

## Read cleaned GUK files

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20:54

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I have renamed columns, corrected typo's, and set all original column names to lower cases. All variables that I create begin with an upper case letter. All variables beginning with a lower case letter are original variables.

Texts in red indicate relatively major issues in data cleaning. Texts in green show responses to the problem. A Variable Name in red indicates a useful variable that I created.

Several issues discussed with Abu-san on Nov 16, 2017.

- Promissing avenues for impact evaluations: Asset incomes (e.g., milk), schooling (catch up process of large amount arms). There are a few ways to define a treatment status (assignment, elapsed time).
- Saving and repayment info needs to be supplemented with admin data.
- Papers to be written:
  1. Impact evaluation (+ weekly saving and revenue data).
  2. Financial returns.
  3. Relocation impacts.
  4. Repayment pattern and investment choices (Abu-san takes a lead?).
- File maintainer: Abu-san. Anyone who revises the data file should submit to Abu-san and he will update folder in the cloud.

## I Read files

ID file, other section files, and roster files are saved in different folders. Correct roster. Check panel structure of each section. Then we examine panel recording status (attrition, membership status, treatment assignment), and attach this to each section files.

List and read files in following folders: ./clean\_panel\_data\_by\_section/.

Asset codes are different between rounds, so one cannot use `generate.factors = T` option of `read.dta13` command. I will manually substitute asset item contents to asset codes. ./only\_panel\_2\_3\_4/, ./raw\_source\_files/P1\_Check.20170513, ./raw\_source\_files/P2\_Check.20170513, ./raw\_source\_files/P3\_Check.20170513, ./raw\_source\_files/P4\_Check.20170513.

Add the roster to the list of 1-2-3-4 panel data files (Z) as an element. (Note: At this moment, the list element roster is also a list, not a data.table.) Save all files. Z uses files from panel1234 and roster, Z2 uses files from panel234.

```
saveRDS(Z, paste0(path1234, "data_read_in_a_list_AssetsCodeOnly.rds"))
saveRDS(Z2, paste0(path1234, "data_read_in_a_list_234.rds"))
```

## II Id

### II.1 Membership status

Check individual panel status: `gid` is borrower group's unique id, and `hhid` = `gid`+membership ID number. `member_mid` is missing for some but `memname` is nonNA for all.

	memberNA	
memnameNA	FALSE	TRUE
	FALSE	4093 4296

In below, I create several variables to show membership-attrition patterns.

Define `Mpasted`: Tabulate membership pattern across rounds. It is `cccc` if membership==continued for 4 rds, `d` if dropped out after rd 1 while `dd` if observed in rd 1 but dropped out in rd 2 or 3. It does not give timing of attrition. Note: Original membership is defined at each observed rounds.

- c continuing members (original members, agreed to participate)
- d dropped out members (original members, dropped out by flood, individual rejection, group rejection)
- n new members (members of newly added group)
- r replacing members for dropped out members (additional members, replacing dropped out members in the original group)

Survey team tried to track an individual who dropped out at rd 1, so such a person is observed or is lost all the way to the final round.

c	cc	ccc	cccc	d	dd	ddd	dddd	n	nn	nnn	nnnn	r	rr	rrr	rrrr
25	30	84	4612	68	30	201	916	5	4	39	1760	2	4	33	576

Create survey round pattern: Spasted.

Spasted								
survey	1	12	123	1234	124	13	134	
1	100	28	82	1966	1	6	36	
2	0	28	82	1966	1	0	0	
3	0	0	82	1966	0	6	36	
4	0	0	0	1966	1	0	36	

Create **Mpattern** which shows membership and attrition information.

```
xid[, Mpattern := Mpasted]
# if Spasted == 1, observed only in rd1, so Xaaa (a for attrition)
xid[Spasted == 1, Mpattern := paste0(Mpasted, "aaa")]
xid[Spasted == 12, Mpattern := paste0(Mpasted, "aa")]
xid[Spasted == 13, Mpattern := paste0(substr(Mpasted, 1, 1), "a",
  substr(Mpasted, 2, 2), "a")]
xid[Spasted == 123, Mpattern := paste0(Mpasted, "a")]
xid[Spasted == 124, Mpattern := paste0(substr(Mpasted, 1, 2), "a",
  substr(Mpasted, 3, 3))]
xid[Spasted == 134, Mpattern := paste0(substr(Mpasted, 1, 1), "a",
  substr(Mpasted, 2, 3))]
```

Tabulate membership-attrition patten:

caaa	caca	cacc	ccaa	ccac	ccca	cccc	daaa	dada	dadd	ddaa	ddda	dddd	naaa	nann	nnaa
25	8	42	22	3	39	4612	68	2	39	28	162	916	5	12	4
nnna	nnnn	raaa	rara	rarr	rraa	rrra	rrrr								
27	1760	2	2	15	2	18	576								

(Note above number must be adjusted in the following way: Since ccaa is observed only in 2 rds, number of individuals is  $22/2 = 11$ .)

## II.2 Treatment assignment

Tabulate Mpattern against reason for current membership status (membership\_status).

Mstatus						
Mpattern	gErosion	gRejection	iRejection	iReplacement	newGroup	oldMember
caaa	0	0	0	0	0	25
caca	0	0	0	0	0	8
cacc	0	0	0	0	0	42
ccaa	0	0	0	0	0	22
ccac	0	0	0	0	0	3

ccca	0	0	0	0	0	39
cccc	0	0	3	0	0	4609
daaa	24	22	22	0	0	0
dada	2	0	0	0	0	0
dadd	0	0	39	0	0	0
ddaa	4	8	14	0	0	2
ddda	159	0	3	0	0	0
dddd	0	342	574	0	0	0
naaa	0	0	0	0	5	0
nann	0	0	0	0	12	0
nnaa	0	0	0	0	4	0
nnna	0	0	0	0	27	0
nnnn	0	0	0	0	1760	0
raaa	0	0	0	2	0	0
rara	0	0	0	2	0	0
rarr	0	0	0	15	0	0
rraa	0	0	0	2	0	0
rrra	0	0	0	18	0	0
rrrr	0	0	0	576	0	0

Below is original members.

```
table0(xid[survey == 1 & !grepl("new|Rep", Mstatus), Mstatus])
```

gErosion	gRejection	iRejection	oldMember
80	140	159	1221

Create **Mgroup** which identifies continued, newly added group (after flood?), or members replacing rejecters.

gErosion Forced drop outs.

gRejection, iRejection Voluntary drop outs.

There is an anomaly in membership\_status: Given that gid==71372 does not reject loans by group, this must be a drop out due to individual rejection rather than Old member that membership\_status reports. Correct Mgroup and Mstatus accordingly (but keep original membership\_status unchanged).

```
xid[grepl("Dr", membership) & grepl("Old", membership_status),
.(gid, hhid, year, Mgroup, Mpattern, Mstatus, membership, membership_status,
creditstatus, missing_followup)]
```

	gid	hhid	year	Mgroup	Mpattern	Mstatus	membership
1:	71372	7137219	2012	continued	ddaa	oldMember	Drop-out member
2:	71372	7137219	2014	continued	ddaa	oldMember	Drop-out member
	membership_status		creditstatus		missing_followup		
1:	Old Member		No		3rd and 4th round missing		
2:	Old Member		No		3rd and 4th round missing		

```
xid[grepl("Dr", membership) & grepl("Old", membership_status),
c("Mgroup", "Mstatus") := list("drop outs", "iRejection")]
```

	Mgroup					
Mstatus	continued	drop outs	forced	drop outs	new group	replacements
gErosion	0	0		189	0	0
gRejection	0	372		0	0	0
iRejection	3	654		0	0	0
iReplacement	0	0		0	0	615
newGroup	0	0		0	1808	0
oldMember	4748	0		0	0	0

Create **Assign** which shows realised assignment (as opposed to original assignment randomization) and drop out status (Mstatus).

```
xid[, AssignOriginal := randomization]
xid[, AssignOriginal := gsub("^con.*", "traditional", AssignOriginal)]
xid[, AssignOriginal := gsub("L.*t$", "large", AssignOriginal)]
xid[, AssignOriginal := gsub("L.*d.$", "large grace", AssignOriginal)]
xid[, AssignOriginal := gsub("^p.*", "cow", AssignOriginal)]
```

```
xid[, Assign := AssignOriginal]
xid[grepl("^dr", Mgroup), Assign := "drop outs"]
xid[grepl("^fo", Mgroup), Assign := "forced drop outs"]
```

Tabulate AssignOriginal in the first round. (Note: 220 NAs will be dealt with in the impact estimation file using village level info.)

cow	large	large grace	traditional	<NA>
512	472	482	533	220

Mgroup					
AssignOriginal	continued	drop outs	forced drop outs	new group	replacements
cow	308	72	0	60	72
large	348	12	0	100	12
large grace	338	22	0	100	22
traditional	227	53	0	200	53
<NA>	0	140	80	0	0

Mstatus						
AssignOriginal	gErosion	gRejection	iRejection	iReplacement	newGroup	oldMember
cow	0	0	72	72	60	308
large	0	0	12	12	100	348
large grace	0	0	22	22	100	338
traditional	0	0	54	53	200	226
<NA>	80	140	0	0	0	0

Tabulate Mpattern against assignment status (Assign).

Assign							
Mpattern	traditional	large	large grace	cow	drop outs	forced drop outs	
caaa	2	10	4	9	0		0
caca	0	4	0	4	0		0
cacc	3	6	21	12	0		0
ccaa	2	4	6	10	0		0
ccac	0	0	3	0	0		0
ccca	3	6	18	12	0		0
cccc	888	1320	1268	1136	0		0
daaa	0	0	0	0	44		24
dada	0	0	0	0	0		2
dadd	0	0	0	0	39		0
ddaa	0	0	0	0	24		4
ddda	0	0	0	0	3		159
dddd	0	0	0	0	916		0
naaa	2	1	2	0	0		0
nann	3	3	3	3	0		0
nnaa	0	2	2	0	0		0
nnna	27	0	0	0	0		0
nnnn	752	388	384	236	0		0
raaa	0	1	0	1	0		0
rara	0	0	0	2	0		0
rarr	0	0	0	15	0		0

rraa	0	0	0	2	0	0
rrra	6	0	0	12	0	0
rrrr	204	44	88	240	0	0

Tabulate Mstatus against realised assignment status (Assign).

Mstatus	Assign					
	traditional	large	large	grace	cow	drop outs
gErosion	0	0		0	0	189
gRejection	0	0		0	0	372
iRejection	3	0		0	0	654
iReplacement	210	45		88	272	0
newGroup	784	394		391	239	0
oldMember	895	1350		1320	1183	0

Missingness was reported with errors but corrected with updated file of 2017-10-18. Tabulate Mpattern against attrition information (missing\_followup).

missing_followup	Mpattern									
	caaa	caca	cacc	ccaa	ccac	ccca	cccc	daaa	dada	
First follow-up missing	0	0	42	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Second follow-up missing	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	
Endline missing	0	0	0	0	0	39	0	0	0	
2nd and 4th round missing	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	
3rd and 4th round missing	0	0	0	22	0	0	0	0	0	
2nd, 3rd and 4th round missing	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	68	0	
None missing	0	0	0	0	0	0	4612	0	0	

missing_followup	Mpattern									
	dadd	ddaa	ddda	dddd	naaa	nann	nnaa	nnna	nnnn	
First follow-up missing	39	0	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	
Second follow-up missing	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Endline missing	0	0	162	0	0	0	0	27	0	
2nd and 4th round missing	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3rd and 4th round missing	0	28	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	
2nd, 3rd and 4th round missing	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	
None missing	0	0	0	916	0	0	0	0	1760	

missing_followup	Mpattern					
	raaa	rara	rarr	rraa	rrra	rrrr
First follow-up missing	0	0	15	0	0	0
Second follow-up missing	0	0	0	0	0	0
Endline missing	0	0	0	0	18	0
2nd and 4th round missing	0	2	0	0	0	0
3rd and 4th round missing	0	0	0	2	0	0
2nd, 3rd and 4th round missing	2	0	0	0	0	0
None missing	0	0	0	0	0	576

Timing of disbursement.

Create DistDateX to show the timing of intervention in terms of survey. There are 3 disbursements for traditional loans, so DistDate2, DistDate3 are defined only for them. When DistDateX==NA and PurDateX!=NA, use PurDateX to fill NAs in DistDateX.

```
xid[is.na(DistDate1) & !is.na(PurDate1), DistDate1 := PurDate1]
xid[is.na(DistDate2) & !is.na(PurDate2), DistDate2 := PurDate2]
```

Define DisbursedX: T if interview date is after the X-th disbursement date, F otherwise.

```
xid[DistDate1 > IntDate, Disbursed1 := F]
xid[DistDate1 ≤ IntDate, Disbursed1 := T]
xid[DistDate2 > IntDate, Disbursed2 := F]
xid[DistDate2 ≤ IntDate, Disbursed2 := T]
xid[DistDate3 > IntDate, Disbursed3 := F]
xid[DistDate3 ≤ IntDate, Disbursed3 := T]
```

If DistDate1==NA and creditstatus==No, set Disbursed1=F (except for drop outs). Given that it is only the traditional loan takers which match this pattern, set also Disbursed2, Disbursed3 to F.

```
xid[is.na(DistDate1) & is.na(DistDate2) & is.na(DistDate3) &
!grepl("dr", Mgroup) & grepl("N", creditstatus),
c("Disbursed1", "Disbursed2", "Disbursed3") := F]
```

If DistDate1==NA and Mgroup==drop outs or Mstatus=={iRejection, gErosion, gRejection}, set DisbursedX==F.

```
xid[is.na(DistDate1) & (grepl("dr", Mgroup) | grepl("R|E", Mstatus)), Disbursed1 := F]
```

If DistDate1!=NA and IntDate==NA, set subsequent (than DistDate1) rd (survey) of Disbursed1 to T.

```
xid[!is.na(DistDate1) & is.na(IntDate), Disbursed1 := F]
xid[!is.na(DistDate1) & is.na(IntDate), DisRd := survey]
xid[!is.na(DistDate1) & is.na(IntDate) & survey > DisRd, Disbursed1 := T]
xid[, DisRd := NULL]
```

**Who are these who did not receive loans but Mgroup is classified as a continuing member?**

	year	DistDate1	Mgroup	Assign	Mpattern	Mstatus
1:	2012	<NA>	continued	traditional	cccc	oldMember
2:	2014	<NA>	continued	traditional	cccc	oldMember
3:	2015	<NA>	continued	traditional	cccc	oldMember
4:	2017	<NA>	continued	traditional	cccc	oldMember
5:	2013	<NA>	replacements	traditional	rrrr	iReplacement
6:	2014	<NA>	replacements	traditional	rrrr	iReplacement
7:	2015	<NA>	replacements	traditional	rrrr	iReplacement
8:	2017	<NA>	replacements	traditional	rrrr	iReplacement
9:	2013	<NA>	new group	traditional	nnnn	newGroup
10:	2014	<NA>	new group	traditional	nnnn	newGroup
11:	2015	<NA>	new group	traditional	nnnn	newGroup
12:	2017	<NA>	new group	traditional	nnnn	newGroup
13:	2013	<NA>	new group	traditional	nnna	newGroup
14:	2014	<NA>	new group	traditional	nnna	newGroup
15:	2015	<NA>	new group	traditional	nnna	newGroup
	membership		membership_status	creditstatus	Count	
1:	Continued		Old Member	No	26	
2:	Continued		Old Member	No	26	
3:	Continued		Old Member	No	26	
4:	Continued		Old Member	No	26	
5:	Replaced member	Individual	Replacement	No	3	
6:	Replaced member	Individual	Replacement	No	3	
7:	Replaced member	Individual	Replacement	No	3	
8:	Replaced member	Individual	Replacement	No	3	
9:	New member		New Group	No	18	
10:	New member		New Group	No	18	
11:	New member		New Group	No	18	
12:	New member		New Group	No	18	
13:	New member		New Group	No	2	
14:	New member		New Group	No	2	
15:	New member		New Group	No	2	

hhids of the above.

```
[1] 7042505 7042507 7042512 7042513 7042518 7065004
[7] 7065007 7065017 7086111 7086113 7086115 7086116
[13] 7086117 7086118 7086119 7116614 7116615 7137201
[19] 7137209 7137212 8169303 8169305 8169306 8169316
[25] 8169317 8169320 9807065005 9807065009 9807065015 9907065112
[31] 9907065113 99070310710 99070310715 99070311401 99070311404 99070311406
```

```
[37] 99070311409 99070311410 99070311413 99070311414 99070311417 99070311418
[43] 99070311420 99070311503 99070311504 99070311506 99070311510 99070311518
[49] 99070311519
```

[2017-11-14 Abu email] These individuals are loan rejecters yet stay as a member. → Mark as rejecters by creating a variable BorrowerStatus={borrower, pure save}.

```
xid[, BorrowerStatus := "borrower"]
xid[is.na(DistDate1) & is.na(DistDate2) & is.na(DistDate3) & !grepl("dr", Mgroup),
     BorrowerStatus := "pure saver"]
```

ObPattern.

```
0111 1000 1010 1011 1100 1110 1111 Sum
36 100 6 1 28 82 1966 2219
```

AttritIn.

```
AttritIn
Tee      2      3      4      9 Sum
1      100      0      0      0 100
2        0     56      0      0  56
3        0      0    258      0 258
4        0      0      0 7975 7975
Sum    100     56    258 7975 8389
```

Save xid.

```
saveRDS(xid, paste0(path1234, "ID.rds"))
```

Traditional loans are disbursed 3 times.

```
DistDate1      DistDate2
Min.   :2013-04-16 00:00:00 Min.   :2014-03-23 00:00:00
1st Qu.:2013-04-22 00:00:00 1st Qu.:2014-03-23 00:00:00
Median :2013-05-05 00:00:00 Median :2014-03-23 00:00:00
Mean   :2013-06-30 03:25:18 Mean   :2014-05-29 01:09:23
3rd Qu.:2013-09-29 00:00:00 3rd Qu.:2014-09-14 00:00:00
Max.   :2013-11-18 00:00:00 Max.   :2014-09-14 00:00:00

DistDate3      Assign
Min.   :2015-02-11 00:00:00 traditional :498
1st Qu.:2015-02-11 00:00:00 large      : 0
Median :2015-02-11 00:00:00 large grace : 0
Mean   :2015-04-21 18:30:21 cow          : 0
3rd Qu.:2015-08-11 00:00:00 drop outs  : 0
Max.   :2015-08-11 00:00:00 forced drop outs: 0
```

Drop outs did not receive loans.

```
gid      survey      DistDate1      DistDate2      DistDate3
70319 : 80 Min.   :1.00 Min.   :NA Min.   :NA Min.   :NA
70858 : 80 1st Qu.:1.00 1st Qu.:NA 1st Qu.:NA 1st Qu.:NA
81483 : 80 Median :2.00 Median :NA Median :NA Median :NA
70317 : 78 Mean   :2.33 Mean   :NA Mean   :NA Mean   :NA
81697 : 77 3rd Qu.:3.00 3rd Qu.:NA 3rd Qu.:NA 3rd Qu.:NA
70539 : 71 Max.   :4.00 Max.   :NA Max.   :NA Max.   :NA
(Other):749 NA's :1215 NA's :1215 NA's :1215

Assign      creditstatus
traditional : 0 Yes : 0
large       : 0 No :540
large grace : 0 Replaced Member: 0
cow         : 0 NA's :675
drop outs   :1026
forced drop outs: 189
```



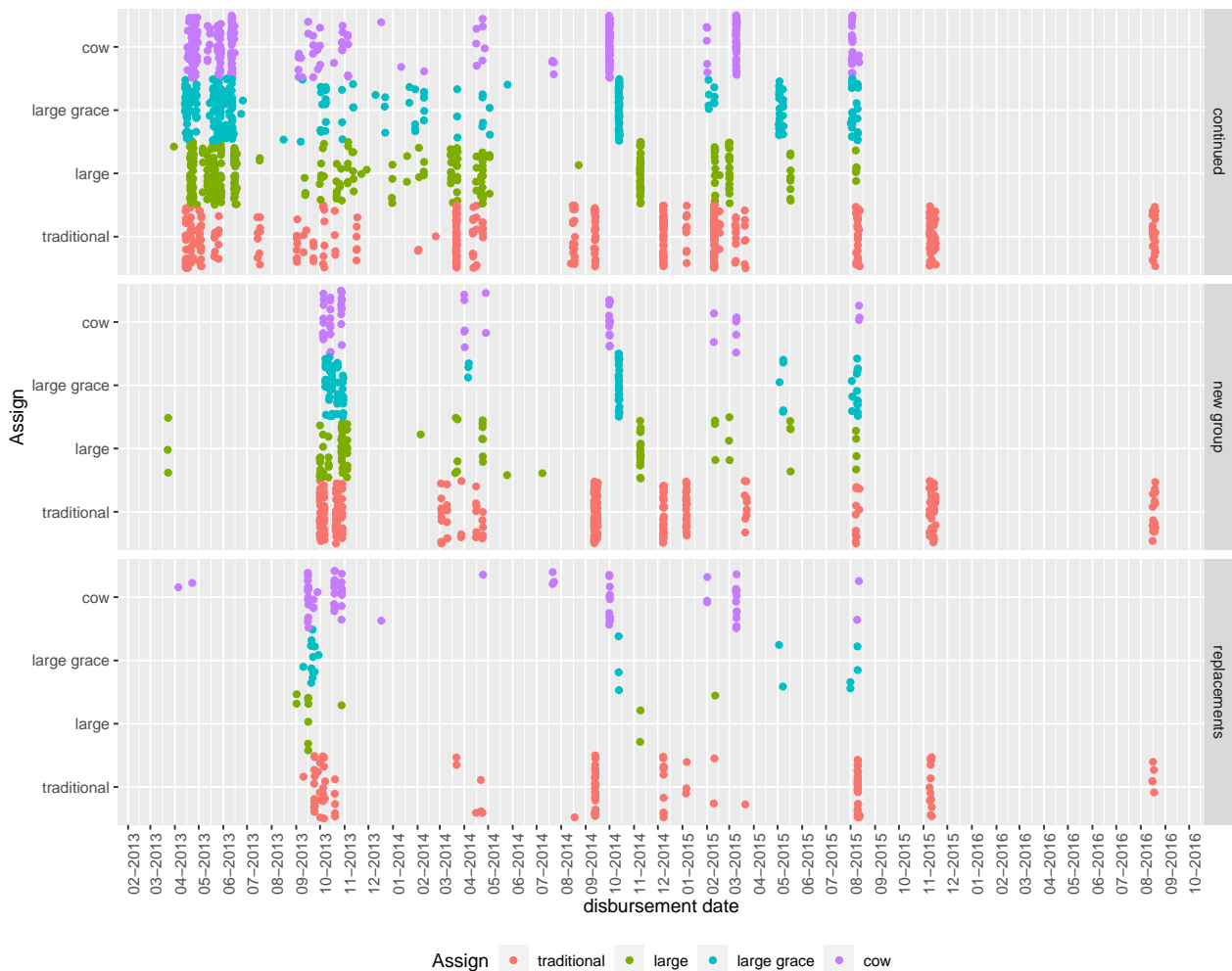


Figure 1 Disbursement timing

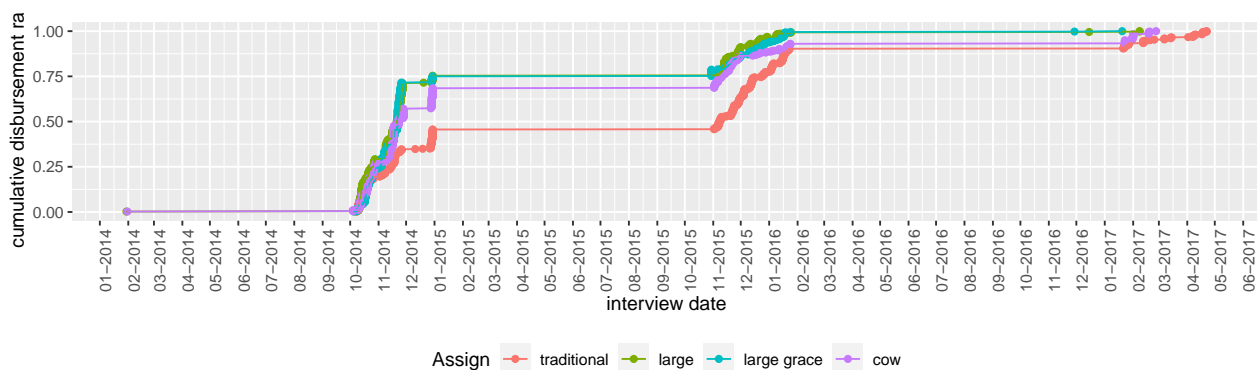


Figure 2 Disbursement progress of first loans against interview dates

Plot disbursement timing after excluding rejecters and drop-out members (Figure 1). Note that continuing members are the original members.

