## Machine Learning 1 Homework 07 Theory Part

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The object function is:

$$Q\left(\theta, \theta^{old}\right) = \sum_{z \in \{heads, tails\}^N} P(Z = z | \mathcal{X} = x, \theta^{old}) \log P(\mathcal{X} = x, Z = z | \theta)$$

$$= \sum_{z \in \{heads, tails\}^N} P(Z = z | \mathcal{X} = x, \theta^{old}) \sum_{i=1}^N \left( \log P(Z = z^{(i)} | \theta) + \sum_{j=1}^m \log P(X_j = x_j^{(i)} | Z = z^{(i)}, \theta) \right)$$

We also know that:

$$\sum_{i=1}^{N} \left( \log P(Z = z^{(i)} | \theta) + \sum_{j=1}^{m} \log P(X_j = x_j^{(i)} | Z = z^{(i)}, \theta) \right)$$

$$= \sum_{zishead} \left[ \log \lambda + h(x_i) \log p_1 + t(x_i) \log (1 - p_1) \right] + \sum_{zishead} \left[ \log (1 - \lambda) + h(x_i) \log p_2 + t(x_i) \log (1 - p_2) \right]$$

 $h(x_i)$  is the number of heads when tossing coin M times,  $t(x_i)$  is the number when tossing hooin M times. Of course that  $h(x_i) + t(x_i) = M$ 

maximize this, we get:

$$\hat{\lambda} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} R_1(i)$$

$$\hat{p_1}^{new} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} R_1(i) h(x_i)}{M \sum_{i=1}^{N} R_1(i)}$$

$$\hat{p_2}^{new} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} R_2(i) h(x_i)}{M \sum_{i=1}^{N} R_2(i)}$$

where:

$$\theta^{old} = (\lambda, p_1, p_2)$$

$$R_1(i) = \frac{\lambda p_1^{h(x_i)} (1 - p_1)^{t(x_i)}}{\lambda p_1^{h(x_i)} (1 - p_1)^{t(x_i)} + (1 - \lambda) p_2^{h(x_i)} (1 - p_2)^{t(x_i)}}$$

$$R_2(i) = \frac{\lambda p_2^{h(x_i)} (1 - p_2)^{t(x_i)}}{\lambda p_1^{h(x_i)} (1 - p_1)^{t(x_i)} + (1 - \lambda) p_2^{h(x_i)} (1 - p_2)^{t(x_i)}}$$