

# Jeopardy

**APPLICATION SECURITY**  
**BY**  
**CHRISTOPHER ROBINSON**  
**MELANIE MCKEAN**

# Acknowledgements

Created by Educational Technology Network. [www.edtechnetwork.com](http://www.edtechnetwork.com)  
2009

All In One CSSLP Exam Guide by WM. Arthur Conklin and Daniel  
Shoemaker

**Secure Software  
Requirements**

**Secure Software  
Design**

**Secure Software  
Implementation**

**Secure Software  
Testing**

**Secure  
Installation and  
Deployment**

**100**

**100**

**100**

**100**

**100**

**200**

**200**

**200**

**200**

**200**

**300**

**300**

**300**

**300**

**300**

**400**

**400**

**400**

**400**

**400**

**500**

**500**

**500**

**500**

**500**

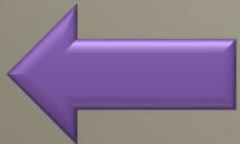
# Secure Software Requirements – 100 Points

## QUESTION:

- These type of requirements will address issues such as access by unauthorized users and denial of service attacks.

## ANSWER:

- What are availability requirements?



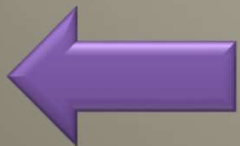
# Secure Software Requirements – 200 Points

## QUESTION:

- In this type of access control mechanism, users are assigned to a set of roles and the roles are assigned the access permissions.

## ANSWER:

- What is Role-Based Access Control (RBAC)?



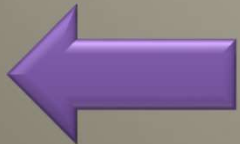
# Secure Software Requirements – 300 Points

## QUESTION:

- This is a technique used to present a known attack methodology to the development team.

## ANSWER:

- What is a Misuse case?



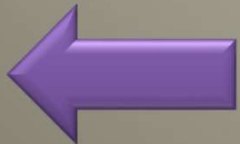
# Secure Software Requirements – 400 Points

## QUESTION:

- This process involves the mapping of high-level policy statements into lower-level policies until the policies are implementable.

## ANSWER:

- What is policy decomposition?



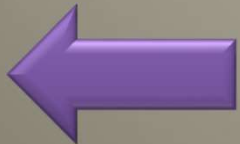
# Secure Software Requirements – 500 Points

## QUESTION:

- This sequence and timing issue in software is resolved through atomic actions under mutual exclusion conditions.

## ANSWER:

- What is a race condition?





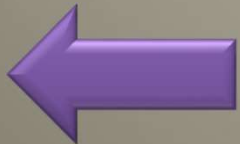
# Secure Software Design – 100 Points

## QUESTION:

- The code within the system that can be accessed by unauthorized parties.

## ANSWER:

- What is the attack surface of software?



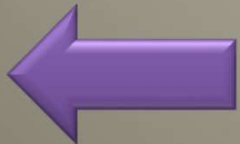
# Secure Software Design – 200 Points

## QUESTION:

- This secure design principle is also known as KISS... (Keep it Simple Stupid).

## ANSWER:

- What is Economy of Mechanism?



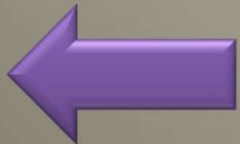
# Secure Software Design – 300 Points

## QUESTION:

- A process used to identify and document all of the threats to a system.

## ANSWER:

- What is threat modeling?



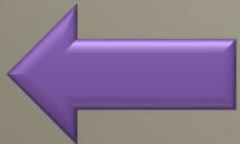
# Secure Software Design – 400 Points

## QUESTION:

- A form of architecture that uses the Web as a transfer mechanism and the client as a processing device, typically for display formatting control functions.

## ANSWER:

- What are Rich Internet Applications (RIAs)?



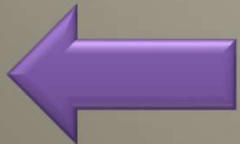
# Secure Software Design – 500 Points

## QUESTION:

- This type of code can have a performance advantage over other types of code.

## ANSWER:

- What is unmanaged code?



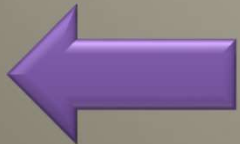
# Secure Software Implementation – 100 Points

## QUESTION:

- An attack performed by an attacker inputting a specific string to manipulate the SQL statement to do something other than that intended by the programmer or designer.

## ANSWER:

- What is a SQL injection attack?