Plot disbursement status against interview dates (Figure 2) and disbursement dates (Figure 5). (After correcting some typos before date conversion.) We plot first loan disbursement against disbursement dates (Figure 6), and calendar year (Figure 3).

	Assign	Mgroup	Mstatus	Count
1:	large	replacements	iReplacement	4
2:	traditional	replacements	iReplacement	14

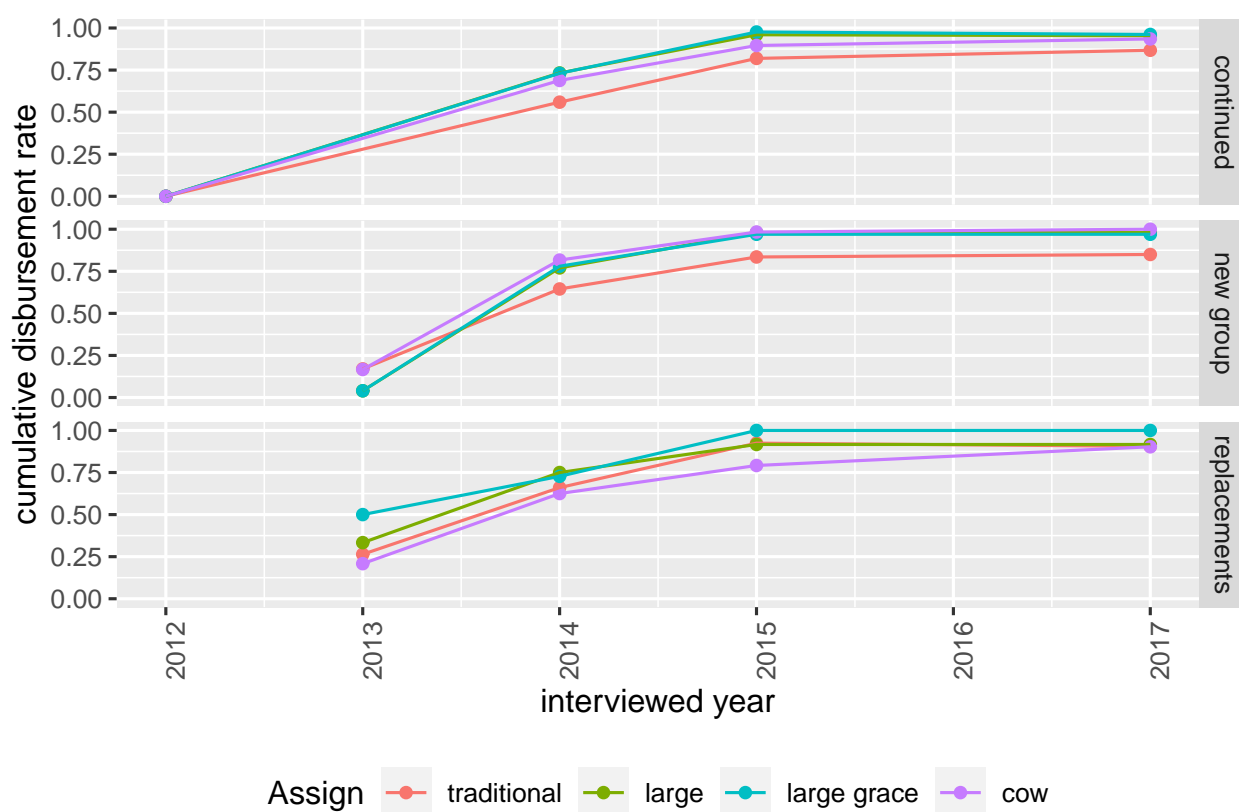


Figure 3 Disbursement progress of first loans against calendar year

3:	traditional	replacements	iReplacement	12
4:	cow	replacements	iReplacement	15
5:	cow	replacements	iReplacement	14
6:	cow	replacements	iReplacement	13
7:	large grace	replacements	iReplacement	11
8:	traditional	new group	newGroup	34
9:	traditional	new group	newGroup	31
10:	large	new group	newGroup	4
11:	cow	new group	newGroup	10
12:	large grace	new group	newGroup	4
13:	large grace	new group	newGroup	3

There are 44 cases which received treatment at the first round of survey among Mgroup==replacements, and 52 cases for Mgroup==new group. **These do not have baseline and needs to be dropped from analysis. The progress is shown in Figure 4.**

[2017-11-17 Abu discussion] These disbursement dates are wrong and need to be replaced with information in administrative records. → Abu will send the admin files. Not received as of 2019 Feb.

### III Correct sections

All files are corrected. Only roster is merged with xid at this point. All the other files are merged with xid in the next section.

#### III.1 Roster (xid merged)

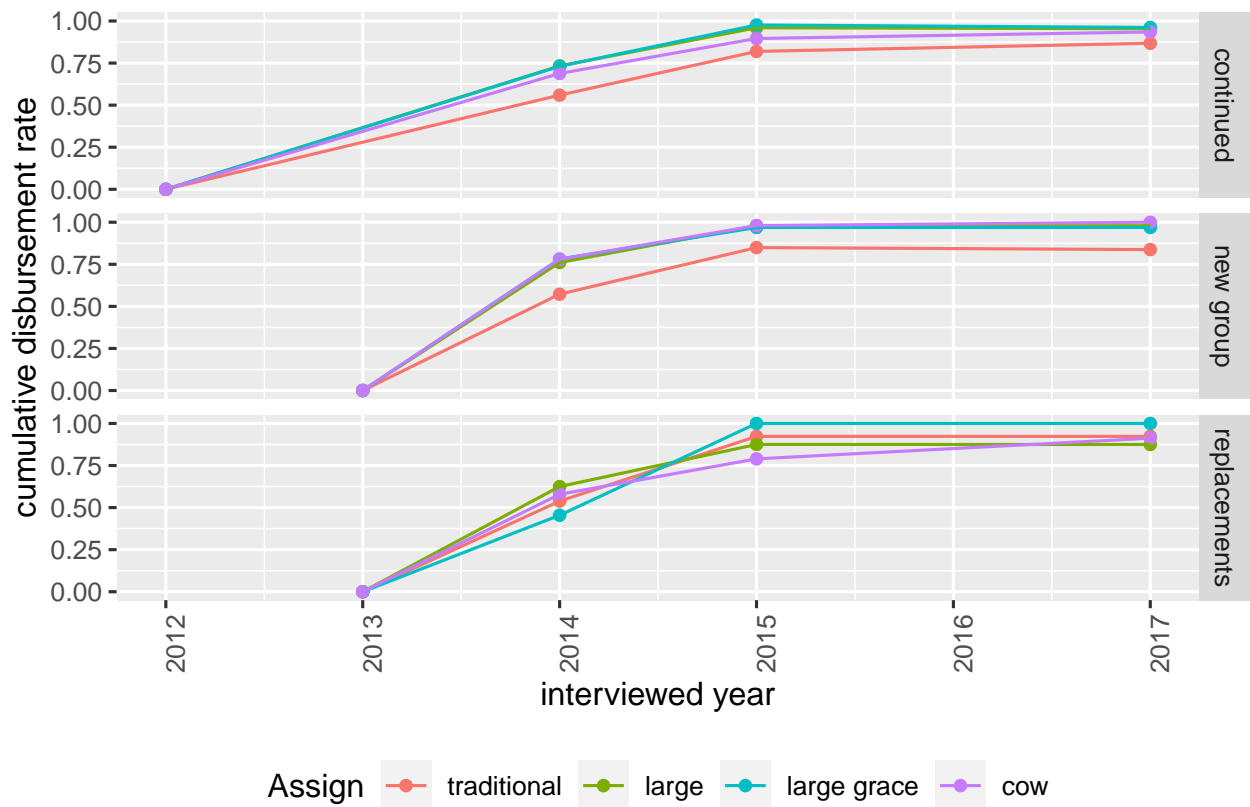


Figure 4 Disbursement progress of first loans against calendar year after dropping obs without baseline

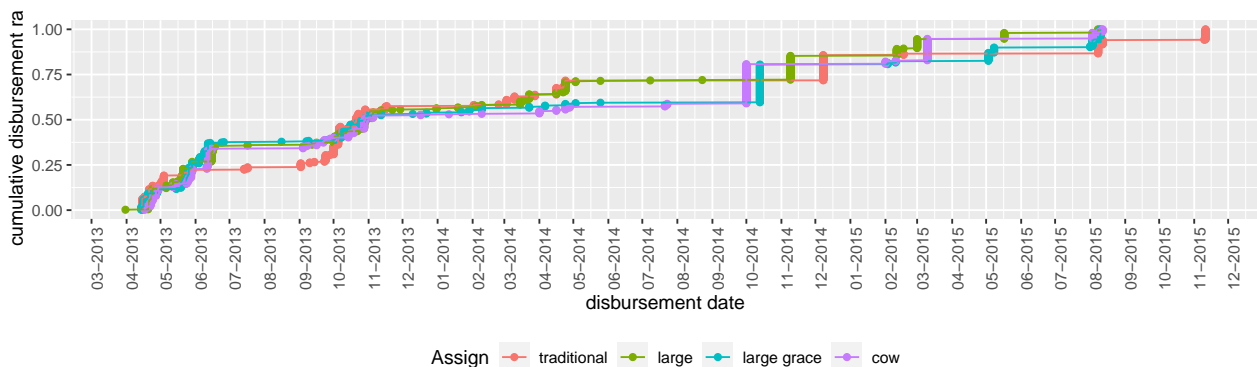


Figure 5 Disbursement progress of first loans against disbursement dates

```
Z3 <- Z[[grep("roster", names(Z))]]
NAhhid <- lapply(Z3, function(x) nrow(x[is.na(hhid), ]))
```

NAs in hhid in roster. Folder s1.1, number of NAs 5. (Note: At this moment, roster is saved as a list, not a data.table.) NAs in mid in roster. Folder s1.2\_p2, section\_1\_houdehold\_composition\_2, s1.2, number of NAs 1773, 1843, 1966. These look like redundant entries so we can drop with mid==NA. Membership information current is not recorded in 2012, however, most but 10 cases are reportedly staying in HH. So I create current in 2012 by using stay. Other corrections include: Drop duplicates: hhid==7010112 & mid==5 and hhid==7053905 & mid==3 & current == 3, correct mid: hhid==7020605 & mid == 3 & year == 2015: mid 3→4. Filled in NAs in sex if other rds are available. Not sure where Shaha Alom came from in HH 98081710316 in 2017. (Jahanara?)

```
Z3new[is.na(current) & year == 2012 & grepl("y", stay), current := "member"]
Z3new[is.na(current) & year == 2012 & grepl("n", stay), current := "not-member"]
```

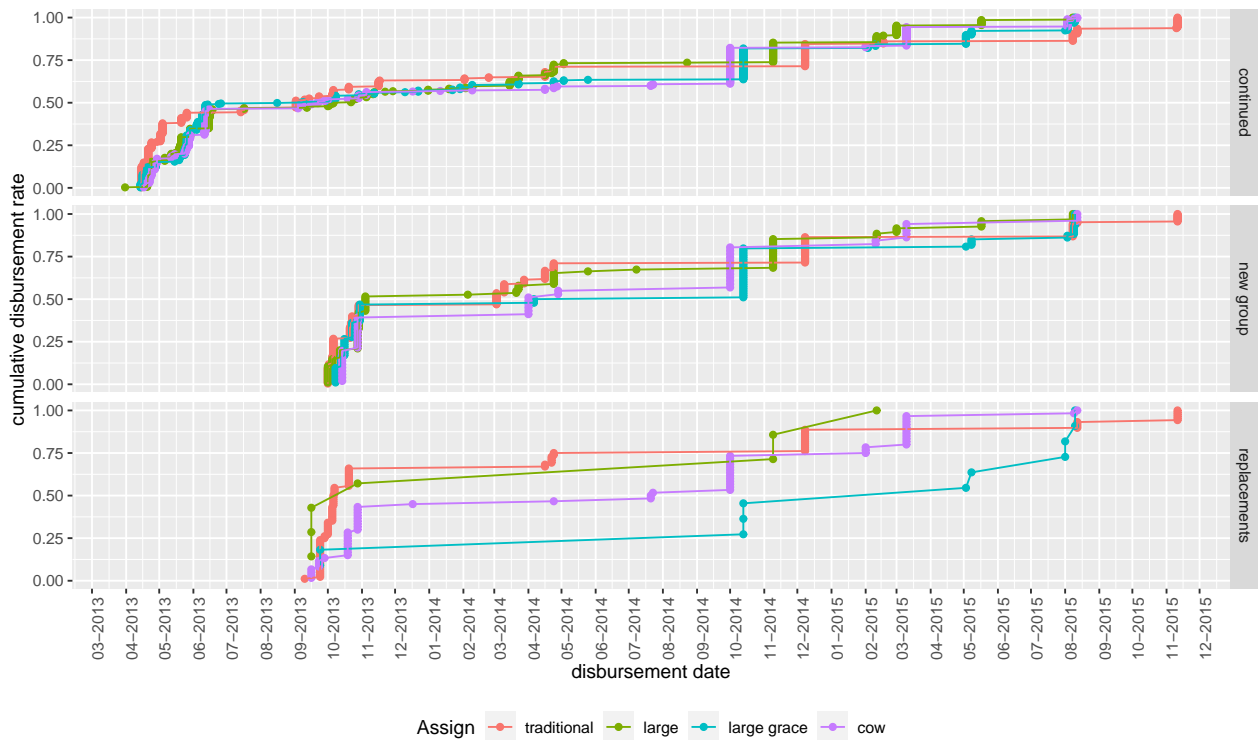


Figure 6 Disbursement progress of first loans by membership status

table0 (Z3new[, .(year, current)])

current							
year	1	2	3	member	new member	not-member	<NA>
2012	0	0	0	9264	0	10	0
2014	0	0	0	8318	348	352	0
2015	8364	347	281	0	0	0	1
2017	2	0	38	8204	0	70	0

	hhid	mid	year	memname	rel_hhh	edu	stay	current	
1:	7010112	1	2012	bablu	head	never been to school	yes	member	
2:	7010112	1	2014	bablu	head	99	yes	member	
3:	7010112	1	2015	bablu	head	99	yes	1	
4:	7010112	1	2017	bablu	head	99	yes	member	
5:	7010112	2	2012	farida	spouse	never been to school	yes	member	
6:	7010112	2	2014	farija	husband/wife	99	yes	member	
7:	7010112	2	2015	farida	husband/wife	99	yes	1	
8:	7010112	2	2017	farida	husband/wife	99	yes	member	
9:	7010112	3	2012	dulifa	son/daughter	class 2/finished class	2	yes	member
10:	7010112	3	2014	julufa	son/daughter	3	yes	member	
11:	7010112	3	2015	julufa	son/daughter	4	yes	1	
12:	7010112	3	2017	julufa	son/daughter	6	yes	member	
13:	7010112	4	2012	afika	son/daughter	class 1/finished class	1	yes	member
14:	7010112	4	2014	afika	son/daughter	2	yes	member	
15:	7010112	4	2015	afika	son/daughter	3	yes	1	
16:	7010112	4	2017	afika	son/daughter	5	yes	member	
17:	7010112	5	2015	arifa	son/daughter	1	yes	2	
marital									
1:	married								
2:	2								
3:	2								
4:	married								
5:	married								

```

6:      2
7:      2
8:    married
9:  unmarried
10:     1
11:     1
12:  unmarried
13:  unmarried
14:     1
15:     1
16:  unmarried
17:  unmarried

```

	hhid	mid	year	memname	rel_hhh	edu	stay
1:	7020605	1	2012	aminul	head	never been to school	yes
2:	7020605	1	2014	aminul	head		99 yes
3:	7020605	1	2015	aminul	head		99 no
4:	7020605	1	2017	aminul	head		99 yes
5:	7020605	2	2012	sona khatun	spouse	never been to school	yes
6:	7020605	2	2014	sona khatun	husband/wife		99 yes
7:	7020605	2	2015	sona khatun	husband/wife		99 yes
8:	7020605	2	2017	sona khatun	husband/wife		99 yes
9:	7020605	3	2012	sona mia	son/daughter	pre-school going age	yes
10:	7020605	3	2014	sonamia	son/daughter		<NA> <NA>
11:	7020605	3	2015	amir hamza	son/daughter		68 yes
12:	7020605	4	2017	amir hamza	son/daughter		68 yes

	current	marital
1:	member	married
2:	member	2
3:	1	2
4:	member	married
5:	member	married
6:	member	2
7:	1	2
8:	member	married
9:	member	unmarried
10:	not-member	<NA>
11:	3	unmarried
12:	1	unmarried

	hhid	mid	memname	age_1	year	stay	current	marital
1:	98081710316	1	pero mondol	85	2012	yes	member	widowed
2:	98081710316	1	pirumondol	NA	2015	yes	1	3
3:	98081710316	1	pirumondol	NA	2017	yes	member	widowed
4:	98081710316	2	safura	50	2012	yes	member	married
5:	98081710316	2	sofura	NA	2015	<NA>	2	<NA>
6:	98081710316	3	jahanara	45	2012	yes	member	married
7:	98081710316	3	jahanara	NA	2015	yes	1	2
8:	98081710316	4	afroza	7	2012	yes	member	unmarried
9:	98081710316	4	afruja	NA	2015	yes	1	2
10:	98081710316	4	afruja	NA	2017	yes	member	married
11:	98081710316	5	siam	NA	2017	yes	3	unmarried
12:	98081710316	6	shaha alom	NA	2017	yes	1	married

```
, , year = 2012
```

	current				
stay	member	new member	not-member	<NA>	
no	0	0	10	0	
yes	9264	0	0	0	

```

    <NA>      0      0      0      0

, , year = 2014

      current
stay   member new member not-member <NA>
no      43      3      0      0
yes    8275     345      1      0
<NA>     0      0     351      0

, , year = 2015

      current
stay   member new member not-member <NA>
no       0      0      0     52
yes       0      0      0    8593
<NA>     0      0      0     345

, , year = 2017

      current
stay   member new member not-member <NA>
no      27      0      0      0
yes    8179      0      0     38
<NA>     0      0     70      0

```

Add survey using ID (xid) file.

```

xid ← readRDS(paste0(path1234, "ID.rds"))
xid2 ← unique(xid[, .(gid, hhid, povertystatus, year, survey, memname,
  creditstatus, Mpattern, Mgroup, Mstatus, Assign, AssignRegression,
  ObPattern, AttritIn,
  IntDate, DistDate1, DistDate2, DistDate3, Disbursed1, Disbursed2, Disbursed3)])
xid3 ← unique(xid2[, .(hhid, year, survey)])
setnames(xid3, "year", "YearFromIdFile")
setkey(xid3, hhid, survey)
setkey(Z3new, hhid, survey)
Z3new2 ← xid3[Z3new]
setkey(Z3new2, hhid, mid, YearFromIdFile, year, survey)
Z3new2[, .(hhid, mid, YearFromIdFile, year, survey, age)]

```

```

      hhid mid YearFromIdFile year survey age
1:    7010101 1      2012 2012      1  40
2:    7010101 1      2014 2014      2  NA
3:    7010101 1      2015 2015      3  NA
4:    7010101 1      2017 2017      4  NA
5:    7010101 2      2012 2012      1  35
---
35592: 99081912420 3      2017 2017      4  NA
35593: 99081912420 4      2013 2012      1   7
35594: 99081912420 4      2014 2014      2  NA
35595: 99081912420 4      2015 2015      3  NA
35596: 99081912420 4      2017 2017      4  NA

