# ANCOVA estimation of lending impacts

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Need: packages Imtest, sandwich.

To reach to this file:

- 1. read\_cleaned\_data: This reads survey files. Corrects errors.
- 2. read\_admin\_data: This reads administrative file. Corrects errors, define TradGroup2 "NotReceivedLoan".
- 3. ReadFilesMergeAdminRoster: This merges survey files with admin file (e.g., AssetAdmin-Data.rds). Create ar, arA and attach o800, o1600. Attrition in o800 is 92. Define BStatus.

In what follows,

- 1. Read RosterAdminData.rds, etc., create dummy interactions and trim observations if grep1("tw|dou", TradGroup) is true.
- 2. Summarise descriptive statistics, estimate ANCOVA, graph estimates and IGAs.

```
qs 0.26.3
```

This note uses ANCOVA as the estimator of choice. ANCOVA assumes the initial value of outcome variable is a pure nusissance that it only adds a noise and is uncorrelated with the main regressor of interest, hence uses it as a covariate. Under such assumptions, it is shown that ANCOVA is more efficient than DID as it renders data to control for baseline differences in outcomes (Frison and Pocock, 1992). ANCOVA become numerically the same as DID if the estimated coefficient on the covariate is unity. As shown in the results, we see that it smaller and the claim that DID overcorrects for the initial values applies to our data.

Read: c:/data/GUK/analysis/save/EstimationMemo/AllMeetingsRosterAdminData.rds.

Original data files (incl. Abu-san's correction files) → (read\_cleaned\_data.rnw) → data\_read\_in\_a\_list\_wit → add admin data in ReadFilesMergeAdminRoster.rnw → Individual data files (RosterAdminSchoolingData.rds, RosterAdminData.rds, AllMeetingsRosterAdminData.rds, AssetAdminData.rds, LivestockAdminData.rds, LivestockLongAdminData.rds, LivestockProductsAdminData.rds, LabourIncomeAdminData.rds, FarmRevenueAdminData.rds, ConsumptionAdminData.rds, OtherBorrowingAdminData.rds, Shocks.rds) in c:/data/GUK/analysis/save/EstimationMemo/.

Further data preparations (trimming, adding shocks, round numbering, creating dummy vectors, interaction terms) are done in this file for estimation. Produces files: SchoolingAdminDataUsedForEstimation.prn, AllMeetingsRepaymentAdminDataUsedForEstimation.prn, RepaymentAdminDataUsedForEstimation.prn, LivestockLongAdminDataUsedForEstimation.prn, LivestockLongAdminDataUsedForEstimation.prn, LivestockLongAdminDataUsedForEstimation.prn, LabourIncomeAdminDataUsedForEstimation.prn, FarmIncomeAdminDataUsedForEstimation.prn, ConsumptionAdminDataUsedForEstimation.prn, OtherBorrowingAdminDataUsedForEstimation.prn.

```
[1] "s1" "arA" "ar" "ass" "lvo" "lvoL" "lvp" "lab" "far" "con" [11] "obr"
```

Create RepaymentTrimmed.rds sample from RosterAdminData.rds.

Original HHs are 800 HHs at the baseline, whose size shrinks by attrition: 743, 745, 708. They are used for attrition and randomisation tests.

Add BStatus etc. to all files and save as:

c:/data/GUK/analysis/save/EstimationMemo/RepaymentTrimmed.rds

for example. It is trimmed as we keep only grepl("old|iRej|^g", Mstatus) (old members, individual rejection, group rejection, group erosion). Here, we have not yet dropped grepl("tw|dou", TradGroup) (twice received, double received in tradional arm).

This is done in EstimationMemo\_ANCOVA3.rnw: Dropping members who received only 2 loans (twice and double in TradGroup) and save as an estimating sample, for example:

Save: c:/data/GUK/analysis/save/EstimationMemo/RepaymentInitialSample.rds

As we use RepaymentInitialSample.rds as our base to merge other files, files ending with Initial-Sample.rds are the data we use.

Check asset file entries. There are 797 households who respond at least once to asset questionnaire, but only 741 households respond at baseline (out of 800, response rate of 92.62%). Below displays the timing of first reponse on assets by HHs.

```
Arm
survey traditional large large grace cattle Sum
  1
               184
                    189
                                 189
                                         179 741
  2
                                         19 53
                14
                      10
                                  10
  3
                0
                      1
                                   0
                                          2
                                              3
  Sum
               198
                     200
                                  199
                                         200 797
```

Among which, if we drop the sample in Traditional arm who receive the loan only twice, we have:

```
addmargins(table0(ass[0800 == 1L & !grep1("tw|dou", TradGroup) & hhid %in% hhid[survey==1],

.(Arm, tee = 1:.N), by = .(survey, hhid)][tee == 1, .(survey, Arm)]))
```

```
Arm
survey traditional large large grace cattle
                                                  Sum
  1
                162
                      189
                                    189
                                             179
                                                  719
   2
                153
                       181
                                     161
                                             169
                                                  664
   3
                154
                       182
                                     164
                                             169
                                                  669
   4
                135
                       182
                                     161
                                             156
                                                  634
   Sum
                604
                       734
                                     675
                                             673 2686
```

TABLE 1: DATA TRIMMING RESULTS

	THE LET T		KESC		
file	ol	d iRej ^g in	N	o tw dou in	
	Ms	status	Tr	adGroup	
all rounds				•	
s1	9007	$\Rightarrow$	6013	$\Rightarrow$	5677
arA	91344	$\Rightarrow$	66240	$\Rightarrow$	61200
ar	33223	$\Rightarrow$	24806	$\Rightarrow$	23210
ass	7869	$\Rightarrow$	5839	$\Rightarrow$	5437
lvo	7616	$\Rightarrow$	5661	$\Rightarrow$	5277
lvoL	22848	$\Rightarrow$	16983	$\Rightarrow$	15831
lvp	15964	$\Rightarrow$	11914	$\Rightarrow$	11088
lab	16004	$\Rightarrow$	12102	$\Rightarrow$	11307
far	589	$\Rightarrow$	411	$\Rightarrow$	391
con	5888	$\Rightarrow$	4360	$\Rightarrow$	4051
obr	7989	$\Rightarrow$	5958	$\Rightarrow$	5545
round 1 only					
s1	2582	$\Rightarrow$	1931	$\Rightarrow$	1827
arA	602	$\Rightarrow$	81	$\Rightarrow$	79
ar	2123	$\Rightarrow$	1600	$\Rightarrow$	1496
ass	1986	$\Rightarrow$	1486	$\Rightarrow$	1392
lvo	2073	$\Rightarrow$	1571	$\Rightarrow$	1467
lvoL	2099	$\Rightarrow$	1595	$\Rightarrow$	1491
lvp	2097	$\Rightarrow$	1595	$\Rightarrow$	1491
lab	2097	$\Rightarrow$	1593	$\Rightarrow$	1489
far	24	$\Rightarrow$	. 22	$\Rightarrow$	20
con	1980	$\Rightarrow$	1472	$\Rightarrow$	1369
obr	2097	$\Rightarrow$	1595	$\Rightarrow$	1491
original 800,		7	0.54		
s1	964	$\Rightarrow$	964	$\Rightarrow$	937
arA	33	$\Rightarrow$	33	$\Rightarrow$	_33
ar	800	$\Rightarrow$	800	$\Rightarrow$	776
ass	741	$\Rightarrow$	741	$\Rightarrow$	719
lvo	785	$\Rightarrow$	785	$\Rightarrow$	761
lvoL	796	$\Rightarrow$	796	$\Rightarrow$	772
lvp	796	$\Rightarrow$	796	$\Rightarrow$	772
lab	796	$\Rightarrow$	796	$\Rightarrow$	772
far	12	$\Rightarrow$	12	$\Rightarrow$	12
con	741	$\Rightarrow$	741	$\Rightarrow$	717
obr	796	$\Rightarrow$	796	$\Rightarrow$	772

Source: GUK survey data.

Notes: 1. Top panel is observations for all rounds. Middle panel is observations for round 1 only. Bottom panel is observations for original 800 households at round 1. old|iRej|^g in Mstatus are strings for old members, individual rejecters, group rejecters, group erosion. con|^dro|^rep in Mgroup indicates continuing, dropouts, replacing members. tw|dou in TradGroup are members who received loans twice and double amount in the 2nd loans. They are omitted from analysis because they are under a different treatment arm.

Tabulate number of obs in each files. Read: c:/data/GUK/analysis/save/EstimationMemo/AllMeetingsRepaym Tabulate number of obs in each files for original 800 households (before dropping 24 HHs in trad).

Х					
traditional	large lar	ge grace	cattle	Sum	
168	192	171	177	708	
traditional	large lar	ge grace	cattle	Sum	
168	192	171	177	708	

<sup>2.</sup> ar lists all survey respondents, arA lists all loan recipients. There are 0 members in traditional arm who received loans twice, not three times. They will be omitted from ITT effects estimation. Consumption is sampled in round 2.

Table 2: Number of observations in each file at round 1 from HHs with single treatment

files	rounds	traditional	large	large grace	cattle	total
s1	1	728	622	618	614	2582
	2	610	501	452	496	2059
	3	555	474	433	449	1911
	4	488	427	393	388	1696
ar	1	605	504	507	507	2123
	2	590	491	457	485	2023
	3	583	487	453	473	1996
	4	539	482	447	442	1910
ass	1	602	503	506	505	2116
	2	588	490	457	483	2018
	3	580	484	452	463	1979
	4	497	457	416	381	1751
lvo	1	603	504	507	506	2120
	2	576	488	454	473	1991
	3	546	477	440	449	1912
	4	414	409	357	385	1565
lvp	1	601	504	507	507	2119
	2	588	491	457	485	2021
	3	581	487	453	472	1993
	4	538	483	447	444	1912
lab	1	601	504	507	507	2119
	2	588	491	457	485	2021
	3	581	487	453	472	1993
	4	534	481	443	433	1891
far	1	78	123	70	64	335
	2	35	68	39	30	172
	3	13	27	25	12	77
	4	2	1	2	1	6
con	2	590	490	457	484	2021
	3	581	484	453	470	1988
	4	536	477	435	428	1876
obr	1	1184	994	960	979	4117
	2	583	485	453	470	1991
	4	534	478	435	428	1875

Notes: 1. Sample is all households: Original 1600 and added households through new groups and individuals replacing opt-out members. All households in traditional arm who received more than one loan are excluded.

2.

Table 3: Number of observations in each file at round 1 from original 1600 HHs

files	rounds	traditional	large	large grace	cattle	total
s1	1	356	479	505	487	1827
	2	293	379	350	381	1403
	3	263	358	337	349	1307
	4	214	321	304	301	1140
ar	1	296	400	400	400	1496
	2	283	389	352	379	1403
	3	277	386	349	367	1379
	4	240	382	343	341	1306
ass	1	293	399	399	398	1489
	2	281	388	352	377	1398
	3	275	383	348	361	1367
	4	218	357	316	292	1183
lvo	1	294	400	400	399	1493
	2	274	386	349	368	1377
	3	256	377	339	350	1322
	4	183	317	282	303	1085
lvp	1	294	400	400	400	1494
•	2	283	389	352	379	1403
	3	277	386	349	366	1378
	4	240	382	343	342	1307
lab	1	294	400	400	400	1494
	2	283	389	352	379	1403
	3	277	386	349	367	1379
	4	240	381	342	340	1303
far	1	19	96	52	57	224
	2	5	51	28	27	111
	3	2	22	17	12	53
	4	2	1	2	1	6
con	2	283	388	352	378	1401
	3	276	383	349	365	1373
	4	238	377	331	331	1277
obr	1	577	788	751	777	2893
	2	276	384	349	365	1374
	4	238	378	331	331	1278

Notes: 1. Sample is original 1600 households who agree to join the group. This includes households who later dropped out due to flood, group rejections, and individual rejections. All original 1600 households are tracked but some attrit from the sample.

2.

Table 4: Number of observations in each file at round 1 from original  $800~\mathrm{HHs}$  admin data before trimming

files	rounds	traditional	large	large grace	cattle	total
s1	1	232	246	251	235	964
	2	180	197	177	191	745
	3	164	185	165	173	687
	4	134	171	147	143	595
ar	1	200	200	200	200	800
	2	190	191	172	190	743
	3	188	193	174	190	745
	4	168	192	171	177	708
ass	1	198	200	199	200	797
	2	190	194	177	195	756
	3	186	191	174	188	739
	4	154	179	155	151	639
lvo	1	199	200	200	199	798
	2	186	194	175	188	743
	3	177	188	168	180	713
	4	135	166	142	160	603
lvp	1	199	200	200	200	799
	2	192	195	177	195	759
	3	188	193	174	190	745
	4	168	192	171	177	708
lab	1	199	200	200	200	799
	2	192	195	177	195	759
	3	188	193	174	190	745
	4	168	191	170	175	704
far	1	12	46	24	25	107
	2	4	26	13	10	53
	3	2	9	8	4	23
	4	1	1	1	1	4
con	2	192	194	177	195	758
	3	187	191	174	190	742
	4	167	188	165	172	692
obr	1	199	199	199	199	796
	2	190	191	171	190	742
	4	168	192	171	177	708

Notes: 1. Sample is original 800 households who agree to join the group in RosterAdmin.rds. This includes households who later dropped out due to flood, group rejections, and individual rejections. All original 800 households are tracked but some attrit from the sample.

2.

Table 5: Number of observations in each file at round 1 from original  $800~\mathrm{HHs}$  trimmed for Mstatus

files	rounds	traditional	large	large grace	cattle	total
s1	1	232	246	251	235	964
	2	180	197	177	191	745
	3	164	185	165	173	687
	4	134	171	147	143	595
ar	1	200	200	200	200	800
	2	190	191	172	190	743
	3	188	193	174	190	745
	4	168	192	171	177	708
ass	1	198	200	199	200	797
	2	190	194	177	195	756
	3	186	191	174	188	739
	4	154	179	155	151	639
lvo	1	199	200	189	199	787
	2	186	194	175	188	743
	3	177	188	168	180	713
	4	135	166	142	160	603
lvp	1	199	200	200	200	799
	2	192	195	177	195	759
	3	188	193	174	190	745
	4	168	192	171	177	708
lab	1	199	200	200	200	799
	2	192	195	177	195	759
	3	188	193	174	190	745
	4	168	191	170	175	704
far	1	12	46	24	25	107
	2	4	26	13	10	53
	3	2	9	8	4	23
	4	1	1	1	1	4
con	2	192	194	177	195	758
	3	187	191	174	190	742
	4	167	188	165	172	692
obr	1	199	199	199	199	796
	2	190	191	171	190	742
	4	168	192	171	177	708

Notes: 1. Sample is based on original 800 households who agree to join the group in RosterAdmin.rds, and keeping old member, individual and group rejecters, and flood eroded households. Some households later drop out due to flood, group rejections, and individual rejections.

2.

This file reads data from a list data\_read\_in\_a\_list\_with\_baseline\_patched.rds, merge all non-roster files with admin-roster, and saves in c:/data/GUK/analysis/save/EstimationMemo/.

# I Summary

#### I.1 Definitions

#### I.1.1 Arms

(125\*45\*3) or, CumRepaid/(190\*45\*2)

Traditional A cash loan of Tk. 5600 with one year maturity. Repay Tk 125 \* 45 weeks = 5625 each year for 3 years.

Large A cash loan of Tk. 16800 with three year maturity. Repay Tk 125 \* 45 weeks \* 3 years =

16875

- Large Grace A cash loan of Tk. 16800 with a one year grace period and three year maturity. Repay Tk 190 \* 45 weeks \* 2 years = 17100.
- Cow An in-kind loan of a cow worth Tk. 16800 with a one year grace period and three year maturity. Repay Tk 190 \* 45 weeks \* 2 years = 17100.
- LargeSize An indicator variable takes the value of 1 if the arm is Large, Large Grace, or Cow.

WithGrace An indicator variable takes the value of 1 if the arm is Large Grace or Cow.

InKind Same as Cow.

When one uses covariates Large, Large Grace, Cow in estimation, their estimates represent each arm's characteristics relative to Traditional. When one uses covariates LargeSize, WithGrace, InKind, their estimates represent their labeled names.

#### I.1.2 Assets

Net assets, net broad assets, and livestock values are computed/defined in MergeAllNarrowNetAssetsANCOVA.R. All other asset components are summed/defined in read\_cleaned\_data.rnw.

- Household assets Non-livestock asset items, excluding land holding, reported in all rounds. Tubewell, mobile phone, bicycle, wrist watch, sewing machine, rickshaw/van, wall clock, radio/tv, solar, electric fan, cassette player.
- Broad household assets All non-livestock asset items (some are reported only in some rounds). Land holding at baseline is asked as a recall in round 2. When land is added, we assume its baseline value to be zero. This may inflate the asset growth.
- Total imputed value of livestock Livestock holding. Median sales price through out the survey rounds are used to impute values.
- Total imputed 2 value of livestock Livestock holding. Median annual sales price are used to impute values.
- Productive assets Tractor, thresher, power tiller, power pump, hand pump, deep tube-well, shallow tube-well, treddle pump, rower pump, done/swing basket, plough and yoke, spray, husking machine, ginning machine, country boat, engine boat, fishing net, cage incubator, brooder, bees-box, weeder, ladder (moi), sickle/dao/axe/spade, gola (grain storage), dheki, jata, sewing machine, rickshaw, etc.
- Net assets TotalImputedValue + NLAssetAmount DebtOutstanding.before NonNGOBal. I.e., household assets + productive assets + livestock holding + net saving debt to GUK debts to relatives and money lenders. Assets use only items observed for all 4 rounds for household assets *including* radios and cassette players (which have possibly large errors) but exclusing land.
- Net broad assets 
   TotalImputedValue + BroadNLAssetAmount DebtOutstanding.before Non-NGOBal. I.e., broad household assets + productive assets + livestock holding + net saving debt to GUK debts to relatives and money lenders. Assets use all items observed for household assets, including land.
- Net non-livestock assets NLAssetAmount DebtOutstanding.before NonNGOBal. I.e., household assets + productive assets + net saving debt to GUK debts to relatives and money lenders. Assets use only items observed for all 4 rounds for household assets *including* radios and cassette players (which have possibly large errors) but exclusing land.
- Cattle holding Number of cattlle holding in counts, not in monetary units.

#### I.2 Inference

- First-difference estimators are used. This can be seen as an extension of DID to multi-periods (although historically the latter precedes the former). FD is used also for a binary indicator such as schooling.
- All the standard errors are clustered at the group (char) level.
- To aid the understanding if the data is more suited to the assumption of first-difference rather than fixed-effects, I used a check suggested by Wooldridge (2010, 10.71). It is an AR(1) regression of FD residuals. Most of results show low autocorrelations which is consistent with the assumption of FD estimator. The use of cluster-robust standard errors gives consistent estimates of SEs, so it boils down to efficiency.
- I rely more on the formulation using LargeSize, WithGrace, InKind than Large, LargeGrace, Cow due to an ease in interpretation. Numerically, both are equivalent.
- A caution on reading the estimates: All are estimates on increments. If LargeSize has an estimate of 10, then it is a 10 unit larger change than the baseline (traditional). If the interaction of LargeSize with rd 2-3 is 10, then it is a 10 unit larger change than rd 2-3 change of baseline. If the estimated value of intercept is 10 and rd 2-3 is 10, then rd 2-3 change is 20 for baseline, 30 for LargeSize.

### I.3 Findings

Overall, the intervention reveals that larger sized loans accerelate the timing of becoming an owner of large livestock without adversely affecting the repayments. This applies to both the ultra poor and the moderately poor. A loan amount seems to have convex returns at a low level of assets. Higher growths come at a cost of slower school progression of older girls and smaller increases in consumption for the arm of in-kind, so the welfare implication is mixed. In addition, given that the number of cows per owner remains the similar after 2 years, it does not provide evidence for accelerated growth of livestock after becoming an owner in this short window. Another note is that the loan repayment was poor for unknown reasons so, in the hindsight, the risks required a higher margin for this type of lending to the target population, which could have reduced participation.

Net saving and repayments Sample uses administrative records of all borrowers in the original 800 households. Smaller net saving for traditional arm. Period of rds 2, 3 saw a positive net saving, then became negative in rd 4 for LargeGrace, Cow. Repayment is greater for Large, LargeGrace, Cow in rds 2, 3. In rd 4, repayment of Large becomes statistically the same with Traditional while LargeGrace, Cow are greater (Table ??). Table ?? (1) reveals LargeSize have larger net saving while (2) shows WithGrace has a faster decline in rds 2, 3, 4. Repayment is larger with LargeSize but smaller with WithGrace in (3). (4) shows rd 2-3 have larger repayment for WithGrace, which is by design. Repayment is positively autocorrelated and is negatively correlated with previous net saving. The ultra poor repaid just as much as the moderately poor, (Table ??). This is evidence against the popular belief that the ultra poor are riskier.

Schooling Enrollment changes are larger for primary school girls in Large and Cow arms for primary but smaller for junior in rd 1 vs rd 4 comparisons (Table 17). When seen by attributes in Table 18, LargeSize shows smaller changes especially for primary school boys. Primary school girls in LargeSize and InKind show larger changes, while junior and high school girls in LargeSize show smaller changes than boys. This indicates that large sized arms have

detrimetal impacts on older girls' schooling but promotional impacts on primary school aged girls. No decline in enrollment changes when repaying for the arms of WithGrace, despite the larger installments.

Assets Household assets increased in all arms. Asset values initially increased then decreased, but do not fully cancel out and remain increased. There might have been liquidation of assets to repay the loans. Productive assets declined consecutively. Flood in rd 1 makes the increase in household assets smaller. Productive assets see a major decline among Large during rd 3-4 period (Table ??). Comparison by attributes (Table ??) or of rd 2 and rd 4 gives the same picture (Table ??). Comparison against the loan non-recipients shows that they also experience a similar, increase-increase-decrease pattern. This indicates that the pattern observed among the loan recipients may be a systemic pattern of the area, not necessarily reflecting the repayment burdern (Table ??). Comparison of productive asset holding of loan recipients (Figure ??) and loan nonrecipients (Figure ??) reveals that productive asset holding declined at the top end of loan nonrecipients in all arms (they only save or left the program). This indicates that the decline in productive asset holding among the loan recipients are not due to the repayment burden but a general pattern of the area.

Livestock Larger increases in holding values in rd 1-2, smaller increases in rd 2-3, no change in rd 3-4. Previous cow owners show a smaller increase in rd 1-2 while not rd 3-4 or rd 2-3 in the Cow arm (Table ??). Figures show that cow ownership increased for all arms but the traditional arm (see Figure ??). Table ?? shows baseline trend is a large increse in rd 1-2, a small increase in rd 2-3, a small decline in rd 3-4, while LargeSize sees an even larger increase in rd 1-2 and similar trend as baseline afterwards. This shows that member who received a larger sized disbursement could hold on to its level of livestock accumulation. Table ?? shows, albeit at *p* values around 10%, the ultra poor has a larger increase relative to the moderately poor, which is another manifestation against the popular notion that the ultra poor are riskier.

Total asset values Similar resulsts as assets.

Labour incomes Small sample. Increased during rd 2-3 in all arms (TABLE ??).

Consumption Increased during rd 2-3 in all arms, a decrese in rd 3-4 (Table ??). Another notable result is that InKind reduced the consumption in rd 3-4 even further than the baseline loan (Table ??).

IGAs Multiple IGAs for Tradtional arm. Everyone else chose to invest in cows, suggesting entrepreneurship does not seem to matter in the uptake of loans. It is consistent with the presence of a poverty trap induced by a liquidity constraint and convexity in livestock production technology.

Project choice Traditional arm has a smaller rate of second investments, and second investment amounts are generally smaller (Figure 49). This confirms that most of Traditional arm members do not use own fund to increase the size of investments even after a few years into the program.

One sees changes in investment choices when one compares traditional and all other arms. However, consumption does not seem to differ. Repayments and asset holding are greater in all other arms. These are consistent with households are enforcing the repayment disciplines and reinvesting the proceeds rather than increasing consumption.

```
Warning in `[.data.table`(s1xR, , `:=`(c("Age_1", grepout("Primary", colnames(s1xR))), :
```

```
Dropped 902 obs due to NA.
Dropped 902 obs due to NA.
Dropped 223 obs due to T<2.
Dropped 574 obs due to NA.
```

#### Enrollment pattern in original schooling panel. 'n' indicates NA (either attrition or not reported).

	SchPa	ttern												
ObPattern	0000	0001	000n	0011	001n	00nn	010n	0111	011n	01 nn	0nnn	1000	1001	100n
0111	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	2	0	0	0
1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	32	0	0	0
1010	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
1011	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0
1110	0	0	5	0	2	1	0	0	3	0	2	0	0	1
1111	21	2	21	12	2	28	1	83	8	6	68	5	1	4
	SchPat	ttern												
ObPattern	1011	101n	10 nn	1100	1101	110n	1110	1111	111n	11 n 1	11 nn	1nnn		
0111	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	1		
1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	22		
1010	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2		
1011	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
1100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0		
1110	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	0	3	0		
1111	6	3	10	8	1	9	3	397	41	1	29	42		

### Left panel is before dropping nnn, right panel is after: Original panel.

	traditional	large	large	grace	cattle	traditional	large	large	grace	cattle	
1	205	246		251	235	166	208		186	203	
2	166	208		186	203	166	208		186	203	
3	148	184		168	173	148	184		168	173	
4	113	161		135	131	113	161		135	131	

sch has 2913 rows. Drop 174 observations in sch with nnn in SchPattern.

With OLS, 89, 135, 539 individuals are repeatedly observed for 2, 3, 4 times, respectively. With FD, sch is reduced to 1837 rows after first-differencing with 75, 129, 499 individuals with repeatedly observed for 1, 2, 3 times, respectively. Individuals with NAs in Enrolled: 0 obs for sch. Check missingness in schooling level information.

```
x
0 1
1575 1164
```

#### Drop 1575 obs without school level information.

```
Dropped 902 obs due to NA.
Dropped 902 obs due to NA.
Dropped 223 obs due to T<2.
Dropped 574 obs due to NA.
```

```
要求されたパッケージ
sandwich をロード中です
```

```
要求されたパッケージ
lmtest をロード中です
```

```
要求されたパッケージ
zoo をロード中です
```

```
|次のパッケージを付け加えます
: 'zoo'
```

### 以下のオブジェクトは

'package:data.table' からマスクされています:

yearmon, yearqtr

### 以下のオブジェクトは

'package:base' からマスクされています:

as.Date, as.Date.numeric

# II Data preparation

### II.1 Define initial sample

c:/data/GUK/analysis/save/EstimationMemo/RosterAdmin.rds keeps all 800 members which will be used in attrition and randomisation tests. They are maked as o800==1L.

c:/data/GUK/analysis/save/EstimationMemo/RepaymentTrimmed.rds keeps 798 members after keeping only old members, individual rejecters, and group rejecters. Trimmed sample is produced in EstimationMemo\_ChildFile1.rnw.

InitialSample is produced by dropping 24 HHs of traditional arm (who received only 2 loans [twice and double in TradGroup]) from Trimmed Sample . c:/data/GUK/analysis/save/EstimationMemo/Repaym

```
Only2Loans
Arm
               FALSE TRUE Sum
  traditional
                 176
                        24 200
                 200
                        0 200
  large
  large grace
                 200
                         0 200
  cattle
                 200
                        0 200
                 776
                        24 800
  Sum
```

Х					
traditional	large lar	ge grace	cattle	Sum	
200	200	200	200	800	

```
Empty data.table (0 rows and 5 cols): hhid, VArm, Mstatus, BStatus, ObPattern
```

```
AttritIn
Tee
        2
             3
                  4
                       9 Sum
       41
             0
                  0
                       0
 1
  2
        0
           14
                  0
                       0
                         14
  3
             0
                 37
                       0
                         37
             0
                 0 684 684
            14
                 37 684 776
  Sum
       41
```

The study followed the stepped wedge design within each group due to administrative and budgetary constraints. Our initial identification strategy was comaprison between arms and did not use the stepped wedge design to estimate impacts because of possible spillovers within a group and a relatively short period for outcomes to change before the control gets treated [We can estimate within-group, we may just have underestimated impacts]. A half of members in a group, approximately 800 in total, are assigned initially as the treated and then the rest was treated in the following months. So the number of the treated increased as time passes.

We restrict ourselves to this initial 800 members in estimating the impacts. We do so because of possible spill overs within groups. We compare between arms, not individuals in a group. One can see how impacts may differ if we compare between-group and within-group estimates. Such comparison is left as future exercises.

We will add a binary indicator function o800 to indicate the initial sample. In below, we first use the roster-administrative data to choose the households of o800, because it has the most complete record. Then, I look for these households in other files and create o800 variable in them.

Correct NAs in LoanYear to -1 when members start repayment before disbursement.

### II.2 Descriptive statistics

The majority of descriptive statistics are related to assets. We base our descriptive statistics on the asset data.

```
Number of obs by Arm and attrition
          AttritIn
            2 3 4 9 Sum
Arm
            6 4 20 144 174
 traditional
 large
            5 2 1 192 200
 large grace 22 3 3 171 199
 cattle 5 5 13 177 200 
Sum 38 14 37 684 773
Number of obs by membership status and attrition
                   AttritIn
BStatus
                     2 3
                            4
                                9 Sum
                     8 6 8 578 600
 borrower
 pure saver
                     0 0 0 0
 individual rejection 9 4 1 75 89
 group rejection
                    9 4 0 55 68
 rejection by flood 12 0 28 0 40
 Sum
                     38 14 37 708 797
```

```
Arm traditional large large grace cattle Sum 200 200 200 800
```

There are 24 members with TradGroup = twice, double. They were dropped from estimation sample. If UseTrimmedSample==T, attrition is based on all 800 members, if F, attrition is analysed using 776 members. We use the 'initial' sample (has only 776 members after dropping members who received loans only twice), not the 'trimmed' sample (has all 800 members).

```
cat("UseTrimmedSample is", UseTrimmedSample, "\n")
```

```
UseTrimmedSample is FALSE
```

```
if (!UseTrimmedSample)
  ar ← ar[!grepl("tw|dou", TradGroup), ]
addmargins(table0(ar[0800 == 1L & tee == 1, .(Tee, AttritIn)]))
```

```
AttritIn

Tee 2 3 4 9 Sum

1 41 0 0 0 41

2 0 14 0 0 14

3 0 0 37 0 37

4 0 0 0 684 684

Sum 41 14 37 684 776
```

Out of 776 members, there are 92 members who attrited.

```
AttritIn

BStatus 2 3 4 Sum

borrower 8 6 8 22

pure saver 0 0 0 0

individual rejection 10 4 1 15
```

group rejection	11	4	0	15
rejection by flood	12	0	28	40
Sum	41	14	37	92

	Attri	tIn			
Arm	2	3	4	9	Sum
traditional	8	4	20	144	176
large	5	2	1	192	200
large grace	23	3	3	171	200
cattle	5	5	13	177	200
Sum	41	14	37	684	776

	Att	rite	ed	
Arm		0	1 S	Sum
traditiona	1 14	4 3	32 1	176
large	19	2	8 2	200
large grac	e 17	1 2	29 2	200
cattle	17	7 2	23 2	200
Sum	68	4 9	92 7	776

TABLE 6: BASELINE DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS BY ARM FOR ALL HOUSEHOLDS INCLUDING NONPARTICIPANTS

Variable	Traditional	Large	Large grace	Cattle	Overall
HeadLiteracy		0.110	0.105	0.155	0.117
(Head literate)		(0.314)	(0.307)	(0.363)	(0.322)
HeadAge		37.465	38.409	38.015	38.067
(Head age)		(10.165)	(9.271)	(10.746)	(10.075)
HHsize		4.295	4.245	4.115	4.189
(Household size)		(1.506)	(1.492)	(1.368)	(1.454)
FloodInRd1	0.463	0.618	0.407	0.497	0.497
(Flood in round 1)	(0.500)	(0.487)	(0.493)	(0.501)	(0.500)
NLHAssetAmount		1268	1317	1534	1383
(Household asset value <sub>(1)</sub> )		(762)	(698)	(1174)	(910)
PAssetAmount		1234	2022	1027	1332
(Productive asset value <sub>(1)</sub> )		(2330)	(9364)	(2572)	(5118)
TotalImputedValue (Livestock value <sub>(1)</sub> )		6500 (14725)	5397 (13147)	4121 (10304)	5111 (12490)
NumCows (Number of cattle)		0.325 (0.736)	0.270 (0.657)	0.206 (0.515)	0.256 (0.624)
NetValue		10074	9671	5649	8375
(Net asset value <sub>(1)</sub> )		(16402)	(21510)	(11752)	(16557)
NetBroadValue		10830	9931	6962	9206
(NetBroad Value)		(16604)	(21371)	(12878)	(16784)
Attrited		0.040	0.145	0.115	0.119
(Attrited)		(0.196)	(0.353)	(0.320)	(0.323)
IRejected (Individually rejected)		0.045 (0.208)	0.065 (0.247)	0.185 (0.389)	0.116 (0.320)
GRejected		0.100	0.050	0.000	0.090
(Group rejected)		(0.301)	(0.218)	(0.000)	(0.287)
Non-attriting borrowers (Non-attriting borrowers)		0.820 (0.385)	0.800 (0.401)	0.735 (0.442)	0.714 (0.452)
RiskPrefVal (Risk preference value)		108 (32)	113 (37)	110 (32)	111 (33)
TimePref1Val	<i>U</i> , .	373	376	407	383
(Time preference value 1)		(153)	(147)	(142)	(144)
TimePref2Val		485	476	512	490
(Time preference value 2)		(137)	(155)	(121)	(136)
PresentBias	0.470	0.450	0.480	0.458	0.464
(Present bias)		(0.499)	(0.501)	(0.500)	(0.499)
N	176	200	200	200	776

Source: Estimated with GUK administrative and survey data at the period 2. Survey respondents include nonparticipants to the experiments.

Notes: 1. Information of original 800 households. Values are means, values in brackets are standard deviations.

### II.3 Changes in assets

After winsorising cassette players, radios, and bicycles, there is no HH with anomalous asset values (changes in narrow net asset values < -50000).

Кеу:	<hhid></hhid>							
	Arm	hhid	t	type	amount	Н	ВН	NLHAssetNum
	<fctr></fctr>	<num></num>	<num></num>	<char></char>	<int></int>	<int></int>	<int></int>	<int></int>
1:	traditional	8169717	1	tubewell	1500	1500	1500	1
2:	traditional	8169717	2	tubewell	1600	1600	7600	1
3:	traditional	8169717	2	residential land	6000	1600	7600	1
4:	traditional	8169717	3	tubewell	1200	82600	121600	3
5:	traditional	8169717	3	almirah/cabinet	2600	82600	121600	3

<sup>2</sup> HeadLiteracy, HeadAge are literacy and ages of household heads. HHsize is total number of household members. Flood-InRd1 is flood exposure at period 2. NLHAssetAmount is non-land household asset holding value, PAssetAmount is productive asset holding value, TotalImputedAmount is imputed value of livestock holding. NumCows is cattle holding per household. NetValue is net asset values per household for asset items observed in all 4 rounds given by NLHAssetAmount+PAssetAmount+TotalImputedAmount - total debt. NetBroadValue is net asset values per household for all asset items. All asset values are expressed in BDT. Attrited indicates attrition rates in the household survey, and GRejected and IRejected show group rejection rates and individual rejection rates to the lending program. Active indicates the nonattrited borrower ratios. Because attrition and rejection are separate events, a household can reject and attrit, so active members ≥ total - (rejected members + attrited members). Risk preference is the respondent's choice of the acceptable minimum excess monetary value of the risky option over a certainty option. Lower values indicate a greater risk tolerance. Time preference 1 is the respondent's choice of the acceptable minimum excess monetary value in 3 months that is no smaller than monetary benefit, and Time preference 2 is the the minimum excess value in 1 year and 3 months that is no smaller than monetary benefits of 1 year from now. Lower values indicate a greater patience. If a respondent's Time preference 1 is greater than Time preference 2, the respondent is considered to be present-biased. Present bias is an indicator function that takes the value of 1 if the respondent is considered to be present-biased, 0 otherwise.

6:	traditional			jewelry	400	82600	121600	3	
7:	traditional	8169717	3	mobile phone	1400	82600	121600	3	
8:	traditional	8169717	3	residential land	36000	82600	121600	3	
9:	traditional	8169717	3	rickshaw/van	80000	82600	121600	3	
10:	traditional	8169717	4	tubewell	400	3300	46400	3	
11:	traditional	8169717	4	almirah/cabinet	2500	3300	46400	3	
12:	traditional	8169717	4	jewelry	600	3300	46400	3	
13:	traditional	8169717	4	residential land	40000	3300	46400	3	
14:	traditional	8169717	4	bicycle	2500	3300	46400	3	
15:	traditional	8169717	4	mobile phone	400	3300	46400	3	

## II.4 Error bar graphs of outcomes

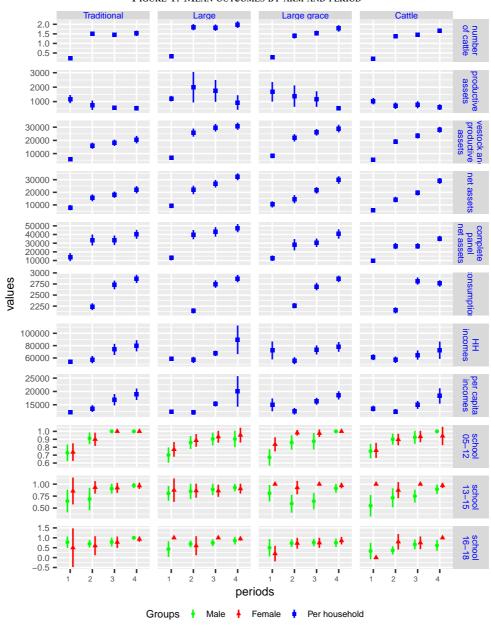
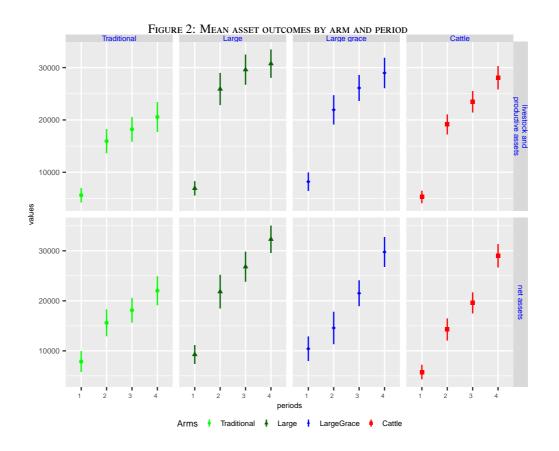


FIGURE 1: MEAN OUTCOMES BY ARM AND PERIOD

Survey data.

Source:

Points indicate means, vertical bars indicate 95% confidence intervals. NumCows is number of cattle owned. NetValue is net asset values per housheold for asset items observed in all 4 rounds. Consumption is annualised per capita consumption in Taka. Per capita consumption is a total of food, hygiene, social, and energy expenditure divided by the number of household members. In-kind consumption of home made products is imputed at median prices. HHIncomes is labour incomes of household, pcHHIncomes is per capita housheold labour incomes. Sch0512, Sch1315, Sch1618 are enrollment at primary, secondary, and tertiary levels. Female and Male are female and male enrollment, respectively.



Source: Survey data.

Note:

Points indicate means, vertical bars indicate 95% confidence intervals. NetAssets is total assets less debt outstanding to all sources. Livestock and productive assets is total assets less household assets and debt outstanding to all sources.

2750 - 2500 - 2500 - 4 100000 - 4 15

Figure 3: Mean income and consumption outcomes by arm and period

Source: Survey data.

Note: Points indicate means, vertical bars indicate 95% confidence intervals. Consumption is annualised per capita consumption in Taka. Per capita consumption is a total of food, hygiene, social, and energy expenditure divided by the number of household members. In-kind consumption of home made products is imputed at median prices. Incomes is labour incomes of household in 1000 Taka units.

### II.5 Graphs of repayments

In Table 10, one sees that later receivers of large grace and cattle arm members could prepare better by saving before disbursement.

```
Number of obs by Arm and attrition
          AttritIn
            2 3 4 9 Sum
Arm
 traditional 6 4 20 144 174
 large
            5 2 1 192 200
 large grace 22 3 3 171 199
 cattle 5 5 13 177 200 
Sum 38 14 37 684 773
Number of obs by membership status and attrition
                  AttritIn
BStatus
                    2 3 4 9 Sum
                     8 6 8 578 600
 borrower
                    0 0 0 0 0
 pure saver
 individual rejection 9 4 1 75 89
 group rejection
                    9 4 0 55 68
                    12 0 28 0 40
 rejection by flood
                    38 14 37 708 797
UseTrimmedSample is FALSE
```

One also sees that traditional has lower repayment rates in the 2nd and 3rd loan years. This can be due to lower returns on small assets, or, moral hazard that they get new disbursements irrespective of loan delinquency.

```
ar : Number of member entries are less than 12 per year (good).

[1] "Year" "LoanYear" "MtgYear" "LYear"

arA : Number of member entries are less than 12 per year (good).

[1] "Year" "LoanYear" "MtgYear" "LYear"

arACompletePanel : Number of member entries are less than 12 per year (good).

[1] "Year" "LoanYear" "MtgYear" "LYear"
```

One may worry if flood affected repayments. Split sample into flood affected and unaffected. Affected by flood does not seem to change the repayment numbers.

```
ar
arA
Flood dummy = 0
                variables traditional large large grace cattle stat
                    <char> <char> <char> <char> <char> <char> <char>
                                  56.47 35.57
1: repay in Loan Year-1
                                                           0.00 0.00 sum
2: repay in Loan Year1 3238.29 4253.51 566.28 597.21 sum
3: repay in Loan Year2 2218.53 3924.16 4998.00 4973.81 sum
4: repay in Loan Year3 2046.90 3836.48 5403.50 4679.49 sum
5: repay in Loan Year4 3046.93 2820.97 3031.19 2764.97 sum
6: Total repayment 10607.12 14870.69 13998.96 13015.47 sum
Flood dummy = 1
                variables traditional
                                             large large grace cattle stat
                    <char> <char> <char> <char> <char> <char>
0.00 0.00 sum
                                                                                  sum
                                                                                  sum
                                                                                  sum
```

5: repay in Loan Year4					sum
6: Total repayment	10448.48	15195.37	13203.41	13878.00	sum
arACompletePanel					
Flood dummy = 0					
variables	traditional	large	large grace	cattle	stat
<char></char>	<char></char>	<char></char>	<char></char>	<char></char>	<char></char>
1: repay in Loan Year-1	55.32	40.54	0.00	0.00	sum
2: repay in Loan Year1	2941.92	4347.92	590.32	494.34	sum
3: repay in Loan Year2	2104.38	3927.98	5139.65	5210.10	sum
4: repay in Loan Year3	2004.32	3972.16	5451.62	5197.27	sum
5: repay in Loan Year4	3126.27	2625.90	3052.12	2553.86	sum
6: Total repayment	10232.21	14914.50	14233.71	13455.58	sum
Flood dummy = 1					
variables	traditional	large	large grace	cattle	stat
<char></char>	<char></char>	<char></char>	<char></char>	<char></char>	<char></char>
1: repay in Loan Year-1	12.50	55.75	0.00	0.00	sum
2: repay in Loan Year1	3399.77	4511.78	526.88	572.72	sum
3: repay in Loan Year2	2580.30	3827.31	4804.22	4219.91	sum
4: repay in Loan Year3	2220.68	3858.15	4630.91	3776.60	sum
5: repay in Loan Year4	3371.37	3057.95	2818.86	4915.04	sum
6: Total repayment	11584.61	15310.94	12780.87	13484.27	sum

### Combine descriptive statistics and produce LATEX tables.

TABLE 7: DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS BY ARM FOR ALL HOUSEHOLDS INCLUDING NONPARTICIPANTS

variables	traditional	large	large grace	cattle
Head Literacy	0.10	0.11	0.10	0.15
Head Age	38.43	37.47	38.41	38.02
Household size	4.09	4.29	4.25	4.12
Flood in round 1	0.46	0.62	0.41	0.50
Repaid amount in Loan Year1	1964	1244	0	0
Repaid amount in Loan Year2	229	947	1969	1553
Repaid amount in Loan Year3	989	1737	2300	2064
Repaid amount in Loan Year4	3899	3065	2427	3179
Total repaid sum	7082	6993	6696	6796
Net saving + repaid amount in Loan Year1	2186	1502	1464	674
Net saving + repaid amount in Loan Year2	356	1129	2072	1641
Net saving + repaid amount in Loan Year3	1188	1806	2368	2184
Net saving + repaid amount in Loan Year4	3979	3276	2455	3424
Net saving + total repaid sum	7709	7712	8359	7923
Number of members	176	200	200	200

Source: Estimated with GUK administrative and survey data. Based on data ar which has all survey respondents. Survey respondents include nonparticipants to the experimental part of study.

Notes: 1. Information of original 776 households. Net saving as percentage of loan amount is a mean over loan recipients whose first disbursement is in 2013. Effective repayment is a sum of repayment and net saving.

Table 8: Descriptive statistics by arm for borrowers

variables	traditional	large	large grace	cattle
Head Literacy	0.11	0.11	0.10	0.14
Head Age	38.40	37.96	38.66	38.12
Household size	4.11	4.37	4.17	4.08
Flood in round 1	0.52	0.58	0.36	0.50
Net saving (% of loan) in 2013	4.40	4.02	5.49	6.70
Repaid amount in Loan Year-1	119	70	0	0
Repaid amount in Loan Year1	4178	5048	514	452
Repaid amount in Loan Year2	1938	3275	5559	5044
Repaid amount in Loan Year3	2571	4068	6459	6069
Repaid amount in Loan Year4	3344	3144	2946	3542
Total repaid sum	12151	15604	15478	15107
Net saving + repaid amount in Loan Year-1	405	929	921	1186
Net saving + repaid amount in Loan Year1	4806	5921	2552	2540
Net saving + repaid amount in Loan Year2	2401	3841	5991	5465
Net saving + repaid amount in Loan Year3	3067	4589	6796	6423
Net saving + repaid amount in Loan Year4	3633	3387	3080	3717
Net saving + total repaid sum	14312	18667	19338	19332
Number of loan receiving members	140	180	180	190

Source: Estimated with GUK administrative and survey data. Based on arA which has only borrowers and does not include nonparticipants.

Notes: 1. Information of borrowing members among original 776 households. Net saving as percentage of loan amount is a mean over loan recipients whose first disbursement is in 2013. Effective repayment is a sum of repayment and net saving.

2. Loan year -1 is preparation period for loan disbursement when only saving is allowed.

TABLE 9: DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS BY ARM FOR BORROWERS, COMPLETE PANEL

variables	traditional	large	large grace	cattle
Head Literacy	0.15	0.11	0.16	0.16
Head Age	39.65	38.76	37.96	38.63
Household size	4.60	4.70	4.48	4.36
Flood in round 1	0.48	0.50	0.31	0.42
Net saving (% of loan) in 2013	5.62	3.72	4.47	6.27
Repaid amount in Loan Year-1	84	66	0	0
Repaid amount in Loan Year1	4047	5190	587	462
Repaid amount in Loan Year2	2209	3559	5765	5397
Repaid amount in Loan Year3	2776	4081	6506	6234
Repaid amount in Loan Year4	3449	2791	2968	3079
Total repaid sum	12565	15687	15826	15171
Net saving + repaid amount in Loan Year-1	452	860	671	1010
Net saving + repaid amount in Loan Year1	4717	6066	2509	2629
Net saving + repaid amount in Loan Year2	2692	4149	6205	5821
Net saving + repaid amount in Loan Year3	3303	4602	6867	6601
Net saving + repaid amount in Loan Year4	3746	3070	3143	3240
Net saving + total repaid sum	14909	18747	19394	19302
Number of loan receiving members	60	108	93	91

Source: Estimated with GUK administrative and survey data. Based on arACompletePanel which has only non-attriting members who were surveyed at period 2.

Notes: 1. Information of borrowing members among original 776 households. Net saving as percentage of loan amount is a mean over loan recipients whose first disbursement is in 2013. Effective repayment is a sum of repayment and net saving.

2. Loan year -1 is preparation period for loan disbursement when only saving is allowed.

Table 10: Descriptive statistics by arm for all members and borrowing members

variables	traditional	large	large grace	cattle
All members				
Head Literacy	0.10	0.11	0.10	0.15
Head Age	38.43	37.47	38.41	38.02
Household size	4.09	4.29	4.25	4.12
Flood in round 1	0.46	0.62	0.41	0.50
Number of members	176	200	200	200
Only loan receiving members				
Head Literacy	0.11	0.11	0.10	0.14
Head Age	38.40	37.96	38.66	38.12
Household size	4.11	4.37	4.17	4.08
Flood in round 1	0.52	0.58	0.36	0.50
Net saving (% of loan) in 2013	4.40	4.02	5.49	6.70
Repaid amount in Loan Year-1	119	70	0	0
Repaid amount in Loan Year1	4178	5048	514	452
Repaid amount in Loan Year2	1938	3275	5559	5044
Repaid amount in Loan Year3	2571	4068	6459	6069
Repaid amount in Loan Year4	3344	3144	2946	3542
Total repaid sum	12151	15604	15478	15107
Net saving + repaid amount in Loan Year-1	405	929	921	1186
Net saving + repaid amount in Loan Year1	4806	5921	2552	2540
Net saving + repaid amount in Loan Year2	2401	3841	5991	5465
Net saving + repaid amount in Loan Year3	3067	4589	6796	6423
Net saving + repaid amount in Loan Year4	3633	3387	3080	3717
Net saving + total repaid sum	14312	18667	19338	19332
Number of loan receiving members	140	180	180	190

Source: Estimated with GUK administrative and survey data. Based on data ar which has all survey respondents.

Note: All members are 776 households. Survey respondents include nonparticipants to the experimental part of study.

# III Estimation using initial sample HHs

## III.1 Repayment and net saving

In estimating impacts on repayment and saving, we use borrower only data arA.

	used	(Mb)	gc trigger	(Mb)	limit (Mb)	max used	(Mb)
Ncells	1329364	71.0	2616520	139.8	NA	2616520	139.8
Vcells	91392612	697.3	145848282	1112.8	56320	145845570	1112.8

By survey rounds, in repayment and saving file, there are 28, 561, 555, 554 observations of households in rounds 1, 2, 3, 4, respectively. This is smaller than the InitialSample size of 776 in the survey roster file because the survey includes rejecters and residents whose houses are washed away by flood, while repayment is defined only for the borrowers.

Saving started in rd 1. Repayment and saving are more frequent than survey rounds. In repayment and saving regressions, we aggregate the data at survey rounds. This is because we have no household survey information at the monthly frequency that we can attribute the causes of monthly repayment and saving fluctuations.

TABLE 11: INITIAL SAMPLE BY ARM IN ADMINISTRATIVE DATA

		initial sample					all sample			
	traditional	large	large grace	cattle	total	traditional	large	large grace	cattle	total
borrower	85	171	167	153	576	123	348	338	308	1117
pure saver	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
individual rejection	31	9	13	37	90	53	12	22	72	159
group rejection	40	20	10	0	70	80	40	20	0	140
rejection by flood	1 20	0	10	10	40	40	0	20	20	80
total	176	200	200	200	776	296	400	400	400	1496

Source: Estimated with GUK administrative and survey data.

Notes: 1. Number of individuals who received a loan/cow. Left panel are initial 800 members who were offered at the first round, including individuals who declined or left the group. Right panel also includes members who were offered on a later date.

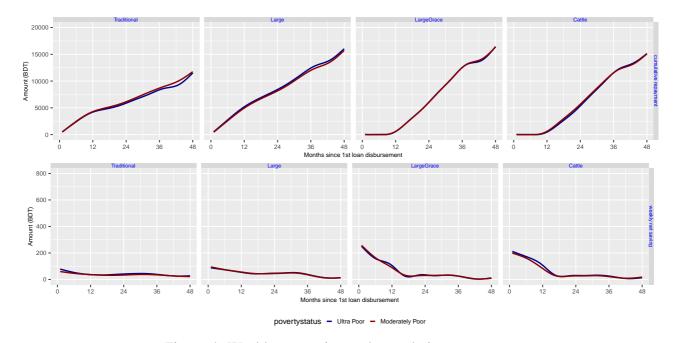


Figure 4: Weekly net saving and cumulative repayment

TABLE 12: INITIAL SAMPLE BY ARM IN REPAYMENT DATA

	initial sample							all sample				
	traditional	large	large grace	cattle	total	traditional	large	large grace	cattle	total		
borrowei	85	171	167	153	576	96	348	338	308	1090		
pure saver	: 0	0	0	0	0	26	0	0	0	26		
individual rejection	31	9	13	37	90	53	12	22	72	159		
group rejection	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
rejection by flood	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
total	116	180	180	190	666	175	360	360	380	1275		

Notes: 1. Number of individuals who received a loan/cow. Left panel in TABLE 12 is initial 800 members who were offered at the first round, including individuals who declined or left the group. Right panel also includes members who were offered on a later date.

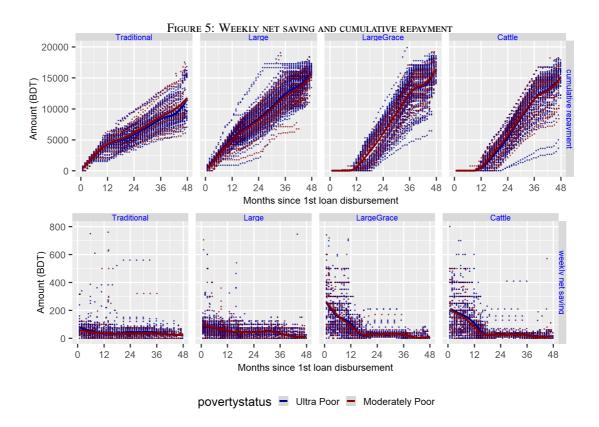
Table 11 shows the tabuation of InitisalSample by arms. Left panel are InitialSample including borrowers, pure savers, group rejecters, flood victims, and members who left the group. Right panel includes late borrowers who were initially assigned as the control. One can see that traditional arm members have the highest proportion of group-rejecters and individual rejecters. This shows stronger reluctance of traditional arm members in borrowing the small loans.

Read administrative meeting data attached with HH information AllMeetingsRepayment (arA). Note all binary interaction terms are demeaned and then interacted.

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Error in file(filename, "r", encoding = encoding): コネクションを開くことができません
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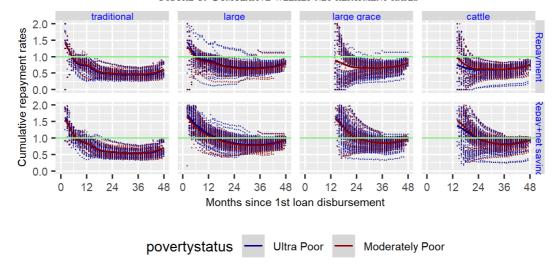
#### Tabulation at rd 1 (12th month):

	A					
	Arm					
Mstatus	traditional	large	large	grace	cattle	Sum
gErosion	0	0		0	0	0
gRejection	0	0		0	0	0
iRejection	0	0		0	0	0
iReplacement	0	0		0	0	0
newGroup	0	0		0	0	0
oldMember	85	171		167	153	576
Sum	85	171		167	153	576



Note: Each dot represents weekly observations. Only members who received loans are shown. Each panel shows weekly net saving (saving - withdrawal) or cumulative repayment against weeks after first disbursement. Lines are smoothed lines with a penalized cubic regression spline in ggplot2::geom\_smooth function, originally from mgcv::gam with bs='cs'.

FIGURE 6: CUMULATIVE WEEKLY NET REPAYMENT RATES



Note: Each dot represents weekly observations. Only members who received loans are shown. Each panel shows ratios of cumulative repayment against cumulative due amount, sum of cumulative repayment and cumulative net saving (saving - withdrawal) against cumulative due amount, against weeks after first disbursement. Lines are smoothed lines with a

nenalized cubic regression spline in applot2: geom smooth function originally from macy: gam with bs='cs' used (Mb) gc trigger (Mb) limit (Mb) Ncells 2538872 135.6 4521784 241.5 4521784 241.5 Vcells 275675177 2103.3 436295027 3328.7 56320 363499075 2773.3

TABLE 13: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF NET SAVING AND REPAYMENT

		Net saving						Repayment				
covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
(Intercept)		39.8 (0.0)	107.1 (0.0)	39.0 (0.0)	106.3 (0.0)	104.1 (0.0)	250.8 (0.0)	130.3 (0.0)	251.7 (0.0)	132.0 (0.0)	138.4 (0.0)	
Large	0.297 (0.46)	7.1 (4.3)	6.6 (6.6)	5.4 (13.9)	4.8 (19.6)	4.6 (20.2)	80.1 (0.0)	80.6 (0.0)	79.8 (0.0)	80.1 (0.0)	80.3 (0.0)	
LargeGrace	0.291 (0.45)	20.8 (0.0)	20.3 (0.0)	17.8 (0.0)	17.3 (0.0)	17.8 (0.0)	81.5 (0.0)	82.0 (0.0)	80.6 (0.0)	80.5 (0.0)	78.1 (0.0)	
Cattle	0.264 (0.44)	22.6 (0.0)	21.9 (0.0)	19.7 (0.0)	19.0 (0.0)	19.2 (0.0)	75.6 (0.0)	76.0 (0.0)	74.8 (0.0)	74.4 (0.0)	73.0 (0.0)	
LY2	0.258 (0.44)		-81.2 (0.0)		-81.1 (0.0)	-81.2 (0.0)		149.3 (0.0)		149.3 (0.0)	148.6 (0.0)	
LY3	0.258 (0.44)		-85.7 (0.0)		-85.7 (0.0)	-85.7 (0.0)		223.2 (0.0)		223.2 (0.0)	222.9 (0.0)	
LY4	0.233 (0.42)		-102.0 $(0.0)$		-102.0 $(0.0)$	-102.0 (0.0)		102.5 (0.1)		102.6 (0.1)	101.6 (0.1)	
Flood in round 1	0.477 (0.50)					1.5 (64.7)					-11.7 (2.1)	
Head literate0	0.122 (0.33)					1.8 (45.5)					10.2 (12.5)	
Net saving0	355.719 (513.67)			0.0 (3.6)	0.0 (3.3)	0.0 (4.5)						
Household size0	4.241 (1.38)					0.3 (64.9)					-0.2 (89.9)	
Renaid0	98.890 (195.66)								-0.0 (83.6)	-0.0 (70.5)	-0.0 (72.0)	
mean of dependent variable $\bar{R}^2$		54 0.008	54 0.164	54 0.009	54 0.166	54 0.165	318 0.005	318 0.051	318 0.005	318 0.051	318 0.051	
N	26627	26758	26758	26758	26758	26627	26758	26758	26758	26758	26627	

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Saving and repayment information is taken from administrative data. Net saving is saving - withdrawal. LY2, LY3, LY4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth year into borrowing. Repayment starts from the year 1 for traditional and large arms, from the year 2 for large grace and cattle arms. The first regression of repayment gives a mean monthly repayment for each arms. Mean monthly repayment is zero in the year 1 for large grace and cattle arms.

2. P values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level.

TABLE 14: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF NET SAVING AND REPAYMENT BY ATTRIBUTES

		Net saving						Repayment				
		(1)	(2)	(2)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(0)	(0)	(10)	
covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
(Intercept)		39.8 (0.0)	107.1 (0.0)	39.0 (0.0)	106.3 (0.0)	104.1 (0.0)	250.8 (0.0)	130.3 (0.0)	251.7 (0.0)	132.0 (0.0)	138.4 (0.0)	
Unfront	0.851 (0.36)	7.1 (4.3)	6.6 (6.6)	5.4 (13.9)	4.8 (19.6)	4.6 (20.2)	80.1 (0.0)	80.6 (0.0)	79.8 (0.0)	80.1 (0.0)	80.3 (0.0)	
WithGrace	0.555 (0.50)	13.7 (0.6)	13.8 (0.6)	12.4 (1.1)	12.5 (1.1)	13.3 (0.4)	1.4 (89.0)	1.4 (88.7)	0.8 (93.9)	0.4 (97.2)	-2.2 (81.9)	
InKind	0.264 (0.44)	1.7 (79.1)	1.5 (81.1)	1.9 (75.6)	1.7 (77.5)	1.4 (81.9)	-5.9 (58.7)	-6.0 (57.6)	-5.9 (58.7)	-6.0 (57.5)	-5.1 (62.2)	
LY2	0.258 (0.44)		-81.2 (0.0)		-81.1 (0.0)	-81.2 (0.0)		149.3 (0.0)		149.3 (0.0)	148.6 (0.0)	
LY3	0.258 (0.44)		-85.7 (0.0)		-85.7 (0.0)	-85.7 (0.0)		223.2 (0.0)		223.2 (0.0)	222.9 (0.0)	
LY4	0.233 (0.42)		-102.0 (0.0)		-102.0 (0.0)	-102.0 (0.0)		102.5 (0.1)		102.6 (0.1)	101.6 (0.1)	
Flood in round 1	0.477 (0.50)					1.5 (64.7)					-11.7 (2.1)	
Head literate0	0.122 (0.33)					1.8 (45.5)					10.2 (12.5)	
Net saving0	355.719 (513.67)			0.0 (3.6)	0.0 (3.3)	0.0 (4.5)						
Household size0	4.241 (1.38)					0.3 (64.9)					-0.2 (89.9)	
Renaid0	98.890 (195.66)								-0.0 (83.6)	-0.0 (70.5)	-0.0 (72.0)	
mean of dependent variable $\bar{R}^2$		54 0.008	54 0.164	54 0.009	54 0.166	54 0.165	318 0.005	318 0.051	318 0.005	318 0.051	318 0.051	
N	26627	26758	26758	26758	26758	26627	26758	26758	26758	26758	26627	

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Saving and repayment information is taken from administrative data. Net saving is saving - withdrawal. LY2, LY3, LY4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth year into borrowing. Repayment starts from the year 2 for WithGrace functional attributes. The first regression of repayment gives a mean monthly repayment for each arms. Mean monthly repayment is zero in the year 1 for WithGrace functional attributes.

