## CS 210: Data Management for Data Science Sample Midterm 2

## Fall 2023

| Name: | NetID:  |
|-------|---|
|       |   |
|       |   |
|       | This is a closed book, closed notes exam, only 5 pages of HAND WRITTEN NOTES allowed. |
|       | No electronic devices are permitted.  |

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

## 1. (10 points) Consider the table Products:

| D 1 (ID)  | D 1 (3)     |             | ъ.    |
|-----------|-------------|-------------|-------|
| ProductID | ProductName | Category    | Price |
| 1         | Laptop      | Electronics | 1200  |
| 2         | Headphones  | Electronics | 150   |
| 3         | T-shirt     | Apparel     | 25    |
| 4         | Watch       | Accessories | 300   |
| 5         | Sneakers    | Footwear    | 80    |
| 6         | Sunglasses  | Accessories | 90    |

Write an SQL query to select **ProductName** and **Price** of products within the **Accessories** category with a price higher than 100.

| Name: |
|-------|
|-------|

2. (30 points) Consider the table  ${\tt Orders:}$ 

| OrderID | CustomerID | TotalAmount |
|---------|------------|-------------|
| 1001    | 101        | 250.00      |
| 1002    | 102        | 150.00      |
| 1003    | 101        | 300.00      |
| 1004    | 103        | 500.00      |
| 1005    | 102        | 200.00      |
| 1006    | 101        | 350.00      |

(a) (15 points): Write an SQL query to display the orders (all columns) in descending order of TotalAmount.

(b) (15 points): Write an SQL query to display the total amount spent by each customer, showing the sum of TotalAmount for each customer.

3. (20 points) Consider the table Sales:

| SaleID | Product    | UnitsSold |
|--------|------------|-----------|
| 101    | Monitor    | 50        |
| 102    | Keyboard   | 120       |
| 103    | Mouse      | 200       |
| 104    | Headphones | 80        |
| 105    | Printer    | 30        |
| 106    | Scanner    | 40        |

(a) (10 points): Write an SQL query to find the **sum** of units sold for all products.

(b) (10 points): Write an SQL query to find the product which had the **lowest** number of units sold.

| Name: |  |
|-------|--|
|       |  |

4. (30 points) Consider the tables Authors and Books:

Authors:

| AuthorID | AuthorName      |
|----------|-----------------|
| A1       | John Green      |
| A2       | J.K. Rowling    |
| A3       | Stephen King    |
| A4       | Agatha Christie |

Books:

| AuthorID | BookTitle                                |
|----------|--|
| A1       | The Fault in Our Stars                   |
| A2       | Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone |
| A1       | Looking for Alaska                       |
| A3       | The Shining                              |
| A4       | Murder on the Orient Express             |
| A2       | Harry Potter and the Chamber of Secrets  |

(a) (15 points): Write an SQL query to join the two tables on AuthorID and display the author's name with the title of their books.

(b) (15 points): Write an SQL query to find the **names** of authors who have written a book with the word "Harry" in the title.

| Name: |
|-------|
|-------|

5. (10 points) Given the following strings, which includes various employee IDs:

"EMP001"
"EMP01253"
"EMP105"
"USR20267"
"EMP034"

Write a regular expression to match strings that start with 'EMP' and are followed by exactly three digits.

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

## 6. (Extra Credit: 10 points) Given the table Orders:

| OrderID | CustomerName | TotalAmount |
|---------|--------------|-------------|
| 1       | John         | 150         |
| 2       | Alice        | 75          |
| 3       | Bob          | 50          |
| 4       | Emma         | 120         |
| 5       | Sarah        | 100         |
| 6       | Chris        | 180         |

Write an SQL query to select orders where the 'TotalAmount' is greater than 100 or the 'Customer-Name' starts with 'J', but NOT where the 'CustomerName' is 'Sarah'.

| Name: |   |
|-------|---|
|       | - |

This page is intentionally left blank