```

```
Z3new2[, year := YearFromIdFile]
```

```
[1] 8 duplicated entries.
```

3 of duplicated entries in roster are errors (new borns), others are use of attrited member mid (e.g., mid = 2 left HH and mid = 3 uses mid 2 from that time on). There may be other cases of nonunique assignment of mid, but most of the times it will be picked up by an ID duplication check.

```
dupZ3[duplicated.num == 3 | duplicated.num == 4 | duplicated.num == 7, ]
```

	duplicated	not.duplicated	duplicated.num		hhid	mid	year	AgeComputed	
1:	FALSE	FALSE	3	7042213	6	2017	NA		
2:	FALSE	FALSE	3	7042213	6	2017	NA		
3:	FALSE	FALSE	4	7042417	5	2015	NA		
4:	FALSE	FALSE	4	7042417	5	2015	NA		
5:	FALSE	FALSE	7	7096319	5	2017	NA		
6:	FALSE	FALSE	7	7096319	5	2017	NA		
	memname	rel_hhh	marital	literacy		edu	primary	secondary	
1:	sathi	son/daughter	unmarried	can't read	and write	99	child	<NA>	
2:	sathi	son/daughter	unmarried	can't read	and write	99	child	<NA>	
3:	ibrahim	son/daughter	1	can't read	and write	68	child	<NA>	
4:	ibrahim	son/daughter	unmarried	can't read	and write	68	child	<NA>	
5:	munni	son/daughter	unmarried	can't read	and write	68	child	<NA>	
6:	munni	son/daughter	unmarried	can't read	and write	68	child	<NA>	
	uid	age	month	current	reasons	reason	FirstObs	FirstObs2	
1:	NA	NA	NA	member	<NA>	<NA>	0	0	
2:	NA	2	1	<NA>	new born/adopted	<NA>	0	0	
3:	704241705	NA	NA	<NA>	<NA>	<NA>	0	0	
4:	704241705	1	6	<NA>	1	flood	0	0	
5:	NA	NA	NA	member	<NA>	<NA>	1	1	
6:	NA	0	9	<NA>	new born/adopted	<NA>	0	0	

Drop the onew with age==NA.

```
Z3new2 <- Z3new2[
  !(hhid == 7042213 & mid == 6 & year == 2017 & is.na(age)) &
  !(hhid == 7042417 & mid == 5 & year == 2015 & is.na(age)) &
  !(hhid == 7096319 & mid == 5 & year == 2017 & is.na(age)), ]
Z3new2[hhid == 7010112, .(hhid, mid, memname, year, AgeComputed, age)]
```

	hhid	mid	memname	year	AgeComputed	age
1:	7010112	1	bablu	2012	45	45
2:	7010112	1	bablu	2014	47	NA
3:	7010112	1	bablu	2015	48	NA
4:	7010112	1	bablu	2017	50	NA
5:	7010112	2	farida	2012	32	32
6:	7010112	2	farija	2014	34	NA
7:	7010112	2	farida	2015	35	NA
8:	7010112	2	farida	2017	37	NA
9:	7010112	3	dulifa	2012	10	10
10:	7010112	3	julufa	2014	12	NA
11:	7010112	3	julufa	2017	15	NA
12:	7010112	4	afika	2012	5	8
13:	7010112	4	afika	2014	7	NA
14:	7010112	4	julufa	2015	8	NA
15:	7010112	4	afika	2015	8	NA
16:	7010112	4	afika	2017	10	NA

```
Z3new2[hhid == 7010112 & year == 2015 & grepl("jul", memname), mid := 3]
Z3new2[hhid == 7020811, .(hhid, mid, memname, year, AgeComputed, age)]
```

	hhid	mid	memname	year	AgeComputed	age
1:	7020811	1	mounal	2012	35	35
2:	7020811	1	moynal	2014	37	NA
3:	7020811	1	mounal	2015	38	NA
4:	7020811	1	mounal	2017	40	NA
5:	7020811	2	riaton	2012	30	30
6:	7020811	2	riaton	2014	32	NA
7:	7020811	2	riaton	2015	33	NA

8:	7020811	2	riaton	2017	35	NA
9:	7020811	3	monuara	2012	12	12
10:	7020811	3	monoara	2014	14	NA
11:	7020811	3	monowara	2015	15	NA
12:	7020811	4	iasin	2012	8	8
13:	7020811	4	iasin	2014	10	NA
14:	7020811	4	eyasin	2015	11	NA
15:	7020811	4	eyasin	2017	13	NA
16:	7020811	5	masuma	2014	NA	0
17:	7020811	5	masuma	2015	NA	NA
18:	7020811	5	runa	2015	NA	0
19:	7020811	6	runa	2017	NA	NA

```
Z3new2[hhid == 7020811 & year == 2015 & grepl("run", memname), mid := 6]
```

```
Z3new2[hhid == 7054105, .(hhid, mid, memname, year, AgeComputed, age)]
```

	hhid	mid	memname	year	AgeComputed	age
1:	7054105	1	samsul	2012	60	60
2:	7054105	1	samsul	2014	62	NA
3:	7054105	1	rahima	2015	63	NA
4:	7054105	2	rahima	2012	50	50
5:	7054105	2	rahima	2014	52	NA
6:	7054105	2	modu	2015	53	NA
7:	7054105	2	rahima	2017	55	NA
8:	7054105	3	modu	2012	7	7
9:	7054105	3	modu	2014	9	NA
10:	7054105	3	rahman	2014	9	38
11:	7054105	3	rahman	2015	10	NA
12:	7054105	3	modu	2017	12	NA
13:	7054105	4	jorina	2014	NA	30
14:	7054105	4	jorina	2015	NA	NA
15:	7054105	4	rahman	2017	NA	NA
16:	7054105	5	soneka	2014	NA	9
17:	7054105	5	soneka	2015	NA	NA
18:	7054105	5	jorina	2017	NA	NA
19:	7054105	6	jesmin	2014	NA	7
20:	7054105	6	jesmin	2015	NA	NA
21:	7054105	6	soneka	2017	NA	NA
22:	7054105	7	jesmin	2017	NA	NA
	hhid	mid	memname	year	AgeComputed	age

```
Z3new2[hhid == 7054105 & grepl("rahima", memname), mid := 2]
```

```
Z3new2[hhid == 7054105 & grepl("modu$", memname), mid := 3]
```

```
Z3new2[hhid == 7054105 & grepl("rahman$", memname), mid := 4]
```

```
Z3new2[hhid == 7054105 & grepl("jorina$", memname), mid := 5]
```

```
Z3new2[hhid == 7054105 & grepl("soneka$", memname), mid := 6]
```

```
Z3new2[hhid == 7054105 & grepl("jesmin$", memname), mid := 7]
```

```
Z3new2[hhid == 7096319, .(hhid, mid, memname, year, AgeComputed, age)]
```

	hhid	mid	memname	year	AgeComputed	age
1:	7096319	1	morjina	2012	50	50
2:	7096319	1	morjina	2014	52	NA
3:	7096319	1	morjina	2015	53	NA
4:	7096319	1	morjina	2017	55	NA
5:	7096319	2	mojid	2015	NA	35
6:	7096319	2	mojid	2017	NA	NA
7:	7096319	3	sujon	2015	NA	8
8:	7096319	3	sondha	2015	NA	30
9:	7096319	3	sujon	2017	NA	NA
10:	7096319	4	munni	2015	NA	4



11:	7096319	4	sondha	2017	NA	NA
12:	7096319	5	munni	2017	NA	0

```
Z3new2[hhid == 7096319 & grepl("sujon", memname), mid := 3]
Z3new2[hhid == 7096319 & grepl("sondha", memname), mid := 4]
Z3new2[hhid == 7096319 & grepl("munni", memname), mid := 5]
Z3new2[hhid == 7116604, .(hhid, mid, memname, year, AgeComputed, age)]
```

	hhid	mid	memname	year	AgeComputed	age
1:	7116604	1	achan	2012	50	50
2:	7116604	1	achan	2014	52	NA
3:	7116604	1	aqhan	2015	53	NA
4:	7116604	2	sukni	2012	45	45
5:	7116604	2	sukni	2014	47	NA
6:	7116604	2	sukni	2015	48	NA
7:	7116604	2	sukne	2017	50	NA
8:	7116604	2	jesmin	2017	50	NA

```
Z3new2[hhid == 7116604 & grepl("jesm", memname), mid := 3]
dupZ3 ← duplicated.rows(Z3new2, index = c("hhid", "mid", "year", "AgeComputed"),
  returnOnlyDuplicated = T, returnOnlyDistinctCols = T)
```

```
[1] No duplicated entry.
```

Recalculate age. Use all available age information to fill NAs. First, identify newborns who only has months recorded. For the below, there is no clue.

	hhid	mid	memname	year	en	Age	age	age_1	age_2
1:	7020910	5	sirina	2017	1	NA	NA	NA	NA
2:	7042710	5	afrina	2017	1	NA	NA	NA	NA
3:	7065019	4	panna	2014	1	NA	NA	NA	NA
4:	7065019	4	panna	2015	2	NA	NA	NA	NA
5:	7065019	4	panna	2017	3	NA	NA	NA	NA
6:	7096320	7	mominul	2017	1	NA	NA	NA	NA
7:	7116604	3	jesmin	2017	1	NA	NA	NA	NA
8:	7137316	4	shihab	2017	1	NA	NA	NA	NA

For others, copy age from first observed rd to other rds. There are 671 substitution can be made.

	AgeComputedNonNA
agenonNA	FALSE TRUE
FALSE	5 1
TRUE	671 9255

	hhid	mid	memname	year	en	age	AgeComputed
1:	7020910	5	sirina	2017	1	NA	NA
2:	7042710	5	afrina	2017	1	NA	NA
3:	7065019	4	panna	2014	1	NA	NA
4:	7065019	4	panna	2015	2	NA	NA
5:	7065019	4	panna	2017	3	NA	NA
6:	7096320	7	mominul	2017	1	NA	NA
7:	7137316	4	shihab	2017	1	NA	NA

There are 7 cases of Age==NA remaining. Created several head level variables.

```
Z3new2[grepl("^[he", rel_hhh) & grepl("can r.*te", literacy), HeadLiteracy := T]
Z3new2[, c("HeadLiteracy", "HeadAge") :=
  list(HeadLiteracy[grepl("head", rel_hhh)][1], Age[grepl("head", rel_hhh)][1]),
  by = hhid]
Z3new2[, HHsize := .N, by = list(hhid, year)]
```

Save back in data.

```
Z[[grep("roster", names(Z))]] ← Z3new2
# reorder
Z ← Z[c("roster", names(Z)[!grep("ros", names(Z))])]
fnd ← c("s1 (roster)", fnd)
```

## III.2 Incomes

### III.2.1 Farm incomes

Save back in data.

```
Z[[grep("farm", names(Z))]] ← xf
Z[[grep("inp", names(Z))]] ← xio
```

### III.2.2 Labour incomes

There is a decrease in cases reporting no labour income at 2014. This is due to omission of non-working members in rd 2 onwards.

	year					
positive.labour.income	2012	2013	2014	2015	2017	
FALSE	4928	1885	247	222	190	
TRUE	1797	652	2259	2352	2272	

HH-mids reporting no income in rd1 are not reporting anything in later rounds. (Show only first 2 HHs.)

	hhid	mid	year	code_1	totalincome
1:	7010102	1	2012	Agri Wage Labor	26000
2:	7010102	1	2014	Agri Wage Labor	42000
3:	7010102	1	2015	Agri Wage Labor	48600
4:	7010102	1	2017	Agri Wage Labor	41200
5:	7010102	2	2012	<NA>	0
6:	7010102	3	2012	Agri Wage Labor	50000
7:	7010102	3	2014	Agri Wage Labor	12000
8:	7010102	3	2015	Agri Wage Labor	69250
9:	7010102	3	2017	Agri Wage Labor	41800
10:	7010102	4	2012	<NA>	0
11:	7010102	5	2012	<NA>	0
12:	7010103	1	2012	Agri Wage Labor	48000
13:	7010103	2	2012	<NA>	0
14:	7010103	3	2012	<NA>	0
15:	7010103	4	2012	<NA>	0

Save back in data.

```
Z[[grep("labo", names(Z))]] ← x12
```

## III.3 Assets

HH assets has item coverage that varies across rounds. Importantly, land holding is not covered in round 1. Using `purchased_in_last_1_year` in HH assets, we recreate round 1 holding information and create variables `AmountFilled` which includes imputed land holding of round 1, and an imputation indicator `Added`. We find there is little variation across rounds.

Land holding is also stored in contract and ownership (in all rounds). There are very few records of land that are leased in or out, so contract and ownership has little information on land.

Coverage of other household asset items differ by rounds. We define NLHAssetAmount which is based only on non-livestock assets that are observed in all rounds. NLBroadHAssetAmount is based on all non-livestock asset items.

$$\begin{aligned}\text{AssetAmount} &= \text{NLHAssetAmount} + \text{TotalImputedValue} + \text{PAssetAmount}, \\ \text{BroadAssetAmount} &= \text{NLBroadHAssetAmount} + \text{TotalImputedValue} + \text{PAssetAmount}.\end{aligned}$$

TotalImputedValue is livestock holding values. Median unit values are used as prices for imputation.

Coding changes by round so one cannot apply the same code-contents correspondence to all rounds (which read.dta13 function does that caused erroneous reading in asset holding. Corrected). Varying code-contents correspondence also applies to productive assets.

### III.3.1 Household assets

Household asset contents.

	survey	type	medianAmount	meanAmount	num
1:	2	agricultural land	19000	39961.482	110
2:	3	agricultural land	44000	66907.974	117
3:	4	agricultural land	66000	105671.642	67
4:	2	almirah/cabinet	1000	1183.194	536
5:	3	almirah/cabinet	1600	1900.733	1481
6:	4	almirah/cabinet	1800	2086.175	1856
7:	1	bicycle	2100	2172.308	65
8:	2	bicycle	3000	3052.439	82
9:	3	bicycle	2000	2612.229	131
10:	4	bicycle	2000	1978.105	153
11:	1	cassette player	350	350.000	2
12:	2	cassette player	2400	2400.000	2
13:	3	cassette player	2600	8733.333	3
14:	4	cassette player	2200	2200.000	2
15:	1	electric fan	1500	1500.000	1
16:	2	electric fan	800	914.545	22
17:	3	electric fan	1000	1171.190	42
18:	4	electric fan	1000	1190.244	41
19:	2	fallow/submerged land	2000	9991.176	34
20:	3	fallow/submerged land	8000	33673.913	23
21:	4	fallow/submerged land	33000	53470.588	34
22:	2	jewelry	1000	1105.556	18
23:	3	jewelry	1200	2676.611	776
24:	4	jewelry	1000	2241.718	1036
25:	1	mobile phone	1000	1285.556	90
26:	2	mobile phone	1200	1172.810	805
27:	3	mobile phone	1000	1018.080	1324
28:	4	mobile phone	800	940.007	1375
29:	2	motorcycle/scooter	2000	38960.000	5
30:	3	motorcycle/scooter	35000	45966.667	6
31:	4	motorcycle/scooter	45000	68333.333	3
32:	2	others	1600	1600.000	2
33:	3	others	2000	6517.647	34
34:	4	others	1100	1266.667	6
35:	1	radio/tv	500	1509.091	11
36:	2	radio/tv	3000	3697.368	38
37:	3	radio/tv	2500	3112.195	41
38:	4	radio/tv	2000	2953.846	39
39:	2	residential land	6000	11783.677	922
40:	3	residential land	16000	25277.937	979
41:	4	residential land	20000	28825.970	928
42:	1	rickshaw/van	3750	3725.000	20
43:	2	rickshaw/van	5000	5633.333	18

44:	3	rickshaw/van	4000	8361.765	34
45:	4	rickshaw/van	5000	8260.938	32
46:	1	sewing machine	1200	1710.526	19
47:	2	sewing machine	2000	2578.261	23
48:	3	sewing machine	3900	3812.500	16
49:	4	sewing machine	3500	2863.636	11
50:	1	solar	8000	11333.333	3
51:	2	solar	4900	4900.000	2
52:	3	solar	16000	16375.000	8
53:	4	solar	17000	16960.000	25
54:	1	tubewell	1200	1313.898	1180
55:	2	tubewell	1400	1473.455	1567
56:	3	tubewell	1200	1264.724	1831
57:	4	tubewell	1000	1085.163	1838
58:	2	vcr/vcp	2000	2000.000	1
59:	3	vcr/vcp	2450	133583.333	6
60:	4	vcr/vcp	1200	1200.000	1
61:	1	wall clock	200	176.667	9
62:	2	wall clock	300	616.667	21
63:	3	wall clock	200	567.000	10
64:	4	wall clock	90	157.727	22
65:	1	wrist watch	200	608.000	15
66:	2	wrist watch	300	760.312	32
67:	3	wrist watch	200	1104.762	21
68:	4	wrist watch	150	421.176	17
survey		type	medianAmount	meanAmount	num

#### Mean assets for household assets.

	survey	meanNLHA	medianNLHA	stdNLHA	medianNumNLHA	medianNumNetNLHA
1:	1	1397.75	1200	857.66	1	1
2:	2	15716.41	7000	43601.22	3	3
3:	3	28556.84	13400	48482.55	4	3
4:	4	29830.02	15150	50389.58	4	0

Some items (agricultural land, almirah/cabinet, fallow/submerged land, jewelry, motorcycle/scooter, others, residential land, vcr/vcp are not recorded in baseline) are observed from round 2.

type							
survey	agricultural land	almirah/cabinet	bicycle	cassette player	electric fan		
1	0	0	14	0	0		
2	37	187	26	0	5		
3	37	525	46	0	16		
4	22	662	46	1	15		
type							
survey	fallow/submerged land	jewelry	mobile phone	motorcycle/scooter	others		
1	0	0	36	0	0		
2	15	7	258	2	1		
3	11	287	443	0	14		
4	14	364	455	1	2		
type							
survey	radio/tv	residential land	rickshaw/van	sewing machine	solar	tubewell	
1	5	0	11	10	1	358	
2	14	330	10	8	0	566	
3	16	345	20	8	3	641	
4	13	323	19	6	12	640	
type							
survey	vcr/vcp	wall clock	wrist watch				
1	0	5	10				
2	0	7	8				
3	1	3	7				
4	0	5	2				

Items observed in all rounds are below:

[1] "tubewell"	"mobile phone"	"bicycle"	"wrist watch"
[5] "sewing machine"	"rickshaw/van"	"wall clock"	"radio/tv"
[9] "solar"	"electric fan"	"cassette player"	

Number of households with anomalous asset entries (decrease in non-land household asset values greater than 25000):

	hhid	year	type	amount	NLHAssetAmount
1:	7096217	2012	bicycle	1000	1000
2:	7096217	2014	mobile phone	2400	6900
3:	7096217	2014	bicycle	2500	6900
4:	7096217	2014	tubewell	2000	6900
5:	7096217	2015	tubewell	15000	39000
6:	7096217	2015	jewelry	1000	39000
7:	7096217	2015	cassette player	22000	39000
8:	7096217	2015	mobile phone	2000	39000
9:	7096217	2017	jewelry	4000	3200
10:	7096217	2017	almirah/cabinet	2000	3200
11:	7096217	2017	tubewell	1200	3200
12:	7096217	2017	mobile phone	2000	3200
13:	8169717	2012	tubewell	1500	1500
14:	8169717	2014	tubewell	1600	1600
15:	8169717	2014	residential land	6000	1600
16:	8169717	2015	tubewell	1200	82600
17:	8169717	2015	almirah/cabinet	2600	82600
18:	8169717	2015	jewelry	400	82600
19:	8169717	2015	mobile phone	1400	82600
20:	8169717	2015	residential land	36000	82600
21:	8169717	2015	rickshaw/van	80000	82600
22:	8169717	2017	tubewell	400	3300
23:	8169717	2017	almirah/cabinet	2500	3300
24:	8169717	2017	jewelry	600	3300
25:	8169717	2017	residential land	40000	3300
26:	8169717	2017	bicycle	2500	3300
27:	8169717	2017	mobile phone	400	3300
28:	9908147515	2013	bicycle	3000	3000
29:	9908147515	2014	tubewell	1400	6800
30:	9908147515	2014	mobile phone	900	6800
31:	9908147515	2014	residential land	5000	6800
32:	9908147515	2014	bicycle	4500	6800
33:	9908147515	2015	mobile phone	900	44302
34:	9908147515	2015	tubewell	1400	44302
35:	9908147515	2015	residential land	25000	44302
36:	9908147515	2015	jewelry	1200	44302
37:	9908147515	2015	bicycle	42002	44302
38:	9908147515	2015	almirah/cabinet	1000	44302
39:	9908147515	2017	residential land	30000	4900
40:	9908147515	2017	tubewell	1000	4900
41:	9908147515	2017	bicycle	3200	4900
42:	9908147515	2017	mobile phone	700	4900
43:	9908147515	2017	almirah/cabinet	800	4900
44:	9908147515	2017	jewelry	800	4900
	hhid	year	type	amount	NLHAssetAmount

For 9908147515, the anomalous decrease is due to bicycle bought at 42002 in 2015, which may be 4200. Correct it. All other HHs are cassette player and rickshaw/ban, which may be possible that they sold off.

Define:

NLHAssets tubewell, mobile phone, bicycle, wrist watch, sewing machine, rickshaw/van, wall clock, radio/tv, solar, electric fan, cassette player

BroadNLHAssets Use all household asset entries.

	survey	HA	BHA	nHA	nBHA
1:	1	1313.20	1313.2	450	450
2:	2	2545.14	16013.8	1443	1480
3:	3	2973.93	27621.5	2374	2423
4:	4	2781.11	27736.6	2553	2602

Check HHs with anomalous asset values (changes in narrow net asset values  $< -50000$ ). There are members who report sharp decline in net assets.

da50K Diff in HH assets greater than 50K. This is mostly due to radio and cassette player entries. There are 1 households among o800==1L whose changes in net total asset  $< -50000$  and have assets of values greater than 50000.