2. P values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level.

TABLE 15: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF NET SAVING AND REPAYMENT, ULTRA POOR VS. MODERATELY POOR

			]	Net saving	g			Repayment				
covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
(Intercept)		38.1 (0.0)	105.4 (0.0)	37.3 (0.0)	104.5 (0.0)	102.1 (0.0)	255.5 (0.0)	135.0 (0.0)	256.4 (0.0)	136.7 (0.0)	143.2 (0.0)	
Unfront	0.851 (0.36)	7.2 (4.2)	6.6 (6.5)	5.5 (13.6)	4.9 (19.2)	4.6 (19.9)	80.1 (0.0)	80.5 (0.0)	79.8 (0.0)	80.0 (0.0)	80.2 (0.0)	
WithGrace	0.555 (0.50)	13.7 (0.6)	13.8 (0.6)	12.4 (1.1)	12.4 (1.1)	13.2 (0.4)	1.6 (87.6)	1.6 (87.2)	1.0 (92.6)	0.5 (96.0)	-2.1 (82.8)	
InKind	0.264 (0.44)	1.6 (80.1)	1.5 (82.1)	1.9 (76.3)	1.7 (78.3)	1.3 (83.1)	-5.9 (58.2)	-6.1 (57.1)	-5.9 (58.2)	-6.1 (57.0)	-5.1 (61.9)	
UltraPoor	0.714 (0.45)	2.4 (5.7)	2.5 (5.0)	2.4 (6.8)	2.4 (5.8)	2.6 (4.7)	-6.5 (3.8)	-6.6 (3.6)	-6.5 (3.8)	-6.6 (3.7)	-6.2 (5.7)	
Unfront × UltraPoor	0.609 (0.49)	-4.8 (15.7)	-4.6 (18.7)	-4.6 (19.4)	-4.4 (22.4)	-4.3 (25.4)	12.7 (42.7)	12.6 (43.1)	12.9 (42.6)	12.9 (42.5)	13.0 (44.3)	
WithGrace × UltraPoor	0.401 (0.49)	0.9 (80.7)	0.9 (79.1)	1.2 (73.8)	1.3 (72.0)	1.5 (66.5)	-5.6 (44.8)	-5.6 (44.6)	-5.6 (44.6)	-5.6 (44.4)	-6.6 (35.8)	
InKind × UltraPoor	0.191 (0.39)	4.3 (21.8)	4.6 (18.4)	3.3 (33.5)	3.6 (28.8)	3.4 (30.3)	-0.3 (96.8)	-0.4 (95.2)	-0.3 (96.7)	-0.5 (95.0)	0.5 (94.7)	
LY2	0.258 (0.44)		-81.2 (0.0)		-81.1 (0.0)	-81.2 (0.0)		149.3 (0.0)		149.3 (0.0)	148.6 (0.0)	
LY3	0.258 (0.44)		-85.7 (0.0)		-85.7 (0.0)	-85.7 (0.0)		223.2 (0.0)		223.2 (0.0)	222.9 (0.0)	
LY4	0.233 (0.42)		-102.0 (0.0)		-102.0 (0.0)	-102.1 (0.0)		102.5 (0.1)		102.6 (0.1)	101.6 (0.1)	
Flood in round 1	0.477 (0.50)					1.5 (64.3)					-11.7 (2.2)	
Head literate0	0.122 (0.33)					2.1 (41.2)					9.8 (15.1)	
Net saving0	355.719 (513.67)			0.0 (3.7)	0.0 (3.4)	0.0 (4.6)						
Household size0	4.241 (1.38)					0.3 (61.3)					-0.3 (83.3)	
Renaid0	98.890 (195.66)								-0.0 (83.3)	-0.0 (70.3)	-0.0 (71.7)	
mean of dependent variable $\bar{R}^2$		54 0.008	54 0.164	54 0.009	54 0.166	54 0.165	318 0.005	318 0.051	318 0.005	318 0.051	318 0.051	
N	26627	26758	26758	26758	26758	26627	26758	26758	26758	26758	26627	

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. UltraPoor is an indicator variable if the household is classified as the ultra poor. Saving and repayment information is taken from administrative data. Net saving is saving - withdrawal. LY2, LY3, LY4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth year into borrowing. Repayment starts from the year 2 for WithGrace functional attributes. The first regression of repayment gives a mean monthly repayment for each arms. Mean monthly repayment is zero in the year 1 for WithGrace functional attributes.

2. P values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level.

Table 16: ANCOVA estimation of net saving and repayment, ultra poor vs. moderately poor, time varying

			]	Net saving	g			F	Repaymen	it	
covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
(Intercept)		28.5 (0.0)	54.7 (0.0)	27.6 (0.0)	53.8 (0.0)	51.4 (0.0)	265.1 (0.0)	218.5 (0.0)	265.8 (0.0)	219.3 (0.0)	225.3 (0.0)
Unfront	0.851 (0.36)	10.9 (7.9)	10.8 (1.6)	9.2 (14.8)	9.1 (5.1)	8.8 (4.9)	93.4 (0.0)	93.3 (0.0)	93.1 (0.0)	93.0 (0.0)	93.4 (0.0)
WithGrace	0.555 (0.50)	24.6 (0.3)	25.0 (0.1)	23.3 (0.3)	23.6 (0.1)	24.5 (0.0)	-33.1 (5.3)	-33.5 (3.8)	-33.5 (5.3)	-34.0 (3.7)	-36.7 (2.0)
InKind	0.264 (0.44)	-0.9 (93.0)	0.7 (93.7)	-0.7 (94.6)	1.0 (91.1)	0.5 (95.0)	-12.9 (45.3)	-15.7 (33.7)	-13.0 (45.3)	-15.7 (33.6)	-14.9 (35.0)
UltraPoor	0.714 (0.45)	3.5 (2.4)	2.7 (5.9)	3.5 (2.7)	2.7 (6.5)	2.8 (5.6)	-5.0 (14.7)	-3.8 (24.2)	-5.0 (15.0)	-3.7 (24.8)	-3.2 (34.2)
Unfront × UltraPoor	0.609 (0.49)	-7.3 (8.3)	-6.9 (8.4)	-7.1 (10.0)	-6.8 (10.1)	-6.7 (11.8)	17.0 (15.9)	16.6 (14.9)	17.2 (16.0)	16.8 (14.9)	17.0 (17.5)
WithGrace × UltraPoor	0.401 (0.49)	3.7 (31.2)	2.4 (49.2)	4.1 (28.7)	2.8 (43.9)	3.2 (37.5)	-9.0 (28.8)	-7.0 (37.6)	-9.0 (28.9)	-7.0 (37.7)	-8.0 (32.0)
InKind × UltraPoor	0.191 (0.39)	6.2 (16.2)	6.6 (9.1)	5.2 (23.3)	5.6 (14.2)	5.3 (15.6)	-5.4 (58.0)	-5.7 (51.7)	-5.4 (58.0)	-5.7 (51.7)	-4.8 (58.2)
LY3	0.258 (0.44)		-45.9 (0.0)		-45.9 (0.0)	-45.9 (0.0)		154.4 (0.0)		154.4 (0.0)	154.7 (0.0)
Upfront $\times$ LY3	0.220 (0.41)	-13.4 (45.7)	-14.1 (3.6)	-13.3 (45.8)	-14.0 (3.6)	-13.8 (3.7)	27.4 (65.1)	30.1 (13.8)	27.4 (65.1)	30.1 (13.8)	29.7 (14.5)
WithGrace $\times$ LY3	0.143 (0.35)	-53.7 (0.5)	-54.9 (0.0)	-53.7 (0.5)	-54.9 (0.0)	-55.4 (0.0)	283.7 (0.0)	287.7 (0.0)	283.7 (0.0)	287.7 (0.0)	288.6 (0.0)
InKind $\times$ LY3	0.069 (0.25)	8.0 (70.8)	1.3 (92.9)	8.0 (70.8)	1.2 (93.0)	1.5 (91.5)	-31.8 (60.5)	-9.2 (75.5)	-31.8 (60.5)	-9.2 (75.5)	-9.2 (75.6)
UltraPoor $\times$ LY3	0.184 (0.39)	-5.1 (9.8)	-1.8 (46.1)	-5.1 (9.7)	-1.8 (46.0)	-1.8 (46.8)	16.3 (5.7)	5.2 (45.0)	16.3 (5.7)	5.2 (45.0)	4.8 (48.9)
Upfront $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ LY3	0.157 (0.36)	8.8 (26.3)	7.9 (30.5)	8.8 (26.3)	7.9 (30.5)	8.2 (29.1)	-8.0 (72.8)	-5.0 (76.8)	-8.0 (72.8)	-5.0 (76.8)	-5.5 (74.6)
WithGrace $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ LY3	0.104 (0.30)	-14.6 (4.1)	-9.5 (12.3)	-14.6 (4.1)	-9.5 (12.3)	-10.3 (10.2)	20.5 (33.1)	3.4 (85.8)	20.5 (33.1)	3.4 (85.8)	4.8 (80.0)
$InKind \times UltraPoor \times LY3$	0.050 (0.22)	-2.2 (80.8)	-2.9 (62.3)	-2.1 (80.9)	-2.9 (62.5)	-2.4 (69.3)	37.3 (14.8)	39.7 (4.4)	37.3 (14.8)	39.7 (4.4)	37.1 (6.3)
LY4	0.233 (0.42)		-62.1 (0.0)		-62.2 (0.0)	-62.2 (0.0)		30.1 (20.5)		30.2 (20.5)	29.6 (21.6)
Upfront × LY4	0.198 (0.40)	-18.4 (44.6)	-20.4 (1.7)	-18.4 (44.6)	-20.4 (1.6)	-20.0 (1.7)	-128.5 (3.1)	-128.8 (2.7)	-128.5 (3.1)	-128.8 (2.7)	-129.7 (2.6)
WithGrace × LY4	0.129 (0.34)	-48.7 (4.6)	-49.9 (0.0)	-48.7 (4.7)	-49.9 (0.0)	-50.6 (0.0)	66.6 (28.2)	67.6 (26.8)	66.5 (28.3)	67.5 (26.9)	67.0 (27.5)
InKind × LY4	0.061 (0.24)	14.5 (59.1)	4.4 (78.0)	14.3 (59.7)	4.1 (79.1)	4.4 (77.7)	83.2 (21.8)	87.2 (19.8)	83.2 (21.8)	87.2 (19.8)	88.0 (19.5)
$UltraPoor \times LY4$	0.166 (0.37)	-5.3 (16.3)	-0.6 (82.6)	-5.3 (16.1)	-0.6 (81.7)	-0.5 (83.9)	-25.8 (7.6)	-27.8 (5.3)	-25.8 (7.6)	-27.8 (5.3)	-28.2 (5.0)
Upfront $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ LY4	0.142 (0.35)	12.3 (17.7)	11.6 (9.2)	12.3 (17.6)	11.6 (9.1)	12.1 (8.8)	-32.7 (54.1)	-31.8 (55.7)	-32.7 (54.1)	-31.8 (55.7)	-32.7 (54.4)
WithGrace $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ LY4	0.093 (0.29)	-11.9 (18.8)	-4.9 (50.4)	-12.0 (18.4)	-5.0 (49.6)	-5.9 (43.3)	13.1 (69.0)	9.8 (76.2)	13.1 (69.0)	9.8 (76.3)	9.1 (77.8)
InKind $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ LY4	0.044 (0.21)	-15.0 (17.7)	-14.7 (2.7)	-14.8 (18.0)	-14.5 (2.8)	-13.9 (3.5)	8.9 (81.2)	10.2 (78.4)	8.9 (81.2)	10.2 (78.4)	12.7 (73.6)
Flood in round 1	0.477 (0.50)					1.4 (66.0)					-11.9 (2.0)
Head literate()	0.122 (0.33)					2.1 (39.1)					9.9 (15.0)
Net saving0	355.719 (513.67)			0.0 (3.7)	0.0 (3.1)	0.0 (4.2)					
Household size0	4.241 (1.38)					0.3 (61.7)					-0.2 (85.1)
Repaid0	98.890 (195.66)								-0.0 (87.3)	-0.0 (85.1)	-0.0 (86.2)
mean of dependent variable $\bar{R}^2$		54 0.025	54 0.1	54 0.027	54 0.102	54 0.102	318 0.032	318 0.061	318 0.032	318 0.06	318 0.061
N	26627	26758	26758	26758	26758	26627	26758	26758	26758	26758	26627

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, lnKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. UltraPoor is an indicator variable if the household is classified as the ultra poor. Saving and repayment information is taken from administrative data. Net saving is saving - withdrawal. LY2, LY3, LY4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth year into borrowing. Repayment starts from the year 2 for WithGrace functional attributes. The first regression of repayment gives a mean monthly repayment for each arms. Mean monthly repayment is zero in the year 1 for WithGrace functional attributes.

<sup>2.</sup> P values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level.

**Finding III.1** Table 13 shows regression results for net saving, repayment, and effective repayment (net saving + repayment) using monthly administrative data. Monthly mean repayment is given by 48 times the estimated values in colum (5). One sees that traditional has the lowest mean repayment. It is shown that they repaid loan year 2 and 3

```
FullyRepaid
Arm 0 1 sum
traditional 85 0 85
large 167 4 171
large grace 163 4 167
cattle 152 1 153
sum 567 9 576
```

**Finding III.2** Figure 5 visually presents that repayment is no different between the ultra poor and the moderately poor. The subsequent regression table econometrically confirms this (TABLE ??).

### III.2 Schooling

ANCOVA is a model that controls for preexisting differences by including initial values of y as a covariate, traditionally for a continuous variable as a nuissance to estimated impacts of a categorical variable (treated/control). In enrollment regressions, initial enrollment is informative only for school age children at the initial period. ANCOVA estimates should be used only to school age children in 2012 who are not old enough that they may naturally stop schooling by the endline.

```
Dropped 902 obs due to NA.
Dropped 902 obs due to NA.
Dropped 223 obs due to T<2.
Dropped 574 obs due to NA.
```

Enrollment pattern in original schooling panel. 'n' indicates NA (either attrition or not reported).

```
SchPattern
ObPattern 0000 0001 000n 0011 001n 00nn 010n 0111 011n 01nn 0nnn 1000 1001
                                                                                      100 n
     0111 0 0
                       0
                                0
                                      0
                                            0
                                                  0
                                                              2
                                                                   1
                                                                        2
                                                                               0
                                                                                     0
                                                                                           0
                          0
                                0
                                      0
                                                                        32
                                                                                     0
                                                                                           0
              0
                    0
                          0
                                0
                                      0
                                                        0
                                                              0
                                                                   0
                                                                         2
                                                                               0
                                                                                     0
                                                                                           0
     1010
                                            1
                                                  0
     1011
              0
                    0
                          0
                                0
                                      0
                                            0
                                                  0
                                                        0
                                                              0
                                                                   0
                                                                         0
                                                                               0
                                                                                     0
                                                                                           0
                                                              0
                                                                   3
                                                                                     0
     1100
              0
                    0
                          0
                                0
                                      0
                                            0
                                                  0
                                                        0
                                                                         1
                                                                               0
                                                                                           0
              0
                    0
                          5
                                0
                                      2
                                            1
                                                  0
                                                        0
                                                              3
                                                                   0
                                                                         2
                                                                               0
                                                                                     0
                                                                                           1
     1110
     1111
             21
                    2
                         21
                               12
                                           28
                                                  1
                                                      83
                                                              8
                                                                        68
          SchPattern
ObPattern 1011 101n 10nn 1100 1101 110n 1110 1111 111n 11n1 11nn 1nnn
                                0
     0111
              0
                    0
                          0
                                      0
                                            0
                                                              6
                                                                               1
                          0
               0
                                                                              22
     1000
                    0
                                0
                                      0
                                            0
                                                  0
                                                        0
                                                              0
                                                                   0
                                                                         0
               0
                          0
                                0
                                      0
                                                              0
                                                                               2
     1010
                    0
                                            0
                                                  0
                                                        0
                                                                   0
                                                                         1
     1011
               0
                    0
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                                      0
                                            0
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                                                        0
                                                              0
                                                                   0
                                                                         0
                                                                               0
               0
                          0
                                0
                                      0
                                                  0
                                                       0
                                                             0
     1100
                    0
                                            0
                                                                   0
                                                                         6
                                                                               0
     1110
              0
                    1
                          0
                                0
                                      0
                                            0
                                                  0
                                                       0
                                                             25
                                                                   0
                                                                         3
                                                                               0
                                                            41
              6
                                8
                                      1
                                                                        29
     1111
                         10
                                                     397
                                                                              42
```

Left panel is before dropping nnn, right panel is after: Original panel.

1	205	246	251	235	166	208	186	203	
2	166	208	186	203	166	208	186	203	
3	148	184	168	173	148	184	168	173	
4	113	161	135	131	113	161	135	131	

sch has 2913 rows. Drop 174 observations in sch with nnn in SchPattern.

With OLS, 89, 135, 539 individuals are repeatedly observed for 2, 3, 4 times, respectively. Number of individuals with NAs in Enrolled: 0 obs for sch. Check missingness in junior or high school level information at baseline.

### addmargins(table0(s1x[o800 == 1L & tee == 1, .(dummyJunior, dummyHigh)]))

```
dummyHigh
dummyJunior 0 1 Sum
0 610 37 647
1 116 0 116
Sum 726 37 763
```

# Drop 610 obs without school level information. (...?) Read school initial sample data.

	used	(Mb)	gc trigger	(Mb)	limit (Mb)	max used	(Mb)
Ncells	2539343	135.7	4521784	241.5	NA	4521784	241.5
Vcells	273865419	2089.5	436295027	3328.7	56320	363499075	2773.3

Table 17: FD estimation of school enrollment, round 1 vs. round 4 differences

. I B Estimation of selicol	LINCLL	WILLIAM, ROOMD	1 75. 1	ROUND I DIII
covariates (Intercept)	(1) 0.55***	(2) 0.72***	(3) 0.72***	(4) 0.72***
Secondary	(0.13)	(0.11) -0.44***	(0.10) -0.45***	(0.10) -0.45***
	(0.14)	(0.11)	(0.11)	(0.11)
College	-0.48*** (0.14)	-0.50*** (0.12)	-0.50*** (0.13)	-0.50*** (0.13)
Large	$-0.16^*$ (0.09)	-0.18** (0.08)	-0.18** (0.08)	-0.18** (0.08)
LargeGrace	-0.08 (0.10)	-0.09 (0.09)	-0.10 (0.09)	-0.10 (0.09)
Large × Secondary	-0.03 (0.16)	- 0.00 (0.14)	-0.00 $(0.14)$	- 0.00 (0.14)
LargeGrace × Secondary	-0.11 (0.16)	-0.10 (0.14)	-0.10 (0.14)	-0.10 (0.14)
Cattle × Secondary	0.04 (0.16)	0.07 (0.14)	0.07 (0.14)	0.07 (0.14)
$Large \times College$	0.02 (0.18)	0.02 (0.16)	0.02 (0.16)	0.02 (0.16)
LargeGrace × College	-0.09 (0.17)	-0.10 (0.16)	-0.09 (0.16)	-0.09 (0.16)
$Cattle \times College$	0.02 (0.19)	0.05 (0.17)	0.05 (0.17)	0.05 (0.17)
Female	(0.15)	-0.30*** (0.08)	-0.30*** (0.08)	-0.30*** (0.08)
Secondary $\times$ Female		0.61*** (0.16)	0.61*** (0.16)	0.61*** (0.16)
College × Female		0.52*** (0.14)	0.52*** (0.14)	0.52*** (0.14)
$Large \times Female$		0.26** (0.13)	0.26** (0.13)	0.26** (0.13)
LargeGrace × Female		0.14 (0.11)	0.14 (0.11)	0.14 (0.11)
$Cattle \times Female$		0.36*** (0.11)	0.36*** (0.11)	0.36*** (0.11)
$Large \times Secondarv \times Female$		-0.48** (0.22)	-0.48** (0.22)	-0.48** (0.22)
$LargeGrace \times Secondary \times Female$		-0.34 (0.22)	-0.34 (0.22)	-0.34 (0.22)
Cattle $\times$ Secondarv $\times$ Female		-0.56** (0.23)	-0.56** (0.23)	-0.56** (0.23)
$Large \times College \times Female$		-0.33 (0.21)	-0.33 (0.21)	-0.33 (0.21)
LargeGrace × College × Female		-0.04 (0.23)	-0.03 (0.23)	-0.03 (0.23)
$Cattle \times College \times Female$		-0.51** (0.23)	-0.51** (0.23)	-0.51** (0.23)
HadCows	0.09* (0.05)	0.10** (0.05)	0.10* (0.05)	0.10* (0.05)
EldestSon			0.00 (0.05)	0.00 (0.05)
EldestDaughter			-0.00 $(0.05)$	- 0.00 (0.05)
FloodInRd1			-0.01 (0.04)	-0.01 (0.04)
BStatusindividual rejection	$-0.12^*$ (0.07)	-0.09 (0.07)	-0.09 (0.07)	-0.09 (0.07)
BStatusgroup rejection	-0.01 (0.06)	-0.03 (0.05)	-0.04 $(0.05)$	-0.04 (0.05)
Cattle	-0.12 (0.10)	-0.14 (0.09)	-0.15* (0.09)	$-0.15^*$ (0.09)
HHsize	0.03 $(0.02)$	0.05 (0.03)	$0.05 \\ (0.03)$	0.05 (0.03)
ChildAgeOrderAtRd1		-0.05 (0.04)	-0.05 $(0.04)$	-0.05 (0.04)
$ar{R}^2 N$	0.215 506	0.228 506	0.223 506	0.223 506

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4).

<sup>2.</sup> P values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level.

Table 18: FD estimation of school enrollment, round 1 vs. round 4 differences by attributes

covariates	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
(Intercept)	0.56*** (0.06)	0.70*** (0.10)	0.66*** (0.13)	0.66*** (0.13)
Secondary	-0.44*** (0.05)	-0.44*** (0.11)	-0.45*** (0.11)	-0.45*** (0.11)
College	-0.49*** (0.06)	-0.48*** (0.12)	-0.50*** (0.13)	-0.50*** (0.13)
Unfront	-0.15*** (0.05)	-0.16** (0.07)	-0.17** (0.07)	-0.17** (0.07)
WithGrace	0.05 (0.05)	0.09 (0.08)	0.09 (0.07)	0.09 (0.07)
InKind	-0.01 (0.06)	-0.06 (0.08)	-0.06 (0.08)	-0.06 (0.08)
WithGrace × Secondary		-0.09 (0.12)	-0.09 (0.12)	-0.09 (0.12)
WithGrace × College		-0.11 (0.15)	-0.11 (0.15)	-0.11 (0.15)
$Up front \times Secondary$		-0.01 (0.14)	-0.00 $(0.14)$	-0.00 $(0.14)$
Unfront $\times$ College		0.01 (0.16)	0.01 (0.16)	0.01 (0.16)
InKind × Secondary		0.16 (0.12)	0.16 (0.13)	0.16 (0.13)
InKind × College		0.13 (0.16)	0.12 (0.16)	0.12 (0.16)
Female		-0.31*** (0.08)	-0.31*** (0.09)	-0.31*** (0.09)
Secondarv × Female		0.62*** (0.16)	0.62*** (0.16)	0.62*** (0.16)
College × Female		0.53*** (0.15)	0.52*** (0.15)	0.52*** (0.15)
WithGrace × Female		-0.12 (0.13)	-0.11 (0.13)	-0.11 (0.13)
Upfront $\times$ Female		0.27** (0.13)	0.27** (0.13)	0.27** (0.13)
$InKind \times Female$		0.22** (0.11)	0.21* (0.11)	0.21* (0.11)
WithGrace $\times$ Secondary $\times$ Female		0.14 (0.21)	0.14 (0.21)	0.14 (0.21)
WithGrace $\times$ College $\times$ Female		0.30 (0.25)	0.29 (0.25)	0.29 (0.25)
$Upfront \times Secondary \times Female$		-0.49** (0.22)	-0.49** (0.22)	-0.49** (0.22)
Unfront $\times$ College $\times$ Female		-0.35 (0.22)	-0.33 (0.22)	-0.33 (0.22)
$InKind \times Secondary \times Female$		-0.22 (0.22)	-0.21 (0.22)	-0.21 (0.22)
$InKind \times College \times Female$		-0.47* (0.26)	-0.48* (0.26)	-0.48* (0.26)
HadCows	0.10* (0.05)	0.10** (0.05)	0.11** (0.05)	0.11** (0.05)
Head literate			-0.05 (0.07)	-0.05 (0.07)
Head age			$0.00 \\ (0.00)$	0.00 (0.00)
EldestSon			0.01 (0.04)	0.01 (0.04)
EldestDaughter			$0.01 \\ (0.05)$	0.01 (0.05)
FloodInRd1			-0.01 (0.04)	-0.01 (0.04)
HHsize	0.03 $(0.02)$	0.05 (0.03)	$0.05 \\ (0.03)$	0.05 (0.03)
ChildAgeOrderAtRd1		-0.05 (0.04)	-0.06 (0.05)	-0.06 (0.05)
$rac{ar{R}^2}{N}$	0.22 506	0.229 506	0.222 506	0.222 506

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsizeO is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or  $N=1\times(T=2)+2\times(T=3)+3\times(T=4)$ . Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer.

<sup>2.</sup> P values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level.

TABLE 19: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF SCHOOL ENROLLMENT

TIBEE	//	O VII ESIII	(2)	(2)	(A)	( <b>5</b> )	(6)
covariates (Intercept)	mean/std	(1) 0.91	(2) 0.69	(3)	(4) 0.89	(5) 0.73	(6)
Secondary	0.338	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0) -0.11	(0.0) -0.09	(0.0) -0.11	(0.0) -0.09
College	(0.47) 0.172			(0.0) -0.21	(0.0) -0.18	(0.0) -0.20	(0.0) -0.18
Large	(0.38)	-0.03	-0.04	(0.0) -0.04	(0.0) -0.04	(0.0) -0.04	(0.0) -0.04
LargeGrace	(0.44)	(38.5) -0.04	(20.0) -0.05	(15.0) -0.04	(13.6) -0.05	(16.8) -0.04	(14.3) -0.04
Cattle	(0.43) 0.257	(21.6) -0.05	(12.1) -0.06	(12.5) -0.06	(9.7) -0.06	(13.4) -0.06	(11.3) -0.05
	(0.44)	(16.7)	(5.5)	(2.3)	(3.1)	(2.7)	(3.9)
Large × Secondary	0.085 (0.28)			-0.01 (90.6)	0.00 (92.5)	-0.00 (95.1)	0.01 (89.4)
LargeGrace × Secondary	0.083 (0.28)			-0.07 (12.8)	-0.08 (11.6)	-0.07 (15.5)	-0.08 (11.0)
Cattle × Secondary	0.088 (0.28)			-0.01 (77.3)	-0.01 (80.0)	-0.01 (82.5)	-0.01 (83.0)
Large × College	0.049 (0.22)			0.03 (68.1)	0.04 (58.4)	0.04 (51.3)	0.06 (34.0)
$LargeGrace \times College$	0.049 (0.22)			-0.02 (72.4)	-0.04 (59.1)	-0.02 (78.6)	-0.03 (68.8)
Cattle × College	0.035 (0.18)			-0.11 (16.2)	-0.13 (8.3)	-0.07 (28.4)	-0.09 (19.7)
Female	0.450 (0.50)					0.05 (2.9)	0.05 (4.9)
Secondary $\times$ Female	0.152 (0.36)					0.08 (0.4)	0.08 (0.9)
$College \times Female$	0.059 (0.24)					0.12 (2.0)	0.10 (6.4)
Large × Female	0.121 (0.33)					0.01 (92.1)	0.03 (64.1)
LargeGrace × Female	0.114 (0.32)					0.08 (10.5)	0.06 (19.0)
Cattle × Female	0.114 (0.32)					0.07 (16.0)	0.08 (11.3)
Large $\times$ Secondary $\times$ Female	0.041 (0.20)					-0.09 (34.0)	-0.11 (20.0)
LargeGrace × Secondary × Female	0.036 (0.19)					0.10	0.12
Cattle $\times$ Secondary $\times$ Female	0.037					(26.7)	(18.8)
Large $\times$ College $\times$ Female	(0.19) 0.016					(58.0)	(52.9)
LargeGrace × College × Female	(0.12) 0.018					(58.1) -0.03	0.01
Cattle × College × Female	(0.13) 0.010					(84.5)	(95.2) 0.17
EldestSon	(0.10) 0.267				0.00	(25.5)	(30.8)
EldestDaughter	(0.44) 0.188				(89.8)		(31.8)
Flood in round 1	(0.39) 0.464				(23.9) -0.04		(77.2) -0.05
Head literate0	(0.50) 0.108				(4.8)		(3.6)
Head age0	(0.31) 39.153				(1.8) -0.00		(1.8) -0.00
Enrolled0	(7.38) 0.760		0.29	0.32	(7.7) 0.29	0.31	(7.6) 0.29
	(0.43)		(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
ChildAgeOrderAtRd1	1.826 (0.98)				0.02 (21.7)		0.02 (24.6)
Household size0	4.974 (1.15)				-0.02 (21.5)		-0.01 (32.9)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		0.88 89	0.88 89	0.88 89	0.88 75	0.88 89	0.88 75
T = 3 $T = 4$		135 539	135 539	135 539	126 500	135 539	126 500
$ar{R}^2 N$	1841	0.002 1976	0.15 1976	0.208 1976	0.2 1841	0.222 1976	0.209 1841

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Secondary and College are indicator variables of secondary schooling (ages 13-15) and tertiary schooling (ages 16-18), both at the time of baseline. Default category is primary (ages 05-12). Interaction terms of dummy variables are demeaned before interacting. The first column gives mean and standard deviation (in parenthesises) of each covariates before demeaning.

<sup>2.</sup> P values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level.

Table 20: ANCOVA estimation of school enrollment by attributes

TABLE 20. AT	ICO VA	ESTIMATION	or school	LENKOLLIVIE	NI DI AII	KIBUTES	
covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercept)		0.91 (0.0)	0.69 (0.0)	0.75 (0.0)	0.89 $(0.0)$	0.73 (0.0)	0.86 $(0.0)$
Secondary	0.338 (0.47)			-0.11 (0.0)	-0.09 (0.0)	-0.11 (0.0)	-0.09 (0.0)
College	$0.172 \\ (0.38)$			-0.21 (0.0)	-0.18 (0.0)	-0.20 (0.0)	-0.18 (0.0)
Unfront	0.776 (0.42)	-0.03 (38.5)	-0.04 (20.0)	-0.04 (15.0)	-0.04 (13.6)	-0.04 (16.8)	-0.04 (14.3)
WithGrace	0.504 (0.50)	-0.01 (81.4)	-0.01 (76.5)	0.00 (99.6)	-0.00 (97.6)	-0.00 (96.0)	-0.00 (98.2)
InKind	0.257 (0.44)	-0.01 (86.0)	-0.01 (83.9)	-0.02 (53.1)	-0.01 (66.5)	-0.02 (62.8)	-0.01 (73.9)
WithGrace × Secondary	$0.171 \\ (0.38)$			-0.07 (9.4)	-0.09 (6.1)	-0.07 (10.5)	-0.09 (5.9)
Unfront × Secondary	0.255 (0.44)			-0.01 (90.6)	0.00 (92.5)	-0.00 (95.1)	0.01 (89.4)
InKind $\times$ Secondary	$0.088 \\ (0.28)$			0.06 (15.6)	0.07 (14.0)	0.06 (16.2)	0.07 (12.5)
WithGrace × College	0.084 (0.28)			-0.05 (40.1)	-0.07 (26.0)	-0.06 (34.4)	-0.09 (17.3)
$Upfront \times College$	0.134 (0.34)			0.03 (68.1)	0.04 (58.4)	0.04 (51.3)	0.06 (34.0)
InKind × College	0.035 (0.18)			-0.08 (24.8)	-0.09 (21.2)	-0.05 (42.5)	-0.06 (39.7)
Female	0.450 (0.50)					0.05 (2.9)	0.05 (4.9)
Secondarv × Female	0.152 (0.36)					0.08 (0.4)	0.08 (0.9)
College $\times$ Female	0.059 (0.24)					0.12 (2.0)	0.10 (6.4)
WithGrace × Female	0.228 (0.42)					0.08 (22.3)	0.04 (57.7)
Upfront $\times$ Female	0.349 (0.48)					0.01 (92.1)	0.03 (64.1)
InKind × Female	0.114 (0.32)					-0.01 (84.0)	0.02 (79.7)
WithGrace $\times$ Secondary $\times$ Female	0.074 (0.26)					0.19 (0.5)	0.23 (0.1)
Upfront $\times$ Secondarv $\times$ Female	0.115 $(0.32)$					-0.09 (34.0)	-0.11 (20.0)
$InKind \times Secondary \times Female$	0.037 $(0.19)$					-0.05 (51.7)	-0.06 (45.0)
WithGrace $\times$ College $\times$ Female	0.028 (0.17)					-0.11 (40.6)	-0.10 (48.3)
$Upfront \times College \times Female$	0.044 (0.21)					0.08 (58.1)	0.11 (46.2)
InKind × College × Female	0.010 (0.10)					0.21 (15.9)	0.16 (32.2)
EldestSon	0.267 (0.44)				0.00 (89.8)		0.04 (31.8)
EldestDaughter	0.188 (0.39)				0.04 (23.9)		0.01 (77.2)
Flood in round 1	0.464 (0.50)				-0.04 (4.8)		-0.05 (3.6)
Head literate0	0.108 (0.31)				0.06 (1.8)		0.06 (1.8)
Head age0	39.153 (7.38)				-0.00 (7.7)		-0.00 (7.6)
Enrolled0	0.760 (0.43)		0.29 (0.0)	0.32 (0.0)	0.29 (0.0)	0.31 (0.0)	0.29 (0.0)
ChildAgeOrderAtRd1	1.826 (0.98)				0.02 (21.7)		0.02 (24.6)
Household size0	4.974 (1.15)				-0.02 (21.5)		-0.01 (32.9)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		0.88 89	0.88 89	0.88 89	0.88 75	0.88 89	0.88 75
T = 3 $T = 4$		135 539	135 539	135 539	126 500	135 539	126 500
$ar{R}^2 N$	1841	0.002 1976	0.15 1976	0.208 1976	0.2 1841	0.222 1976	0.209 1841

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, lnKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. Secondary and College are indicator variables of secondary schooling (ages 13-15) and tertiary schooling (ages 16-18), both at the time of baseline. Default category is primary (ages 05-12). Interaction terms of dummy variables are demeaned before interacting. The first column gives mean and standard deviation (in parenthesises) of each covariates before demeaning.

<sup>2.</sup> P values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level.

TABLE 21: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF SCHOOL ENROLLMENT BY POVERTY STATUS

Table 21: ANC	OVA esti						
covariates (Intercept)	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4) 0.90	(5)	(6) 0.86
	0.220	0.93 (0.0)	0.70 (0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Secondary	0.338 (0.47)			-0.11 (0.0)	-0.09 (0.0)	-0.11 (0.0)	-0.09 (0.0)
College	0.172 (0.38)			-0.21 (0.0)	-0.18 (0.0)	-0.19 (0.0)	-0.18 (0.0)
Unfront	0.776 (0.42)	-0.05 (17.7)	-0.04 (10.8)	-0.05 (8.2)	-0.05 (8.6)	-0.04 (10.5)	-0.05 (9.4)
WithGrace	0.504 (0.50)	-0.01 (81.7)	-0.01 (76.7)	-0.00 (98.7)	-0.00 (92.8)	-0.00 (91.9)	-0.00 (91.6)
InKind	0.257 (0.44)	-0.01 (81.2)	-0.01 (75.6)	-0.02 (47.5)	-0.02 (64.0)	-0.02 (54.6)	-0.01 (68.0)
UltraPoor	0.612 (0.49)	0.04 (10.6)	0.03 (22.0)	0.03 (21.2)	0.03 (22.9)	0.03 (21.2)	0.03 (20.4)
WithGrace × Secondary	0.171 (0.38)	(10.0)	(22.0)	-0.07 (9.3)	-0.09	-0.06	-0.08
Upfront × Secondary	0.255 (0.44)			-0.00 (99.2)	(5.4)	(11.4) -0.00	(5.9)
InKind × Secondary	0.088			0.06	(84.5)	(97.5)	(88.4)
WithGrace × College	(0.28) 0.084 (0.28)			(14.5) -0.05 (41.1)	(11.8) -0.07 (26.0)	(13.2) $-0.05$ $(37.0)$	(9.1) -0.08
Unfront × College	0.134			0.01	0.03	(37.0)	(18.0)
InKind × College	(0.34) 0.035			(80.2)	(68.4)	(69.4) -0.05	(46.2) -0.06
Unfront × UltraPoor	(0.18) 0.514	-0.04	-0.02	-0.09 (23.0) -0.01	-0.10 (18.3)	-0.05 (40.2) -0.01	(38.8)
WithGrace × UltraPoor	(0.50)	(69.1) -0.02	-0.02 (78.1) 0.00	-0.01 (91.1) 0.00	0.00 (99.2) 0.02	-0.01 (89.1) -0.01	(97.8) 0.01
	0.350 (0.48)	(79.2)	(97.6)	(96.9)	(74.1)	(94.1)	(84.9)
InKind × UltraPoor	0.186 (0.39)	0.01 (80.0)	0.03 (58.3)	0.01 (77.4)	-0.02 (72.4)	0.03 (52.8)	0.01 (85.2)
Secondary × UltraPoor	0.215 (0.41)	-0.02 (59.5)	-0.04 (30.4)	-0.03 (36.1)	-0.03 (40.6)	-0.03 (32.4)	-0.03 (35.5)
College × UltraPoor	0.103 (0.30)	0.09 (19.8)	0.04 (48.4)	0.04 (40.1)	0.05 (39.5)	0.06 (25.6)	0.05 (32.4)
Female	0.450 (0.50)					0.05 (2.7)	$0.05 \\ (4.9)$
Secondary × Female	0.152 (0.36)					0.08 (0.6)	0.08 (1.3)
College $\times$ Female	0.059 (0.24)					0.12 (1.3)	0.11 (4.4)
Female × UltraPoor	0.276 (0.45)					0.07 (7.3)	0.07 (7.2)
WithGrace $\times$ Female	0.228 (0.42)					0.07 (24.9)	0.03 (61.9)
Unfront × Female	0.349 (0.48)					-0.00 (96.2)	0.02 (74.8)
InKind $\times$ Female	0.114 (0.32)					-0.02 (76.0)	0.01 (87.5)
WithGrace × Secondarv × Female	0.074 (0.26)					0.19 (0.6)	0.23 (0.1)
$Up front \times Secondary \times Female$	0.115 (0.32)					-0.10 (27.1)	-0.12 (17.4)
$InKind \times Secondarv \times Female$	0.037 (0.19)					-0.04 (61.7)	-0.04 (57.6)
$With Grace \times College \times Female$	0.028 (0.17)					-0.09 (46.5)	-0.08 (57.4)
Unfront $\times$ College $\times$ Female	0.044 (0.21)					0.06 (63.9)	0.09 (53.4)
$InKind \times College \times Female$	0.010 (0.10)					0.22 (12.7)	0.18 (26.6)
EldestSon	0.267 (0.44)				0.00 (94.0)	(12.7)	0.04
EldestDaughter	0.188				0.04		(31.0)
Flood in round 1	(0.39) 0.464				(22.2) -0.04		(70.9) -0.05
Head literate0	(0.50) 0.108				(4.4)		(2.5)
Head age()	(0.31) 39.153 (7.28)				(2.3) -0.00		(2.9) -0.00 (11.2)
Enrolled0	(7.38) 0.760 (0.43)		0.29 (0.0)	0.32 (0.0)	(10.6)	0.31	(11.2)
ChildAgeOrderAtRd1	(0.43) 1.826 (0.98)		(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0) 0.02 (22.9)	(0.0)	(0.0) 0.02 (27.4)
Household size0	4.974 (1.15)				-0.02 (19.7)		-0.01 (36.0)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$	(1.13)	0.88 89	0.88 89	0.88 89	0.88 75	0.88 89	0.88 75
T = 2 $T = 3$ $T = 4$		135 539	135 539	135 539	126 500	135 539	126 500
$egin{array}{c} I &= 4 \ ar{R}^2 \ N \end{array}$	1041	0.008 1976	0.151 1976	0.209 1976	0.201 1841	0.225 1976	0.212
/V	1841	1976	1976	1976	1841	19/6	1841

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize(3) household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1x(T=2)+2x(T=3)+3x(T=4). Large Large-Grace Cattle

Table 22: ANCOVA estimation of school enrollment by time

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercept)		0.86 (0.0)	0.65 (0.0)	0.70 (0.0)	0.82 (0.0)	0.69 (0.0)	0.79 (0.0)
Secondary	0.338 (0.47)			-0.14 (0.0)	-0.12 (0.0)	-0.14 (0.0)	-0.12 (0.0)
College	$0.172 \\ (0.38)$			-0.24 (0.0)	-0.21 (0.0)	-0.23 (0.0)	-0.21 (0.0)
Large	0.272 (0.44)	-0.02 (59.3)	-0.03 (44.7)	-0.04 (23.7)	-0.03 (31.2)	-0.04 (23.9)	-0.03 (29.5)
LargeGrace	0.247 (0.43)	-0.03 (36.5)	-0.04 (26.6)	-0.04 (22.1)	-0.04 (19.0)	-0.03 (25.7)	-0.03 (22.7)
Cattle	0.257 (0.44)	-0.03 (39.5)	-0.04 (16.7)	-0.06 (5.3)	-0.05 (8.5)	-0.05 (6.3)	-0.05 (10.1)
Large × Secondary	0.085 (0.28)	0.08 (30.4)	0.04 (61.0)	0.04 (51.1)	0.05 (41.6)	0.04 (52.5)	0.05 (40.9)
LargeGrace × Secondary	0.083 (0.28)	-0.06 (47.8)	-0.06 (46.6)	-0.07 (30.1)	-0.07 (28.8)	-0.06 (36.9)	-0.07 (31.8)
Cattle × Secondary	0.088 (0.28)	-0.01 (94.5)	0.00 (99.9)	-0.00 (95.7)	0.00 (97.4)	0.00 (96.6)	0.01 (91.3)
Large × College	0.049 (0.22)	0.07 (55.8)	0.05 (68.1)	0.04 (65.8)	0.10 (27.9)	0.04 (56.5)	0.11 (20.1)
LargeGrace × College	0.049 $(0.22)$	0.02 (89.9)	0.01 (91.9)	0.02 (83.6)	0.02 (77.4)	0.01 (86.1)	0.03 (72.3)
Cattle × College	0.035 (0.18)	-0.04 (76.4)	-0.01 (90.8)	-0.06 (51.2)	-0.06 (48.7)	-0.05 (57.4)	-0.05 (59.2)
Female	$0.450 \\ (0.50)$					0.04 (6.1)	$   \begin{array}{c}     0.05 \\     (8.1)   \end{array} $
Secondarv × Female	0.152 (0.36)					0.10 (0.5)	0.09 (1.0)
College $\times$ Female	0.059 (0.24)					0.08 (17.0)	0.07 (27.8)
Large × Female	0.121 (0.33)	-0.01 (86.7)	-0.01 (82.8)	-0.01 (87.2)	0.02 (76.8)	0.00 (99.5)	0.02 (64.3)
LargeGrace × Female	0.114 $(0.32)$	0.10 (11.7)	0.09 (12.1)	0.09 (11.2)	0.07 (15.6)	0.09 (8.1)	0.07 (12.3)
Cattle $\times$ Female	0.114 (0.32)	0.06 (45.2)	0.06 (28.3)	0.06 (28.5)	0.07 (15.8)	0.07 (18.5)	0.08 (10.0)
$Large \times Secondary \times Female$	0.041 (0.20)	-0.19 (14.3)	-0.17 (16.5)	-0.18 (12.0)	-0.22 (3.1)	-0.17 (11.0)	-0.21 (2.9)
LargeGrace × Secondary × Female	0.036 (0.19)	0.04 (75.8)	0.06 (60.9)	0.05 (69.1)	0.05 (61.8)	0.06 (60.6)	0.06 (51.4)
Cattle $\times$ Secondary $\times$ Female	0.037 (0.19)	0.01 (91.8)	-0.05 (72.1)	-0.07 (60.9)	-0.04 (76.1)	-0.05 (66.8)	-0.03 (81.6)
$Large \times College \times Female$	0.016 (0.12)	0.11 (68.8)	0.10 (63.9)	0.04 (84.3)	0.16 (45.5)	0.04 (81.6)	0.17 (42.8)
$LargeGrace \times College \times Female$	0.018 (0.13)	-0.06 (81.3)	-0.02 (94.6)	0.05 (81.7)	0.12 (55.9)	0.03 (88.9)	0.11 (58.7)
Cattle × College × Female	0.010 (0.10)	0.39 (14.5)	0.26 (24.3)	0.22 (26.3)	0.25 (21.9)	0.25 (18.6)	0.27 (18.8)

TABLE 22: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF SCHOOL ENROLLMENT BY TIME (CONTINUED)

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
rd 3	0.343 (0.47)	0.05 (0.0)	0.04 (0.1)	0.06 (0.0)	0.05 (0.0)	0.06 (0.0)	0.05 (0.0)
Secondary $\times$ rd 3	0.120 (0.32)			-0.01 (84.6)	-0.02 (46.7)	-0.01 (87.6)	-0.02 (47.3)
College $\times$ rd 3	$0.055 \\ (0.23)$			0.03 (49.9)	$ \begin{array}{c} 0.02 \\ (68.7) \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 0.02 \\ (62.0) \end{array} $	0.01 (79.1)
Large × rd 3	0.091 (0.29)	-0.04 (29.4)	-0.04 (28.5)	-0.05 (17.0)	-0.05 (9.9)	-0.05 (17.3)	-0.06 (8.4)
LargeGrace $\times$ rd 3	$0.086 \\ (0.28)$	-0.07 (5.5)	-0.07 (3.2)	-0.08 (2.2)	-0.08 (2.6)	-0.08 (2.0)	-0.08 (2.2)
Cattle $\times$ rd 3	0.089 (0.28)	-0.05 (22.0)	-0.06 (11.0)	-0.06 (11.1)	-0.07 (6.3)	-0.06 (11.2)	-0.06 (7.8)
Large $\times$ Secondary $\times$ rd 3	$0.028 \\ (0.17)$	-0.04 (64.5)	0.00 (96.8)	0.00 (99.5)	-0.01 (89.1)	-0.01 (93.5)	-0.02 (81.4)
LargeGrace × Secondarv × rd 3	0.028 (0.16)	0.05 (56.2)	0.08 (33.1)	0.08 (33.0)	0.06 (44.4)	0.06 (43.8)	0.05 (53.9)
Cattle $\times$ Secondary $\times$ rd 3	0.032 (0.18)	0.02 (82.0)	0.06 (49.7)	0.06 (49.6)	0.05 (58.1)	0.06 (48.8)	0.05 (57.7)
Large $\times$ College $\times$ rd 3	0.015 (0.12)	0.09 (54.0)	0.05 (66.2)	0.09 (44.4)	-0.01 (94.6)	0.09 (42.2)	-0.01 (93.4)
LargeGrace $\times$ College $\times$ rd 3	0.017 $(0.13)$	-0.04 (66.6)	-0.03 (72.5)	-0.01 (89.9)	-0.04 (70.1)	0.00 (99.4)	-0.04 (72.5)
Cattle $\times$ College $\times$ rd 3	0.012 (0.11)	0.05 (74.2)	0.03 (83.5)	0.04 (76.8)	-0.01 (95.0)	0.04 (76.2)	-0.01 (92.7)
Female $\times$ rd 3	0.155 (0.36)					0.00 (90.1)	0.01 (69.1)
Large $\times$ Female $\times$ rd 3	0.040 (0.20)	0.07 (29.9)	0.06 (31.9)	0.07 (23.3)	0.06 (27.9)	0.07 (19.2)	0.07 (24.6)
LargeGrace $\times$ Female $\times$ rd 3	0.039 (0.19)	0.04 (53.2)	0.03 (55.6)	0.03 (59.4)	0.04 (51.8)	0.04 (48.6)	0.04 (43.0)
Cattle $\times$ Female $\times$ rd 3	0.040 (0.20)	0.03 (64.0)	0.05 (36.2)	0.05 (37.5)	0.05 (42.4)	0.06 (37.6)	0.06 (41.1)
$Large \times Secondary \times Female \times rd$	(0.12)	0.16 (43.0)	0.16 (36.8)	0.15 (38.8)	0.14 (30.7)	0.19 (26.2)	0.19 (17.3)
LargeGrace × Secondarv × Female ×	(0.11)	0.23 (25.8)	0.19 (28.8)	0.21 (23.3)	0.22 (17.9)	0.24 (14.9)	0.26 (9.5)
$Cattle \times Secondary \times Female \times rd$	0.012 (0.11)	0.31 (10.1)	0.30 (7.8)	0.29 (9.1)	0.18 (22.6)	0.31 (7.5)	0.22 (14.4)
Large × College × Female × rd 3	(0.06)	0.29 (32.4)	0.29 (20.5)	0.24 (26.1)	0.08 (76.4)	0.24 (25.9)	0.07 (78.1)
$LargeGrace \times College \times Female \times I$	(0.08)	0.08 (72.8)	0.10 (61.7)	-0.05 (78.3)	-0.13 (54.8)	-0.04 (84.0)	-0.12 (58.5)
Cattle $\times$ College $\times$ Female $\times$ rd 3	3 0.004 (0.06)	-0.43 (16.4)	-0.28 (27.8)	-0.29 (25.7)	-0.30 (28.5)	-0.29 (25.3)	-0.31 (28.4)
Secondary $\times$ Female $\times$ rd 3	$0.052 \\ (0.22)$					-0.00 (97.3)	0.04 (46.1)
College × Female × rd 3	0.017 (0.13)					-0.01 (90.4)	-0.02 (85.6)

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Secondary and College are indicator variables of secondary schooling (ages 13-15) and tertiary schooling (ages 16-18), both at the time of baseline. Default category is primary (ages 05-12). rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Interaction terms of dummy variables are demeaned before interacting. The first column gives mean and standard deviation (in parenthesises) of each covariates before demeaning.

TABLE 23: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF SCHOOL ENROLLMENT BY TIME (CONTINUED 2)

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
rd 4	0.276 (0.45)	0.10 (0.0)	0.08 (0.0)	0.14 (0.0)	0.13 (0.0)	0.14 (0.0)	0.13 (0.0)
Secondarv × rd 4	0.143 (0.35)	,		-0.02 (58.3)	-0.03 (43.3)	-0.02 (54.9)	-0.04 (40.7)
College × rd 4	0.057 (0.23)			0.02 (61.7)	0.00 (94.4)	-0.00 (96.0)	-0.01 (84.5)
WithGrace × rd 4	0.136 (0.34)	0.04 (36.8)	0.03 (54.0)	0.04 (34.8)	0.03 (40.2)	0.04 (32.9)	0.04 (35.9)
Upfront × rd 4	0.216 (0.41)	-0.06 (27.2)	-0.04 (49.1)	-0.07 (10.9)	-0.08 (6.0)	-0.08 (8.5)	-0.09 (3.7)
InKind × rd 4	0.067 (0.25)	-0.02 (69.7)	-0.02 (60.2)	-0.01 (75.8)	-0.01 (89.8)	-0.01 (77.5)	-0.00 (91.9)
WithGrace × Secondary × rd 4	0.073 (0.26)	0.14 (20.4)	0.13 (18.9)	0.10 (29.0)	0.11 (28.9)	0.07 (47.1)	0.09 (38.9)
Unfront $\times$ Secondarv $\times$ rd 4	0.109 (0.31)	-0.11 (37.9)	-0.11 (32.6)	-0.04 (68.7)	-0.06 (52.8)	-0.03 (75.6)	-0.06 (53.2)
InKind $\times$ Secondary $\times$ rd 4	0.037 (0.19)	-0.05 (67.3)	-0.03 (82.6)	-0.03 (79.7)	-0.04 (75.2)	-0.01 (90.1)	-0.02 (85.0)
WithGrace × College × rd 4	0.026 (0.16)	-0.20 (15.7)	-0.14 (24.2)	-0.20 (6.6)	-0.14 (23.2)	-0.18 (8.0)	-0.12 (27.5)
Upfront $\times$ College $\times$ rd 4	0.044 (0.21)	-0.10 (57.5)	-0.14 (34.5)	-0.03 (84.5)	-0.11 (44.0)	-0.02 (85.7)	-0.11 (43.0)
$InKind \times College \times rd \ 4$	0.011 (0.10)	0.14 (23.1)	0.14 (13.2)	0.15 (14.4)	0.15 (16.9)	0.15 (9.8)	0.16 (9.5)
Female × rd 4	0.131 (0.34)					-0.07 (0.5)	-0.06 (1.8)
WithGrace $\times$ Female $\times$ rd 4	0.064 (0.24)	-0.14 (10.2)	-0.12 (13.3)	-0.15 (3.2)	-0.14 (3.9)	-0.16 (1.7)	-0.15 (2.9)
Upfront $\times$ Female $\times$ rd 4	0.102 (0.30)	0.08 (25.6)	0.12 (12.1)	0.15 (1.1)	0.14 (3.3)	0.16 (0.3)	0.15 (1.3)
InKind $\times$ Female $\times$ rd 4	0.030 (0.17)	0.06 (51.5)	0.09 (30.6)	0.10 (20.4)	0.09 (21.8)	0.10 (17.3)	0.09 (18.2)
WithGrace $\times$ Secondary $\times$ Female $\times$ rd	4 0.035 (0.18)	-0.12 (57.9)	-0.20 (31.1)	-0.11 (55.8)	-0.13 (45.0)	-0.10 (58.3)	-0.10 (54.1)
$Upfront \times Secondarv \times Female \times rd$	0.052 (0.22)	(33.7)	0.11 (56.6)	0.05 (80.5)	0.11 (50.1)	0.02 (90.6)	0.07 (66.2)
$InKind \times Secondary \times Female \times rd \ 4$	0.018 (0.13)	0.17 (42.1)	0.21 (25.3)	0.17 (36.6)	0.05 (75.5)	0.16 (36.8)	0.05 (76.7)
WithGrace × College × Female × rd	0.010 (0.10)	0.23 (34.6)	0.21 (36.7)	0.04 (88.1)	0.14 (57.9)	0.10 (66.1)	0.21 (41.7)
Upfront $\times$ College $\times$ Female $\times$ rd 4	0.021 (0.14)	0.14 (66.7)	0.06 (80.5)	0.05 (83.9)	-0.20 (49.7)	-0.01 (96.2)	-0.25 (37.9)
$InKind \times College \times Female \times rd 4$	0.004 (0.06)	-0.34 (30.4)	-0.28 (34.6)	-0.23 (44.0)	-0.14 (62.1)	-0.21 (47.9)	-0.12 (67.8)
Secondary $\times$ Female $\times$ rd 4	0.067 (0.25)					-0.01 (88.6)	0.02 (78.2)
College × Female × rd 4	0.029 (0.17)					0.14 (15.6)	0.15 (17.0)
EldestSon	0.267 (0.44)				0.01 (80.4)		0.04 (23.2)
EldestDaughter	0.188 (0.39)				0.03 (30.8)		0.01 (77.7)
Flood in round 1	0.464 (0.50)				-0.05 (4.1)		-0.05 (3.2)
Head literate0	0.108 (0.31)				0.06 (2.2)		0.06 (2.3)
Head age0	39.153 (7.38)				-0.00 (17.9)		-0.00 (18.8)
Enrolled0	0.760 (0.43)		0.28 (0.0)	0.32 (0.0)	0.30 (0.0)	0.31 (0.0)	0.29 (0.0)
ChildAgeOrderAtRd1	1.826 (0.98)				(28.3)		0.02 (25.9)
Household size0	4.974 (1.15)				-0.01 (34.3)		-0.01 (41.1)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		0.88 89	0.88 89	0.88 89	0.88 75	0.88 89	0.88 75
T = 3 $T = 4$		135 539	135 539	135 539	126 500	135 539	126 500
$ar{R}^2 N$	1841	0.021 1976	0.16 1976	0.232 1976	0.216 1841	0.24 1976	0.222 1841

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodlnRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Secondary and College are indicator variables of secondary schooling (ages 13-15) and tertiary schooling (ages 16-18), both at the time of baseline. Default category is primary (ages 05-12). rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Interaction terms of dummy variables are demeaned before interacting. The first column gives mean and standard deviation (in parenthesises) of each covariates before demeaning

Table 24: ANCOVA estimation of school enrollment by attributes and time

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercept)		$0.86 \\ (0.0)$	0.65 (0.0)	0.70 (0.0)	$0.82 \\ (0.0)$	0.69 (0.0)	0.79 (0.0)
Secondary	0.338 (0.47)			-0.14 (0.0)	-0.12 (0.0)	-0.14 (0.0)	-0.12 (0.0)
College	$0.172 \\ (0.38)$			-0.24 (0.0)	-0.21 (0.0)	-0.23 (0.0)	-0.21 (0.0)
Unfront	0.776 (0.42)	-0.02 (59.3)	-0.03 (44.7)	-0.04 (23.7)	-0.03 (31.2)	-0.04 (23.9)	-0.03 (29.5)
WithGrace	$0.504 \\ (0.50)$	-0.01 (79.4)	-0.01 (76.0)	0.00 (98.5)	-0.00 (90.5)	0.00 (91.8)	0.00 (99.8)
InKind	0.257 (0.44)	0.00 (98.6)	-0.01 (87.5)	-0.02 (57.9)	-0.01 (71.2)	-0.02 (58.3)	-0.01 (68.9)
WithGrace × Secondary	0.171 (0.38)	-0.13 (6.8)	-0.10 (20.0)	-0.11 (6.3)	-0.13 (5.1)	-0.10 (10.2)	-0.12 (6.3)
Unfront × Secondary	0.255 (0.44)	0.08 (30.4)	0.04 (61.0)	0.04 (51.1)	0.05 (41.6)	0.04 (52.5)	0.05 (40.9)
InKind × Secondary	$0.088 \\ (0.28)$	0.05 (50.9)	0.06 (44.1)	0.06 (29.6)	0.08 (25.1)	0.06 (31.9)	0.08 (25.6)
WithGrace × College	0.084 (0.28)	-0.06 (60.4)	-0.03 (73.9)	-0.02 (79.4)	-0.07 (34.1)	-0.03 (65.6)	-0.08 (26.8)
$Upfront \times College$	0.134 (0.34)	0.07 (55.8)	0.05 (68.1)	0.04 (65.8)	0.10 (27.9)	0.04 (56.5)	0.11 (20.1)
InKind × College	0.035 (0.18)	-0.06 (63.9)	-0.03 (81.6)	-0.08 (33.1)	-0.09 (26.4)	-0.06 (40.5)	-0.08 (30.5)
Female	$0.450 \\ (0.50)$					0.04 (6.1)	0.05 (8.1)
Secondarv × Female	0.152 (0.36)					0.10 (0.5)	0.09 (1.0)
College × Female	0.059 (0.24)					0.08 (17.0)	0.07 (27.8)
WithGrace × Female	0.228 (0.42)	0.11 (13.3)	0.10 (16.0)	0.10 (17.0)	0.05 (43.7)	0.09 (16.5)	0.05 (45.6)
Upfront $\times$ Female	0.349 (0.48)	-0.01 (86.7)	-0.01 (82.8)	-0.01 (87.2)	0.02 (76.8)	0.00 (99.5)	0.02 (64.3)
InKind × Female	0.114 (0.32)	-0.05 (60.2)	-0.03 (71.4)	-0.03 (66.1)	0.00 (97.2)	-0.02 (70.4)	0.01 (92.1)
WithGrace $\times$ Secondary $\times$ Female	0.074 (0.26)	0.23 (6.2)	0.24 (2.2)	0.22 (2.3)	0.27 (0.2)	0.23 (1.0)	0.27 (0.1)
Unfront × Secondarv × Female	0.115 (0.32)	-0.19 (14.3)	-0.17 (16.5)	-0.18 (12.0)	-0.22 (3.1)	-0.17 (11.0)	-0.21 (2.9)
$InKind \times Secondary \times Female$	0.037 (0.19)	-0.03 (83.3)	-0.11 (33.6)	-0.11 (33.9)	-0.09 (40.4)	-0.11 (30.0)	-0.09 (35.0)
WithGrace × College × Female	0.028 (0.17)	-0.17 (44.3)	-0.12 (53.6)	0.01 (96.1)	-0.04 (82.9)	-0.02 (91.7)	-0.05 (75.6)
$Up front \times College \times Female$	0.044 (0.21)	0.11 (68.8)	0.10 (63.9)	0.04 (84.3)	0.16 (45.5)	0.04 (81.6)	0.17 (42.8)
InKind × College × Female	0.010 (0.10)	0.46 (4.4)	0.27 (16.1)	0.17 (30.4)	0.13 (44.0)	0.22 (16.2)	0.15 (35.2)

Table 24: ANCOVA estimation of school enrollment by attributes and time (continued)

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covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
rd 3	0.343 $(0.47)$	$0.05 \\ (0.0)$	$0.04 \\ (0.1)$	$0.06 \\ (0.0)$	$0.05 \\ (0.0)$	$0.06 \\ (0.0)$	$0.05 \\ (0.0)$
Secondary × rd 3	0.120 (0.32)			-0.01 (84.6)	-0.02 (46.7)	-0.01 (87.6)	-0.02 (47.3)
College $\times$ rd 3	$0.055 \\ (0.23)$			0.03 (49.9)	$ \begin{array}{c} 0.02 \\ (68.7) \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 0.02 \\ (62.0) \end{array} $	0.01 (79.1)
WithGrace × rd 3	0.175 (0.38)	-0.03 (38.9)	-0.03 (30.8)	-0.04 (27.4)	-0.03 (43.3)	-0.04 (26.6)	-0.03 (42.1)
Upfront × rd 3	$0.266 \\ (0.44)$	-0.04 (29.4)	-0.04 (28.5)	-0.05 (17.0)	-0.05 (9.9)	-0.05 (17.3)	-0.06 (8.4)
InKind × rd 3	0.089 (0.28)	0.02 (62.6)	0.01 (72.4)	0.02 (51.6)	0.02 (68.5)	0.03 (46.1)	0.02 (59.5)
WithGrace $\times$ Secondary $\times$ rd 3	$0.060 \\ (0.24)$	0.10 (31.9)	0.08 (36.9)	0.08 (36.1)	0.07 (42.8)	0.07 (42.6)	0.07 (46.0)
Unfront $\times$ Secondarv $\times$ rd 3	0.088 (0.28)	-0.04 (64.5)	0.00 (96.8)	0.00 (99.5)	-0.01 (89.1)	-0.01 (93.5)	-0.02 (81.4)
$InKind \times Secondary \times rd 3$	0.032 (0.18)	-0.03 (76.9)	-0.02 (83.5)	-0.02 (85.9)	-0.01 (89.5)	0.00 (99.7)	-0.00 (99.1)
WithGrace $\times$ College $\times$ rd 3	0.029 (0.17)	-0.13 (27.6)	-0.08 (39.8)	-0.10 (29.5)	-0.03 (76.9)	-0.09 (34.6)	-0.03 (81.3)
Upfront $\times$ College $\times$ rd 3	$0.044 \\ (0.21)$	0.09 (54.0)	0.05 (66.2)	0.09 (44.4)	-0.01 (94.6)	0.09 (42.2)	-0.01 (93.4)
$InKind \times College \times rd 3$	0.012 (0.11)	0.09 (47.3)	0.06 (60.4)	0.05 (67.0)	0.03 (80.7)	0.04 (73.8)	0.02 (85.3)
Female × rd 3	0.155 (0.36)					0.00 (90.1)	0.01 (69.1)
WithGrace $\times$ Female $\times$ rd 3	0.079 (0.27)	-0.03 (62.9)	-0.03 (66.0)	-0.03 (54.6)	-0.03 (62.8)	-0.03 (54.4)	-0.03 (64.3)
Upfront $\times$ Female $\times$ rd 3	0.119 (0.32)	0.07 (29.9)	0.06 (31.9)	(23.3)	0.06 (27.9)	0.07 (19.2)	0.07 (24.6)
InKind $\times$ Female $\times$ rd 3	0.040 (0.20)	-0.01 (84.3)	0.02 (73.6)	0.02 (73.0)	0.02 (80.4)	0.02 (79.6)	0.01 (85.2)
hGrace × Secondary × Female × rd :	(0.15)	0.07 (69.6)	0.03 (85.8)	0.06 (71.3)	0.08 (63.8)	0.05 (74.6)	0.07 (65.0)
$pfront \times Secondarv \times Female \times rd$	0.038 (0.19)	0.16 (43.0)	0.16 (36.8)	0.15 (38.8)	0.14 (30.7)	0.19 (26.2)	0.19 (17.3)
$nKind \times Secondary \times Female \times rd 3$	$0.012 \\ (0.11)$	0.08 (65.7)	0.11 (48.6)	0.09 (60.1)	-0.04 (80.8)	0.07 (68.9)	-0.05 (75.8)
ithGrace × College × Female × rd	0.010 (0.10)	-0.21 (37.6)	-0.20 (34.1)	-0.29 (10.0)	-0.21 (31.1)	-0.27 (12.8)	-0.19 (38.6)
Upfront $\times$ College $\times$ Female $\times$ rd 3	0.013 $(0.11)$	0.29 (32.4)	0.29 (20.5)	0.24 (26.1)	0.08 (76.4)	0.24 (25.9)	0.07 (78.1)
InKind × College × Female × rd 3	0.004 (0.06)	-0.50 (5.1)	-0.38 (11.4)	-0.23 (28.9)	-0.18 (44.3)	-0.25 (26.5)	-0.19 (42.8)
Secondary $\times$ Female $\times$ rd 3	$0.052 \\ (0.22)$					-0.00 (97.3)	0.04 (46.1)
College × Female × rd 3	0.017 (0.13)					-0.01 (90.4)	-0.02 (85.6)

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodlnRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. Secondary and College are indicator variables of secondary schooling (ages 13-15) and tertiary schooling (ages 16-18), both at the time of baseline. Default category is primary (ages 05-12). rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Interaction terms of dummy variables are demeaned before interacting. The first column gives mean and standard deviation (in parenthesises) of each covariates before demeaning.

