Ruby on Rails: A Jumpstart for .NET Developers

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About this course

- Intended for existing developers
 - Familiar with .NET (C#, VB.NET)
 - Familiar with ASP.NET (WebForms, MVC)
- Not a comprehensive introduction to Ruby or Rails
- Designed to get you up and running quickly
- Did he just do that?!

What's covered

- Installing Ruby, Rails and other required libraries
- Ruby 101
- ActiveRecord for Dummies
- Rails via example blog site

Foolish assumptions

- You have written code before
- You're familiar with OOP basics
- You want to skip boring stuff
- You've already done some web projects
- You've never written Ruby
- You don't know what Rails is

What is Ruby?

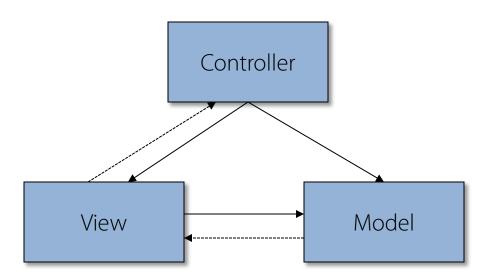
- General purpose OO programming language
- Developed around 1995
- Was one of the fastest growing languages
- Considered multi-paradigm
- Inspired by other languages like SmalTalk, Perl & Lisp
- Programmer friendly with a focus on productivity
- Older than C# and just as old as Java
- Worth knowing independently from Rails

What is Rails?

- Ruby on Rails
 - Spoken as, "Rails"
 - Written as, "RoR"
- Introduced in 2005
- May have made Ruby famous
- Highly productive, full stack framework
- Intends to simplify creating, deploying & maintaining web apps
- Rails is prescriptive
- Uses MVC architectural pattern

MVC

- Model-View-Controller: architectural pattern
- Models represent data
- Views represent the user interface
- Controllers are coordinators
- Separates concerns

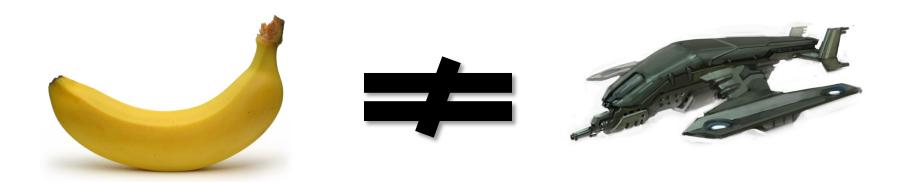


Ruby vs .NET

- Ruby is interpreted
- Ruby is a dynamic language
- Everything is an object
- If it walks like a duck...
- Every line is an expression
- Case sensitive
 - Convention via casing
- Cross platform

Rails vs WebForms

Both are web frameworks



Rails vs WebForms

- ASP.NET is a proprietary solution from Microsoft
- Rails is an open source solution
- Different types of developers
- ASP.NET mimics desktop style development
- Rails takes an approach natural to the web
- Potentially better performance from ASP.NET

Rails vs MVC

- ASP.NET often considered a clone of Rails
- Rails most likely influenced ASP.NET MVC
- Both use the Model-View-Controller architecture
- Rails comes with a full stack

Included packages

- Action Pack
 - Action Controller
 - Action View
 - Action Dispatch
- Active Model
- Active Record
- Active Resource
- Active Support
- Active Mailer

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Summary

- Ruby is a dynamic language
 - Scripts are parsed and executed line-by-line
- Rails is a web application framework
 - Designed for high productivity
 - Comes with a full stack
- Rails uses MVC architecture
- Rails is completely different from WebForms
- Rails has a prescriptive nature
- Ruby is very much worth learning independently fom Rails