This is rickshaw/van.

	hhid	survey	type	amount	H	BH
1:	8169717	3	rickshaw/van	80000	82600	121600

```
for (h in da50K)
  print(xha[hhid == h, .(hhid, t=survey, type, amount,
    #NH=NarrowNLHAssetAmount,
    H=NLHAssetAmount, BH=BroadNLHAssetAmount)])
```

	hhid	t	type	amount	H	BH
1:	8169717	1	tubewell	1500	1500	1500
2:	8169717	2	tubewell	1600	1600	7600
3:	8169717	2	residential land	6000	1600	7600
4:	8169717	3	tubewell	1200	82600	121600
5:	8169717	3	almirah/cabinet	2600	82600	121600
6:	8169717	3	jewelry	400	82600	121600
7:	8169717	3	mobile phone	1400	82600	121600
8:	8169717	3	residential land	36000	82600	121600
9:	8169717	3	rickshaw/van	80000	82600	121600
10:	8169717	4	tubewell	400	3300	46400
11:	8169717	4	almirah/cabinet	2500	3300	46400
12:	8169717	4	jewelry	600	3300	46400
13:	8169717	4	residential land	40000	3300	46400
14:	8169717	4	bicycle	2500	3300	46400
15:	8169717	4	mobile phone	400	3300	46400

```
#for (h in dna10K[!(dna10K %in% da50K)])
#  print(xha[hhid == h, .(hhid, t=survey, type, amount,
#    NH=NarrowNLHAssetAmount, H=NLHAssetAmount, BH=BroadNLHAssetAmount)])
```

```
for (h in rda50K)
  print(xha[hhid == h, .(hhid, t=survey, type, amount, RevAmount,
    RNH=RNarrowNLHAssetAmount, RH=RNHAssetAmount, BH=RBroadNLHAssetAmount)])
for (h in rdna10K[!(rdna10K %in% rda50K)])
  print(xha[hhid == h, .(hhid, t=survey, type, amount, RevAmount,
    RNH=RNarrowNLHAssetAmount, NH=NarrowNLHAssetAmount,
    RH=RNHAssetAmount, H=NLHAssetAmount)])
```

Save back in data.

```
Z[[ grep("h.*ass", names(Z))]] ← xha
saveRDS(xha, paste0(path1234, "HHAssetsCleaned.rds"))
saveRDS(completeAsset, paste0(path1234, "ListOfCompleteAssetsInAllRounds.rds"))
```

### III.3.2 Productive assets

Productive asset contents.

```
# substitute contents to code
pcodecon ← read.table(text="rd contents code
1 'tractor ' 401
1 'thresher ' 402
1 'power tiller ' 403
1 'power pump' 404
1 'deep and shallow tube-well ' 405
1 'treddle pump' 406
1 'done/swing basket ' 407
1 'plough and yoke ' 408
1 'spray ' 409
1 'husking machine ' 410
1 'ginning machine ' 411
1 'country boat ' 412
1 'engine boat ' 413
1 'fishing net ' 414
1 'cage incubator ' 415
1 'brooder ' 416
1 'bees-box ' 417
1 'weeder ' 418
1 'ladder (moi)' 419
1 'sickle/dao/axe/spade ' 420
1 'gola (grain storage)' 421
1 'saw ' 422
1 'dheki ' 423
1 'jata ' 424
1 'rickshaw ' 425
1 'other , specify ' 426
2 'tractor ' 401
2 'thresher ' 402
2 'power tiller ' 403
2 'power pump' 404
2 'hand pump' 405
2 'deep tube-well ' 406
2 'shallow tube-well ' 407
2 'treddle pump' 408
2 'rower pump' 409
2 'done/swing basket ' 410
2 'plough and yoke ' 411
2 'spray ' 412
2 'husking machine ' 413
2 'ginning machine ' 414
2 'country boat ' 415
2 'engine boat ' 416
2 'fishing net ' 417
2 'cage incubator ' 418
2 'brooder ' 419
2 'bees-box ' 420
```

```

2 'weeder' 421
2 'ladder (moi)' 422
2 'sickle/dao/axe/spade' 423
2 'gola (grain storage)' 424
2 'dheki' 425
2 'jata' 426
2 'sewing machine' 427
2 'other, specify' 428"
, header = T)
pcodecon <- data.table(pcodecon)
pcodecon1 <- pcodecon[rd == 1, ]
pcodecon2 <- pcodecon[rd == 2, ]
xpa[, pa2code := pa2]
xpa[, pa3code := pa3]
xpa[, pa2 := as.character(pa2)]
xpa[, pa3 := as.character(pa3)]
xpa[, pa4 := tolower(as.character(pa4))]
for (l1 in pcodecon1[, code])
  xpa[grepl(l1, pa2code) & survey == 1, pa2 := pcodecon1[code==l1, contents]]
for (l1 in pcodecon2[, code])
  xpa[grepl(l1, pa2code) & survey ≥ 2, pa2 := pcodecon2[code==l1, contents]]
for (l1 in pcodecon1[, code])
  xpa[grepl(l1, pa3code) & survey == 1, pa3 := pcodecon1[code==l1, contents]]
for (l1 in pcodecon2[, code])
  xpa[grepl(l1, pa3code) & survey ≥ 2, pa3 := pcodecon2[code==l1, contents]]
xpa[, pa1 := tolower(pa1)]
# There are HHs in survey == 1 who report code 427 (sewing machine), 428 (other)
# which do not exist in the questionnaire. Possibly an error in data entry. Use pcodecon2
for (l1 in c(427, 428))
  xpa[grepl(l1, pa2code) & survey == 1, pa2 := pcodecon2[code==l1, contents]]
for (l1 in c(427, 428))
  xpa[grepl(l1, pa3code) & survey == 1, pa3 := pcodecon2[code==l1, contents]]
# pa4 has typos
xpa[grepl("ladde", pa4), pa4 := "ladder(moi)"]
xpa[grepl("ladde", pa2), pa2 := "ladder(moi)"]
xpa[grepl("swing", pa4), pa4 := "sewing machine"]
xpa[grepl("other", pa4), pa4 := "other, specify"]

```

Productive asset records `xpa` is not an exhaustive list, and HHs with no productive asset are omitted in the file. Mean assets for household and productive assets.

	survey	meanPA	meanNarrowPA	medianPA	medianNarrowPA	stdPA
1:	1	1244.203	927.511	600	400	4651.05
2:	2	1267.192	965.669	400	380	6496.36
3:	3	1269.333	1050.763	430	420	5700.13
4:	4	840.997	773.076	400	400	4131.01

Save back in data.

```

Z[[grep("pr.*ass", names(Z))]] <- xpa
saveRDS(xpa, paste0(path1234, "ProdAssetsCleaned.rds"))

```

### III.3.3 Land holding in contract and ownership file

```

lnd <- Z[[grep("contr", names(Z))]]
# Change NA to zero
for (i in 1:3)

```



```

lnd[eval(parse(text = paste0("is.na(area_", i, ")"))), paste0("area_", i) := 0]
# OwnedArea = area_1[own_con_1=="Own"]
# + area_2[own_con_2=="Own"]+area_3[own_con_3=="Own"]
lnd[, OwnedArea := 0]
for (i in 1:3)
  lnd[grepl("^Own$", eval(parse(text = paste0("own_con_", i)))) ,
    OwnedArea := OwnedArea + eval(parse(text = paste0("area_", i)))]
# OperatedArea = OwnedArea
# + area_1[own_con_1=="rent|share|awne"]
# + area_2[own_con_2=="rent|share|awne"]
# + area_3[own_con_3=="rent|share|awne"]
lnd[, OperatedArea := OwnedArea]
for (i in 1:3)
  lnd[grepl("rent|share|awne", eval(parse(text = paste0("own_con_", i)))) ,
    OperatedArea := OperatedArea + eval(parse(text = paste0("area_", i)))]
destat(lnd[OwnedArea > 0 | OperatedArea > 0, .(year, survey, OwnedArea, OperatedArea)])

```

	min	25\\%	median	75\\%	max	mean	std	0s	NAs	n
year	2012	2014	2015	2015	2017	2014.9	1.2	0	0	753
survey	1	2	3	3	4	2.7	0.8	0	0	753
OwnedArea	0	0	0	2	748	9.9	42.0	425	0	753
OperatedArea	1	1	3	32	1155	24.0	78.4	0	0	753

```

round(lnd[, .(
  meanOwA = mean(OwnedArea),
  medOwA = median(as.numeric(OwnedArea)),
  NZeroOwA = sum(OwnedArea>0),
  stdOwA = var(OwnedArea)^(.5),
  meanOpA = mean(OperatedArea),
  medOpA = median(as.numeric(OperatedArea)),
  NZeroOpA = sum(OperatedArea>0),
  stdOpA = var(OperatedArea)^(.5)),
  by = survey ][order(survey)], 3)

```

	survey	meanOwA	medOwA	NZeroOwA	stdOwA	meanOpA	medOpA	NZeroOpA	stdOpA
1:	1	0.240	0	11	3.858	0.659	0	35	6.063
2:	2	1.799	0	120	23.551	4.214	0	266	43.730
3:	3	1.151	0	131	8.765	2.694	0	307	19.270
4:	4	0.336	0	66	3.156	0.978	0	145	6.228

Land holding in ownership\_and\_contract file does not have most of round 1 information. Coverage is also limited to agricultural land.

	year				
OperatedLand	2012	2014	2015	2017	Sum
FALSE	778	680	668	662	2788
TRUE	18	79	91	46	234
Sum	796	759	759	708	3022

	year				
OwnedLand	2012	2014	2015	2017	Sum
FALSE	790	724	715	686	2915
TRUE	6	35	44	22	107
Sum	796	759	759	708	3022

Save back in data.

```
Z[[grep("contr", names(Z))]] ← lnd
```

### III.3.4 Agricultural and residential land in HH Asset file

May 22, 2020 Land holding information has many missing values. Almost 1/2 of respondents do not reply. One should not rely too much on the estimated results because we do not know much about the sample selection. It is possible that NAs indicate zero's, because most of the char residents have little land holding.

Abu-san's email on Jan 30, 2020 I checked the questionnaire and found that from round 2, land-holding information has been included in the asset information, which made the asset data inflated from round 2. Since landholding is something that is time-invariant for the ultra-poor households, either we can add the landholding information in round 1 or create an asset holding information deleting the landholding information from round 2 onwards, to make the valid comparison.

Land holding values do not vary much across survey rounds. Use `purchase_in_last_1_year` to reconstruct rd 1 residential land holding. For the households who report to have purchased land in last 1 year, assume baseline land holding to be zero.

There are 3 types of land reported. Use only aggregated total value. To do so, one needs to keep only the first type of land holding. In the file, all 3 types are stored so one needs to drop redundant entries whenever necessary.

```
# If purchased in last 1 year, assume that all value is acquired in last 1 year
# and set baseline amount to zero
hasL[Added & year ≤ 2013, amount := 0, by = hhid]
# Get total of: agricultural, residential, fallow/submerged land
hasL[, AmountFilled := sum(amount, na.rm = T), by = .(hhid, year)]
hasL[, EarliestAmount := AmountFilled[!is.na(AmountFilled)][1], by = hhid]
# EachAmountFilled is land values of various types
setnames(hasL, "amount", "EachAmountFilled")
# Multiple land holding entries because multiple land types. For total, keep only one type
saveRDS(hasL, paste0(pathsaveHere, "LandNAFilled.rds"))
```

Land holding of original 776 HHs. Only 458 households responded. We assume all other households to have zero land holding. This is possible if their residential land is rented.

	year					
HaveLand	2012	2013	2014	2015	2017	Sum
FALSE	35	35	21	5	1	97
TRUE	423	423	437	453	457	2193
Sum	458	458	458	458	458	2290

### III.3.5 Merge HH and productive assets and land holding information in Ind

I merge household assets (NLHAssetAmount, BroadNLHAssetAmount, NLHAssetAmountOneYear, NLHAssetNum, BroadNLHAssetNum) with productive assets (PAssetAmount, PAssetEarning) together (merged data is called xas).

```
xha ← readRDS(paste0(path1234, "HHAssetsCleaned.rds"))
xpa ← readRDS(paste0(path1234, "ProdAssetsCleaned.rds"))
xpa[is.na(PAssetAmount), PAssetAmount := 0]
xpa[is.na(PAssetEarning), PAssetEarning := 0]
dit2 ← unique(xha[, .(hhid, year, survey,
#NarrowNLHAssetAmount,
NLHAssetAmount, BroadNLHAssetAmount,
#RNarrowNLHAssetAmount, RNLHAssetAmount, RBroadNLHAssetAmount,
NLHAssetAmountOneYear,
#NarrowNLHAssetNum,
NLHAssetNum, BroadNLHAssetNum
```

```

))
xas <- merge(dit2, xpa, by = c("hhid", "year", "survey"), all = T)

```

Tabulate number of households who report newly acquired household assets.

year	bought.last1year		
	FALSE	TRUE	<NA>
2012	0	0	1486
2013	0	0	618
2014	1698	168	205
2015	1178	862	49
2017	1240	755	9

	survey	meanNLHA	medianNLHA	stdNLHA	meanNumNLHA	medianNumNLHA
1:	1	1397.75	1200	857.66	1.00000	1
2:	2	2077.45	1800	1667.68	1.39871	1
3:	3	2292.26	1800	2921.89	1.69657	2
4:	4	2249.91	1700	2774.64	1.78195	2

Productive asset items (total of all rounds, excluding livestock hence NL assets).

bees-box	brooder	cage incubator
6276	75	903
country boat	deep tube well	dheki
17	17	1221
done/swing basket	engine boat	fishing net
8	11	453
ginning machine	gola (grain storage)	hand pump
1550	25	786
husking machine	jata	ladder(moi)
62	51	32
other, specify	plough and yoke	power pump
8	4	13
power tiller	rickshaw	rower pump
12	25	7
saw	sewing machine	shallow tube well
24	10	1
sickle/dao/axe/spade	spray	thresher
918	26	2
tractor	treddle pump	weeder
5	66	30
<NA>		
20434		

Merge land holding data with asset data.

```

hasL <- readRDS(paste0(pathsaveHere, "LandNAFilled.rds"))
# keep only one row per hhid
hasL[, max := 1:N, by = .(hhid, year)]
hasL <- hasL[max == 1, .(hhid, year, AmountFilled, Added)]
hasL[, max := NULL]

```

Warning in `[.data.table` (hasL, , `:=`(max, NULL)): Column 'max' does not exist to remove

```

#lnd <- Z[[grep("contr", names(Z))]]
#lnd0 <- lnd[OwnedArea > 0 | OperatedArea > 0, ]
commoncols <- intersect(colnames(hasL), colnames(xas))
xas2 <- merge(xas, hasL, by = commoncols, all.x = T)
#xas3 <- merge(xas, hasL, by = c("hhid", "year"), all.x = T)

```

Save data.

```
Z$MergedAssets <- xas2
fnd <- c(fnd, "MergedAssets")
saveRDS(xas3, paste0(path1234, "MergedAssetsCleaned.rds"))
```

### III.3.6 Livestock

There are 3 entries with `type == NA`. For `hhid` 7126814, 7127105, they are cows. For 7043316, it sold calf, so fill `cow/ox`.

	hhid	survey	year	type	ownership	own_share	number_owned	mrkt_value	
1:	7043316	2	2014		Yes	own	1	10000	
2:	7126814	3	2015		Yes	own	1	17000	
3:	7127105	4	2017		Yes	own	1	28000	
	sold_value	sale_amount	sold	dead	born	base	nowned_cow	nowned_ox	nowned_goat
1:	15000		NA	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2:	12000		NA	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
3:	51000		NA	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	u_id	mid	s8b_1	nowned_chicken	nowned_sheep	sales_cow	sales_ox	sales_sheep	
1:	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2:	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
3:	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	_merge	eaten	labor_hired	labor_hired_day	labor_payment	total_cost	dup		
1:	<NA>	NA	NA		NA	NA	2000	0	
2:	<NA>	NA	NA		NA	NA	2000	0	
3:	<NA>	NA	NA		NA	NA	2000	0	
	counttime								
1:	4								
2:	4								
3:	4								

Number owned by `hhid` 7096201 in `survey == 3` is 24000 while its market value is 1. Switch these entries.

In round 1, `nowned_X` is used for `X = cow, ox, goat, sheep, chicken`, and `type`, `number_owned` are used. For `type==Goat/Sheep`, only `nowned_goat` is copied to `number_owned` and `nowned_sheep` is not included.

	hhid	survey	type	nowned_cow	nowned_goat	nowned_sheep
1:	7010102	1	Goat/Sheep	0	2	4
2:	7010102	2	Goat/Sheep	NA	NA	NA
3:	7010107	1	Goat/Sheep	0	1	3
4:	7010108	1	Goat/Sheep	0	1	3
5:	7010114	1	Goat/Sheep	0	1	3
---						
201:	99070712709	4	Goat/Sheep	NA	NA	NA
202:	99070712714	4	Goat/Sheep	NA	NA	NA
203:	99081412504	1	Goat/Sheep	0	1	5
204:	99081711215	4	Goat/Sheep	NA	NA	NA
205:	99081912103	1	Goat/Sheep	0	1	1
	number_owned					
1:	2					
2:	1					
3:	1					
4:	1					
5:	1					
---						
201:	4					
202:	3					
203:	1					
204:	4					
205:	1					

I will add sheep to number\_owned. For cows and oxen, there is no mismatch in numbers reported between nowned\_cow+nowned\_ox and number\_owend with type==cow/ox.

From round 2 onwards, only type, number\_owned are used. Use the latter way to show information. To do so, reshape to long and reshape back. Other information mrkt\_value, sold\_amount, labor\_X, total\_cost are almost all NAs, so drop them.

number_owned										
survey	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	8	9	Sum
1	0	22	40	4	16	6	10	1	1	100
2	39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	39
3	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	26
4	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	40

	hhid	survey	type	nowned_cow	nowned_goat	nowned_sheep
1:	7010102	1	Goat/Sheep	0	2	4
2:	7010102	2	Goat/Sheep	NA	NA	NA
3:	7010107	1	Goat/Sheep	0	1	3
4:	7010108	1	Goat/Sheep	0	1	3
5:	7010114	1	Goat/Sheep	0	1	3
---						
201:	99070712709	4	Goat/Sheep	NA	NA	NA
202:	99070712714	4	Goat/Sheep	NA	NA	NA
203:	99081412504	1	Goat/Sheep	0	1	5
204:	99081711215	4	Goat/Sheep	NA	NA	NA
205:	99081912103	1	Goat/Sheep	0	1	1
number_owned						
1:				6		
2:				0		
3:				4		
4:				4		
5:				4		
---						
201:				0		
202:				0		
203:				6		
204:				0		
205:				2		

type					
survey	Chicken/duck	cow/ox	Goat/Sheep	Sum	
1	727	837	553	100	2217
2	257	413	1370	39	2079
3	64	224	1803	26	2117
4	82	229	1653	40	2004

	hhid	survey	type	number_owned	sold	dead	born	base	nowned_cow
1:	7010119	1	cow/ox	1	0	0	0	1	1
2:	7010120	1	cow/ox	1	0	0	0	1	1
3:	7020301	1	cow/ox	1	0	2	0	1	1
4:	7020302	1	cow/ox	1	0	3	0	1	1
5:	7020306	1	cow/ox	1	0	3	0	1	1
---									
549:	99081912414	1	cow/ox	1	0	0	0	2	1
550:	99081912415	1	cow/ox	1	0	0	0	2	0
551:	99081912416	1	cow/ox	1	0	0	0	2	1
552:	99081912419	1	cow/ox	1	0	0	0	2	0
553:	99081912420	1	cow/ox	1	0	5	0	2	1
nowned_ox nowned_goat nowned_sheep nowned_chicken									
1:				0					0
2:				0					0

3:	0	0	0	4
4:	0	3	3	4
5:	0	3	3	10
---				
549:	0	0	0	3
550:	1	0	0	5
551:	0	0	0	4
552:	1	0	0	5
553:	0	0	0	7

Warning in `[.data.table` (xlo1L[, , `:=`(LVcode, type)): Invalid .internal.selfref detected

LVcode				
survey	chickenduck	cowox	goatsheep	Sum
1	2217	2217	2217	6651
Sum	2217	2217	2217	6651

### Livestock holding of 800 HHs at round 1:

number_owned													
LVcode	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
chickenduck	405	34	111	71	57	57	17	5	10	5	11	2	5
cowox	654	102	31	6	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
goatsheep	656	39	44	14	33	3	6	1	0	0	0	0	0
Sum	1715	175	186	91	92	61	23	6	10	5	11	2	5

number_owned			
LVcode	13	15	22
chickenduck	2	3	1
cowox	0	0	0
goatsheep	0	0	0
Sum	2	3	1

Livestock reported to be owned with zero self-evaluated market value. Need to impute values for these livestock. Median sales price of a cow/ox is 20000, a goat is 2533.333333. Use these to impute values ImputedValue. Cow prices vary a lot by years, so use annual prices for cows and call the imputed values as Imputed2Value.

```
xloL[, ImputedValue := cowprice * number_owned]
#xloL[grepl("ox", LVcode), ImputedValue := oxprice * number_owned]
xloL[grepl("oa", LVcode), ImputedValue := goatprice * number_owned]
xloL[grepl("duck", LVcode), ImputedValue := chickduckprice * number_owned]
xloL[!grepl("co|ox|oa", LVcode), ImputedValue := mrkt_value]
xloL[!grepl("co|ox|oa", LVcode), ImputedValue := mrkt_value]

for (yr in cowpriceByYear[, year])
  xloL[year == yr, Imputed2Value := cowpriceByYear[year == yr, medprice] * number_owned]
for (yr in unique(xloL[, year])[!unique(xloL[, year]) %in% cowpriceByYear[, year]])
  xloL[year == yr, Imputed2Value := cowprice * number_owned]
xloL[grepl("oa", LVcode), Imputed2Value := goatprice * number_owned]
xloL[!grepl("co|ox|oa", LVcode), Imputed2Value := mrkt_value]
```

### TotalImputedValues:

```
# Livestock assets.
setkey(xloL, hhid, year, survey)
xloL[, TotalImputedValue := sum(ImputedValue, na.rm = T), by = list(hhid, year)]
xloL[, TotalImputed2Value := sum(Imputed2Value, na.rm = T), by = list(hhid, year)]
xloL[, TotalSelfEvaluatedValue := sum(mrkt_value, na.rm = T), by = list(hhid, year)]
destat(xloL[, .(TotalImputedValue, TotalImputed2Value)])
```

	min	25\\%	median	75\\%	max	mean	std	0s	NAs	n
TotalImputedValue	0	200	20000	40000	300000	21805.3	22017.9	5028	0	24042
TotalImputed2Value	0	200	25000	40000	395000	30491.0	33842.4	5028	0	24042

Livestock values at baseline among 800 HHs:

		number_owned									
PositiveLivestockAtBaseline		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	FALSE	539	17	61	46	41	30	11	2	9	3
	TRUE	242	141	111	42	49	31	12	4	1	2
	Sum	781	158	172	88	90	61	23	6	10	5
		number_owned									
PositiveLivestockAtBaseline		10	11	12	13	15	22	Sum			
	FALSE	4	2	2	1	1	1	770			
	TRUE	7	0	3	1	2	0	648			
	Sum	11	2	5	2	3	1	1418			

Cows owned at the baseline (dummyHadCows).

dummyHadCows			
survey	0	1	Sum
1	6099	552	6651
2	5466	0	5466
3	6159	0	6159
4	5766	0	5766

dummyHadCows				
NoBaseline	0	1	<NA>	Sum
0	17565	6144	0	23709
1	0	0	333	333

dummyHadCows				
survey	0	1	<NA>	Sum
1	4995	1656	0	6651
2	3903	1482	81	5466
3	4455	1542	162	6159
4	4212	1464	90	5766

LVcode				
survey	chickenduck	cowox	goatsheep	Sum
1	2217	2217	2217	6651
2	1822	1822	1822	5466
3	2053	2053	2053	6159
4	1922	1922	1922	5766

The number of cows owned:

NumCows															
survey	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	12	15	<NA>	
1	1664	385	139	21	4	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
2	11	688	396	125	36	15	4	1	2	2	0	0	1	541	
3	11	1011	506	134	50	10	6	4	4	0	0	1	0	316	
4	17	745	664	157	37	12	7	1	2	1	3	0	0	276	
NumCows															
survey	Sum														
1	2217														
2	1822														
3	2053														
4	1922														

Number of observations per round and livestock.

