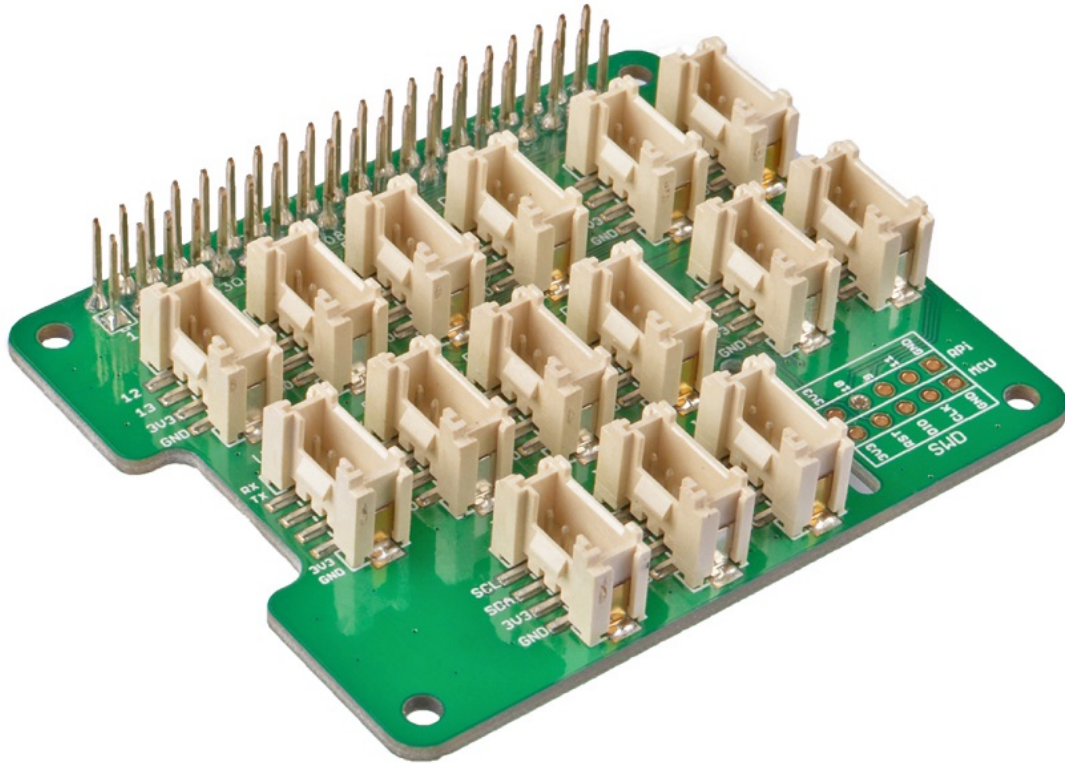


Grove Base Hat for Raspberry Pi SKU 103030275



Today, the grove series of sensors, actuators, and displays have grown into a large family. More and more grove modules will join the whole Grove ecosystem in the future. We see the Grove helps makers, engineers, teachers, students and even artists to build, to make, to create...We always feel it is our responsibility to make the Grove module compatible with more platforms. Now we bring you the Grove Base Hat for Raspberry Pi and [Grove Base Hat for Raspberry Pi Zero](#), in another word, we bring the Raspberry Pi the whole Grove System.

The Grove Base Hat for Raspberry Pi provide Digital/Analog/I2C/PWM/UART port to meet all your needs. With the help of build-in MCU, a 12-bit 8 channel ADC is also available for Raspberry Pi.

Frankly speaking, it's about 60 Grove modules support the Grove Base Hat for Raspberry Pi now. However, we will continue to add new compatible modules, the more you use, the more grove added.

Features

- Support Raspberry Pi 2/3B/3B+/4/Zero
- build-in MCU
- 12-bit ADC
- Multi-type Grove port