TABLE 25: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF SCHOOL ENROLLMENT BY ATTRIBUTES AND TIME (CONTINUED 2)

	covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	rd 4	0.276 (0.45)	0.10 (0.0)	0.08 (0.0)	0.14 (0.0)	0.13 (0.0)	0.14 (0.0)	0.13 (0.0)
	Secondarv × rd 4	0.143 (0.35)			-0.02 (58.3)	-0.03 (43.3)	-0.02 (54.9)	-0.04 (40.7)
	College × rd 4	0.057 $(0.23)$			0.02 (61.7)	0.00 (94.4)	-0.00 (96.0)	-0.01 (84.5)
	WithGrace × rd 4	0.136 (0.34)	0.04 (36.8)	0.03 (54.0)	0.04 (34.8)	0.03 (40.2)	0.04 (32.9)	0.04 (35.9)
	Upfront × rd 4	0.216 (0.41)	-0.06 (27.2)	-0.04 (49.1)	-0.07 (10.9)	-0.08 (6.0)	-0.08 (8.5)	-0.09 (3.7)
	InKind × rd 4	0.067 (0.25)	-0.02 (69.7)	-0.02 (60.2)	-0.01 (75.8)	-0.01 (89.8)	-0.01 (77.5)	-0.00 (91.9)
	WithGrace $\times$ Secondary $\times$ rd 4	0.073 (0.26)	0.14 (20.4)	0.13 (18.9)	0.10 (29.0)	0.11 (28.9)	0.07 (47.1)	0.09 (38.9)
	Unfront $\times$ Secondary $\times$ rd 4	0.109 (0.31)	-0.11 (37.9)	-0.11 (32.6)	-0.04 (68.7)	-0.06 (52.8)	-0.03 (75.6)	-0.06 (53.2)
	InKind $\times$ Secondary $\times$ rd 4	0.037 (0.19)	-0.05 (67.3)	-0.03 (82.6)	-0.03 (79.7)	-0.04 (75.2)	-0.01 (90.1)	-0.02 (85.0)
	WithGrace × College × rd 4	0.026 (0.16)	-0.20 (15.7)	-0.14 (24.2)	-0.20 (6.6)	-0.14 (23.2)	-0.18 (8.0)	-0.12 (27.5)
	Upfront $\times$ College $\times$ rd 4	0.044 (0.21)	-0.10 (57.5)	-0.14 (34.5)	-0.03 (84.5)	-0.11 (44.0)	-0.02 (85.7)	-0.11 (43.0)
	InKind × College × rd 4	0.011 (0.10)	0.14 (23.1)	0.14 (13.2)	0.15 (14.4)	0.15 (16.9)	0.15 (9.8)	0.16 (9.5)
	Female × rd 4	0.131 (0.34)	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	-0.07 (0.5)	-0.06 (1.8)
	WithGrace × Female × rd 4	0.064 (0.24)	-0.14 (10.2)	-0.12 (13.3)	-0.15 (3.2)	-0.14 (3.9)	-0.16 (1.7)	-0.15 (2.9)
	Upfront $\times$ Female $\times$ rd 4	0.102 (0.30)	0.08 (25.6)	0.12 (12.1)	0.15 (1.1)	0.14 (3.3)	0.16 (0.3)	0.15 (1.3)
	InKind × Female × rd 4	0.030 (0.17)	0.06 (51.5)	0.09 (30.6)	0.10 (20.4)	0.09 (21.8)	0.10 (17.3)	0.09 (18.2)
Wi	thGrace $\times$ Secondary $\times$ Female $\times$ rd	40.035 (0.18)	-0.12 (57.9)	-0.20 (31.1)	-0.11 (55.8)	-0.13 (45.0)	-0.10 (58.3)	-0.10 (54.1)
U	$Ipfront \times Secondarv \times Female \times rd$	0.052 (0.22)	0.22 (33.7)	0.11 (56.6)	0.05 (80.5)	0.11 (50.1)	0.02 (90.6)	0.07 (66.2)
I	nKind $\times$ Secondary $\times$ Female $\times$ rd 4		0.17 (42.1)	0.21 (25.3)	0.17 (36.6)	0.05 (75.5)	0.16 (36.8)	0.05 (76.7)
V	VithGrace × College × Female × rd	0.010 (0.10)	0.23 (34.6)	0.21 (36.7)	0.04 (88.1)	0.14 (57.9)	0.10 (66.1)	0.21 (41.7)
	Upfront $\times$ College $\times$ Female $\times$ rd 4	0.021 (0.14)	0.14 (66.7)	0.06 (80.5)	0.05 (83.9)	-0.20 (49.7)	-0.01 (96.2)	-0.25 (37.9)
	InKind × College × Female × rd 4	0.004 (0.06)	-0.34 (30.4)	-0.28 (34.6)	-0.23 (44.0)	-0.14 (62.1)	-0.21 (47.9)	-0.12 (67.8)
	Secondary $\times$ Female $\times$ rd 4	0.067 (0.25)	(2 01.1)	(2 110)	(1111)	(==:=)	-0.01 (88.6)	0.02 (78.2)
	College × Female × rd 4	0.029 (0.17)					0.14 (15.6)	0.15 (17.0)
	EldestSon	0.267 (0.44)				0.01 (80.4)	( )	0.04 (23.2)
	EldestDaughter	0.188 (0.39)				0.03 (30.8)		0.01 (77.7)
	Flood in round 1	0.464 (0.50)				-0.05 (4.1)		-0.05 (3.2)
	Head literate()	0.108 (0.31)				0.06 (2.2)		0.06 (2.3)
	Head age0	39.153 (7.38)				-0.00 (17.9)		-0.00 (18.8)
	Enrolled0	0.760 (0.43)		0.28 (0.0)	0.32 (0.0)	0.30 (0.0)	0.31 (0.0)	0.29 (0.0)
	ChildAgeOrderAtRd1	1.826 (0.98)		(5.0)	(3.0)	0.02 (28.3)	(0)	0.02 (25.9)
	Household size0	4.974 (1.15)				-0.01 (34.3)		-0.01 (41.1)
	mean of dependent variable $T = 2$	(2.20)	0.88 89	0.88 89	0.88 89	0.88 75	0.88 89	0.88
	T = 3 $T = 4$		135 539	135 539	135 539	126 500	135 539	126 500
	$ar{R}^2 N$	1841	0.021 1976	0.16 1976	0.232 1976	0.216 1841	0.24 1976	0.222 1841

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodlnRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. Secondary and College are indicator variables of secondary schooling (ages 13-15) and tertiary schooling (ages 16-18), both at the time of baseline. Default category is primary (ages 05-12). rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Interaction terms of dummy variables are demeaned before interacting. The first column gives mean and standard deviation (in parenthesises) of each covariates before demeaning.

# III.3 Incomes

Income sources are mainly labour incomes (lab) and farm revenues (far) with 849 and 53 observations at baseline, respectively.

TABLE 26: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF HOUSEHOLD LABOUR INCOMES AND FARM INCOMES

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercept)	mean/std	3467.90	4762.90	-51324.87	-51013.61	-51278.10	-51095.75
(intercept)		(60.8)	(47.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Large	0.278 (0.45)	1539.79 (85.9)	1116.21 (89.6)	-1820.99 (81.5)	-1318.49 (86.5)	-1407.42 (85.6)	-1307.09 (86.6)
LargeGrace	0.248 (0.43)	-1101.37 $(90.5)$	-5851.84 (47.9)	-4626.75 (46.3)	-4714.40 (43.0)	-4629.61 (45.6)	-4708.50 (43.1)
Cattle	0.254 (0.44)	-5460.61 (52.5)	-6390.44 (44.8)	-5023.86 (47.9)	-4787.67 (49.2)	-5212.95 (46.3)	-4821.08 (48.9)
HadCattle	0.182 (0.39)				-9054.34 (1.0)		-7309.60 (23.8)
HadCattle	0.182 (0.39)				-9054.34 (1.0)		-7309.60 (23.8)
HadCattle × Large	0.062 (0.24)				2669.83 (80.4)		2761.13 (79.8)
HadCattle × LargeGrace	0.041 (0.20)				-2179.16 (82.5)		-2144.35 (82.8)
$HadCattle \times Cattle$	0.042 (0.20)				10936.21 (34.2)		10778.70 (34.9)
Flood in round 1	0.488 (0.50)			7167.72 (14.2)	7135.10 (14.7)	7211.68 (14.1)	7156.90 (14.5)
Head literate0	0.113 (0.32)			-6975.05 (19.6)	-6274.69 (22.0)	-6200.28 (24.5)	-6257.83 (22.2)
TotalHHLabourIncome0	2397.862 (172385.37)		0.11 (0.0)	0.09 (0.0)	0.09 (0.0)	0.09 (0.0)	0.09 (0.0)
Household size0	4.405 (1.53)			12198.30 (0.0)	12450.26 (0.0)	12462.50 (0.0)	12467.29 (0.0)
Number of cattle0	0.250 (0.60)					-5537.82 (2.4)	-1284.88 (74.2)
mean of dependent variable $\bar{R}^2$		2233 0	2233 0.051	2233 0.106	2233 0.107	2233 0.107	2233 0.107
N	2557	2566	2566	2557	2557	2557	2557

### B. Farm incomes

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)
(Intercept)	,	-2300.56 (24.0)	-4771.71 (9.1)	-33850.03 (11.4)
Large	0.468 (0.50)	2324.78 (53.5)	4927.78 (13.4)	2351.52 (53.7)
LargeGrace	0.273 (0.45)	27687.83 (18.1)	24706.80 (12.1)	23323.79 (7.9)
Flood in round 1	0.532 (0.50)			11079.15 (18.0)
Head literate0	0.156 (0.37)			-6527.84 $(48.5)$
TotalRevenue()	2668.874 (15293.24)		0.77 (0.9)	0.51 (7.0)
Household size0	5.013 (1.41)			5280.49 (18.7)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		6338 30	6338 30	6338 30
T = 3 $T = 4$		22 1	22 1	22 1
$ar{R}^2 N$	77	0.042 77	0.098 77	0.102 77

Source: Estimated with GUK administrative and survey data.

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Labour incomes are in 1000 Tk units and are a sum of all earned labour incomes of household members. Farm revenues are in 1000 Tk units and are a total of agricultural produce sales.

TABLE 27: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF HOUSEHOLD LABOUR INCOMES AND FARM INCOMES BY ATTRIBUTES

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercept)		3296.95 (62.9)	5566.63 (40.6)	-50592.91 $(0.0)$	-49837.24 $(0.0)$	-50372.76 $(0.0)$	-49948.55 (0.0)
Upfront	0.779 (0.41)	2991.60 (68.6)	2525.93 (72.7)	-569.19 (93.2)	-340.56 (96.0)	-296.37 (96.5)	-316.47 (96.3)
WithGrace	0.502 (0.50)	-2482.13 (75.7)	-6193.09 (38.9)	-2168.17 (72.8)	-2687.66 (65.9)	-2552.34 (67.6)	-2699.26 (65.7)
InKind	0.254 (0.44)	-3902.13 (62.7)	-723.33 (92.0)	-579.10 (92.1)	-351.37 (95.0)	-769.36 (89.3)	-393.11 (94.4)
HadCattle	0.182 (0.39)				-8606.65 (1.0)		-6435.88 (30.6)
UltraPoor	0.621 (0.49)	-2441.68 (61.6)	-3963.23 (37.9)	-3069.32 (45.8)	-3171.66 (44.6)	-3113.92 (45.9)	-3173.01 (44.7)
$Upfront \times UltraPoor$	0.518 (0.50)	19386.78 (21.2)	18855.00 (21.2)	16329.03 (24.4)	14183.34 (30.3)	14975.68 (28.1)	14288.87 (30.1)
WithGrace × UltraPoor	0.343 (0.47)	-7082.33 (62.3)	-13043.29 (29.8)	-9797.20 (43.5)	-10395.99 (41.4)	-9766.32 (44.4)	-10355.81 (41.6)
$InKind \times UltraPoor$	0.167 (0.37)	-9261.96 (46.9)	-2704.97 (81.0)	-2382.29 (82.9)	-1145.05 (92.0)	-2207.01 (84.6)	-1241.30 (91.3)
HadCattle	0.182 (0.39)				-8606.65 (1.0)		-6435.88 (30.6)
HadCattle × Upfront	0.145 (0.35)				471.95 (96.3)		562.32 (95.6)
HadCattle × WithGrace	0.083 (0.28)				-5993.99 (49.6)		-6059.49 (49.5)
HadCattle × InKind	0.042 (0.20)				13409.74 (14.5)		13162.46 (15.9)
Flood in round 1	0.488 (0.50)			7757.33 (12.9)	7620.92 (13.6)	7745.48 (13.0)	7651.21 (13.4)
Head literate0	0.113 (0.32)			-6741.44 (18.2)	-6085.01 (20.8)	-6077.66 (22.7)	-6062.64 (21.1)
TotalHHLabourIncome()	2397.862 (172385.37)		0.11 (0.0)	0.09 (0.0)	0.09 (0.0)	0.09 (0.0)	0.09 (0.0)
Household size0	4.405 (1.53)			12058.32 (0.0)	12281.43 (0.0)	12314.49 (0.0)	12301.70 (0.0)
Number of cattle0	0.250 (0.60)					-5271.19 (2.5)	-1593.44 (69.3)
mean of dependent variable $\bar{R}^2$		2233 0.001	2233 0.053	2233 0.106	2233 0.107	2233 0.108	2233 0.107
N	2557	2566	2566	2557	2557	2557	2557

#### B. Farm incomes

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)
(Intercept)		3683.94 (26.3)	-11409.33 (25.4)	-42940.88 (11.2)
Unfront	0.922 (0.27)	-3659.72 (42.6)	11573.77 (25.6)	10386.47 (32.7)
WithGrace	0.455 (0.50)	25363.06 (22.6)	19424.19 (19.4)	20090.77 (13.0)
InKind	0.182 (0.39)	-30252.62 (14.6)	-21739.98 (14.3)	-19464.51 (10.2)
Flood in round 1	0.532 (0.50)			9792.53 (21.9)
Head literate()	0.156 (0.37)			-6265.76 (51.1)
TotalRevenue0	2668.874 (15293.24)		0.82 (0.6)	0.59 (3.4)
Household size()	5.013 (1.41)			5645.29 (17.8)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		6338 30	6338 30	6338 30
T = 3 $T = 4$		22 1	22 1	22 1
$ar{R}^2 N$	77	0.031 77	0.087 77	0.092 77

Source: Estimated with GUK administrative and survey data.

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. Labour incomes are in 1000 Tk units and are a sum of all earned labour incomes of household members. Farm revenues are in 4000 Tk units and are a total of agricultural produce sales.

Table 28: ANCOVA estimation of household labour incomes and farm incomes by period

Edecar incomes							
covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercept)		-8816.85 (11.6)	-7430.78 (18.0)	-62547.07 (0.0)	-62677.75 (0.0)	-62495.27 (0.0)	-62763.21 (0.0)
Large	0.278 (0.45)	57.86 (99.4)	-423.32 (95.3)	-4123.79 (52.0)	-3650.26 (57.1)	-3671.96 (56.8)	-3644.75 (57.2)
LargeGrace	0.248 (0.43)	-1640.12 (83.4)	-6062.81 (39.3)	-5711.80 (28.6)	-5623.68 (27.4)	-5680.42 (28.2)	-5618.50 (27.5)
Cattle	0.254 (0.44)	-2639.37 (72.4)	-3736.48 (60.2)	-3779.51 (52.0)	-3437.02 (55.7)	-3936.97 (50.8)	-3470.55 (55.3)
HadCattle	0.182 (0.39)				-6243.86 (4.3)		-4304.91 (46.2)
rd 3	0.343 (0.47)	12756.19 (0.0)	12656.12 (0.0)	12527.04 (0.0)	12455.94 (0.0)	12511.17 (0.0)	12453.48 (0.0)
Large $\times$ rd 3	0.094 (0.29)	-5829.95 (35.6)	-5631.78 (36.7)	-3203.30 (57.7)	-3356.01 (56.7)	-3365.26 (55.8)	-3349.47 (56.8)
LargeGrace × rd 3	0.085 (0.28)	936.02 (88.8)	238.98 (97.1)	2477.92 (67.3)	2021.13 (72.8)	2397.09 (68.2)	2021.63 (72.8)
Cattle $\times$ rd 3	0.086 (0.28)	-8803.54 (27.0)	-8036.22 (29.7)	-4730.16 (49.8)	-4955.94 (47.6)	-4659.65 (50.2)	-4955.97 (47.6)
rd 4	0.326 (0.47)	23425.62 (0.0)	23178.45 (0.0)	23358.08 (0.0)	23196.86 (0.0)	23281.62 (0.0)	23187.90 (0.0)
Large × rd 4	0.095 (0.29)	10206.37 (43.8)	10316.22 (43.3)	12236.73 (34.5)	12423.59 (34.8)	12155.38 (34.6)	12455.76 (34.6)
LargeGrace × rd 4	0.082 (0.27)	-32.79 (99.7)	-995.65 (89.4)	1417.26 (83.7)	944.34 (88.9)	1313.79 (84.8)	951.48 (88.8)
Cattle $\times$ rd 4	0.081 (0.27)	-6838.00 (49.5)	-6698.93 (50.2)	-2219.15 (81.2)	-3239.63 (71.8)	-2454.82 (79.3)	-3267.38 (71.6)
HadCattle	0.182 (0.39)				-6243.86 (4.3)		-4304.91 (46.2)
$HadCattle \times Large$	0.062 (0.24)				7668.70 (36.6)		7737.34 (36.3)
HadCattle × LargeGrace	0.041 (0.20)				2053.10 (80.2)		2088.17 (80.0)
$HadCattle \times Cattle$	0.042 (0.20)				15462.97 (11.1)		15316.35 (11.4)
HadCattle × rd 3	0.063 (0.24)				-2822.82 (51.5)		-2835.09 (51.4)
HadCattle $\times$ Large $\times$ rd 3	0.020 (0.14)				-4048.82 (80.4)		-4027.17 (80.7)
HadCattle × LargeGrace × rd 3	0.014 (0.12)				-11496.21 (50.3)		-11499.33 (50.5)
HadCattle $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 3	0.016 (0.12)				-2998.49 (85.9)		-3021.18 (85.8)
HadCattle × rd 4	0.058 (0.23)				-12206.87 (5.0)		-12251.58 (4.9)
HadCattle $\times$ Large $\times$ rd 4	0.021 (0.14)				-17854.54 (35.9)		-17704.72 (36.1)
HadCattle × LargeGrace × rd 4	0.013 (0.11)				-8432.04 (51.9)		-8411.57 (51.9)
HadCattle $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 4	0.012 (0.11)				-21790.20 (20.4)		-21969.19 (20.5)
Flood in round 1	0.488 (0.50)			6929.81 (15.4)	6851.29 (16.1)	6972.80 (15.3)	6875.29 (15.9)
Head literate0	0.113 (0.32)			-6779.24 (21.3)	-6184.79 (22.4)	-6024.13 (26.2)	-6167.96 (22.6)
TotalHHLabourIncome()	2397.862 (172385.37)		0.11 (0.0)	0.09 (0.0)	0.09 (0.0)	0.09 (0.0)	0.09 (0.0)
Household size0	4.405 (1.53)			12181.57 (0.0)	12408.28 (0.0)	12439.85 (0.0)	12426.66 (0.0)
Number of cattle0	0.250 (0.60)					-5434.02 (2.5)	-1421.91 (71.4)
mean of dependent variable $\bar{R}^2$		2233 0.013	2233 0.065	2233 0.119	2233 0.119	2233 0.121	2233 0.118
N	2557	2566	2566	2557	2557	2557	2557

## B. Farm incomes

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)
(Intercept)		6127.53 (20.2)	12149.79 (1.2)	-22113.92 (46.9)
Large	0.468 (0.50)	-2993.33 (26.1)	-4893.71 (24.4)	-12983.69 (7.2)
LargeGrace	0.273 (0.45)	6981.60 (68.6)	3214.09 (81.2)	4910.96 (71.6)
rd 3	0.468 (0.50)	1256.59 (90.4)	-4099.95 (62.4)	2343.54 (85.3)
Large $\times$ rd 3	0.234 (0.43)	4337.50 (52.0)	23571.16 (2.0)	43554.00 (4.9)
LargeGrace × rd 3	0.130 (0.34)	<b>49</b> 932.50 (4.1)	91500.93 (1.1)	82676.16 (0.3)
rd 4	0.481 (0.50)	-2961.43 (50.9)	-11504.25 $(1.1)$	-4355.08 (36.9)

Table 29: ANCOVA estimation of household labour incomes and farm incomes by attributes and period

	4 . 1	(1)	(2)	(2)	(4)	(5)	(6)
covariates (Intercept)	mean/std	(1) -8816.85	(2) -7430.78	(3) -62547.07	(4) -62677.75	(5) -62495.27	(6) -62763.21
(Intercept)		(11.6)	(18.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Unfront	0.779 (0.41)	57.86 (99.4)	-423.32 (95.3)	-4123.79 (52.0)	-3650.26 (57.1)	-3671.96 (56.8)	-3644.75 (57.2)
WithGrace	0.502 (0.50)	-1697.98 (81.5)	-5639.49 (37.3)	-1588.01 (75.9)	-1973.43 (69.9)	-2008.46 (69.1)	-1973.76 (69.9)
InKind	0.254 (0.44)	-999.25 (89.1)	2326.34 (71.2)	1932.29 (67.7)	2186.66 (62.5)	1743.45 (70.2)	2147.95 (63.0)
HadCattle	0.182 (0.39)				-6243.86 (4.3)		-4304.91 (46.2)
rd 3	0.343 (0.47)	12756.19 (0.0)	12656.12 (0.0)	12527.04 (0.0)	12455.94 (0.0)	12511.17 (0.0)	12453.48 (0.0)
Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.266 (0.44)	-5829.95 (35.6)	-5631.78 (36.7)	-3203.30 (57.7)	-3356.01 (56.7)	-3365.26 (55.8)	-3349.47 (56.8)
WithGrace $\times$ rd 3	0.172 (0.38)	6765.97 (20.2)	5870.76 (25.0)	5681.21 (23.9)	5377.14 (26.4)	5762.35 (22.9)	5371.10 (26.5)
InKind $\times$ rd 3	0.086 (0.28)	-9739.55 (17.7)	-8275.20 (22.6)	-7208.08 (24.6)	-6977.07 (24.9)	-7056.74 (25.3)	-6977.60 (24.9)
rd 4	0.326 (0.47)	23425.62 (0.0)	23178.45 (0.0)	23358.08 (0.0)	23196.86 (0.0)	23281.62 (0.0)	23187.90 (0.0)
Upfront $\times$ rd 4	0.258 (0.44)	10206.37 (43.8)	10316.22 (43.3)	12236.73 (34.5)	12423.59 (34.8)	12155.38 (34.6)	12455.76 (34.6)
WithGrace × rd 4	0.163 (0.37)	-10239.16 (41.8)	-11311.87 (36.4)	-10819.47 (38.6)	-11479.25 (36.8)	-10841.58 (38.4)	-11504.28 (36.7)
InKind × rd 4	0.081 $(0.27)$	-6805.21 (46.4)	-5703.29 (53.0)	-3636.42 (67.2)	-4183.97 (60.8)	-3768.62 (66.2)	-4218.86 (60.6)
HadCattle	0.182 (0.39)				-6243.86 (4.3)		-4304.91 (46.2)
$HadCattle \times Upfront$	0.145 (0.35)				7668.70 (36.6)		7737.34 (36.3)
HadCattle × WithGrace	0.083 (0.28)				-5615.59 (48.3)		-5649.17 (48.3)
HadCattle × InKind	0.042 (0.20)				13409.86 (14.0)		13228.17 (14.9)
HadCattle × rd 3	0.063 (0.24)				-2822.82 (51.5)		-2835.09 (51.4)
HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 3	$0.050 \\ (0.22)$				-4048.82 (80.4)		-4027.17 $(80.7)$
HadCattle × WithGrace × rd 3	0.030 (0.17)				-7447.39 (44.3)		-7472.16 (44.1)
HadCattle $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 3	0.016 (0.12)				8497.72 (42.2)		8478.15 (42.3)
HadCattle × rd 4	0.058 (0.23)				-12206.87 (5.0)		-12251.58 (4.9)
HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 4	0.046 (0.21)				-17854.54 (35.9)		-17704.72 (36.1)
HadCattle × WithGrace × rd 4	0.025 (0.16)				9422.50 (58.7)		9293.14 (59.2)
HadCattle $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 4	0.012 (0.11)				-13358.15 (35.2)		-13557.61 (35.1)
Flood in round 1	0.488 (0.50)			6929.81 (15.4)	6851.29 (16.1)	6972.80 (15.3)	6875.29 (15.9)
Head literate0	0.113 (0.32)			-6779.24 (21.3)	-6184.79 (22.4)	-6024.13 (26.2)	-6167.96 (22.6)
TotalHHLabourIncome0	2397.862 (172385.37)		0.11 (0.0)	0.09 (0.0)	0.09 (0.0)	0.09 (0.0)	0.09 (0.0)
Household size0	4.405 (1.53)			12181.57 (0.0)	12408.28 (0.0)	12439.85 (0.0)	12426.66 (0.0)
Number of cattle0	0.250 (0.60)					-5434.02 (2.5)	-1421.91 (71.4)
mean of dependent variable $\bar{R}^2$		2233 0.013	2233 0.065	2233 0.119	2233 0.119	2233 0.121	2233 0.118
N	2557	2566	2566	2557	2557	2557	2557

## B. Farm incomes

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)
(Intercept)		5780.95 (47.5)	-7373.91 (58.0)	-54279.46 (25.5)
Unfront	0.922	-2973.40	13333.59	14697.92
	(0.27)	(52.0)	(26.1)	(29.1)
WithGrace	0.455	9974.93	8002.21	17722.59
	(0.50)	(57.0)	(55.4)	(33.9)
InKind	0.182	-8911.22	-1330.02	-2374.63
	(0.39)	(61.0)	(91.9)	(85.0)
rd 3	0.468	1927.82	-1913.28	6486.76
	(0.50)	<b>50</b> 85.7)	(82.5)	(65.4)
Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.442	-16156.25	-846.50	-2463.13
	(0.50)	(7.3)	(92.9)	(76.0)
WithGrace v rd 3	0.208	70505.00	67270.05	37061 73

# III.4 Consumption

Consumption is observed in rd 2-4. There are 1386 observations.

TABLE 30: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF CONSUMPTION

		Per capi	ta consumption	on (Tk)	Total consumption (Tk)		
covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercept)		2753.7 (0.0)	2076.9 (0.0)	3266.6 (0.0)	10918.6 (0.0)	5370.2 (0.0)	3496.7 (0.0)
Large	0.273 (0.45)	47.6 (48.4)	68.9 (27.9)	102.4 (10.2)	671.7 (14.4)	544.3 (8.6)	361.6 (16.0)
LargeGrace	0.244 (0.43)	23.5 (71.2)	14.0 (80.2)	33.9 (59.7)	313.0 (55.2)	49.0 (87.3)	99.4 (68.6)
Cattle	0.261 (0.44)	55.5 (35.0)	74.7 (17.4)	42.4 (45.7)	85.9 (82.5)	348.7 (20.6)	195.7 (41.0)
Flood in round 1	0.489 (0.50)			-48.9 (21.0)			34.6 (83.8)
Head literate()	0.117 (0.32)			118.9 (1.7)			571.1 (2.7)
PCExpenditure0	2212.703 (653.86)		0.3 (0.0)	0.1 (0.1)			
Household size()	4.354 (1.47)			-188.1 (0.0)			1175.5 (0.0)
TotalExpenditure0	9208.982 (3172.47)					0.6 (0.0)	0.3 (0.0)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		2787 50	2787 50	2787 50	11201 50	11201 50	11201 50
T = 3		$668 \\ -0.001$	668 0.069	665 0.201	668 0.004	668 0.327	665 0.483
N	77	1386	1386	1380	1386	1386	1380

Source: Estimated with GUK administrative and survey data of round 2 - 4.

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Consumption is annualised values.

Table 31: ANCOVA estimation of consumption by attributes

		Per capi	ta consumpti	on (Tk)	Total consumption (Tk)		
covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercept)		2753.7 (0.0)	2076.9 (0.0)	3266.6 (0.0)	10918.6 (0.0)	5370.2 (0.0)	3496.7 (0.0)
Unfront	0.778 (0.42)	47.6 (48.4)	68.9 (27.9)	102.4 (10.2)	671.7 (14.4)	544.3 (8.6)	361.6 (16.0)
WithGrace	0.505 (0.50)	-24.1 (74.4)	-54.9 (40.9)	-68.6 (26.7)	-358.7 (50.5)	-495.3 (14.0)	-262.2 (36.5)
InKind	0.261 (0.44)	32.0 (62.8)	60.6 (29.6)	8.5 (87.9)	-227.2 (63.6)	299.7 (32.5)	96.4 (72.1)
Flood in round 1	0.489 (0.50)			-48.9 (21.0)			34.6 (83.8)
Head literate()	0.117 (0.32)			118.9 (1.7)			571.1 (2.7)
PCExpenditure0	2212.703 (653.86)		0.3 (0.0)	0.1 (0.1)			
Household size0	4.354 (1.47)			-188.1 (0.0)			1175.5 (0.0)
TotalExpenditure0	9208.982 (3172.47)					0.6 (0.0)	0.3 (0.0)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		2787 50	2787 50	2787 50	11201 50	11201 50	11201 50
T = 3		668 - 0.001	668 0.069	665 0.201	668 0.004	668 0.327	665 0.483
N	77	1386	1386	1380	1386	1386	1380

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. Consumption is annualised values.

TABLE 32: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF CONSUMPTION BY PERIOD

		Per capi	ta consumption	on (Tk)	Total	Total consumption (Tk)		
covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
(Intercept)		2707.8 (0.0)	2032.5 (0.0)	3219.3 (0.0)	10909.2 (0.0)	5376.4 (0.0)	3492.3 (0.0)	
Large	0.273 (0.45)	38.8 (61.4)	61.1 (39.5)	94.3 (19.7)	665.8 (18.0)	533.7 (13.4)	342.7 (25.0)	
LargeGrace	0.244 (0.43)	7.7 (92.0)	-0.3 (99.6)	20.6 (79.4)	303.9 (59.8)	25.5 (94.3)	64.6 (83.0)	
Cattle	0.261 (0.44)	70.5 (31.1)	93.0 (15.2)	57.6 (39.0)	196.5 (64.7)	447.4 (15.5)	267.7 (33.8)	
rd 4	0.493 (0.50)	97.3 (2.2)	91.9 (3.3)	101.5 (1.7)	-34.1 (83.5)	-47.9 (77.0)	5.2 (97.4)	
Large × rd 4	0.001 (0.24)	30.8 (77.9)	24.1 (82.2)	25.8 (81.0)	7.3 (98.7)	46.2 (91.8)	97.4 (82.8)	
LargeGrace × rd 4	0.001 (0.23)	68.4 (61.0)	60.0 (65.1)	52.5 (69.1)	24.7 (96.0)	116.4 (81.3)	181.2 (71.0)	
Cattle × rd 4	-0.002 (0.23)	-100.5 (36.7)	-121.6 (26.5)	-103.0 (33.2)	-679.4 (13.9)	-600.5 (18.9)	-435.6 (30.6)	
Flood in round 1	0.489 (0.50)			-49.8 (20.2)			33.5 (84.4)	
Head literate()	0.117 (0.32)			118.5 (1.7)			566.1 (2.8)	
PCExpenditure0	2212.703 (653.86)		0.3 (0.0)	0.1 (0.2)				
Household size0	4.354 (1.47)			-188.2 (0.0)			1173.9 (0.0)	
TotalExpenditure0	9208.982 (3172.47)					0.6 (0.0)	0.3 (0.0)	
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		2787 50	2787 50	2787 50	11201 50	11201 50	11201 50	
T = 3		668 0.002	668 0.072	665 0.205	668 0.003	668 0.327	665 0.483	
N	77	1386	1386	1380	1386	1386	1380	

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Consumption is annualised values.

TABLE 33: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF CONSUMPTION BY ATTRIBUTES AND PERIOD

		Per capi	ta consumption	on (Tk)	Total consumption (Tk)			
covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
(Intercept)		2707.8 (0.0)	2032.5 (0.0)	3219.3 (0.0)	10909.2 (0.0)	5376.4 (0.0)	3492.3 (0.0)	
Unfront	0.778 (0.42)	38.8 (61.4)	61.1 (39.5)	94.3 (19.7)	665.8 (18.0)	533.7 (13.4)	342.7 (25.0)	
WithGrace	0.505 (0.50)	-31.0 (71.7)	-61.5 (43.4)	-73.7 (33.9)	-361.9 (53.8)	-508.1 (18.5)	-278.1 (41.0)	
InKind	0.261 (0.44)	62.7 (42.7)	93.4 (19.5)	37.0 (60.4)	-107.4 (84.0)	421.9 (23.2)	203.1 (52.6)	
rd 4	0.493 (0.50)	97.3 (2.2)	91.9 (3.3)	101.5 (1.7)	-34.1 (83.5)	-47.9 (77.0)	5.2 (97.4)	
Unfront × rd 4	0.001 (0.22)	30.8 (77.9)	24.1 (82.2)	25.8 (81.0)	7.3 (98.7)	46.2 (91.8)	97.4 (82.8)	
WithGrace × rd 4	-0.001 (0.26)	37.6 (77.0)	35.9 (78.1)	26.7 (83.6)	17.4 (97.0)	70.3 (88.0)	83.8 (85.7)	
InKind × rd 4	-0.002 (0.23)	-168.9 (19.4)	-181.6 (16.6)	-155.5 (22.5)	-704.1 (14.2)	-716.9 (13.2)	-616.8 (16.6)	
Flood in round 1	0.489 (0.50)			-49.8 (20.2)			33.5 (84.4)	
Head literate0	0.117 (0.32)			118.5 (1.7)			566.1 (2.8)	
PCExpenditure0	2212.703 (653.86)		0.3 (0.0)	0.1 (0.2)				
Household size0	4.354 (1.47)			-188.2 (0.0)			1173.9 (0.0)	
TotalExpenditure0	9208.982 (3172.47)					0.6 (0.0)	0.3 (0.0)	
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		2787 50	2787 50	2787 50	11201 50	11201 50	11201 50	
T = 3		668 0.002	668 0.072	665 0.205	668 0.003	668 0.327	665 0.483	
N	77	1386	1386	1380	1386	1386	1380	

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. Consumption is annualised values.

2. P values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level.

Consumption is observed in rd 2-4. There are 1386 observations.

TABLE 34: OLS ESTIMATION OF CONSUMPTION

		Per capi	ta consumption	on (Tk)	Total consumption (Tk)		
covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercept)		2595.0 (0.0)	3569.6 (0.0)	2228.6 (0.0)	10325.9 (0.0)	4298.3 (0.0)	2513.9 (0.0)
Large	0.283 (0.45)	-11.0 (86.5)	44.1 (48.0)	59.0 (17.7)	337.8 (37.7)	14.0 (95.6)	81.2 (58.8)
LargeGrace	0.255 (0.44)	5.2 (92.8)	36.1 (59.1)	6.7 (87.2)	397.4 (37.5)	193.2 (48.4)	-14.1 (92.7)
Cattle	0.265 (0.44)	-29.0 (63.2)	2.5 (96.6)	15.0 (68.6)	133.3 (70.4)	-82.4 (71.0)	60.7 (65.0)
Flood in round 1	0.480 (0.50)		-42.4 (20.3)	-28.1 (25.9)		26.0 (85.1)	100.6 (22.0)
Head literate()	0.119 (0.32)		-10.7 (72.6)	21.8 (40.4)		142.7 (34.4)	226.9 (2.5)
Household size0	4.403 (1.50)		-224.0 (0.0)	-140.3 (0.0)		1408.6 (0.0)	685.6 (0.0)
PCExpenditure0	2192.380 (632.03)			0.4 (0.0)			
TotalExpenditure0	9221.300 (3107.21)						0.5 (0.0)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		2586 28	2586 28	2586 28	10558 28	10558 28	10558 28
T = 3 $T = 4$		96 1277	96 1274	96 1274	96 1277	96 1274	96 1274
$ar{R}^2 N$	77	0 4051	0.185 4042	0.284 4042	0.001 4051	0.385 4042	0.518 4042

Source: Estimated with GUK administrative and survey data of round 2 - 4.

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Consumption is annualised values.

Table 35: OLS estimation of consumption by attributes

		Per capi	ta consumption	on (Tk)	Total consumption (Tk)			
covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
(Intercept)		2595.0 (0.0)	3569.6 (0.0)	2228.6 (0.0)	10325.9 (0.0)	4298.3 (0.0)	2513.9 (0.0)	
Unfront	0.803 (0.40)	-11.0 (86.5)	44.1 (48.0)	59.0 (17.7)	337.8 (37.7)	14.0 (95.6)	81.2 (58.8)	
WithGrace	0.520 (0.50)	16.2 (79.4)	-8.1 (90.6)	-52.3 (21.1)	59.6 (89.2)	179.2 (56.6)	-95.3 (55.2)	
InKind	0.265 (0.44)	-34.2 (55.3)	-33.6 (59.8)	8.3 (81.4)	-264.1 (52.2)	-275.6 (33.0)	74.8 (60.3)	
Flood in round 1	0.480 (0.50)		-42.4 (20.3)	-28.1 (25.9)		26.0 (85.1)	100.6 (22.0)	
Head literate0	0.119 (0.32)		-10.7 (72.6)	21.8 (40.4)		142.7 (34.4)	226.9 (2.5)	
Household size0	4.403 (1.50)		-224.0 (0.0)	-140.3 (0.0)		1408.6 (0.0)	685.6 (0.0)	
PCExpenditure0	2192.380 (632.03)			0.4 (0.0)				
TotalExpenditure0	9221.300 (3107.21)						0.5 (0.0)	
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		2586 28	2586 28	2586 28	10558 28	10558 28	10558 28	
T = 3 $T = 4$		96 1277	96 1274	96 1274	96 1277	96 1274	96 1274	
$rac{ar{R}^2}{N}$	77	0 4051	0.185 4042	0.284 4042	0.001 4051	0.385 4042	0.518 4042	

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. Consumption is annualised values.

TABLE 36: OLS ESTIMATION OF CONSUMPTION BY PERIOD

		Per capi	ta consumption	on (Tk)	Total consumption (Tk)		
covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercept)		2202.0 (0.0)	3179.3 (0.0)	1858.4 (0.0)	8984.1 (0.0)	2955.7 (0.0)	1204.3 (0.0)
Large	0.283 (0.45)	-24.8 (70.7)	30.0 (63.3)	44.6 (31.2)	293.2 (43.8)	-28.5 (90.9)	38.3 (79.8)
LargeGrace	0.255 (0.44)	-9.2 (87.7)	21.2 (75.6)	-8.0 (85.2)	350.0 (43.3)	147.7 (59.4)	-57.8 (70.8)
Cattle	0.265 (0.44)	-36.6 (54.8)	-5.6 (92.3)	6.6 (86.2)	105.4 (76.1)	-108.1 (62.1)	33.6 (80.5)
rd 3	0.340 (0.47)	558.1 (0.0)	552.3 (0.0)	546.5 (0.0)	2077.7 (0.0)	2071.6 (0.0)	2046.6 (0.0)
Large × rd 3	-0.001 (0.21)	131.6 (22.6)	122.9 (25.6)	113.9 (28.7)	389.1 (35.3)	431.3 (30.2)	400.3 (33.4)
LargeGrace × rd 3	-0.001 (0.21)	-80.0 (42.4)	-81.7 (41.3)	-85.3 (38.5)	-367.4 (33.3)	-360.1 (34.3)	-363.1 (33.3)
Cattle $\times$ rd 3	0.000 (0.21)	170.7 (8.1)	142.7 (14.5)	135.0 (16.4)	740.4 (7.6)	774.6 (6.1)	750.0 (6.9)
rd 4	0.322 (0.47)	660.0 (0.0)	659.0 (0.0)	653.9 (0.0)	2075.6 (0.0)	2080.1 (0.0)	2050.7 (0.0)
Large × rd 4	0.003 (0.21)	124.3 (18.2)	104.1 (24.2)	88.5 (30.9)	1.6 (99.6)	134.6 (67.6)	101.5 (75.7)
LargeGrace × rd 4	0.003 (0.20)	-18.3 (84.1)	-33.6 (70.1)	-45.4 (59.5)	-432.2 (21.0)	-330.3 (33.4)	-340.5 (32.6)
Cattle $\times$ rd 4	-0.001 (0.21)	12.7 (87.4)	-22.7 (76.6)	-42.9 (57.2)	-220.7 (47.7)	-31.9 (91.7)	-91.9 (76.9)
Flood in round 1	0.480 (0.50)		-43.5 (18.9)	-29.4 (23.6)		23.1 (86.8)	97.0 (24.3)
Head literate0	0.119 (0.32)		-9.2 (76.4)	22.8 (38.4)		146.8 (33.0)	229.8 (2.4)
Household size0	4.403 (1.50)		-223.9 (0.0)	-141.3 (0.0)		1408.7 (0.0)	691.5 (0.0)
PCExpenditure()	2192.380 (632.03)			0.4 (0.0)			
TotalExpenditure0	9221.300 (3107.21)						0.5 (0.0)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		2586 28	2586 28	2586 28	10558 28	10558 28	10558 28
T = 3 $T = 4$		96 1277	96 1274	96 1274	96 1277	96 1274	96 1274
$ar{R}^2 N$	77	0.137 4051	0.324 4042	0.421 4042	0.086 4051	0.47 4042	0.601 4042

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Consumption is annualised values.

TABLE 37: OLS ESTIMATION OF CONSUMPTION BY ATTRIBUTES AND PERIOD

		Per cap	ita consumption	on (Tk)	Total consumption (Tk)		
covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercept)		2202.0 (0.0)	3179.3 (0.0)	1858.4 (0.0)	8984.1 (0.0)	2955.7 (0.0)	1204.3 (0.0)
Unfront	0.803 (0.40)	-24.8 (70.7)	30.0 (63.3)	44.6 (31.2)	293.2 (43.8)	-28.5 (90.9)	38.3 (79.8)
WithGrace	0.520 (0.50)	15.6 (80.4)	-8.9 (89.8)	-52.6 (21.4)	56.9 (89.7)	176.2 (57.6)	-96.1 (55.2)
InKind	0.265 (0.44)	-27.3 (63.4)	-26.8 (67.5)	14.5 (68.7)	-244.7 (55.5)	-255.7 (36.9)	91.5 (53.8)
rd 3	0.340 (0.47)	558.1 (0.0)	552.3 (0.0)	546.5 (0.0)	2077.7 (0.0)	2071.6 (0.0)	2046.6 (0.0)
Unfront × rd 3	-0.002 (0.19)	131.6 (22.6)	122.9 (25.6)	113.9 (28.7)	389.1 (35.3)	431.3 (30.2)	400.3 (33.4)
WithGrace $\times$ rd 3	-0.000 (0.24)	-211.5 (5.0)	-204.6 (5.8)	-199.2 (6.0)	-756.4 (6.5)	-791.5 (5.5)	-763.5 (6.1)
InKind × rd 3	0.000 (0.21)	250.6 (1.0)	224.4 (2.1)	220.3 (2.2)	1107.7 (0.7)	1134.8 (0.5)	1113.1 (0.6)
rd 4	0.322 (0.47)	660.0 (0.0)	659.0 (0.0)	653.9 (0.0)	2075.6 (0.0)	2080.1 (0.0)	2050.7 (0.0)
Unfront $\times$ rd 4	0.004 (0.18)	124.3 (18.2)	104.1 (24.2)	88.5 (30.9)	1.6 (99.6)	134.6 (67.6)	101.5 (75.7)
WithGrace × rd 4	0.001 (0.23)	-142.6 (13.4)	-137.7 (14.7)	-133.9 (15.5)	-433.8 (22.4)	-464.9 (19.2)	-441.9 (21.3)
InKind × rd 4	-0.001 (0.21)	31.0 (70.7)	10.9 (89.6)	2.6 (97.6)	211.5 (53.9)	298.4 (38.2)	248.6 (46.5)
Flood in round 1	0.480 (0.50)		-43.5 (18.9)	-29.4 (23.6)		23.1 (86.8)	97.0 (24.3)
Head literate0	0.119 (0.32)		-9.2 (76.4)	22.8 (38.4)		146.8 (33.0)	229.8 (2.4)
Household size0	4.403 (1.50)		-223.9 (0.0)	-141.3 (0.0)		1408.7 (0.0)	691.5 (0.0)
PCExpenditure()	2192.380 (632.03)			0.4 (0.0)			
TotalExpenditure0	9221.300 (3107.21)						0.5 (0.0)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		2586 28	2586 28	2586 28	10558 28	10558 28	10558 28
T = 3 $T = 4$		96 1277	96 1274	96 1274	96 1277	96 1274	96 1274
$ar{R}^2 N$	77	0.137 4051	0.324 4042	0.421 4042	0.086 4051	0.47 4042	0.601 4042

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. Consumption is annualised values.

### III.5 Assets

### III.5.1 Homestead land

Nonzero reported residential land holding among 800 (776) HHs. Around 40-50% of respondents report nonzero residential land holding.

	Arm	survey	NonZero
	<fctr></fctr>	<num></num>	<num></num>
1:	traditional	1	0.470588
2:	traditional	2	0.517647
3:	traditional	3	0.552941
4:	traditional	4	0.552941
5:	large	1	0.467836
6:	large	2	0.491228
7:	large	3	0.514620

<sup>2.</sup> P values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level.

```
8:
                         0.508772
                         0.479042
   large grace
                        0.508982
10: large grace
11: large grace
          grace
13:
         cattle
14:
         cattle
                         0.450980
15:
         cattle
                       3
                        0.470588
         cattle
                       4 0.470588
16:
```

HHs reporting zero residential land holding are, except for the traditional arm, substantially poorer than HHs who report nonzero residential land holding.

	Arm	ZeroLandHolding	MeanNetValue
	<fctr></fctr>	<1gcl>	<num></num>
1:	traditional	FALSE	11259.46
2:	traditional	TRUE	10612.93
3:	large	FALSE	22738.46
4:	large	TRUE	17915.93
5:	large grace	FALSE	15707.96
6:	large grace	TRUE	9539.76
7:	cattle	FALSE	15232.56
8:	cattle	TRUE	9659.07

Abu-san's email on Jan 30, 2020 I checked the questionnaire and found that from round 2, land-holding information has been included in the asset information, which made the asset data inflated from round 2. Since landholding is something that is time-invariant for the ultra-poor households, either we can add the landholding information in round 1 or create an asset holding information deleting the landholding information from round 2 onwards, to make the valid comparison. ⇒ This is done and saved as AmountFilled.

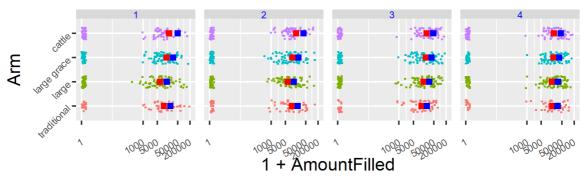
Arm traditional large large grace cattle

FIGURE 7: HOMESTEAD LAND HOLDING OF LOAN RECIPIENTS

Source: Survey data.

Note: Loan recipients only.

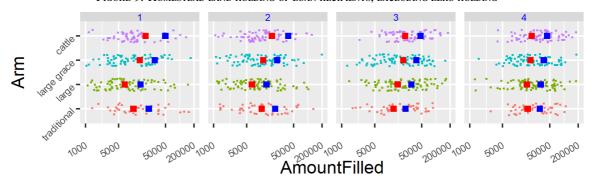
FIGURE 8: HOMESTEAD LAND HOLDING OF LOAN RECIPIENTS, INCLUDING ZERO HOLDING



Source: Survey data.

Note: Log of 1+land holding is displayed on horizontal axises. Red squares are means including zero holding for respective Arm-round. Blue squares are means excluding zero holding for respective Arm-round. Loan recipients only.

FIGURE 9: HOMESTEAD LAND HOLDING OF LOAN RECIPIENTS, EXCLUDING ZERO HOLDING

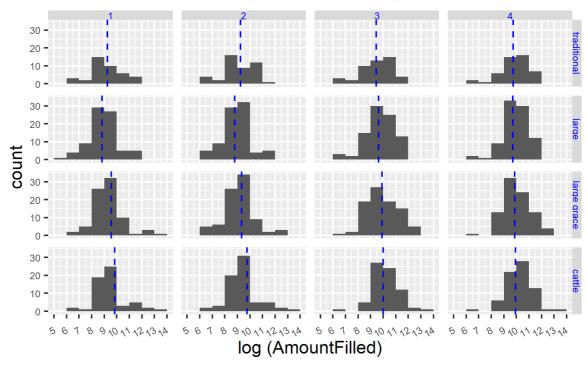


Source: Survey data.

Note:

Log of land holding is displayed on horizontal axises. Zero land holders are excluded. Red squares are means including zero holding for respective Arm-round. Blue squares are means excluding zero holding for respective Arm-round. Loan recipients only.

FIGURE 10: HOMESTEAD LAND HOLDING OF LOAN RECIPIENTS, EXCLDUING ZERO



Source: Survey data.

Note: Loan recipients only. Logarithm of land holding is displayed on horizontal axises. Zero land holding is excluded from the graph. Mean including zero holding is shown as a dotted line in each panel.

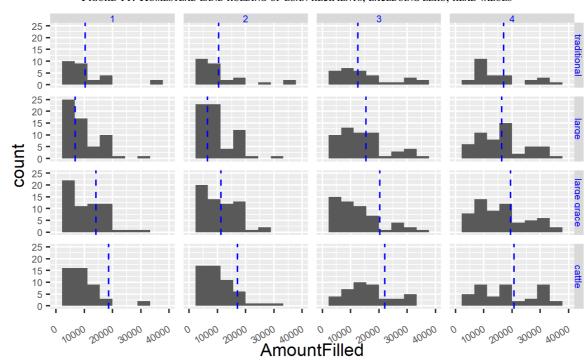


FIGURE 11: HOMESTEAD LAND HOLDING OF LOAN RECIPIENTS, EXCLDUING ZERO, REAL VALUES

Source: Survey data.

Note: Loan recipients only. Land holding is displayed on horizontal axises. Zero land holding is excluded from the graph. Mean including zero holding is shown as a dotted line in each panel.

Land holding distributions look different between arms at the baseline (Figure 10). This can be a consequence of copying the round 2 values which was justified under the assumption that all the round 1 land acquisition is reported in round 2 when our interviewer asks about it. By round 4, distributions become more skewed to left in all arms, indicating that some members have increased their land holding, only that such a tendency is weakest among the traditional arm.

Ke	y: <tee< th=""><th>· &gt;</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></tee<>	· >					
	tee	traditional	large	large	grace	cattle	Sum
	<int></int>	<int></int>	<int></int>		<int></int>	<int></int>	<int></int>
1:	1	174	200		199	200	773
2:	2	166	194		177	195	732
3:	3	162	191		174	188	715
4:	4	133	179		155	151	618

### Land entries by arm and round:

	Arm	NA.1	NA.2	NA.3	NA.4	NonNA.1	NonNA.2	NonNA.3	NonNA.4	
	<fctr></fctr>	<char></char>								
1:	large	85	85	85	86	139	142	140	141	
2:	cattle	108	107	107	96	84	98	100	97	
3:	large grace	98	78	82	81	103	106	105	103	
4:	traditional	85	82	81	71	83	91	89	81	
5:	Total	376	352	355	334	409	437	434	422	

[1] 6

TABLE 38: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF LAND HOLDING

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercept)		22723.0 (0.0)	12661.9 (0.0)	10601.3 (4.0)	10505.4 (4.3)	10601.3 (4.0)	10505.4 (4.3)
Large	0.334 (0.47)	14224.2 (7.4)	12176.0 (1.2)	12059.7 (1.0)	11745.9 (1.6)	12059.7 (1.0)	11745.9 (1.6)
LargeGrace	0.244 (0.43)	19152.4 (1.8)	8830.7 (2.5)	9379.7 (2.9)	9209.4 (3.1)	9379.7 (2.9)	9209.4 (3.1)
Cattle	0.220 (0.41)	32070.1 (14.0)	5946.1 (8.3)	6095.8 (8.3)	6161.8 (8.1)	6095.8 (8.3)	6161.8 (8.1)
HadCattle	0.231 (0.42)				2724.7 (43.7)		2724.7 (43.7)
HadCattle	0.231 (0.42)				2724.7 (43.7)		2724.7 (43.7)
Flood in round 1	0.433 (0.50)			640.4 (85.5)	575.8 (87.2)	640.4 (85.5)	575.8 (87.2)
Head literate()	0.119 (0.32)			-981.9 (75.9)	-1306.3 (67.3)	-981.9 (75.9)	-1306.3 (67.3)
land value <sub>1</sub>	35511.779 (115082.24)		0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)
Household size0	4.477 (1.38)			412.3 (70.5)	334.2 (74.7)	412.3 (70.5)	334.2 (74.7)
mean of dependent variable $\tilde{R}^2$		39256 0.019	39256 0.737	39256 0.737	39256 0.737	39256 0.737	39256 0.737
N	1248	1256	1256	1248	1248	1248	1248

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Interaction terms of dummy variables are demeaned before interacting. The first column gives mean and standard deviation (in parenthesises) of each covariates before demeaning.

 $2.\ P$  values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level.

TABLE 39: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF LAND HOLDING BY ATTRIBUTES

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercep	ot)	22723.0 (0.0)	12661.9 (0.0)	10601.3 (4.0)	10505.4 (4.3)	10601.3 (4.0)	10505.4 (4.3)
Upfro	ont 0.798 (0.40)	14224.2 (7.4)	12176.0 (1.2)	12059.7 (1.0)	11745.9 (1.6)	12059.7 (1.0)	11745.9 (1.6)
WithGra	ce 0.464 (0.50)	4928.2 (64.5)	-3345.4 (56.8)	-2680.0 $(66.3)$	-2536.4 (68.4)	-2680.0 $(66.3)$	-2536.4 $(68.4)$
InKi	nd 0.220 (0.41)	12917.8 (57.2)	-2884.6 (54.6)	-3284.0 (52.8)	-3047.6 (55.7)	-3284.0 (52.8)	-3047.6 (55.7)
HadCat	tle 0.231 (0.42)				2724.7 (43.7)		2724.7 (43.7)
HadCat	tle 0.231 (0.42)				2724.7 (43.7)		2724.7 (43.7)
Flood in round	0.433 (0.50)			640.4 (85.5)	575.8 (87.2)	640.4 (85.5)	575.8 (87.2)
Head literate	e0 0.119 (0.32)			-981.9 (75.9)	-1306.3 (67.3)	-981.9 (75.9)	-1306.3 (67.3)
land valu	e <sub>1</sub> 35511.779 (115082.24)		0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)	0.5 $(0.0)$	0.5 $(0.0)$
Household size	e0 4.477 (1.38)			412.3 (70.5)	334.2 (74.7)	412.3 (70.5)	334.2 (74.7)
mean of dependent variable $\tilde{R}^2$	e	39256 0.019	39256 0.737	39256 0.737	39256 0.737	39256 0.737	39256 0.737
N	1248	1256	1256	1248	1248	1248	1248

Source: Estimated with GUK administrative and survey data.

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. Interaction terms of dummy variables are demeaned before interacting. The first column gives mean and standard deviation (in parenthesises) of each covariates before demeaning.

<sup>2.</sup> P values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level.

TABLE 40: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF LAND HOLDING BY PERIOD, ARM

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercept)		14534.1 (0.0)	3803.1 (20.1)	1721.8 (75.2)	1721.8 (75.2)	1721.8 (75.2)	1721.8 (75.2)
Large	0.334	10983.1	8785.1	8649.7	8649.7	8649.7	8649.7
	(0.47)	(11.3)	(1.4)	(1.1)	(1.1)	(1.1)	(1.1)
LargeGrace	0.244	17374.5	6906.8	7490.1	7490.1	7490.1	7490.1
	(0.43)	(3.0)	(2.9)	(3.2)	(3.2)	(3.2)	(3.2)
Cattle	0.220	35417.0	8173.0	8277.2	8277.2	8277.2	8277.2
	(0.41)	(18.1)	(4.5)	(4.7)	(4.7)	(4.7)	(4.7)
rd 3	0.344	11640.6	13296.4	13469.0	13469.0	13469.0	13469.0
	(0.48)	(5.4)	(0.6)	(0.5)	(0.5)	(0.5)	(0.5)
Large × rd 3	0.111	17399.6	17900.4	17854.7	17854.7	17854.7	17854.7
	(0.31)	(0.6)	(0.3)	(0.3)	(0.3)	(0.3)	(0.3)
LargeGrace × rd 3	0.083	14783.6	15431.6	15891.4	15891.4	15891.4	15891.4
	(0.28)	(2.7)	(1.5)	(1.2)	(1.2)	(1.2)	(1.2)
Cattle $\times$ rd 3	0.079	-12981.2	-7654.0	-7498.5	-7498.5	-7498.5	-7498.5
	(0.27)	(56.4)	(66.4)	(67.0)	(67.0)	(67.0)	(67.0)
rd 4	0.335	14496.7	15758.6	15877.7	15877.7	15877.7	15877.7
	(0.47)	(3.2)	(0.6)	(0.6)	(0.6)	(0.6)	(0.6)
Large × rd 4	0.113	18142.6	19404.3	19408.4	19408.4	19408.4	19408.4
	(0.32)	(6.8)	(5.0)	(5.2)	(5.2)	(5.2)	(5.2)
LargeGrace × rd 4	0.081	4550.1	5601.9	5962.3	5962.3	5962.3	5962.3
	(0.27)	(46.3)	(36.0)	(33.7)	(33.7)	(33.7)	(33.7)
Cattle × rd 4	0.076	-22373.5	-17070.9	-16947.3	-16947.3	-16947.3	-16947.3
	(0.27)	(34.5)	(37.8)	(38.3)	(38.3)	(38.3)	(38.3)
Flood in round 1	0.433 (0.50)			787.9 (82.5)	787.9 (82.5)	787.9 (82.5)	787.9 (82.5)
Head literate()	0.119 (0.32)			-976.4 (76.1)	-976.4 (76.1)	-976.4 (76.1)	-976.4 (76.1)
land value <sub>1</sub>	35511.779 (115082.24)		0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)
Household size0	4.477 (1.38)			387.3 (72.2)	387.3 (72.2)	387.3 (72.2)	387.3 (72.2)
mean of dependent variable $\bar{R}^2$		39256 0.031	39256 0.753	39256 0.753	39256 0.753	39256 0.753	39256 0.753
N	1248	1256	1256	1248	1248	1248	1248

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Interaction terms of dummy variables are demeaned before interacting. The first column gives mean and standard deviation (in parenthesises) of each covariates before demeaning.