	LVcode			
survey	chickenduck	cowox	goatsheep	Sum
1	2217	2217	2217	6651
2	1822	1822	1822	5466
3	2053	2053	2053	6159
4	1922	1922	1922	5766

Reshape back livestock data to wide. Format like: ID, number.Cow, number.Goat, etc. (code not shown)

[1]	"hhid"	"u_id"
[3]	"mid"	"survey"
[5]	"year"	"Imputed2Value"
[7]	"TotalImputedValue"	"TotalImputed2Value"
[9]	"TotalSelfEvaluatedValue"	"dummyHadCows"
[11]	"NoBaseline"	"NumCowsOwnedAtRd1"
[13]	"NumCows"	"NumOwned.cowox"
[15]	"Ownership.cowox"	"OwnShare.cowox"
[17]	"MktValue.cowox"	"SoldValue.cowox"
[19]	"Sold.cowox"	"Dead.cowox"
[21]	"Born.cowox"	"Eaten.cowox"
[23]	"TotalCosts.cowox"	"ImputedValue.cowox"
[25]	"NumOwned.chickenduck"	"Ownership.chickenduck"
[27]	"OwnShare.chickenduck"	"MktValue.chickenduck"
[29]	"SoldValue.chickenduck"	"Sold.chickenduck"
[31]	"Dead.chickenduck"	"Born.chickenduck"
[33]	"Eaten.chickenduck"	"TotalCosts.chickenduck"
[35]	"ImputedValue.chickenduck"	"NumOwned.goatsheep"
[37]	"Ownership.goatsheep"	"OwnShare.goatsheep"
[39]	"MktValue.goatsheep"	"SoldValue.goatsheep"
[41]	"Sold.goatsheep"	"Dead.goatsheep"
[43]	"Born.goatsheep"	"Eaten.goatsheep"
[45]	"TotalCosts.goatsheep"	"ImputedValue.goatsheep"

In 2012, 2013, price is not unit price but actually the total sales. Sales prices of livestock produce are recorded as in Figure 7, by correcting errors in egg and milk prices in 2014, we get Figure 8.

Create a variable ImputedPrice: total\_sold\_tk for 2012, 2013, total\_sold\_tk/total\_sold for 2014, 2015, 2017.

	UnitPrice							
produce	8	9	10	30	40	50	<NA>	Sum
egg	20	1	270	0	0	0	329	620
milk	0	0	0	7	32	98	483	620
Sum	20	1	270	7	32	98	812	1240

Correct produce prices: For milk prices above 200, we use median price of below 200. Same for egg prices with a threshold of 15.

Save in the original list.

```
Z[[grep("liv.*ow", names(Z))]] <- xloW
Z[[grep("liv.*pr", names(Z))]] <- xlp2
Z$LivestockLong <- xloL
fnd <- c(fnd, "LivestockLong")
```

## III.4 Poverty

### III.4.1 Monga

Correct some typos in monga\_meals (not shown). Visualise monga period meals per day (Figure 21). Save in the original list.



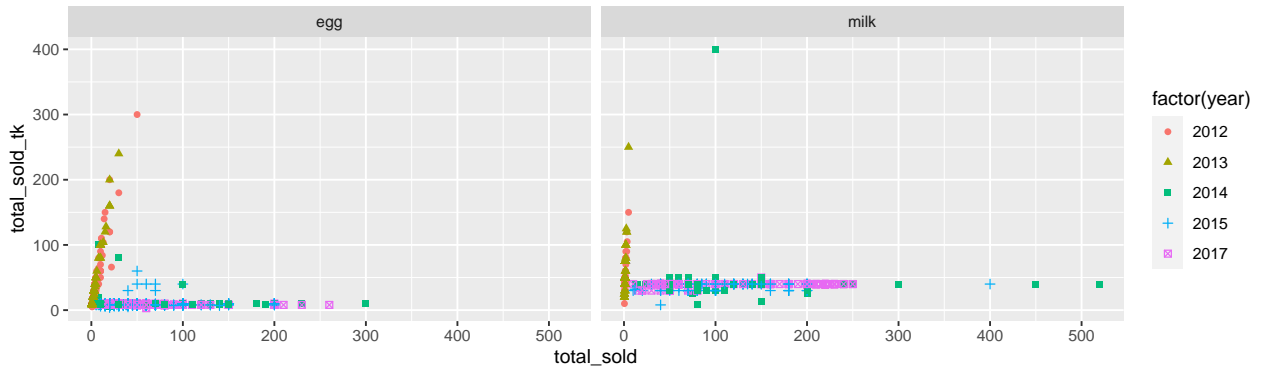


Figure 7 Produce sales raw prices

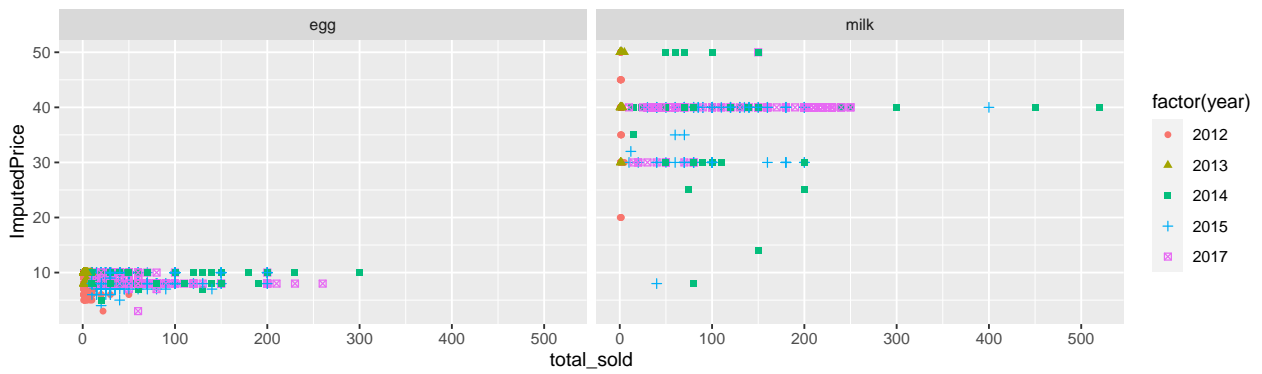


Figure 8 Produce sales corrected prices

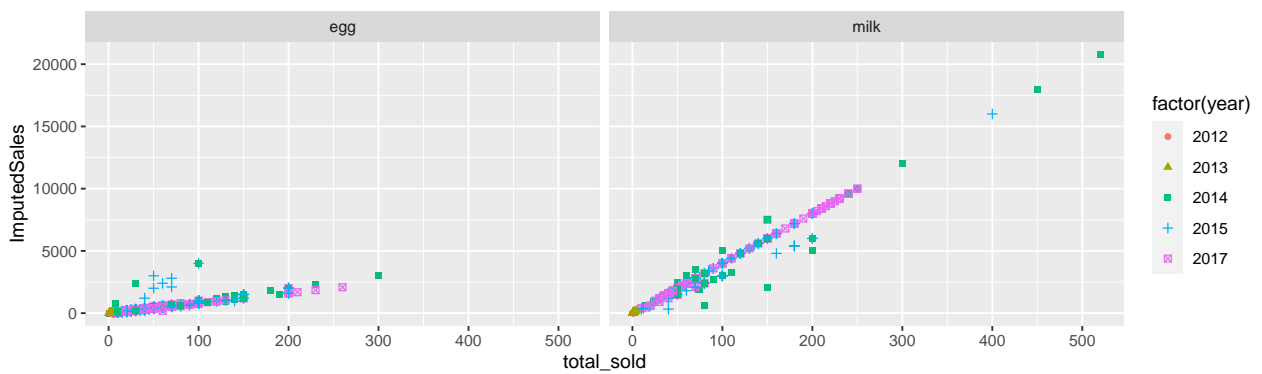


Figure 9 Imputed produce sales using corrected prices

```
Z[[ grep("mong", names(Z))]] ← xm
```

### III.4.2 Saving

Saving is given in Figure 22.

### III.5 Other

Superfluous entries in farm\_production, ownership\_and\_contract, poverty\_updated, poverty. There are 7709, 0, 107, 133 rows with all NAs, respectively. Drop them (or otherwise this will cause many HHs without records in ID files while entries in section files). (These will cause number of

rows to be small as indicated in TABLE 2.)

```
Z[[grep("pov", names(Z))[1]]] ← Z[[grep("pov", names(Z))[1]][!is.na(year), ]
Z[[grep("pov", names(Z))[2]]] ← Z[[grep("pov", names(Z))[2]][!is.na(year), ]
fa ← Z[[grepout("far", names(Z))]]
ii ← apply(is.na(fa[,
      grep("area_1", colnames(fa)):grep("pri.*nit\\_3", colnames(fa)), with = F]), 1, a
Z[[grepout("far", names(Z))]] ← fa[!ii, ]
cont ← Z[[grepout("contr", names(Z))]]
cont ← a2b.data.table(cont, "", NA)
cont ← a2b.data.table(cont, "\\.", NA)
ii ← apply(is.na(cont[,
      grep("area_1", colnames(cont)):grep("sh.*ge\\_3", colnames(cont)), with = F]), 1, a
Z[[grepout("contr", names(Z))]] ← cont[!ii, ]
```

Correct errors in survey numbering.

```
Z[[grep("credit", names(Z))]] ← Z[[grep("credit", names(Z))][year == 2017, survey := 4]
Z[[grep("labo", names(Z))]] ← Z[[grep("labo", names(Z))][year == 2013, survey := 1]
```

Convert empty space or dot to NA.

```
cr ← Z[[grepout("borr", names(Z))]]
cr ← a2b.data.table(cr, "", NA)
Z[[grepout("borr", names(Z))]] ← cr
xla ← Z[[grepout("lab", names(Z))]]
setkey(xla, hhid, year)
xla ← a2b.data.table(xla, "", NA)
Z[[grepout("lab", names(Z))]] ← xla
```

Save all data.

```
saveRDS(Z, paste0(path1234, "data_read_in_a_list_2.rds"))
```

## IV Attach treatment information to all files

Attach xid to all files other than roster.

```
Z ← readRDS(paste0(path1234, "data_read_in_a_list_2.rds"))
xid ← readRDS(paste0(path1234, "ID.rds"))
```

```
xid2 ← unique(xid[, .(gid, hhid, povertystatus, year, survey,
      ObPattern, AttritIn,
      membership, Mstatus, Mpattern, Mgroup, Assign, Hhidyear,
      randomization, AssignOriginal, AssignRegression,
      IntDate, DistDate1, DistDate2, DistDate3,
      Disbursed1, Disbursed2, Disbursed3)])
```

Attach treatment info in admin-roster to each files. For education file, also attach roster.

```
for (i in c(2, 1, 3:length(Z))) {
# this flip order in 1, 2 makes merge operation of edu with roster easier
  if (any(which(grepl("id\\_", names(Z))) %in% i)) next
  x1 ← Z[[i]]
  #\texts{lonely.hhid}: Found in ID but not in 'section' page (here, labour income)
  table(lonely.hhid ← unique(x1[, hhid]) %in% xid[, hhid])
  lonely.hhid ← unique(x1[, hhid])[!lonely.hhid]
  x2 = copy(x1[!(hhid %in% lonely.hhid), ])
  if (any(grepl("yearRoster", colnames(x2)))) setnames(x2, "yearRoster", "year")
```

```

      if (any(grepl("survey", colnames(x2))))
        setkey(x2, hhid, year, survey) else
        setkey(x2, hhid, year)
    x3 ← xid2[x2]
    Z[[i]] ← x3
    # for education, attach entire roster file
    if (any(which(grepl("edu", names(Z))) %in% i)) {
      x1 ← Z[[i]]
      ros ← Z[[grep("ros", names(Z))]]
      lonely.hhid ← unique(x1[, hhid]) %in% ros[, hhid]
      lonely.hhid ← unique(x1[, hhid])[!lonely.hhid]
      x2 = copy(x1[!(hhid %in% lonely.hhid), ])
      if (any(grepl("hhidy", colnames(ros))))
        ros[, grepout("hhidy", colnames(ros)) := NULL]
      # need to merge with key = survey (not year)
      # because ros has only 2012 or survey == 1
      setnames(ros, "year", "yearRoster")
      setkey(ros, hhid, mid, survey)
      setkey(x2, hhid, mid, survey)
      x3 ← ros[x2]
      firstcols ← c("gid", "hhid", "mid", "survey", "year", "yearRoster",
                    colnames(x2)[!grepl("hhid$|mid|gid|survey|^i?.?year$", colnames(x2))])
      setcolorder(x3, c(firstcols, colnames(ros)[!(colnames(ros)%in%firstcols)]))
      setkey(x3, hhid, mid, year, survey)
      Z[[i]] ← x3
    }
  }
}

```

Save all data.

```
saveRDS(Z, paste0(path1234, "data_read_in_a_list_with_treatment.rds"))
```

## V Attrition

I define attrition as attriting in any rds 2, 3, 4 other than rejection or erosion.

```

Z ← readRDS(paste0(path1234, "data_read_in_a_list_with_treatment.rds"))
xid ← readRDS(paste0(path1234, "ID.rds"))
ros ← Z[[grep("rost", names(Z))]] # roster
xas2 ← readRDS(paste0(path1234, "MergedAssetsCleaned.rds"))
xid1 ← unique(xid[, .(hhid, AssignOriginal)])

```

There are 78 cases of attrition out of 2022 non-dropout HHs in sample. Plot characteristics of attrited HHs in Figure 10. As can be seen, nothing seems to differ across arms for attrited HHs.

Probit regression using all sampled HHs reveals attrition is random, not systematic, for arm assignment (TABLE 1). Covariates are HeadAge, HHsize, HAssetAmount, PAssetAmount, OwnedArea, OperatedArea, AssignOriginal. Not surprisingly, larger Owned area reduces attrition as the wealthier individuals live in a better condition and is less likely to be affected by flood or economic shocks.

## VI Further correction using merged information

```

Z ← readRDS(paste0(path1234, "data_read_in_a_list_with_treatment.rds"))
xid ← readRDS(paste0(path1234, "ID.rds"))

```

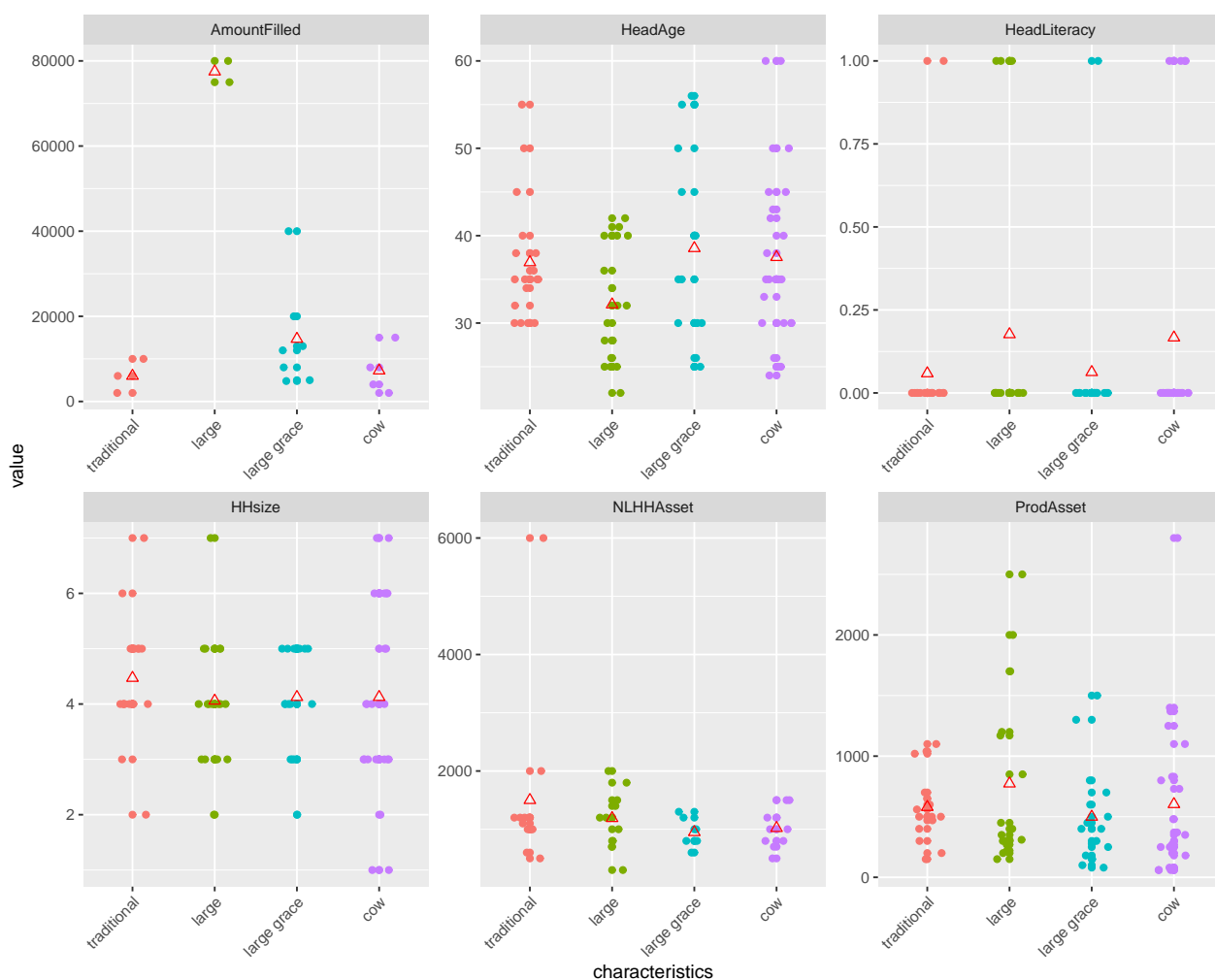


Figure 10 Characteristics of attrited HHs between arms

TABLE 1: ATTRITION SELECTION		
variables	(1)	(2)
(Intercept)	-1.565*** (0.0)	-0.173 (0.6)
HeadAge	-0.009 (0.1)	-0.016*** (0.0)
Household size	0.046 (0.2)	0.076 (0.1)
Household asset (taka)	-0.000 (0.2)	-0.000 (0.7)
Productive asset (taka)	-0.000 (0.2)	-0.000*** (0.0)
Owned area (decimal)	-0.392*** (0.0)	-0.133*** (0.0)
Operating area (decimal)	0.000 (1.0)	-0.000 (1.0)
large arm	0.119 (0.6)	
large grace arm	0.088 (0.7)	
cow arm	0.235 (0.3)	
group fixed effects		yes
mean of dependent variable	0.033	0.033
n	1947	2166

Source: Compiled from survey data, rounds 1 - 4.

Notes: 1. group fixed-effects are dummy variables for borrowing groups.

2.  $p$  values are shown in parentheses. \*, \*\*, \*\*\* indicate  $p$  values of 10%, 5%, 1%, respectively. Standard errors are clustered at the group level.

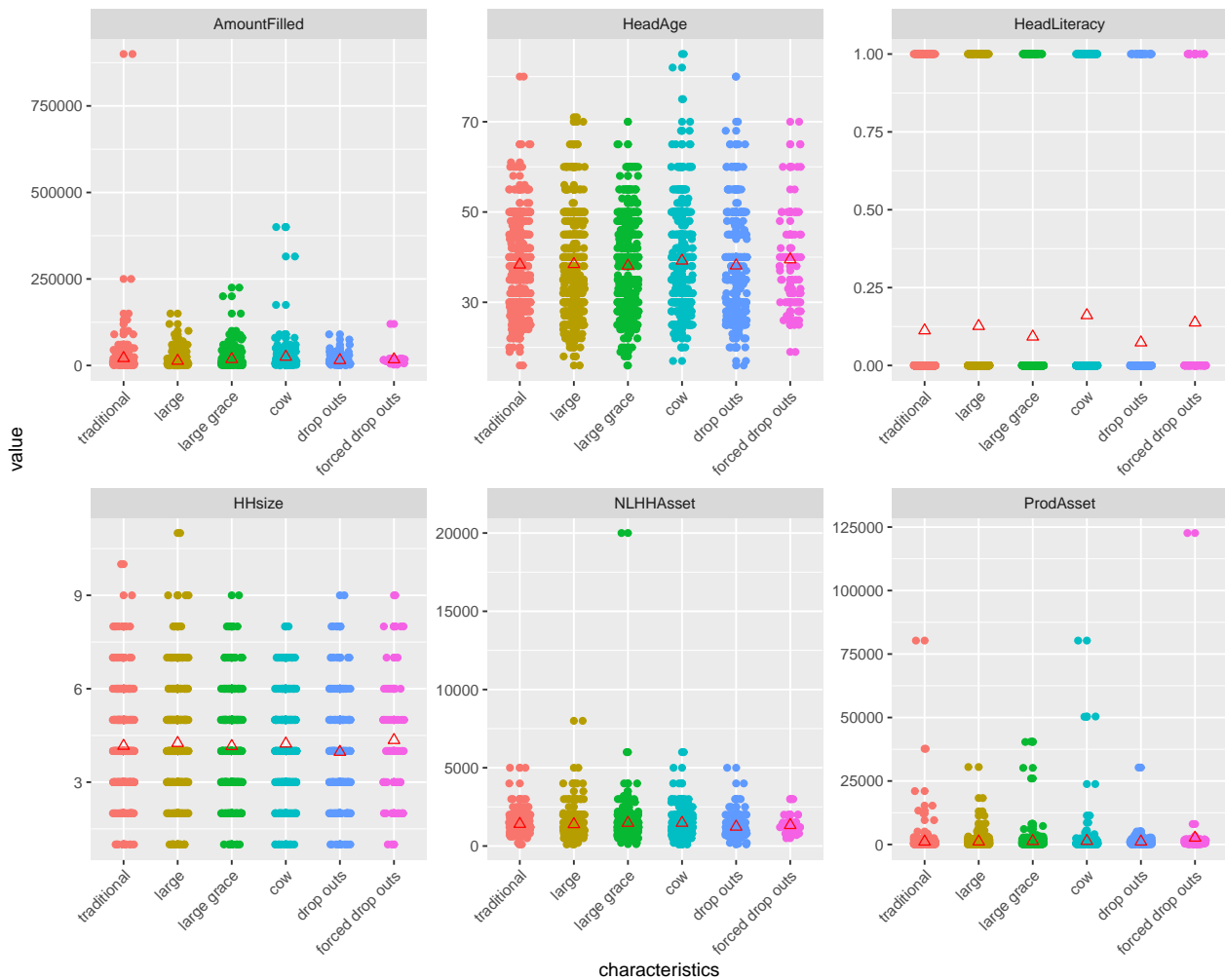


Figure 11 Characteristics of non-attrited HHs between arms

## VI.1 Schooling

Below tabulation shows the number of times an individual is observed. Since we have 4 rounds, there are 6 duplicated entries which are dropped for now but are in need of correction.