Specification

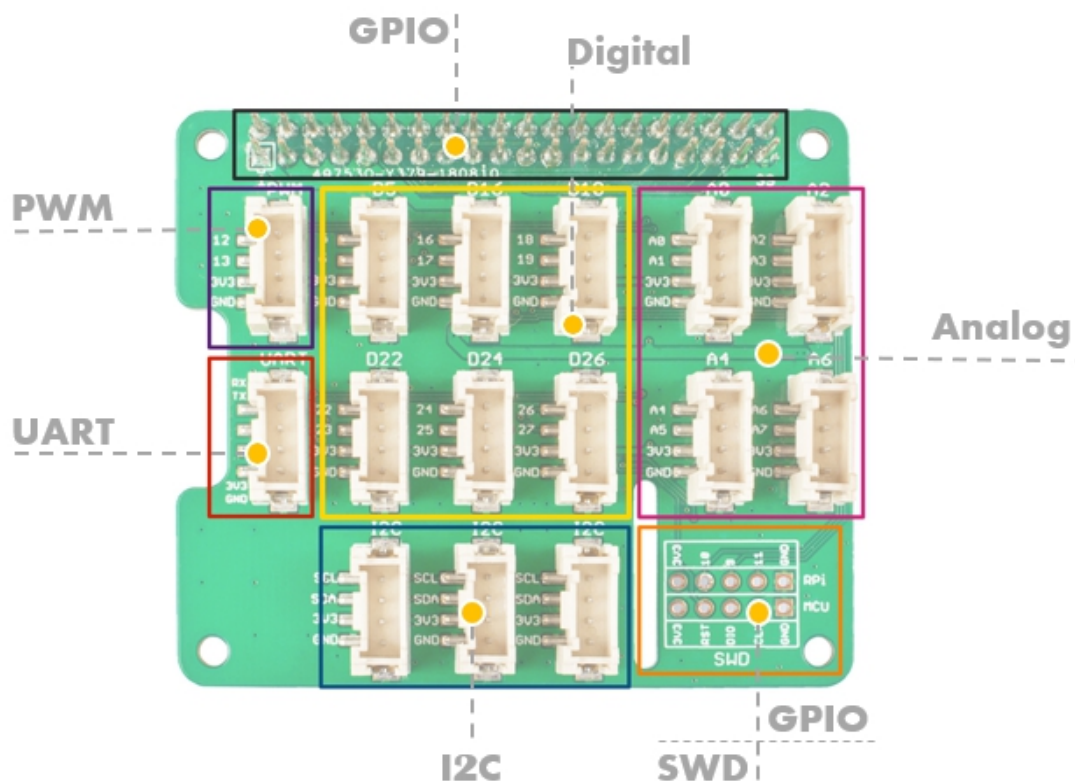
Item	Value
Operating Voltage	3.3V
MCU	STM32
ADC	12-bit 8 channel
Grove Port	6 Digital
	4 Analog
	3 I2C
	1 PWM
	1UART
Raspberry pi communication bus	I2C
I2C Address	0x04

!!!Attention The operating voltage is 3.3V, please do not input more than 3.3V, otherwise it may damage the Raspberry Pi. Moreover, this hat can not work with 5V grove module via grove port, please use 3.3V compatible Grove module.

Hardware Overview

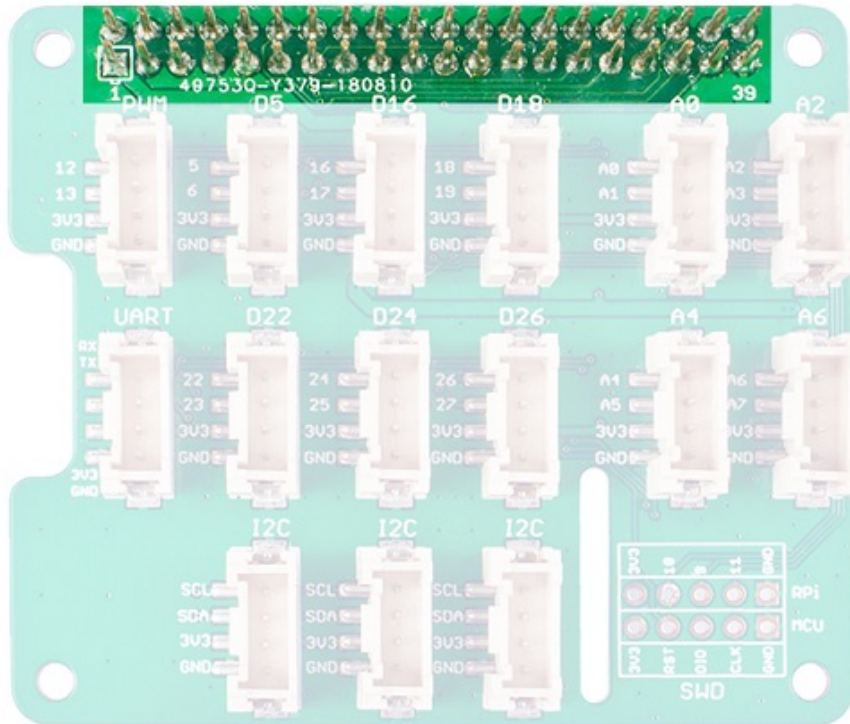
Pin Out

Overview



GPIO

The same pin out as the raspberry pi.



PWM(pulse-width modulation)

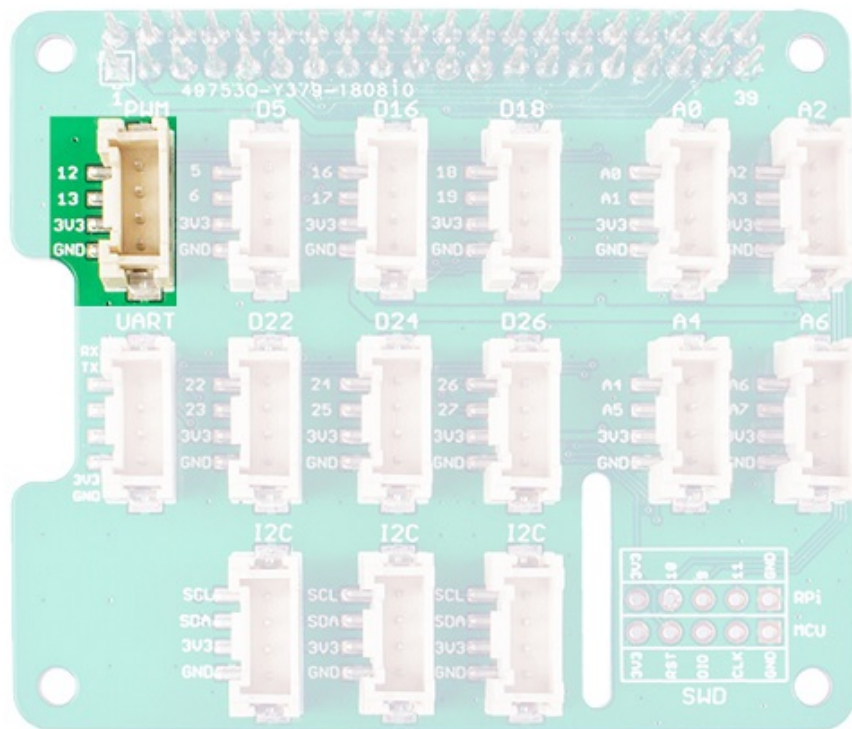
The Grove PWM Port connect to GPIO/BCM pin12(PWM0) and GPIO/BCM pin13(PWM1), which is the hardware PWM pin of Raspberry Pi, in addition, you can use all the GPIO pin as the soft PWM pin.