TABLE 41: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF LAND HOLDING BY PERIOD, ARM, AND POVERTY STATUS

a mare state of		(1)	(2)	(2)	(4)	(F)	(6)
covariates (Intercept)	mean/std	(1) 27144.3	(2) 8022.5	(3) 5592.1	(4) 5592.1	(5) 5592.1	(6) 5592.1
(пистсері)		(8.0)	(14.0)	(44.1)	(44.1)	(44.1)	(44.1)
Large	0.334	8565.1	7991.4	8061.7	8061.7	8061.7	8061.7
	(0.47)	(9.7)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)
LargeGrace	0.244	14765.8	6821.7	7111.9	7111.9	7111.9	7111.9
	(0.43)	(6.1)	(2.3)	(3.3)	(3.3)	(3.3)	(3.3)
Cattle	0.220	43051.1	10104.8	10155.4	10155.4	10155.4	10155.4
	(0.41)	(20.6)	(6.5)	(5.6)	(5.6)	(5.6)	(5.6)
UltraPoor	0.594	-17802.4	-5562.9	-5514.5	-5514.5	-5514.5	-5514.5
	(0.49)	(34.4)	(13.7)	(13.0)	(13.0)	(13.0)	(13.0)
Large × UltraPoor	0.171	-25089.1	-9518.4	-10186.5	-10186.5	-10186.5	-10186.5
	(0.38)	(2.6)	(9.0)	(9.2)	(9.2)	(9.2)	(9.2)
LargeGrace × UltraPoor	0.166	24028.7	8026.5	8426.1	8426.1	8426.1	8426.1
	(0.37)	(2.8)	(14.4)	(13.7)	(13.7)	(13.7)	(13.7)
Cattle × UltraPoor	0.158	-82156.9	-10646.6	-10759.3	-10759.3	-10759.3	-10759.3
	(0.36)	(25.6)	(43.9)	(41.4)	(41.4)	(41.4)	(41.4)
rd 3	0.344	8922.3	11098.2	11255.9	11255.9	11255.9	11255.9
	(0.48)	(27.1)	(7.0)	(7.0)	(7.0)	(7.0)	(7.0)
Large × rd 3	0.111	16613.6	16820.9	16781.6	16781.6	16781.6	16781.6
	(0.31)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)
LargeGrace × rd 3	0.083	16032.0	16335.6	16819.7	16819.7	16819.7	16819.7
	(0.28)	(1.1)	(0.9)	(0.7)	(0.7)	(0.7)	(0.7)
Cattle $\times$ rd 3	0.079	-18500.6	-11509.0	-11321.3	-11321.3	-11321.3	-11321.3
	(0.27)	(55.3)	(62.0)	(63.3)	(63.3)	(63.3)	(63.3)
UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	0.203	6983.9	4282.7	4455.1	4455.1	4455.1	4455.1
	(0.40)	(70.0)	(75.4)	(74.9)	(74.9)	(74.9)	(74.9)
Large $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	0.057	-10406.0	-14529.0	-14620.7	-14620.7	-14620.7	-14620.7
	(0.23)	(22.8)	(8.7)	(8.5)	(8.5)	(8.5)	(8.5)
LargeGrace $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	0.056	12534.5	10449.2	11184.2	11184.2	11184.2	11184.2
	(0.23)	(37.6)	(43.6)	(40.8)	(40.8)	(40.8)	(40.8)
Cattle $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	0.057	73292.3	54340.6	53992.8	53992.8	53992.8	53992.8
	(0.23)	(29.3)	(30.0)	(31.2)	(31.2)	(31.2)	(31.2)
rd 4	0.335	11947.4	13796.4	13871.7	13871.7	13871.7	13871.7
	(0.47)	(16.2)	(3.7)	(4.0)	(4.0)	(4.0)	(4.0)
Large × rd 4	0.113	16954.7	18022.5	17963.7	17963.7	17963.7	17963.7
	(0.32)	(2.6)	(1.7)	(1.8)	(1.8)	(1.8)	(1.8)
LargeGrace × rd 4	0.081	5680.0	6464.9	6765.9	6765.9	6765.9	6765.9
	(0.27)	(31.4)	(25.3)	(24.0)	(24.0)	(24.0)	(24.0)
Cattle × rd 4	0.076	-29415.2	-21738.5	-21789.1	-21789.1	-21789.1	-21789.1
	(0.27)	(36.2)	(37.4)	(38.3)	(38.3)	(38.3)	(38.3)
UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.200	8170.9	4518.1	4736.3	4736.3	4736.3	4736.3
	(0.40)	(64.7)	(74.1)	(73.6)	(73.6)	(73.6)	(73.6)
Large $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.058	-15200.4	-15959.3	-15870.7	-15870.7	-15870.7	-15870.7
	(0.23)	(39.4)	(36.5)	(37.1)	(37.1)	(37.1)	(37.1)
LargeGrace $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.054	1246.5	1902.1	2548.5	2548.5	2548.5	2548.5
	(0.23)	(93.8)	(90.1)	(86.9)	(86.9)	(86.9)	(86.9)
Cattle $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.054	71866.1	55990.0	56348.6	56348.6	56348.6	56348.6
	(0.23)	(27.5)	(24.9)	(26.0)	(26.0)	(26.0)	(26.0)
Flood in round 1	0.433 (0.50)			-1098.9 (74.1)	-1098.9 (74.1)	-1098.9 (74.1)	-1098.9 (74.1)
Head literate()	0.119 (0.32)			-1413.8 (64.6)	-1413.8 (64.6)	-1413.8 (64.6)	-1413.8 (64.6)
land value <sub>1</sub>	35511.779 (115082.24)		0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)
Household size()	4.477 (1.38)			643.2 (51.3)	643.2 (51.3)	643.2 (51.3)	643.2 (51.3)
mean of dependent variable $\bar{R}^2$		39256 0.085	39256 0.762	39256 0.761	39256 0.761	39256 0.761	39256 0.761
N	1248	1256	1256	1248	1248	1248	1248

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). UltraPoor is an indicator variable if the household is classified as the ultra poor. Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Interaction terms of dummy variables are demeaned before interacting. The first column gives mean and standard deviation (in parenthesises) of each covariates before demeaning.

TABLE 42: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF LAND HOLDING BY PERIOD AND ATTRIBUTES

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercept)		14534.1 (0.0)	3803.1 (20.1)	1721.8 (75.2)	1721.8 (75.2)	1721.8 (75.2)	1721.8 (75.2)
Unfront	0.798	10983.1	8785.1	8649.7	8649.7	8649.7	8649.7
	(0.40)	(11.3)	(1.4)	(1.1)	(1.1)	(1.1)	(1.1)
WithGrace	0.464	6391.4	-1878.3	-1159.6	-1159.6	-1159.6	-1159.6
	(0.50)	(51.7)	(68.0)	(81.1)	(81.1)	(81.1)	(81.1)
InKind	0.220	18042.5	1266.1	787.1	787.1	787.1	787.1
	(0.41)	(51.0)	(79.0)	(87.5)	(87.5)	(87.5)	(87.5)
rd 3	0.344	11640.6	13296.4	13469.0	13469.0	13469.0	13469.0
	(0.48)	(5.4)	(0.6)	(0.5)	(0.5)	(0.5)	(0.5)
Unfront $\times$ rd 3	0.272	17399.6	17900.4	17854.7	17854.7	17854.7	17854.7
	(0.45)	(0.6)	(0.3)	(0.3)	(0.3)	(0.3)	(0.3)
WithGrace $\times$ rd 3	0.161 (0.37)	-2616.0 (71.8)	-2468.8 (73.0)	-1963.2 (78.4)	-1963.2 (78.4)	-1963.2 (78.4)	-1963.2 (78.4)
InKind × rd 3	0.079	-27764.8	-23085.5	-23390.0	-23390.0	-23390.0	-23390.0
	(0.27)	(22.3)	(19.9)	(19.4)	(19.4)	(19.4)	(19.4)
rd 4	0.335	14496.7	15758.6	15877.7	15877.7	15877.7	15877.7
	(0.47)	(3.2)	(0.6)	(0.6)	(0.6)	(0.6)	(0.6)
Unfront × rd 4	0.270	18142.6	19404.3	19408.4	19408.4	19408.4	19408.4
	(0.44)	(6.8)	(5.0)	(5.2)	(5.2)	(5.2)	(5.2)
WithGrace × rd 4	0.157	-13592.5	-13802.4	-13446.1	-13446.1	-13446.1	-13446.1
	(0.36)	(20.9)	(20.1)	(21.5)	(21.5)	(21.5)	(21.5)
InKind × rd 4	0.076	-26923.6	-22672.7	-22909.6	-22909.6	-22909.6	-22909.6
	(0.27)	(26.4)	(25.2)	(25.0)	(25.0)	(25.0)	(25.0)
Flood in round 1	0.433 (0.50)			787.9 (82.5)	787.9 (82.5)	787.9 (82.5)	787.9 (82.5)
Head literate()	0.119 (0.32)			-976.4 (76.1)	-976.4 (76.1)	-976.4 (76.1)	-976.4 (76.1)
land value <sub>1</sub>	35511.779 (115082.24)		0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)
Household size0	4.477 (1.38)			387.3 (72.2)	387.3 (72.2)	387.3 (72.2)	387.3 (72.2)
mean of dependent variable $\bar{R}^2$		39256 0.031	39256 0.753	39256 0.753	39256 0.753	39256 0.753	39256 0.753
N	1248	1256	1256	1248	1248	1248	1248

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Interaction terms of dummy variables are demeaned before interacting. The first column gives mean and standard deviation (in parenthesises) of each covariates before demeaning.

TABLE 43: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF LAND HOLDING BY PERIOD, ATTRIBUTES, AND POVERTY STATUS

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercept)		27144.3 (8.0)	8022.5 (14.0)	5592.1 (44.1)	5592.1 (44.1)	5592.1 (44.1)	5592.1 (44.1)
Unfront	0.798	8565.1	7991.4	8061.7	8061.7	8061.7	8061.7
	(0.40)	(9.7)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)
WithGrace	0.464	6200.7	-1169.8	-949.8	-949.8	-949.8	-949.8
	(0.50)	(46.1)	(75.1)	(82.0)	(82.0)	(82.0)	(82.0)
InKind	0.220	28285.4	3283.1	3043.5	3043.5	3043.5	3043.5
	(0.41)	(41.5)	(57.6)	(60.1)	(60.1)	(60.1)	(60.1)
UltraPoor	0.594 (0.49)	-17802.4 $(34.4)$	-5562.9 (13.7)	-5514.5 (13.0)	-5514.5 (13.0)	-5514.5 (13.0)	-5514.5 (13.0)
Unfront × UltraPoor	0.495	-25089.1	-9518.4	-10186.5	-10186.5	-10186.5	-10186.5
	(0.50)	(2.6)	(9.0)	(9.2)	(9.2)	(9.2)	(9.2)
WithGrace × UltraPoor	0.324	49117.8	17545.0	18612.6	18612.6	18612.6	18612.6
	(0.47)	(0.0)	(1.1)	(0.3)	(0.3)	(0.3)	(0.3)
InKind × UltraPoor	0.158 (0.36)	-106185.6 (14.4)	-18673.1 (20.9)	-19185.4 (18.5)	-19185.4 (18.5)	-19185.4 (18.5)	-19185.4 (18.5)
rd 3	0.344	8922.3	11098.2	11255.9	11255.9	11255.9	11255.9
	(0.48)	(27.1)	(7.0)	(7.0)	(7.0)	(7.0)	(7.0)
UltraPoor × rd 3	0.203	6983.9	4282.7	4455.1	4455.1	4455.1	4455.1
	(0.40)	(70.0)	(75.4)	(74.9)	(74.9)	(74.9)	(74.9)
Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.272	16613.6	16820.9	16781.6	16781.6	16781.6	16781.6
	(0.45)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)
WithGrace $\times$ rd 3	0.161	-581.5	-485.3	38.1	38.1	38.1	38.1
	(0.37)	(92.6)	(93.6)	(99.5)	(99.5)	(99.5)	(99.5)
InKind $\times$ rd 3	0.079	-34532.7	-27844.6	-28141.0	-28141.0	-28141.0	-28141.0
	(0.27)	(27.1)	(23.5)	(23.9)	(23.9)	(23.9)	(23.9)
Unfront × UltraPoor × rd 3	0.170	-10406.0	-14529.0	-14620.7	-14620.7	-14620.7	-14620.7
	(0.38)	(22.8)	(8.7)	(8.5)	(8.5)	(8.5)	(8.5)
WithGrace $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	0.113	22940.5	24978.1	25804.9	25804.9	25804.9	25804.9
	(0.32)	(9.4)	(5.4)	(4.7)	(4.7)	(4.7)	(4.7)
$InKind \times UltraPoor \times rd 3$	0.057	60757.8	43891.4	42808.6	42808.6	42808.6	42808.6
	(0.23)	(38.9)	(41.0)	(43.0)	(43.0)	(43.0)	(43.0)
rd 4	0.335	11947.4	13796.4	13871.7	13871.7	13871.7	13871.7
	(0.47)	(16.2)	(3.7)	(4.0)	(4.0)	(4.0)	(4.0)
UltraPoor × rd 4	0.200	8170.9	4518.1	4736.3	4736.3	4736.3	4736.3
	(0.40)	(64.7)	(74.1)	(73.6)	(73.6)	(73.6)	(73.6)
Upfront $\times$ rd 4	0.270	16954.7	18022.5	17963.7	17963.7	17963.7	17963.7
	(0.44)	(2.6)	(1.7)	(1.8)	(1.8)	(1.8)	(1.8)
WithGrace × rd 4	0.157	-11274.6	-11557.5	-11197.8	-11197.8	-11197.8	-11197.8
	(0.36)	(17.1)	(15.7)	(17.5)	(17.5)	(17.5)	(17.5)
InKind × rd 4	0.076	-35095.2	-28203.4	-28555.1	-28555.1	-28555.1	-28555.1
	(0.27)	(27.9)	(25.2)	(25.8)	(25.8)	(25.8)	(25.8)
Unfront $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.167	-15200.4	-15959.3	-15870.7	-15870.7	-15870.7	-15870.7
	(0.37)	(39.4)	(36.5)	(37.1)	(37.1)	(37.1)	(37.1)
WithGrace $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.109	16446.8	17861.5	18419.2	18419.2	18419.2	18419.2
	(0.31)	(45.7)	(40.7)	(39.5)	(39.5)	(39.5)	(39.5)
InKind × UltraPoor × rd 4	0.054	70619.7	54087.9	53800.1	53800.1	53800.1	53800.1
	(0.23)	(29.3)	(28.0)	(29.6)	(29.6)	(29.6)	(29.6)
Flood in round 1	0.433 (0.50)			-1098.9 (74.1)	-1098.9 (74.1)	-1098.9 (74.1)	-1098.9 (74.1)
Head literate()	0.119 (0.32)			-1413.8 (64.6)	-1413.8 (64.6)	-1413.8 (64.6)	-1413.8 (64.6)
land value <sub>1</sub>	35511.779 (115082.24)		0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)
Household size()	4.477 (1.38)			643.2 (51.3)	643.2 (51.3)	643.2 (51.3)	643.2 (51.3)
mean of dependent variable $\tilde{R}^2$		39256 0.085	39256 0.762	39256 0.761	39256 0.761	39256 0.761	39256 0.761
N	1248	1256	1256	1248	1248	1248	1248

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). UltraPoor is an indicator variable if the household is classified as the ultra poor. Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Interaction terms of dummy variables are demeaned before interacting. The first column gives mean and standard deviation (in parenthesises) of each covariates before demeaning.

TABLE 40 shows that, compared to traditional arm, land holding is larger for large, large grace, and cattle arms in round 2. The difference with traditional arm is maintained only for large arm

<sup>2.</sup> P values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level.

throughout the rounds, and become negligible for large grace and cattle arms.

### III.5.2 Livestock, number of cattle

```
AttritIn
Arm
             2 3
                     4
                       9 Sum
             7
                4 20 144 175
traditional
                2 1 192 200
             5
 large
 large grace 12 3 3 171 189
             5 5 13 176 199
 cattle
 Siim
             29 14 37 683 763
    NumCows
      0
           1
                2
                     3
                         4
                              5
                                   6
                                       7
                                            8
                                                9 <NA>
tee
       15
          309 153
                    40
                         11
                              1
                                   2
                                       0
                                            1
                                                1 197
                                                        730
 2
              175
                                                  110 689
 3
       5
          337
                    40
                         16
                              1
                                   2
                                       2
                                            1
                                                0
                                   2
 4
       4 218
              201
                    54
                        11
                              4
                                       0
                                            1
                                                1
                                                   86 582
 Sum
     24 864 529 134
                        38
                              6
                                       2
                                            3
                                                2 393 2001
```

[1] 5

### III.5.3 Cattle holding

	Attri	itIn										
Arm	2	3	4	9	Sum							
traditional	7	4	20	144	175							
large	5	2	1	192	200							
large grace	12	3	3	171	189							
cattle	5	5	13	176	199							
Sum	29	14	37	683	763							
NumCows												
tee 0	1	2	3	4	ŀ	5	6	7	8	9	<na></na>	Sum
2 15 36	99 1	153	40	11		1	2	0	1	1	197	730
3 5 33	37 1	175	40	16	ò	1	2	2	1	0	110	689
4 4 21	18 2	201	54	11		4	2	0	1	1	86	582
Sum 24 86	54 5	529	134	38	3	6	6	2	3	2	393	2001

Warning in `[.data.table`(lvoN, , `:=`(grepout("TotalImputed2?Value.?", : Column 'TotalImputed2?Value.?", : Column

```
[1] 5
```

```
HoldingClass
tee below 1000 1000-29999 30000-49999 above 50000 Sum
 1
           623
                      100
                                   30
                                              10 763
 2
           211
                      310
                                   153
                                                56 730
 3
           115
                      337
                                   175
                                                62 689
 4
                                                73 582
           90
                      218
                                   201
```

```
povertystatus
BStatus
                       Ultra Poor Moderately Poor <NA>
 borrower
                               411
                                               163
 pure saver
                                0
                                                 0
                                                      0
 individual rejection
                                56
                                                33
                                                      0
 group rejection
                                 0
                                                 0
                                                     60
 rejection by flood
                                 0
                                                 0
                                                     40
```

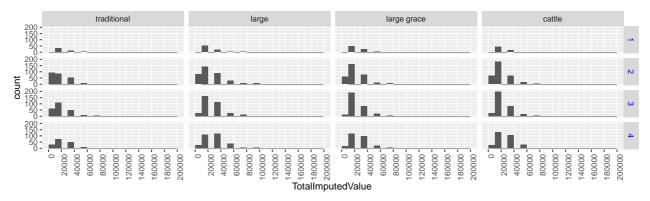


Figure 12: Total imputed value of livestock holding

Livestock holding values are computed by using respective median prices of each year.

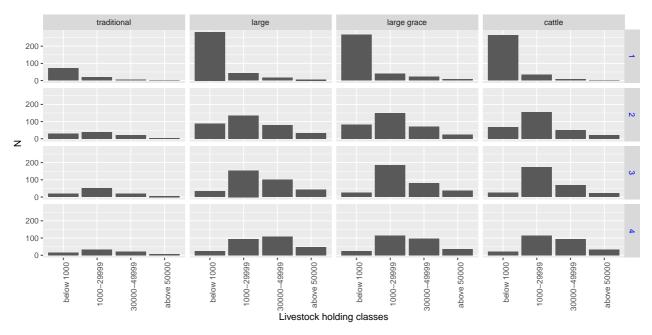
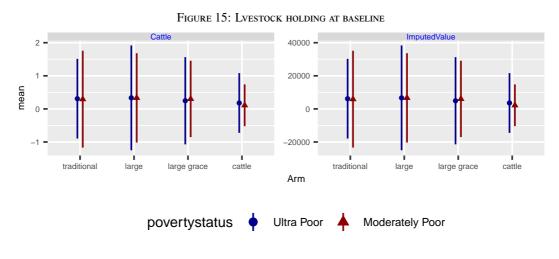


Figure 13: Histogram of livestock holding classes

Livestock holding values are computed by using respective median prices of each year.



Source: Survey data.

Note:

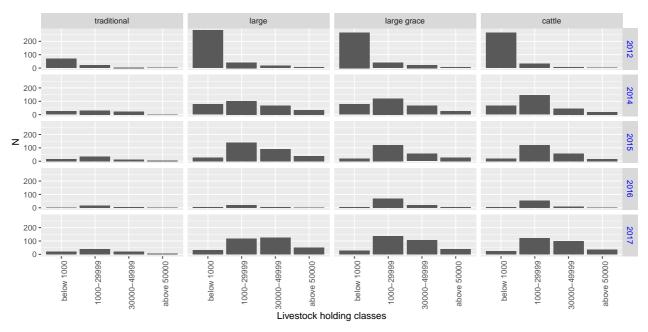
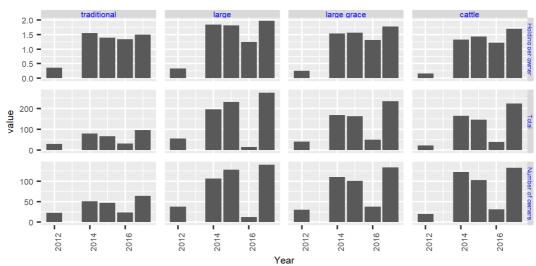


Figure 14: Histogram of livestock holding classes by year Livestock holding values are computed by using respective median prices of each year.

• cattle reports above 20000 holding in rds 2-4 while traditional does not.

	Arm	survey	MeanImputedVal	MeanNumCows	N
	<fctr></fctr>	<num></num>	<num></num>	<num></num>	<int></int>
1:	traditional	1	4557.82	0.227891	294
2:	traditional	2	18965.26	1.601449	234
3:	traditional	3		1.502703	262
4:	traditional	4	23364.52	1.591195	217
5:	large	1	5513.78	0.275689	399
6:	large	2	29214.50	1.979253	327
7:	large	3	31623.09	1.798799	379
8:	large	4	33248.21	1.882175	375
9:	large grace	1	6666.67	0.333333	399
10:	large grace	2	24273.25	1.648649	302
11:	large grace	3	28044.08	1.532051	341
12:	large grace	4	31599.85	1.744108	328
13:	cattle	1	4360.90	0.218045	399
14:	cattle	2	22239.38	1.457031	336
15:	cattle	3	26102.42	1.474522	355
16:	cattle	4	29716.61	1.655405	330

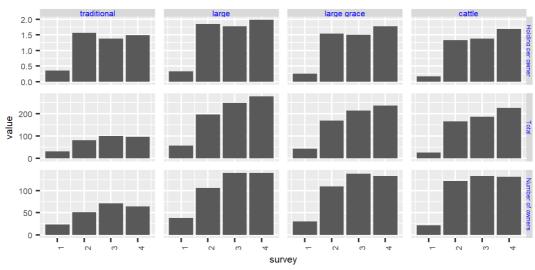
Figure 16: Number of cows/oxen by year



Source: Survey data.

Note:

Figure 17: Number of cows/oxen by survey round



Source: Survey data.

Note:

TABLE 44: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF LIVESTOCK HOLDING VALUES

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
(Intercept)		20988.8 (0.0)	19163.1 (0.0)	13496.7 (0.0)	13383.1 (0.0)
Large	0.273 (0.45)	9658.2 (0.3)	8875.2 (0.1)	8574.2 (0.2)	8296.2 (0.1)
LargeGrace	0.248 (0.43)	4797.2 (5.2)	4507.2 (5.4)	4614.1 (4.1)	4711.8 (3.9)
Cattle	0.264 (0.44)	4448.8 (1.0)	4675.9 (0.5)	4657.5 (0.5)	4582.7 (0.5)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				6935.8 (14.7)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				6935.8 (14.7)
HadCattle × Large	0.063 (0.24)				12418.1 (12.5)
HadCattle × LargeGrace	0.049 (0.22)				746.9 (87.8)
$HadCattle \times Cattle$	0.045 (0.21)				1345.6 (75.7)
Flood in round 1	0.491 (0.50)			1032.3 (53.6)	1144.7 (49.2)
Head literate0	0.114 (0.32)			-560.4 (78.4)	-462.0 (82.0)
TotalImnutedValue()	5315.315 (12450.23)		0.4 (0.0)	0.4 (0.1)	0.2 (33.6)
Household size0	4.219 (1.43)			1267.1 (1.5)	1206.0 (2.1)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		25997 41	25997 41	25997 40	25997 40
T = 3 $T = 4$		107 582	107 582	106 582	106 582
$ar{R}^2 N$	1998	0.024 2001	0.075 2001	0.083 1998	0.095 1998

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Regressand is TotalImputedValue, a sum of all livestock holding values evaluated at respective median market prices in the same year.

2. *P* values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level. *P* values in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level.

Table 45: ANCOVA estimation of livestock holding values by attributes

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
(Intercept)		20988.8 (0.0)	19163.1 (0.0)	13496.7 (0.0)	13383.1 (0.0)
Unfront	0.785 (0.41)	9658.2 (0.3)	8875.2 (0.1)	8574.2 (0.2)	8296.2 (0.1)
WithGrace	0.512 (0.50)	-4861.1 (16.7)	-4368.0 (16.3)	-3960.1 (21.8)	-3584.4 (23.5)
InKind	0.264 (0.44)	-348.4 (87.3)	168.7 (93.9)	43.5 (98.4)	-129.1 (95.2)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				6935.8 (14.7)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				6935.8 (14.7)
$HadCattle \times Upfront$	0.157 (0.36)				12418.1 (12.5)
HadCattle × WithGrace	0.094 (0.29)				-11671.2 (15.6)
HadCattle × InKind	0.045 (0.21)				598.7 (89.3)
Flood in round 1	0.491 (0.50)			1032.3 (53.6)	1144.7 (49.2)
Head literate0	0.114 (0.32)			-560.4 (78.4)	-462.0 (82.0)
TotalImnutedValue()	5315.315 (12450.23)		0.4 (0.0)	0.4 (0.1)	0.2 (33.6)
Household size0	4.219 (1.43)			1267.1 (1.5)	1206.0 (2.1)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		25997 41	25997 41	25997 40	25997 40
T = 3 $T = 4$		107 582	107 582	106 582	106 582
$ar{R}^2 N$	1998	0.024 2001	0.075 2001	0.083 1998	0.095 1998

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. Regressand is TotalImputedValue, a sum of all livestock holding values evaluated at respective median market prices in the same year.

TABLE 46: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF LIVESTOCK HOLDING VALUES, ULTRA VS. MODERATELY POOR

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
(Intercept)		21944.8 (0.0)	20009.2 (0.0)	14138.4 (0.0)	13953.5 (0.0)
Unfront	0.785 (0.41)	9951.2 (0.2)	9336.0 (0.1)	9053.2 (0.1)	8760.7 (0.1)
WithGrace	0.512 (0.50)	-5053.9 (14.7)	-4577.6 (13.5)	-4207.4 (18.5)	-3847.6 (19.5)
InKind	0.264 (0.44)	-189.6 (93.0)	333.2 (88.0)	245.2 (90.9)	81.2 (97.0)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				6987.1 (14.9)
UltraPoor	0.630 (0.48)	-1887.9 (18.8)	-2037.9 (14.9)	-1956.6 (17.6)	-1780.7 (19.8)
$Upfront \times UltraPoor$	0.524 (0.50)	-4713.8 (28.6)	-3522.0 (37.7)	-3531.0 (37.9)	-3069.6 (44.7)
WithGrace × UltraPoor	0.352 (0.48)	7966.8 (6.7)	8468.0 (4.9)	8910.6 (4.1)	8422.9 (4.5)
InKind × UltraPoor	0.181 (0.39)	-2282.0 (50.4)	-2237.9 (55.0)	-2366.3 (52.8)	-2562.7 (47.4)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				6987.1 (14.9)
$HadCattle \times Upfront$	0.157 (0.36)				11265.2 (17.6)
HadCattle × WithGrace	0.094 (0.29)				-11119.9 (18.5)
HadCattle × InKind	0.045 (0.21)				368.9 (93.3)
Flood in round 1	0.491 (0.50)			911.3 (58.2)	1033.5 (53.5)
Head literate0	0.114 (0.32)			-828.7 (68.2)	-713.5 (72.2)
TotalImnutedValue()	5315.315 (12450.23)		0.4 (0.0)	0.4 (0.1)	0.2 (33.8)
Household size0	4.219 (1.43)			1321.7 (0.9)	1255.4 (1.5)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		25997 41	25997 41	25997 40	25997 40
T = 3 $T = 4$		107 582	107 582	106 582	106 582
$ar{R}^2 N$	1998	0.029 2001	0.081 2001	0.089 1998	0.1 1998

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). UltraPoor is an indicator variable if the household is classified as the ultra poor. Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Regressand is TotalImputedValue, a sum of all livestock holding values evaluated at respective median market prices in the same year.

TABLE 47: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF LIVESTOCK HOLDING VALUES BY ATTRIBUTES AND PERIOD

+1. AINCOVA ESTIMATION	OF LIVEST	OCK HOLDING	VALUES	DI AIIKIDO	IES AND P
covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
(Intercept)		18147.6 (0.0)	16229.4 (0.0)	10386.5 (0.0)	10100.7 (0.0)
Unfront	0.785 (0.41)	9799.3 (0.3)	9000.6 (0.1)	8661.0 (0.2)	8348.5 (0.2)
WithGrace	0.512 (0.50)	-5465.6 (12.0)	-4942.8 (11.4)	-4505.7 (15.8)	-4126.4 (17.0)
InKind	0.264 (0.44)	9.6 (99.6)	502.9 (81.8)	368.0 (86.2)	238.0 (90.9)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				7657.7 (10.6)
rd 3	0.348 (0.48)	2846.9 (0.2)	2921.4 (0.2)	3062.4 (0.1)	3128.7 (0.1)
Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.269 (0.44)	-2110.9 (46.9)	-2095.8 (46.9)	-1726.7 (55.6)	-1435.2 (62.3)
WithGrace × rd 3	0.176 (0.38)	3194.6 (27.8)	3145.5 (27.7)	2799.9 (34.4)	2661.2 (35.6)
InKind $\times$ rd 3	0.091 (0.29)	-1695.5 (45.0)	-1775.4 (42.0)	-1766.4 (43.0)	-1847.5 (39.2)
rd 4	0.326 (0.47)	6010.7 (0.0)	6178.3 (0.0)	6249.3 (0.0)	6298.9 (0.0)
Upfront $\times$ rd 4	0.260 (0.44)	-415.0 (90.5)	-351.9 (91.8)	-322.6 (92.5)	-9.8 (99.8)
WithGrace × rd 4	0.166 (0.37)	4400.9 (20.6)	4195.2 (22.2)	4373.7 (20.8)	4256.5 (21.2)
InKind × rd 4	0.085 (0.28)	-1962.6 (47.5)	-1556.8 (57.3)	-1559.6 (57.4)	-1804.4 (51.3)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				7657.7 (10.6)
$HadCattle \times Upfront$	0.157 (0.36)				11420.4 (13.5)
HadCattle × WithGrace	0.094 (0.29)				-9187.7 (22.8)
HadCattle × InKind	0.045 (0.21)				-1531.9 (71.8)
HadCattle × rd 3	0.067 (0.25)				-4133.9 (4.5)
HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.054 (0.23)				5340.1 (32.4)
HadCattle × WithGrace × rd 3	0.033 (0.18)				-13729.8 (3.0)
HadCattle $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 3	0.016 (0.13)				13406.1 (2.1)
HadCattle × rd 4	0.061 (0.24)				-3786.4 (16.7)
HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 4	$0.050 \\ (0.22)$				6789.7 (38.2)
HadCattle × WithGrace × rd 4	0.029 (0.17)				-15645.7 (5.9)
HadCattle $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 4	0.013 (0.11)				12935.4 (8.2)
Flood in round 1	0.491 (0.50)			1052.6 (52.7)	1157.6 (48.7)
Head literate0	0.114 (0.32)			-572.7 (78.0)	-480.5 (81.4)
TotalImputedValue0	5315.315 (12450.23)		0.4 (0.0)	0.4 (0.1)	0.2 (33.1)
Household size0	4.219 (1.43)			1294.6 (1.3)	1236.7 (1.9)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		25997 41	25997 41	25997 40	25997 40
T = 3 T = 4		107 582	107 582	106 582	106 582
$ar{R}^2 N$	1998	0.035 2001	0.087 2001	0.095 1998	0.108 1998

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or  $N=1\times(T=2)+2\times(T=3)+3\times(T=4)$ . UltraPoor is an indicator variable if the household is classified as the ultra poor. Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Regressand is TotalImputedValue, a sum of all livestock holding values evaluated at respective median market prices in the same year.

<sup>2.</sup> P values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level. 74

Table 48: ANCOVA estimation of livestock holding values using annual prices

covariates	mea	ın/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
(Int	ercept)		29833.8 (0.0)	27307.8 (0.0)	20380.3 (0.0)	20397.5 (0.0)
			(0.2)	13369.5 (0.1)	12940.4 (0.2)	12534.5 (0.1)
Larg			7723.3 (3.5)	7322.2 (3.4)	7449.7 (2.7)	7586.5 (2.6)
			6838.6 (0.8)	7152.9 (0.4)	7129.0 (0.4)	7029.4 (0.4)
Ha		195 .40)				7594.1 (29.3)
Ha		195 .40)				7594.1 (29.3)
HadCattle >		063 .24)				17919.6 (13.2)
HadCattle × Larg		049 .22)				-81.7 (99.1)
HadCattle ×		045 .21)				1433.8 (82.2)
Flood in r		491 .50)			1323.7 (58.3)	1444.6 (54.8)
Head li		114 .32)				-597.0 (84.1)
TotalImputed2		5.315 50.23)		0.5 (0.1)	0.5 (0.3)	0.3 (31.7)
Househol		219 .43)			1556.0 (3.6)	1455.2 (5.5)
mean of dependent va $T = 2$	riable	9	37511 41	37511 41	37511 40	37511 40
T = 3 $T = 4$			107 582	107 582	106 582	106 582
$ar{R}^2 N$	19		0.02 2001	0.058 2001	0.06 1998	0.069 1998

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Regressand is TotalImputedValue, a sum of all livestock holding values evaluated at respective median market prices in the same year.

2. *P* values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level. *P* values in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level.

TABLE 49: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF LIVESTOCK HOLDING VALUES USING ANNUAL PRICES BY ATTRIBUTES

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
(Intercept)		29833.8 (0.0)	27307.8 (0.0)	20380.3 (0.0)	20397.5 (0.0)
Unfront	0.785 (0.41)	14452.8 (0.2)	13369.5 (0.1)	12940.4 (0.2)	12534.5 (0.1)
WithGrace	0.512 (0.50)	-6729.5 (18.9)	-6047.3 (18.4)	-5490.7 (24.7)	-4948.0 (26.5)
InKind	0.264 (0.44)	-884.7 (78.2)	-169.3 (95.8)	-320.7 (92.0)	-557.2 (86.1)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				7594.1 (29.3)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				7594.1 (29.3)
$HadCattle \times Upfront$	0.157 (0.36)				17919.6 (13.2)
HadCattle × WithGrace	0.094 (0.29)				-18001.2 (14.3)
$HadCattle \times InKind$	0.045 (0.21)				1515.4 (82.4)
Flood in round 1	0.491 (0.50)			1323.7 (58.3)	1444.6 (54.8)
Head literate0	0.114 (0.32)			-820.1 (78.6)	-597.0 (84.1)
TotalImnuted2Value0	5315.315 (12450.23)		0.5 (0.1)	0.5 (0.3)	0.3 (31.7)
Household size0	4.219 (1.43)			1556.0 (3.6)	1455.2 (5.5)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		37511 41	37511 41	37511 40	37511 40
T = 3 $T = 4$		107 582	107 582	106 582	106 582
$ar{R}^2 N$	1998	0.02 2001	0.058 2001	0.06 1998	0.069 1998

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. Regressand is TotalImputedValue, a sum of all livestock holding values evaluated at respective median market prices in the same year.

Table 50: ANCOVA estimation of livestock holding values using annual prices, ultra vs. moderately poor

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
(Intercept)		30712.8 (0.0)	28034.9 (0.0)	20827.7 (0.0)	20777.2 (0.0)
Unfront	0.785 (0.41)	14814.9 (0.2)	13963.7 (0.0)	13551.8 (0.1)	13111.6 (0.0)
WithGrace	0.512 (0.50)	-7021.7 (16.9)	-6362.8 (15.8)	-5847.1 (21.4)	-5315.1 (22.8)
InKind	0.264 (0.44)	-697.8 (82.7)	25.4 (99.4)	-86.9 (97.8)	-322.5 (92.0)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				7693.1 (29.4)
UltraPoor	0.630 (0.48)	-1846.3 (36.9)	-2053.9 (31.8)	-1989.8 (34.0)	-1771.1 (37.3)
$Upfront \times UltraPoor$	0.524 (0.50)	-5719.8 (35.4)	-4070.9 (46.2)	-4214.2 (44.3)	-3733.1 (50.2)
WithGrace × UltraPoor	0.352 (0.48)	10528.0 (9.1)	11221.4 (6.9)	11841.9 (5.7)	11039.6 (6.4)
InKind × UltraPoor	0.181 (0.39)	-2633.9 (61.0)	-2572.9 (65.7)	-2712.7 (64.0)	-2809.0 (60.9)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				7693.1 (29.4)
$HadCattle \times Upfront$	0.157 (0.36)				16484.4 (17.8)
HadCattle × WithGrace	0.094 (0.29)				-17262.5 (16.7)
HadCattle × InKind	0.045 (0.21)				1203.5 (85.7)
Flood in round 1	0.491 (0.50)			1184.7 (62.1)	1314.5 (58.5)
Head literate0	0.114 (0.32)			-1075.9 (71.8)	-837.9 (77.5)
TotalImputed2Value0	5315.315 (12450.23)		0.5 (0.1)	0.5 (0.3)	0.3 (32.1)
Household size0	4.219 (1.43)			1633.5 (2.5)	1525.7 (4.2)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		37511 41	37511 41	37511 40	37511 40
$\begin{array}{c} T = 3 \\ T = 4 \end{array}$		107 582	107 582	106 582	106 582
$ar{R}^2 N$	1998	0.022 2001	0.061 2001	0.063 1998	0.071 1998

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). UltraPoor is an indicator variable if the household is classified as the ultra poor. Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Regressand is TotalImputedValue, a sum of all livestock holding values evaluated at respective median market prices in the same year.

TABLE 51: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF LIVESTOCK HOLDING VALUES USING ANNUAL PRICES BY ATTRIBUTES AND PERIOD

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
(Intercept)		16417.9 (0.0)	13704.0 (0.0)	6119.4 (9.7)	6220.2 (10.2)
Unfront	0.785 (0.41)	12644.6 (0.3)	11514.6 (0.1)	11055.8 (0.2)	10794.8 (0.2)
WithGrace	0.512 (0.50)	-6398.5 (16.3)	-5658.8 (15.9)	-5063.0 (22.3)	-4688.1 (23.5)
InKind	0.264 (0.44)	-285.5 (91.9)	412.4 (88.6)	236.1 (93.2)	53.7 (98.4)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				7384.0 (30.3)
rd 3	0.348 (0.48)	9350.8 (0.0)	9456.2 (0.0)	9642.3 (0.0)	9623.2 (0.0)
Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.269 (0.44)	-24.9 (99.4)	-3.6 (99.9)	486.9 (88.2)	512.6 (87.2)
WithGrace × rd 3	0.176 (0.38)	2165.1 (51.0)	2095.8 (51.8)	1635.2 (62.4)	1755.6 (58.4)
InKind × rd 3	0.091 (0.29)	-1895.4 (45.4)	-2008.4 (41.9)	-1995.3 (43.0)	-2005.2 (41.9)
rd 4	0.326 (0.47)	34453.7 (0.0)	34690.8 (0.0)	34750.6 (0.0)	34655.0 (0.0)
Upfront × rd 4	0.260 (0.44)	9365.5 (13.5)	9454.8 (12.9)	9339.5 (13.6)	8855.8 (12.1)
WithGrace × rd 4	0.166 (0.37)	1563.6 (80.9)	1272.6 (84.5)	1702.4 (79.6)	2276.6 (70.7)
InKind × rd 4	0.085 (0.28)	-2994.9 (53.0)	-2420.8 (61.4)	-2480.4 (60.6)	-2483.2 (61.0)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				7384.0 (30.3)
$HadCattle \times Up front$	0.157 (0.36)				15734.5 (12.8)
HadCattle × WithGrace	0.094 (0.29)				-14244.8 (17.3)
HadCattle × InKind	0.045 (0.21)				12.1 (99.8)
HadCattle × rd 3	0.067 (0.25)				-1526.9 (54.8)
HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.054 (0.23)				8816.8 (20.7)
HadCattle × WithGrace × rd 3	0.033 (0.18)				-17856.0 (2.7)
HadCattle $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 3	0.016 (0.13)				14707.2 (2.8)
HadCattle × rd 4	0.061 (0.24)				6716.8 (22.7)
HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 4	0.050 (0.22)				21766.8 (20.4)
HadCattle × WithGrace × rd 4	0.029 (0.17)				-33784.7 (6.1)
HadCattle $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 4	0.013 (0.11)				17092.8 (17.0)
Flood in round 1	0.491 (0.50)			1317.1 (58.3)	1446.8 (54.6)
Head literate0	0.114 (0.32)			-957.8 (75.2)	-696.0 (81.6)
TotalImputed2Value0	5315.315 (12450.23)		0.5 (0.1)	0.5 (0.2)	0.3 (29.4)
Household size0	4.219 (1.43)			1699.5 (2.2)	1600.3 (3.4)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$	. ,	37511 41	37511 41	37511 40	37511 40
T = 3 $T = 4$		107 582	107 582	106 582	106 582
$ar{R}^2 N$	1998	0.196 2001	0.236 2001	0.239 1998	0.252 1998

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). UltraPoor is an indicator variable if the household is classified as the ultra poor. Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Regressand is TotalImputedValue, a sum of all livestock holding values evaluated at respective median market prices in the same year.

<sup>2.</sup> P values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors ard Sustered at group (village) level.

TABLE 52: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF LIVESTOCK HOLDING

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
(Intercept)		1.49 (0.0)	1.39 (0.0)	1.16 (0.0)	1.15 (0.0)
Large	0.273 (0.45)	0.40 (0.8)	0.37 (0.5)	0.35 (1.1)	0.35 (1.1)
LargeGrace	0.248 (0.43)	0.07 (54.7)	0.08 (48.6)	0.09 (43.7)	0.09 (43.2)
Cattle	0.264 (0.44)	0.00 (98.8)	0.02 (77.7)	0.02 (80.6)	0.02 (80.4)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				0.14 (45.8)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				0.14 (45.8)
Flood in round 1	0.491 (0.50)			0.04 (59.7)	0.04 (58.9)
Head literate()	0.114 (0.32)			0.01 (89.4)	0.01 (90.8)
Number of cattle0	0.266 (0.62)		0.31 (0.2)	0.29 (0.6)	0.21 (21.5)
Household size0	4.219 (1.43)			0.05 (4.3)	0.05 (4.3)
TotalImputed2Value0	5315.315 (12450.23)				
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		1.62 87	1.62 87	1.62 85	1.62 85
T = 3 $T = 4$		168 395	168 395	168 395	168 395
$ar{R}^2 N$	1998	0.031 1608	0.076 1608	0.078 1606	0.079 1606

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). UltraPoor is an indicator variable if the household is classified as the ultra poor. Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. Regressand is TotalImputedValue, a sum of all livestock holding values evaluated at respective median market prices in the same year.

TABLE 53: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF LIVESTOCK HOLDING BY ATTRIBUTES

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
(Intercept)		1.49 (0.0)	1.39 (0.0)	1.16 (0.0)	1.15 (0.0)
Unfront	0.785 (0.41)	0.40 (0.8)	0.37 (0.5)	0.35 (1.1)	0.35 (1.1)
WithGrace	0.512 (0.50)	-0.33 (5.6)	-0.29 (4.8)	-0.27 (8.7)	-0.27 (8.9)
InKind	0.264 (0.44)	-0.07 (51.5)	-0.06 (58.9)	-0.07 (51.0)	-0.07 (50.6)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				0.14 (45.8)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				0.14 (45.8)
Flood in round 1	0.491 (0.50)			0.04 (59.7)	0.04 (58.9)
Head literate0	0.114 (0.32)			0.01 (89.4)	0.01 (90.8)
Number of cattle0	0.266 (0.62)		0.31 (0.2)	0.29 (0.6)	0.21 (21.5)
Household size0	4.219 (1.43)			0.05 (4.3)	0.05 (4.3)
TotalImputed2Value0	5315.315 (12450.23)				
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		1.62 87	1.62 87	1.62 85	1.62 85
T = 3 $T = 4$		168 395	168 395	168 395	168 395
$ar{R}^2 N$	1998	0.031 1608	0.076 1608	0.078 1606	0.079 1606

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). UltraPoor is an indicator variable if the household is classified as the ultra poor. Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. Regressand is TotalImputedValue, a sum of all livestock holding values evaluated at respective median market prices in the same year.

Table 54: ANCOVA estimation of livestock holding, ultra vs. moderately poor

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
(Intercept)		1.51 (0.0)	1.41 (0.0)	1.16 (0.0)	1.15 (0.0)
Unfront	0.785 (0.41)	0.43 (0.3)	0.40 (0.1)	0.39 (0.3)	0.39 (0.3)
WithGrace	0.512 (0.50)	-0.34 (4.5)	-0.30 (3.4)	-0.28 (7.0)	-0.28 (7.2)
InKind	0.264 (0.44)	-0.06 (55.3)	-0.05 (63.4)	-0.06 (55.1)	-0.06 (54.6)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				0.16 (41.6)
UltraPoor	0.630 (0.48)	-0.08 (20.1)	-0.09 (15.6)	-0.09 (16.9)	-0.09 (17.0)
$Up front \times Ultra Poor$	0.524 (0.50)	-0.07 (66.1)	-0.01 (95.5)	-0.00 (99.4)	0.02 (91.2)
WithGrace × UltraPoor	0.352 (0.48)	0.48 (1.3)	0.50 (0.8)	0.52 (0.8)	0.52 (0.8)
InKind × UltraPoor	0.181 (0.39)	-0.11 (54.6)	-0.10 (58.6)	-0.10 (58.8)	-0.11 (56.8)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				0.16 (41.6)
Flood in round 1	0.491 (0.50)			0.05 (58.0)	0.05 (56.7)
Head literate()	0.114 (0.32)			0.01 (90.2)	0.01 (91.5)
Number of cattle0	0.266 (0.62)		0.32 (0.2)	0.30 (0.6)	0.21 (22.7)
Household size0	4.219 (1.43)			0.05 (2.2)	0.05 (2.2)
TotalImputed2Value0	5315.315 (12450.23)				
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		1.62 87	1.62 87	1.62 85	1.62 85
T = 3 $T = 4$		168 395	168 395	168 395	168 395
$ar{R}^2 N$	1998	0.041 1608	0.09 1608	0.093 1606	0.094 1606

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). UltraPoor is an indicator variable if the household is classified as the ultra poor. Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Regressand is TotalImputedValue, a sum of all livestock holding values evaluated at respective median market prices in the same year.

TABLE 55: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF LIVESTOCK HOLDING BY TIME

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
(Intercept)		1.47 (0.0)	1.36 (0.0)	1.12 (0.0)	1.11 (0.0)
Large	0.273 (0.45)	0.39 (0.6)	0.37 (0.4)	0.35 (0.8)	0.35 (0.8)
LargeGrace	0.248 (0.43)	0.01 (94.3)	0.02 (88.5)	0.02 (83.9)	0.03 (82.5)
Cattle	0.264 (0.44)	-0.05 (44.1)	-0.03 (72.3)	-0.03 (67.5)	-0.03 (69.1)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				0.14 (45.4)
rd 3	0.348 (0.48)	-0.02 (71.4)	0.00 (96.9)	0.00 (93.8)	0.01 (91.5)
Large $\times$ rd 3	0.094 (0.29)	-0.05 (74.9)	-0.05 (75.5)	-0.05 (77.9)	-0.05 (77.2)
LargeGrace × rd 3	0.085 (0.28)	0.19 (28.5)	0.20 (25.5)	0.21 (24.9)	0.21 (25.1)
Cattle $\times$ rd 3	0.091 (0.29)	0.17 (18.0)	0.16 (23.6)	0.16 (24.6)	0.15 (25.3)
rd 4	0.326 (0.47)	0.16 (0.9)	0.18 (0.5)	0.19 (0.4)	0.19 (0.4)
Large $\times$ rd 4	0.094 (0.29) 0.081 (0.27)	0.05 (74.5)	0.04 (79.1)	0.05 (78.2)	0.05 (78.7)
LargeGrace × rd 4		0.40 (3.3)	0.39 (3.6)	0.40 (3.0)	0.40 (3.0)
Cattle $\times$ rd 4	0.085 (0.28)	0.34 (0.8)	0.34 (1.1)	0.35 (1.1)	0.35 (1.2)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				0.14 (45.4)
Flood in round 1	0.491 (0.50)			0.05 (57.2)	0.05 (56.4)
Head literate0	0.114 (0.32)			0.02 (85.6)	0.02 (87.2)
Number of cattle0	0.266 (0.62)		0.31 (0.2)	0.29 (0.6)	0.21 (21.4)
Household size0	4.219 (1.43)			0.05 (3.7)	0.05 (3.8)
TotalImputed2Value0	5315.315 (12450.23)				
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		1.62 87	1.62 87	1.62 85	1.62 85
T = 3 $T = 4$		168 395	168 395	168 395	168 395
$ar{R}^2 N$	1998	0.04 1608	0.086 1608	0.089 1606	0.089 1606

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). UltraPoor is an indicator variable if the household is classified as the ultra poor. Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Regressand is TotalImputedValue, a sum of all livestock holding values evaluated at respective median market prices in the same year.

TABLE 56: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF LIVESTOCK HOLDING BY TIMEAND ATTRIBUTES

 22 0 0 1 11 10 0 11 1 2011		21,2010411	11022110 21		, ill little of L.
covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
(Intercept)		1.47 (0.0)	1.36 (0.0)	1.12 (0.0)	1.11 (0.0)
Unfront	0.785 (0.41)	0.39 (0.6)	0.37 (0.4)	0.35 (0.8)	0.35 (0.8)
WithGrace	0.512 (0.50)	-0.39 (2.5)	-0.35 (1.8)	-0.33 (3.7)	-0.33 (3.8)
InKind	0.264 (0.44)	-0.06 (60.6)	-0.04 (69.6)	-0.05 (62.1)	-0.06 (61.7)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				0.14 (45.4)
rd 3	0.348 (0.48)	-0.02 (71.4)	0.00 (96.9)	0.00 (93.8)	0.01 (91.5)
Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.269 (0.44)	-0.05 (74.9)	-0.05 (75.5)	-0.05 (77.9)	-0.05 (77.2)
WithGrace × rd 3	0.176 (0.38)	0.24 (17.1)	0.25 (14.2)	0.25 (14.7)	0.25 (14.6)
InKind $\times$ rd 3	0.091 (0.29)	-0.02 (90.7)	-0.05 (74.9)	-0.05 (72.5)	-0.05 (72.4)
rd 4	0.326 (0.47)	0.16 (0.9)	0.18 (0.5)	0.19 (0.4)	0.19 (0.4)
Upfront × rd 4	0.260 (0.44)	0.05 (74.5)	0.04 (79.1)	0.05 (78.2)	0.05 (78.7)
WithGrace × rd 4	0.166 (0.37)	0.35 (9.6)	0.34 (9.5)	0.36 (8.4)	0.36 (8.4)
InKind × rd 4	0.085 (0.28)	-0.06 (75.5)	-0.04 (80.5)	-0.05 (76.1)	-0.06 (75.4)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				0.14 (45.4)
Flood in round 1	0.491 (0.50)			0.05 (57.2)	0.05 (56.4)
Head literate()	0.114 (0.32)			0.02 (85.6)	0.02 (87.2)
Number of cattle0	0.266 (0.62)		0.31 (0.2)	0.29 (0.6)	0.21 (21.4)
Household size0	4.219 (1.43)			0.05 (3.7)	0.05 (3.8)
TotalImputed2Value0	5315.315 (12450.23)				
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		1.62 87	1.62 87	1.62 85	1.62 85
T = 3 $T = 4$		168 395	168 395	168 395	168 395
$ar{R}^2 N$	1998	0.04 1608	0.086 1608	0.089 1606	0.089 1606

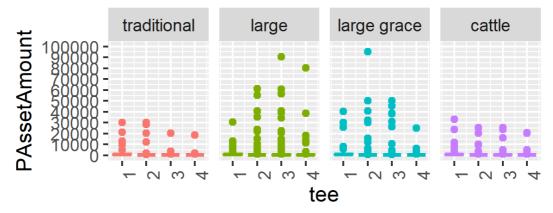
Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). UltraPoor is an indicator variable if the household is classified as the ultra poor. Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Regressand is TotalImputedValue, a sum of all livestock holding values evaluated at respective median market prices in the same year.

2. P values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level.

**Finding III.3** Figure 14 shows increasing livestock accumulation in all arms but traditional. Figure 16 shows increasing cow ownership relative to traditional in the bottom panel while the holding per owner is similar across all arms. This is evidence of an acceleration of becoming a large livestock owner for the large sized arms relative to the small size arm. Given that the number of cows per owner remains the similar, it does not provide evidence for accelerated growth of livestock after becoming an owner.

Number of obs by Arm and attrition AttritIn 2 3 9 Sum traditional 6 4 20 144 174 large 5 2 1 192 200 large grace 22 3 3 171 199 5 cattle 5 13 177 200 Sum 38 14 37 684 773 Number of obs by membership status and attrition AttritIn BStatus 2 4 9 Sum 8 borrower 6 8 578 600 pure saver 0 0 individual rejection 9 1 75 89 group rejection 9 0 55 68 rejection by flood 40 12 0 28 0 38 14 37 708 797

FIGURE 18: PRODUCTIVE ASSET HOLDING



Source: Survey data.

Note:

TABLE 57: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF PRODUCTIVE ASSETS

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(Intercept)		571.2 (0.0)	200.4 (16.1)	313.7 (30.8)	358.2 (33.6)	331.2 (33.9)
Large	0.021 (0.45)	1237.9 (3.5)	1163.6 (4.1)	1281.1 (2.8)	1526.2 (2.5)	1354.3 (2.7)
LargeGrace	0.002 (0.43)	792.4 (9.4)	653.4 (16.0)	609.1 (17.9)	667.1 (17.8)	644.3 (15.7)
Cattle	0.017 (0.44)	148.0 (40.0)	187.7 (32.3)	253.7 (23.5)	291.3 (21.4)	350.6 (13.7)
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)				88.4 (83.9)	
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)				88.4 (83.9)	
$HadCattle \times Large$	0.016 (0.22)				139.7 (90.6)	
HadCattle × LargeGrace	0.004 (0.20)				1548.0 (21.3)	
$HadCattle \times Cattle$	-0.006 (0.19)				201.2 (59.7)	
Flood in round 1	0.487 (0.50)			-662.6 (8.8)	-867.9 (6.3)	-709.0 (9.6)
Head literate0	0.121 (0.33)			-595.0 (2.0)	-692.3 (4.2)	-622.5 (2.7)
PAssetAmount0	1255.054 (2646.96)		0.4 (0.3)	0.3 (0.5)	0.4 (0.2)	0.4 (0.2)
Household size0	4.306 (1.43)			58.9 (52.5)	48.3 (68.1)	35.3 (74.2)
Number of cattle0	0.300 (0.66)					93.8 (79.0)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		1124 20	1124 20	1124 20	1124 17	1124 14
T = 3 $T = 4$		104 632	104 625	101 625	57 529	56 604
$ar{R}^2 N$	1718	0.005 2124	0.026 2103	0.028 2097	0.031 1718	0.03 1938

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Only households that are observed for all 4 rounds are used. Households are continuing members and replacing members of early rejecters and received loans prior to 2015 January. Productive assets do not include livestock. Regressions (1)-(3), (5)-(6) use only arm and calendar information. (4) and (7) use previous six month repayment and saving information which is lacking in rd 1, hence starts from rd 2.

Table 58: ANCOVA estimation of productive assets by attributes

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(Intercept)		571.2 (0.0)	200.4 (16.1)	313.7 (30.8)	358.2 (33.6)	331.2 (33.9)
Unfront	0.040 (0.41)	1237.9 (3.5)	1163.6 (4.1)	1281.1 (2.8)	1526.2 (2.5)	1354.3 (2.7)
WithGrace	0.019 (0.50)	-445.5 (55.2)	-510.2 (48.4)	-672.0 (35.4)	-859.2 (30.3)	-710.0 (35.1)
InKind	0.017 (0.44)	-644.4 (19.3)	-465.7 (34.0)	-355.5 (44.8)	-375.8 (45.0)	-293.7 (53.4)
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)				88.4 (83.9)	
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)				88.4 (83.9)	
$HadCattle \times Upfront$	0.014 (0.18)				139.7 (90.6)	
HadCattle × WithGrace	-0.002 (0.23)				1408.3 (40.1)	
$HadCattle \times InKind$	-0.006 (0.19)				-1346.8 (28.3)	
Flood in round 1	0.487 (0.50)			-662.6 (8.8)	-867.9 (6.3)	-709.0 (9.6)
Head literate0	0.121 (0.33)			-595.0 (2.0)	-692.3 (4.2)	-622.5 (2.7)
PAssetAmount0	1255.054 (2646.96)		0.4 (0.3)	0.3 (0.5)	0.4 (0.2)	0.4 (0.2)
Household size0	4.306 (1.43)			58.9 (52.5)	48.3 (68.1)	35.3 (74.2)
Number of cattle0	0.300 (0.66)					93.8 (79.0)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		1124 20	1124 20	1124 20	1124 17	1124 14
T = 3 $T = 4$		104 632	104 625	101 625	57 529	56 604
$ar{R}^2 N$	1718	0.005 2124	0.026 2103	0.028 2097	0.031 1718	0.03 1938

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Only households that are observed for all 4 rounds are used. Households are continuing members and replacing members of early rejecters and received loans prior to 2015 January. Productive assets do not include livestock. Regressions (1)-(3), (5)-(6) use only arm and calendar information. (4) and (7) use previous six month repayment and saving information which is lacking in rd 1, hence starts from rd 2.

TABLE 59: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF BROAD PRODUCTIVE ASSETS BY PERIOD

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(Intercept)		842.5 (0.0)	471.1 (1.7)	591.4 (10.7)	657.3 (12.0)	606.0 (13.4)
Large	0.021 (0.45)	1459.9 (3.5)	1387.5 (4.0)	1505.5 (2.8)	1737.5 (2.7)	1545.9 (2.8)
LargeGrace	0.002 (0.43)	926.0 (10.4)	790.5 (15.8)	744.0 (17.4)	766.8 (18.4)	755.4 (16.2)
Cattle	0.017 (0.44)	116.2 (51.8)	164.9 (39.0)	232.5 (28.4)	270.7 (28.1)	307.4 (19.9)
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)				173.8 (74.1)	
rd 3	0.342 (0.47)	-296.4 (19.0)	-303.0 (18.5)	-303.4 (18.4)	-334.6 (19.3)	-275.7 (22.4)
Large $\times$ rd 3	0.094 (0.29)	-816.7 (27.9)	-825.6 (27.6)	-820.2 (27.9)	-826.4 (35.6)	-701.6 (35.5)
LargeGrace × rd 3	0.084 (0.28)	-165.4 (72.3)	-163.3 (73.1)	-144.5 (75.8)	47.8 (92.2)	-26.8 (95.4)
Cattle $\times$ rd 3	0.089 (0.28)	226.1 (33.3)	149.3 (55.0)	158.0 (53.3)	182.6 (44.4)	315.4 (21.3)
rd 4	0.316 (0.47)	-747.5 (0.8)	-745.8 (0.8)	-747.7 (0.8)	-855.6 (0.5)	-758.7 (0.7)
Large × rd 4	0.093 (0.29)	-1534.1 (7.1)	-1545.4 (7.0)	-1566.5 (6.8)	-1540.0 (11.0)	-1441.9 (9.0)
LargeGrace × rd 4	0.079 (0.27)	-1223.6 (9.0)	-1258.4 (8.6)	-1271.0 (8.6)	-1178.3 (10.4)	-1189.4 (10.5)
Cattle $\times$ rd 4	0.082 (0.27)	111.6 (65.8)	94.2 (71.7)	67.3 (80.4)	75.0 (76.9)	207.1 (44.0)
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)				173.8 (74.1)	
$HadCattle \times Large$	0.016 (0.22)				40.2 (97.6)	
HadCattle × LargeGrace	0.004 (0.20)				2070.8 (19.4)	
$HadCattle \times Cattle$	-0.006 (0.19)				286.1 (47.1)	
HadCattle × rd 3	0.075 (0.26)				-164.7 (71.5)	
HadCattle $\times$ Large $\times$ rd 3	0.005 (0.13)				841.8 (46.3)	
HadCattle × LargeGrace × rd 3	0.001 (0.12)				-2020.7 (14.6)	
HadCattle $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 3	-0.001 (0.11)				-583.7 (16.7)	
HadCattle × rd 4	0.068 (0.25)				-829.9 (31.7)	
HadCattle $\times$ Large $\times$ rd 4	0.006 (0.13)				153.9 (92.8)	
HadCattle × LargeGrace × rd 4	0.002 (0.12)				-3922.5 (16.7)	
HadCattle $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 4	-0.003 (0.10)				-621.5 (15.3)	
Flood in round 1	0.487 (0.50)			-666.2 (8.8)	-868.0 (6.4)	-707.9 (9.7)
Head literate0	0.121 (0.33)			-596.9 (2.0)	-685.4 (4.5)	-621.8 (2.7)
PAssetAmount0	1255.054 (2646.96)		0.4 (0.3)	0.3 (0.6)	0.4 (0.2)	0.4 (0.2)
Household size0	4.306 (1.43)			57.8 (53.4)	48.3 (68.3)	35.9 (73.9)
Number of cattle0	0.300 (0.66)					93.3 (79.2)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		1124 20	1124 20	1124 20	1124 17	1124 14
T = 3 $T = 4$		104 632	104 625	101 625	57 529	56 604
$ar{R}^2 N$	1718	0.007 2124	0.027 2103	0.029 2097	0.029 1718	0.031 1938

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Only households that are observed for all 4 rounds are used. Households are continuing members and replacing members of early rejecters and received loans prior to 2015 January. Productive assets do not include livestock. Regressions (1)-(3), (5)-(6) use only arm and calendar information. (4) and (7) use previous six month repayment and saving information which is lacking in rd 1, hence starts from rd 2.