1	2	3	4	5
5795	669	728	2075	6

Here are the duplicated entries.

	hhid	mid	memname	En	en	year	Age	primary
1:	7031803	4	anrwara	1	1	2012	11	94
2:	7031803	4	anowara	2	2	2014	NA	unemployed
3:	7031803	4	anowara	3	3	2015	NA	unemployed
4:	7031803	4	anowara	4	3	2015	NA	unemployed
5:	7031803	4	anowara	5	4	2017	NA	unemployed
6:	7042220	4	rufikul	1	1	2012	4	92
7:	7042220	4	rofikul	2	2	2014	NA	child
8:	7042220	4	rofikul	3	2	2014	NA	child
9:	7042220	4	rofikul	4	3	2015	NA	student
10:	7042220	4	rofikul	5	4	2017	NA	student
11:	7054202	5	rubel	1	1	2012	4	92
12:	7054202	5	rubel	2	2	2014	NA	child
13:	7054202	5	rubel	3	3	2015	NA	student
14:	7054202	5	rubel	4	3	2015	NA	student

15:	7054202	5	rubel	5	4	2017	NA	student
16:	7065315	6	robina	1	1	2012	5	92
17:	7065315	6	robina	2	2	2014	NA	student
18:	7065315	6	robina	3	2	2014	NA	student
19:	7065315	6	robena	4	3	2015	NA	student
20:	7065315	6	robina	5	4	2017	NA	student
21:	8169511	5	ayeguddi	1	1	2012	14	94
22:	8169511	5	ayguddi	2	2	2014	NA	unemployed
23:	8169511	5	ayguddi	3	2	2014	NA	unemployed
24:	8169511	5	ayguddi	4	3	2015	NA	agriculture wage labor
25:	8169511	5	ayguddi	5	4	2017	NA	agriculture wage labor
26:	9807065208	5	parul	1	1	2013	10	93
27:	9807065208	5	parul	2	2	2014	NA	student
28:	9807065208	5	parul	3	3	2015	NA	student
29:	9807065208	5	parul	4	3	2015	NA	student
30:	9807065208	5	parul	5	4	2017	NA	student
	hhid	mid	memname	En	en	year	Age	primary

Drop these.

```
xe ← xe[N < 5, ]
```

Check for further duplication when gid, hhid, mid, year, AgeComputed are used as an index.

```
[1] 7 duplicated entries.
```

	duplicated.num	hhid	mid	memname	year	AgeComputed	currently_enrolled
1:	1	7042417	5	ibrahim	2015	1	No
2:	1	7042417	5	ibrahim	2015	1	No
3:	4	7065006	4	somaiya	2017	7	Yes
4:	4	7065006	4	somaiya	2017	7	Yes
5:	6	7137302	3	kalam	2014	17	Yes
6:	6	7137302	3	kalam	2014	17	Yes
7:	7	8159115	4	sumi	2017	6	Yes
8:	7	8159115	4	sumi	2017	6	Yes
9:	5	9907065112	3	sajib	2014	13	Yes
10:	5	9907065112	3	sajib	2014	13	Yes
11:	2	99070511006	2	sohida	2013	42	<NA>
12:	2	99070511006	2	sohida	2013	42	<NA>
13:	3	99070511006	3	jui	2013	0	No
14:	3	99070511006	3	jui	2013	0	<NA>

```
[1] Dropped 7 duplicated obs in edu file.
```

NAs in age. Use any age\_1 info to fill NAs in age (process not shown).

NAs in sex: 9 individuals remain after copying whenever possible from other rounds. **These individuals are dropped for now but are in need of correction for sex, age information.**

[2017-11-14 Abu email]: A correction file is received. → (Yet to be applied.)

	hhid	mid	memname	sex	age	year
1:	7010112	5	<NA>	<NA>	NA	2015
2:	7042614	NA	<NA>	<NA>	NA	2017
3:	7043309	NA	<NA>	<NA>	NA	2015
4:	7054310	NA	<NA>	<NA>	NA	2015
5:	8169814	5	<NA>	<NA>	NA	2012
6:	9807054106	3	<NA>	<NA>	NA	2017
7:	9807054319	5	<NA>	<NA>	NA	2013
8:	9807106517	NA	<NA>	<NA>	NA	2015
9:	99070712714	5	<NA>	<NA>	NA	2013

```
xe ← xe[!is.na(sex), ]
```

NAs in currently\_enrolled. Below tabulation shows the primary occupation of these observations.

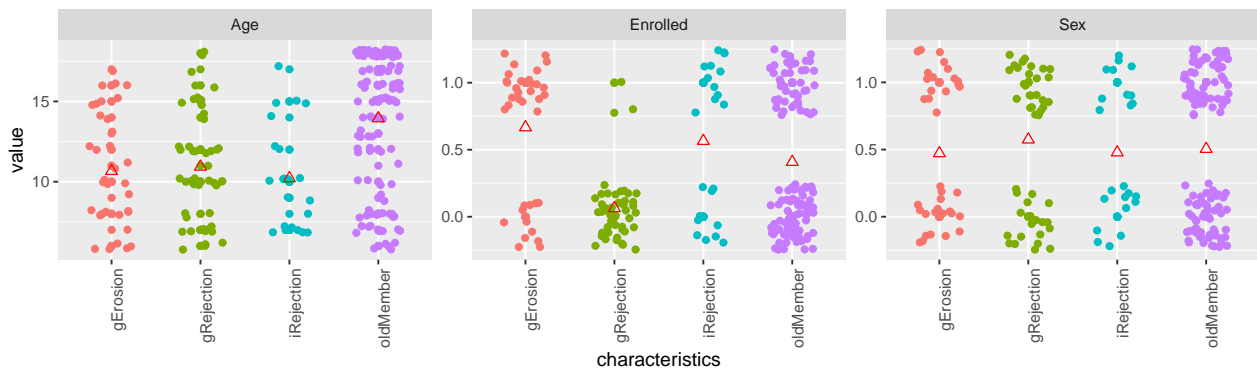


Figure 12 Characteristics of attrited members between arms

```
[1] 92 93 96 94 4 11 55
```

```
107 Levels: advocate / moktar house repairing (fixing) 1 11 13 16 17 18 ... wage labor i
```

Set currently\_enrolled to “No” either if: primary == housewife, rel\_hhh == spouse, edu == {never been to school, pre-school going age, pre-school, pre-madrasa}.

[2017-11-14 Abu email]: A correction file is received. → Corrected. Correction:

Having done so, below remains as NAs because these provide no clue on enrollment status. **Need to be supplemented with new information on currently\_enrolled.** Drop these individuals for entire period for now.

	hhid	mid	year	AgeComputed	edu	primary
1:	7021316	4	2012	16	class 5/finished	class 5 96
2:	7042016	4	2012	18	class 5/finished	class 5 96
3:	81710106	4	2012	18	finished	ssc/dakhil 93
4:	81710516	6	2012	10	class 3/finished	class 3 93

```
xe ← xe[!(Hhidmid %in%
```

```
xe[AgeComputed ≥ 5 & AgeComputed ≤ 18 & is.na(currently_enrolled), Hhidmid]), ]
```

Define **Enrolled**: 1 if currently\_enrolled is yes, 0 otherwise.

	year
Enrolled	2012 2013 2014 2015 2017
0	710 172 355 216 114
1	1388 634 1927 1808 1683

Why are there so many observations in 2012 and 2013 combined? Attrition in oldmember: 156 out of 355 reduction in obs is explained by iRejection, gErosion, gRejection.

	Mstatus						
year	gErosion	gRejection	iRejection	iReplacement	newGroup	oldMember	<NA>
2012	100	187	176	0	0	1630	5
2013	0	0	0	184	622	0	0
2014	56	121	130	164	536	1275	0
2015	53	103	115	140	480	1133	0
2017	0	0	208	120	438	1031	0

Plot characteristics of attrited members in Figure 12.

Define Schooling according to AgeComputed. This variable is time-variant. Enrollment by age at first observation (years 2012, 2013) is tabulated in below. We defined such that Enrolled==currently\_enrolled for ages 5-18.

	Age_1
currently_enrolled	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14

	No	2	5	3	8	8	264	164	95	64	22	61	16	78	33	34
	Yes	0	0	1	2	4	12	52	262	305	153	390	121	238	131	116
	<NA>	167	166	210	234	263	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Age_1															
currently_enrolled		15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	No	102	91	29	93	3	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
	Yes	129	58	28	39	1	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	0
	<NA>	0	0	0	0	108	227	41	156	72	80	388	106	78	276	47

Age_1																		
Enrolled	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
	0	169	171	213	242	271	264	164	95	64	22	61	16	78	33	34	102	91
	1	0	0	1	2	4	12	52	262	305	153	390	121	238	131	116	129	58
Age_1																		
Enrolled	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29					
	0	29	93	111	228	41	156	72	81	388	106	78	276	47				
	1	28	39	1	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	0				

Enrollment rates for ages 5 - 18 (Figure 23). Note that females can marry out which may be a reason for the general upward trend in female schooling.

Save schooling data.

```
saveRDS(xe, paste0(path1234, "schooling.rds"))
```

Use augmented panel to keep the denominator as the number of people in the first round, assuming that attrited females are not going to schools (need to check with roster updates). Without it, enrollment rates for females is inflated through time. This requires to generate NAs in missing rounds.

Use `data.table::dcast` to reshape to wide format which fills in NA for attrited members.

```
[1] 17585      88
```

	AgeComp		
Age1	FALSE	TRUE	
FALSE	17296	0	
TRUE	0	289	

```
[1] 9007      14
```

	1	2	3	4
	515	337	390	1662

To a wide format and compute age using other years.

```
Xw2 <- dcast(Xw, ... ~ year, value.var =
  grepout("En|Age|^en$|^curr|edu", colnames(Xw)), sep = ".")
```

There are 806 individuals with `AgeComputed==NA`. All of these individuals have age information in other years.

	AgeComputed.2012																	
Enrolled.2013	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	<NA>				
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	172				
	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	634				
	<NA>	168	264	279	114	333	77	237	109	104	173	103	43	94	2			



	AgeNA	OtherYear
AgeNA2012	FALSE	TRUE
FALSE	1665	433
TRUE	808	0

There are 808 individuals whose age can be imputed from other rds. Impute (process not shown).  
Reshape back to long.

```
for (i in colnames(Xw2[, -c("hhid", "mid"), with = F]))
  Xw2[hhid == 9808148220, (i) := eval(parse(text =
    paste0(i, "[!is.na(", i, ")][1]"))
  ), by = .(hhid, mid)]
Xw2 <- Xw2[!duplicated(Xw2), ]
# reshaping to long to fill in ages and GradeYear
X2 <- reshape(Xw2, direction = "long", idvar = c("hhid", "mid"),
  varying = grepout("\\.20", colnames(Xw2)))
setnames(X2, "time", "year")
setkey(X2, gid, hhid, mid, year)
X2[, tee := 1:N, by = .(hhid, mid)]
```

Warning in `[.data.table`(X2, , `:=`(tee, 1:N), by = .(hhid, mid)): Invalid .internal.sel

```
X2[AgeComputed >= 5 & AgeComputed <= 12, Schooling := "primary0512"]
X2[AgeComputed >= 13 & AgeComputed <= 15, Schooling := "junior1315"]
X2[AgeComputed >= 16 & AgeComputed <= 18, Schooling := "high1618"]
X2[, Schooling := factor(Schooling, levels =
  c("primary0512", "junior1315", "high1618"))]
```

Define GradeYear: Class grade in numerics.

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	<NA>	NonNA	Total	Total
2012	725	339	277	212	172	151	66	43	30	25	37	21	806		2098	2904
2013	102	97	109	80	79	73	48	29	27	15	21	0	2224		680	2904
2014	0	329	357	372	259	216	126	111	67	34	18	0	1015		1889	2904
2015	0	124	350	350	317	244	151	109	95	63	30	0	1071		1833	2904
2017	0	26	61	195	340	304	275	165	124	83	90	0	1241		1663	2904

Enrollment in complete panel data:

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2017	total	1	2	3	4	total
0	710	172	355	216	114	1567	882	376	218	91	1567
1	1388	634	1927	1808	1683	7440	2022	2013	1834	1571	7440
total	2098	806	2282	2024	1797	9007	2904	2389	2052	1662	9007

Enrollment in augmented data: See unenrolled obs are added.

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2017	total	1	2	3	4	5	total
0	1516	2270	977	1096	1221	7080	1516	2270	977	1096	1221	7080
1	1388	634	1927	1808	1683	7440	1388	634	1927	1808	1683	7440
total	2904	2904	2904	2904	2904	14520	2904	2904	2904	2904	2904	14520

Define Year in augmented schooling panel: year 2013 → 2012.

	Year
Enrolled	2012 2014 2015 2017
0	3786 977 1096 1221
1	2022 1927 1808 1683

```
# forced dropouts
```

```
X2[Year == 2017 & grepl("for", AssignRegression), Enrolled := NA]
```

```

X2[, NumEnrollment := sum(Enrolled), by = list(AssignRegression, Schooling, sex, Year)]
X2[, NumberObs := .N, by = list(AssignRegression, Schooling, sex, Year)]
X2[, BaseNumber := NumberObs[1], by = list(AssignRegression, Schooling, sex)]
setkey(X2, hhid, mid, year)
X2[, tee := 1:.N, by = .(hhid, mid)]

```

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2017	total	1	2	3	4	5	total
0	1516	2270	977	1096	1121	6980	1516	2270	977	1096	1121	6980
1	1388	634	1927	1808	1683	7440	1388	634	1927	1808	1683	7440
<NA>	0	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100
total	2904	2904	2904	2904	2904	14520	2904	2904	2904	2904	2904	14520

Save X1. Save attrition-augmented panel schooling data X2.

```

saveRDS(X1, paste0(path1234, "schooling_Age6-18InRd1.rds"))
saveRDS(X2, paste0(path1234, "schooling-augmented-panel.rds"))

```

## VI.2 Missing ID file entries

	gid	hhid	povertystatus	year	survey	ObPattern	AttritIn	membership
1:	70314	7031401	<NA>	2012	1	1000	2	Drop-out member
2:	<NA>	7031401	<NA>	2014	2	<NA>	NA	<NA>
	Mstatus	Mpattern	Mgroup	Assign	randomization	AssignOriginal		
1:	gRejection	daaa	drop outs	drop outs	<NA>	<NA>		<NA>
2:	<NA>	<NA>	<NA>	<NA>	<NA>	<NA>		<NA>
	AssignRegression	IntDate	DistDate1	DistDate2	DistDate3	Disbursed1	Disbursed2	
1:	dropOuts	<NA>	<NA>	<NA>	<NA>	FALSE	NA	
2:	<NA>	<NA>	<NA>	<NA>	<NA>	NA	NA	
	Disbursed3	base		code_1	assist_1	cash_1	rice_kg_1	
1:	NA	1		<NA>	No	NA	NA	
2:	NA	NA	Remittance from family Members	Yes	NA	10		
	tk_kg_1	wheat_flour_kg_1	wheat_flour_tk_kg_1	livestock_type_1	livestock_no_1			
1:	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
2:	30	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
	livestock_value_1	other_food_1	other_in_kind_1	compare_1				
1:	NA	NA	NA	NA	<NA>			
2:	NA	NA	NA	NA	<NA>			
	code_2	assist_2	cash_2	rice_kg_2	tk_kg_2			
1:	<NA>	<NA>	NA	NA	NA			
2:	Govt Scholarship for Primary Students	Yes	1200	NA	NA			
	wheat_flour_kg_2	wheat_flour_tk_kg_2	livestock_type_2	livestock_no_2				
1:	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
2:	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
	livestock_value_2	other_food_2	other_in_kind_2	compare_2	code_3	assist_3		
1:	NA	NA	NA	NA	<NA>	<NA>	<NA>	
2:	NA	NA	NA	NA	<NA>	<NA>	<NA>	
	cash_3	rice_kg_3	tk_kg_3	wheat_flour_kg_3	wheat_flour_tk_kg_3			
1:	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
2:	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
	livestock_type_3	livestock_no_3	livestock_value_3	other_food_3				
1:	NA	NA	NA	NA				
2:	NA	NA	NA	NA				
	other_in_kind_3	compare_3	code_4	assist_4	cash_4	rice_kg_4	tk_kg_4	
1:	NA	<NA>	<NA>	<NA>	NA	NA	NA	
2:	NA	<NA>	<NA>	<NA>	NA	NA	NA	
	wheat_flour_kg_4	wheat_flour_tk_kg_4	livestock_type_4	livestock_no_4				
1:	NA	NA	NA	NA				
2:	NA	NA	NA	NA				
	livestock_value_4	other_food_4	other_in_kind_4	compare_4	dup	pay_1	pay_2	

1:		NA		NA		NA	<NA>	0	NA	NA
2:		NA		NA		NA	<NA>	NA	NA	NA
	pay_3	pay_4	counttime		Hhidyear					
1:	NA	NA	2		7031401-2012					
2:	NA	NA	2		7031401-2014					

	gid	hhid	povertystatus	year	survey	Mstatus	Mpattern		Mgroup	
1:	70314	7031401		<NA>	2012	1	gRejection		daaa	drop outs
		membership	Assign		Hhidyear	AssignRegression	IntDate	DistDate1		
1:	Drop-out	member	drop outs		7031401-2012		dropOuts	<NA>		<NA>
		DistDate2	DistDate3	Disbursed1	Disbursed2	Disbursed3				
1:		<NA>	<NA>	FALSE	NA	NA				

Some HHs have different years recorded in section files than ID file. For example, hhid==7137219 has 2012, 2014 in ID but 2015 in credit\_and\_borrowing, farm\_production.

	hhid	year	Mgroup	Assign	membership	AssignOriginal	Mpattern	
1:	7137219	2012	drop outs	drop outs	Drop-out member	traditional	ddaa	
2:	7137219	2014	drop outs	drop outs	Drop-out member	traditional	ddaa	

	hhid	year	survey		filename	
1:	7137219	2015	3		farm_production	
2:	7137219	2015	3		ownership_and_contract	

Below is the list of hhid and year that are missing in ID files. **Why are these entries missing in ID file?** Below gives the hhids.

[1]	7020312-2014	7020412-2014	7021218-2014	7021220-2015
[5]	7021320-2014	7031401-2014	7031401-2015	7031402-2014
[9]	7031402-2015	7031403-2014	7031403-2015	7031404-2014
[13]	7031404-2015	7031405-2014	7031405-2015	7031406-2014
[17]	7031406-2015	7031407-2014	7031407-2015	7031408-2014
[21]	7031408-2015	7031409-2014	7031409-2015	7031410-2014
[25]	7031410-2015	7031411-2014	7031411-2015	7031412-2014
[29]	7031412-2015	7031413-2014	7031413-2015	7031414-2014
[33]	7031414-2015	7031415-2014	7031415-2015	7031416-2015
[37]	7031417-2015	7031418-2015	7031419-2015	7031420-2015
[41]	7031608-2015	7031708-2015	7031815-2014	7042007-2015
[45]	7042120-2014	7042515-2015	7042710-2014	7043108-2014
[49]	7043120-2014	7043407-2015	7043618-2015	7053903-2015
[53]	7053907-2015	7053916-2015	7054116-2015	7054119-2015
[57]	7054207-2015	7054316-2014	7054319-2014	7054403-2015
[61]	7054503-2014	7054504-2014	7054516-2015	7054520-2014
[65]	7064602-2014	7064617-2014	7065006-2014	7065202-2015
[69]	7065205-2015	7065215-2014	7065302-2015	7065312-2015
[73]	7065318-2014	7085904-2015	7096216-2014	7096308-2015
[77]	7096310-2015	7096315-2015	7096316-2015	7106402-2015
[81]	7126920-2014	7127116-2014	7133004-2014	7133510-2015
[85]	7133513-2014	7133515-2015	7137218-2015	7137219-2015
[89]	7137317-2014	7137317-2017	8148207-2015	8148220-2015
[93]	8159216-2014	8169515-2014	81710112-2014	81710203-2014
[97]	81710504-2014	81710513-2014	81710517-2014	9807031614-2015
[101]	9807042103-2014	9807043618-2014	9807054316-2014	9807065212-2015
[105]	9807133512-2014	9808148207-2012	9808148220-2012	98081710316-2014
[109]	98081710317-2014	99070212018-2014	99070511013-2015	99070911620-2014
[113]	99071010814-2014	9908148515-2015	99081711213-2015	99081912406-2014

[2017-11-14 Abu email]:

- (T)hese 26 households are errors from double entry process. Please drop these IDs from these sections. The ID file is correct. → Not dealt with.

- There are two shamitee with the same gid=70314. After the baseline we followed only the group starting with 99. Thus we changed the gid to 9970314 (manually). Please kindly convert all the gid 70314 with 9970314. → Corrected.