!!!Note 0- All the silkscreen layer pin number besides the Grove port is the BCM pin number. The difference between BCM pins and the physical pins please refer to [here](#)

1- Compared with hardware PWM, the software PWM isn't so accurate and will have trouble at high frequencies.

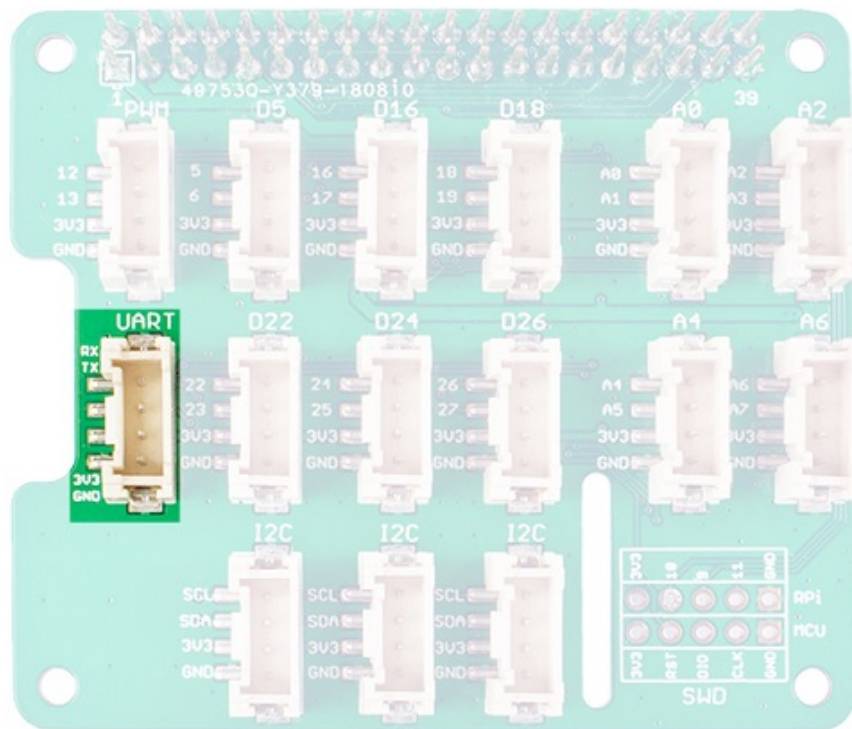
2- The GPIO/BCM pin18 is also marked as PWM0, actually the GPIO/BCM 12 and the GPIO/BCM 18 share the same PWM channel, so they can't set to different rate.

3- The audio jack output also uses PWM 0 and PWM 1, so you can't have audio output on that socket and use the PWMs at the same time.



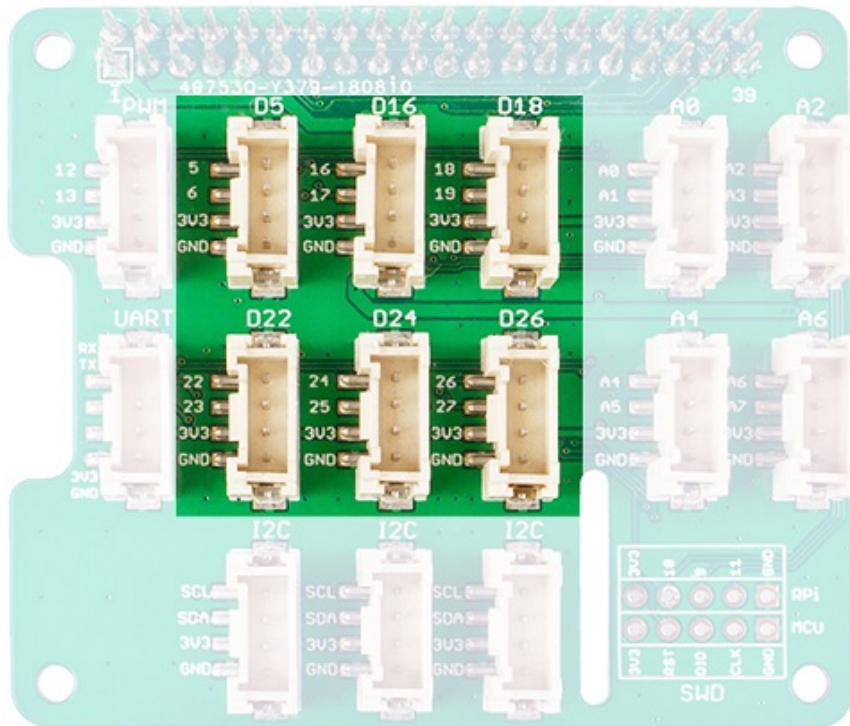
UART

The Grove UART port connect to the GPIO14(UART0 TX) and GPIO15(UART0 RX). UART is commonly used on the Pi as a convenient way to control it over the GPIO, or access the kernel boot messages from the serial console (enabled by default).It can also be used as a way to interface an Arduino, bootloaded ATmega, ESP8266, etc with your Pi.