<sup>2.</sup> P values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level. 87

TABLE 60: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF BROAD PRODUCTIVE ASSETS BY ATTRIBUTES AND PERIOD

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(Intercept)		842.5 (0.0)	471.1 (1.7)	591.4 (10.7)	657.3 (12.0)	606.0 (13.4)
Unfront	0.040 (0.41)	1459.9 (3.5)	1387.5 (4.0)	1505.5 (2.8)	1737.5 (2.7)	1545.9 (2.8)
WithGrace	0.019 (0.50)	-533.9 (54.7)	-597.0 (49.1)	-761.5 (37.6)	-970.7 (31.4)	-790.5 (37.0)
InKind	0.017 (0.44)	-809.8 (16.5)	-625.6 (27.4)	-511.5 (35.2)	-496.1 (38.4)	-448.0 (41.0)
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)	(1111)	(=111)	(0012)	173.8 (74.1)	(1313)
rd 3	0.342 (0.47)	-296.4 (19.0)	-303.0 (18.5)	-303.4 (18.4)	-334.6 (19.3)	-275.7 (22.4)
Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.267 (0.44)	-816.7 (27.9)	-825.6 (27.6)	-820.2 (27.9)	-826.4 (35.6)	-701.6 (35.5)
WithGrace × rd 3	0.173 (0.38)	651.4 (44.4)	662.3 (44.0)	675.7 (43.1)	874.2 (36.9)	674.9 (42.8)
InKind $\times$ rd 3	0.089 (0.28)	391.5 (39.2)	312.6 (50.5)	302.6 (51.5)	134.8 (76.1)	342.1 (44.8)
rd 4	0.316 (0.47)	-747.5 (0.8)	-745.8 (0.8)	-747.7 (0.8)	-855.6 (0.5)	-758.7 (0.7)
Upfront $\times$ rd 4	0.254 (0.44)	-1534.1 (7.1)	-1545.4 (7.0)	-1566.5 (6.8)	-1540.0 (11.0)	-1441.9 (9.0)
WithGrace × rd 4	0.161 (0.37)	310.4 (77.3)	287.0 (79.2)	295.5 (78.7)	361.7 (75.4)	252.6 (81.6)
InKind × rd 4	0.082 (0.27)	1335.2 (6.0)	1352.5 (6.1)	1338.3 (6.3)	1253.3 (6.3)	1396.5 (5.4)
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)	(2.7.2)	(31)	(2.12)	173.8 (74.1)	( /
$HadCattle \times Upfront$	0.014 (0.18)				40.2 (97.6)	
HadCattle × WithGrace	-0.002 (0.23)				2030.5 (32.3)	
$HadCattle \times InKind$	-0.006 (0.19)				-1784.7 (26.6)	
HadCattle × rd 3	0.075 (0.26)				-164.7 (71.5)	
HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.004 (0.11)				841.8 (46.3)	
HadCattle × WithGrace × rd 3	-0.000 (0.14)				-2862.5 (10.4)	
HadCattle $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 3	-0.001 (0.11)				1437.0 (30.6)	
HadCattle × rd 4	0.068 (0.25)				-829.9 (31.7)	
HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 4	0.005 (0.10)				153.9 (92.8)	
$HadCattle \times WithGrace \times rd 4$	-0.001 (0.13)				-4076.3 (21.6)	
HadCattle $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 4	-0.003 (0.10)				3300.9 (24.3)	
Flood in round 1	0.487 (0.50)			-666.2 (8.8)	-868.0 (6.4)	-707.9 (9.7)
Head literate0	0.121 (0.33)			-596.9 (2.0)	-685.4 (4.5)	-621.8 (2.7)
PAssetAmount0	1255.054 (2646.96)		0.4 (0.3)	0.3 (0.6)	0.4 (0.2)	0.4 (0.2)
Household size0	4.306 (1.43)		(3.2)	57.8 (53.4)	48.3 (68.3)	35.9 (73.9)
Number of cattle0	0.300 (0.66)			()	()	93.3 (79.2)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		1124 20	1124 20	1124 20	1124 17	1124 14
T = 3 $T = 4$		104 632	104 625	101 625	57 529	56 604
$ar{R}^2 N$	1718	0.007 2124	0.027 2103	0.029 2097	0.029 1718	0.031 1938

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Only households that are observed for all 4 rounds are used. Households are continuing members and replacing members of early rejecters and received loans prior to 2015 Janunary. Productive assets do not include livestock. Regressions (1)-(3), (5)-(6) use only arm and calendar information. (4) and (7) use previous six month repayment and saving information which is lacking in rd 1, hence starts from rd 2.

<sup>2.</sup> P values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level.

Table 61: ANCOVA estimation of broad productive assets by attributes, poverty status, and  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(Intercept)		870.1 (0.0)	500.2 (1.7)	643.9 (9.1)	693.1 (11.9)	657.0 (11.9)
Unfront	0.040 (0.41)	1429.3 (3.9)	1349.8 (4.6)	1455.0 (3.1)	1699.9 (3.4)	1489.2 (3.0)
WithGrace	0.019 (0.50)	-574.7 (51.6)	-641.5 (45.9)	-820.9 (34.0)	-1073.4 (27.5)	-849.4 (33.6)
InKind	0.017 (0.44)	-761.0 (19.3)	-569.4 (32.4)	-438.7 (43.1)	-396.5 (48.4)	-378.2 (49.0)
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)				139.7 (79.2)	
UltraPoor	0.625 (0.48)	-147.8 (75.8)	-143.9 (76.6)	-147.0 (76.3)	-194.3 (73.0)	-146.4 (76.7)
$Upfront \times UltraPoor$	0.051 (0.30)	-1260.0 (47.2)	-1331.7 (45.5)	-1682.8 (37.4)	-2034.2 (35.7)	-1655.9 (39.5)
WithGrace × UltraPoor	0.036 (0.39)	1490.3 (40.6)	1548.4 (39.1)	1723.2 (35.6)	2278.0 (29.5)	1762.8 (35.2)
InKind $\times$ UltraPoor	0.019 (0.35)	-705.4 (23.0)	-773.5 (16.0)	-847.1 (12.4)	-1232.3 $(4.2)$	-837.1 (13.4)
rd 3	0.342 (0.47)	-301.2 (18.0)	-306.6 (17.7)	-308.1 (17.5)	-344.4 (17.5)	-287.0 (20.5)
UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	0.210 (0.41)	-218.0 (57.1)	-250.6 (51.9)	-257.3 (50.8)	-343.9 (40.7)	-233.6 (54.3)
Unfront $\times$ rd 3	0.267 (0.44)	-786.2 (30.7)	-796.8 (30.4)	-794.1 (30.6)	-758.6 (40.1)	-657.1 (40.0)
WithGrace × rd 3	0.173 (0.38)	673.3 (41.9)	686.9 (41.3)	705.1 (40.2)	914.3 (33.2)	704.9 (39.9)
InKind × rd 3	0.089 (0.28)	367.7 (37.6)	290.5 (49.5)	280.6 (50.6)	95.9 (81.0)	312.1 (44.7)
Upfront $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	0.017 (0.18)	-252.2 (85.3)	-266.1 (84.6)	-278.5 (83.9)	-40.3 (97.8)	-209.7 (87.7)
WithGrace × UltraPoor × rd 3	0.012 (0.23)	273.5 (84.8)	287.5 (84.1)	310.3 (82.8)	367.9 (80.7)	426.1 (76.2)
InKind × UltraPoor × rd 3	0.006 (0.20)	343.0 (56.9)	226.6 (71.0)	204.4 (73.8)	59.7 (93.0)	239.8 (69.3)
rd 4	0.316 (0.47)	-729.6 (0.8)	-725.4 (0.9)	-729.8 (0.9)	-837.4 (0.4)	-747.5 (0.7)
UltraPoor × rd 4	0.202 (0.40)	-354.7	-364.8 (44.7)	-381.1 (42.9)	-595.8 (26.5)	-418.6 (38.2)
Unfront × rd 4	0.254 (0.44)	(45.8) -1487.3 (8.4)	-1497.2 (8.4)	-1511.3 (8.2)	-1443.4 (13.6)	-1370.0
WithGrace × rd 4	0.161	419.5	404.8	415.5	494.0	(11.4) 371.3 (72.4)
InKind × rd 4	(0.37) 0.082 (0.27)	(68.7) 1217.2	(70.0) 1227.0	(69.4) 1213.9	(65.6) 1118.4	(72.4) 1271.8
Upfront × UltraPoor × rd 4	(0.27) 0.017	(6.1)	(6.3) 255.1	(6.6)	(6.7) 421.7	(5.8)
WithGrace × UltraPoor × rd 4	(0.17)	(86.9) -1382.3	(87.7) -1392.0	(88.3) -1385.5	(81.3) -1740.3	(83.3) -1390.7
InKind × UltraPoor × rd 4	0.23)	(44.2) 1594.0	(44.1) 1593.8	(44.3) 1565.8	(38.4) 1855.4	(43.7) 1604.9
HadCattle	0.218	(6.4)	(6.5)	(7.4)	(9.2) 139.7	(6.3)
HadCattle × Upfront	(0.41) 0.014				(79.2) 89.0	
HadCattle × WithGrace	(0.18) -0.002				(94.8) 2221.2	
HadCattle × InKind	(0.23) -0.006				(28.2) -1874.9	
HadCattle × rd 3	(0.19) 0.075				(24.0) -131.8	
HadCattle × Upfront × rd 3	0.26)				(77.0) 701.4	
HadCattle × WithGrace × rd 3	(0.11) -0.000				(53.2) -2893.1	
HadCattle $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 3	(0.14) -0.001				(9.9) 1463.0	
HadCattle × rd 4	(0.11) 0.068				(31.1) -804.0	
HadCattle × Upfront × rd 4	(0.25) 0.005				(33.0) 21.4	
HadCattle × WithGrace × rd 4	(0.10) -0.001				(99.0) -4285.7	
HadCattle × InKind × rd 4	(0.13) -0.003				(19.0) 3551.3	
Flood in round 1	(0.10)			-728.9	(21.3) -953.4	-765.9
Head literate0	(0.50)			(8.5) -693.8	(6.4) -812.3	(9.6) -708.4
PAsset Amount()	(0.33) 1255.054		0.4	-093.8 (2.4)	(4.2) 0.4	(2.9) 0.4
Household size0	(2646.96)		(0.3)	(0.5)	(0.2)	(0.2) 46.6
Number of cattle0	(1.43) 0.300		89	66.7 (49.6)	68.7 (59.3)	(68.3) 90.8
Number of cattlet)	(0.66)					90.8 (79.8)

## III.5.5 Narrow productive assets

Narrow productive assets are productive assets that are reported in all rounds. They are bees-box, brooder, cage incubator, country boat, dheki, ginning machine, gola (grain storage), hand pump, husking machine, jata, ladder(moi), sickle/dao/axe/spade, spray, weeder

```
Number of obs by Arm and attrition
           AttritIn
Arm
              2 3 4 9 Sum
 traditional 6 4 20 144 174
              5 2
                      1 192 200
 large
 large grace 22 3 3 171 199 cattle 5 5 13 177 200
 cattle 5
 Sum
             38 14 37 684 773
Number of obs by membership status and attrition
                     AttritIn
                               4 9 Sum
BStatus
                       2 3
                              8 578 600
 borrower
                        8
                            6
 pure saver
                       0 0 0 0
                                       0
 individual rejection 9 4 1 75 89
 group rejection 9 4 0 55 68 rejection by flood 12 0 28 0 40 Sum 38 14 37 708 797
```

```
Error in `geom_boxplot()`:
! Problem while computing aesthetics.
i Error occurred in the 1st layer.
Caused by error:
! オブジェクト 'NarrowPAssetAmount' がありません
```

```
Error in `geom_boxplot()`:
! Problem while computing aesthetics.
i Error occurred in the 1st layer.
Caused by error:
! オブジェクト 'NarrowPAssetAmount' がありません
```

## FIGURE 19: NARROW PRODUCTIVE ASSET HOLDING

Source: Survey data.

Note:

Narrow productive assets are productive assets that are reported in all rounds. They are bees-box, brooder, cage incubator, country boat, dheki, ginning machine, gola (grain storage), hand pump, husking machine, jata, ladder(moi), sickle/dao/axe/spade, spray, weeder.

TABLE 62: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF NARROW PRODUCTIVE ASSETS

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(Intercept)		567.5 (0.0)	233.8 (12.9)	134.3 (53.8)	157.2 (57.2)	99.7 (67.8)
Large	0.021 (0.45)	416.2 (9.2)	373.1 (11.6)	363.5 (11.4)	406.3 (7.6)	399.6 (8.0)
LargeGrace	0.002 (0.43)	335.7 (15.0)	144.5 (42.9)	154.6 (40.9)	157.7 (48.1)	159.0 (41.3)
Cattle	0.017 (0.44)	149.2 (39.7)	144.0 (43.9)	153.4 (40.8)	168.2 (38.6)	249.8 (21.7)
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)				110.4 (66.3)	
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)				110.4 (66.3)	
$HadCattle \times Large$	0.016 (0.22)				1082.5 (19.8)	
HadCattle × LargeGrace	0.004 (0.20)				-114.0 (77.3)	
$HadCattle \times Cattle$	-0.006 (0.19)				7.2 (98.0)	
Flood in round 1	0.487 (0.50)			70.8 (67.3)	23.0 (90.3)	96.0 (59.0)
Head literate0	0.121 (0.33)			-279.1 (10.4)	-275.4 (17.3)	-300.6 (10.0)
NarrowPAssetAmount0	1041.643 (2111.49)		0.4 (1.4)	0.4 (1.5)	0.5 (0.4)	0.5 (0.3)
Household size0	4.306 (1.43)			23.0 (69.2)	-6.2 (93.2)	1.8 (97.7)
Number of cattle0	0.300 (0.66)					39.0 (77.8)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		795 20	795 20	795 20	795 17	795 14
T = 3 $T = 4$		104 632	104 625	101 625	57 529	56 604
$ar{R}^2 N$	1718	0.002 2124	0.076 2103	0.076 2097	0.1 1718	0.092 1938

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Sample is continuing members and replacing members of early rejecters and received loans prior to 2015 Janunary. Productive assets do not include livestock. Regressions (1)-(3), (5)-(6) use only arm and calendar information. (4) and (7) use previous six month repayment and saving information which is lacking in rd 1, hence starts from rd 2.

TABLE 63: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF NARROW PRODUCTIVE ASSETS BY ATTRIBUTES

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(Intercept)		567.5 (0.0)	233.8 (12.9)	134.3 (53.8)	157.2 (57.2)	99.7 (67.8)
Unfront	0.040 (0.41)	416.2 (9.2)	373.1 (11.6)	363.5 (11.4)	406.3 (7.6)	399.6 (8.0)
WithGrace	0.019 (0.50)	-80.5 (80.4)	-228.6 (42.7)	-208.9 (45.0)	-248.6 (38.8)	-240.6 (38.5)
InKind	0.017 (0.44)	-186.4 (49.8)	-0.5 (99.8)	-1.3 (99.6)	10.4 (96.7)	90.8 (71.3)
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)				110.4 (66.3)	
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)				110.4 (66.3)	
$HadCattle \times Upfront$	0.014 (0.18)				1082.5 (19.8)	
HadCattle × WithGrace	-0.002 (0.23)				-1196.5 (19.4)	
$HadCattle \times InKind$	-0.006 (0.19)				121.2 (79.0)	
Flood in round 1	0.487 (0.50)			70.8 (67.3)	23.0 (90.3)	96.0 (59.0)
Head literate0	0.121 (0.33)			-279.1 (10.4)	-275.4 (17.3)	-300.6 (10.0)
NarrowPAssetAmount0	1041.643 (2111.49)		0.4 (1.4)	0.4 (1.5)	0.5 (0.4)	0.5 (0.3)
Household size0	4.306 (1.43)			23.0 (69.2)	-6.2 (93.2)	1.8 (97.7)
Number of cattle0	0.300 (0.66)					39.0 (77.8)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		795 20	795 20	795 20	795 17	795 14
T = 3 $T = 4$		104 632	104 625	101 625	57 529	56 604
$ar{R}^2 N$	1718	0.002 2124	0.076 2103	0.076 2097	0.1 1718	0.092 1938

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. Sample is continuing members and replacing members of early rejecters and received loans prior to 2015 Janunary. Productive assets do not include livestock. Regressions (1)-(3), (5)-(6) use only arm and calendar information. (4) and (7) use previous six month repayment and saving information which is lacking in rd 1, hence starts from rd 2.

TABLE 64: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF NARROW PRODUCTIVE ASSETS BY PERIOD

TABLE 04. AINCOVA						
covariates (Intercept)	mean/std	(1) 649.2	(2)	(3) 216.3	(4) 248.7	(5) 189.0
` '		(0.0)	(7.3)	(38.4)	(43.1)	(49.0)
Large	0.021 (0.45)	477.1 (10.5)	435.1 (12.6)	425.1 (12.4)	445.0 (10.4)	444.5 (10.3)
LargeGrace	0.002 (0.43)	346.7 (17.4)	155.3 (40.8)	165.5 (38.8)	141.3 (53.6)	157.5 (42.9)
Cattle	0.017 (0.44)	116.2 (51.8)	121.1 (51.9)	132.2 (48.5)	147.4 (49.2)	205.9 (32.2)
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)				167.5 (55.0)	
rd 3	0.342 (0.47)	-4.2 (96.7)	-11.0 (91.6)	-10.9 (91.8)	-13.4 (90.6)	5.5 (95.9)
Large $\times$ rd 3	0.094 (0.29)	-73.9 (78.2)	-79.0 (76.9)	-75.6 (77.9)	18.2 (95.5)	1.8 (99.5)
LargeGrace × rd 3	0.084 (0.28)	228.9 (47.7)	243.7 (45.4)	244.1 (45.7)	424.3 (27.0)	324.8 (34.7)
Cattle $\times$ rd 3	0.089 (0.28)	233.2 (31.7)	149.1 (55.4)	143.0 (57.4)	177.4 (45.7)	309.1 (22.0)
rd 4	0.316 (0.47)	-269.2 (4.8)	-263.2 (5.3)	-264.9 (5.4)	-311.0 (2.0)	-282.2 (4.1)
Large $\times$ rd 4	0.093 (0.29)	-549.8 (22.1)	-557.4 (21.8)	-557.5 (21.8)	-410.9 (36.8)	-463.2 (30.3)
LargeGrace × rd 4	0.079 (0.27)	-324.4 (31.2)	-336.6 (29.5)	-341.7 (29.3)	-200.5 (55.7)	-263.9 (41.6)
Cattle $\times$ rd 4	0.082 (0.27)	117.9 (64.0)	96.9 (70.9)	85.6 (74.8)	90.5 (72.0)	226.2 (38.7)
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)				167.5 (55.0)	
$HadCattle \times Large$	0.016 (0.22)				1203.8 (20.4)	
HadCattle × LargeGrace	0.004 (0.20)				68.4 (87.9)	
$HadCattle \times Cattle$	-0.006 (0.19)				90.9 (78.1)	
HadCattle × rd 3	0.075 (0.26)				-104.0 (53.1)	
HadCattle $\times$ Large $\times$ rd 3	0.005 (0.13)				-259.0 (52.8)	
HadCattle × LargeGrace × rd 3	0.001 (0.12)				-675.5 (15.8)	
HadCattle $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 3	-0.001 (0.11)				-576.2 (17.2)	
HadCattle × rd 4	0.068 (0.25)				-574.1 (20.5)	
HadCattle $\times$ Large $\times$ rd 4	0.006 (0.13)				-1275.4 (31.4)	
HadCattle × LargeGrace × rd 4	0.002 (0.12)				-1445.6 (23.4)	
HadCattle $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 4	-0.003 (0.10)				-592.4 (15.3)	
Flood in round 1	0.487 (0.50)			69.0 (68.1)	22.4 (90.7)	95.9 (59.1)
Head literate0	0.121 (0.33)			-278.7 (10.6)	-273.3 (17.9)	-299.5 (10.2)
NarrowPAssetAmount0	1041.643 (2111.49)		0.4 (1.4)	0.4 (1.5)	0.5 (0.4)	0.5 (0.3)
Household size0	4.306 (1.43)			22.7 (69.7)	-6.3 (93.2)	2.1 (97.3)
Number of cattle0	0.300 (0.66)			·	·	39.0 (77.8)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		795 20	795 20	795 20	795 17	795 14
T = 3 $T = 4$		104 632	104 625	101 625	57 529	56 604
$ar{R}^2$	1718	0.002 2124	0.076 2103	0.076 2097	0.098 1718	0.092 1938

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Productive assets do not include livestock. Regressions (1)-(3), (5)-(6) use only arm and calendar information. (4) and (7) use previous six month repayment and saving information which is lacking in rd 1, hence starts from 2 d 2.

TABLE 65: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF NARROW PRODUCTIVE ASSETS BY ATTRIBUTES AND PERIOD

ABLE 03: ANCOVA ESTIMA						
covariates	mean/std	(1) 649.2	(2)	(3) 216.3	(4) 248.7	(5) 189.0
(Intercept)		(0.0)	(7.3)	(38.4)	(43.1)	(49.0)
Unfront	0.040 (0.41)	477.1 (10.5)	435.1 (12.6)	425.1 (12.4)	445.0 (10.4)	444.5 (10.3)
WithGrace	0.019 (0.50)	-130.4 (72.3)	-279.8 (38.5)	-259.6 (40.2)	-303.7 (32.6)	-287.0 (34.6)
InKind	0.017 (0.44)	-230.6 (41.8)	-34.2 (88.3)	-33.3 (88.2)	6.0 (98.0)	48.4 (83.6)
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)	, ,	, ,	, ,	167.5 (55.0)	, ,
rd 3	0.342 (0.47)	-4.2 (96.7)	-11.0 (91.6)	-10.9 (91.8)	-13.4 (90.6)	5.5 (95.9)
Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.267 (0.44)	-73.9 (78.2)	-79.0 (76.9)	-75.6 (77.9)	18.2 (95.5)	1.8 (99.5)
WithGrace × rd 3	0.173 (0.38)	302.8 (36.5)	322.7 (33.8)	319.7 (34.4)	406.1 (29.5)	323.0 (35.3)
InKind $\times$ rd 3	0.089 (0.28)	4.3 (98.9)	-94.6 (76.8)	-101.1 (75.4)	-246.9 (43.8)	-15.7 (96.2)
rd 4	0.316 (0.47)	-269.2 (4.8)	-263.2 (5.3)	-264.9 (5.4)	-311.0 (2.0)	-282.2 (4.1)
Upfront $\times$ rd 4	0.254 (0.44)	-549.8 (22.1)	-557.4 (21.8)	-557.5 (21.8)	-410.9 (36.8)	-463.2 (30.3)
WithGrace × rd 4	0.161 (0.37)	225.4 (63.3)	220.8 (64.1)	215.8 (64.9)	210.4 (64.9)	199.4 (67.5)
InKind × rd 4	0.082 (0.27)	442.4 (12.8)	433.5 (13.6)	427.3 (14.3)	291.1 (25.8)	490.1 (10.2)
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)	(==::)	(3272)	(= 1.12)	167.5 (55.0)	(===)
$HadCattle \times Upfront$	0.014 (0.18)				1203.8 (20.4)	
HadCattle × WithGrace	-0.002 (0.23)				-1135.4 (27.4)	
HadCattle × InKind	-0.006 (0.19)				22.4 (96.5)	
HadCattle × rd 3	0.075 (0.26)				-104.0 (53.1)	
HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.004 (0.11)				-259.0 (52.8)	
$HadCattle \times WithGrace \times rd 3$	-0.000 (0.14)				-416.5 (41.6)	
HadCattle $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 3	-0.001 (0.11)				99.4 (84.9)	
HadCattle × rd 4	0.068 (0.25)				-574.1 (20.5)	
HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 4	0.005 (0.10)				-1275.4 (31.4)	
HadCattle × WithGrace × rd 4	-0.001 (0.13)				-170.2 (92.1)	
HadCattle $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 4	-0.003 (0.10)				853.2 (48.6)	
Flood in round 1	0.487 (0.50)			69.0 (68.1)	22.4 (90.7)	95.9 (59.1)
Head literate0	0.121 (0.33)			-278.7 (10.6)	-273.3 (17.9)	-299.5 (10.2)
NarrowPAssetAmount0	1041.643 (2111.49)		0.4 (1.4)	0.4 (1.5)	0.5 (0.4)	0.5 (0.3)
Household size0	4.306 (1.43)			22.7 (69.7)	-6.3 (93.2)	2.1 (97.3)
Number of cattle0	0.300 (0.66)					39.0 (77.8)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		795 20	795 20	795 20	795 17	795 14
T = 3 $T = 4$		104 632	104 625	101 625	57 529	56 604
$ar{R}^2 N$	1718	0.002 2124	0.076 2103	0.076 2097	0.098 1718	0.092 1938

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, lnKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Productive assets do not include livestock. Regressions (1)-(3), (5)-(6) use only arm and calendar information. (4) and (7) use previous six month repayment and saving information which is lacking in rd 1, hence starts from rd 2.

Table 66: ANCOVA estimation of narrow productive assets by attributes, poverty status, and period

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(Intercept)		686.7 (0.0)	361.9 (5.6)	279.4 (28.5)	333.2 (33.0)	258.0 (37.9)
Unfront	0.040 (0.41)	445.7 (13.4)	391.9 (17.1)	384.2 (16.8)	396.6 (17.1)	401.2 (15.1)
WithGrace	0.019 (0.50)	-100.7 (79.1)	-254.5 (46.1)	-238.7 (47.4)	-281.6 (41.2)	-268.6 (41.3)
InKind	0.017 (0.44)	-251.7 (41.7)	-50.8 (85.4)	-44.5 (86.8)	-5.2 (98.6)	35.8 (89.6)
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)	(11.7)	(03.1)	(00.0)	133.6 (64.1)	(0).0)
UltraPoor	0.625 (0.48)	-132.2 (61.3)	-77.1 (76.4)	-90 6 (73.0)	-113.2 (69.9)	-76.1 (77.4)
$Upfront \times UltraPoor$	0.051 (0.30)	-443.2 (50.7)	-498.5 (45.8)	-532.5 (41.4)	-533.2 (45.0)	-473.2 (46.9)
WithGrace × UltraPoor	0.036	-151.6	-130.7	-111.6	-194.2	-113.1
InKind × UltraPoor	(0.39) 0.019 (0.35)	(87.2) 123.2	(88.7) 43.7 (05.5)	(90.1) 15.6 (08.4)	(84.4) -19.2	(90.1)
rd 3	(0.35) 0.342 (0.47)	(87.8) -20.8	(95.5) -27.0 (70.0)	(98.4) -27.0 (80.0)	(98.3) -43.0 (72.0)	(96.0) -18.3
UltraPoor × rd 3	(0.47) 0.210	(84.0)	(79.9) -21.5	(80.0) -19.8	(72.0) -83.0	(86.8) 4.5
Unfront × rd 3	(0.41)	(94.4) -39.8	(90.3) -45.7	(91.1) -43.5	(67.3) 92.6	(98.0)
WithGrace × rd 3	(0.44) 0.173	(89.5) 275.1	(88.0) 293.1	(88.6) 290.5	(80.5)	(86.6) 290.6
InKind × rd 3	(0.38) 0.089	(38.2)	(35.4) -63.9	(36.0) -69.0	(32.7) -203.6	(37.6)
Upfront $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	(0.28) 0.017	(91.8) 152.7	(82.9) 145.0	(81.7) 145.2	(49.1) 372.3	(96.9) 259.4
WithGrace × UltraPoor × rd 3	(0.18)	(77.0) 441.3	(78.1) 454.2	(78.2) 454.8	(56.7) 701.7	(63.0) 490.0
InKind × UltraPoor × rd 3	(0.23) 0.006	(39.9) -222.7	(39.0) -358.9	(39.1) -370.5	(19.7) -661.0	(36.3) -266.5
rd 4	(0.20)	(61.5) -279.6	(43.0) -273.7	(41.8) -275.5	(13.7) -333.6	(57.4) -299.2
UltraPoor × rd 4	(0.47)	(4.0) 87.4	(4.4) 84.5	(4.4)	(1.7) -37.9	(3.0)
Unfront × rd 4	(0.40) 0.254	(76.0) -507.8	(76.9) -511.2	(77.2) -510.8	-37.9 (90.4) -334.8	(83.6) -396.3
	(0.44)	(27.1)	(26.9)	(27.1)	(49.7)	(39.4)
WithGrace × rd 4	0.161 (0.37)	232.7 (60.7)	228.5 (61.3)	222.2 (62.3)	212.9 (63.5)	202.0 (65.7)
InKind × rd 4	0.082 (0.27)	432.7 (10.8)	423.5 (11.5)	418.3 (12.1)	302.5 (19.6)	480.3 (8.5)
Upfront $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.017 (0.17)	820.4 (40.8)	800.4 (42.0)	803.6 (41.9)	1074.8 (32.8)	961.2 (33.4)
WithGrace $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.011 (0.23)	-644.5 (52.4)	-644.3 (52.7)	-648.7 (52.3)	-606.2 (58.2)	-686.0 (50.0)
$InKind \times UltraPoor \times rd \ 4$	$0.006 \\ (0.20)$	312.8 (54.2)	295.9 (57.0)	293.5 (57.6)	129.0 (83.4)	349.0 (51.5)
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)				133.6 (64.1)	
$HadCattle \times Upfront$	0.014 (0.18)				1297.3 (16.5)	
HadCattle × WithGrace	-0.002 (0.23)				-1153.9 (26.7)	
HadCattle × InKind	-0.006 (0.19)				52.3 (92.8)	
HadCattle × rd 3	0.075 (0.26)				-51.7 (76.8)	
HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.004 (0.11)				-416.8 (39.9)	
$HadCattle \times WithGrace \times rd 3$	-0.000 (0.14)				-358.1 (44.1)	
HadCattle × InKind × rd 3	-0.001 (0.11)				44.2 (92.8)	
HadCattle × rd 4	0.068 (0.25)				-510.2 (26.2)	
HadCattle × Upfront × rd 4	0.005 (0.10)				-1417.5 (25.2)	
HadCattle × WithGrace × rd 4	-0.001				-190.0	
HadCattle × InKind × rd 4	(0.13) $-0.003$				(91.1) 900.2	
Flood in round 1	(0.10) 0.487 (0.50)			51.1	(48.2) 9.5 (05.8)	81.1
Head literate0	(0.50)			(75.1) -314.7	(95.8) -314.9	(63.8) -327.4
NarrowPAsset Amount()	(0.33)		0.4	(8.7)	(14.6)	(9.1)
Household size0	(2111.49) 4.306		96	(1.6)	(0.5) -7.0	(0.3) $1.7$
Number of cattle()	(1.43) 0.300			(70.0)	(92.2)	(97.8) 31.7
	(0.66)					(82.2)

## III.5.6 Productive assets+livestock

```
Number of obs by Arm and attrition
          AttritIn
             2 3 4 9 Sum
traditional 6 4 20 144 174 large 5 2 1 192 200
large grace 22 3 3 171 199
cattle 5 5 13 177 200
Sum 38 14 37 684 773
Number of obs by membership status and attrition
                    AttritIn
                             4 9 Sum
BStatus
                       2 3
borrower
                       8 6 8 578 600
pure saver
                      0 0 0 0 0
 individual rejection 9 4 1 75 89
 group rejection 9 4 0 55 68
 rejection by flood 12 0 28 0 40 Sum 38 14 37 708 797
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TABLE 67: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF PRODUCTIVE AND LIVESTOCK ASSETS

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercept)		15563.7 (0.0)	13164.3 (0.0)	5334.4 (4.0)	13085.9 (0.0)	8045.2 (0.4)	12887.7 (0.0)
Large	0.021 (0.45)	14003.4 (0.0)	12411.4 (0.0)	12331.6 (0.0)	9904.3 (0.0)	10515.4 (0.0)	9910.8 (0.0)
LargeGrace	0.002 (0.43)	8465.5 (0.3)	7148.0 (0.7)	7387.7 (0.4)	5547.8 (2.0)	5297.3 (3.5)	5168.8 (2.7)
Cattle	0.017 (0.44)	6945.8 (0.2)	6784.0 (0.1)	6934.0 (0.1)	4489.0 (1.9)	6017.3 (0.4)	4610.4 (1.6)
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)				4013.0 (26.1)		7100.0 (12.0)
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)				4013.0 (26.1)		7100.0 (12.0)
HadCattle × Large	0.016 (0.22)				12282.4 (13.3)		12934.8 (11.9)
HadCattle × LargeGrace	0.004 (0.20)				2432.1 (63.1)		2340.6 (64.1)
HadCattle × Cattle	-0.006 (0.19)				3860.3 (43.5)		3972.2 (42.2)
Flood in round 1	0.487 (0.50)			106.7 (94.4)	596.1 (73.0)	-142.5 (93.3)	591.5 (74.2)
Head literate0	0.121 (0.33)			-943.9 (63.8)	-1533.1 (46.3)	-2136.7 (30.7)	-1429.0 (49.6)
ProdValue()	7262.039 (13742.94)		0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)	0.3 (2.0)	1.1 (0.4)	1.1 (0.5)
Household size0	4.306 (1.43)			1888.5 (0.0)	1519.5 (0.9)	1844.4 (0.1)	1385.4 (1.7)
Number of cattle0	0.300 (0.66)					-13720.1 (12.2)	-18339.1 (5.5)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		23012 20	23012 20	23012 20	23012 17	23012 14	23012 17
T = 3 $T = 4$		104 632	104 625	101 625	57 529	56 604	55 529
$ar{R}^2 N$	1718	0.046 2124	0.127 2103	0.141 2097	0.106 1718	0.125 1938	0.115 1714

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Sample is continuing members and replacing members of early rejecters and received loans prior to 2015 Janunary. Household assets do not include livestock. Regressions (1)-(3), (5)-(6) use only arm and calendar information. (4) and (7) use previous six month repayment and saving information which is lacking in rd 1, hence starts from rd 2.

TABLE 68: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF PRODUCTIVE AND LIVESTOCK ASSETS BY ATTRIBUTES

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercept)		15563.7 (0.0)	13164.3 (0.0)	5334.4 (4.0)	13085.9 (0.0)	8045.2 (0.4)	12887.7 (0.0)
Unfront	0.040 (0.41)	14003.4 (0.0)	12411.4 (0.0)	12331.6 (0.0)	9904.3 (0.0)	10515.4 (0.0)	9910.8 (0.0)
WithGrace	0.019 (0.50)	-5537.9 (12.6)	-5263.4 (9.6)	-4943.9 (11.9)	-4356.5 (14.8)	-5218.0 (11.5)	-4742.0 (12.6)
InKind	0.017 (0.44)	-1519.7 (56.1)	-364.0 (89.1)	-453.8 (85.8)	-1058.7 (64.2)	720.0 (77.2)	-558.4 (80.3)
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)				4013.0 (26.1)		7100.0 (12.0)
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)				4013.0 (26.1)		7100.0 (12.0)
$HadCattle \times Upfront$	0.014 (0.18)				12282.4 (13.3)		12934.8 (11.9)
HadCattle × WithGrace	-0.002 (0.23)				-9850.3 (21.9)		-10594.2 (18.6)
HadCattle × InKind	-0.006 (0.19)				1428.2 (75.3)		1631.6 (70.0)
Flood in round 1	0.487 (0.50)			106.7 (94.4)	596.1 (73.0)	-142.5 (93.3)	591.5 (74.2)
Head literate0	0.121 (0.33)			-943.9 (63.8)	-1533.1 (46.3)	-2136.7 (30.7)	-1429.0 (49.6)
ProdValue0	7262.039 (13742.94)		0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)	0.3 (2.0)	1.1 (0.4)	1.1 (0.5)
Household size0	4.306 (1.43)			1888.5 (0.0)	1519.5 (0.9)	1844.4 (0.1)	1385.4 (1.7)
Number of cattle0	0.300 (0.66)					-13720.1 (12.2)	-18339.1 (5.5)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		23012 20	23012 20	23012 20	23012 17	23012 14	23012 17
T = 3 $T = 4$		104 632	104 625	101 625	57 529	56 604	55 529
$ar{R}^2 N$	1718	0.046 2124	0.127 2103	0.141 2097	0.106 1718	0.125 1938	0.115 1714

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. Sample is continuing members and replacing members of early rejecters and received loans prior to 2015 Janunary. Household assets do not include livestock. Regressions (1)-(3), (5)-(6) use only arm and calendar information. (4) and (7) use previous six month repayment and saving information which is lacking in rd 1, hence starts from rd 2.

TABLE 69: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF LIVESTOCK AND PRODUCTIVE ASSETS BY PERIOD

111111111111111111111111111111111111111	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				11 ( 2 11002 1	o Di i Ditio	
covariates (Intercept)	mean/std	(1) 14445.8	(2) 11964.3	(3) 4005.4	(4) 10007.4	(5) 5794.2	(6) 9779.9
(intercept)		(0.0)	(0.0)	(14.4)	(0.1)	(4.6)	(0.2)
Large	0.021 (0.45)	14260.3 (0.0)	12674.8 (0.0)	12579.7 (0.0)	10230.5 (0.0)	10789.6 (0.0)	10203.8 (0.0)
LargeGrace	0.002 (0.43)	8405.2 (0.2)	7073.7 (0.6)	7270.7 (0.3)	5444.8 (1.7)	5213.2 (3.1)	5069.8 (2.5)
Cattle	0.017 (0.44)	7000.4 (0.1)	6776.1 (0.2)	6892.9 (0.1)	4395.0 (2.4)	5853.1 (0.5)	4521.3 (2.0)
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)				4803.8 (17.4)		7901.7 (8.2)
rd 3	0.342 (0.47)	912.4 (33.1)	1035.3 (26.3)	1232.8 (18.9)	3148.7 (0.2)	2610.8 (0.4)	3217.2 (0.2)
Large $\times$ rd 3	0.094 (0.29)	-2487.6 (38.9)	-2526.3 (37.9)	-2226.5 (45.0)	-3264.6 (35.2)	-2616.3 (39.1)	-3059.7 (38.4)
LargeGrace × rd 3	0.084 (0.28)	-539.2 (78.7)	-302.8 (87.9)	-79.4 (96.8)	-700.7 (77.2)	-331.0 (88.2)	-716.7 (76.8)
Cattle $\times$ rd 3	0.089 (0.28)	-1476.5 (53.9)	-1429.4 (53.8)	-1283.2 (58.1)	-815.8 (73.8)	-487.9 (81.2)	-843.0 (73.0)
rd 4	0.316 (0.47)	2208.2 (5.6)	2352.1 (4.3)	2473.8 (3.4)	5600.9 (0.0)	4082.8 (0.0)	5642.4 (0.0)
Large × rd 4	0.093 (0.29)	-567.0 (87.8)	-644.2 (85.8)	-754.0 (83.5)	-2453.6 (54.4)	-1260.0 (73.4)	-2184.1 (59.0)
LargeGrace × rd 4	0.079 (0.27)	947.3 (66.5)	827.8 (70.9)	1083.0 (62.0)	426.9 (87.6)	599.9 (80.7)	412.3 (88.0)
Cattle × rd 4	0.082 (0.27)	849.2 (74.6)	1508.1 (56.8)	1717.2 (51.5)	1179.7 (67.1)	2559.7 (29.8)	1097.4 (68.9)
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)				4803.8 (17.4)		7901.7 (8.2)
HadCattle × Large	0.016 (0.22)				11293.3 (14.7)		11981.0 (13.1)
HadCattle × LargeGrace	0.004 (0.20)				4373.9 (38.4)		4279.7 (39.7)
$HadCattle \times Cattle$	-0.006 (0.19)				3396.8 (50.2)		3525.5 (48.7)
HadCattle × rd 3	0.075 (0.26)				-4650.0 (2.6)		-4706.6 (2.3)
HadCattle $\times$ Large $\times$ rd 3	0.005 (0.13)				6632.7 (24.7)		6292.2 (26.9)
HadCattle × LargeGrace × rd 3	0.001 (0.12)				-9568.2 (9.3)		-9648.5 (9.0)
HadCattle $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 3	-0.001 (0.11)				4770.5 (30.7)		4704.9 (31.4)
HadCattle × rd 4	0.068 (0.25)				-4965.5 (9.7)		-5180.3 (8.0)
HadCattle $\times$ Large $\times$ rd 4	0.006 (0.13)				6928.4 (42.4)		6797.2 (42.9)
HadCattle × LargeGrace × rd 4	0.002 (0.12)				-11453.1 (15.5)		-11283.1 (16.0)
HadCattle $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 4	-0.003 (0.10)				4092.8 (57.3)		3779.0 (59.2)
Flood in round 1	0.487 (0.50)			103.0 (94.6)	599.3 (73.1)	-156.4 (92.7)	592.6 (74.2)
Head literate0	0.121 (0.33)			-875.6 (66.2)	-1510.2 (47.1)	-2060.1 (32.5)	-1401.3 (50.6)
ProdValue0	7262.039 (13742.94)		0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)	0.3 (2.0)	1.1 (0.4)	1.1 (0.5)
Household size0	4.306 (1.43)			1897.6 (0.0)	1527.3 (0.8)	1852.3 (0.1)	1393.2 (1.6)
Number of cattle0	0.300 (0.66)					-13688.1 (12.4)	-18274.2 (5.8)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		23012 20	23012 20	23012 20	23012 17	23012 14	23012 17
T = 3 $T = 4$		104 632	104 625	101 625	57 529	56 604	55 529
$ar{R}^2 N$	1718	0.045 2124	0.126 2103	0.14 2097	0.114 1718	0.128 1938	0.123 1714

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Productive assets do not include livestock. Regressions (1)-(3), (5)-(6) use only arm and calendar information. (4) and (7) use previous six month repayment and saving information which is lacking in rd 1, hence starts from the category is traditional arm.

Table 70: ANCOVA estimation of livestock and productive assets by attributes and period

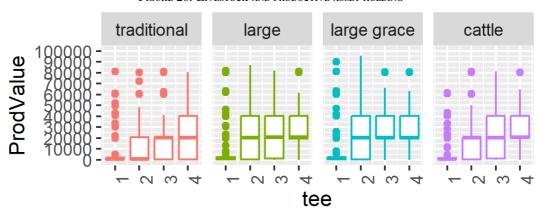
TABLE 70. AINCOVA ESTI							
covariates (Intercept)	mean/std	(1) 14445.8	(2) 11964.3	(3) 4005.4	(4) 10007.4	(5) 5794.2	(6) 9779.9
, , ,		(0.0)	(0.0)	(14.4)	(0.1)	(4.6)	(0.2)
Unfront	0.040 (0.41)	14260.3 (0.0)	12674.8 (0.0)	12579.7 (0.0)	10230.5 (0.0)	10789.6 (0.0)	10203.8 (0.0)
WithGrace	0.019 (0.50)	-5855.1 (9.7)	-5601.1 (6.8)	-5309.0 (8.3)	-4785.7 (10.4)	-5576.4 (8.1)	-5134.0 (9.1)
InKind	0.017 (0.44)	-1404.8 (57.5)	-297.6 (90.7)	-377.8 (87.7)	-1049.9 (63.6)	639.9 (79.1)	-548.5 (80.1)
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)				4803.8 (17.4)		7901.7 (8.2)
rd 3	0.342 (0.47)	912.4 (33.1)	1035.3 (26.3)	1232.8 (18.9)	3148.7 (0.2)	2610.8 (0.4)	3217.2 (0.2)
Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.267 (0.44)	-2487.6 (38.9)	-2526.3 (37.9)	-2226.5 (45.0)	-3264.6 (35.2)	-2616.3 (39.1)	-3059.7 (38.4)
WithGrace $\times$ rd 3	0.173 (0.38)	1948.4 (49.0)	2223.4 (42.8)	2147.2 (45.2)	2563.9 (41.7)	2285.4 (44.1)	2343.0 (45.9)
InKind × rd 3	0.089 (0.28)	-937.3 (68.6)	-1126.5 (61.6)	-1203.8 (59.0)	-115.1 (95.2)	-156.9 (93.6)	-126.4 (94.8)
rd 4	0.316 (0.47)	2208.2 (5.6)	2352.1 (4.3)	2473.8 (3.4)	5600.9 (0.0)	4082.8 (0.0)	5642.4 (0.0)
Upfront $\times$ rd 4	0.254 (0.44)	-567.0 (87.8)	-644.2 (85.8)	-754.0 (83.5)	-2453.6 (54.4)	-1260.0 (73.4)	-2184.1 (59.0)
WithGrace × rd 4	0.161 (0.37)	1514.3 (68.2)	1472.0 (69.1)	1837.0 (61.9)	2880.5 (45.5)	1859.8 (62.1)	2596.4 (50.3)
InKind × rd 4	0.082 (0.27)	-98.1 (97.1)	680.2 (80.6)	634.3 (81.8)	752.9 (76.4)	1959.8 (44.3)	685.1 (78.4)
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)				4803.8 (17.4)		7901.7 (8.2)
$HadCattle \times Upfront$	0.014 (0.18)				11293.3 (14.7)		11981.0 (13.1)
HadCattle × WithGrace	-0.002 (0.23)				-6919.5 (35.4)		-7701.2 (30.4)
HadCattle × InKind	-0.006 (0.19)				-977.0 (82.4)		-754.3 (85.6)
HadCattle × rd 3	0.075 (0.26)				-4650.0 (2.6)		-4706.6 (2.3)
HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.004 (0.11)				6632.7 (24.7)		6292.2 (26.9)
$HadCattle \times WithGrace \times rd 3$	-0.000 (0.14)				-16200.9 (1.8)		-15940.7 (1.9)
HadCattle $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 3	-0.001 (0.11)				14338.7 (1.8)		14353.4 (1.8)
HadCattle × rd 4	0.068 (0.25)				-4965.5 (9.7)		-5180.3 (8.0)
HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 4	0.005 (0.10)				6928.4 (42.4)		6797.2 (42.9)
HadCattle × WithGrace × rd 4	-0.001 (0.13)				-18381.5 (5.0)		-18080.3 (5.3)
HadCattle $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 4	-0.003 (0.10)				15545.9 (5.7)		15062.1 (6.2)
Flood in round 1	0.487 (0.50)			103.0 (94.6)	599.3 (73.1)	-156.4 (92.7)	592.6 (74.2)
Head literate0	0.121 (0.33)			-875.6 (66.2)	-1510.2 (47.1)	-2060.1 (32.5)	-1401.3 (50.6)
ProdValue0	7262.039 (13742.94)		0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)	0.3 (2.0)	1.1 (0.4)	1.1 (0.5)
Household size0	4.306 (1.43)			1897.6 (0.0)	1527.3 (0.8)	1852.3 (0.1)	1393.2 (1.6)
Number of cattle0	0.300 (0.66)					-13688.1 (12.4)	-18274.2 (5.8)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		23012 20	23012 20	23012 20	23012 17	23012 14	23012 17
T = 3 $T = 4$		104 632	104 625	101 625	57 529	56 604	55 529
$ar{R}^2 N$	1718	0.045 2124	0.126 2103	0.14 2097	0.114 1718	0.128 1938	0.123 1714

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, lnKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Productive assets do not include livestock. Regressions (1)-(3), (5)-(6) use only arm and calendar information. (4) and (7) use previous six month repayment and saving information which is lacking in rd 1, hence starts from rd 2.

Table 71: ANCOVA estimation of livestock and productive assets by attributes, poverty status, and period

ו ע	PERIOD							
	covariates (Intercept)	mean/std	(1) 14425.7	(2) 11755.9	(3) 3754.5	(4) 9723.0	(5) 5638.5	(6) 9498.6
	(Intercept) Upfront	0.040	(0.0) 14297.2	(0.0) 12837.5	(18.5) 12729.5	(0.2) 10490.9	(5.8) 10845.2	(0.3) 10467.4
		(0.41)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
	WithGrace	0.019 (0.50)	-5740.4 (9.3)	-5540.4 (5.9)	-5294.4 (7.2)	-5076.1 (7.5)	-5604.3 (7.0)	-5430.3 (6.6)
	InKind	0.017 (0.44)	-1470.0 (55.0)	-285.6 (91.0)	-305.4 (90.0)	-826.6 (70.8)	717.7 (76.5)	-328.0 (88.0)
	HadCattle	0.218 $(0.41)$				4489.1 (20.5)		7563.7 (9.9)
	UltraPoor	0.625 (0.48)	-2456.1 (9.0)	-2565.7 (8.3)	-2522.4 (9.8)	-2488 8 (12.6)	-2058.7 (19.9)	-2437.5 (13.7)
	$Upfront \times UltraPoor$	0.051 (0.30)	-5865.0 (22.5)	-4724.0 (31.3)	-5367.9 (28.0)	-7581.5 (16.8)	-6178.3 (24.2)	-7447.9 (17.6)
	WithGrace × UltraPoor	0.036 (0.39)	5109.7 (27.6)	6098.2 (19.7)	6921.7 (16.0)	10587.3 (4.2)	7418.7 (14.5)	10554.8 (4.8)
	InKind × UltraPoor	0.019 (0.35)	114.7 (96.9)	-600.6 (86.0)	-944.2 (78.0)	-2040.5 (53.6)	-606.9 (85.9)	-2215.4 (51.9)
	rd 3	0.342 (0.47)	882.4 (34.4)	1038.3 (26.1)	1234.3 (18.7)	3089.4 (0.2)	2551.8 (0.5)	3159.8 (0.2)
	UltraPoor × rd 3	0.210 (0.41)	-499.3 (78.7)	-773.1 (67.7)	-652.2 (72.3)	-335.7 (86.8)	-69.0 (97.0)	-345.1 (86.5)
	Unfront × rd 3	0.267 (0.44)	-2131.1 (44.5)	-2212.2 (42.7)	-1937.9 (49.6)	-2942.8 (38.8)	-2216.4 (45.0)	-2715.2 (42.7)
	WithGrace × rd 3	0.173 (0.38)	2260.0	2599.9	2513.5	2951.4	2557.6	2721.6
	InKind × rd 3	0.089	(42.5) -1293.5	(35.8) -1538.6	(38.2) -1583.3	(34.8)	(38.8) -468.2	(38.8) -491.0
	Upfront × UltraPoor × rd 3	(0.28) 0.017	(59.3) 5424.0	(51.3) 4601.6	(49.9) 5145.9	(81.6) 5677.0	(82.3) 5733.3	(80.9) 5768.7
	WithGrace × UltraPoor × rd 3	(0.18)	(31.7) -6329.9	(39.5) -6358.8	(33.7) -6835.7	(36.5) -6518.0	(29.7) -5979.9	(36.1) -6582.2
	$InKind \times UltraPoor \times rd 3$	(0.23) 0.006	(31.1) 5216.7	(31.3) 5446.6	(27.3) 4731.6	(33.3) 6163.2	(33.9) 5787.7	(33.1) 6235.0
	rd 4	(0.20) 0.316	(28.8) 2152.3	(27.2) 2368.4	(33.3) 2494.8	(21.5) 5510.9	(22.6) 3998.5	(21.0) 5554.3
	UltraPoor × rd 4	(0.47) 0.202	(5.5) 752.4	(3.8) 146.2	(2.9) 83.6	(0.0) -87.8	(0.0) 604.5	(0.0) -4.8
	Unfront × rd 4	(0.40)	(73.0) -203.5	(94.8) -386.9	(97.0) -507.4	(97.4) -2034.2	(79.1) -811.8	(99.9) -1761.2
	WithGrace × rd 4	(0.44)	(95.4) 1611.6	(91.1) 1611.2	(88.3) 1958.7	(59.8)	(81.9) 1907.5	(65.0) 2769.9
	InKind × rd 4	(0.37)	(65.1) -216.2	(65.3) 598.4	(58.4) 604.4	(41.2) 639.2	(60.0) 1879.7	(46.0) 552.2
		(0.27)	(93.6)	(83.3)	(83.2)	(80.2)	(47.9)	(82.8)
	Upfront × UltraPoor × rd 4	0.017 (0.17)	10674.3 (11.8)	9698.7 (15.2)	9621.6 (15.5)	11557.7 (18.1)	11336.8 (11.3)	11533.9 (18.4)
	WithGrace $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.011 (0.23)	-8394.5 (25.6)	-8364.9 (26.3)	-8190.7 (27.4)	-6882.7 (41.4)	-7485.9 (31.2)	-6994.9 (40.9)
	$InKind \times UltraPoor \times rd \ 4$	0.006 (0.20)	2403.2 (64.5)	1088.9 (85.3)	78.8 (98.9)	1266.9 (82.9)	1104.0 (84.5)	1649.6 (77.7)
	HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)				4489.1 (20.5)		7563.7 (9.9)
	$HadCattle \times Upfront$	0.014 (0.18)				10435.3 (19.3)		11117.8 (17.1)
	HadCattle × WithGrace	-0.002 (0.23)				-6154.7 (41.8)		-6921.5 (36.7)
	$HadCattle \times InKind$	-0.006 (0.19)				-1103.6 (80.1)		-901.6 (82.9)
	HadCattle × rd 3	0.075 (0.26)				-4454.0 (3.7)		-4511.2 (3.4)
	HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.004 (0.11)				6306.5 (27.8)		5930.8 (30.5)
	$HadCattle \times WithGrace \times rd 3$	-0.000 (0.14)				-16995.8 (1.3)		-16720.1 (1.4)
	HadCattle × InKind × rd 3	-0.001 (0.11)				14819.5		14840.7
	HadCattle × rd 4	0.068				(1.8) -4501.4		(1.8) -4727.8
	HadCattle × Upfront × rd 4	(0.25) 0.005				(13.3) 6233.8		(11.1) 6100.3
	HadCattle × WithGrace × rd 4	(0.10) -0.001				(46.5) -19088.4		(47.1) -18784.2
	HadCattle × InKind × rd 4	(0.13) -0.003				(3.8) 159 <u>1</u> 3.8		(4.1) 15428.6
	Flood in round 1	(0.10) 0.487			29.2	(5.7) 355.9	-257.9	(6.3) 366.1
	Head literate0	(0.50) 0.121			(98.5) -1189.9	(84.0) -1933.6	(88.1) -2321.0	(84.1) -1777.2
	ProdValue0	(0.33)		0.5	(56.0)	(34.6)	(27.6)	(38.9)
	Household size0	(13742.94) 4.306		(0.0)	(0.0) 1928.9	(1.8) 1608.0	(0.4) 1896.5	(0.4) 1472.4
	Number of cattle()	(1.43) 0.300		102	(0.0)	(0.5)	(0.1) -13650.7	(1.0) -18058.6
	Number of cauleo	(0.66)					(12.3)	(5.9)

FIGURE 20: LIVESTOCK AND PRODUCTIVE ASSET HOLDING



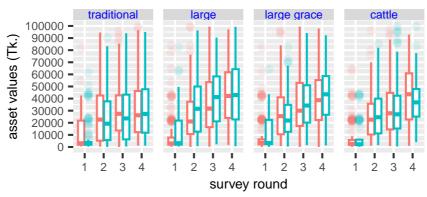
Source: Survey data.

Note:

## III.5.7 Net broad assets: Broad assets+Livestock-GUK Debt-Other Debts Net broad assets = Broad assets + net saving - debt to GUK - debts to relatives and money lenders.

Number of obs	•		nd a	ttri	tion			
	Attri	tIn						
Arm	2	3	4	9	Sum			
traditional	. 6	4	20	144	174			
large	5	2	1	192	200			
large grace	22	3	3	171	199			
cattle	5	5	13	177	200			
Sum	38	14	37	684	773			
Number of obs	by m	nembe	rshi	p st	atus	and	attri	tion
			Attr	itIn				
BStatus			2	3	4	9	Sum	
borrower			8	6	8	578	600	
pure saver			0	0	0	0	0	
individual	rejec	tion	9	4	. 1	75	89	
group rejec	ction		9	4	. 0	55	68	
rejection b		od	12	0	28	0	40	
Sum	-		38	14	37	708	797	

FIGURE 21: TOTAL AND NET BROAD ASSET VALUES

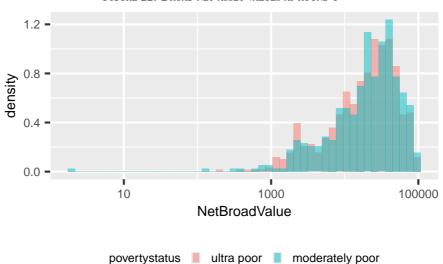


povertystatus 🖨 ultra poor 🖨 moderately p

Source: Survey data.

Note: Top panel shows total gross asset values. Bottom panel shows total net broad asset values = total gross broad asset values - debt outstanding. Debt outstanding takes the value of the month immediately after the respective survey round interview.

Figure 22: Broad net asset values at round 1



Source: Survey data.

Note: Broad net asset values = total gross broad asset values - debt outstanding. Debt outstanding takes the value of the month immediately after the respective survey round interview.

Figure 23: Total broad asset dynamics of nonborrowers

Source: Survey data.

Note: Only for nonborrowers. Scatter plots contrast t vs. t + 1 comparison where t and t + 1 are given in strip ribbons of each panel.

TABLE 72: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF NET BROAD ASSETS

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercept)		27712.5 (0.0)	26429.6 (0.0)	13561.5 (3.2)	22162.5 (0.4)	17249.7 (1.9)	22388.0 (0.3)
Large	0.048 (0.46)	18649.9 (0.0)	16423.3 (0.1)	16992.1 (0.1)	11730.5 (4.7)	14781.4 (0.6)	10668.5 (5.4)
LargeGrace	0.006 (0.43)	11398.8 (0.3)	9173.7 (7.0)	9344.7 (5.6)	4727.2 (37.3)	6712.0 (18.6)	4950.9 (35.8)
Cattle	0.009 (0.44)	11009.7 (2.3)	10053.1 (9.7)	10651.3 (6.8)	5740.7 (39.2)	8154.8 (19.8)	5389.9 (42.1)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				9050.7 (27.7)		8759.9 (34.3)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				9050.7 (27.7)		8759.9 (34.3)
HadCattle × Large	0.024 (0.25)						19791.0 (13.6)
HadCattle × LargeGrace	0.009 (0.23)						1767.4 (86.7)
HadCattle × Cattle	-0.012 (0.21)						10156.7 (32.4)
Flood in round 1	0.414 (0.49)			-4420.7 (23.6)	-2572.9 (54.3)	-4374.1 (28.5)	-2292.4 (58.5)
Head literate0	0.149 (0.36)			2538.6 (64.6)	2909.1 (64.0)	1061.5 (85.2)	3014.7 (63.4)
NetBroad Value0	10261.899 (15197.09)		0.6 (0.0)	0.6 (0.0)	0.2 (42.3)	0.5 (28.9)	0.6 (23.1)
Household size0	4.538 (1.35)			3151.1 (1.0)	2974.3 (3.1)	3255.6 (1.5)	2844.4 (3.1)
Number of cattle0	0.380 (0.73)					330.7 (97.4)	-8526.9 (48.7)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		38180 42	38180 13	38180 13	38180 13	38180 10	38180 13
T = 3 $T = 4$		137 569	84 377	81 377	38 327	40 362	36 327
$ar{R}^2 N$	1081	0.023 2023	0.054 1312	0.064 1306	0.034 1070	0.047 1176	0.037 1066

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Household assets do not include livestock. Regressions (1)-(3), (5)-(6) use only arm and calendar information. (4) and (7) use previous six month repayment and saving information which is lacking in rd 1, hence starts from rd 2.

TABLE 73: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF NET BROAD ASSETS BY ATTRIBUTES

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercept)		27712.5 (0.0)	26429.6 (0.0)	13561.5 (3.2)	22162.5 (0.4)	17249.7 (1.9)	22388.0 (0.3)
Unfront	0.063 (0.39)	18649.9 (0.0)	16423.3 (0.1)	16992.1 (0.1)	11730.5 (4.7)	14781.4 (0.6)	10668.5 (5.4)
WithGrace	0.014 (0.50)	-7251.1 (18.8)	-7249.6 (21.9)	-7647.4 (21.0)	-7003.2 (27.3)	-8069.4 (21.6)	-5717.6 (35.7)
InKind	0.009 (0.44)	-389.1 (94.2)	879.4 (89.6)	1306.5 (84.4)	1013.5 (88.5)	1442.8 (84.1)	438.9 (95.2)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				9050.7 (27.7)		8759.9 (34.3)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				9050.7 (27.7)		8759.9 (34.3)
$HadCattle \times Upfront$	0.021 (0.20)						19791.0 (13.6)
HadCattle × WithGrace	-0.003 (0.26)						-18023.6 (19.6)
HadCattle × InKind	-0.012 (0.21)						8389.4 (47.4)
Flood in round 1	0.414 (0.49)			-4420.7 (23.6)	-2572.9 (54.3)	-4374.1 (28.5)	-2292.4 (58.5)
Head literate0	0.149 (0.36)			2538.6 (64.6)	2909.1 (64.0)	1061.5 (85.2)	3014.7 (63.4)
NetBroad Value0	10261.899 (15197.09)		0.6 (0.0)	0.6 (0.0)	0.2 (42.3)	0.5 (28.9)	0.6 (23.1)
Household size0	4.538 (1.35)			3151.1 (1.0)	2974.3 (3.1)	3255.6 (1.5)	2844.4 (3.1)
Number of cattle0	0.380 (0.73)					330.7 (97.4)	-8526.9 (48.7)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		38180 42	38180 13	38180 13	38180 13	38180 10	38180 13
T = 3 $T = 4$		137 569	84 377	81 377	38 327	40 362	36 327
$ar{R}^2 N$	1081	0.023 2023	0.054 1312	0.064 1306	0.034 1070	0.047 1176	0.037 1066

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. Household assets do not include livestock. Regressions (1)-(3), (5)-(6) use only arm and calendar information. (4) and (7) use previous six month repayment and saving information which is lacking in rd 1, hence starts from rd 2.

TABLE 74: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF NET BROAD ASSETS BY PERIOD

		(1)	(2)	(2)	(4)	(F)	(6)
covariates (Intercept)	mean/std	(1) 16278.0	(2) 14254.8	(3) 318.7	(4) 8686.5	(5) 4284.2	(6) 9212.5
, 1,	0.049	(0.0)	(0.0)	(96.3)	(27.4)	(57.2)	(23.2)
Large	0.048 (0.46)	17352.0 (0.0)	15354.5 (0.2)	15924.8 (0.2)	10126.5 (7.5)	13206.9 (1.1)	9255.0 (8.7)
LargeGrace	0.006 (0.43)	9114.6 (0.8)	6774.6 (15.2)	6854.9 (13.6)	2004.6 (68.2)	3964.7 (39.0)	1923.1 (69.6)
Cattle	0.009 (0.44)	10586.5 (4.1)	9973.2 (12.6)	10463.3 (9.5)	5224.4 (45.0)	7663.8 (23.9)	4852.7 (48.4)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				9282.7 (26.4)		7888.9 (39.9)
rd 3	0.342 (0.47)	14774.1 (0.0)	15425.4 (0.0)	15978.9 (0.0)	18035.8 (0.0)	17231.4 (0.0)	17856.9 (0.0)
Large $\times$ rd 3	0.104 (0.30)	5227.0 (28.6)	2758.5 (66.9)	3394.0 (59.9)	5603.6 (45.0)	6282.0 (35.5)	4590.5 (52.3)
LargeGrace × rd 3	0.085 (0.28)	11120.3 (4.4)	10478.8 (10.6)	11163.3 (8.0)	13170.2 (8.3)	13549.3 (5.0)	14769.6 (6.8)
Cattle $\times$ rd 3	0.087 (0.28)	473.3 (93.1)	239.7 (97.3)	694.6 (92.1)	3347.8 (67.8)	3962.9 (58.8)	3641.5 (66.0)
rd 4	0.315 (0.46)	20830.9 (0.0)	22161.5 (0.0)	22734.9 (0.0)	25861.6 (0.0)	24170.6 (0.0)	26001.2 (0.0)
Large $\times$ rd 4	0.102 (0.30)	7410.9 (23.2)	6891.7 (30.0)	6695.4 (31.9)	7467.0 (34.7)	8931.1 (20.4)	7506.9 (31.0)
LargeGrace × rd 4	0.080 (0.27)	9853.3 (7.2)	9793.4 (15.5)	10283.3 (13.3)	11227.8 (18.6)	11703.6 (11.5)	13910.8 (11.4)
Cattle $\times$ rd 4	0.079 (0.27)	1456.1 (79.4)	-1140.1 (87.7)	-236.1 (97.2)	89.7 (99.1)	1348.3 (85.0)	658.5 (93.1)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				9282.7 (26.4)		7888.9 (39.9)
HadCattle × Large	0.024 (0.25)						18684.8 (13.6)
HadCattle × LargeGrace	0.009 (0.23)						7006.0 (48.2)
$HadCattle \times Cattle$	-0.012 (0.21)						10421.7 (33.4)
HadCattle × rd 3	0.092 (0.29)						7546.2 (10.4)
HadCattle $\times$ Large $\times$ rd 3	0.008 (0.15)						10585.1 (41.8)
HadCattle × LargeGrace × rd 3	0.003 (0.14)						-23992.5 (9.3)
HadCattle $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 3	-0.004 (0.12)						286.9 (98.2)
HadCattle × rd 4	0.084 (0.28)						7898.2 (19.5)
HadCattle $\times$ Large $\times$ rd 4	0.009 (0.14)						-2582.6 (89.0)
HadCattle × LargeGrace × rd 4	0.004 (0.13)						-39105.5 (4.4)
HadCattle $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 4	-0.005 (0.11)						2737.5 (88.2)
Flood in round 1	0.414 (0.49)			-4625.3 (21.8)	-2540.2 (55.0)	-4534.4 (27.1)	-2251.8 (59.4)
Head literate0	0.149 (0.36)			3104.4 (56.6)	2835.3 (64.5)	1335.1 (81.2)	3028.5 (63.0)
NetBroad Value()	10261.899 (15197.09)		0.6 (0.0)	0.6 (0.0)	0.2 (44.2)	0.5 (31.3)	0.6 (26.2)
Household size0	4.538 (1.35)			3316.7 (0.7)	3025.1 (2.7)	3361.8 (1.2)	2911.7 (2.7)
Number of cattle()	0.380 (0.73)					804.6 (93.5)	-7936.6 (51.7)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		38180 42	38180 13	38180 13	38180 13	38180 10	38180 13
T = 3 $T = 4$		137 569	84 377	81 377	38 327	40 362	36 327
$ar{R}^2 N$	1081	0.062 2023	0.091 1312	0.104 1306	0.084 1070	0.092 1176	0.087 1066

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Household assets do not include livestock. Regressions (1)-(3), (5)-(6) use only arm and calendar information. (4) and (7) use previous six month repayment and saving information which is lacking in rd 1, hence starts from red 2.

TABLE 75: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF NET BROAD ASSETS BY ATTRIBUTES AND PERIOD

TABLE 13. AINCO	VAL ESTRA	TION OF NET	DKOAD .	ASSETS DI	AI INIDUIES	AND FERIC	עי
covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercept)		16278.0 (0.0)	14254.8 (0.0)	318.7 (96.3)	8686.5 (27.4)	4284.2 (57.2)	9212.5 (23.2)
Unfront	0.063 (0.39)	17352.0 (0.0)	15354.5 (0.2)	15924.8 (0.2)	10126.5 (7.5)	13206.9 (1.1)	9255.0 (8.7)
WithGrace	0.014 (0.50)	-8237.3 (9.8)	-8579.9 (11.1)	-9069.9 (10.7)	-8121.9 (16.4)	-9242.2 (12.2)	-7331.9 (19.9)
InKind	0.009 (0.44)	1471.9 (78.3)	3198.6 (63.9)	3608.4 (59.1)	3219.8 (64.2)	3699.1 (60.0)	2929.6 (68.2)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				9282.7 (26.4)		7888.9 (39.9)
rd 3	0.342 (0.47)	14774.1 (0.0)	15425.4 (0.0)	15978.9 (0.0)	18035.8 (0.0)	17231.4 (0.0)	17856.9 (0.0)
Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.276 (0.45)	5227.0 (28.6)	2758.5 (66.9)	3394.0 (59.9)	5603.6 (45.0)	6282.0 (35.5)	4590.5 (52.3)
WithGrace × rd 3	0.172 (0.38)	5893.3 (28.3)	7720.3 (25.2)	7769.3 (24.1)	7566.6 (28.9)	7267.3 (28.8)	10179.1 (14.9)
InKind × rd 3	0.087 (0.28)		-10239.0 $(17.0)$	-10468.7 (15.2)	-9822.4 (21.8)	-9586.4 (19.9)	-11128.1 (17.9)
rd 4	0.315 (0.46)	20830.9 (0.0)	22161.5 (0.0)	22734.9 (0.0)	25861.6 (0.0)	24170.6 (0.0)	26001.2 (0.0)
Upfront × rd 4	0.260 (0.44)	7410.9 (23.2)	6891.7 (30.0)	6695.4 (31.9)	7467.0 (34.7)	8931.1 (20.4)	7506.9 (31.0)
WithGrace × rd 4	0.158 (0.37)	2442.5 (71.9)	2901.7 (68.6)	3587.9 (61.5)	3760.7 (63.4)	2772.5 (70.6)	6404.0 (42.8)
InKind × rd 4	0.079 (0.27)	-8397.2 (17.8)	-10933.5 (16.5)	-10519.5 (16.1)	-11138.1 (17.3)	-10355.4 (17.6)	-13252.4 (11.6)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				9282.7 (26.4)		7888.9 (39.9)
$HadCattle \times Upfront$	0.021 (0.20)						18684.8 (13.6)
HadCattle × WithGrace	-0.003 (0.26)						-11678.8 (36.9)
HadCattle × InKind	-0.012 (0.21)						3415.7 (77.1)
HadCattle × rd 3	0.092 (0.29)						7546.2 (10.4)
HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.006 (0.12)						10585.1 (41.8)
$HadCattle \times WithGrace \times rd 3$	-0.001 (0.15)						-34577.6 (1.2)
HadCattle $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 3	-0.004 (0.12)						24279.4 (7.1)
HadCattle × rd 4	0.084 (0.28)						7898.2 (19.5)
HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 4	0.007 (0.11)						-2582.6 (89.0)
HadCattle $\times$ WithGrace $\times$ rd 4	-0.001 (0.14)						-36522.9 (2.0)
HadCattle $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 4	-0.005 (0.11)						41843.0 (0.7)
Flood in round 1	0.414 (0.49)			-4625.3 (21.8)	-2540.2 (55.0)	-4534.4 (27.1)	-2251.8 (59.4)
Head literate0	0.149 (0.36)			3104.4 (56.6)	2835.3 (64.5)	1335.1 (81.2)	3028.5 (63.0)
NetBroad Value()	10261.899 (15197.09)		0.6 (0.0)	0.6 (0.0)	0.2 (44.2)	0.5 (31.3)	0.6 (26.2)
Household size0	4.538 (1.35)			3316.7 (0.7)	3025.1 (2.7)	3361.8 (1.2)	2911.7 (2.7)
Number of cattle()	0.380 (0.73)					804.6 (93.5)	-7936.6 (51.7)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		38180 42	38180 13	38180 13	38180 13	38180 10	38180 13
T = 3 $T = 4$		137 569	84 377	81 377	38 327	40 362	36 327
$ar{R}^2 N$	1081	0.062 2023	0.091 1312	0.104 1306	0.084 1070	0.092 1176	0.087 1066

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, lnKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Household assets do not include livestock. Regressions (1)-(3), (5)-(6) use only arm and calendar information. (4) and (7) use previous six month repayment and saving information which is lacking in rd 1, hence starts from rd 2.

Table 76: ANCOVA estimation of Net Broad assets by ARM, poverty status, and period

covariates (Intercept)	mean/std	(1) 16162.8 (0.0)	(2) 13358.6 (0.1)	(3) -723.8 (91.7)	(4) 6846.0 (40.0)	(5) 3759.9 (63.0)	(6) 7884.1 (31.3)
Large	0.048	17382.4	16272.6	16729.6	11807.9	13570.0	10566.5
	(0.46)	(0.0)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(4.0)	(0.8)	(5.1)
LargeGrace	0.006	8943.2	6849.9	6765.7	2175.5	3380.5	1367.1
	(0.43)	(0.9)	(14.5)	(14.2)	(66.4)	(47.7)	(78.8)
Cattle	0.009	10919.5	10653.0	11086.1	6220.1	7887.4	5321.2
	(0.44)	(3.9)	(10.8)	(8.2)	(38.1)	(23.8)	(45.9)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				10279.2 (21.6)		9323.0 (31.9)
UltraPoor	0.607	-4760.5	-3942.3	-3866.7	-4494.1	-2769.9	-3822.4
	(0.49)	(8.5)	(26.6)	(28.0)	(25.9)	(46.7)	(34.9)
Large × UltraPoor	0.045	-14429.7	-8648.2	-10644.0	-14113.2	-13881.3	-16330.6
	(0.37)	(9.1)	(34.7)	(27.1)	(17.3)	(18.8)	(13.5)
LargeGrace × UltraPoor	0.027	6994.2	12639.9	12235.8	15877.7	10035.4	13653.9
	(0.35)	(15.4)	(10.3)	(8.6)	(4.1)	(21.2)	(8.7)
Cattle × UltraPoor	0.001	-2739.8	-1062.2	-1661.5	1347.1	-2848.8	-1224.4
	(0.34)	(70.1)	(92.3)	(87.0)	(90.5)	(79.5)	(91.6)
rd 3	0.342	14562.3	15203.7	15745.3	17643.1	16834.0	17274.4
	(0.47)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Large $\times$ rd 3	0.104	6360.5	4412.6	4934.0	8186.2	8570.9	8231.2
	(0.30)	(21.6)	(52.4)	(47.9)	(30.4)	(24.6)	(26.9)
LargeGrace × rd 3	0.085	12203.5	12576.3	13123.3	16123.7	16177.3	19098.0
	(0.28)	(2.7)	(6.6)	(5.3)	(4.3)	(2.9)	(2.1)
Cattle $\times$ rd 3	0.087	1081.3	2255.1	2588.8	6810.5	6800.0	8147.2
	(0.28)	(85.3)	(75.5)	(71.5)	(40.4)	(36.9)	(31.2)
UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	0.204	-1646.8	79.7	688.4	924.0	1395.3	-728.9
	(0.40)	(64.5)	(98.6)	(88.0)	(85.9)	(77.3)	(89.2)
Large $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	0.014	-457.5	9269.0	9999.7	13449.2	12142.7	18118.8
	(0.21)	(95.3)	(37.1)	(33.9)	(31.4)	(30.8)	(19.5)
LargeGrace × UltraPoor × rd 3	0.010	4725.1	3828.7	4171.7	10644.6	8424.4	11727.7
	(0.21)	(60.4)	(73.1)	(70.7)	(44.9)	(50.8)	(44.4)
Cattle $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	-0.000	17475.9	21125.1	20957.1	31362.2	27314.5	34767.1
	(0.19)	(13.2)	(15.5)	(16.1)	(7.3)	(9.1)	(5.2)
rd 4	0.315	20701.6	22118.4	22668.8	26050.8	24280.0	25990.4
	(0.46)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Large × rd 4	0.102	8466.4	7445.0	7206.7	7753.1	8791.6	8889.9
	(0.30)	(18.7)	(30.4)	(32.5)	(38.6)	(27.2)	(27.1)
LargeGrace × rd 4	0.080	10619.0	10303.3	10724.3	11113.7	11451.7	15243.9
	(0.27)	(5.6)	(15.8)	(14.0)	(22.8)	(16.3)	(9.7)
Cattle $\times$ rd 4	0.079	1742.4	-279.6	544.5	674.3	1554.0	2253.8
	(0.27)	(77.2)	(97.1)	(94.0)	(93.9)	(84.5)	(77.7)
UltraPoor × rd 4	0.195	547.0	3521.9	3472.4	4405.1	5617.2	1819.9
	(0.40)	(90.3)	(46.9)	(46.8)	(39.7)	(23.9)	(72.0)
Large $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.016	7458.8	7262.5	7478.0	1209.6	2652.3	6311.1
	(0.21)	(56.4)	(53.9)	(52.9)	(93.0)	(82.4)	(63.1)
LargeGrace × UltraPoor × rd 4	0.008	5626.1	3732.9	4325.7	3140.4	1761.4	3788.6
	(0.20)	(50.3)	(74.2)	(70.4)	(81.6)	(88.5)	(76.0)
Cattle $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	-0.001 (0.19)	18745.2 (11.6)	17808.2 (24.3)	16325.5 (27.3)	16074.0 (33.2)	14419.3 (34.1)	18859.4 (22.4)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				10279.2 (21.6)		9323.0 (31.9)
$HadCattle \times Large$	0.024 (0.25)						16993.9 (18.0)
HadCattle × LargeGrace	0.009 (0.23)						8773.8 (39.3)
$HadCattle \times Cattle$	-0.012 (0.21)						10106.7 (36.5)
HadCattle × rd 3	0.092 (0.29)						8090.7 (8.7)
HadCattle $\times$ Large $\times$ rd 3	0.008 (0.15)						6522.0 (61.4)
HadCattle × LargeGrace × rd 3	0.003 (0.14)						-29665.7 (4.9)
HadCattle $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 3	-0.004 (0.12)						-5836.4 (63.2)
HadCattle × rd 4	0.084 (0.28)						7905.3 (18.3)
HadCattle $\times$ Large $\times$ rd 4	0.009 (0.14)						-3705.5 (83.3)
HadCattle × LargeGrace × rd 4	0.004 (0.13)						-41325.4 (2.7)
HadCattle $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 4	-0.005 (0.11)						-252.3 (98.8)
Flood in round 1	0.414 (0.49)			-4954.4 (19.6)	-3158.7 (45.9)	-5094.5 (22.1)	-2833.6 (50.7)
Head literate0	0.149 (0.36)			2340.9 (66.5)	2099.6 (73.0)	555.3 (92.1)	2389.7 (70.2)
NetBroad Value0	10261.899 (15197.09)		0.6 (0.0)	0.6 (0.0)	0.2 (46.9)	0.5 (24.4)	0.6 (19.0)
Household size0	4.538 (1.35)		109	3435.6 (0.4)	3263.1 (1.4)	3484.7 (0.8)	3132.6 (1.5)
Number of cattle0	0.380					168.3	-9692.3 (41.6)

TABLE 77: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF NET BROAD ASSETS BY ATTRIBUTES, POVERTY STATUS, AND PERIOD

TABLE 77. THICOVILESIII	WATION OF	NLI DROAD	ASSETS DI	ATTRIBUT	LS, I OVLKI	i sinios, i	AND I LINIOD
covariates (Intercept)	mean/std	(1) 15641.1	(2) 13227.6	(3) -957.4	(4) 7079.6	(5) 3143.8	(6) 7807.1
	0.062	(0.0)	(0.0)	(89.0)	(38.9)	(68.7)	(32.9)
Unfront	0.063 (0.39)	17906.0 (0.0)	16333.7 (0.1)	16855.5 (0.1)	11412.6 (5.5)	14053.6 (1.0)	10558.0 (6.9)
WithGrace	0.014 (0.50)	-7801.2 (9.7)	-8183.0 (11.6)	-8609.6 (11.3)	-7801.7 (16.8)	-8891.5 (12.5)	-7004.3 (20.5)
InKind	0.009 (0.44)	1266.6 (81.3)	2694.7 (69.0)	3094.8 (64.2)	2564.9 (71.1)	3249.8 (64.4)	2221.1 (75.6)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				9191.4 (26.9)		7814.6 (39.9)
UltraPoor	0.607 (0.49)	-5105.3 (9.5)	-4687.5 (21.6)	-4664.6 (22.6)	-5498.3 (22.2)	-3725.8 (36.9)	-5126.0 (26.9)
rd 3	0.342 (0.47)	14763.8 (0.0)	15500.2 (0.0)	16066.7 (0.0)	18105.7 (0.0)	17321.4 (0.0)	17888.5 (0.0)
UltraPoor x rd 3	0.204 (0.40)	-1566.3 (66.1)	600.4 (89.8)	1201.6 (79.7)	2307.4 (66.5)	2409 4 (62.7)	1286.9 (81.3)
Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.276 (0.45)	5548.9 (26.5)	2566.4 (70.1)	3063.5 (64.7)	4970.7 (52.3)	5655.8 (42.4)	4186.2 (57.6)
WithGrace × rd 3	0.172 (0.38)	5932.5	7668.8	7661.0 (24.7)	7366.3	7014.5	10014.8 (15.7)
InKind × rd 3	0.087	(27.9) -10743.1	(25.4) $-10023.8$	-10173.1	(30.3) -9479.3	(30.5) -9262.8	-10889.4
rd 4	(0.28) 0.315	(7.1) 20954.3	(16.4) 22353.5	(14.8) 22924.2	(21.7) 26093.7	(19.8) 24424.8	(17.4) 26170.6
UltraPoor × rd 4	(0.46) 0.195	(0.0) 507.0	(0.0) 3999.5	(0.0) 3909.4	(0.0) 4933.2	(0.0) 6167.2	(0.0) 2873.3
Unfront × rd 4	(0.40)	(91.2) 7275.9	(42.4) 5947.5	(42.6) 5759.9	(36.0) 6167.8	(21.5) 7473.2	(59.5) 6635.4
WithGrace × rd 4	(0.44) 0.158	(25.5) 2299.5	(38.8) 2559.5	(40.7) 3247.1	(46.0) 3440.0	(30.8) 2256.2	(39.5) 6131.0
	(0.37)	(73.1)	(72.0)	(64.8)	(66.5)	(75.9)	(45.0)
InKind × rd 4	0.079 (0.27)	-8270.8 (18.3)	-10375.6 (17.6)	-9967.4 (17.4)	-10461.0 (18.9)	-9621.5 (19.6)	-12730.0 (12.1)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				9191.4 (26.9)		7814.6 (39.9)
HadCattle × Unfront	0.021 (0.20)						16888.7 (17.6)
HadCattle × WithGrace	-0.003 (0.26)						-12354.1 $(35.0)$
HadCattle × InKind	-0.012 (0.21)						5031.2 (67.8)
HadCattle × rd 3	0.092 (0.29)						7468.4 (10.2)
HadCattle × Unfront × rd 3	0.006 (0.12)						11466.1 (37.8)
$HadCattle \times WithGrace \times rd~3$	-0.001 (0.15)						-34390.8 (1.4)
HadCattle × InKind × rd 3	-0.004 (0.12)						23861.2 (7.3)
HadCattle × rd 4	0.084 (0.28)						7902.4 (19.6)
$HadCattle \times Unfront \times rd 4$	0.007 (0.11)						-1303.6 (94.4)
HadCattle × WithGrace × rd 4	-0.001 (0.14)						-36058.7 (2.2)
HadCattle × InKind × rd 4	-0.005 (0.11)						41290.0 (0.8)
Flood in round 1	0.414 (0.49)			-4412.5 (24.6)	-2410.1 (57.5)	-4407.7 (28.9)	-2203.6 (60.5)
Head literate()	0.149 (0.36)			2838.4 (59.9)	2522.1 (68.0)	1167.4 (83.5)	2841.3 (65.0)
NetBroad Value0	10261.899 (15197.09)		0.6 (0.0)	0.6 (0.0)	0.2 (42.8)	0.5 (32.8)	0.5 (29.7)
Household size0	4.538 (1.35)		(0.0)	3365.1 (0.6)	3101.7 (2.3)	3405.8 (1.1)	2972.8 (2.4)
Number of cattle0	0.380 (0.73)			(3.0)	(2.3)	1137.2 (90.9)	-7101.5 (56.7)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$	(0.73)	38180 42	38180 13	38180 13	38180 13	38180 10	38180 13
T = 3 $T = 4$		137 569	84 377	81 377	38 327	40 362	36 327
$ar{R}^2 N$	1081	0.064 2023	0.091 1312	0.104 1306	0.084 1070	0.091 1176	0.087 1066
14	1001	2023	1312	1300	1070	1170	1000

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)12×(T=3)+3×(T=4). UltraPoor is an indicator variable if the household is classified as the ultra poor. Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends

## III.5.8 Net assets: Assets+Livestock-GUK Debt-Other Debts

Net assets = Assets + net saving - debt to GUK - debts to relatives and money lenders. Assets use only items observed for all 4 rounds for household assets *including* radios and cassette players (which have possibly large errors).

