Project Name: SPOTYFI

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About: Store your favorite artist with their albums and songs to let you remember what to listen.

Framework used:

- 1. Nodejs
- 2. Mocha & Chai (For Testing)
- 3. Express
- 4. Travis (For Continuous Integration)
- 5. Heroku (For Deployment)
- 6. Install dependencies for packages

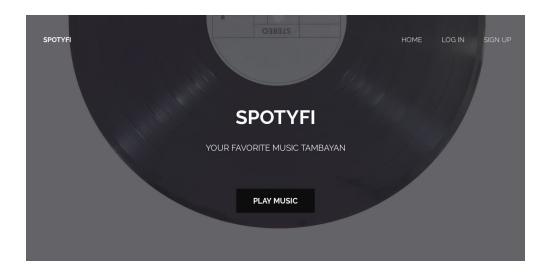
Instructions to run:

- 1. Install nodejs at: https://docs.npmjs.com/getting-started/installing-node
- 2. Install express and follow instruction at: https://expressjs.com/en/starter/installing.html
- 3. Download project at: https://github.com/Sedce/music_storage
- 4. Open terminal and run: nodemon server.js or Install nodemon and run: nodemon server.js (Do this if you want to follow the step by step process of making the project)

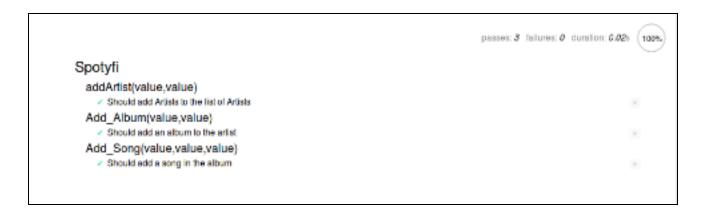
To run using nodemon: Open browser and put the link address: http://localhost:3000 or run http://localhost:3000 or run http://localhost:3000/tests for testing

To run, browse: https://tranquil-hamlet-23365.herokuapp.com/

A look at the main page: (localhost:3000)

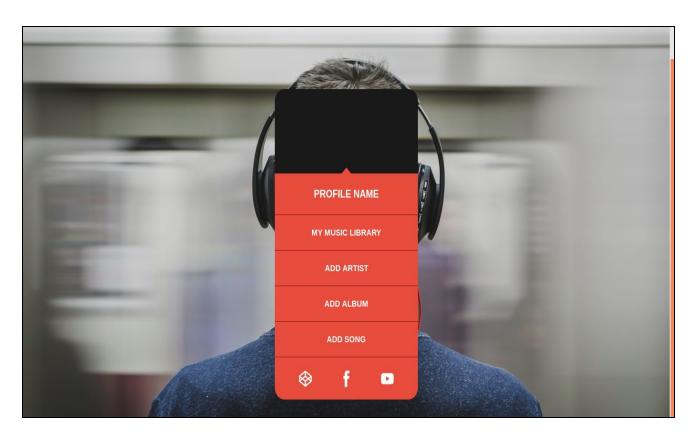


Running tests: (localhost:3000/tests)

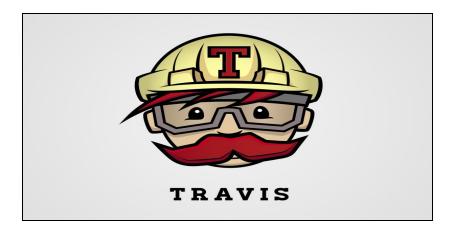


User Profile: (localhost:3000/profile)

Once the user is logged in, it will directly point the user to the profile page. In this example, our project is still ongoing, the user is given a choice to go to his/her music library where all of the musics, albums and artists are found. He/She is also given the option to add artist, song, or album.