Digital

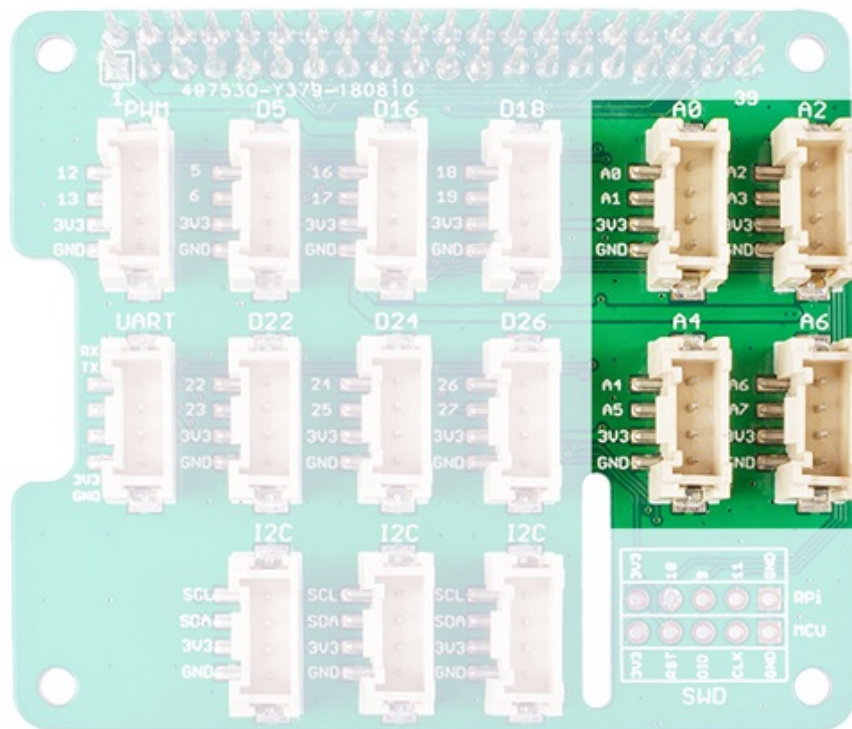
There are 6 digital Grove sockets in this board, normally the yellow wire(which connect to the top pin of the 4 pins Grove socket as) of Grove cable is the signal wire, so we name the digital Grove port **D5/D16/D18/D22/D24/D26**.



Analog

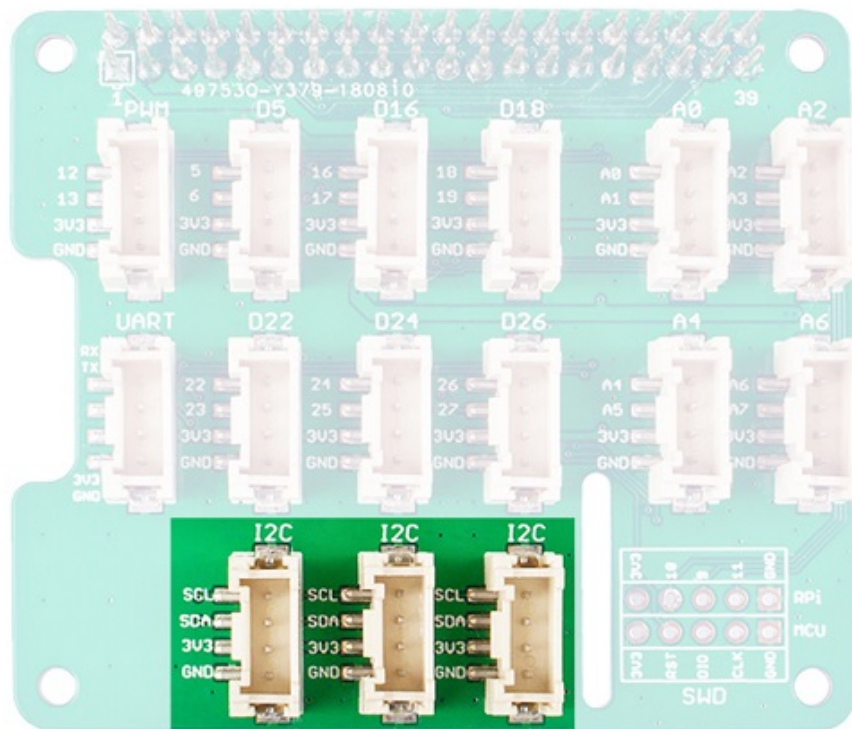
As we know, there is no ADC in the Raspberry Pi, so it can not work with analog sensor directly. Now with the help of the build-in MCU STM32, the Grove base hat can work as an external 12-bit ADC, which means you can use analog sensor with your Raspberry Pi. Even more pleasing is that not one but four analog Grove sockets are available.

