

Original Table

order_id	customer_id	cake_type	size	quantity	price	rating	feedback
101	1	Chocolate Fudge	small	1	700	5	Delicious!
102	2	Vanilla Delight	medium	2	1500	4	Sweet and fresh

1NF (First Normal Form)

- ✓ **Already in 1NF**
 - ✓ All fields are atomic.
 - ✓ No repeating groups.
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2NF (Second Normal Form)

- ✓ Primary key: order_id
 - ✓ All non-key attributes (customer_id, cake_type, size, etc.) are fully dependent on order_id.
 - ✓ **Already in 2NF.**
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3NF (Third Normal Form)

- ✓ Let's look for transitive dependencies:
- ✓ cake_type, size, and price are related.
- ✓ That means cake_type + size → price is a **transitive dependency**.

To achieve 3NF, split the table into:

- ✓ **customerorder:**

order_id	customer_id	cake_type	size	quantity	rating	feedback

order_id	customer_id	cake_type	size	quantity	rating	feedback
101	1	Chocolate Fudge	small	1	5	Delicious!
102	2	Vanilla Delight	medium	2	4	Sweet and fresh

✓ **cake :**

cake_type	size	price
Chocolate Fudge	small	700
Vanilla Delight	medium	1500

✓ Now both tables are in 3NF.

BCNF (Boyce-Codd Normal Form)

- ✓ Check all functional dependencies:
 - ✓ $\text{order_id} \rightarrow \text{customer_id}, \text{cake_type}, \text{size}, \text{quantity}, \text{rating}, \text{feedback}$ ✓
 - ✓ $\text{cake_type} + \text{size} \rightarrow \text{price}$ ✓
 - ✓ **BCNF is satisfied.**
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4NF (Fourth Normal Form)

- ✓ Check for **multivalued dependencies**:
 - ✓ One order refers to one cake and has one customer.
 - ✓ No multivalued dependencies.
 - ✓ **4NF is satisfied.**
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5NF (Fifth Normal Form)

- ✓ Check for join dependencies or complex reconstruction issues:
- ✓ All tables are properly broken down, and no lossy decomposition exists.
- ✓ **5NF is satisfied.**