Note: When I asked previously it was 26 HH-years but now 116 HH-years after corrections in other parts.

```
xid2[, gid := as.numeric(gid)]
xid2[gid == 70314, c("gid", "hhid") := list(9970314, as.integer(paste0(99, hhid)))]
xid2[, gid := factor(gid)]
```

A direct consequence of not having matching ID file is lacking treatment assignment information. As a patch, copy treatment assignment and group information across rounds in section files (but keep ID file uncorrected, as we expect its update later).

```
Z[-grep("id", names(Z))] <- lapply(Z[-grep("id", names(Z))],
  function(x) if (any(is.na(x[, Mgroup])))
    x[hhid %in% x[is.na(Mgroup), hhid],
    Mgroup := Mgroup[!is.na(Mgroup)][1], by = hhid] else x)
```

### VI.3 Missing baseline

Drop these 116 individuals by dropping entries with Mgroup==NA. Below gives the number of rows being dropped, number of variables with all-NAs and not all-NAs (which indicate how much information is thrown away by this). Thanks to copying of Mgroup and other group information, the number of rows dropped is small.

	filenames	rowsDropped	allNAcols	not.allNAcols
1:	roster	0	58	0
2:	education	0	82	0
3:	contacts_with_mainland	0	66	0
4:	credit_and_borrowing	0	96	0
5:	input_output	0	137	0
6:	farm_production	3	24	17
7:	flood_related_information	0	59	0
8:	hh_asset	0	41	0
9:	hh_consumption	1	62	58
10:	id_updated_received_from_abu	0	0	0
11:	old_id_updated	0	0	0
12:	labor_income	0	88	0
13:	abu_livestockownershipupdated	2	48	18
14:	livestock_production	0	35	0
15:	monga	0	48	0
16:	ownership_and_contract	0	55	0
17:	poverty_updated	1	23	30
18:	poverty	1	21	22
19:	productive_assets	0	59	0
20:	relocation	0	55	0
21:	assistance	0	82	0
22:	savings_and_lending	0	47	0
23:	shocks	0	74	0
24:	women_empowerment	0	53	0
25:	MergedAssets	0	68	0
26:	LivestockLong	6	26	19
	filenames	rowsDropped	allNAcols	not.allNAcols

```
Z <- lapply(Z, function(x)
  if (any(grepl("Mg", colnames(x)))) x[!is.na(Mgroup),] else x)
```

HHs with no baseline: HHs whose disbursement was prior to their first interview.

```
HHnobaseline ← unique(xid2[survey == 1 & Disbursed1, hhid])
# xid3 is ID list of individuals with baseline info, xid2 includes individuals without baseline info
xid3 ← xid2[!(hhid %in% HHnobaseline), ]
```

If we drop individuals without baseline, it further reduces sample size by 93, and its breakdown of Mgroup, year is given in the below. They are all new group or replacing members.

year	Mgroup	new	group	replacements
2013		52		44
2014		51		43
2015		52		43
2017		49		40

Below is the data list object we use in impact estimation.

```
ZB ← lapply(Z, function(x) x[!(hhid %in% HHnobaseline), ])
```

Save files. [This is going to be used in the data preparation section of impact evaluation file.](#)

```
saveRDS(Z, paste0(path1234, "data_read_in_a_list_with_treatment_patched.rds"))
saveRDS(ZB, paste0(path1234, "data_read_in_a_list_with_baseline_patched.rds"))
```

In what follows, all analysis is based on the sample with baseline.

## VI.4 Panel structure by page

Names of sections in ./clean\_panel\_data\_by\_section/: roster, education, contacts\_with\_mainland, credit\_and\_borrowing, input\_output, farm\_production, flood\_related\_information, hh\_asset, hh\_consumption, id\_updated\_received\_from\_abu, old\_id\_updated, labor\_income, abu\_livestock\_ownership\_updated, livestock\_production, monga, ownership\_and\_contract, poverty\_updated, poverty, productive\_assets, relocation, assistance, savings\_and\_lending, shocks, women\_empowerment, MergedAssets, LivestockLong

Names of sections in ./only\_panel\_2.3.4/: risk\_pref\_13, donations, 15, 21.2\_income\_generating\_activities, 23.1, 23.2, 23.3, 23.4, 23.5, 24, behavioural\_changes, s18\_satisfaction\_and\_product\_use, s19\_q1\_network\_and\_group\_coordination, s19\_q2\_network\_and\_group\_coordination, s19\_q3\_network\_and\_group\_coordination, s19\_q4\_network\_and\_group\_coordination, s19\_q5\_network\_and\_group\_coordination, s19\_q6\_network\_and\_group\_coordination, s21a\_project\_cycle, s21aprojectcycle, s21b\_project\_cycle, s21bprojectcycle, s22\_q1-9\_group\_norms\_and\_leader, s22\_q10-13\_group\_norms\_and\_leader, physical\_asset, pre\_caution, borrowing\_2, by\_product, dwelling\_conditions, remittance, satisfaction, self-employed\_income

```
Z.2 ← readRDS(paste0(path1234, "data_read_in_a_list_234.rds"))
jds ← fread(paste0(pathreceived, "DataForJDS.prn"))
```

Names of sections in ./raw\_source\_files/P1\_Check\_20170513, ./raw\_source\_files/P2\_Check\_20170513, ./raw\_source\_files/P3\_Check\_20170513, ./raw\_source\_files/P4\_Check\_20170513: s1.p1.2012.13, s1.1.p2, s1.2.p2, 1.household.composition.2, 1.household.composition.1, s1.1, s1.2

```
Z ← readRDS(paste0(path1234, "data_read_in_a_list_with_baseline_patched.rds"))
xid ← readRDS(paste0(path1234, "ID.rds"))
jds ← fread(paste0(pathreceived, "DataForJDS.prn"))
# define o800
Z ← lapply(Z, function(x) {
  x[, o800 := 0L]
  x[hhid %in% jds[grepl("trea", treat), hhid], o800 := 1L]
})
Z3new ← Z[[grep("roster", names(Z))]]
```

Below tabulation shows many unmatched hhid across rounds in roster. (FALSE indicates no match in other rds.)

	year	TRUE	FALSE
1:	2012	1506	94
2:	2013	516	7
3:	2014	1983	0
4:	2015	1994	0
5:	2017	1914	0

Original 800 HHs not found in other rounds of roster files. (FALSE indicates no match in other rds.)

	year	TRUE	FALSE
1:	2012	759	41
2:	2013	0	0
3:	2014	743	0
4:	2015	745	0
5:	2017	708	0

101 HHs in 2012/2013 with unmatched hhid in subsequent rds in roster files: 7010103, 7010104, 7010113, 7020217, 7020219, 7020313, 7020315, 7020501, 7020502, 7020503, 7020504, 7020505, 7020506, 7020507, 7020508, 7020509, 7020510, 7020511, 7020512, 7020513, 7020514, 7020515, 7020516, 7020517, 7020518, 7020519, 7020520, 7021116, 7021210, 7031401, 7031402, 7031403, 7031404, 7031405, 7031406, 7031407, 7031408, 7031409, 7031410, 7031411, 7031412, 7031413, 7031414, 7031415, 7031416, 7031417, 7031418, 7031419, 7031420, 7031502, 7031505, 7031513, 7031602, 7031608, 7031612, 7042013, 7042103, 7043407, 7053909, 7054104, 7054106, 7054408, 7054413, 7054416, 7054419, 7054502, 7054516, 7064603, 7064604, 7065313, 7075702, 7085901, 7096206, 7126813, 7133504, 7133512, 7133514, 7133516, 7133520, 7137304, 7137310, 7137317, 7137320, 8147811, 8147903, 8148013, 8148207, 8148220, 8158816, 8159220, 8169615, 8169719, 8169815, 81710316, 9807031614, 9808169612, 9907031415, 99070211912, 99081412508, 99081412509, 99081711213. Among which 68 are dropped out HHs. Below tabulation shows there are **27 cases of continuing members not being captured after 2012**. Although classified as continuing members, are they drop outs? (Remaining 6 cases?)

o800: 41 HHs in 2012/2013 with unmatched hhid in subsequent rds in roster files: 7010103, 7010104, 7020313, 7020507, 7020508, 7020509, 7020510, 7020512, 7020513, 7020514, 7020516, 7020519, 7020520, 7031401, 7031402, 7031403, 7031404, 7031406, 7031408, 7031410, 7031411, 7031418, 7031419, 7031502, 7031505, 7031513, 7053909, 7054106, 7054408, 7054413, 7054516, 7065313, 7075702, 7096206, 7133504, 7137310, 8147811, 8148013, 8148207, 8158816, 8169615. Among which 33 are dropped out HHs. Below tabulation shows there are **8 cases of continuing members not being captured after 2012**. Although classified as continuing members, are they drop outs? (Remaining 0 cases?)

[2017-11-14 Abu email]: (T)hese households took the loan but have migrated to Dhaka or other places and could not be traced. → Create RanAway = T/F.

	Mstatus				
Assign	gErosion	gRejection	iRejection	iReplacement	newGroup
traditional	0	0	0	0	0
large	0	0	0	0	0
large grace	0	0	0	0	0
cow	0	0	0	0	0
drop outs	0	22	22	0	0
forced drop outs	24	0	0	0	0
	Mstatus				
Assign	oldMember				
traditional	2				
large	10				
large grace	4				
cow	11				
drop outs	0				
forced drop outs	0				

	gid	hhid	memname	year	Mstatus	Assign	creditstatus
1:	70101	7010103	khoteza	2012	oldMember	large	Yes

2:	70101	7010104	rupali	2012	oldMember	large	Yes
3:	70101	7010113	rotna	2012	oldMember	large	Yes
4:	70202	7020217	suroti	2012	oldMember	cow	Yes
5:	70202	7020219	halima	2012	oldMember	cow	Yes
6:	70203	7020313	morjina	2012	oldMember	large	Yes
7:	70203	7020315	rokeya	2012	oldMember	large	Yes
8:	70211	7021116	rajia	2012	oldMember	traditional	Yes
9:	70212	7021210	ronjona	2012	oldMember	cow	Yes
10:	70315	7031513	rahima	2012	oldMember	traditional	Yes
11:	70316	7031608	omisa	2012	oldMember	cow	Yes
12:	70420	7042013	sahena	2012	oldMember	large	Yes
13:	70434	7043407	hajera	2012	oldMember	large	Yes
14:	70541	7054104	aynaful	2012	oldMember	cow	Yes
15:	70545	7054516	shahera 2	2012	oldMember	large grace	Yes
16:	70646	7064603	saleha	2012	oldMember	large grace	Yes
17:	70859	7085901	safia	2012	oldMember	cow	Yes
18:	70962	7096206	sada rani	2012	oldMember	large	Yes
19:	71268	7126813	nur	2012	oldMember	large	Yes
20:	71373	7137304	lalbuni	2012	oldMember	cow	Yes
21:	71373	7137310	shahida	2012	oldMember	cow	Yes
22:	71373	7137317	afruja	2012	oldMember	cow	Yes
23:	71373	7137317	afruja	2015	oldMember	cow	Yes
24:	71373	7137320	monoyara	2012	oldMember	cow	Yes
25:	81592	8159220	sirina	2012	oldMember	large grace	Yes
26:	81696	8169615	rahela	2012	oldMember	large	Yes
27:	81698	8169815	azifa	2012	oldMember	large grace	Yes
	gid	hhid	memname	year	Mstatus	Assign	creditstatus

```
xid2[, RanAway := F]
xid2[hhid %in% attritedHH & grepl("^old", Mstatus), RanAway := T]
```

## VII Plots

```
Z ← readRDS(paste0(path1234, "data_read_in_a_list_with_baseline_patched.rds"))
```

### VII.1 Incomes

Revenues are reported partially.

hhid	year	Mgroup	Assign
7020308:	4	2012: 22	continued :328 traditional :104
7020902:	4	2013: 2	drop outs : 29 large :177
7021216:	4	2014:192	forced drop outs: 5 large grace :119
7020301:	3	2015:186	new group :156 cow : 89
7020408:	3	2017:123	replacements : 7 drop outs : 29
7020604:	3		forced drop outs: 5
(Other):	504		NA's : 2
TotalRevenue	Panel		
Min. : 700	1: 24		
1st Qu.: 10400	2:192		
Median : 18000	3:186		
Mean : 20961	4:123		
3rd Qu.: 26800			
Max. : 399800			

Costs are reported partially. There are 22, 2, 192, 186, 123 HHs who report revenues for 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2017, only 15, 3, 1 HHs report costs for 2012, 2014, 2015, respectively.

TABLE 2: FILES AND SURVEY ROUNDS

filename	rds	2012	2013	2014	2015	2017
s1 (roster)	4	6729	2149	8625	8590	7956
education	4	6725	2059	2799	2719	2640
contacts_with_mainland	3	1595	485	1980	1994	
credit_and_borrowing	4	1597	502	1982	1995	1913
input_output	4	1597	504	1982	1995	1915
farm_production	4	22	2	211	223	131
flood_related_information	3	1595	500	1980	1993	
hh_asset	4	926	399	4057	6567	7162
hh_consumption	3			1980	1994	1914
id_updated_received_from_abu	4	1600	523	1983	1995	1914
old_id_updated	4	1600	523	1983	1995	1914
labor_income	4	6725	2057	2398	2463	2361
abu_livestockownershipupdated	4	1595	504	1741	1939	1837
livestock_production	4	3190	1004	3958	3986	3826
monga	4	1595	502	1979	1994	1913
ownership_and_contract	4	1595	502	2022	2021	1913
poverty_updated	3			2397	2461	2360
poverty	3			1980	1994	1914
productive_assets	4	1472	496	1965	1990	1898
relocation	3	1595	485	1980	1994	
assistance	4	1595	501	1974	1993	1913
savings_and_lending	4	1594	502	1980	1994	1913
shocks	1	1597	504			1915
women_empowerment	4	1594	499	1978	1992	1911
MergedAssets	4	1486	500	1974	1994	1915
LivestockLong	4	4785	1512	5223	5817	5511
borrowing_2	3			2083	2094	2004
by_product	3			2164	2133	2014
dwelling_conditions	3			2083	2094	2004
remittance	3			2083	2094	2004
satisfaction	3			2083	2094	2004
self_employed_income	3			2097	2106	2011
risk_pref_13	1			2083		
donations	1				2094	

Source: Compiled from GUK data.

Notes: 1. Number of rows are displayed.

2. 2012 and 2013 are round 1. 2012 and 2013 data were jointly reported for s1 (roster) but separated by using information from id file. MergedAssets is a merged file of hh.asset and productive\_assets.

hhid	year	TotalOfCosts	Panel
7020306: 1	2012:15	Min. : 70	1:15
7020308: 1	2014: 3	1st Qu.: 445	2: 3
7020319: 1	2015: 1	Median : 754	3: 1
7020902: 1		Mean : 848	
7021208: 1		3rd Qu.: 995	
7021216: 1		Max. : 2255	
(Other): 13			

Plot agricultural revenues (Figure 13). Check trends in HH total labour income (Figure 14, 15).



TABLE 3: FILES AND SURVEY ROUNDS FOR ORIGINAL 800 HHs

filename	rds	2012	2013	2014	2015	2017
s1 (roster)	4	3353		3230	3204	2924
education	4	3340		1040	1019	984
contacts_with_mainland	2	796		742	745	
credit_and_borrowing	4	796		742	744	708
input_output	4	796		742	745	708
farm_production	4	12		65	65	43
flood_related_information	2	796		742	744	
hh_asset	4	450		1481	2423	2602
hh_consumption	3			741	744	707
id_updated_received_from_abu	4	800		743	745	708
old_id_updated	4	800		743	745	708
labor_income	4	3340		884	911	866
abu_livestockownershipupdated	4	796		666	730	676
livestock_production	4	1592		1484	1490	1416
monga	4	796		742	745	708
ownership_and_contract	4	796		759	759	708
poverty_updated	3			883	910	865
poverty	3			741	744	707
productive_assets	4	734		735	742	703
relocation	2	796		742	745	
assistance	4	796		750	745	708
savings_and_lending	4	796		742	745	708
shocks	0	796				708
women_empowerment	4	795		741	744	707
MergedAssets	4	741		738	744	708
LivestockLong	4	2388		1998	2190	2028
borrowing_2	3			742	746	708
by_product	3			768	759	710
dwelling_conditions	3			742	746	708
remittance	3			743	746	708
satisfaction	3			742	746	708
self_employed_income	3			750	750	710
risk_pref_13	1			743		
donations	1				746	

Source: Compiled from GUK data.

Notes: 1. Number of rows are displayed.

2. 2012 and 2013 are round 1. 2012 and 2013 data were jointly reported for s1 (roster) but separated by using information from id file. MergedAssets is a merged file of hh.asset and productive\_assets.

## VII.2 Assets

Plot asset values (Figure 16), asset earning (Figure 17), and newly purchased asset values asset values (Figure 18).

Livestock asset values are given in Figure 19. Livestock produce sales using imputed prices are given in Figure 20.

TABLE 4: FILES AND SURVEY ROUNDS FOR ORIGINAL 800 HHs (CONTINUED)

filename	rds	2012	2013	2014	2015	2017
15	1				746	
21_2_income_generating_activities	1				1133	
23_1	1				745	
23_2	1				901	
23_3	1				751	
23_4	1				5968	
23_5	1				5968	
24	1				746	
behavioural_changes	1					708
s18_satisfaction_and_product_use	1					708
s19_q1_network_and_group_coordination						3540
s19_q2_network_and_group_coordi	1					3524
s19_q3_network_and_group_coordination						790
s19_q4_network_and_group_coordi	1					722
s19_q5_network_and_group_coordination						926
s19_q6_network_and_group_coordi	1					722
s21a_project_cycle	1					832
s21aprojectcycle	1					832
s21b_project_cycle	1					1397
s21bprojectcycle	1					1397
s22_q1-	1					708
9_group_norms_and_leader						
s22_q10-	1					708
13_group_norms_and_leader						

Source: Compiled from GUK data.

Notes: 1. Number of rows are displayed.

2. 2012 and 2013 are round 1. 2012 and 2013 data were jointly reported for s1 (roster) but separated by using information from id file. MergedAssets is a merged file of hh.asset and productive\_assets.