The analog sensor inputs the analog voltage into the 12-bit ADC. After the ADC convert the analog data to digital data, it input the digital data to the Raspberry Pi through the I2C interface.



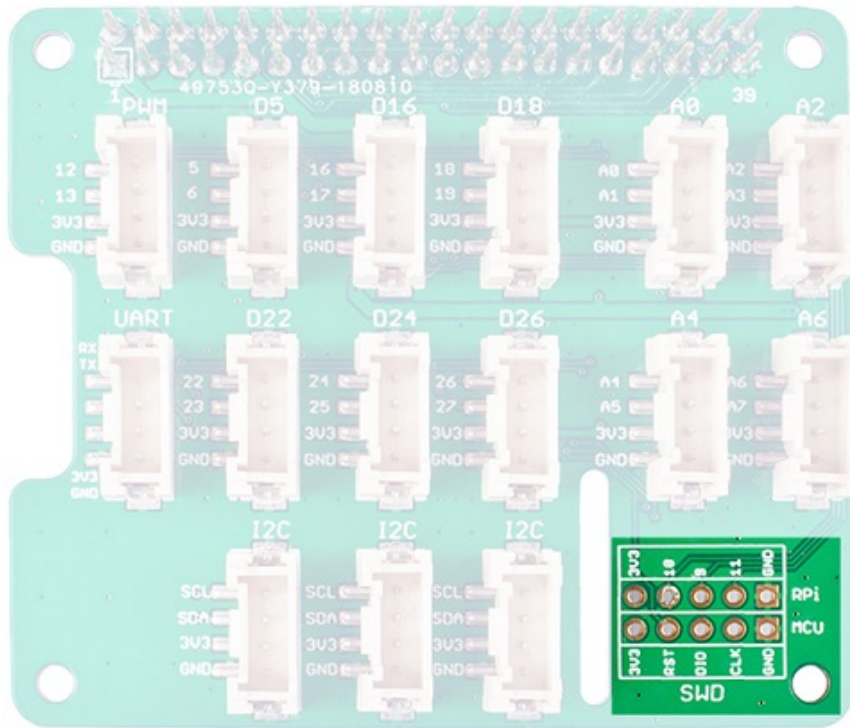
I2C

There are three I2C port available in this board, they all connect to the I2C pin of the raspberry directly. You can consider this part as an I2C hub. Most of seeed's new grove modules have I2C interface, you may find those three port is extremely useful.



SWD

We use SWD port to burn the firmware to this hat. In addition, you can see 3 GPIO pins in this section, i.e., **pin 9/pin 10/pin 11**. Those three pins do not used by any Grove port, you are free to use them without worrying about pin conflicts.



Grove Base Hat for Raspberry Pi Vs. GrovePi+

Parameter	Grove Base Hat for Raspberry Pi	GrovePi+
Working Voltage	3.3V	5V
MCU	STM32F030F4P6	ATMEGA328P
Grove Ports	6 Digital(3.3V) 4 Analog(3.3V) 3 I2C(3.3V) 1 PWM(3.3V) 1 RPISER(UART) connect to Raspberry Pi(3.3V) 1 SWD	7 Digital(5V) 3 Analog(5V) 3 I2C(5V) 1 SERIAL: Connect to ATMEGA328P D0/1(5V) 1 RPISER: Connect to Raspberry Pi(3.3V) 1 ISP
Grove-Digital	Connect to Raspberry Pi directly	Connect to ATMEGA328P digital pins and transfer to I2C signal, then through level converter to Raspberry Pi
Grove-Analog	Connect to STM32F030F4P6(12bit ADC) and then transfer to I2C signal,route to Raspberry Pi directly	Connect to ATMEGA328P analog pins(10bit ADC) and then transfer to I2C signal, then through level converter to Raspberry Pi
Grove-I2C	Connect to Raspberry Pi directly	Connect through level converter to Raspberry Pi
Grove-PWM	Connect to Raspberry Pi directly	NA

Parameter	Grove Base Hat for Raspberry Pi	GrovePi+
RPISER	Connect to Raspberry Pi directly	Connect to Raspberry Pi directly
SERIAL	NA	Connect to ATMEGA328P digital pins D0/D1 and transfer to I2C signal, then through level converter to Raspberry Pi
SWD	Burn firmware to STM32F030F4P6	NA
ISP	NA	Burn firmware to ATMEGA328P
Raspberry Pi Connector Pins	40	26

Getting Started

Hardware

Materials required

-- Raspberry Pi x1 -- Grove Base Hat for Raspberry Pi x1
 -- Grove module

- **Step 1.** Plug the Grove Base Hat for Raspberry Pi into the Raspberry Pi.
- **Step 2.** Plug the Grove module into the corresponding Grove port.
- **Step 3.** Power the Raspberry Pi with micro-usb cable.

!!!Warning We recommend that you power up the Raspberry Pis after all the hardware connections are complete. Please do not hot plug the sensor module, otherwise the Raspberry Pi may crash.