```
Number of obs by Arm and attrition
           AttritIn
Arm
                       9 Sum
             2 3
                   4
 traditional 6 4 20 144 174
             5 2
                    1 192 200
 large
 large grace 22 3 3 171 199 cattle 5 5 13 177 200
 cattle 5
 Sum
            38 14 37 684 773
Number of obs by membership status and attrition
                   AttritIn
                            4 9 Sum
BStatus
                      2 3
 borrower
                      8
                         6
                            8 578 600
 pure saver
                     0
                         0
                            0 0
                                   0
 individual rejection 9 4 1 75
                                   89
                     9 4 0 55 68
 group rejection
 rejection by flood
                     12 0 28 0 40
                     38 14 37 708 797
 Sum
```

	dummyLarge	dummyLargeSize	dummyLargeGrace	dummyWithGrace	dummyCattle	
	<num></num>	<num></num>	<num></num>	<num></num>	<num></num>	
1:	1	1	0	0	0	
2:	1	1	0	0	0	
3:	1	1	0	0	0	
4:	1	1	0	0	0	
5:	1	1	0	0	0	
4243:	0	1	0	1	1	
4244:	0	1	0	1	1	
4245:	0	1	0	1	1	
4246:	0	1	0	1	1	
4247:	0	1	0	1	1	
	dummyInKind	1				
	<num></num>	>				
1:	0	)				
2:	0	)				
3:	0	)				
4:	0	)				
5:	0	)				
4243:	1					
4244:	1					
4245:	1					
4246:	1					
4247:	1					

[1] TRUE
----------

[1] TRUE

traditional large large grace cattle 100000 -90000 asset values (Tk.) 80000 -70000 -60000 -50000 -40000 -30000 20000 10000 0 3 4 survey round

Figure 24: Total and net asset values

povertystatus 🖨 ultra poor 🖨 moderately p

Source: Survey data.

Note: Top panel shows total gross asset values. Bottom panel shows total net asset values = total gross asset values - debt outstanding. Debt outstanding takes the value of the month immediately after the respective survey round interview. Net assets uses only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets.

1.5 density 1.0 -0.5 -0.0 -100 1000 10000 100000 NarrowNetValue

Figure 25: Net asset values at round 1

Source: Survey data.

Net asset values = total gross asset values - debt outstanding. Debt outstanding takes the value of the month immediately Note: after the respective survey round interview. Net assets uses only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets.

povertystatus <a> ultra poor <a> moderately poor</a>

Table 78: ANCOVA estimation of Net assets

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercept)		14585.8 (0.0)	11514.0 (0.0)	4940.3 (22.1)	14751.7 (0.1)	9090.1 (3.4)	13716.5 (0.3)
Large	0.048 (0.46)	14121.4 (0.0)	14499.4 (0.0)	14384.3 (0.0)	7238.2 (4.5)	11311.1 (0.7)	7314.8 (4.7)
LargeGrace	0.006 (0.43)	7581.8 (1.2)	6949.4 (5.9)	7234.6 (4.6)	2349.8 (45.7)	3847.5 (26.5)	2182.4 (49.8)
Cattle	0.009 (0.44)	6811.2 (0.2)	6533.8 (2.5)	6703.6 (2.1)	1419.3 (58.7)	4083.1 (11.7)	1492.2 (56.3)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				6968.8 (25.6)		9519.6 (14.5)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				6968.8 (25.6)		9519.6 (14.5)
HadCattle × Large	0.024 (0.25)				18150.2 (10.2)		18479.7 (9.5)
HadCattle × LargeGrace	0.009 (0.23)				2418.7 (71.1)		3246.7 (61.0)
HadCattle × Cattle	-0.012 (0.21)				10713.3 (9.1)		10679.0 (8.0)
Flood in round 1	0.414 (0.49)			302.7 (88.7)	1888.4 (42.2)	429.3 (85.9)	2083.2 (39.9)
Head literate0	0.149 (0.36)			-670.1 (80.6)	-1730.8 (55.9)	-2351.7 $(40.7)$	-1752.8 (55.7)
NetValue0	10261.899 (15197.09)		0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)	0.2 (36.8)	0.6 (4.8)	0.7 (3.8)
Household size0	4.538 (1.35)			1464.3 (6.2)	1291.8 (16.8)	1546.9 (8.1)	1218.4 (19.1)
Number of cattle0	0.380 (0.73)					-3331.3 (62.1)	-12731.1 (13.5)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		21884 42	21884 13	21884 13	21884 13	21884 10	21884 13
T = 3 $T = 4$		137 569	84 377	81 377	38 327	40 362	36 327
$ar{R}^2 N$	1081	0.041 2023	0.126 1312	0.13 1306	0.088 1070	0.091 1176	0.09 1066

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Net assets use only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock. Regressions (1)-(3), (5)-(6) use only arm and calendar information. (4) and (7) use previous six month repayment and saving information which is lacking in rd 1, hence starts from rd 2.

TABLE 79: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF NET ASSETS BY ATTRIBUTES

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercept)		14585.8 (0.0)	11514.0 (0.0)	4940.3 (22.1)	14751.7 (0.1)	9090.1 (3.4)	13716.5 (0.3)
Unfront	0.063 (0.39)	14121.4 (0.0)	14499.4 (0.0)	14384.3 (0.0)	7238.2 (4.5)	11311.1 (0.7)	7314.8 (4.7)
WithGrace	0.014 (0.50)	-6539.6 (7.8)	-7550.0 (6.5)	-7149.7 (9.0)	-4888.4 (19.3)	-7463.6 (10.2)	-5132.5 (19.1)
InKind	0.009 (0.44)	-770.6 (77.1)	-415.6 (89.2)	-530.9 (85.8)	-930.5 (73.3)	235.7 (93.9)	-690.1 (80.6)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				6968.8 (25.6)		9519.6 (14.5)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				6968.8 (25.6)		9519.6 (14.5)
$HadCattle \times Upfront$	0.021 (0.20)				18150.2 (10.2)		18479.7 (9.5)
HadCattle × WithGrace	-0.003 (0.26)				-15731.5 (13.9)		-15233.0 (16.0)
HadCattle × InKind	-0.012 (0.21)				8294.6 (13.2)		7432.3 (17.7)
Flood in round 1	0.414 (0.49)			302.7 (88.7)	1888.4 (42.2)	429.3 (85.9)	2083.2 (39.9)
Head literate0	0.149 (0.36)			-670.1 (80.6)	-1730.8 (55.9)	-2351.7 $(40.7)$	-1752.8 (55.7)
NetValue0	10261.899 (15197.09)		0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)	0.2 (36.8)	0.6 (4.8)	0.7 (3.8)
Household size0	4.538 (1.35)			1464.3 (6.2)	1291.8 (16.8)	1546.9 (8.1)	1218.4 (19.1)
Number of cattle0	0.380 (0.73)					-3331.3 (62.1)	-12731.1 (13.5)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		21884 42	21884 13	21884 13	21884 13	21884 10	21884 13
T = 3 $T = 4$		137 569	84 377	81 377	38 327	40 362	36 327
$ar{R}^2 N$	1081	0.041 2023	0.126 1312	0.13 1306	0.088 1070	0.091 1176	0.09 1066

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. Net assets use only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock. Regressions (1)-(3), (5)-(6) use only arm and calendar information. (4) and (7) use previous six month repayment and saving information which is lacking in rd 1, hence starts from rd 2.

TABLE 80: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF NET ASSETS BY PERIOD

• ,		(1)	(0)	(2)	(4)	75	(6)
covariates (Intercept)	mean/std	(1) 9866.9	(2) 6943.1	(3) -166.6	(4) 8022.1	(5) 3297.9	(6) 6994.4
	0.049	(0.0)	(2.3)	(97.0) 13573.3	(9.8) 6523.4	(47.0)	(15.5)
Large	0.048 (0.46)	13640.0 (0.0)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(8.6)	10458.4 (1.4)	6586.4 (8.6)
LargeGrace	0.006 (0.43)	5845.5 (5.0)	4654.5 (20.7)	4894.7 (18.1)	-142.5 (96.4)	1685.6 (62.1)	-291.9 (92.7)
Cattle	0.009 (0.44)	5617.4 (1.1)	5252.0 (9.8)	5392.0 (8.7)	135.8 (96.2)	2761.9 (32.7)	215.5 (93.9)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				7844.7 (20.3)		10322.0 (11.8)
rd 3	0.342 (0.47)	5544.8 (0.0)	5721.4 (0.0)	6002.1 (0.0)	8494.7 (0.0)	7501.6 (0.0)	8592.1 (0.0)
Large $\times$ rd 3	0.104 (0.30)	893.6 (79.1)	2366.2 (56.0)	2863.9 (49.1)	2191.4 (65.3)	3249.5 (45.3)	2519.2 (60.6)
LargeGrace × rd 3	0.085 (0.28)	6979.9 (2.1)	9099.6 (2.3)	9400.5 (1.8)	10981.5 (1.8)	9269.2 (3.3)	10942.2 (1.9)
Cattle × rd 3	0.087 (0.28)	3204.7 (25.3)	4368.0 (17.7)	4449.5 (16.3)	5346.2 (16.3)	5803.4 (7.2)	5332.1 (16.5)
rd 4	0.315 (0.46)	10346.3 (0.0)	10364.5 (0.0)	10531.5 (0.0)	14091.2 (0.0)	12042.9 (0.0)	14153.5 (0.0)
Large × rd 4	0.102 (0.30)	3419.5 (44.1)	5082.2 (25.2)	4896.4 (27.0)	4129.9 (37.8)	5601.6 (21.5)	4453.6 (34.2)
LargeGrace × rd 4	0.080 (0.27)	9104.8 (0.5)	12084.4 (0.2)	12367.1 (0.2)	15469.4 (0.1)	12581.3 (0.3)	15375.2 (0.1)
Cattle $\times$ rd 4	0.079 (0.27)	7225.5 (2.3)	8410.3 (1.5)	8680.4 (1.1)	9955.1 (0.8)	10302.6 (0.2)	9753.9 (0.9)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				7844.7 (20.3)		10322.0 (11.8)
HadCattle × Large	0.024 (0.25)				17624.6 (11.2)		17922.7 (10.5)
HadCattle × LargeGrace	0.009 (0.23)				7123.7 (32.2)		7883.5 (26.1)
$HadCattle \times Cattle$	-0.012 (0.21)				11774.6 (8.6)		11719.1 (7.9)
HadCattle × rd 3	0.092 (0.29)				-4533.7 (11.0)		-4613.9 (10.2)
HadCattle $\times$ Large $\times$ rd 3	0.008 (0.15)				3450.3 (69.2)		3020.9 (72.8)
HadCattle × LargeGrace × rd 3	0.003 (0.14)				-24243.5 (1.1)		-24292.4 (1.1)
HadCattle $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 3	-0.004 (0.12)				-3368.5 (65.9)		-3444.3 (65.1)
HadCattle × rd 4	0.084 (0.28)				-2318.8 (54.3)		-2443.7 (52.1)
HadCattle $\times$ Large $\times$ rd 4	0.009 (0.14)				818.9 (94.2)		665.8 (95.2)
HadCattle × LargeGrace × rd 4	0.004 (0.13)				-29993.9 (1.7)		-29696.8 (1.8)
HadCattle $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 4	-0.005 (0.11)				-7135.7 (45.5)		-6917.8 (46.7)
Flood in round 1	0.414 (0.49)			217.4 (92.0)	1956.7 (41.3)	377.2 (87.7)	2134.2 (39.4)
Head literate0	0.149 (0.36)			-231.7 (93.2)	-1625.8 (58.6)	-2035.7 (47.3)	-1618.0 (59.1)
NetValue()	10261.899 (15197.09)		0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)	0.2 (38.7)	0.6 (5.5)	0.7 (4.7)
Household size0	4.538 (1.35)			1551.0 (5.0)	1341.8 (15.2)	1633.0 (6.6)	1273.0 (17.1)
Number of cattle0	0.380 (0.73)					-2867.9 (66.8)	-12092.9 (15.4)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		21884 42	21884 13	21884 13	21884 13	21884 10	21884 13
T = 3 $T = 4$		137 569	84 377	81 377	38 327	40 362	36 327
$ar{R}^2 N$	1081	0.07 2023	0.151 1312	0.156 1306	0.138 1070	0.127 1176	0.141 1066

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Net assets use only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock. Regressions (1)-(3), (5)-(6) use only arm and calendar information. (4) and (7) use previous six month repayment and saving information which is lacking in rd 1, hence starts from rd 2.

TABLE 81: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF NET ASSETS BY ATTRIBUTES AND PERIOD

TABLE 01. AIN	COVALEST						
covariates (Intercent)	mean/std	(1) 9866.9	(2) 6943.1	(3) -166.6	(4) 8022.1	(5) 3297.9	(6) 6994.4
(Intercept)		(0.0)	(2.3)	(97.0)	(9.8)	(47.0)	(15.5)
Unfront	0.063 (0.39)	13640.0 (0.0)	13700.5 (0.1)	13573.3 (0.1)	6523.4 (8.6)	10458.4 (1.4)	6586.4 (8.6)
WithGrace	0.014 (0.50)	-7794.4 (3.1)	-9046.0 (2.3)	-8678.6 (3.5)	-6666.0 (7.1)	-8772.8 (4.5)	-6878.3 (7.3)
InKind	0.009 (0.44)	-228.1 (92.7)	597.6 (84.0)	497.3 (86.3)	278.3 (91.6)	1076.3 (71.2)	507.4 (85.1)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				7844.7 (20.3)		10322.0 (11.8)
rd 3	0.342 (0.47)	5544.8 (0.0)	5721.4 (0.0)	6002.1 (0.0)	8494.7 (0.0)	7501.6 (0.0)	8592.1 (0.0)
Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.276 (0.45)	893.6 (79.1)	2366.2 (56.0)	2863.9 (49.1)	2191.4 (65.3)	3249.5 (45.3)	2519.2 (60.6)
WithGrace × rd 3	0.172 (0.38)	6086.3 (8.9)	6733.5 (13.4)	6536.6 (15.3)	8790.2 (6.4)	6019.7 (20.7)	8423.0 (7.5)
InKind $\times$ rd 3	0.087 (0.28)	-3775.2 (21.5)	-4731.7 (21.4)	-4951.0 (18.9)	-5635.3 (12.4)	-3465.8 (36.3)	-5610.1 (12.4)
rd 4	0.315 (0.46)	10346.3 (0.0)	10364.5 (0.0)	10531.5 (0.0)	14091.2 (0.0)	12042.9 (0.0)	14153.5 (0.0)
Upfront $\times$ rd 4	0.260 (0.44)	3419.5 (44.1)	5082.2 (25.2)	4896.4 (27.0)	4129.9 (37.8)	5601.6 (21.5)	4453.6 (34.2)
WithGrace × rd 4	0.158 (0.37)	5685.3 (23.0)	7002.3 (16.4)	7470.7 (13.9)	11339.5 (2.9)	6979.7 (18.3)	10921.6 (3.4)
InKind × rd 4	0.079 (0.27)	-1879.3 (60.0)	-3674.1 (38.9)	-3686.7 (38.3)	-5514.3 (20.3)	-2278.7 (59.8)	-5621.3 (19.7)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				7844.7 (20.3)		10322.0 (11.8)
$HadCattle \times Upfront$	0.021 (0.20)				17624.6 (11.2)		17922.7 (10.5)
HadCattle × WithGrace	-0.003 (0.26)				-10500.8 (31.2)		-10039.2 (34.1)
HadCattle × InKind	-0.012 (0.21)				4650.9 (41.6)		3835.7 (50.2)
HadCattle × rd 3	0.092 (0.29)				-4533.7 (11.0)		-4613.9 (10.2)
HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.006 (0.12)				3450.3 (69.2)		3020.9 (72.8)
$HadCattle \times WithGrace \times rd 3$	-0.001 (0.15)				-27693.8 (0.1)		-27313.3 (0.1)
HadCattle $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 3	-0.004 (0.12)				20875.1 (0.5)		20848.1 (0.5)
HadCattle × rd 4	0.084 (0.28)				-2318.8 (54.3)		-2443.7 (52.1)
HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 4	0.007 (0.11)				818.9 (94.2)		665.8 (95.2)
HadCattle $\times$ WithGrace $\times$ rd 4	-0.001 (0.14)				-30812.8 (1.0)		-30362.7 (1.1)
HadCattle $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 4	-0.005 (0.11)				22858.2 (2.9)		22779.1 (2.9)
Flood in round 1	0.414 (0.49)			217.4 (92.0)	1956.7 (41.3)	377.2 (87.7)	2134.2 (39.4)
Head literate0	0.149 (0.36)			-231.7 (93.2)	-1625.8 (58.6)	-2035.7 (47.3)	-1618.0 (59.1)
NetValue()	10261.899 (15197.09)		0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)	0.2 (38.7)	0.6 (5.5)	0.7 (4.7)
Household size0	4.538 (1.35)		, ,	1551.0 (5.0)	1341.8 (15.2)	1633.0 (6.6)	1273.0 (17.1)
Number of cattle0	0.380 (0.73)			·	·	-2867.9 (66.8)	-12092.9 (15.4)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		21884 42	21884 13	21884 13	21884 13	21884 10	21884 13
T = 3 $T = 4$		137 569	84 377	81 377	38 327	40 362	36 327
$ar{R}^2 N$	1081	0.07 2023	0.151 1312	0.156 1306	0.138 1070	0.127 1176	0.141 1066

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Net assets use only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock. Regressions (1)-(3), (5)-(6) use only arm and calendar information. (4) and (7) use previous six month repayment and saving information which is lacking in rd 1, hence starts from rd 2.

LargeGrace Cattle 30000 -20000 -10000 0 10000 -5000 --5000 40000 -30000 -20000 10000 0.6 0.0 regression specifications  $\phi$  1  $\phi$  2  $\phi$  3  $\phi$  4  $\phi$  5

FIGURE 26: IMPACTS ON NET ASSETS AND VARIOUS OTHER MEASURES OF ASSETS

Source: Estimated with survey data.

Note: See the footnote of Figure 39.

TABLE 82: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF BROAD NET ASSETS USING ANNUAL PRICES

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercept)		21122.2 (0.0)	16083.1 (0.0)	7574.8 (16.6)	21880.7 (0.1)	13342.9 (2.4)	20636.3 (0.2)
Large	0.048 (0.46)	19986.9 (0.0)	20442.4 (0.0)	20216.7 (0.0)	10595.0 (4.2)	16179.2 (0.7)	10689.6 (4.4)
LargeGrace	0.006 (0.43)	11549.6 (0.8)	10937.1 (3.7)	11380.3 (2.8)	5361.2 (25.6)	7015.8 (16.1)	5160.9 (28.1)
Cattle	0.009 (0.44)	10190.7 (0.1)	9782.9 (1.2)	10029.6 (1.1)	3345.3 (35.5)	6826.5 (5.4)	3442.0 (33.4)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				7049.3 (42.2)		10101.8 (28.6)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				7049.3 (42.2)		10101.8 (28.6)
HadCattle × Large	0.024 (0.25)				25506.6 (11.1)		25905.6 (10.4)
HadCattle × LargeGrace	0.009 (0.23)				-1085.0 (90.2)		-88.2 (99.2)
$HadCattle \times Cattle$	-0.012 (0.21)				12000.2 (15.9)		11962.1 (14.6)
Flood in round 1	0.414 (0.49)			440.3 (88.6)	2628.5 (43.8)	705.4 (84.0)	2829.5 (42.6)
Head literate0	0.149 (0.36)			-1269.7 (74.8)	-2658.4 (53.3)	-3717.1 (36.5)	-2747.7 (52.4)
Net2Value0	10261.899 (15197.09)		0.7 (0.0)	0.7 (0.0)	0.3 (27.1)	0.8 (4.2)	1.0 (4.1)
Household size0	4.538 (1.35)			1915.6 (7.9)	1468.7 (26.5)	1987.7 (10.3)	1385.5 (28.8)
Number of cattle0	0.380 (0.73)					-4056.0 (66.8)	-15243.8 (20.9)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		31784 42	31784 13	31784 13	31784 13	31784 10	31784 13
T = 3 $T = 4$		137 569	84 377	81 377	38 327	40 362	36 327
$ar{R}^2 N$	1081	0.035 2023	0.115 1312	0.115 1306	0.074 1070	0.079 1176	0.075 1066

Source: Estimated with GUK administrative and survey data.

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1an7 HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T-4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information. T-3 indicates

TABLE 83: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF BROAD NET ASSETS USING ANNUAL PRICES BY ATTRIBUTES

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercept)		21122.2 (0.0)	16083.1 (0.0)	7574.8 (16.6)	21880.7 (0.1)	13342.9 (2.4)	20636.3 (0.2)
Unfront	0.063 (0.39)	19986.9 (0.0)	20442.4 (0.0)	20216.7 (0.0)	10595.0 (4.2)	16179.2 (0.7)	10689.6 (4.4)
WithGrace	0.014 (0.50)	-8437.3 (12.0)	-9505.3 (11.6)	-8836.4 (16.0)	-5233.8 (35.4)	-9163.5 (17.9)	-5528.7 (34.6)
InKind	0.009 (0.44)	-1358.9 (72.4)	-1154.2 (80.1)	-1350.7 (76.1)	-2015.9 (62.2)	-189.3 (96.7)	-1718.9 (68.1)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				7049.3 (42.2)		10101.8 (28.6)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				7049.3 (42.2)		10101.8 (28.6)
$HadCattle \times Upfront$	0.021 (0.20)				25506.6 (11.1)		25905.6 (10.4)
HadCattle × WithGrace	-0.003 (0.26)				-26591.6 (8.9)		-25993.9 (10.4)
HadCattle × InKind	-0.012 (0.21)				13085.2 (9.2)		12050.3 (11.8)
Flood in round 1	0.414 (0.49)			440.3 (88.6)	2628.5 (43.8)	705.4 (84.0)	2829.5 (42.6)
Head literate0	0.149 (0.36)			-1269.7 (74.8)	-2658.4 (53.3)	-3717.1 (36.5)	-2747.7 (52.4)
Net2Value0	10261.899 (15197.09)		0.7 (0.0)	0.7 (0.0)	0.3 (27.1)	0.8 (4.2)	1.0 (4.1)
Household size0	4.538 (1.35)			1915.6 (7.9)	1468.7 (26.5)	1987.7 (10.3)	1385.5 (28.8)
Number of cattle0	0.380 (0.73)					-4056.0 (66.8)	-15243.8 (20.9)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		31784 42	31784 13	31784 13	31784 13	31784 10	31784 13
T = 3 $T = 4$		137 569	84 377	81 377	38 327	40 362	36 327
$ar{R}^2 N$	1081	0.035 2023	0.115 1312	0.115 1306	0.074 1070	0.079 1176	0.075 1066

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. Sample is continuing members and replacing members of early rejecters and received loans prior to 2015 Janunary. Household assets do not include livestock. Regressions (1)-(3), (5)-(6) use only arm and calendar information. (4) and (7) use previous six month repayment and saving information which is lacking in rd 1, hence starts from rd 2.

TABLE 84: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF BROAD NET ASSETS USING ANNUAL PRICES BY PERIOD

TABLE 04. AINCOVA	LOTHMATIC						TOD .
covariates (Intercent)	mean/std	(1) 7672.3	(2) 2538.3	(3) -7235.9	(4) 4233.9	(5) -2792.4	(6) 3059.3
(Intercept)		(0.3)	(49.8)	(20.6)	(50.5)	(64.5)	(64.0)
Large	0.048 (0.46)	17601.7 (0.0)	17574.3 (0.1)	17382.0 (0.1)	8416.3 (8.6)	13607.7 (1.3)	8556.9 (8.5)
LargeGrace	0.006 (0.43)	8409.5 (2.9)	6919.4 (15.1)	7293.8 (12.5)	1539.3 (71.4)	3431.0 (44.7)	1371.1 (74.7)
Cattle	0.009 (0.44)	7813.8 (0.6)	7501.4 (5.7)	7710.6 (5.0)	1392.4 (69.5)	4821.7 (17.1)	1481.2 (67.3)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				7188.9 (40.8)		10048.0 (28.8)
rd 3	0.342 (0.47)	10985.4 (0.0)	11525.4 (0.0)	11894.3 (0.0)	15189.0 (0.0)	13763.1 (0.0)	15298.3 (0.0)
Large $\times$ rd 3	0.104 (0.30)	3711.8 (32.1)	5515.3 (21.7)	6199.9 (17.5)	3700.9 (47.3)	5886.1 (21.9)	4068.9 (43.1)
LargeGrace × rd 3	0.085 (0.28)	8678.6 (1.0)	11172.6 (1.1)	11556.4 (0.8)	11662.7 (2.3)	10450.9 (2.9)	11619.1 (2.3)
Cattle $\times$ rd 3	0.087 (0.28)	4578.4 (14.4)	5878.8 (8.0)	5975.8 (7.0)	5863.8 (14.4)	6815.2 (4.2)	5848.6 (14.6)
rd 4	0.315 (0.46)	33216.5 (0.0)	33874.0 (0.0)	34114.2 (0.0)	43152.0 (0.0)	38418.2 (0.0)	43291.2 (0.0)
Large × rd 4	0.102 (0.30)	16871.7 (2.0)	20316.4 (0.8)	19863.7 (1.0)	10772.5 (13.0)	17497.5 (3.1)	11400.8 (11.0)
LargeGrace × rd 4	0.080 (0.27)	17941.8 (0.1)	22330.2 (0.1)	22882.5 (0.1)	21492.8 (0.8)	19914.4 (0.8)	21386.9 (0.8)
Cattle $\times$ rd 4	0.079 (0.27)	14881.3 (0.3)	15736.7 (0.3)	16219.6 (0.2)	13804.5 (0.8)	16369.1 (0.1)	13579.6 (0.9)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				7188.9 (40.8)		10048.0 (28.8)
$HadCattle \times Large$	0.024 (0.25)				23182.6 (11.6)		23410.4 (11.1)
HadCattle × LargeGrace	0.009 (0.23)				4678.2 (59.9)		5509.6 (52.6)
HadCattle × Cattle	-0.012 (0.21)				13590.3 (11.0)		13501.3 (10.3)
HadCattle × rd 3	0.092 (0.29)				-1756.2 (58.9)		-1845.3 (56.8)
HadCattle $\times$ Large $\times$ rd 3	0.008 (0.15)				7260.7 (47.7)		6785.0 (50.6)
HadCattle × LargeGrace × rd 3	0.003 (0.14)				-26617.2 (0.8)		-26671.8 (0.8)
HadCattle $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 3	-0.004 (0.12)				-2358.4 (76.7)		-2442.9 (75.9)
HadCattle × rd 4	0.084 (0.28)				9728.9 (14.0)		9503.3 (14.9)
HadCattle $\times$ Large $\times$ rd 4	0.009 (0.14)				15246.9 (47.6)		14746.2 (48.9)
HadCattle × LargeGrace × rd 4	0.004 (0.13)				-42333.3 (2.0)		-41999.1 (2.1)
HadCattle $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 4	-0.005 (0.11)				-6461.5 (63.4)		-6223.4 (64.5)
Flood in round 1	0.414 (0.49)			212.2 (94.6)	2761.2 (42.4)	514.6 (88.5)	2916.7 (41.8)
Head literate0	0.149 (0.36)			-219.6 (95.5)	-2446.5 (56.6)	-2985.2 (46.6)	-2433.7 (57.3)
Net2Value()	10261.899 (15197.09)		0.8 (0.0)	0.7 (0.0)	0.3 (29.9)	0.7 (5.6)	0.9 (6.0)
Household size0	4.538 (1.35)			2148.6 (5.1)	1622.4 (21.1)	2222.3 (6.9)	1553.0 (22.6)
Number of cattle()	0.380 (0.73)					-2722.6 (76.8)	-13546.2 (25.6)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		31784 42	31784 13	31784 13	31784 13	31784 10	31784 13
T = 3 $T = 4$		137 569	84 377	81 377	38 327	40 362	36 327
$ar{R}^2 N$	1081	0.174 2023	0.243 1312	0.245 1306	0.287 1070	0.241 1176	0.289 1066

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Sample is continuing members and replacing members of early rejecters and received loans prior to 2015 Janunary. Household assets do not include livestock. Regressions (1)-(3), (5)-(6) use only arm and calendar information. (4) and (7) use previous six month repayment and saving information which is lacking in rd 1, hence starts from rd 2.

TABLE 85: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF BROAD NET ASSETS USING ANNUAL PRICES BY ATTRIBUTES AND PERIOD

BLE 03. AINCOVA ESTIMA	MION OF BK	OAD NEI	ASSETS USIN	G ANNUAL	PRICES DI	ALIKIDULES	AND PERIC
covariates	mean/std	(1) 7672.3	(2) 2538.3	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercept)		(0.3)	(49.8)	-7235.9 (20.6)	4233.9 (50.5)	-2792.4 (64.5)	3059.3 (64.0)
Unfront	0.063 (0.39)	17601.7 (0.0)	17574.3 (0.1)	17382.0 (0.1)	8416.3 (8.6)	13607.7 (1.3)	8556.9 (8.5)
WithGrace	0.014 (0.50)	-9192.2 (5.1)	-10655.0 (4.3)	-10088.1 (6.6)	-6877.0 (16.9)	-10176.7 (8.7)	-7185.8 (16.5)
InKind	0.009 (0.44)	-595.7 (85.6)	582.0 (88.6)	416.8 (91.5)	-146.9 (96.7)	1390.7 (72.5)	110.1 (97.6)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				7188.9 (40.8)		10048.0 (28.8)
rd 3	0.342 (0.47)	10985.4 (0.0)	11525.4 (0.0)	11894.3 (0.0)	15189.0 (0.0)	13763.1 (0.0)	15298.3 (0.0)
Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.276 (0.45)	3711.8 (32.1)	5515.3 (21.7)	6199.9 (17.5)	3700.9 (47.3)	5886.1 (21.9)	4068.9 (43.1)
WithGrace $\times$ rd 3	0.172 (0.38)	4966.9 (22.4)	5657.3 (27.8)	5356.5 (31.3)	7961.8 (13.8)	4564.7 (41.7)	7550.2 (15.7)
InKind $\times$ rd 3	0.087 (0.28)	-4100.3 (24.7)	-5293.8 (22.9)	-5580.6 (20.0)	-5798.9 (17.2)	-3635.6 (41.4)	-5770.5 (17.3)
rd 4	0.315 (0.46)	33216.5 (0.0)	33874.0 (0.0)	34114.2 (0.0)	43152.0 (0.0)	38418.2 (0.0)	43291.2 (0.0)
Upfront $\times$ rd 4	0.260 (0.44)	16871.7 (2.0)	20316.4 (0.8)	19863.7 (1.0)	10772.5 (13.0)	17497.5 (3.1)	11400.8 (11.0)
WithGrace × rd 4	0.158 (0.37)	1070.1 (89.5)	2013.8 (82.7)	3018.7 (74.5)	10720.4 (22.2)	2416.8 (80.6)	9986.1 (25.6)
InKind × rd 4	0.079 (0.27)	-3060.6 (62.5)	-6593.5 (37.9)	-6662.8 (37.6)	-7688.3 (29.0)	-3545.3 (63.5)	-7807.3 (28.5)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				7188.9 (40.8)		10048.0 (28.8)
$HadCattle \times Upfront$	0.021 (0.20)				23182.6 (11.6)		23410.4 (11.1)
HadCattle × WithGrace	-0.003 (0.26)				-18504.3 (18.5)		-17900.8 (20.8)
HadCattle × InKind	-0.012 (0.21)				8912.1 (20.3)		7991.8 (25.1)
HadCattle × rd 3	0.092 (0.29)				-1756.2 (58.9)		-1845.3 (56.8)
HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.006 (0.12)				7260.7 (47.7)		6785.0 (50.6)
$HadCattle \times WithGrace \times rd 3$	-0.001 (0.15)				-33877.9 (0.1)		-33456.8 (0.1)
HadCattle $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 3	-0.004 (0.12)				24258.8 (0.3)		24228.9 (0.3)
HadCattle × rd 4	0.084 (0.28)				9728.9 (14.0)		9503.3 (14.9)
HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 4	0.007 (0.11)				15246.9 (47.6)		14746.2 (48.9)
$HadCattle \times WithGrace \times rd 4$	-0.001 (0.14)				-57580.2 (1.0)		-56745.3 (1.1)
HadCattle $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 4	-0.005 (0.11)				35871.8 (1.7)		35775.7 (1.8)
Flood in round 1	0.414 (0.49)			212.2 (94.6)	2761.2 (42.4)	514.6 (88.5)	2916.7 (41.8)
Head literate0	0.149 (0.36)			-219.6 (95.5)	-2446.5 (56.6)	-2985.2 (46.6)	-2433.7 (57.3)
Net2Value()	10261.899 (15197.09)		0.8 (0.0)	0.7 (0.0)	0.3 (29.9)	0.7 (5.6)	0.9 (6.0)
Household size0	4.538 (1.35)		(714)	2148.6 (5.1)	1622.4 (21.1)	2222.3 (6.9)	1553.0 (22.6)
Number of cattle()	0.380 (0.73)					-2722.6 (76.8)	-13546.2 (25.6)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		31784 42	31784 13	31784 13	31784 13	31784 10	31784 13
T = 3 $T = 4$		137 569	84 377	81 377	38 327	40 362	36 327
$ar{R}^2$	1081	0.174 2023	0.243 1312	0.245 1306	0.287 1070	0.241 1176	0.289 1066

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. Sample is continuing members and replacing members of early rejecters and received loans prior to 2015 January. Household assets do not include livestock. Regressions (1)-(3), (5)-(6) use only arm and calendar information. (4) and (7) use previous six month repayment and saving information which is lacking in rd 1, hence starts from rd 2.

<sup>2.</sup> P values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level.

Table 86: ANCOVA estimation of broad net assets using annual prices by arm, poverty status, and period

PERIOD							
covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercept)		7222.1 (0.5)	1553.8 (70.6)	-8524.4 (16.7)	3187.6 (62.5)	-3748.3 (56.5)	1867.5 (78.3)
Large	0.048 (0.46)	17908.8 (0.0)	18450.0 (0.0)	18329.9	9526.2 (5.0)	14283.2	9754.7 (4.8)
LargeGrace	0.006	8940.2	7471.2	(0.1) 7928.9	1715.4	(1.1) 3754.1	1533.6
Cattle	(0.43) 0.009	(1.9) 8347.3	(12.9) 8256.4	(10.7) 8591.9	(69.2) 1941.1	(43.4) 5407.1	(72.8) 2099.4
	(0.44)	(0.3)	(4.8)	(3.9)	(60.7)	(17.2)	(57.8)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				7582.1 (39.0)		10659.0 (27.5)
UltraPoor	0.607 (0.49)	-4323.1 (1.6)	-3710.7 (13.1)	-3946.8 (10.6)	-3682.7 (16.3)	-2913.7 (26.5)	-3494.3 (18.6)
Large × UltraPoor	0.045	-4847.6	-4987.5	-5190.3	-11956.0	-7279.2	-11318.1
LargeGrace × UltraPoor	(0.37) 0.027	(40.2) 2722.3	(49.5) 6878.0	(50.1) 7247.9	(13.9) 5716.2	(38.4) 5646.3	(16.5) 7212.1
Cattle × UltraPoor	(0.35) 0.001	(48.7) 794.9	(29.7) -257.1	(25.1) -69.6	(35.5) 1646.1	(40.5)	(26.2) 2001.7
	(0.34)	(85.4)	(96.7)	(99.1)	(81.9)	(96.0)	(78.2)
rd 3	0.342 (0.47)	10980.5 (0.0)	11594.9 (0.0)	11951.4 (0.0)	15117.8 (0.0)	13734.7 (0.0)	15239.7 (0.0)
Large $\times$ rd 3	0.104 (0.30)	4450.4 (23.3)	5854.7 (21.1)	6475.1 (17.4)	4687.2 (38.2)	6412.1 (20.7)	5093.6 (34.4)
LargeGrace × rd 3	0.085 (0.28)	9648.9 (0.7)	12017.9 (1.9)	12296.5 (1.6)	13633.7 (1.8)	11363.6 (4.0)	13617.3 (1.8)
Cattle × rd 3	0.087	4998.9	6431.8	6478.4	7407.4	7586.6	7398.1
UltraPoor × rd 3	(0.28) 0.204	(11.4) -1035.8	(7.8) 176.6	(7.2) 657.1	(8.3) -254.1	(4.7) 1445.2	(8.4) -248.6
Large $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	(0.40) 0.014	(65.2) 5730.5	(95.5) 6204.4	(83.4) 7272.9	(94.3) 10253.3	(64.8) 8289.2	(94.4) 10365.1
	(0.21)	(38.0)	(42.9)	(34.5)	(23.9)	(29.9)	(23.8)
LargeGrace $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	0.010 (0.21)	-2029.6 (75.4)	-3026.2 (75.9)	-2552.3 (79.6)	-2815.0 (81.6)	-1031.1 (92.1)	-2801.4 (81.7)
Cattle $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	-0.000 (0.19)	7535.5 (9.7)	5879.6 (30.8)	5631.2 (33.1)	13375.7 (5.2)	9584.4 (12.8)	13434.0 (5.3)
rd 4	0.315 (0.46)	33261.6 (0.0)	34196.2 (0.0)	34425.1 (0.0)	43276.0 (0.0)	38751.8 (0.0)	43435.2 (0.0)
Large × rd 4	0.102	17350.0	19068.7	18591.2	10742.5	15985.1	11386.3
LargeGrace × rd 4	(0.30)	(1.5) 18427.7	(1.4) 21009.4	(1.7) 21458.7	(13.8) 21314.9	(4.8) 18119.2	(11.9) 21202.2
Cattle × rd 4	(0.27) 0.079	(0.2) 14959.8	(0.5) 14758.5	(0.4) 15204.4	(1.1) 13998.4	(2.1) 15132.6	(1.2) 13754.5
	(0.27)	(0.3)	(0.8)	(0.7)	(1.0)	(0.3)	(1.1)
UltraPoor × rd 4	0.195 (0.40)	1684.5 (61.7)	5321.7 (17.7)	5182.5 (19.1)	3517.4 (45.7)	7793.5 (5.8)	3550.7 (45.4)
Large $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.016 (0.21)	12599.0 (19.7)	3206.3 (73.9)	2841.0 (76.8)	2361.0 (85.5)	2409.2 (81.9)	2475.5 (84.8)
LargeGrace $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.008 (0.20)	350.9 (96.8)	-4693.1 (69.5)	-3719.5 (75.7)	650.2 (96.4)	-2207.3 (86.5)	586.3 (96.8)
Cattle × UltraPoor × rd 4	-0.001	8786.6	-1281.1	-2237.1	9867.6	3108.1	9844.1
HadCattle	(0.19) 0.265	(22.8)	(88.3)	(80.1)	(38.8) 7582.1	(75.0)	(38.8) 10659.0
HadCattle × Large	(0.44) 0.024				(39.0) 21676.1		(27.5) 21771.8
	(0.25)				(14.7)		(14.2)
HadCattle × LargeGrace	0.009 (0.23)				4747.5 (59.9)		5673.8 (51.5)
$HadCattle \times Cattle$	-0.012 (0.21)				12883.7 (14.1)		12664.2 (13.4)
HadCattle × rd 3	0.092 (0.29)				-1866.5 (57.2)		-1972.8 (54.7)
HadCattle $\times$ Large $\times$ rd 3	0.008				6500.6		5986.2
HadCattle × LargeGrace × rd 3	(0.15) 0.003				(50.0) -29620.5		(53.4) -29690.8
HadCattle × Cattle × rd 3	(0.14) -0.004				(0.4) -4391.7		(0.4) -4473.1
	(0.12)				(54.8)		(54.0)
HadCattle × rd 4	0.084 (0.28)				9461.2 (17.2)		9207.2 (18.3)
HadCattle $\times$ Large $\times$ rd 4	0.009 (0.14)				15901.0 (47.3)		15368.2 (48.6)
$HadCattle \times LargeGrace \times rd~4$	0.004				-42160.6		-41843.9
HadCattle $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 4	(0.13) $-0.005$				(3.0) -7801.3		(3.1) -7530.6
Flood in round 1	(0.11) 0.414			128.9	(60.7) 2279.7	281.8	(61.7) 2505.8
	(0.49)			(96.8)	(51.2)	(93.7)	(49.3)
Head literate0	0.149 (0.36)			-711.2 (86.2)	-2950.9 (49.2)	-3405.8 (42.2)	-2820.6 (51.6)
Net2Value0	10261.899 (15197.09)		(0.1021	0.8 (0.0)	0.3 (32.3)	0.7 (4.7)	0.9 (5.1)
Household size0	4.538 (1.35)			2223.2 (4.4)	1786.3 (16.5)	2307.3 (5.9)	1709.0 (18.1)
Number of cattle()	0.380			(7.7)	(10.5)	_2822.6	_13800 0

Table 87: ANCOVA estimation of broad net assets using annual prices by attributes, poverty status, and period

covariates (Intercept)	mean/std	(1) 7222.1	(2) 1553.8	(3) -8524.4	(4) 3187.6	(5) -3748.3	(6) 1867.5
(Intercept)  Upfront	0.063	(0.5) 17908 8	(70.6) 18450.0	-8324.4 (16.7) 18329.9	(62.5) 9526.2	(56.5) 14283.2	(78.3) 9754.7
WithGrace	(0.39)	(0.0) -8968.7	(0.0) -10978.8	(0.1) -10401.0	(5.0) -7810.8	(1.1) -10529.1	(4.8) -8221.1
InKind	(0.50)	(4.8) -592.8	(3.3)	(5.4)	(10.7)	(7.3) 1653.0	(10.1)
	(0.44)	(85.4)	(84.5)	(86.5)	(94.9)	(67.6)	(87.5) 10659.0
HadCattle UltraPoor	(0.44) 0.607	-4323.1	-3710.7	-3946.8	7582.1 (39.0) -3682.7	-2913.7	(27.5) -3494.3
	(0.49)	(1.6)	(13.1)	(10.6)	(16.3)	(26.5)	(18.6)
Upfront × UltraPoor	0.072 (0.27)	-4847.6 (40.2)	-4987.5 (49.5)	-5190.3 (50.1)	-11956.0 (13.9)	-7279.2 (38.4)	-11318.1 (16.5)
WithGrace × UltraPoor	0.027 (0.39)	7569.9 (17.7)	11865.4 (13.1)	12438.2 (12.1)	17672.2 (2.6)	12925.5 (10.6)	18530.2 (2.1)
InKind × UltraPoor	0.001 (0.34)	-1927.4 (63.8)	-7135.0 (28.7)	-7317.5 (27.3)	-4070.1 (55.5)	-5286.5 (43.1)	-5210.4 (45.8)
rd 3	0.342 (0.47)	10980.5 (0.0)	11594.9 (0.0)	11951.4 (0.0)	15117.8 (0.0)	13734.7 (0.0)	15239.7 (0.0)
UltraPoor × rd 3	0.204 (0.40)	-1035.8 (65.2)	176.6 (95.5)	657.1 (83.4)	-254.1 (94.3)	1445.2 (64.8)	-248.6 (94.4)
Unfront $\times$ rd 3	0.276 (0.45)	4450.4 (23.3)	5854.7 (21.1)	6475.1 (17.4)	4687.2 (38.2)	6412.1 (20.7)	5093.6 (34.4)
WithGrace $\times$ rd 3	0.172 (0.38)	5198.5 (21.9)	6163.2 (27.1)	5821.4 (30.6)	8946.5 (12.1)	4951.5 (40.6)	8523.7 (13.9)
InKind × rd 3	0.087 (0.28)	-4649.9 (21.4)	-5586.0 (25.0)	-5818.1 (22.8)	-6226.3 (19.1)	-3777.0 (44.1)	-6219.2 (19.0)
Upfront $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	0.024 (0.16)	5730.5 (38.0)	6204.4 (42.9)	7272.9 (34.5)	10253.3 (23.9)	8289.2 (29.9)	10365.1 (23.8)
WithGrace × UltraPoor × rd 3	0.010 (0.23)	-7760.1 (32.8)	-9230.6 (40.5)	-9825.2 (37.1)	-13068.3 (29.8)	-9320.3 (40.3)	-13166.5 (29.5)
$InKind \times UltraPoor \times rd \ 3$	-0.000 $(0.19)$	9565.0 (13.5)	8905.7 (35.5)	8183.4 (39.4)	16190.7 (15.3)	10615.5 (28.1)	16235.5 (15.1)
rd 4	0.315 (0.46)	33261.6 (0.0)	34196.2 (0.0)	34425.1 (0.0)	43276.0 (0.0)	38751.8 (0.0)	43435.2 (0.0)
UltraPoor × rd 4	0.195 (0.40)	1684.5 (61.7)	5321.7 (17.7)	5182.5 (19.1)	3517.4 (45.7)	7793.5 (5.8)	3550.7 (45.4)
Unfront × rd 4	0.260 (0.44)	17350.0 (1.5)	19068.7 (1.4)	18591.2 (1.7)	10742.5 (13.8)	15985.1 (4.8)	11386.3 (11.9)
WithGrace × rd 4	0.158 (0.37)	1077.7 (89.4)	1940.7 (83.6)	2867.5 (76.2)	10572.4 (24.1)	2134.2 (83.0)	9815.9 (27.7)
InKind × rd 4	0.079 (0.27)	-3467.9 (58.4)	-6250.9 (42.1)	-6254.3 (42.3)	-7316.6 (33.4)	-2986.7 (69.8)	-7447.7 (32.7)
Upfront $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.024 (0.16)	12599.0 (19.7)	3206.3 (73.9)	2841.0 (76.8)	2361.0 (85.5)	2409.2 (81.9)	2475.5 (84.8)
WithGrace $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.008 (0.22)	-12248.1 (27.5)	-7899.4 (54.9)	-6560.5 (61.9)	-1710.8 (91.0)	-4616.5 (73.0)	-1889.3 (90.1)
InKind × UltraPoor × rd 4	-0.001 (0.19)	8435.7	3412.0	1482.3 (90.6)	9217.4	5315.3	9257.8
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)	(33.7)	(78.4)	(90.0)	(50.2) 7582.1	(67.3)	(50.0) 10659 0 (27.5)
HadCattle × Upfront	0.021				(39.0) 21676.1		(27.5) 21771.8
HadCattle × WithGrace	(0.20) -0.003				(14.7) -16928.5		(14.2) -16098.1
HadCattle × InKind	(0.26) -0.012				(23.0) 8136.2		(26.4) 6990.4
HadCattle × rd 3	(0.21)				(27.1) -1866.5		(34.0) -1972.8
HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 3	(0.29) 0.006				(57.2) 6500.6		(54.7) 5986.2
HadCattle × WithGrace × rd 3	(0.12) -0.001				(50.0) -36121.1		(53.4) -35677.0
HadCattle × InKind × rd 3	(0.15) -0.004				(0.1) 25228.8		(0.1) 25217.6
HadCattle × rd 4	(0.12) 0.084				(0.7) 9461.2		(0.6) 9207.2
HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 4	(0.28) 0.007				(17.2) 15901.0		(18.3) 15368.2
HadCattle × WithGrace × rd 4	(0.11) -0.001				(47.3) -58061.6		(48.6) -572.12.1
HadCattle × InKind × rd 4	(0.14) -0.005				(1.1) 34359.3		(1.3) 34313.3
Flood in round 1	(0.11) 0.414			128.9	(3.7) 2279.7	281.8	(3.7) 2505.8
Head literate0	(0.49) 0.149			(96.8) -711.2	(51.2) -2950.9	(93.7) -3405.8	(49.3) -2820.6
Net2Value0	(0.36)		0.8	(86.2)	(49.2)	(42.2)	(51.6)
Household size0	(15197.09)		(0.0)	(0.0)	(32.3) 1786.3	(4.7) 2307.3	(5.1) 1709.0
Number of cattle()	(1.35) 0.380		122	(4.4)	(16.5)	(5.9) -2822.6	(18.1) -13899.9
Number of cauled	(0.73)					(75.4)	(24.5)

## III.5.9 Net non-livestock assets: Non-livestock assets-GUK Debt-Other Debts

Net non-livestock assets = Non livestock assets + net saving - debt to GUK - debts to relatives and money lenders.

Number of obs	by A	rm o	and a	++r	ition			
	-		iiiu c	1	1 (1011			
	Attri							
Arm	2	3	4		Sum			
traditional								
large	5	2	1	192	200			
large grace	22	3	3	171	199			
cattle	5	5	13	177	200			
Sum	38	14	37	684	773			
Number of obs	by m	embe	rshi	p s	tatus	and	attrition	n
			Attr	itIr	n			
BStatus			2	)	3 4	9	Sum	
borrower			8	3 6	6 8	578	600	
pure saver			0	) (	0 6	0	0	
individual	rejec	tion	9	) 4	4 1	75	89	
group rejec	tion		g	) 4	4 0	55	68	
rejection b	y flo	od	12	2 (	28	0	40	
Sum			38	3 14		708		

TABLE 88: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF NET NON-LIVESTOCK ASSETS

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercept)		-645.9 (30.8)	-536.2 (51.6)	-65.5 (95.2)	-126.3 (91.8)	295.9 (79.1)	-185.8 (88.2)
Large	0.048 (0.46)	1367.8 (18.6)	2051.4 (10.6)	2279.0 (6.7)	1722.0 (21.0)	1776.7 (17.1)	1708.2 (21.8)
LargeGrace	0.006 (0.43)	-137.3 (89.3)	152.6 (91.3)	47.5 (97.1)	-987.0 (47.0)	-699.7 (60.2)	-992.9 (46.8)
Cattle	0.009 (0.44)	-18.2 (98.0)	174.3 (85.1)	293.7 (74.2)	-780.8 (41.9)	-700.7 (44.8)	-812.9 (40.6)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				-607.5 (47.8)		274.2 (87.9)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				-607.5 (47.8)		274.2 (87.9)
HadCattle × Large	0.024 (0.25)				2140.3 (41.7)		2058.3 (43.6)
HadCattle × LargeGrace	0.009 (0.23)				5010.7 (8.3)		5005.6 (8.2)
$HadCattle \times Cattle$	-0.012 (0.21)				4731.7 (2.2)		4594.8 (3.0)
Flood in round 1	0.414 (0.49)			-1359.0 (6.1)	-1566.3 (5.7)	-1694.9 (3.1)	-1554.2 (6.3)
Head literate0	0.149 (0.36)			-39.8 (94.6)	-95.8 (88.4)	17.9 (97.5)	-108.0 (87.0)
NetAssetValue0	2657.829 (2852.68)		0.0 (40.9)	0.0 (33.3)	0.2 (4.0)	0.2 (7.3)	0.2 (4.0)
Household size0	4.538 (1.35)			-1.2 (99.6)	135.6 (62.5)	43.2 (87.5)	150.0 (60.2)
Number of cattle0	0.380 (0.73)					-416.0 (48.4)	-621.9 (57.2)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		-315 $42$	-315 13	-315 13	-315 13	-315 $10$	-315 13
T = 3 $T = 4$		137 569	84 377	81 377	38 327	40 362	36 327
$ar{R}^2 N$	1081	0.003 2023	0.005 1312	0.007 1306	0.011 1070	0.01 1176	0.011 1066

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Non-livestock assets do not include livestock.

Table 89: ANCOVA estimation of Net Non-Livestock assets by attributes

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercept)		-645.9 (30.8)	-536.2 (51.6)	-65.5 (95.2)	-126.3 (91.8)	295.9 (79.1)	-185.8 (88.2)
Unfront	0.063 (0.39)	1367.8 (18.6)	2051.4 (10.6)	2279.0 (6.7)	1722.0 (21.0)	1776.7 (17.1)	1708.2 (21.8)
WithGrace	0.014 (0.50)	-1505.1 (18.7)	-1898.9 (19.6)	-2231.5 (10.7)	-2709.0 (6.4)	-2476.4 (7.8)	-2701.2 (6.6)
InKind	0.009 (0.44)	119.1 (89.3)	21.8 (98.5)	246.2 (82.3)	206.2 (85.3)	-1.0 (99.9)	180.1 (87.0)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				-607.5 (47.8)		274.2 (87.9)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				-607.5 (47.8)		274.2 (87.9)
$HadCattle \times Upfront$	0.021 (0.20)				2140.3 (41.7)		2058.3 (43.6)
HadCattle × WithGrace	-0.003 (0.26)				2870.5 (28.7)		2947.3 (27.2)
$HadCattle \times InKind$	-0.012 (0.21)				-279.0 (90.4)		-410.8 (85.8)
Flood in round 1	0.414 (0.49)			-1359.0 (6.1)	-1566.3 (5.7)	-1694.9 (3.1)	-1554.2 (6.3)
Head literate0	0.149 (0.36)			-39.8 (94.6)	-95.8 (88.4)	17.9 (97.5)	-108.0 (87.0)
NetAssetValue0	2657.829 (2852.68)		0.0 (40.9)	0.0 (33.3)	0.2 (4.0)	0.2 (7.3)	0.2 (4.0)
Household size0	4.538 (1.35)			$^{-1.2}_{(99.6)}$	135.6 (62.5)	43.2 (87.5)	150.0 (60.2)
Number of cattle0	0.380 (0.73)					-416.0 (48.4)	-621.9 (57.2)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		-315 $42$	-315 13	-315 13	-315 13	-315 $10$	-315 13
T = 3 $T = 4$		137 569	84 377	81 377	38 327	40 362	36 327
$ar{R}^2 N$	1081	0.003 2023	0.005 1312	0.007 1306	0.011 1070	0.01 1176	0.011 1066

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Net non-livestockassets do not include livestock.

Table 90: ANCOVA estimation of Net Non-Livestock assets by Period

					ASSETS BY		(6)
covariates (Intercept)	mean/std	(1) -4125.2	(2) -4436.1	(3) -4236.5	(4) -3908.8	(5) -3447.2	(6) -3966.9
, 1,	0.040	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.1)	(0.0)
Large	0.048 (0.46)	749.4 (52.8)	1607.6 (27.1)	1849.9 (20.0)	1240.8 (40.9)	1256.7 (39.1)	1240.6 (41.2)
LargeGrace	0.006 (0.43)	-1710.5 (14.7)	-1424.1 (40.8)	-1513.8 (36.1)	-2624.6 (11.1)	-2247.0 (17.6)	-2629.4 (11.1)
Cattle	0.009 (0.44)	-1319.7 (12.5)	-758.0 (49.1)	-647.9 (55.2)	-1643.8 (14.2)	-1520.5 (17.0)	-1681.7 (13.8)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				-665.3 (55.3)		268.3 (89.2)
rd 3	0.342 (0.47)	4656.4 (0.0)	5066.9 (0.0)	5076.3 (0.0)	5370.0 (0.0)	5072.1 (0.0)	5388.3 (0.0)
Large × rd 3	0.104 (0.30)	2907.0 (1.1)	1920.1 (21.6)	1915.9 (22.0)	1787.9 (37.3)	2233.7 (20.5)	1852.4 (35.8)
LargeGrace × rd 3	0.085 (0.28)	7428.0 (0.0)	7474.8 (0.0)	7467.4 (0.0)	8343.5 (0.1)	7659.7 (0.1)	8341.9 (0.1)
Cattle $\times$ rd 3	0.087 $(0.28)$	4954.6 (0.0)	3905.5 (0.8)	3926.3 (0.8)	3988.8 (4.1)	3963.6 (2.1)	3986.5 (4.1)
rd 4	0.315 (0.46)	7760.3 (0.0)	7931.5 (0.0)	7937.7 (0.0)	7895.3 (0.0)	7645.7 (0.0)	7904.8 (0.0)
Large × rd 4	0.102 (0.30)	2900.9 (6.1)	2221.9 (24.6)	2139.4 (26.4)	2865.1 (13.3)	3055.2 (11.9)	2905.4 (12.9)
LargeGrace × rd 4	0.080 (0.27)	7275.2 (0.0)	7481.2 (0.3)	7369.8 (0.4)	9231.2 (0.0)	8094.4 (0.2)	9236.4 (0.0)
Cattle $\times$ rd 4	0.079 (0.27)	6609.8 (0.0)	5614.4 (0.2)	5618.4 (0.2)	6444.4 (0.1)	5890.8 (0.2)	6441.1 (0.1)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				-665.3 (55.3)		268.3 (89.2)
$HadCattle \times Large$	0.024 (0.25)				2386.6 (49.1)		2262.8 (51.5)
HadCattle × LargeGrace	0.009 (0.23)				6685.1 (8.9)		6663.2 (8.8)
$HadCattle \times Cattle$	-0.012 (0.21)				5578.7 (5.9)		5428.7 (7.3)
HadCattle × rd 3	0.092 (0.29)				58.9 (97.3)		51.4 (97.6)
HadCattle $\times$ Large $\times$ rd 3	0.008 (0.15)				-1111.6 (85.6)		-1171.7 (84.9)
HadCattle × LargeGrace × rd 3	0.003 (0.14)				-8868.6 (18.0)		-8883.2 (17.8)
HadCattle $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 3	-0.004 (0.12)				-3749.8 (53.4)		-3765.7 (53.2)
HadCattle × rd 4	0.084 (0.28)				1180.3 (56.1)		1175.7 (56.3)
HadCattle $\times$ Large $\times$ rd 4	0.009 (0.14)				-2954.3 (64.3)		-2958.0 (64.4)
HadCattle × LargeGrace × rd 4	0.004 (0.13)				-11657.5 (12.0)		-11648.0 (12.2)
HadCattle $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 4	-0.005 (0.11)				-4660.8 (46.7)		-4704.6 (46.2)
Flood in round 1	0.414 (0.49)			-1413.8 (4.9)	-1532.3 (6.6)	-1732.7 (2.7)	-1522.9 (7.1)
Head literate0	0.149 (0.36)			271.7 (65.0)	-8.8 (99.0)	210.2 (72.5)	0.1 (100.0)
NetAssetValue0	2657.829 (2852.68)		0.1 (1.1)	0.1 (1.0)	0.2 (6.1)	0.2 (9.6)	0.2 (6.9)
Household size0	4.538 (1.35)			56.9 (80.8)	169.2 (55.1)	96.9 (72.7)	185.9 (52.7)
Number of cattle0	0.380 (0.73)					-422.3 (48.2)	-660.9 (54.7)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		$-315 \\ 42$	-315 13	-315 13	-315 13	-315 $10$	-315 13
T = 3 $T = 4$		137 569	84 377	81 377	38 327	40 362	36 327
$ar{R}^2 N$	1081	0.14 2023	0.113 1312	0.116 1306	0.113 1070	0.113 1176	0.113 1066

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Net non-livestockassets do not include livestock.

<sup>2.</sup> P values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level.

Table 91: ANCOVA estimation of Net Non-Livestock assets by attributes and period

TABLE 91. AINCOVA	LOT INIALION						EKIOD
covariates (Intercent)	mean/std	(1) -4125.2	(2) -4436.1	(3) -4236.5	(4) -3908.8	(5) -3447.2	(6) -3966.9
(Intercept)	0.6.15	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.1)	(0.0)
Unfront	0.063 (0.39)	749.4 (52.8)	1607.6 (27.1)	1849.9 (20.0)	1240.8 (40.9)	1256.7 (39.1)	1240.6 (41.2)
WithGrace	0.014 (0.50)	-2459.8 (7.2)	-3031.7 (8.9)	-3363.7 (4.8)	-3865.4 (2.7)	-3503.6 (4.0)	-3870.0 (2.7)
InKind	0.009 (0.44)	390.7 (72.1)	666.1 (65.7)	865.8 (54.8)	980.8 (49.9)	726.5 (61.1)	947.7 (51.1)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				-665.3 (55.3)		268.3 (89.2)
rd 3	0.342 (0.47)	4656.4 (0.0)	5066.9 (0.0)	5076.3 (0.0)	5370.0 (0.0)	5072.1 (0.0)	5388.3 (0.0)
Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.276 (0.45)	2907.0 (1.1)	1920.1 (21.6)	1915.9 (22.0)	1787.9 (37.3)	2233.7 (20.5)	1852.4 (35.8)
WithGrace $\times$ rd 3	0.172 (0.38)	4521.1 (0.2)	5554.8 (0.4)	5551.5 (0.4)	6555.5 (0.1)	5426.0 (0.5)	6489.5 (0.1)
InKind × rd 3	0.087 (0.28)	-2473.4 (7.9)	-3569.3 (5.8)	-3541.1 (6.2)	-4354.7 (2.4)	-3696.2 (4.7)	-4355.4 (2.4)
rd 4	0.315 (0.46)	7760.3 (0.0)	7931.5 (0.0)	7937.7 (0.0)	7895.3 (0.0)	7645.7 (0.0)	7904.8 (0.0)
Upfront × rd 4	0.260 (0.44)	2900.9 (6.1)	2221.9 (24.6)	2139.4 (26.4)	2865.1 (13.3)	3055.2 (11.9)	2905.4 (12.9)
WithGrace × rd 4	0.158 (0.37)	4374.3 (2.0)	5259.3 (3.3)	5230.4 (3.6)	6366.1 (1.1)	5039.2 (4.3)	6330.9 (1.2)
InKind × rd 4	0.079 (0.27)	-665.3 (70.1)	-1866.8 (43.4)	-1751.4 (47.1)	-2786.8 (26.2)	-2203.6 (36.3)	-2795.2 (26.2)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			-665.3 (55.3)	(* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	268.3 (89.2)
$HadCattle \times Upfront$	0.021 (0.20)				2386.6 (49.1)		2262.8 (51.5)
HadCattle × WithGrace	-0.003 (0.26)				4298.5 (19.5)		4400.4 (18.1)
HadCattle × InKind	-0.012 (0.21)				-1106.4 (71.3)		-1234.6 (67.9)
HadCattle × rd 3	0.092 (0.29)				58.9 (97.3)		51.4 (97.6)
HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.006 (0.12)				-1111.6 (85.6)		-1171.7 (84.9)
HadCattle × WithGrace × rd 3	-0.001 (0.15)				-7757.0 (1.6)		-7711.5 (1.7)
HadCattle × InKind × rd 3	-0.004 (0.12)				5118.7 (9.3)		5117.5 (9.3)
HadCattle × rd 4	0.084 (0.28)				1180.3 (56.1)		1175.7 (56.3)
HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 4	0.007 (0.11)				-2954.3 (64.3)		-2958.0 (64.4)
HadCattle × WithGrace × rd 4	-0.001 (0.14)				-8703.1 (8.9)		-8690.1 (8.9)
HadCattle $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 4	-0.005 (0.11)				6996.7 (16.9)		6943.4 (17.7)
Flood in round 1	0.414 (0.49)			-1413.8 (4.9)	-1532.3 (6.6)	-1732.7 (2.7)	-1522.9 (7.1)
Head literate0	0.149 (0.36)			271.7 (65.0)	-8.8 (99.0)	210.2 (72.5)	0.1 (100.0)
NetAssetValue0	2657.829 (2852.68)		0.1 (1.1)	0.1 (1.0)	0.2 (6.1)	0.2 (9.6)	0.2 (6.9)
Household size0	4.538 (1.35)			56.9 (80.8)	169.2 (55.1)	96.9 (72.7)	185.9 (52.7)
Number of cattle0	0.380 (0.73)					-422.3 (48.2)	-660.9 (54.7)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		-315 $42$	-315 13	-315 13	-315 13	-315 10	-315 13
T = 3 $T = 4$		137 569	84 377	81 377	38 327	40 362	36 327
$ar{R}^2 N$	1081	0.14 2023	0.113 1312	0.116 1306	0.113 1070	0.113 1176	0.113 1066

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsizeO is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total  $number \ of \ observations \ used \ in \ ANCOVA \ estimation, \ or \ N=1\times(T=2)+2\times(T=3)+3\times(T=4). \ Large, \ LargeGrace, \ Cattle \ are$ indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Net non-livestockassets do not include livestock.

Table 92: ANCOVA estimation of Net Non-Livestock assets by ARM, poverty status, and period

ABLE 92. AINCOVA ESTIM	ATTON OF I			ISSETS DI	AKWI, TOVEKI	i siaios,	AND TEXTOD
covariates (Intercept)	mean/std	(1) -4434.6	(2) -5249.1	(3) -5121.4	(4) -4888.0	(5) -4547.6	(6) -4972.6
Large	0.048	(0.0) 998.7	(0.0) 2340.8	(0.0) 2485.8	(0.0) 2025.0	(0.0) 2041.0	(0.0) 2032.0
LargeGrace	(0.46) 0.006	(36.4) -1502.6	(12.2) -798.2	(10.1) -966.4	(24.3) -2147.0	(21.8) -1555.6	(24.5) -2152.3
Cattle	(0.43) 0.009	(19.5) -996.8	(66.2) -88.9	(58.5) -56.3	(25.0) -1032.0	(40.9) -759.1	(25.1) -1069.9
	(0.44)	(20.8)	(93.8)	(96.1)	(43.9)	(57.0)	(42.7)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				-397.7 (71.5)		734.3 (69.4)
UltraPoor	0.607 (0.49)	-1303.3 (5.7)	-1669.3 (9.0)	-1595.0 (10.3)	-1570.5 (16.8)	-1763.2 (8.8)	-1557.5 (17.7)
Large × UltraPoor	0.045 (0.37)	-331.4 (87.6)	382.2 (90.2)	-261.7 (93.7)	-781.2 (83.9)	60.2 (98.7)	-746.0 (84.7)
LargeGrace × UltraPoor	0.027 (0.35)	3333.6 (6.4)	4364.4 (11.1)	4029.6 (14.0)	4641.2 (15.6)	4482.3 (14.0)	4796.2 (14.2)
Cattle × UltraPoor	0.001 (0.34)	821.7 (52.4)	2408.9 (24.1)	2036.7 (30.6)	1587.8 (49.4)	2269.8 (33.7)	1652.8 (47.8)
rd 3	0.342 (0.47)	4633.0 (0.0)	5144.3 (0.0)	5154.5 (0.0)	5439.3 (0.0)	5137.3 (0.0)	5461.4 (0.0)
Large × rd 3	0.104 (0.30)	3198.9 (0.6)	1841.3 (34.0)	1821.9 (34.8)	1868.5 (41.0)	2152.7 (34.6)	1948.9 (39.2)
LargeGrace × rd 3	0.085 (0.28)	7790.7 (0.0)	7553.4 (0.3)	7548.4 (0.3)	8759.9 (0.2)	7752.5 (0.5)	8760.4 (0.2)
Cattle × rd 3	0.087 (0.28)	5135.9 (0.0)	3896.4 (3.6)	3908.8 (3.7)	4163.1 (6.0)	3935.9 (7.8)	4162.1 (6.0)
UltraPoor × rd 3	0.204	-305.6	36.8	52.2	-459.7	-21.6	-477.1
Large × UltraPoor × rd 3	(0.40) 0.014	(68.8) 2166.6	(97.6) -21.2	(96.5) -98.0	(73.9) 673.5	(98.7) -116.4	(72.9) 610.6
LargeGrace × UltraPoor × rd 3	(0.21) 0.010	(24.9) -184.0	(99.5) -1835.0	(97.6) -1954.1	(84.6) -2517.0	(97.5) -1826.3	(86.1) -2494.0
Cattle × UltraPoor × rd 3	(0.21) -0.000	(94.5) 3134.1	(68.3) 1542.4	(66.5) 1624.1	(63.1) 2565.2	(71.1) 1591.7	(63.5) 2573.4
rd 4	(0.19) 0.315	(6.3) 7869.8	(60.6) 8254.3	(58.9) 8257.8	(43.0) 8212.6	(65.4) 8011.9	(43.0) 8224.2
Large × rd 4	(0.46) 0.102	(0.0) 2676.0	(0.0) 1121.5	(0.0) 1048.0	(0.0) 1875.6	(0.0) 1831.8	(0.0) 1912.4
LargeGrace × rd 4	(0.30)	(7.3) 7163.2	(61.4) 6549.3	(63.8) 6464.2	(44.2) 8605.3	(45.9) 7056.2	(43.4) 8606.5
	(0.27)	(0.0)	(2.2)	(2.6)	(0.6)	(2.3) 4771.5	(0.6)
Cattle × rd 4	0.079 (0.27)	6176.1 (0.0)	4563.5 (3.2)	4560.8 (3.4)	5652.0 (2.1)	(4.9)	5644.0 (2.1)
UltraPoor × rd 4	0.195 (0.40)	1551.4 (10.2)	2584.2 (5.6)	2538.1 (6.0)	1886.1 (21.3)	2371.9 (9.2)	1914.9 (20.5)
Large $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.016 (0.21)	304.0 (90.6)	-2967.7 (40.4)	-3055.1 (39.2)	-1371.9 (70.5)	-3022.1 (43.8)	-1340.6 (71.1)
LargeGrace × UltraPoor × rd 4	0.008 (0.20)	-4933.3 (8.0)	-7067.8 (13.0)	-7261.7 (12.2)	-6996.6 (19.4)	-7221.1 (14.8)	-7008.6 (19.3)
Cattle $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	-0.001 (0.19)	1176.4 (53.8)	-1008.8 (75.3)	-1073.1 (73.8)	-559.7 (86.4)	-1730.9 $(62.7)$	-548.3 (86.7)
HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)				-397.7 (71.5)		734.3 (69.4)
$HadCattle \times Large$	0.024 (0.25)				1352.6 (66.6)		1192.2 (70.3)
HadCattle × LargeGrace	0.009 (0.23)				6254.7 (9.9)		6235.5 (9.7)
$HadCattle \times Cattle$	-0.012 (0.21)				4863.1 (5.5)		4666.4 (7.2)
HadCattle × rd 3	0.092 (0.29)				-135.7 (93.3)		-144.7 (92.8)
HadCattle × Large × rd 3	0.008 (0.15)				-959.2 (85.7)		-1035.1 (84.6)
HadCattle × LargeGrace × rd 3	0.003				-9460.5		-9477.2
HadCattle $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 3	(0.14) -0.004				(12.8) -3847.3		(12.7) -3867.2
HadCattle × rd 4	(0.12)				(45.9) 661.0		(45.6) 653.1
HadCattle × Large × rd 4	(0.28) 0.009				(74.1) -1444.2		(74.4) -1435.3
HadCattle × LargeGrace × rd 4	(0.14) 0.004				(80.5) -10967.9		(80.7) -10951.1
HadCattle × Cattle × rd 4	(0.13) -0.005				(13.9) -3767.9		(14.1) -3819.8
Flood in round 1	(0.11) 0.414			-1351.5	(51.6) -1568.7	-1665.7	(51.0) -1542.5
Head literate0	(0.49)			(7.3) 163.6	(8.0) -127.7	(4.3)	(8.7) -92.7
NetAssetValue0	(0.36)		0.1	(80.5)	(86.0) 0.2	(85.7)	(89.7) 0.2
Household size0	(2852.68) 4.538		$\begin{array}{c} 0.1 \\ (1.1) \\ 128 \end{array}$	(0.9)	(5.2)	(9.0) 130.6	(6.0) 225.9
	(1.35)		120	(70.6)	207.6 (47.4)	(63.9)	(44.8)
Number of cattle0	0.380					-345.4 (56.8)	-797.1 (45.7)

Table 93: ANCOVA estimation of Net Non-Livestock assets by attributes, poverty status, and period

ıı	<i>,</i>							
	covariates (Intercept)	mean/std	(1) -4434.6	(2) -5249.1	(3) -5121.4	(4) -4888.0	(5) -4547.6	(6) -4972.6
	Upfront	0.063	(0.0) 998.7	(0.0)	(0.0) $(0.85.8)$	-4888.0 (0.0) 2025.0	(0.0) (0.10) (0.0)	(0.0) 2032.0
	WithGrace	(0.39)	(36.4) -2501.3	(12.2)	(10.1) -3452.3	(24.3) -4172.0	(21.8)	(24.5) -4184.4
		(0.50)	(6.3) 505.8	(9.1) 709.4	-3432.3 (5.5) 910.1	(2.9) 1115.0	-3396.6 (4.5) 796.5	(2.9)
	InKind	0.009 (0.44)	(64.7)	(65.1)	(54.9)	(47.1)	(59.8)	1082.5 (48.3)
	HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)	1202.2	1660.2	1505.0	-397.7 (71.5)	17/2.2	734.3 (69.4)
	UltraPoor	0.607 (0.49)	-1303.3 (5.7)	-1669.3 (9.0)	-1595.0 (10.3)	-1570.5 (16.8)	-1763.2 (8.8)	-1557.5 (17.7)
	Upfront × UltraPoor	0.072 (0.27)	-331.4 (87.6)	382.2 (90.2)	-261.7 (93.7)	-781.2 (83.9)	60.2 (98.7)	-746.0 (84.7)
	WithGrace × UltraPoor	0.027 (0.39)	3665.0 (12.4)	3982.2 (23.1)	4291.3 (21.3)	5422.4 (17.3)	4422.1 (20.7)	5542.1 (16.7)
	InKind × UltraPoor	0.001 (0.34)	-2511.9 (13.7)	-1955.5 (40.5)	-1992.9 (40.0)	-3053.4 (26.7)	-2212.5 (35.9)	-3143.4 (25.5)
	rd 3	0.342 (0.47)	4633.0 (0.0)	5144.3 (0.0)	5154.5 (0.0)	5439.3 (0.0)	5137.3 (0.0)	5461.4 (0.0)
	UltraPoor × rd 3	0.204 (0.40)	-305.6 (68.8)	36.8 (97.6)	52.2 (96.5)	-459.7 (73.9)	-21.6 (98.7)	-477.1 (72.9)
	Unfront × rd 3	0.276 (0.45)	3198.9 (0.6)	1841.3 (34.0)	1821.9 (34.8)	1868.5 (41.0)	2152.7 (34.6)	1948.9 (39.2)
	WithGrace × rd 3	0.172 (0.38)	4591.8 (0.2)	5712.2 (0.6)	5726.5 (0.6)	6891.3 (0.2)	5599.8 (0.7)	6811.5 (0.2)
	InKind × rd 3	0.087 (0.28)	-2654.8 (6.7)	-3657.0 (7.0)	-3639.6 (7.3)	-4596.8 (3.1)	-3816.6 (5.6)	-4598.3 (3.1)
	Upfront $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	0.024 (0.16)	2166.6 (24.9)	-21.2 (99.5)	-98.0 (97.6)	673.5 (84.6)	-116.4 (97.5)	610.6 (86.1)
	WithGrace × UltraPoor × rd 3	0.010 (0.23)	-2350.6 (35.9)	-1813.8 (63.6)	-1856.1 (62.9)	-3190.4 (47.9)	-1709.9 (65.8)	-3104.5 (49.0)
	InKind $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	-0.000 (0.19)	3318.1 (17.1)	3377.4 (35.3)	3578.2 (32.5)	5082.2 (23.9)	3418.0 (35.1)	5067.4 (24.0)
	rd 4	0.315 (0.46)	7869.8 (0.0)	8254.3 (0.0)	8257.8 (0.0)	8212.6 (0.0)	8011.9 (0.0)	8224.2 (0.0)
	UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.195 (0.40)	1551.4 (10.2)	2584.2 (5.6)	2538.1 (6.0)	1886.1 (21.3)	2371.9 (9.2)	1914.9 (20.5)
	Unfront × rd 4	0.260 (0.44)	2676.0 (7.3)	1121.5 (61.4)	1048.0 (63.8)	1875.6 (44.2)	1831.8 (45.9)	1912.4 (43.4)
	WithGrace × rd 4	0.158 (0.37)	4487.3 (1.6)	5427.8 (3.5)	5416.3 (3.7)	6729.8 (1.2)	5224.5 (4.4)	6694.1 (1.2)
	InKind × rd 4	0.079 (0.27)	-987.2 (57.5)	-1985.9 (42.6)	-1903.4 (45.2)	-2953.3 (26.8)	-2284.8 (36.8)	-2962.6 (26.7)
	$Upfront \times UltraPoor \times rd \ 4$	0.024 (0.16)	304.0 (90.6)	-2967.7 (40.4)	-3055.1 (39.2)	-1371.9 (70.5)	-3022.1 (43.8)	-1340.6 (71.1)
	WithGrace × UltraPoor × rd 4	0.008 (0.22)	-5237.2 (11.0)	-4100.1 (35.2)	-4206.6 (34.0)	-5624.7 (27.5)	-4198.9 (34.0)	-5668.0 (27.1)
	$InKind \times UltraPoor \times rd\ 4$	-0.001 (0.19)	6109.6 (2.8)	6059.0 (14.3)	6188.6 (13.6)	6436.9 (19.1)	5490.1 (18.3)	6460.3 (18.9)
	HadCattle	0.265 (0.44)			, , ,	-397.7 (71.5)	, ,	734.3 (69.4)
	$HadCattle \times Upfront$	0.021 (0.20)				1352.6 (66.6)		1192.2 (70.3)
	HadCattle × WithGrace	-0.003 (0.26)				4902.1 (16.3)		5043.3 (14.7)
	$HadCattle \times InKind$	-0.012 (0.21)				-1391.6 (66.1)		-1569.1 (61.6)
	HadCattle x rd 3	0.092 (0.29)				-135.7 (93.3)		-144.7 (92.8)
	HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.006 (0.12)				-959.2 (85.7)		-1035.1 (84.6)
	HadCattle × WithGrace × rd 3	-0.001 (0.15)				-8501.3 (2.5)		-8442.1 (2.6)
	HadCattle $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 3	-0.004 (0.12)				5613.2 (12.2)		5610.0 (12.2)
	HadCattle × rd 4	0.084 (0.28)				661.0 (74.1)		653.1 (74.4)
	HadCattle × Upfront × rd 4	0.007 (0.11)				-1444.2 (80.5)		-1435.3 (80.7)
	HadCattle × WithGrace × rd 4	-0.001 (0.14)				-9523.8 (9.0)		-9515.8 (8.9)
	HadCattle × InKind × rd 4	-0.005 (0.11)				7200.0 (19.4)		7131.3 (20.2)
	Flood in round 1	0.414 (0.49)			-1351.5 (7.3)	-1568.7	-1665.7 (4.3)	-1542.5
	Head literate0	0.149 (0.36)			163.6	(8.0) -127.7 (86.0)	118.7	(8.7) -92.7
	NetAssetValue0	2657.829 (2852.68)		0.1 (1.1)	(80.5) 0.1 (0.9)	(86.0) 0.2 (5.2)	(85.7) 0.2 (9.0)	(89.7) 0.2 (6.0)
	Household size0	4.538		129	(0.9) 88.5 (70.6)	(5.2) 207.6 (47.4)	130.6	(6.0) 225.9
	Number of cattle0	(1.35) 0.380 (0.73)			(70.6)	(47.4)	(63.9) -345.4 (56.8)	(44.8) -797.1
		(0.73)					(56.8)	(45.7)

## III.5.10 Cattle holding

