@openssh.com
  umac-128@openssh.com
 umac-64-etm@openssh.com
 umac-64@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for compression_algorithms_client_to_server :
  none
  zlib@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for compression_algorithms_server_to_client :
  zlib@openssh.com
```

### 11819 - TFTP Daemon Detection

## **Synopsis**

A TFTP server is listening on the remote port.

### **Description**

The remote host is running a TFTP (Trivial File Transfer Protocol) daemon. TFTP is often used by routers and diskless hosts to retrieve their configuration. It can also be used by worms to propagate.

### **Solution**

Disable this service if you do not use it.

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2003/08/13, Modification date: 2016/02/22

### **Ports**

udp/69

# 34277 - Nessus UDP Scanner

# **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which UDP ports are open.

### **Description**

This plugin runs a UDP port scan against the target. It is possible to determine which UDP ports are open by sending UDP packets on every port. If the port is open, the application will most often keep quiet.

If the port is closed, the TCP/IP stack may send back an ICMP Host unreachable / bad port packet. If the target machine is protected by a firewall, this technique cannot distinguish open ports from filtered ports and fails. As the ICMP rate is often limited, this scan is slow.

### **Solution**

Protect your target with an IP filter or implement ICMP rate limitation.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/04, Modification date: 2016/10/18

### **Ports**

udp/69

Port 69/udp was found to be open

#### 5353/udp

### 34277 - Nessus UDP Scanner

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which UDP ports are open.

### **Description**

This plugin runs a UDP port scan against the target. It is possible to determine which UDP ports are open by sending UDP packets on every port. If the port is open, the application will most often keep quiet.

If the port is closed, the TCP/IP stack may send back an ICMP Host unreachable / bad port packet. If the target machine is protected by a firewall, this technique cannot distinguish open ports from filtered ports and fails. As the ICMP rate is often limited, this scan is slow.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter or implement ICMP rate limitation.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2009/02/04, Modification date: 2016/10/18

#### **Ports**

udp/5353

Port 5353/udp was found to be open

### 66717 - mDNS Detection (Local Network)

# **Synopsis**

It is possible to obtain information about the remote host.

## **Description**

The remote service understands the Bonjour (also known as ZeroConf or mDNS) protocol, which allows anyone to uncover information from the remote host such as its operating system type and exact version, its hostname, and the list of services it is running.

This plugin attempts to discover mDNS used by hosts residing on the same network segment as Nessus.

### Solution

Filter incoming traffic to UDP port 5353, if desired.

## **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information:**

Publication date: 2013/05/31, Modification date: 2013/05/31

### **Ports**

## udp/5353

Nessus was able to extract the following information :

```
- mDNS hostname : kalics3-2.local.

- Advertised services :
o Service name : kalics3-2 [00:50:56:01:32:c9]._workstation._tcp.local.
Port number : 9
o Service name : kalics3-2._udisks-ssh._tcp.local.
Port number : 22

- CPU type : X86_64
- OS : LINUX
```