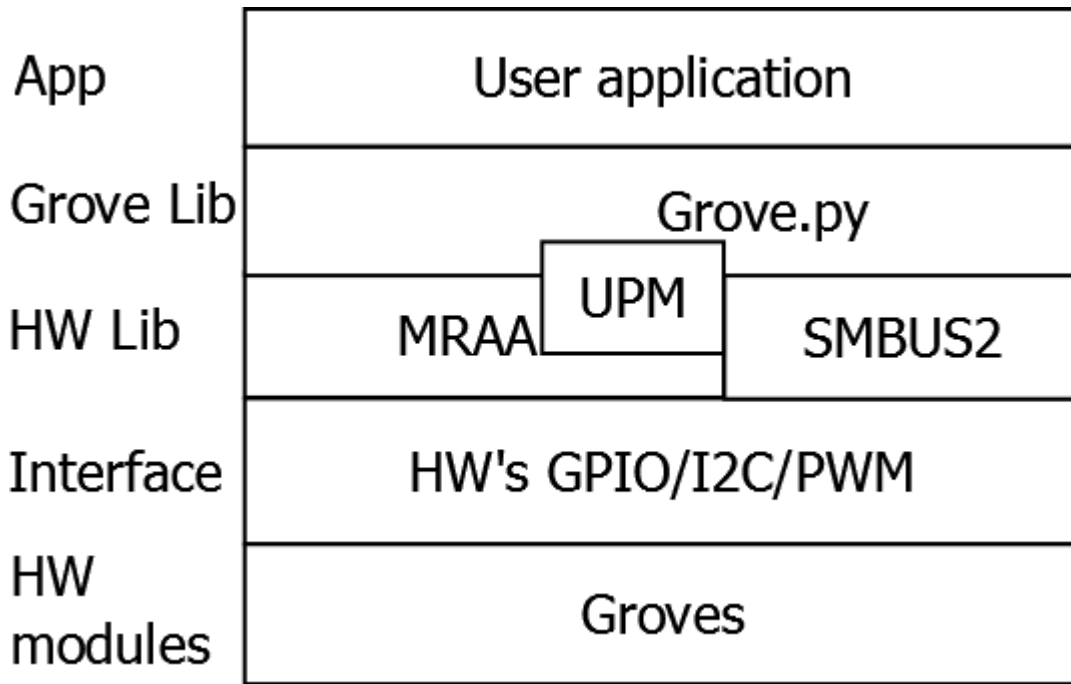
Software

In this section we will introduce how to install the **seeed grove.py** library and how to use I2C, PWM, Digital and analog port of the Grove Base Hat for Raspberry Pi.

!!!Tip If you do not know how to use a raspberry pi, please check [here](#) before start.

Architecture

To operate grove sensors, the grove.py depends many hardware interface libraries such as mraa/smbus2/rpi.gpi/rpi_ws281x.



Installation

Online one-click installation

One-click installation, quick start, what ever you call, with the single command below, we can install/update all dependencies and latest grove.py.

```
curl -sL https://github.com/Seeed-Studio/grove.py/raw/master/install.sh | sudo
bash -s -
```

!!!Success if everything goes well, you will see the following notice.

```

...
Successfully installed grove.py-0.5
#####
Lastest Grove.py from github install complete  !!!!
#####
...

```

Step by step installation

Besides the one-click installation, you can also install all the dependencies and latest grove.py step by step. Please refer to our github page for more information.

Step by step installation

You can check the source file by cloning the grove.py library.

```
git clone https://github.com/Seeed-Studio/grove.py
```

Usage

Now you can use the Grove Base Hat for Raspberry Pi with dozens Grove modules, tap the command **grove_** and press the ++tab++ key to check the supported Grove list.

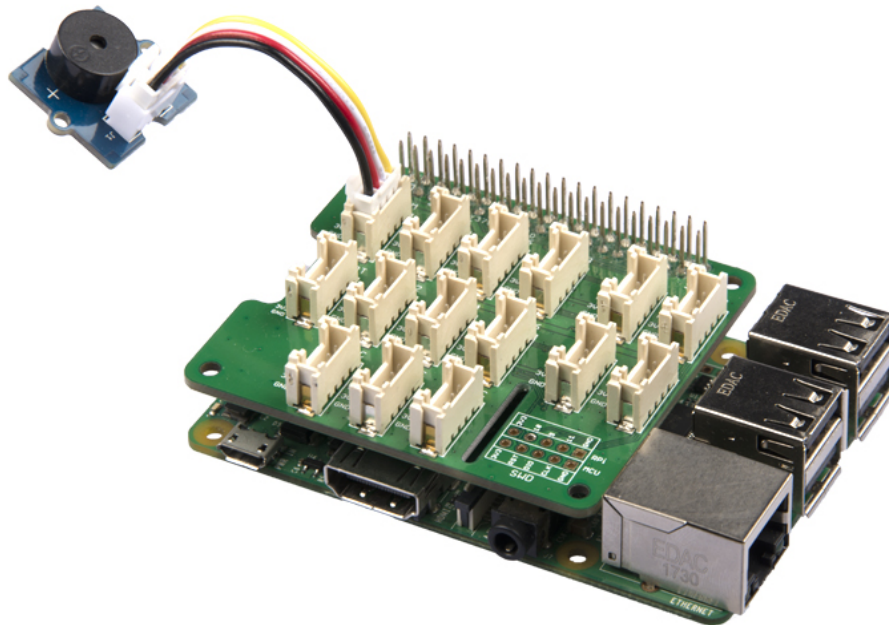
```
pi@raspberrypi:~$ grove_
grove_3_axis_compass_bmm150      grove_i2c_color_sensor_v2
grove_mini_pir_motion_sensor      grove_rotary_angle_sensor
grove_temperature_sensor
grove_4_digit_display            grove_i2c_motor_driver
grove_moisture_sensor             grove_ryb_led_button
grove_thumb_joystick
grove_air_quality_sensor_v1_3     grove_lcd_1.2inches
grove_oled_display_128x64         grove_servo
grove_tilt_switch
grove_button                     grove_led
grove_piezo_vibration_sensor      grove_slide_potentiometer
grove_touch_sensor
grove_collision_sensor            grove_light_sensor_v1_2
grove_pwm_buzzer                 grove_sound_sensor
grove_ultrasonic_ranger
grove_gesture_sensor             grove_loudness_sensor
grove_recorder_v3_0              grove_switch
grove_water_sensor
grove_high_accuracy_temperature   grove_mech_keycap          grove_relay
grove_temperature_humidity_sensor
pi@raspberrypi:~$ grove_
```

