

2022年江苏省宜兴市（小学英语）考试题（精选）

分类：教师公开招聘/江苏 来源：fenbi

一、完型填空。本大题共15小题，每题1分，共15分。

(一)

I recently gave my class a task. It was to go to someone and say "I love you". It could be someone you felt sorry to or had never said those words to before. Hearing this, my students were silent, because they were too _____ (1) to express love, especially the boys who _____ (2) speaking out love not macho.

When I checked their work, Zhang Rui was the first to _____ (3) his story "Since my sister was born, she has become the focus and caught the _____ (4) of the whole family. I felt left out and unhappy," Zhang Rui said, "They were not angry with me. Instead, they comforted (安慰) me. When I said 'love you', they were _____ (5) but moved". As soon as Zhang Rui sat down, many students _____ (6) their hands actively, Du Yang got the chance. "My father and I had a(n) _____ (7) one month ago. After that, we _____ (8) spoke to each other. When I went back home with the task, I took courage, _____ (9) forward and said, "Dad, I just want to tell you that I love you". My father's face softened and his eyes watered. He reached out, _____ (10) me and said, "I love you too, but I have never been able to say it." The next day, my father volunteered to _____ (11) COVID-19. Several days later, he called and thanked me for those words. He added that _____ (12) could be stronger than the power of love and support from family. I believe that my father will have a safe _____ (13). With tears in his eyes, Du Yang sat down.

Hands were waving when the bell rang. No _____ (14) all my students had expressed love. _____ (15), there was still a person in the room who didn't. It was me. It was my turn to do that.

1 1

A、 shy
C、 kind

B、 open
D、 outgoing

2 2

A、 got
C、 made

B、 left
D、 considered

3 3

A、 share

B、 change

C、 choose

D、 cancel

4 4

A、 pity
C、 attention

B、 trust
D、 moment

5 5

A、 bored
C、 surprised

B、 tired
D、 relaxed

6 6

A、 put up
C、 put on

B、 put down
D、 put off

7 7

A、 promise
C、 challenge

B、 idea
D、 argument

8 8

A、 always

B、 usually

C、 often

D、 hardly

9 9

A、 met

B、 stepped

C、 asked

D、 brought

10 10

A、 refused

B、 knew

C、 hugged

D、 cheated

11 11

A、 carry

B、 fight

C、 have

D、 value

- 12 12
- A、nothing B、anything
C、everything D、something
- 13 13
- A、search B、walk C、return D、guide
- 14 14
- A、need B、doubt C、sense D、point
- 15 15
- A、After all B、At least
C、Besides D、However

二、阅读理解。本大题共10小题，每题1分，共10分。

(二)

A

How do you feel about nature? After spending hours indoors, do you feel better when you visit your local park? Most people think that nature is good for our bodies and brains. However, humans are spending more time inside and less time outside. For example, the number of visitors to Canada's national parks is getting lower every year. And in countries such as the USA, only 10% of teenagers spend time outside every day. Many doctors feel that this is a problem in the twenty-first century.

As a result, some doctors are studying the connection between nature and health: one example of this is the work of Dr Matilda in Sweden. The doctor gave people a maths test. During the test, their heart rates were fast. After the test, one group of people sat in a 3D-virtual-reality room for fifteen minutes with pictures and sounds of nature. Their heart rates were slower than people's in the other group.

The virtual touch with nature helped them feel more relaxed. Another good example of how nature is good for health comes from Canada. In Toronto, researchers studied 31,000 people living in the city. In general, they found that healthier people lived near parks.

Because of studies like these, some countries and cities want nature to be part of people's everyday life. In Dubai, for example, there are plans for a new shopping mall with a large garden so shoppers can relax outside with trees, plants and water. In Switzerland, "forest schools" are popular. Schoolchildren study their subjects in the forests and do lots of exercise outside. And South Korea is another good example: it has new forests near its cities and around 13 million people visit these forests every year. So after building cities for so long, perhaps it's now time to start rebuilding nature.

- 16 Match the countries or cities with the information and choose the right answer.

①the USA ②Dubai ③Switzerland ④South Korea

- a. Children study in the forests and do lots of activities outside.
b. About 13 million people visit new forests near its cities every year.
c. A new shopping mall with a large garden will be built.
d. 10% of teenagers spend time outside every day.

A、①-a ②-d ③-b ④-c
C、①-a ②-c ③-d ④-b

B、①-d ②-c ③-a ④-b
D、①-d ②-c ③-b ④-a

- 17 What do the results of the studies show?

- A、More and more Canadians will live near parks.
B、The maths test is difficult and makes people nervous.
C、Nature can help people feel more relaxed and be healthier.
D、People's heart rates get slower in a 3D-virtual-reality room.

- 18 What can we infer from the last sentence of the passage?

- A、Nature is more important than cities.
B、Country life is healthier than city life.
C、People have lived in the cities for so long.
D、Nature should be part of people's daily life.

(三)

B

Gallery Policies

for Visitors to National Gallery of Art, Washington

Visitors must present all carried items for inspection upon entry. After inspection, all bags, backpacks, umbrellas, parcels, and other things as determined by security officers must be left at the checkrooms, free of charge, close to each entrance. All oversized bags, backpacks and luggage must be left at the checkrooms near the 4th Street entrance of either the East or West Building. These items will have to be x-rayed before being accepted. Items of value, such as laptop computers, cameras, and fur coats, may not be left

For the safety of the artworks and other visitors, nothing may be carried on a visitor's back. Soft front baby carriers are allowed, but children may not be carried on shoulders or in a child carrier worn on the back. Pushchairs are available free of charge near each checkroom.