Contiguous Integration Used: Travis

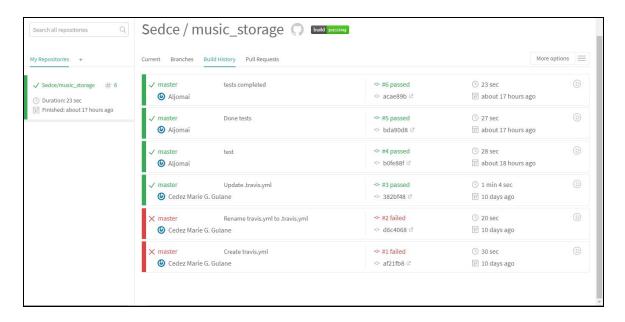


Contiguous Integration in Travis:

As a continuous integration platform, Travis CI supports your development process by automatically building and testing code changes, providing immediate feedback on the success of the change. Travis CI can also automate other parts of your development process by managing deployments and notifications.

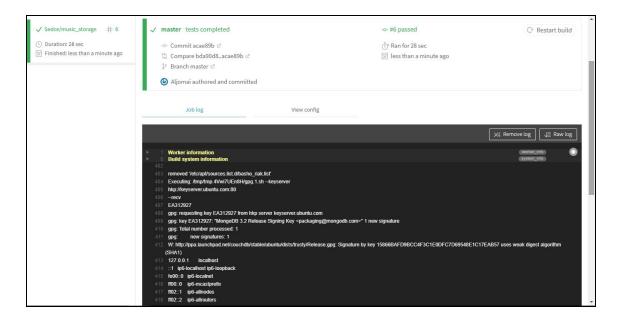
CI Build and Automation in Travis:

When you run a build, Travis CI clones your GitHub repository into a brand new virtual environment, and carries out a series of tasks to build and test your code. If one or more of those tasks fails, the build is considered broken. If none of the tasks fail, the build is considered passed, and Travis CI can deploy your code to a web server, or application host.



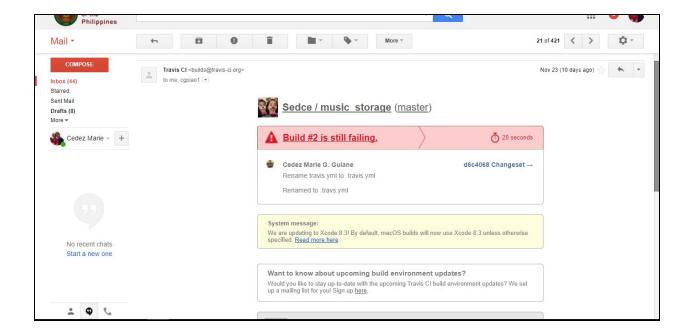
Automate unit tests.

- A code commit triggers the tests. Every time there are changes and we commit those changes to the repository in github Travis will automate those changes.



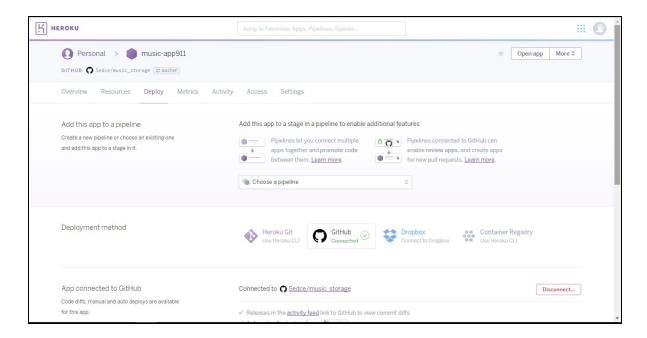
Broadcast test result.

- Email, IM, SMS, et cetera in our case, we use it to broadcast in our email.
- An example of an email sent by travis of our early commits, but the recent commits and automatic builds have been successful:



Deployment: Heroku

We created a repository in heroku containing our project then using the interface provided by heroku that allows connection between our repository in github so that when changes are done, as commits are seen in the interface of **Travis**, we can see the changes directly reflecting in the UI of our project. Important to take note, this is done just to show that changes are reflected directly but in real life situations this is not advisable.



For automatic deployment when committing to Github we used Travis