Then we will show you how to use them according to port type.

PWM Port

We will take the Grove - buzzer for example to introduce the PWM port.

Hardware connection diagram



Tap the following command `sudo grove_pwm_buzzer` in the command line interface.

```
pi@raspberrypi:~$ sudo grove_pwm_buzzer
Insert Grove-Buzzer to Grove-Base-Hat slot PWM[12 13 VCC GND]

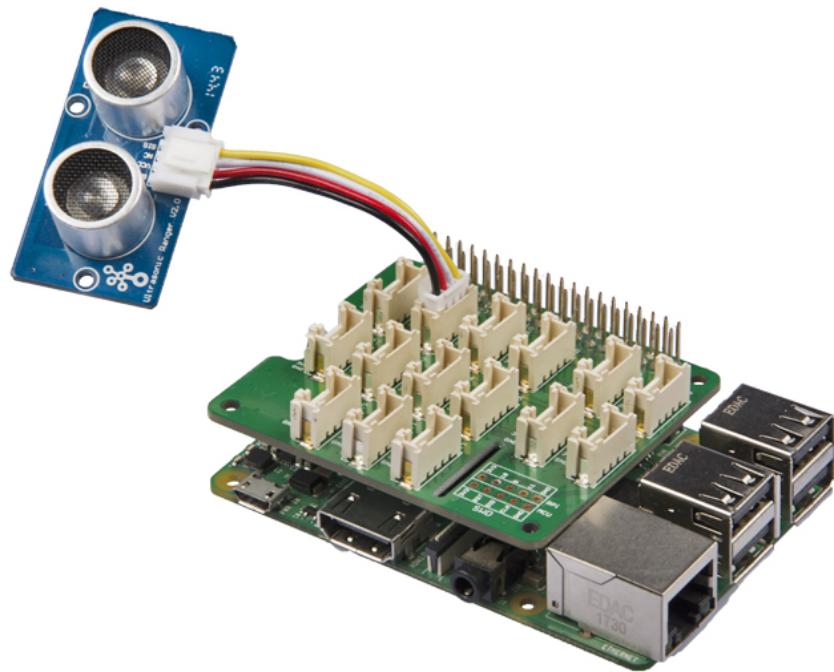
3800
3400
3000
2900
2550
2270
2000
exiting application
```

The buzzer will ring a few times and then stop, the program will automatically exit.

Digital Port

We will take the Grove - Ultrasonic Ranger for example to introduce the Digital port.

Hardware connection diagram



Tap the following command `grove_ultrasonic_ranger 5 6` in the command line interface.

```
pi@raspberrypi:~$ grove_ultrasonic_ranger 5 6
Detecting distance...
6.979909436456088 cm
7.966469074117726 cm
12.451204760321255 cm
15.184797089675378 cm
17.429220265355603 cm
18.73230112010035 cm
20.717752390894397 cm
19.83807004731277 cm
17.3059003106479 cm

^CTraceback (most recent call last):
  File "/usr/local/bin/grove_ultrasonic_ranger", line 11, in <module>
    load_entry_point('grove.py==0.5', 'console_scripts',
'grove_ultrasonic_ranger')()
  File "/usr/local/lib/python3.5/dist-packages/grove/grove_ultrasonic_ranger.py",
line 107, in main
    time.sleep(1)
KeyboardInterrupt
```