```
AttritIn
         2 3 4 9 Sum
traditional 7 4 20 144 175
         5 2 1 192 200
 large
 large grace 12 3
              3 171 189
 cattle
         5
            5 13 176 199
 Sum
         29 14 37 683 763
  NumCows
                     5 6 7 8 9 <NA>
        1 2
tee
    0
               3
                  4
                                         Sum
                      1 2 0
 2
    15 309 153 40 11
                                   1 197 730
                                1
                      1 2 2
 3
     5 337 175 40 16
                                1
                                    0 110 689
     4 218 201 54 11 4 2 0 1
                                   1 86 582
 4
                     6 6 2 3 2 393 2001
    24 864 529 134
 Sum
                  38
```

```
NumCows0

Cattle 0 1 2 3 4 5 Sum

Adi 108 0 0 0 0 108

None 484 0 0 0 0 0 484

Own 0 99 30 5 3 1 138

Sum 592 99 30 5 3 1 730
```

```
[1]
~ + dummyLarge + dummyLargeGrace + dummyCattle
+ NumCows0
FloodInRd1 + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + NA
+ dummyHadCows
+ TotalImputed2Value0
[2]
~ + dummyUltraPoor + dummyLargeSize + dummyWithGrace
+ dummyWithGrace + dummyInKind + UDdummyUltraPoor
+ dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor + UDdummyLargeSize.UltraPoor + dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor
+ UDdummyWithGrace.UltraPoor + dummyInKind.UltraPoor + UDdummyInKind.UltraPoor
+ NumCows0
FloodInRd1 + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + NA
+ dummyHadCows
+ TotalImputed2Value0
~ + dummyLargeSize + dummyWithGrace + dummyInKind
+ NumCows0
FloodInRd1 + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + NA
+ dummyHadCows
+ TotalImputed2Value0
[4]
~ + Time.3 + Time.4 + dummyLarge
+ dummyLarge + dummyLargeGrace + dummyCattle
```

```
+ dummyLarge.Time3 + dummyLargeGrace.Time3 + dummyCattle.Time3
+ dummyLarge.Time4 + dummyLargeGrace.Time4 + dummyCattle.Time4
+ NumCows0
FloodInRd1 + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + NA
+ dummyHadCows
+ TotalImputed2Value0
[5]
~ + Time.3 + Time.4 + dummyLargeSize
+ dummyLargeSize + dummyWithGrace + dummyInKind
+ dummyLargeSize.Time3 + dummyWithGrace.Time3 + dummyInKind.Time3
+ dummyLargeSize.Time4 + dummyWithGrace.Time4 + dummyInKind.Time4
+ NumCows0
FloodInRd1 + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + NA
+ dummyHadCows
+ TotalImputed2Value0
\sim + Time.3 + Time.4 + dummyLarge
+ dummyLarge + dummyLargeGrace + dummyCattle
+ dummyUltraPoor + dummyLarge.Time3 + dummyLargeGrace.Time3
+ dummyCattle.Time3 + dummyUltraPoor.Time3 + dummyLarge.Time4
+ dummyLargeGrace.Time4 + dummyCattle.Time4 + dummyUltraPoor.Time4
+ dummyLarge.UltraPoor + dummyLargeGrace.UltraPoor + dummyCattle.UltraPoor
+ dummyLarge.UltraPoor.Time3 + dummyLarge.UltraPoor.Time4 + dummyLargeGrace.UltraPoor.Time3
+ dummyLargeGrace.UltraPoor.Time4 + dummyCattle.UltraPoor.Time3 + dummyCattle.UltraPoor.
+ NumCows0
FloodInRd1 + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + NA
+ dummyHadCows
+ TotalImputed2Value0
[7]
~ + Time.3 + Time.4 + dummyUltraPoor
+ dummyUltraPoor + dummyLargeSize + dummyWithGrace
+ dummyInKind + dummyUltraPoor.Time3 + dummyLargeSize.Time3
+ dummyWithGrace.Time3 + dummyInKind.Time3 + dummyUltraPoor.Time4
+ dummyLargeSize.Time4 + dummyWithGrace.Time4 + dummyInKind.Time4
+ dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor + dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor + dummyInKind.UltraPoor
+ dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor.Time3 + dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor.Time4 + dummyWithGrace.UltraF
+ dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor.Time4 + dummyInKind.UltraPoor.Time3 + dummyInKind.UltraPoor.T
+ NumCows0
FloodInRd1 + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + NA
+ dummyHadCows
+ TotalImputed2Value0
```

TABLE 94: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF CATTLE HOLDING

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
(Intercept)		1.49 (0.0)	1.39 (0.0)	1.16 (0.0)	1.15 (0.0)
Large	0.273 (0.45)	0.40 (0.8)	0.37 (0.5)	0.35 (1.1)	0.35 (1.1)
LargeGrace	0.248 (0.43)	0.07 (54.7)	0.08 (48.6)	0.09 (43.7)	0.09 (43.2)
Cattle	0.264 (0.44)	0.00 (98.8)	0.02 (77.7)	0.02 (80.6)	0.02 (80.4)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				0.14 (45.8)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				0.14 (45.8)
Flood in round 1	0.491 (0.50)			0.04 (59.7)	0.04 (58.9)
Head literate()	0.114 (0.32)			0.01 (89.4)	0.01 (90.8)
Number of cattle0	0.266 (0.62)		0.31 (0.2)	0.29 (0.6)	0.21 (21.5)
Household size0	4.219 (1.43)			0.05 (4.3)	0.05 (4.3)
TotalImputed2Value0	5315.315 (12450.23)				
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		1.62 87	1.62 87	1.62 85	1.62 85
T = 3 $T = 4$		168 395	168 395	168 395	168 395
$ar{R}^2$	1998	0.031 1608	0.076 1608	0.078 1606	0.079 1606

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. Regressand is NumCows, number of cattle holding.

TABLE 95: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF CATTLE HOLDING BY ATTRIBUTES

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
(Intercept)		1.49 (0.0)	1.39 (0.0)	1.16 (0.0)	1.15 (0.0)
Unfront	0.785 (0.41)	0.40 (0.8)	0.37 (0.5)	0.35 (1.1)	0.35 (1.1)
WithGrace	0.512 (0.50)	-0.33 (5.6)	-0.29 (4.8)	-0.27 (8.7)	-0.27 (8.9)
InKind	0.264 (0.44)	-0.07 (51.5)	-0.06 (58.9)	-0.07 (51.0)	-0.07 (50.6)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				0.14 (45.8)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				0.14 (45.8)
Flood in round 1	0.491 (0.50)			0.04 (59.7)	0.04 (58.9)
Head literate()	0.114 (0.32)			0.01 (89.4)	0.01 (90.8)
Number of cattle0	0.266 (0.62)		0.31 (0.2)	0.29 (0.6)	0.21 (21.5)
Household size0	4.219 (1.43)			0.05 (4.3)	0.05 (4.3)
TotalImputed2Value0	5315.315 (12450.23)				
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		1.62 87	1.62 87	1.62 85	1.62 85
$\begin{array}{c} T = 3 \\ T = 4 \end{array}$		168 395	168 395	168 395	168 395
$ar{R}^2 N$	1998	0.031 1608	0.076 1608	0.078 1606	0.079 1606

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. Regressand is NumCows, number of cattle holding.

TABLE 96: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF CATTLE HOLDING, ULTRA VS. MODERATELY POOR

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
(Intercept)		1.51 (0.0)	1.41 (0.0)	1.16 (0.0)	1.15 (0.0)
Unfront	0.785 (0.41)	0.43 (0.3)	0.40 (0.1)	0.39 (0.3)	0.39 (0.3)
WithGrace	0.512 (0.50)	-0.34 (4.5)	-0.30 (3.4)	-0.28 (7.0)	-0.28 (7.2)
InKind	0.264 (0.44)	-0.06 (55.3)	-0.05 (63.4)	-0.06 (55.1)	-0.06 (54.6)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				0.16 (41.6)
UltraPoor	0.630 (0.48)	-0.08 (20.1)	-0.09 (15.6)	-0.09 (16.9)	-0.09 (17.0)
$Up front \times Ultra Poor$	0.524 (0.50)	-0.07 (66.1)	-0.01 (95.5)	-0.00 (99.4)	0.02 (91.2)
WithGrace × UltraPoor	0.352 (0.48)	0.48 (1.3)	0.50 (0.8)	0.52 (0.8)	0.52 (0.8)
InKind × UltraPoor	0.181 (0.39)	-0.11 (54.6)	-0.10 (58.6)	-0.10 (58.8)	-0.11 (56.8)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				0.16 (41.6)
Flood in round 1	0.491 (0.50)			0.05 (58.0)	0.05 (56.7)
Head literate()	0.114 (0.32)			0.01 (90.2)	0.01 (91.5)
Number of cattle0	0.266 (0.62)		0.32 (0.2)	0.30 (0.6)	0.21 (22.7)
Household size0	4.219 (1.43)			0.05 (2.2)	0.05 (2.2)
TotalImputed2Value0	5315.315 (12450.23)				
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		1.62 87	1.62 87	1.62 85	1.62 85
T = 3 $T = 4$		168 395	168 395	168 395	168 395
$ar{R}^2 N$	1998	0.041 1608	0.09 1608	0.093 1606	0.094 1606

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. UltraPoor is an indicator variable if the household is classified as the ultra poor. Regressand is NumCows, number of cattle holding.

TABLE 97: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF CATTLE HOLDING BY ARM AND PERIOD

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covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
(Intercept)		1.47 (0.0)	1.36 (0.0)	1.12 (0.0)	1.11 (0.0)
Large	0.273 (0.45)	0.39 (0.6)	0.37 (0.4)	0.35 (0.8)	0.35 (0.8)
LargeGrace	0.248 (0.43)	0.01 (94.3)	0.02 (88.5)	0.02 (83.9)	0.03 (82.5)
Cattle	0.264 (0.44)	-0.05 (44.1)	-0.03 (72.3)	-0.03 (67.5)	-0.03 (69.1)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				0.14 (45.4)
rd 3	0.348 (0.48)	-0.02 (71.4)	0.00 (96.9)	0.00 (93.8)	0.01 (91.5)
Large $\times$ rd 3	0.094 (0.29)	-0.05 (74.9)	-0.05 (75.5)	-0.05 (77.9)	-0.05 (77.2)
LargeGrace × rd 3	0.085 (0.28)	0.19 (28.5)	0.20 (25.5)	0.21 (24.9)	0.21 (25.1)
Cattle $\times$ rd 3	0.091 (0.29)	0.17 (18.0)	0.16 (23.6)	0.16 (24.6)	0.15 (25.3)
rd 4	0.326 (0.47)	0.16 (0.9)	0.18 (0.5)	0.19 (0.4)	0.19 (0.4)
Large $\times$ rd 4	0.094 (0.29)	0.05 (74.5)	0.04 (79.1)	0.05 (78.2)	0.05 (78.7)
LargeGrace × rd 4	0.081 (0.27)	0.40 (3.3)	0.39 (3.6)	0.40 (3.0)	0.40 (3.0)
Cattle $\times$ rd 4	0.085 (0.28)	0.34 (0.8)	0.34 (1.1)	0.35 (1.1)	0.35 (1.2)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				0.14 (45.4)
Flood in round 1	0.491 (0.50)			0.05 (57.2)	0.05 (56.4)
Head literate0	0.114 (0.32)			0.02 (85.6)	0.02 (87.2)
Number of cattle0	0.266 (0.62)		0.31 (0.2)	0.29 (0.6)	0.21 (21.4)
Household size0	4.219 (1.43)			0.05 (3.7)	0.05 (3.8)
TotalImputed2Value0	5315.315 (12450.23)				
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		1.62 87	1.62 87	1.62 85	1.62 85
T = 3 $T = 4$		168 395	168 395	168 395	168 395
$ar{R}^2 \ N$	1998	0.04 1608	0.086 1608	0.089 1606	0.089 1606

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Sample is continuing members and replacing members of early rejecters and received loans prior to 2015 Janunary. Regressand is NumCows, number of cattle holding.

TABLE 98: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF CATTLE HOLDING BY ATTRIBUTES AND PERIOD

 EE ) O. THI ( C O VII ESIM.		CHITEE HEEL	DII (O DI I	II TRIBOTES	II ID I LITTOD
covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
(Intercept)		1.47 (0.0)	1.36 (0.0)	1.12 (0.0)	1.11 (0.0)
Unfront	0.785 (0.41)	0.39 (0.6)	0.37 (0.4)	0.35 (0.8)	0.35 (0.8)
WithGrace	0.512 (0.50)	-0.39 (2.5)	-0.35 (1.8)	-0.33 (3.7)	-0.33 (3.8)
InKind	0.264 (0.44)	-0.06 (60.6)	-0.04 (69.6)	-0.05 (62.1)	-0.06 (61.7)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				0.14 (45.4)
rd 3	0.348 (0.48)	-0.02 (71.4)	0.00 (96.9)	0.00 (93.8)	0.01 (91.5)
Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.269 (0.44)	-0.05 (74.9)	-0.05 (75.5)	-0.05 (77.9)	-0.05 (77.2)
WithGrace × rd 3	0.176 (0.38)	0.24 (17.1)	0.25 (14.2)	0.25 (14.7)	0.25 (14.6)
InKind $\times$ rd 3	0.091 (0.29)	-0.02 (90.7)	-0.05 (74.9)	-0.05 (72.5)	-0.05 (72.4)
rd 4	0.326 (0.47)	0.16 (0.9)	0.18 (0.5)	0.19 (0.4)	0.19 (0.4)
Upfront × rd 4	0.260 (0.44)	0.05 (74.5)	0.04 (79.1)	0.05 (78.2)	0.05 (78.7)
WithGrace × rd 4	0.166 (0.37)	0.35 (9.6)	0.34 (9.5)	0.36 (8.4)	0.36 (8.4)
InKind × rd 4	0.085 (0.28)	-0.06 (75.5)	-0.04 (80.5)	-0.05 (76.1)	-0.06 (75.4)
HadCattle	0.195 (0.40)				0.14 (45.4)
Flood in round 1	0.491 (0.50)			0.05 (57.2)	0.05 (56.4)
Head literate0	0.114 (0.32)			0.02 (85.6)	0.02 (87.2)
Number of cattle0	0.266 (0.62)		0.31 (0.2)	0.29 (0.6)	0.21 (21.4)
Household size0	4.219 (1.43)			0.05 (3.7)	0.05 (3.8)
TotalImputed2Value0	5315.315 (12450.23)				
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		1.62 87	1.62 87	1.62 85	1.62 85
T = 3 $T = 4$		168 395	168 395	168 395	168 395
$ar{R}^2 N$	1998	0.04 1608	0.086 1608	0.089 1606	0.089 1606

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Sample is continuing members and replacing members of early rejecters and received loans prior to 2015 Janunary. Regressand is NumCows, number of cattle holding.

Table 99: ANCOVA estimation of cattle holding by arm, period, and poverty class

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(Intercept)		1.52 (0.0)	1.40 (0.0)	1.36 (0.0)	1.12 (0.0)	1.11 (0.0)
Large	0.273	0.42	0.40	0.40	0.38	0.40
	(0.45)	(0.2)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.2)	(0.2)
LargeGrace	0.248	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.07
	(0.43)	(80.7)	(67.9)	(60.9)	(55.9)	(50.3)
Cattle	0.264	-0.03	0.00	0.00	-0.00	0.00
	(0.44)	(59.1)	(100.0)	(98.7)	(98.7)	(98.2)
AdiCattle0	0.153 (0.36)			0.18 (2.0)	0.16 (4.0)	0.18 (2.1)
UltraPoor	0.630	-0.09	-0.11	-0.11	-0.11	-0.10
	(0.48)	(16.5)	(13.3)	(12.2)	(13.3)	(16.5)
Large × UltraPoor	0.172 (0.38)	-0.25 (17.9)	-0.17 (33.8)	-0.19 (29.6)	-0.18 (33.1)	-0.16 (37.2)
LargeGrace × UltraPoor	0.171	0.42	0.50	0.50	0.53	0.54
	(0.38)	(1.9)	(1.0)	(0.9)	(0.5)	(0.4)
Cattle × UltraPoor	0.181	0.19	0.29	0.29	0.32	0.31
	(0.39)	(21.7)	(9.6)	(9.4)	(6.3)	(6.7)
rd 3	0.348	-0.03	-0.00	-0.00	0.00	-0.00
	(0.48)	(59.3)	(93.9)	(96.1)	(100.0)	(99.1)
Large $\times$ rd 3	0.094 (0.29)	-0.03 (84.8)	-0.03 (82.8)	-0.03 (82.0)	-0.03 (83.5)	-0.02 (87.9)
LargeGrace × rd 3	0.085	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24
	(0.28)	(15.0)	(15.3)	(16.4)	(16.4)	(16.2)
Cattle $\times$ rd 3	0.091	0.19	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.18
	(0.29)	(12.3)	(19.1)	(19.7)	(21.0)	(19.9)
UltraPoor x rd 3	0.217 (0.41)	-0.05 (62.8)	-0.04 (73.2)	-0.03 (77.4)	-0.03 (79.6)	-0.02 (83.6)
Large $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	0.058	0.70	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.67
	(0.23)	(0.6)	(1.1)	(1.1)	(1.0)	(1.0)
LargeGrace × UltraPoor × rd 3	0.060 (0.24)	-0.34 (31.3)	-0.32 (34.6)	-0.30 (35.8)	-0.33 (32.9)	-0.32 (33.1)
Cattle $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	0.061	0.50	0.46	0.47	0.45	0.45
	(0.24)	(1.7)	(3.7)	(3.3)	(4.2)	(4.2)
AdiCattle0 × rd 3	0.054 (0.23)					-0.13 (26.1)
AdiCattle $0 \times \text{Large} \times \text{rd } 3$	0.015 (0.12)					-0.28 (46.8)
AdiCattle0 × LargeGrace × rd 3	0.011 (0.10)					-0.39 (19.9)
AdiCattle $0 \times \text{Cattle} \times \text{rd } 3$	0.016 (0.12)					-0.13 (68.0)

TABLE 100: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF CATTLE HOLDING BY ARM, PERIOD, AND POVERTY CLASS (CONTINUED)

			<i>'</i>	, and the second		
covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
rd 4	0.326 (0.47)	0.15 (0.8)	0.18 (0.4)	0.18 (0.3)	0.18 (0.3)	0.18 (0.3)
Large × rd 4	0.094 (0.29)	0.06 (67.8)	0.05 (75.8)	0.05 (76.4)	0.05 (76.7)	0.04 (77.7)
LargeGrace × rd 4	$0.081 \\ (0.27)$	0.41 (2.2)	0.39 (2.9)	0.38 (3.2)	0.40 (2.8)	0.40 (2.6)
Cattle × rd 4	0.085 (0.28)	0.34 (0.9)	0.34 (1.5)	0.34 (1.5)	0.34 (1.6)	0.35 (1.5)
UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.211 (0.41)	0.09 (44.6)	0.08 (51.7)	0.09 (46.3)	0.09 (46.0)	0.10 (41.4)
Large × UltraPoor × rd 4	0.060 (0.24)	0.79 (1.9)	0.75 (2.7)	0.74 (2.9)	0.74 (2.9)	0.71 (3.9)
LargeGrace $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.056 (0.23)	-0.16 (65.6)	-0.15 (67.5)	-0.15 (67.9)	-0.15 (67.4)	-0.12 (72.8)
Cattle $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.060 (0.24)	0.46 (9.3)	0.37 (21.0)	0.37 (21.0)	0.35 (24.1)	0.33 (26.9)
AdiCattle $0 \times rd 4$	0.050 (0.22)					0.07 (68.6)
AdiCattle0 × Large × rd 4	0.016 (0.12)					-0.08 (85.1)
AdiCattle $0 \times \text{LargeGrace} \times \text{rd } 4$	0.009 (0.09)					-0.01 (98.6)
AdiCattle $0 \times \text{Cattle} \times \text{rd } 4$	0.015 (0.12)					-0.23 (50.8)
AdiCattle0	0.153 (0.36)			0.18 (2.0)	0.16 (4.0)	0.18 (2.1)
AdiCattle0 × rd 3	0.054 (0.23)					-0.13 (26.1)
AdiCattle $0 \times rd 4$	$0.050 \\ (0.22)$					0.07 (68.6)
Flood in round 1	0.491 (0.50)				0.04 (62.4)	0.03 (67.7)
Head literate0	0.114 (0.32)				0.01 (89.0)	0.02 (79.1)
Number of cattle()	0.266 (0.62)		0.32 (0.2)	0.34 (0.1)	0.32 (0.4)	0.31 (0.3)
Household size0	4.219 (1.43)				0.05 (2.2)	0.05 (2.4)
AdiCattle0 × Large	0.044 (0.21)					-0.37 (10.0)
AdiCattle0 × LargeGrace	0.028 (0.16)					0.23 (39.3)
$AdiCattle0 \times Cattle$	0.046 (0.21)					-0.12 (61.0)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		2 87	2 87	2 87	2 85	2 85
T = 3 $T = 4$		168 395	168 395	168 395	168 395	168 395
$ar{R}^2 N$	1998	0.055 1608	0.103 1608	0.107 1608	0.11 1606	0.113 1606

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Sample is continuing members and replacing members of early rejecters and received loans prior to 2015 Janunary. Regressand is NumCows, number of cattle holding.

2. P values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level.

## III.5.11 Net assets, experienced vs. inexperienced

LeaseInCattle				
NumCows0	0	1	<na></na>	Sum
0	539	94	0	633
1	100	0	1	101
2	30	0	0	30
3	6	0	0	6
4	2	0	1	3
5	1	0	0	1

```
LeaseInCattle
YearsSinceLastAdi 0 1 <NA> Sum
                 3
                     0
           1
                          0
                 13
                     0
                          0
                             13
           3
                 8
                     0
                          0
                            8
           <NA> 654 94
                          2 750
           Sum 678 94
                          2 774
```

Even LeaseInCattle == 0 & OwnCattle == 0, some had Adi experiences.

Recode to Adi if OwnCattle == 0 & !is.na(YearsSinceLastAdi). This means, LeaseInCattle == 1 if OwnCattle = 0 but has experience of Adi in last 3 years.

If we (and we will) assume that the NumCows0 (computed from "abu\_livestockownershipupdated.dta) as the truth, there are 52 false positives in OwnCattle (falsely reporting cattle ownership at baseline).

```
OwnCattle
        0 1 <NA> Sum
NumCows0
        581 52
    0
    1
         0 100
                 1 101
    2
         0
            30
                 0 30
    3
         0
            6
                 0
             2
                 1
         0
    5
         0
            1
                  0
                     1
    Sum 581 191 2 774
```

NumCows are computed in read\_clean\_data.rnw by:

```
xloL[, NumCows := as.integer(NA)]
xloL[grepl("ow", LVcode), NumCows := as.integer(number_owned)]
xloL[, NumCows := NumCows[grepl("ow", LVcode)], by = .(hhid, survey)]
```

xloL is the raw data file "abu\_livestockownershipupdated.dta.

We will correct Table 8a baseline data such that it becomes consistent with "abu\_livestockownershipupdated.d

```
lvLv[NumCows0 == 0 & OwnCattle == 1L, OwnCattle := 0L]
lvLv[NumCows0 > 0 & is.na(OwnCattle), OwnCattle := 1L]
lvLv[, NumCows0 := NULL]
```

We will also correct LeaseInCattle from NA to 0, if NumCows0 > 0 (2 cases). Save it as IvLv, and use it in estimation.