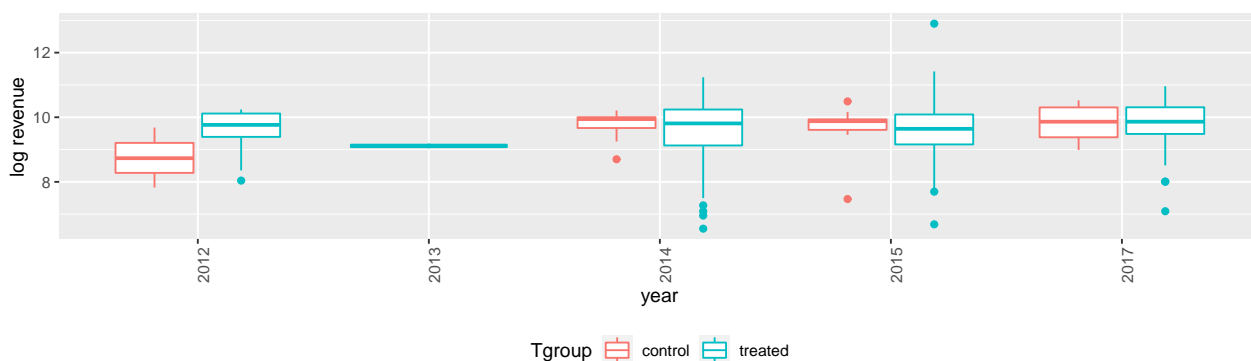


Figure 13 Farming revenues

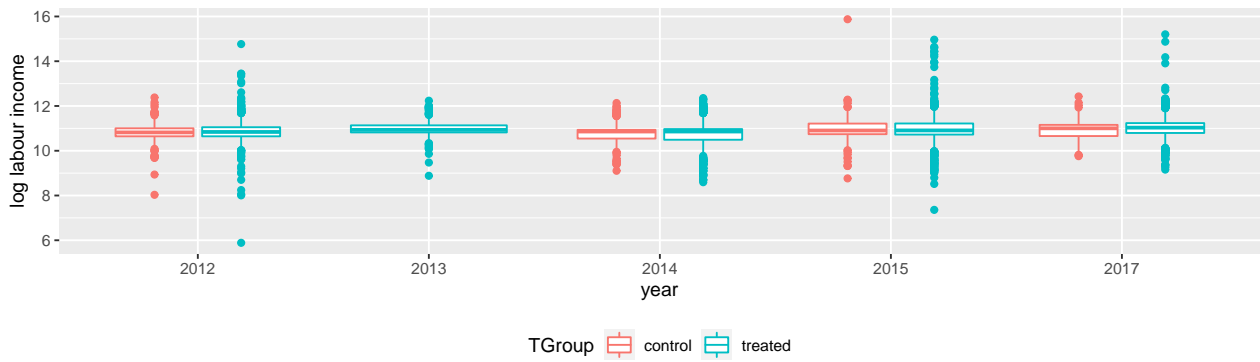


Figure 14 Labour incomes

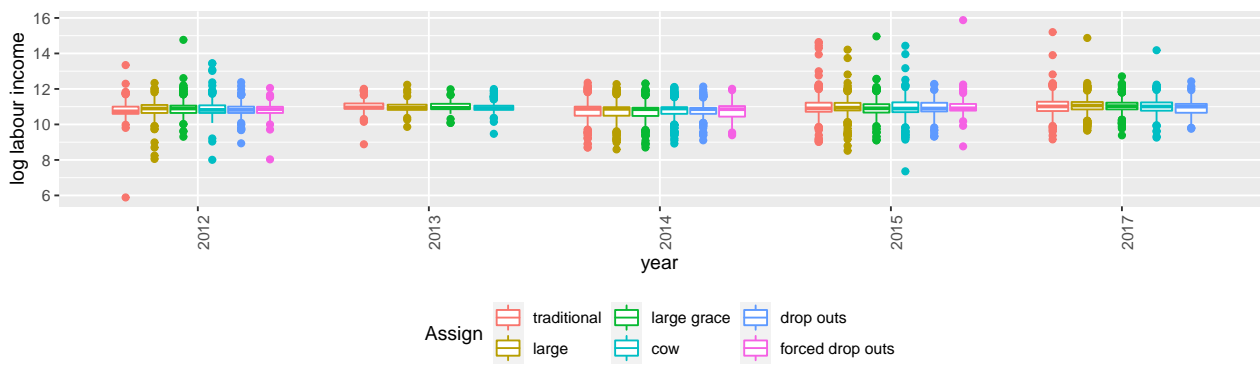


Figure 15 Labour incomes between arms and controls

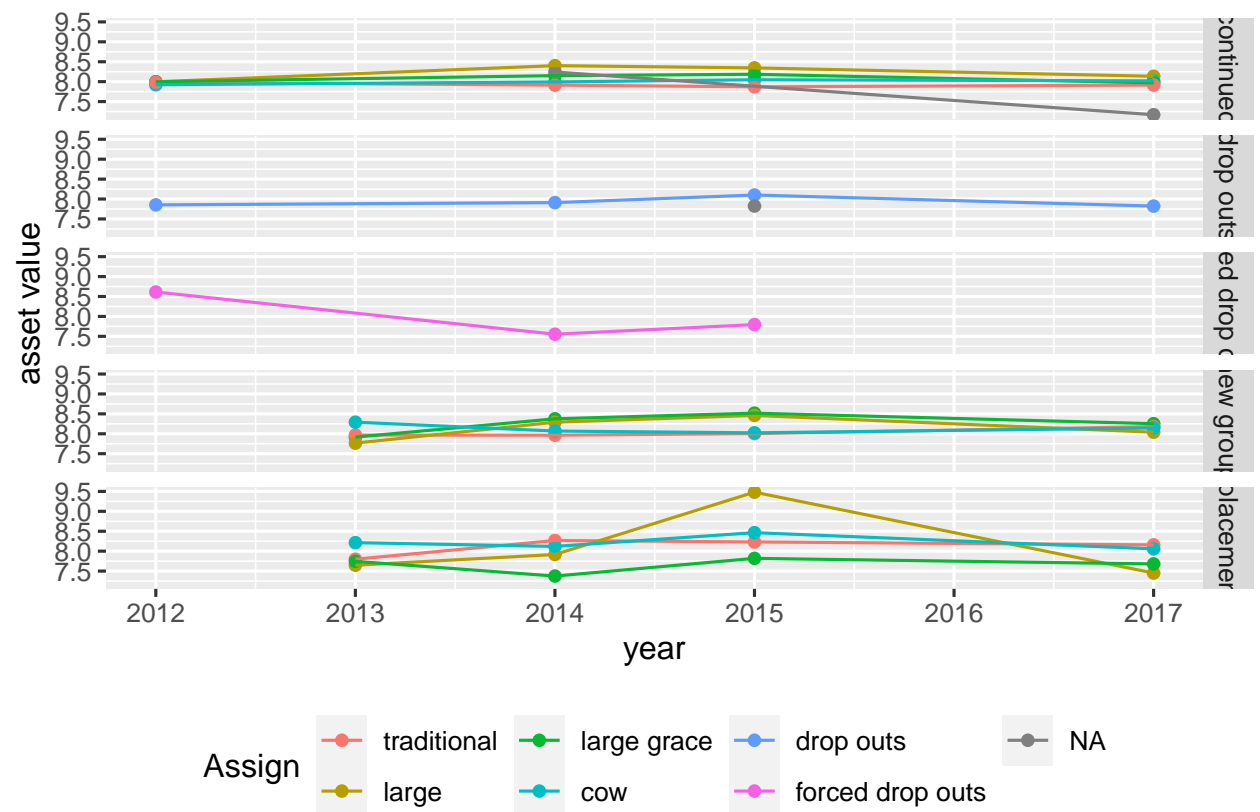


Figure 16 Asset value by arms

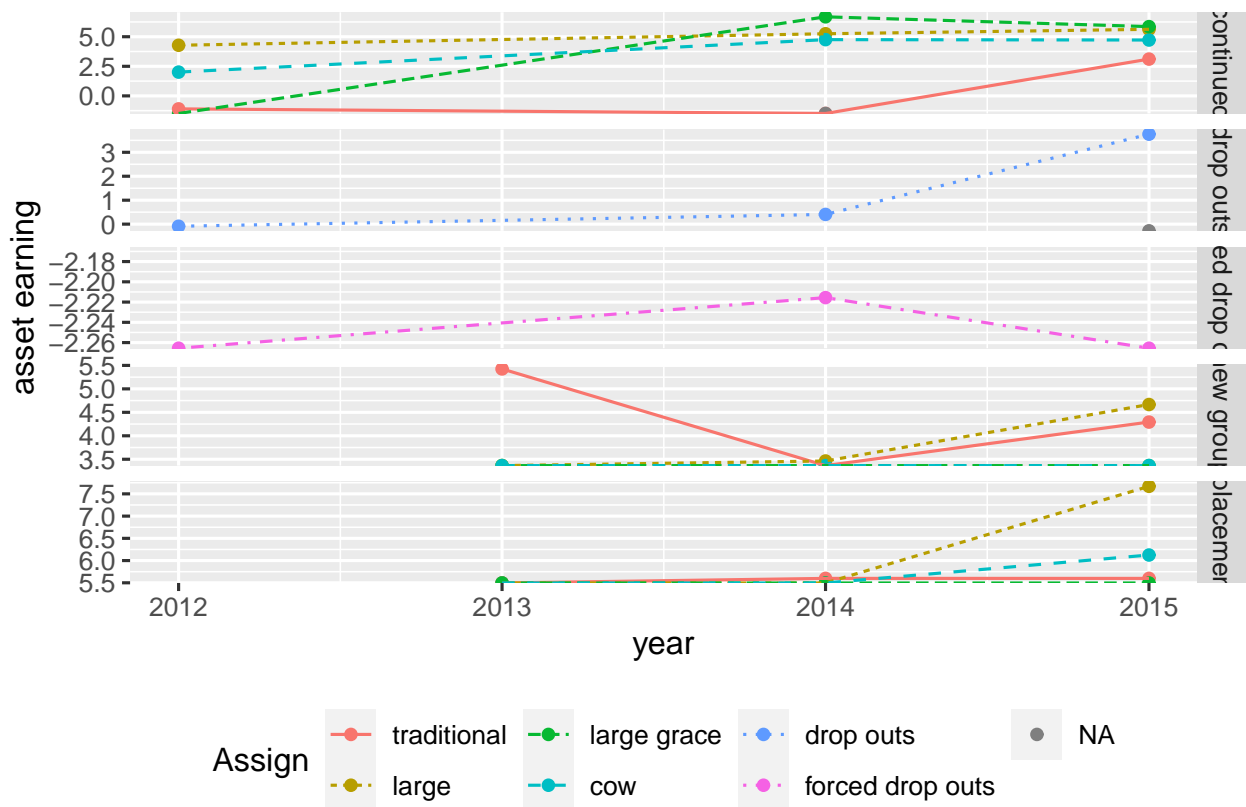


Figure 17 Asset earnings by arms



Figure 18 Asset purchased in last one year by arms

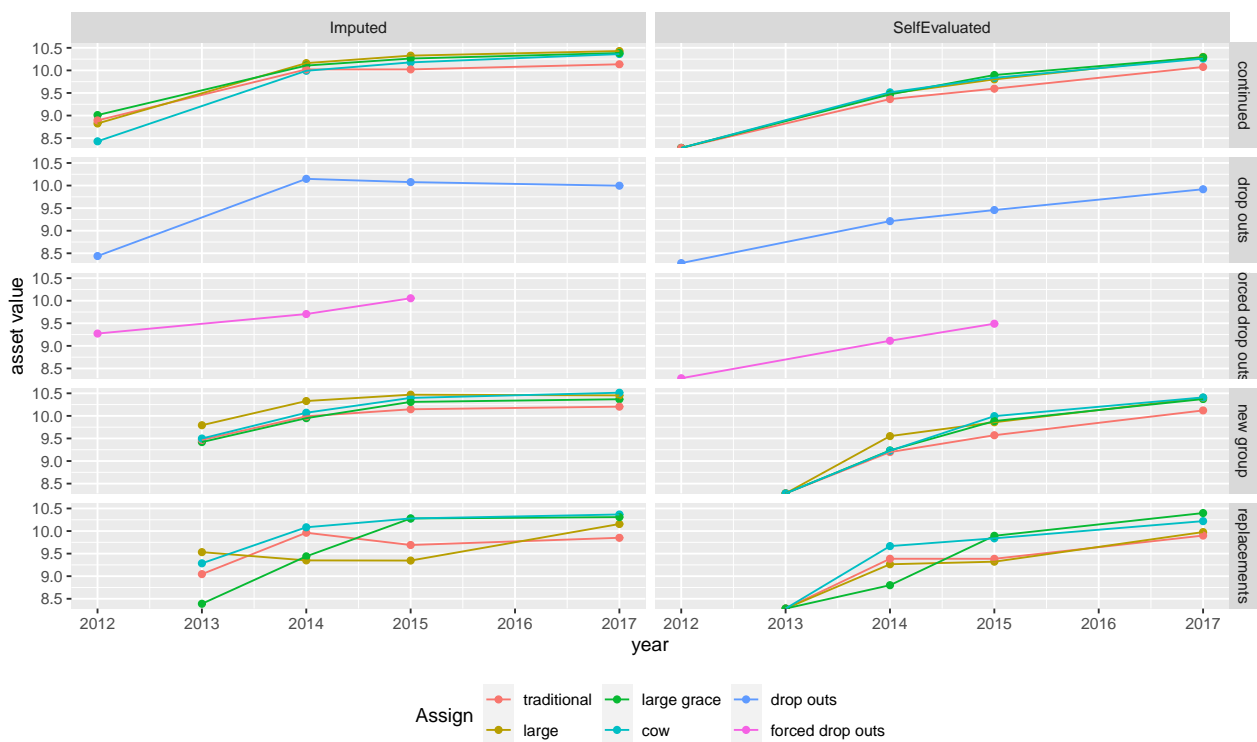


Figure 19 Livestock asset value by arms

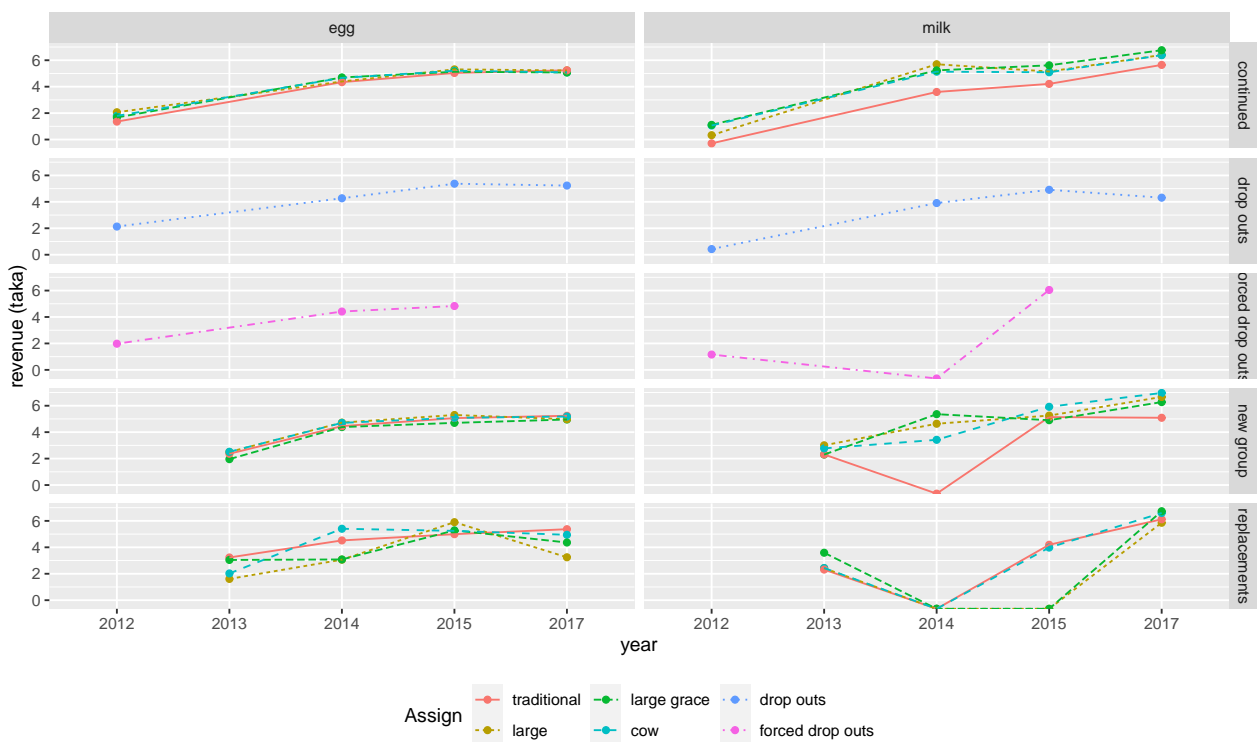


Figure 20 Livestock produce sales by arms

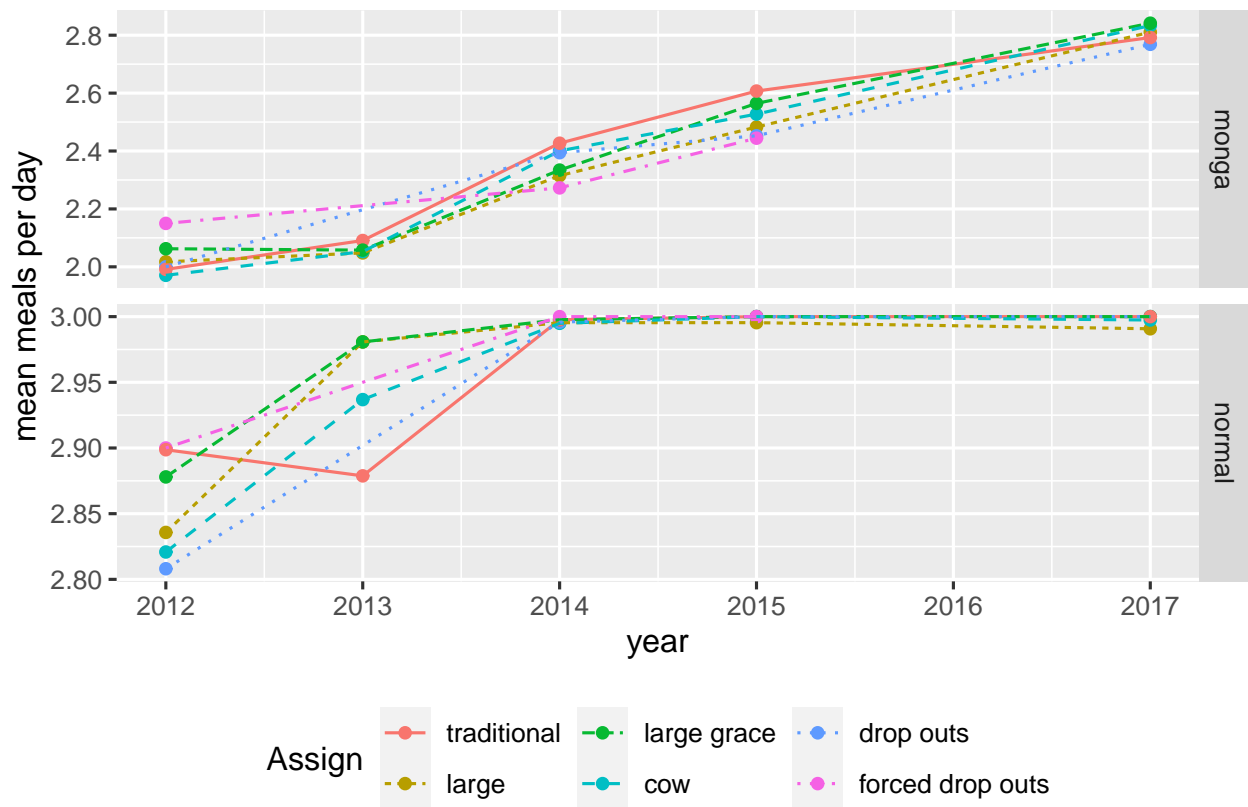


Figure 21 Meals per day by arms and controls

### VII.3 Poverty

### VII.4 Schooling

AgeComputed		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Enrolled	0	416	347	222	125	72	91	49	133	84	107	173	158	136	158
	1	113	312	695	843	879	1166	807	1016	791	581	643	325	337	221

- (Voluntary) drop out group has lower enrollment rates.

Plot enrollment (Figure 24).

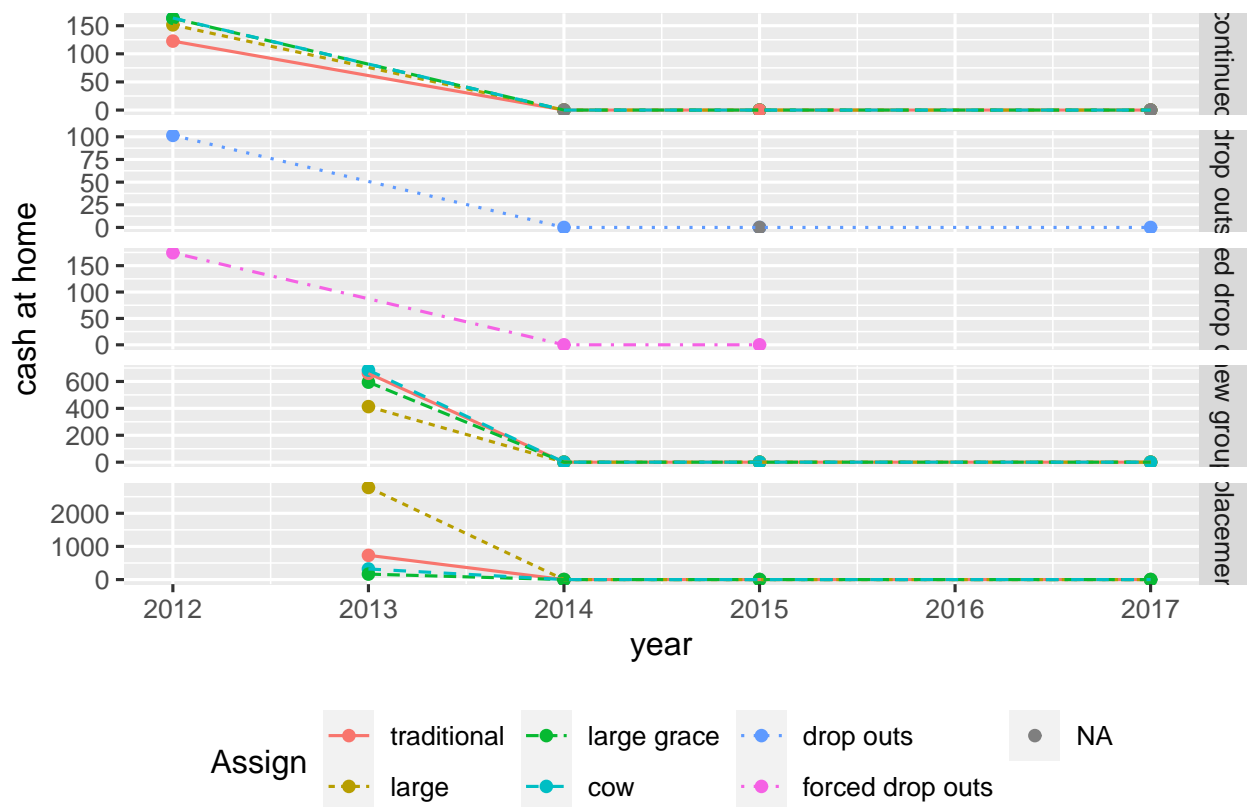


Figure 22 Saving by arms and controls

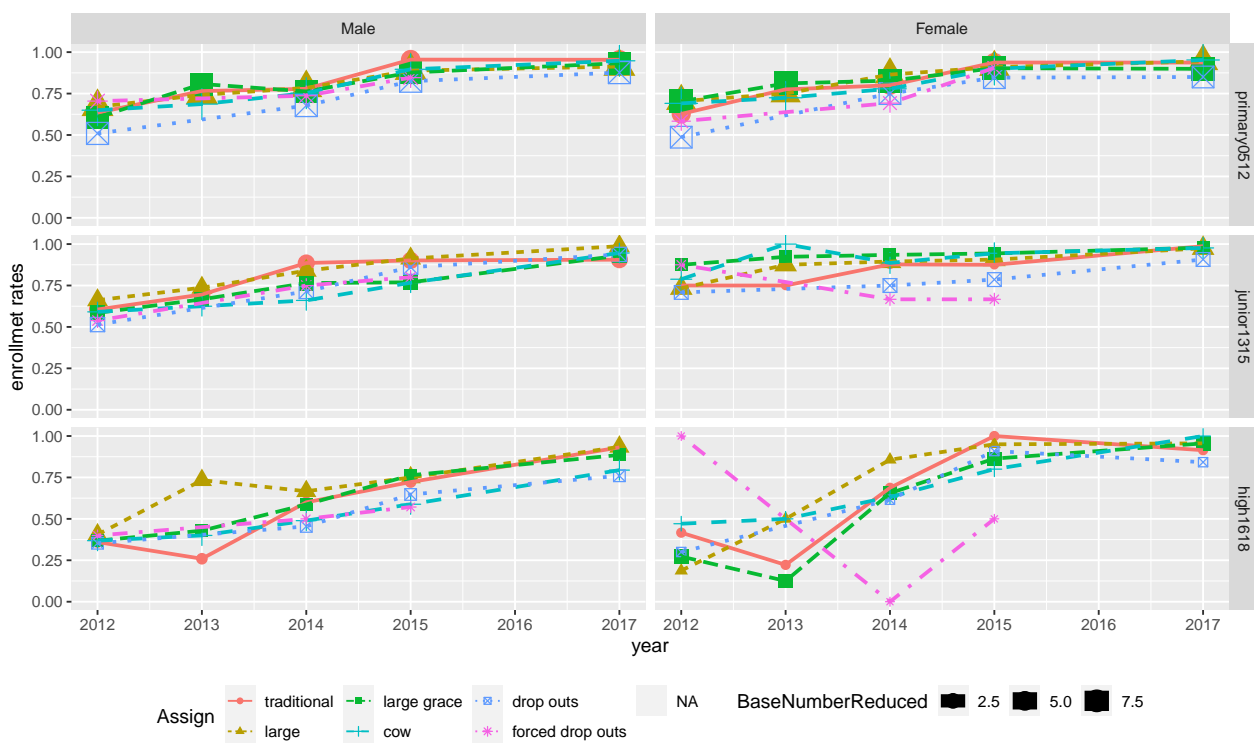


Figure 23 School enrollment by arms and controls



Figure 24 School enrollment with artificially augmented panel by arms and controls