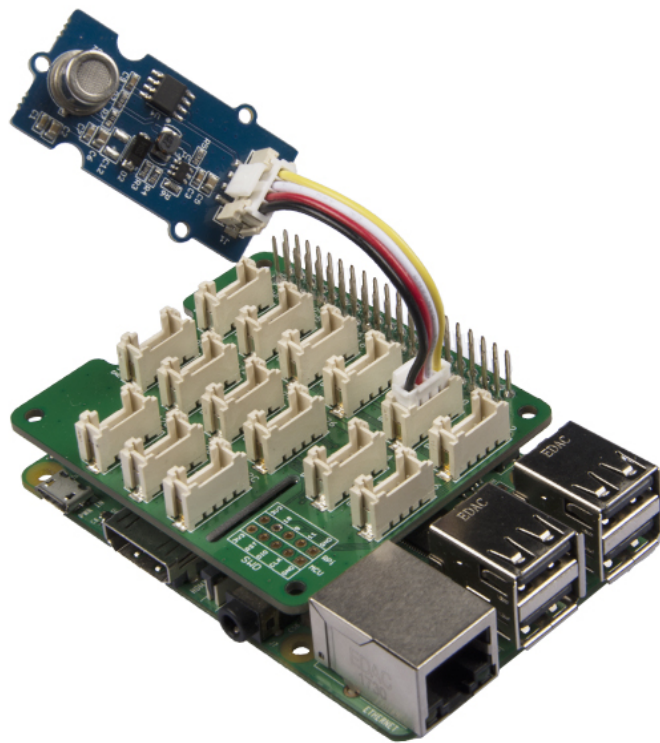
When you change the distance between the Grove - Ultrasonic Ranger and the target object, the measurement value will change accordingly. Press ++ctrl+c++ to quit.

!!!Attention For most grove module, you need to add the pin number parameter, like `grove_ultrasonic_ranger 5 6`, **5** and **6** are the GPIO/BCM pin. However, you may have noticed that in the first example `grove_pwm_buzzer`, we didn't add a parameter after the command. This is because the PWM port and I2C port do not require pin number parameters. You can find the pin number silkscreen just besides the Grove socket.

Analog Port

We will take the Grove - Air quality sensor v1.3 for example to introduce the Analog port.

Hardware connection diagram



Tap the following command `grove_air_quality_sensor_v1_3 0 1` in the command line interface.

```
pi@raspberrypi:~$ grove_air_quality_sensor_v1_3 0 1
Detecting ...
62, Air Quality OK.
63, Air Quality OK.
61, Air Quality OK.
61, Air Quality OK.
59, Air Quality OK.
```

```
62, Air Quality OK.
60, Air Quality OK.
60, Air Quality OK.
59, Air Quality OK.
60, Air Quality OK.
60, Air Quality OK.
60, Air Quality OK.

57, Air Quality OK.
^CTraceback (most recent call last):
  File "/usr/local/bin/grove_air_quality_sensor_v1_3", line 11, in <module>
    load_entry_point('grove.py==0.5', 'console_scripts',
'grove_air_quality_sensor_v1_3')()
  File "/usr/local/lib/python3.5/dist-
packages/grove/grove_air_quality_sensor_v1_3.py", line 68, in main
    time.sleep(.1)
KeyboardInterrupt
```

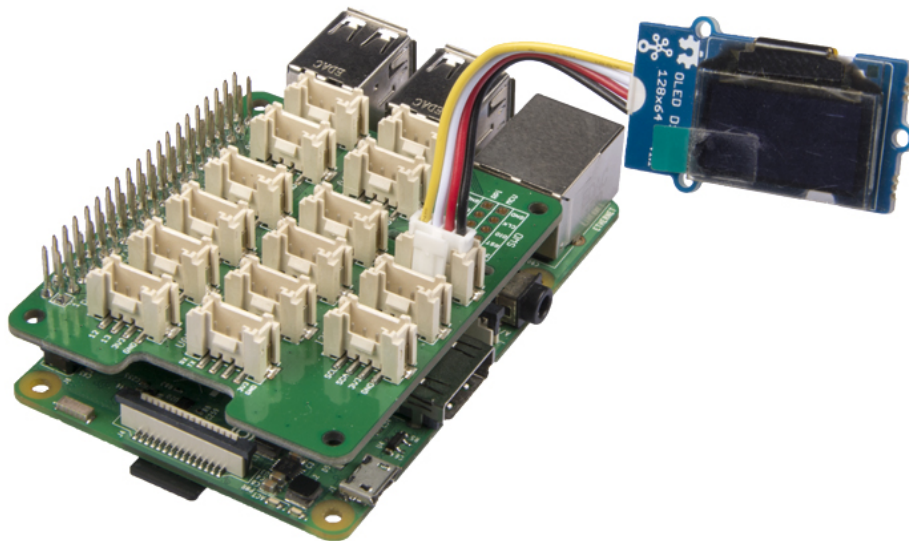
You can use this sensor to detect the air quality. Press ++ctrl+c++ to quit.

!!!Notice You may have noticed that for the analog port, the silkscreen pin number is something like **A1, A0**, however in the command we use parameter **0** and **1**, just the same as digital port. So please make sure you plug the module into the correct port, otherwise there may be pin conflicts.

I2C

We will take the Grove - OLED Display 128x64 for example to introduce the I2C port.

Hardware connection diagram



Tap the following command `grove_oled_display_128x64` in the command line interface.

```
pi@raspberrypi:~$ grove_oled_display_128x64
pi@raspberrypi:~$
```

It seems nothing happened, however you can find the most famous sentence in the cyber world if you check your oled. 😊

!!!Note If you use the I2C tool to scan the I2C address of the grove module, you may find two or more address. 0x04 is the address of the *Grove Base Hat for Raspberry Pi*.

Resources

- **[Zip]** [Grove Base Hat for Raspberry Pi Eagle Files](#)
- **[Zip]** [Seeed Grove.py Library](#)
- **[Zip]** [Firmware](#)
- **[PDF]** [STM32 Datasheet](#)