Smoking is prohibited. Food and drink are not permitted outside the food service areas. Unopened bottled water may be carried only in a visitor's bag. Cell phones may not be used in the galleries.

in the checkrooms but may be carried into the galleries.

We regret that we do not have enough space for visitor items larger than 17 × 26 inches into the Gallery or its checkrooms.

Additional security procedures and checks may be taken according to the decision of the Gallery.

Animals, other than service animals, are not permitted in the Gallery.

Skateboarding is prohibited.

Picture-taking (including video) for personal use is permitted except in special exhibitions and where specifically prohibited. Tripods (三角架) are not allowed.

Please do not touch the works of art.

19 What does the Gallery feel sorry for? ()

- A、Visitors have to keep their valuable items in the checkrooms.
- B、The size of visitor items allowed into the Gallery is limited.
- C、It cannot keep oversized visitor items due to limited space.
- D、Visitor items over 17×26 inches must go through additional checks.

20 Parents with small children visiting the Gallery _____.

- A、can carry their children in soft front child carriers
- B、can carry their children on their shoulders
- C、can carry their children in child carriers worn on the back
- D、ought to pay if they want to use pushchairs for their children

21 Visiting photographers should make sure that _____.

- A、pictures and videos are allowed for personal use anywhere in the Gallery
- B、tripods are allowed except in some special exhibitions
- C、picture-taking and videoing are totally forbidden in the Gallery
- D、pictures and videos can be taken in some places for personal use

(四)

C

Have you ever noticed the colour of the water in a river or stream after a heavy rainfall? What do you think caused this change in colour? It is soil that has been washed into the river from the riverbank or from the nearby fields.

Components of Soil

Soil is made up of a number of layers(层), each having its own distinctive colour and texture. The upper layer is known as the litter. It acts like a blanket, limiting temperature changes and reducing water loss. The topsoil layer is made up of small particles of rock mixed with rotten plant and animal matter called humus(腐殖质), which is black and gives the topsoil its dark colour. This layer is usually rich in nutrients, oxygen, and water. Below the topsoil is the subsoil, a layer that contains more stones mixed with only small amounts of organic matter. This layer is lighter in colour because of the lack of humus. Beneath the soil lies a layer of bedrock.

Soil forms from the bottom up. Over time bedrock is attacked by rain, wind, frost, and snow. It is gradually broken down into smaller particles in a process called weathering. Plants begin to grow, and rotten materials enrich the topsoil. Most of the soil in Eastern Canada, for example, was formed from weathered rock that was exposed when the ice disappeared 12,000 years ago.

Water Beneath the Soil

Surface water collects and flows above the ground in lakes, ponds, and rivers. Once in the soil or rock, it is called groundwater. Gravity pulls groundwater through the soil in a process called percolation(渗透). Eventually the water reaches a layer called the water table. Under this is bedrock through which water cannot percolate.

As water percolates downward, it dissolves organic matter and minerals from the soil and carries them to deeper layers. This causes a serious problem because plants require these nutrients for growth.

Soil pH

Soil can be acidic, neutral, or basic. The pH of the soil is determined by the nature of the rock from which it was formed, and by the nature of the plants that grow and rot in it.

The acidity of rain and snow can lower the pH of the groundwater that enters the soil. By burning fossil fuels such as coal, oil and gasoline, humans have been contributing to higher levels of acidity in many soils. When fossil fuels are burned, gases are released into the air and then fall back to earth as acid rain. Acid soil increases the problem of carrying nutrients to lower soil levels. As nutrients are removed, soil is less fertile. Plants grow more slowly in acidic soil, and also become easily attacked by diseases.

- 22 The layer of soil that provides necessary nutrients for plant growth is called _____.
 A、litter B、topsoil C、humus D、subsoil
- 23 According to the text, which of the following is NOT true? ()
 A、Soil forms from weathered rock on the earth surface.
 B、The deeper layer of soil is darker in colour than the surface soil.
 C、Air pollution is partially responsible for acid soil.
 D、Groundwater tends to carry away nutrients for plant growth.
- 24 We can infer from the passage that the water table lies _____.
 A、between the topsoil layer and the subsoil layer
 B、in the subsoil layer above bedrock
 C、between the subsoil layer and bedrock
 D、in the bedrock layer beneath the subsoil
- 25 The underlined word “dissolve” is used to express the idea that organic matter and minerals from soil are _____.
 A、rushed away into the river
 B、cleaned and purified by water
 C、destroyed and carried away by water
 D、mixed with water and become part of it

三、作文。本大题共1小题，20分。

- 26 每个人都会从不同的经历中获得不同的感受。哪一种感受经常伴随着你呢？

内容包括：

- (1) How do you often feel?
- (2) What makes you so. . . ? Why?
- (3) Do you want to make any changes? How?

要求：

(1) 内容完整，语意连贯，层次清晰，书写规范。

(2) 文中不得出现真实的姓名和校名。

四、教学设计。本大题共1小题，25分。

(五)

Unit

8 Birthdays

 Story time 

1



Miss Li: When's your birthday, Su Hai?

Su Hai: It's on the eleventh of May. It's also Su Yang's birthday.

Miss Li: What do you do on your birthday?

Su Hai: We usually have a big dinner with our parents and grandparents. Su Yang and I eat some noodles. After that, we play with Kitty the cat. We have a great time.



a birthday cake



eat noodles



Miss Li: When's your birthday, Mike?

Mike: It's on the eighth of April. We always have a party at home. Helen, Tim and I go to buy a birthday cake in the morning. Then, my friends come in the afternoon. We eat the birthday cake together and play some games. We have a lot of fun!



have a party



play games

27 对象：五年级学生 Unit 8 Birthdays

要求：用英语写出教学目标，教学重难点，pre-reading, while-reading, 作业设计，板书。

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