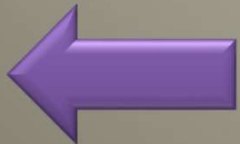
# Secure Software Implementation – 200 Points

## QUESTION:

- A value concatenated to the password, or other value being hashed, effectively increasing its length beyond that of a rainbow table.

## ANSWER:

- What is a salt value?



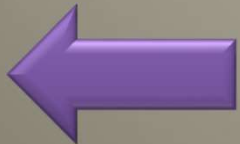
# Secure Software Implementation – 300 Points

## QUESTION:

- The processes to inspect code for weaknesses and vulnerabilities in which the execution of the code is a part of the testing.

## ANSWER:

- What is dynamic code analysis?





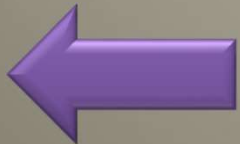
# Secure Software Implementation – 400 Points

## QUESTION:

- When programming specifies the what, but not the how, with respect to the tasks to be accomplished.

## ANSWER:

- What is declarative programming?



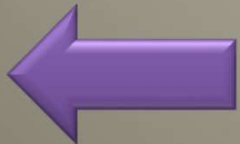
# Secure Software Implementation – 500 Points

## QUESTION:

- This is defined as the extent to which a programming language prevents errors resulting from different data types in a program.

## ANSWER:

- What is type safety?



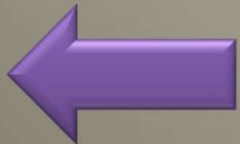
# Secure Software Testing – 100 Points

## QUESTION:

- A type of security testing where the attacker has no knowledge of the inner workings of the software under test.

## ANSWER:

- What is Black-Box testing?



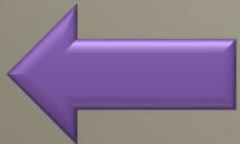
# Secure Software Testing – 200 Points

## QUESTION:

- This type of testing is conducted by developers as they develop code.

## ANSWER:

- What is unit testing?



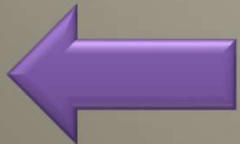
# Secure Software Testing – 300 Points

## QUESTION:

- An operational measure for what constitutes a minimum level of quality in the code.

## ANSWER:

- What is a bug bar?



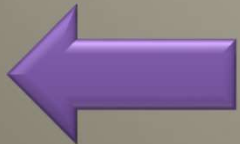
# Secure Software Testing – 400 Points

## QUESTION:

- A brute-force method of addressing input validation issues and vulnerabilities.

## ANSWER:

- What is fuzz testing?



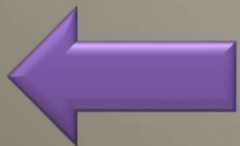
# Secure Software Testing – 500 Points

## QUESTION:

- A peer-reviewed system describing security testing.

## ANSWER:

- What is the Open Source Security Testing Methodology Manual (OSSTMM)?



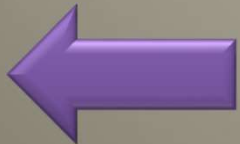
# Secure Installation, Deployment, Operations, Maintenance and Disposal – 100 Points

## QUESTION:

- The set of processes employed to create baseline configurations in an environment and managing configurations to comply with those baselines.

## ANSWER:

- What is configuration management?





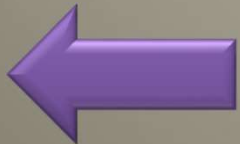
# Secure Installation, Deployment, Operations, Maintenance and Disposal – 200 Points

## QUESTION:

- The business process associated with the packaging and release of software to production.

## ANSWER:

- What is release management?



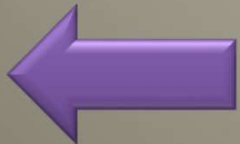
# Secure Installation, Deployment, Operations, Maintenance and Disposal – 300 Points

## QUESTION:

- A self-sustaining process that continues through its course with-out external stimuli.

## ANSWER:

- What is bootstrapping?



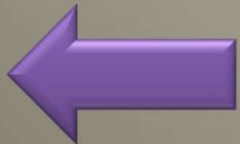
# Secure Installation, Deployment, Operations, Maintenance and Disposal – 400 Points

## QUESTION:

- A replacement set of code designed to correct problems or vulnerabilities in existing software.

## ANSWER:

- What is a patch?



# Secure Installation, Deployment, Operations, Maintenance and Disposal – 500 Points

## QUESTION:

- This is used to designate a configuration item's placement in the product hierarchy.

## ANSWER:

- What is a PIN?