```
OwnCattle
YearsSinceLastAdi 0 1 Sum
1 0 2 2
2 0 2 2
3 0 2 2
<NA> 521 135 656
Sum 521 141 662
```

```
OwnCattle
LeaseInCattle 0 1 Sum
0 521 141 662
1 112 0 112
Sum 633 141 774
```

```
AttritIn
                3
                     4
                         9 Sum
Arm
              2
 traditional
              6
                 4
                    20 144 174
 large
              5
                2
                    1 192 200
                    3 171 199
 large grace
             22
                3
 cattle
             5
                5 13 177 200
             38 14 37 684 773
 Sum
                    AttritIn
BStatus
                      2
                          3
                             4
                                 9 Sum
 borrower
                      8
                          6
                             8 578 600
                      0
                        0
                             0
                                0
                                   0
 pure saver
                            1 75
 individual rejection
                      9 4
                                   89
                      9 4
 group rejection
                            0 55 68
 rejection by flood
                     12 0
                            28
                                0 40
                        14
                            37 708 797
                     38
 Sum
        AttritIn
                    9 Sum
TradGroup 2 3
                 4
 planned
              0
                 1 83 84
          0
 twice
         0
            0
                 0
                   24 24
 double
          0
            0
                 0
                    0
                       0
 <NA>
         38 14
                36 601 689
                37 708 797
         38 14
 Sum
           AttritIn
Arm
             2
                  3
                     4 9 Sum
             6
                4 20 168 198
 traditional
 large
                2
             5
                    1 192 200
 large grace 22 3
                    3 171 199
             5
                5 13 177 200
 cattle
             38 14 37 708 797
 Sum
           AttritIn
Arm
              2 3
                     4
                       9 Sum
                 4
                    20 144 174
 traditional
              6
              5
                2 1 192 200
 large
 large grace
             22 3 3 171 199
 cattle
             5 5 13 177 200
 Sum
             38 14 37 684 773
Number of obs based on assets
           tee
Arm
                  2
                       3
                           4 Sum
              1
            174
                      162
                               635
 traditional
                 166
                          133
 large
             200
                 194
                      191
                          179
                               764
 large grace 199
                 177
                      174
                          155
                               705
                          151
 cattle
             200
                 195
                      188
                               734
             773
                 732
                      715
                          618 2838
 Sum
           AttritIn
Arm
                  3
                     4
                       9 Sum
              2
 traditional
            6
                 4 20 144 174
             5 2 1 192 200
 large
 large grace 22 3 3 171 199
             5 5 13 177 200
 cattle
             38 14 37 684 773
 Sum
```

Table 101: ANCOVA estimation of net assets, cattle rearing experiences

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(Intercept)		15972.5 (0.0)	15295.8 (0.0)	7887.8 (4.2)	7999.5 (4.0)	7999.5 (4.0)
Large	0.290 (0.45)	10820.5 (0.0)	11985.0 (0.1)	11757.8 (0.2)	11064.0 (0.1)	11064.0 (0.1)
LargeGrace	0.241 (0.43)	5708.0 (2.4)	5582.6 (9.4)	5819.8 (7.3)	6286.5 (6.6)	6286.5 (6.6)
Cattle	0.261 (0.44)	4860.7 (1.4)	3909.7 (12.6)	3980.2 (12.1)	3871.8 (11.7)	3871.8 (11.7)
OwnCattle0	0.233 (0.42)	17017.6 (0.0)	10695.9 (3.5)	11131.4 (3.2)	9896.5 (5.7)	9896.5 (5.7)
AdiCattle0	0.134 (0.34)	6999.3 (0.0)	8721.4 (0.4)	8360.7 (0.5)	9312.1 (0.7)	9312.1 (0.7)
AdiCattle0	0.134 (0.34)	6999.3 (0.0)	8721.4 (0.4)	8360.7 (0.5)	9312.1 (0.7)	9312.1 (0.7)
Flood in round 1	0.424 (0.49)			-48.8 (98.2)	-71.7 (97.4)	-71.7 (97.4)
Head literate0	0.146 (0.35)			-536.8 (84.1)	-303.0 (90.9)	-303.0 (90.9)
NetValue()	9146.377 (14606.38)		0.3 (13.7)	0.2 (20.7)	0.3 (15.3)	0.3 (15.3)
Household size0	4.455 (1.36)			1713.7 (3.9)	1694.6 (4.2)	1694.6 (4.2)
OwnCattleO × Large	0.080 (0.27)				13483.8 (22.4)	13483.8 (22.4)
OwnCattle $0 \times LargeGrace$	0.063 (0.24)				-1520.6 (80.2)	-1520.6 (80.2)
OwnCattle $0 \times Cattle$	0.047 (0.21)				6802.2 (21.4)	6802.2 (21.4)
AdiCattle $0 \times \text{Large}$	0.044 (0.20)				-12183.0 (6.3)	-12183.0 (6.3)
AdiCattle0 × LargeGrace	0.018 (0.13)				-6674.4 (59.1)	-6674.4 (59.1)
$AdiCattle0 \times Cattle$	0.042 (0.20)				-6331.0 (34.4)	-6331.0 (34.4)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		25231 42	25231 13	25231 13	25231 13	25231 13
T = 3 $T = 4$		132 550	81 362	79 362	79 362	79 362
$ar{R}^2 N$	1277	0.107 1956	0.124 1261	0.131 1257	0.143 1257	0.143 1257

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Net assets uses only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock. OwnCattle0 is an indicator if a household owned cattle at the baseline. AdiCattle0 is an indicator if a household engaged in the cattle lease-in contract at the baseline.

Table 102: ANCOVA estimation of net assets by attributes, cattle rearing experiences

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(Intercept)		17653.9 (0.0)	14372.5 (0.0)	7551.4 (5.4)	7551.4 (5.4)	7551.4 (5.4)
Unfront	0.762 (0.43)	14201.9 (0.0)	14765.0 (0.0)	14638.1 (0.0)	14638.1 (0.0)	14638.1 (0.0)
WithGrace	0.483 (0.50)	-5905.2 $(10.5)$	-7081.2 $(8.7)$	-6640.5 (12.1)	-6640.5 $(12.1)$	-6640.5 (12.1)
InKind	0.251 (0.43)	-1137.9 (65.8)	-1192.8 (69.9)	-1321.0 (65.9)	-1321.0 (65.9)	-1321.0 (65.9)
Flood in round 1	0.422 (0.49)			369.4 (86.0)	369.4 (86.0)	369.4 (86.0)
Head literate()	0.143 (0.35)			-236.1 (93.0)	-236.1 (93.0)	-236.1 (93.0)
NetValue0	8901.382 (14389.93)		0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)	0.5 (0.0)
Household size0	4.467 (1.38)			1493.1 (5.5)	1493.1 (5.5)	1493.1 (5.5)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		25231 42	25231 13	25231 13	25231 13	25231 13
T = 3 $T = 4$		137 569	84 377	81 377	81 377	81 377
$ar{R}^2 N$	1326	0.044 2023	0.123 1312	0.129 1306	0.129 1306	0.129 1306

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. Net assets uses only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock. OwnCattle0 is an indicator if a household owned cattle at the baseline. AdiCattle0 is an indicator if a household engaged in the cattle lease-in contract at the baseline.

Table 103: ANCOVA estimation of net assets by period, cattle rearing experiences

TABLE 103. AINCOVA ESTI	MATION OF		IS DI ILKIO			
covariates (Intercept)	mean/std	(1) 13864.5	(2) 13833.3	(3) 6155.1	(4) 5803.3	(5) 5803.3
Large	0.290	(0.0) 11410.1	(0.0) 12260.1	(14.5) 12019.5	(16.8) 11380.8	(16.8) 11380.8
LargeGrace	(0.45) 0.241	(0.0) 5715.6	(0.1) 5167.9	(0.2) 5330.4	(0.1) 5378.8	(0.1) 5378.8
Cattle	(0.43) 0.261	(1.9) 5081.9	(11.5) 3866.6	(9.8) 3913.1	(11.5) 3751.8	(11.5) 3751.8
OwnCattle0	(0.44) 0.233	(0.8) 17064.1	(14.7) 10680.9	(14.3) 11129.1	(14.4) 10292.6	(14.4) 10292.6
AdiCattle0	(0.42) 0.134	(0.0) 6999.5	(3.6) 8716.1	(3.3) 8352.6	(5.1) 10232.8	(5.1) 10232.8
rd 3	(0.34) 0.350	(0.0) 2210.1	(0.4) 1702.2	(0.5) 1976.6	(0.3) 2338.6	(0.3) 2338.6
Large × rd 3	(0.48)	(4.1) -3982.2	(22.5) -2290.7	(16.5) -1860.3	(7.4) -1975.7	(7.4) -1975.7
LargeGrace × rd 3	(0.30) 0.083	(21.3) -795.0	(57.7) 1077.7	(65.7) 1465.7	(61.1) 2858.2	(61.1) 2858.2
Cattle × rd 3	(0.28)	(79.8) -2879.0	(79.5) -1212.2	(72.3) -1160.5	(43.9) -974.8	(43.9) -974.8
OwnCattle0 × rd 3	(0.29)	(31.2)	$(73.0)^{2}$	(73.9)	(77.2) -3147.6	(77.2) -3147.6
OwnCattle0 × Large × rd 3	(0.27) 0.027				(28.3) 3645.4	(28.3) 3645.4
	(0.16)				(69.0)	(69.0)
OwnCattle0 × LargeGrace × rd 3	0.021 (0.14)				-19197.0 (5.6)	-19197.0 (5.6)
OwnCattle0 × Cattle × rd 3	0.016 (0.13)				17.0 (99.8)	17.0 (99.8)
AdiCattle0 × rd 3	0.046 (0.21)				-6709.3 (5.6)	-6709.3 (5.6)
AdiCattle $0 \times \text{Large} \times \text{rd } 3$	0.015 (0.12)				45.7 (99.7)	45.7 (99.7)
AdiCattle0 $\times$ LargeGrace $\times$ rd 3	$0.006 \\ (0.08)$				9538.2 (24.5)	9538.2 (24.5)
AdiCattle $0 \times \text{Cattle} \times \text{rd } 3$	0.015 (0.12)				6007.4 (27.8)	6007.4 (27.8)
rd 4	0.333 (0.47)	3177.3 (1.2)	2594.0 (8.3)	2765.5 (6.6)	3201.7 (2.2)	3201.7 (2.2)
Large × rd 4	0.099 (0.30)	-1828.7 (64.0)	-523.8 (90.4)	-795.0 (85.4)	-1101.2 (77.5)	-1101.2 (77.5)
LargeGrace × rd 4	0.082 (0.27)	662.7 (83.3)	2773.6 (51.8)	3144.8 (46.2)	5032.0 (21.8)	5032.0 (21.8)
Cattle × rd 4	0.087 (0.28)	579.2 (83.3)	1818.0 (59.6)	1957.9 (56.4)	2356.8 (46.2)	2356.8 (46.2)
OwnCattle $0 \times rd 4$	0.076 (0.27)	, ,	,	, ,	-1506.4 (67.4)	-1506.4 (67.4)
OwnCattleO × Large × rd 4	0.027 (0.16)				3209.8 (77.1)	3209.8 (77.1)
OwnCattle0 × LargeGrace × rd 4	0.021 (0.14)				-19995.3 (10.2)	-19995.3 (10.2)
OwnCattle $0 \times \text{Cattle} \times \text{rd } 4$	0.014 (0.12)				-451.6 (96.4)	-451.6 (96.4)
AdiCattle0 × rd 4	0.045 (0.21)				-3682.3 (49.2)	-3682.3 (49.2)
AdiCattle0 × Large × rd 4	0.015 (0.12)				4803.1 (68.3)	4803.1 (68.3)
AdiCattle0 × LargeGrace × rd 4	0.006 (0.08)				19044.6 (28.6)	19044.6 (28.6)
AdiCattle $0 \times \text{Cattle} \times \text{rd } 4$	0.014				2172.2	2172.2
AdiCattle0	(0.12) 0.134 (0.24)	6999.5	8716.1	8352.6	(74.8) 10232.8	(74.8) 10232.8
AdiCattle0 × rd 3	(0.34)	(0.0)	(0.4)	(0.5)	(0.3) -6709.3	(0.3) -6709.3
AdiCattle0 × rd 4	(0.21) 0.045				(5.6) -3682.3	(5.6) -3682.3
Flood in round 1	0.424			-68.4	(49.2) -106.0	(49.2) -106.0
Head literate0	(0.49) 0.146			(97.4) -393.3	(96.1) -145.0	(96.1) -145.0
NetValue0	(0.35) 9146.377		0.3	(88.3)	(95.7) 0.3	(95.7) 0.3
Household size0	(14606.38) 4.455		(13.3)	(20.4) 1743.4	(15.2) 1736.2	(15.2) 1736.2
OwnCattle0 × Large	(1.36) 0.080			(3.7)	(4.0) 12886.0	(4.0) 12886.0
OwnCattle0 × LargeGrace	(0.27) 0.063				(24.7) 2307.6	(24.7) 2307.6
OwnCattle0 × Cattle	(0.24) 0.047				(73.5) 7184.4	(73.5) 7184.4
AdiCattle0 × Large	(0.21)				(23.6) -12744.8	(23.6) -12744.8
AdiCattle0 × LargeGrace	(0.20)				(6.7) -9920.3	(6.7) -9920.3
AdiCattle0 × Cattle	(0.13) 0.042				(41.2) -7163.2	(41.2) -7163.2
mean of dependent variable	(0.20)	25231	144	25231	(27.6) 25231	(27.6) 25231
T=2		42	15	13	13	13
T = 3		132	81	79 362	79 262	79 262

TABLE 104: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF NET ASSETS BY ATTRIBUTES AND PERIOD, CATTLE REARING

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(Intercept)		15774.3 (0.0)	13015.1 (0.0)	5922.6 (16.1)	5922.6 (16.1)	5922.6 (16.1)
Upfront	0.762	14767.8	15036.9	14879.0	14879.0	14879.0
	(0.43)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
WithGrace	0.483	-6521.3	-7841.5	-7436.3	-7436.3	-7436.3
	(0.50)	(6.4)	(5.1)	(7.4)	(7.4)	(7.4)
InKind	0.251	-877.8	-692.7	-800.1	-800.1	-800.1
	(0.43)	(71.5)	(81.0)	(77.6)	(77.6)	(77.6)
rd 3	0.350	1964.7	1555.2	1854.2	1854.2	1854.2
	(0.48)	(6.5)	(25.1)	(17.8)	(17.8)	(17.8)
Unfront × rd 3	0.265	-3699.3	-2297.5	-1798.6	-1798.6	-1798.6
	(0.44)	(22.7)	(55.0)	(64.8)	(64.8)	(64.8)
WithGrace $\times$ rd 3	0.170	3431.8	3746.8	3584.6	3584.6	3584.6
	(0.38)	(28.9)	(37.8)	(40.7)	(40.7)	(40.7)
InKind $\times$ rd 3	0.090	-2190.2	-2963.7	-3182.4	-3182.4	-3182.4
	(0.29)	(45.5)	(43.3)	(39.3)	(39.3)	(39.3)
rd 4	0.333	2859.8	2446.9	2653.9	2653.9	2653.9
	(0.47)	(2.4)	(9.1)	(6.9)	(6.9)	(6.9)
Unfront × rd 4	0.258	-1875.5	-511.3	-663.3	-663.3	-663.3
	(0.44)	(62.9)	(90.0)	(87.2)	(87.2)	(87.2)
WithGrace × rd 4	$0.163 \\ (0.37)$	2599.1 (54.0)	3636.5 (44.5)	4151.8 (38.2)	4151.8 (38.2)	4151.8 (38.2)
InKind × rd 4	0.084	-465.9	-1604.5	-1624.0	-1624.0	-1624.0
	(0.28)	(88.4)	(69.3)	(68.6)	(68.6)	(68.6)
Flood in round 1	0.422 (0.49)			354.2 (86.6)	354.2 (86.6)	354.2 (86.6)
Head literate0	0.143 (0.35)			-108.9 (96.8)	-108.9 (96.8)	-108.9 (96.8)
NetValue0	8901.382 (14389.93)		0.5 (0.0)	0.5 $(0.0)$	0.5 $(0.0)$	0.5 (0.0)
Household size0	4.467 (1.38)			1520.5 (5.2)	1520.5 (5.2)	1520.5 (5.2)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		25231 42	25231 13	25231 13	25231 13	25231 13
T = 3 $T = 4$		137 569	84 377	81 377	81 377	81 377
$ar{R}^2 N$	1326	0.044 2023	0.12 1312	0.126 1306	0.126 1306	0.126 1306

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Net assets uses only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock. OwnCattle0 is an indicator if a household owned cattle at the baseline. AdiCattle0 is an indicator if a household engaged in the cattle lease-in contract at the baseline.

Table 105: ANCOVA estimation of net assets by ARM, poverty status, and period, cattle rearing experiences

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(Intercept)	0.200	15064.0 (0.0)	14771.0 (0.0)	7023.0 (12.3)	6776.9 (13.8)	6776.9 (13.8)
Large	0.290 (0.45)	11645.5 (0.0)	12569.0 (0.2)	12394.0 (0.3)	11566.2 (0.1)	11566.2 (0.1)
LargeGrace	0.241 (0.43)	5946.7 (1.3)	5116.1 (15.1)	5303.1 (13.3)	5147.7 (15.8)	5147.7 (15.8)
Cattle	0.261 (0.44)	5499.8 (0.4)	4089.9 (18.0)	4227.1 (16.5)	3854.4 (18.4)	3854.4 (18.4)
OwnCattle0	0.233 $(0.42)$	17215.4 (0.0)	10917.9 (3.2)	11460.4 (2.8)	10532.5 (4.5)	10532.5 (4.5)
AdiCattle0	0.134 (0.34)	7182.9 (0.0)	8721.0 (0.4)	8371.7 (0.5)	10264.4 (0.4)	10264.4 (0.4)
UltraPoor	0.602 (0.49)	-2636.6 $(8.3)$	-2110.2 (31.6)	-2248.4 (28.1)	-2089.4 (32.1)	-2089.4 (32.1)
Large × UltraPoor	0.182 (0.39)	-4255.4 (36.6)	-6457.3 (31.0)	-6820.5 (30.7)	-7734.9 (27.6)	-7734.9 (27.6)
LargeGrace × UltraPoor	0.172 (0.38)	4298.1 (19.1)	4530.0 (38.5)	4847.8 (32.2)	3166.6 (51.2)	3166.6 (51.2)
Cattle × UltraPoor	0.163 (0.37)	470.9 (89.7)	-1549.0 (76.8)	-1370.6 (79.7)	-2381.7 (66.2)	-2381.7 (66.2)
rd 3	0.350 (0.48)	2289.8 (4.3)	1763.4 (25.8)	2026.5 (19.9)	2498.5 (7.9)	2498.5 (7.9)
Large × rd 3	0.099 (0.30)	-3639.6 (27.3)	-1886.0 (68.3)	-1507.4 (74.8)	-1674.4 (68.8)	-1674.4 (68.8)
LargeGrace × rd 3	0.083 (0.28)	-178.7 (95.8)	2096.1 (67.9)	2391.4 (63.6)	4252.3 (34.0)	4252.3 (34.0)
Cattle $\times$ rd 3	0.093 (0.29)	-2775.8 (35.7)	-653.9 (87.4)	-644.2 (87.5)	-501.8 (89.3)	-501.8 (89.3)
UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	0.209 (0.41)	-663.7 (75.0)	-381.4 (89.8)	14.2 (99.6)	-1029.3 (72.9)	-1029.3 (72.9)
Large × UltraPoor × rd 3	0.062 (0.24)	2130.4 (72.2)	6604.6 (40.9)	7216.4 (36.4)	7059.1 (32.5)	7059.1 (32.5)
LargeGrace × UltraPoor × rd 3	0.060 (0.24)	-4958.6 (42.6)	-4549.8 (62.9)	-4101.1 (66.5)	-8355.5 (38.9)	-8355.5 (38.9)
Cattle $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	0.058 (0.23)	3719.9 (39.7)	3696.2 (55.9)	3652.1 (56.6)	3119.3 (56.4)	3119.3 (56.4)
OwnCattle0 × rd 3	0.080 (0.27)	(===,	()	(=)	-3514.6 (23.1)	-3514.6 (23.1)
OwnCattle0 $\times$ Large $\times$ rd 3	0.027 (0.16)				3405.7 (68.6)	3405.7 (68.6)
OwnCattle0 $\times$ LargeGrace $\times$ rd 3	0.021 (0.14)				-21929.3 (3.1)	-21929.3 (3.1)
OwnCattle0 $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 3	0.016 (0.13)				-689.1 (93.1)	-689.1 (93.1)
AdiCattle0 × rd 3	0.046 (0.21)				-6814.4 (6.5)	-6814.4 (6.5)
AdiCattle0 $\times$ Large $\times$ rd 3	0.015 (0.12)				-367.0 (97.5)	-367.0 (97.5)
AdiCattle0 × LargeGrace × rd 3	0.006 (0.08)				8409.5 (33.4)	8409.5 (33.4)
AdiCattle $0 \times \text{Cattle} \times \text{rd } 3$	0.015 (0.12)				5877.2 (28.3)	5877.2 (28.3)
rd 4	0.333 (0.47)	3260.6 (1.0)	2782.1 (8.6)	2939.5 (7.1)	3464.9 (1.9)	3464.9 (1.9)
Large × rd 4	0.099 (0.30)	-1539.0 (68.7)	-1040.9 (82.7)	-1329.5 (77.9)	-1672.1 (67.8)	-1672.1 (67.8)
LargeGrace × rd 4	0.082 (0.27)	1003.8 (76.6)	2466.7 (62.7)	2766.2 (58.6)	5051.6 (27.8)	5051.6 (27.8)
Cattle $\times$ rd 4	0.087 (0.28)	618.2 (82.9)	1473.7 (72.0)	1574.3 (69.9)	1963.5 (58.2)	1963.5 (58.2)
UltraPoor × rd 4	0.205 (0.40)	1117.8 (63.1)	3064.0 (28.6)	3121.7 (27.9)	1973.0 (49.9)	1973.0 (49.9)
Large $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.062 (0.24)	8250.2 (24.0)	5942.9 (46.0)	5857.7 (46.8)	5803.8 (44.1)	5803.8 (44.1)
LargeGrace × UltraPoor × rd 4	0.059 (0.24)	-1833.8 (76.4)	-4283.4 (60.7)	-3541.6 (67.3)	-7459.2 (38.3)	-7459.2 (38.3)
Cattle $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.056 (0.23)	4333.6 (37.3)	1087.8 (86.0)	987.7 (87.5)	-197.1 (97.3)	-197.1 (97.3)
OwnCattle0 × rd 4	0.076 (0.27)	(37.3)	(00.0)	(07.3)	-1918.6 (60.0)	-1918.6 (60.0)
OwnCattle $0 \times \text{Large} \times \text{rd } 4$	0.027 (0.16)				4267.2 (69.6)	4267.2 (69.6)
OwnCattle0 × LargeGrace × rd 4	0.021 (0.14)				-20408.5 (10.7)	-20408.5 (10.7)
OwnCattle0 $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 4	0.014 (0.12)				243.6 (98.1)	243.6 (98.1)
AdiCattle0 × rd 4	0.045 (0.21)				-3890.5 (48.6)	-3890.5 (48.6)
AdiCattle0 × Large × rd 4	0.015 (0.12)				4809.3 (70.6)	4809.3 (70.6)
AdiCattle0 × LargeGrace × rd 4	0.006 (0.08)				18456.6 (31.1)	18456.6 (31.1)
AdiCattle $0 \times \text{Cattle} \times \text{rd } 4$	0.014 (0.12)				2469.0 (72.6)	2469.0 (72.6)
AdiCattle0	0.12) 0.134 (0.34)	7182.9 (0.0)	$146^{8721.0}_{(0.4)}$	8371.7 (0.5)	10264.4 (0.4)	10264.4 (0.4)
AdiCattle0 × rd 3	0.046	(0.0)	(0.4)	(0.5)	-6814.4	-6814.4
A 1'C 11 0 1 1 4	(0.21)				(6.5)	(6.5)

Table 106: ANCOVA estimation of net assets by attributes, poverty status, and period, cattle rearing experiences

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(Intercept)		15064.0 (0.0)	14771.0 (0.0)	7023.0 (12.3)	6776.9 (13.8)	6776.9 (13.8)
Unfront	0.792 (0.41)	11645.5	12569.0 (0.2)	12394.0 (0.3)	11566.2 (0.1)	11566.2 (0.1)
WithGrace	0.502 (0.50)	-5698.8 (4.3)	-7453.0 (6.1)	-7090.9 (8.6)	-6418.5 (8.3)	-6418.5 (8.3)
InKind	0.261 (0.44)	-446.9 (84.3)	-1026.2 (72.5)	-1076.0 (70.6)	-1293.3 (67.4)	-1293.3 (67.4)
OwnCattle0	0.233 (0.42)	17215.4 (0.0)	10917.9 (3.2)	11460.4 (2.8)	10532.5 (4.5)	10532.5 (4.5)
AdiCattle0	0.134 (0.34)	7182.9 (0.0)	8721.0 (0.4)	8371.7 (0.5)	10264 4 (0.4)	10264.4 (0.4)
UltraPoor	0.602 (0.49)	-2636.6 (8.3)	-2110.2 (31.6)	-2248.4 (28.1)	-2089.4 (32.1)	-2089.4 (32.1)
Unfront × UltraPoor	0.517 (0.50)	-4255.4 (36.6)	-6457.3 (31.0)	-6820.5 (30.7)	-7734.9 (27.6)	-7734.9 (27.6)
WithGrace × UltraPoor	0.335 (0.47)	8553.5 (7.5)	10987.3 (9.8)	11668.4 (8.7)	10901.5 (10.5)	10901.5 (10.5)
InKind × IlltraPoor	0.163 (0.37)	-3827.3 (28.0)	-6079.0 (23.3)	-6218.4 (21.8)	-5548.3 (27.2)	-5548.3 (27.2)
rd 3	0.350 (0.48)	2289.8 (4.3)	1763.4 (25.8)	2026.5 (19.9)	2498.5 (7.9)	2498.5 (7.9)
∐ltraPoor × rd 3	0.209 (0.41)	-663.7 (75.0)	-381.4 (89.8)	14.2 (99.6)	-1029.3 (72.9)	-1029.3 (72.9)
Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.275 (0.45)	-3639.6 (27.3)	-1886.0 (68.3)	-1507.4 (74.8)	-1674.4 (68.8)	-1674.4 (68.8)
WithGrace × rd 3	0.176 (0.38)	3460.8 (30.1)	3982.1 (38.4)	3898.7 (40.3)	5926.7 (16.0)	5926.7 (16.0)
InKind $\times$ rd 3	0.093 (0.29)	-2597.1 (39.6)	-2750.0 (50.1)	-3035.6 (45.5)	-4754.2 (20.8)	-4754.2 (20.8)
Unfront $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	0.179 (0.38)	2130.4 (72.2)	6604.6 (40.9)	7216.4 (36.4)	7059.1 (32.5)	7059.1 (32.5)
WithGrace $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	0.117 (0.32)	-7089.0 (31.6)	-11154.4 (26.6)	-11317.5 (25.7)	-15414.7 (14.9)	-15414.7 (14.9)
$InKind \times UltraPoor \times rd \ 3$	0.058 (0.23)	8678.5 (13.2)	8246.1 (34.4)	7753.1 (37.4)	11474.8 (22.9)	11474.8 (22.9)
OwnCattle0 × rd 3	0.080 (0.27)	(13.2)	(31.1)	(37.1)	-3514.6 (23.1)	-3514.6 (23.1)
OwnCattle $0 \times \text{Unfront} \times \text{rd } 3$	0.064 (0.25)				3405.7 (68.6)	3405.7 (68.6)
OwnCattle0 × WithGrace × rd 3	0.038 (0.19)				-25335.0 (0.4)	-25335.0 (0.4)
OwnCattle0 $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 3	0.016 (0.13)				21240.2 (1.1)	21240.2 (1.1)
AdiCattle0 × rd 3	0.046 (0.21)				-6814.4 (6.5)	-6814.4 (6.5)
AdiCattle0 × Unfront × rd 3	0.036 (0.19)				-367.0 (97.5)	-367.0 (97.5)
AdiCattle0 $\times$ WithGrace $\times$ rd 3	0.021 (0.14)				8776.5 (51.7)	8776.5 (51.7)
AdiCattle $0 \times InKind \times rd 3$	0.015 (0.12)				-2532.3 (76.9)	-2532.3 (76.9)
rd 4	0.333 (0.47)	3260.6 (1.0)	2782.1 (8.6)	2939.5 (7.1)	3464.9 (1.9)	3464.9 (1.9)
UltraPoor × rd 4	0.205 (0.40)	1117.8 (63.1)	3064.0 (28.6)	3121.7 (27.9)	1973.0 (49.9)	1973.0 (49.9)
Upfront $\times$ rd 4	$0.268 \\ (0.44)$	$-1539.0 \\ (68.7)$	-1040.9 $(82.7)$	-1329.5 (77.9)	$^{-1672.1}_{(67.8)}$	$^{-1672.1}_{(67.8)}$
WithGrace × rd 4	0.169 (0.38)	2542.8 (53.7)	3507.5 (47.4)	4095.8 (40.4)	6723.7 (14.9)	6723.7 (14.9)
InKind × rd 4	$0.087 \\ (0.28)$	-385.5 (90.6)	-993.0 (81.7)	-1191.9 (78.0)	-3088.1 (47.3)	-3088.1 (47.3)
Unfront × UltraPoor × rd 4	0.177 (0.38)	8250.2 (24.0)	5942.9 (46.0)	5857.7 (46.8)	5803.8 (44.1)	5803.8 (44.1)
WithGrace × UltraPoor × rd 4	0.115 (0.32)	-10083.9 (19.8)	-10226.3 $(29.0)$	-9399.3 (33.1)	-13263.0 $(19.4)$	-13263.0 $(19.4)$
$InKind \times UltraPoor \times rd 4$	0.056 (0.23)	6167.3 (30.1)	5371.2 (50.9)	4529.3 (58.1)	7262.1 (41.7)	7262.1 (41.7)
OwnCattle0 × rd 4	$0.076 \\ (0.27)$				-1918.6 (60.0)	-1918.6 (60.0)
OwnCattle0 × Unfront × rd 4	0.062 (0.24)				4267.2 (69.6)	4267.2 (69.6)
OwnCattle0 × WithGrace × rd 4	$0.035 \\ (0.18)$				-24675.7 (2.1)	-24675.7 (2.1)
OwnCattle0 $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 4	0.014 (0.12)				20652.2 (3.6)	20652.2 (3.6)
AdiCattle0 × rd 4	0.045 (0.21)				-3890.5 (48.6)	-3890.5 (48.6)
AdiCattle $0 \times Unfront \times rd 4$	0.035 (0.18)				4809.3 (70.6)	4809.3 (70.6)
AdiCattle0 × WithGrace × rd 4	0.020 (0.14)				13647.3 (52.3)	13647.3 (52.3)
AdiCattle0 × InKind × rd 4	0.014 (0.12)				-15987.7 (38.9)	-15987.7 (38.9)
AdiCattle0	0.134 (0.34)	7182.9 (0.0)	8721.0 (0.4)	8371.7 (0.5)	10264.4 (0.4)	10264.4 (0.4)
AdiCattle0 × rd 3	0.046 (0.21)		147		-6814.4 (6.5)	-6814.4 (6.5)
AdiCattle0 × rd 4	0.045 (0.21)				-3890.5 (48.6)	-3890.5 (48.6)

Table 107: ANCOVA estimation of net assets, cattle rearing experiences

		mean/std		(1)		
	Adi	Own	None	Adi	Own	None
(Intercept)			,,,,,,,,	27111.8 (0.0)	27949.6 (0.0)	16216.8 (0.0)
Large	0.327 (0.47)	0.343 (0.48)	0.262 (0.44)	1938.1 (70.5)	21970.8 (0.8)	9413.4 (0.0)
LargeGrace	0.135 (0.34)	0.269 (0.44)	0.253 (0.44)	2293.8 (72.6)	8521.0 (9.1)	6001.6 (2.6)
Cattle	0.316 (0.47)	0.202 (0.40)	0.271 (0.44)	1543.5 (74.1)	7360.3 (8.3)	5043.7 (3.3)
Flood in round 1	0.526 (0.50)	0.444 (0.50)	0.396 (0.49)			
Head literate()	0.135 (0.34)	0.165 (0.37)	0.142 (0.35)			
NetValue0	1344.942 (6621.59)	31070.976 (15261.17)	2746.425 (3434.12)			
Household size0	4.573 (1.24)	4.586 (1.41)	4.382 (1.37)			
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$				28555 9	39185 6	21496 27
T = 3 $T = 4$				18 83	17 113	97 354
$ar{R}^2 N$	171	297	809	-0.009 294	0.067 379	0.024 1283

TABLE 107: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF NET ASSETS, CATTLE REARING EXPERIENCES (CONTINUED)

		(2)			(3)	
(T	Adi	Own	None	Adi	Own	None
(Intercept)	30183.2	23057.0	14968.2	3226.9	23580.6	6986.4
	(0.0)	(0.3)	(0.0)	(76.5)	(8.6)	(3.5)
Large	-1135.2	22793.5	10456.1	-3301.9	23487.4	9870.7
	(85.7)	(3.3)	(0.0)	(59.6)	(3.4)	(0.1)
LargeGrace	3029.4	3857.9	7814.4	2388.3	5185.1	7385.4
	(82.9)	(46.9)	(1.5)	(82.5)	(37.7)	(2.0)
Cattle	-2378.2	8404.3	3743.9	-2474.3	8933.3	3231.7
	(71.6)	(9.8)	(19.4)	(72.2)	(9.2)	(25.2)
Flood in round 1				-10782.3 (1.7)	1328.5 (81.5)	1193.6 (58.9)
Head literate()				6365.0 (38.0)	-3549.5 (52.8)	476.4 (86.9)
NetValue0	0.7 (0.7)	0.2 (25.1)	0.3 (31.3)	0.6 $(0.0)$	(28.6)	0.3 (36.7)
Household size0				7067.6 (0.3)	-411.5 (86.9)	1827.6 (1.1)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$	28555	39185	21496	28555	39185	21496
	2	1	10	2	1	10
T = 3 $T = 4$	10	11	60	10	9	60
	48	92	222	48	92	222
$ar{R}^2$	0.005	0.084	0.032	0.122	0.079	0.042
	166	299	796	166	295	796

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Net assets uses only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock. OwnCattle0 is an indicator if a household owned cattle at the baseline. AdiCattle0 is an indicator if a household engaged in the cattle lease-in contract at the baseline.

Table 108: ANCOVA estimation of net assets by attributes, cattle rearing experiences

		mean/std		(1)		
	Adi	Own	None	Adi	Own	None
(Intercept)				27111.8 (0.0)	27949.6 (0.0)	16216.8 (0.0)
Unfront	0.778 (0.42)	0.815 (0.39)	0.786 (0.41)	1938.1 (70.5)	21970.8 (0.8)	9413.4 (0.0)
WithGrace	0.450 (0.50)	0.471 (0.50)	0.524 (0.50)	355.6 (95.7)	-13449.7 $(11.0)$	-3411.8 (16.8)
InKind	0.316 (0.47)	0.202 (0.40)	0.271 (0.44)	-750.3 (90.5)	-1160.8 (79.8)	-957.9 (70.6)
Flood in round 1	0.526 (0.50)	0.444 (0.50)	0.396 (0.49)			
Head literate()	0.135 (0.34)	0.165 (0.37)	0.142 (0.35)			
NetValue0	1344.942 (6621.59)	31070.976 (15261.17)	2746.425 (3434.12)			
Household size0	4.573 (1.24)	4.586 (1.41)	4.382 (1.37)			
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$				28555 9	39185 6	21496 27
T = 3 T = 4				18 83	17 113	97 354
$ar{R}^2 N$	171	297	809	-0.009 $294$	0.067 379	0.024 1283

Table 108: ANCOVA estimation of net assets by attributes, cattle rearing experiences (continued)

		(2)			(3)	
(Intercept)	Adi 30183.2 (0.0)	Own 23057.0 (0.3)	None 14968.2 (0.0)	Adi 3226.9 (76.5)	Own 23580.6 (8.6)	None 6986.4 (3.5)
Unfront	-1135.2 (85.7)	22793.5 (3.3)	10456.1 (0.0)	-3301.9 (59.6)	23487.4 (3.4)	9870.7 (0.1)
WithGrace	4164.6 (76.3)	-18935.6 (7.3)	-2641.8 $(37.4)$	5690.2 (57.2)	-18302.3 $(11.5)$	-2485.3 $(40.4)$
InKind	-5407.6 (69.7)	4546.4 (35.0)	-4070.4 (18.5)	-4862.6 (64.4)	3748.1 (45.5)	-4153.7 (16.2)
Flood in round 1				-10782.3 $(1.7)$	1328.5 (81.5)	1193.6 (58.9)
Head literate()				6365.0 (38.0)	-3549.5 (52.8)	476.4 (86.9)
NetValue0	0.7 (0.7)	(25.1)	0.3 (31.3)	$0.6 \\ (0.0)$	(28.6)	0.3 (36.7)
Household size0				7067.6 (0.3)	-411.5 (86.9)	1827.6 (1.1)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$	28555 2	39185 1	21496 10	$\frac{28555}{2}$	39185 1	21496 10
T = 3 $T = 4$	10 48	11 92	60 222	10 48	9 92	60 222
$ar{R}^2 N$	0.005 166	0.084 299	0.032 796	0.122 166	0.079 295	0.042 796

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. Net assets uses only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock.

Table 109: ANCOVA estimation of net assets by period, cattle rearing experiences

		mean/std		(1)		
	Adi	Own	None	Adi	Own	None
(Intercept)				26892.0 (0.0)	27409.7 (0.0)	13260.5 (0.0)
Large	0.327 (0.47)	0.343 (0.48)	0.262 (0.44)	2749.7 (59.1)	21672.9 (1.0)	10201.1 (0.0)
LargeGrace	0.135 (0.34)	0.269 (0.44)	0.253 (0.44)	1949.7 (75.5)	10698.8 (4.5)	5386.3 (3.6)
Cattle	0.316 (0.47)	0.202 (0.40)	0.271 (0.44)	1985.9 (66.0)	7598.3 (12.1)	5126.8 (2.7)
rd 3	0.345 (0.48)	0.343 (0.48)	0.354 (0.48)	-977.4 (71.3)	-213.2 (93.6)	3679.8 (0.0)
Large × rd 3	0.111 (0.32)	0.114 (0.32)	0.090 (0.29)	-8254.5 (36.9)	-795.1 (92.5)	-3863.7 (17.0)
LargeGrace × rd 3	0.047 (0.21)	0.091 $(0.29)$	$0.088 \\ (0.28)$	-1387.6 $(82.5)$	-12060.0 $(18.9)$	2699.0 (29.1)
Cattle $\times$ rd 3	0.111 (0.32)	0.071 (0.26)	0.098 (0.30)	-3657.0 (50.7)	-3022.4 (69.3)	-2475.6 (39.5)
rd 4	0.333 (0.47)	0.327 (0.47)	0.335 (0.47)	921.9 (79.6)	395.2 (90.1)	4520.5 (0.0)
Large × rd 4	0.111 (0.32)	0.114 (0.32)	0.090 (0.29)	-601.7 (95.4)	4756.1 (62.9)	-3983.4 (21.3)
LargeGrace × rd 4	0.047 (0.21)	0.091 (0.29)	0.087 (0.28)	5087.7 (62.0)	-9613.7 (32.9)	2886.7 (31.8)
Cattle $\times$ rd 4	0.105 (0.31)	0.061 (0.24)	0.093 (0.29)	-767.4 (90.9)	1293.0 (87.5)	791.6 (78.1)
Flood in round 1	0.526 (0.50)	0.444 (0.50)	0.396 (0.49)			
Head literate0	0.135 (0.34)	0.165 (0.37)	0.142 (0.35)			
NetValue0	1344.942 (6621.59)	31070.976 (15261.17)	2746.425 (3434.12)			
Household size0	4.573 (1.24)	4.586 (1.41)	4.382 (1.37)			
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$				28555 9	39185 6	21496 27
T = 3 $T = 4$				18 83	17 113	97 354
$ar{R}^2 N$	171	297	809	-0.031 294	0.054 379	0.031 1283

TABLE 109: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF NET ASSETS BY PERIOD, CATTLE REARING EXPERIENCES (CONTINUED)

		(2)			(3)	
(Intercept)	Adi 31829.0 (0.0)	Own 21652.1 (1.4)	None 12537.5 (0.0)	Adi 3882.8 (74.2)	Own 21758.4 (12.5)	None 4176.1 (26.4)
Large	-1183.5 (85.9)	22742.5 (3.7)	10945.5 (0.0)	-3319.5 (60.3)	23397.4 (3.7)	10379.3 (0.1)
LargeGrace	-1798.0 (89.5)	6710.7 (28.2)	6652.8 (2.9)	-2794.4 (78.9)	7870.4 (23.0)	6186.8 (4.3)
Cattle	-3240.6 $(61.8)$	8695.5 (13.6)	3695.7 (19.4)	-3402.0 (63.7)	9309.2 (11.6)	3145.2 (26.0)
rd 3	-2205.1 (53.4)	58.2 (98.4)	3679.9 (0.8)	-1217.6 (72.3)	729.8 (79.5)	3846.2 (0.7)
Large × rd 3	-2352.8 (83.8)	-733.2 (93.6)	-2643.4 (46.5)	-2595.9 (82.1)	899.9 (92.3)	-2637.7 (46.9)
LargeGrace $\times$ rd 3	18024.1 (2.6)	-14784.7 $(14.8)$	5097.1 (19.8)	19783.2 (0.2)	-14244.5 $(16.7)$	5230.4 (19.1)
Cattle $\times$ rd 3	4495.1 (40.5)	-1784.8 (83.3)	-1924.8 (59.7)	3908.1 (44.4)	-1935.2 (82.1)	-1778.2 (62.3)
rd 4	881.3 (87.3)	2214.8 (51.7)	3812.7 (0.9)	2324.8 (68.1)	2220.8 (51.5)	3994.3 (0.7)
Large × rd 4	2635.2 (82.9)	1553.1 (88.6)	-2233.2 (49.0)	2269.7 (85.4)	1053.4 (92.4)	-2250.4 (48.8)
LargeGrace × rd 4	28494.3 (12.5)	-14395.7 $(22.8)$	6145.4 (15.8)	30131.0 (10.3)	-13720.6 $(25.2)$	6359.5 (14.5)
Cattle $\times$ rd 4	4039.4 (51.4)	1204.4 (90.1)	2075.6 (54.9)	5068.8 (41.3)	845.8 (93.2)	2256.1 (51.2)
Flood in round 1				-10818.3 $(2.3)$	1288.0 (82.4)	1142.1 (60.8)
Head literate()				6543.4 (37.6)	-3614.3 (53.2)	746.4 (79.6)
NetValue0	0.7 (0.8)	(26.2)	0.3 (32.7)	0.7 (0.1)	0.2 (29.1)	0.3 (38.7)
Household size0				7114.2 (0.5)	-380.9 (88.0)	1887.2 (0.9)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$	28555 2	39185 1	21496 10	28555 2	39185 1	21496 10
T = 3 $T = 4$	10 48	11 92	60 222	10 48	9 92	60 222
$ar{R}^2$	-0.018 $166$	0.07 299	0.034 796	0.105 166	0.062 295	0.045 796

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodlnRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Net assets uses only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock.

2. P values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level.

Table 109 and Table 109 (continued) show estimation after dividing into three subsamples: Individuals who had a cattle lease contract (Adi, n = 92) at the baseline, individuals who owned cattle at the baseline (Own, n = 137), and individuals who had neither (None, n = 505). The total of 734 is fewer than baseline sample size of 774 as we lost 40 observations by round 2. The number of individuals with Adi is small that makes the estimates inprecise. Specifications (2) - (4) show that the individuals of Own responded well to the non-Traditional lending by round 2, particularly so under Large and Large grace arms. Individuals of None have the smallest net asset holding under Traditional as indicated by the intercept terms. They have excess positive returns under all non-Traditional arms relative to the Traditional arm. Among the individuals of None, or who had no prior cattle rearing experience at the baseline, the Cattle arm gives the higher mean returns than the Large grace arm. As argued in the main text, it strongly suggests that the effective difference of the two arms, the managerial support program, resulted in a higher return for the None group.

The household size is positively correlated with the net asset values in Adi and None groups while not in Own group. This implies that there may be selection into cattle ownership at the baseline that requires a certain household size, either labour and/or a barn, and Own group may already have a way to acquire them as they become necessary. Returns to baseline net asset holding is meaningful only among the Own group, and estimates on other groups are less precise. Adi group has a large

point estimate, although the p value is greater than .1, which is consistent with a conjecture that the skills acquired through Adi have high returns but they are cash constrained.

TABLE 110: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF NARROW NET ASSETS BY ATTRIBUTES AND PERIOD, CATTLE REARING EXPERIENCES

	mean/std			(1)		
	Adi	Own	None	Adi	Own	None
(Intercept)	7101	O.III	140110	26892.0 (0.0)	27409.7 (0.0)	13260.5
Unfront	0.778 (0.42)	0.815 (0.39)	0.786 (0.41)	2749.7 (59.1)	21672.9 (1.0)	10201.1 (0.0)
WithGrace	0.450 (0.50)	0.471 (0.50)	0.524 (0.50)	-800.0 (90.4)	-10974.1 (16.5)	-4814.8 (4.0)
InKind	0.316 (0.47)	0.202 (0.40)	0.271 (0.44)	36.2 (99.5)	-3100.5 (44.1)	-259.5 (90.8)
rd 3	0.345 (0.48)	0.343 (0.48)	0.354 (0.48)	-977.4 (71.3)	-213.2 (93.6)	3679.8 (0.0)
Unfront $\times$ rd 3	0.269 (0.44)	0.276 (0.45)	0.276 (0.45)	-8254.5 (36.9)	-795.1 (92.5)	-3863.7 (17.0)
WithGrace $\times$ rd 3	0.158 (0.37)	0.162 (0.37)	0.185 (0.39)	6866.9 (43.6)	-11264.9 $(12.3)$	6562.7 (2.9)
InKind $\times$ rd 3	0.111 (0.32)	0.071 (0.26)	0.098 (0.30)	-2269.4 (64.1)	9037.6 (15.7)	-5174.5 (9.5)
rd 4	0.333 (0.47)	0.327 (0.47)	0.335 (0.47)	921.9 (79.6)	395.2 (90.1)	4520.5 (0.0)
Upfront $\times$ rd 4	0.263 (0.44)	0.266 (0.44)	0.269 (0.44)	-601.7 (95.4)	4756.1 (62.9)	-3983.4 (21.3)
WithGrace × rd 4	0.152 (0.36)	0.152 (0.36)	0.179 (0.38)	5689.4 (65.0)	-14369.8 (13.5)	6870.1 (5.7)
InKind × rd 4	0.105 (0.31)	$0.061 \\ (0.24)$	0.093 (0.29)	-5855.1 (54.8)	10906.7 (17.0)	-2095.1 (52.5)
Flood in round 1	0.526 (0.50)	0.444 (0.50)	0.396 (0.49)			
Head literate()	0.135 (0.34)	0.165 (0.37)	0.142 (0.35)			
NetValue0	1344.942 (6621.59)	31070.976 (15261.17)	2746.425 (3434.12)			
Household size0	4.573 (1.24)	4.586 (1.41)	4.382 (1.37)			
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$				28555 9	39185 6	21496 27
T = 3 $T = 4$				18 83	17 113	97 354
$ar{R}^2 N$	171	297	809	-0.031 294	0.054 379	0.031 1283

Table 110: ANCOVA estimation of net assets by attributes and period, cattle rearing experiences (continued)

		(2)			(3)	
(Intercept)	Adi	Own	None	Adi	Own	None
	31829.0	21652.1	12537.5	3882.8	21758.4	4176.1
	(0.0)	(1.4)	(0.0)	(74.2)	(12.5)	(26.4)
Upfront	-1183.5	22742.5	10945.5	-3319.5	23397.4	10379.3
	(85.9)	(3.7)	(0.0)	(60.3)	(3.7)	(0.1)
WithGrace	-614.5 (96.5)	-16031.8 $(12.5)$	-4292.7 (13.2)	525.1 (95.8)	-15527.0 $(17.3)$	-4192.5 (14.9)
InKind	-1442.6 (91.6)	1984.8 (69.2)	-2957.1 (28.3)	-607.6 (95.4)	1438.8 (78.3)	-3041.6 (26.0)
rd 3	-2205.1	58.2	3679.9	-1217.6	729.8	3846.2
	(53.4)	(98.4)	(0.8)	(72.3)	(79.5)	(0.7)
Unfront × rd 3	-2352.8	-733.2	-2643.4	-2595.9	899.9	-2637.7
	(83.8)	(93.6)	(46.5)	(82.1)	(92.3)	(46.9)
WithGrace $\times$ rd 3	20376.9 (11.2)	-14051.5 $(6.2)$	7740.5 (7.2)	22379.1 (6.4)	-15144.3 $(4.5)$	7868.1 (7.2)
InKind × rd 3	-13529.0	12999.9	-7021.9	-15875.1	12309.3	-7008.6
	(8.3)	(5.2)	(10.1)	(1.4)	(6.1)	(10.8)
rd 4	881.3	2214.8	3812.7	2324.8	2220.8	3994.3
	(87.3)	(51.7)	(0.9)	(68.1)	(51.5)	(0.7)
Unfront × rd 4	2635.2	1553.1	-2233.2	2269.7	1053.4	-2250.4
	(82.9)	(88.6)	(49.0)	(85.4)	(92.4)	(48.8)
WithGrace × rd 4	25859.0 (22.6)	-15948.7 $(9.4)$	8378.7 (7.9)	27861.3 (19.3)	-14774.0 $(12.9)$	8609.9 (7.3)
InKind × rd 4	-24454.8	15600.1	-4069.8	-25062.3	14566.4	-4103.5
	(18.8)	(6.2)	(40.6)	(17.8)	(6.7)	(40.9)
Flood in round 1				-10818.3 (2.3)	1288.0 (82.4)	1142.1 (60.8)
Head literate()				6543.4 (37.6)	-3614.3 (53.2)	746.4 (79.6)
NetValue0	0.7 (0.8)	(26.2)	0.3 (32.7)	0.7 (0.1)	$ \begin{array}{c} 0.2 \\ (29.1) \end{array} $	0.3 (38.7)
Household size0				7114.2 (0.5)	-380.9 (88.0)	1887.2 (0.9)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$	28555	39185	21496	28555	39185	21496
	2	1	10	2	1	10
T = 3 $T = 4$	10	11	60	10	9	60
	48	92	222	48	92	222
$ar{R}^2 N$	-0.018	0.07	0.034	0.105	0.062	0.045
	166	299	796	166	295	796

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Net assets uses only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock.

<sup>2.</sup> P values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level.

Table 111: ANCOVA estimation of net assets by arm, poverty status, and period, cattle rearing experiences

		mean/std		(1)		
	Adi	Own	None	Adi	Own	None
(Intercept)				28159.5 (0.0)	31859.7 (0.0)	15972.9 (0.0)
Large	0.327 (0.47)	0.343 (0.48)	0.262 (0.44)	2259.6 (64.2)	16723.9 (3.1)	7281.2 (0.0)
LargeGrace	0.135 (0.34)	0.269 (0.44)	0.253 (0.44)	799.2 (89.3)	6458.0 (8.2)	2738.0 (20.9)
Large × UltraPoor	0.205 (0.40)	0.212 (0.41)	0.166 (0.37)	-9355.0 (31.9)	-791.5 (93.2)	-5309.2 (35.7)
LargeGrace × UltraPoor	0.094 $(0.29)$	0.152 (0.36)	0.197 (0.40)	3786.8 (70.4)	26032.0 (0.0)	-4192.6 (30.9)
rd 3	0.345 (0.48)	0.343 (0.48)	0.354 (0.48)	-1164.0 (66.2)	-216.9 (93.2)	3923.6 (0.1)
Large $\times$ rd 3	$0.111 \\ (0.32)$	$0.114 \\ (0.32)$	0.090 (0.29)	-6610.5 (44.3)	1563.9 (76.9)	-2804.2 (29.3)
LargeGrace × rd 3	0.047 (0.21)	0.091 (0.29)	0.088 (0.28)	303.1 (94.9)	-10870.8 (11.6)	4308.9 (12.8)
Large $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	$0.070 \\ (0.26)$	$0.071 \\ (0.26)$	0.057 $(0.23)$	1963.4 (91.5)	14229.2 (20.1)	-3236.3 (61.9)
LargeGrace × UltraPoor × rd 3	0.035 (0.18)	0.051 (0.22)	0.068 (0.25)	-8639.8 (51.8)	-2241.3 (87.6)	-8434.5 (27.3)
rd 4	0.333 $(0.47)$	0.327 $(0.47)$	0.335 $(0.47)$	1074.9 (76.0)	877.9 (77.4)	4775.3 (0.0)
Large × rd 4	0.111 (0.32)	0.114 (0.32)	0.090 (0.29)	382.7 (96.8)	4328.2 (52.7)	-4508.5 (12.2)
LargeGrace × rd 4	0.047 $(0.21)$	0.091 (0.29)	0.087 $(0.28)$	5069.6 (58.9)	-11472.6 $(14.4)$	2755.4 (36.3)
Large × UltraPoor × rd 4	0.070 (0.26)	0.071 (0.26)	0.057 (0.23)	-5066.7 (77.0)	29199.8 (6.2)	894.0 (89.3)
LargeGrace × UltraPoor × rd 4	$0.035 \\ (0.18)$	0.051 $(0.22)$	$0.067 \\ (0.25)$	-409.3 (98.1)	-6531.0 (71.4)	-5254.2 (48.6)
Flood in round 1	0.526 (0.50)	0.444 (0.50)	0.396 (0.49)			
Head literate0	0.135 (0.34)	$0.165 \\ (0.37)$	$0.142 \\ (0.35)$			
NetValue0	1344.942 (6621.59)	31070.976 (15261.17)	2746.425 (3434.12)			
Household size0	4.573 (1.24)	4.586 (1.41)	4.382 (1.37)			
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$				28555 9	39185 6	21496 27
T = 3 T = 4				18 83	17 113	97 354
$ar{R}^2 N$	171	297	809	-0.031 294	0.08 379	0.027 1283

Table 111: ANCOVA estimation of net assets by ARM, poverty status, and period, cattle rearing experiences (continued)

				(3)			
(Intercept) 30	Adi 0010.9 0.0)	Own 28150.5 (0.0)	None 14605.2 (0.0)	Adi 3463.0 (76.9)	Own 31530.2 (0.9)	None 5689.6 (11.1)	
	661.5 (1.4)	17814.5 (8.0)	8693.5 (0.0)	-1214.3 (81.9)	18322.4 (8.2)	8426.7 (0.1)	
	583.4 (6.6)	3000.5 (55.5)	4471.3 (9.5)	-1711.0 (86.7)	3383.6 (50.1)	4216.0 (12.0)	
	2.6)	(52.0)	-4899.0 (53.9)	-8409.9 (40.6)	(57.6)	-5446.3 (52.1)	
(7	(8.3)	(4.3)	-2908.3 (60.8)	4984.7 (73.8)	(3.6)	-2542.4 (64.4)	
(5	7.1)	-132.6 (96.1)	4171.3 (1.8)	-746.6 (83.0)	616.9 (81.5)	4343.2 (1.5)	
(6		(86.0)	(53.9)	-5296.3 (64.2)	(67.4)	-2099.1 (52.9)	
(2	3.3)	14207.2 (6.5)	7292.4 (10.0)	(0.5)	-13356.4 (7.7)	7391.9 (10.2)	
Sange Westman out Wild 9	8.5)	16517.2 (25.7)	(83.0)	-1999.2 (93.2)	19657.6 (19.1)	1715.8 (81.1)	
(8	4.3)	-3771.3 – (82.1)	(32.0)	-4649.8 (83.7)	-1842.6 - (90.8)	-12974.8 (31.3)	
(9	522.7 (1.3)	2139.2 (52.7)	4376.2 (1.2)	2347.9 (63.9)	2192.6 (51.1)	4561.1 (1.0)	
(9	/	(84.8)	-3810.9 (23.1)	-905.2 (93.5)	848.5 (90.7)	-3906.1 (22.2)	
	1304.2 – 5.1)	15993.4 (8.8)	5927.3 (21.1)	25321.1 - (15.0)	-14887.6 (10.2)	6104.7 (20.5)	
		29070.7 (12.0)	874.7 (88.9)	-15432.2 (49.1)	27878.4 (13.8)	997.5 (87.5)	
		-7002.4 – (73.9)	11033.3 (33.3)	11700.7 (63.6)	-6016.2 - (76.9)	-11242.8 (32.3)	
Flood in round 1			-	-11755.6 (0.7)	1208.2 (83.8)	1022.2 (67.0)	
Head literate0				5142.4 (44.0)	-204.6 (97.2)	481.0 (87.4)	
NetValue0	0.8 2.3)	0.2 (43.1)	0.3 (37.3)	0.8 (0.6)	0.2 (44.1)	0.2 (43.8)	
Household size0				6893.7 (0.5)	-1114.1 (65.0)	1967.1 (0.8)	
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$	3555 2	39185 1	21496 10	28555 2	39185 1	21496 10	
T=4	10 48	11 92	60 222	10 48	9 92	60 222	
	).015 166	0.083 299	0.031 796	0.105 166	0.076 295	0.044 796	

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). UltraPoor is an indicator variable if the household is classified as the ultra poor. Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Net assets uses only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock.

Table 112: ANCOVA estimation of net assets by attributes, poverty status, and period, cattle rearing experiences

		mean/std		(1)		
	Adi	Own	None	Adi	Own	None
(Intercept)				26973.4 (0.0)	28203.8 (0.0)	13809.6 (0.0)
Unfront	0.778 (0.42)	0.815 (0.39)	0.786 (0.41)	3584.9 (48.2)	20389.3 (1.7)	9512.0 (0.0)
WithGrace	0.450 (0.50)	0.471 (0.50)	0.524 (0.50)	-1437.9 (83.3)	-10268.8 (18.6)	-4621.4 $(4.6)$
InKind	0.316 (0.47)	0.202 (0.40)	0.271 (0.44)	-45.1 (99.4)	-3254.1 (38.0)	-397.3 (86.2)
$Upfront \times UltraPoor$	0.444 (0.50)	$0.505 \\ (0.50)$	0.536 (0.50)	-7440.8 (47.0)	4391.1 (68.4)	-6008.9 (36.5)
WithGrace × UltraPoor	0.240 (0.43)	0.293 (0.46)	0.371 (0.48)	13186.7 (29.3)	26867.7 (0.5)	1205.5 (85.3)
InKind × UltraPoor	$0.146 \\ (0.35)$	$0.141 \\ (0.35)$	$0.174 \\ (0.38)$	-2799.1 $(80.4)$	-21489.7 $(2.3)$	1394.2 (75.2)
rd 3	0.345 (0.48)	0.343 (0.48)	0.354 (0.48)	-1374.7 (60.6)	-199.2 (94.0)	3876.8 (0.1)
Upfront $\times$ rd 3	$0.269 \\ (0.44)$	$0.276 \\ (0.45)$	$0.276 \\ (0.45)$	-7524.9 (41.1)	295.6 (97.1)	-4185.5 (14.2)
WithGrace × rd 3	0.158 (0.37)	0.162 (0.37)	0.185 (0.39)	6907.5 (45.8)	-12432.2 (9.0)	7180.2 (3.5)
InKind × rd 3	0.111 (0.32)	$0.071 \\ (0.26)$	0.098 (0.30)	-2083.3 (67.0)	9663.6 (13.8)	-5999.7 (8.4)
Unfront × UltraPoor × rd 3	0.158 (0.37)	0.168 (0.37)	0.188 (0.39)	9001.9 (65.6)	10568.4 (46.0)	-2206.3 (75.0)
WithGrace $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	$0.088 \\ (0.28)$	$0.098 \\ (0.30)$	0.131 (0.34)	-10598.7 $(62.7)$	-16509.3 $(26.2)$	-5290.9 (57.6)
$InKind \times UltraPoor \times rd \ 3$	0.053 $(0.22)$	0.047 (0.21)	0.063 (0.24)	15785.0 (23.2)	-1133.6 (93.8)	10915.6 (18.8)
rd 4	0.333 $(0.47)$	0.327 (0.47)	$0.335 \\ (0.47)$	621.0 (85.8)	845.6 (78.7)	4599.3 (0.0)
Unfront × rd 4	0.263 (0.44)	0.266 (0.44)	0.269 (0.44)	1791.8 (86.2)	5535.9 (54.1)	-3723.3 (23.9)
WithGrace × rd 4	0.152 (0.36)	0.152 (0.36)	0.179 (0.38)	4743.1 (70.2)	-15799.9 (8.1)	7292.9 (5.5)
InKind × rd 4	0.105 (0.31)	0.061 (0.24)	0.093 (0.29)	-5317.9 (58.1)	12601.0 (12.1)	-2679.5 (45.7)
Upfront $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	$0.152 \\ (0.36)$	$0.168 \\ (0.37)$	$0.185 \\ (0.39)$	5979.5 (75.4)	25684.4 (16.2)	1625.8 (82.1)
WithGrace $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	$0.082 \\ (0.27)$	$0.098 \\ (0.30)$	0.129 (0.33)	4797.8 (83.1)	-35745.5 (6.4)	-6208.8 (50.6)
$InKind \times UltraPoor \times rd \ 4$	0.047 $(0.21)$	0.047 $(0.21)$	$0.062 \\ (0.24)$	9323.6 (59.4)	2730.2 (89.3)	6333.9 (45.3)
Flood in round 1	$0.526 \\ (0.50)$	0.444 (0.50)	0.396 (0.49)			
Head literate0	$0.135 \\ (0.34)$	$0.165 \\ (0.37)$	$0.142 \\ (0.35)$			
NetValue()	1344.942 (6621.59)	31070.976 (15261.17)	2746.425 (3434.12)			
Household size0	4.573 (1.24)	4.586 (1.41)	4.382 (1.37)			
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$				28555 9	39185 6	21496 27
T = 3 $T = 4$				18 83	17 113	97 354
$ar{R}^2 N$	171	297	809	-0.045 294	0.074 379	0.029 1283

Table 112: ANCOVA estimation of net assets by attributes, poverty status, and period, cattle rearing experiences (continued)

		(2)		(3)			
(Intercept)	Adi 31177.1 (0.0)	Own 23152.6 (1.2)	None 14489.7 (0.0)	Adi 4835.9 (68.5)	Own 23909.4 (8.9)	None 6362.6 (17.9)	
Upfront	-349.2 (95.7)	22308.0 (4.5)	8891.3 (1.5)	-2742.2 (67.5)	22738.0 (4.9)	8286.5 (3.2)	
WithGrace	-1312.6 (92.7)	-14812.1 $(16.7)$	-4242.9 (15.6)	-267.4 (98.0)	-14286.8 $(22.4)$	-4295.8 (16.3)	
InKind	21.6 (99.9)	1005.6 (84.7)	-3090.5 (28.2)	528.5 (96.2)	275.8 (96.0)	-3035.2 (28.7)	
$Upfront \times UltraPoor$	-4088.1 (77.1)	-2493.3 $(84.4)$	-9574.4 (32.9)	-5898.1 (65.7)	-1959.5 $(87.2)$	-10802.1 $(31.8)$	
WithGrace × UltraPoor	14586.3 (42.0)	27105.2 (2.3)	2042.4 (82.6)	13126.3 (40.1)	27050.3 (2.2)	3273.1 (74.0)	
InKind × UltraPoor	-1205.6 (94.4)	-16312.7 (18.9)	-2382.1 (67.9)	-3427.0 (83.6)	-17523.0 (16.8)	-2695.7 (64.8)	
rd 3	-2360.9 (52.2)	64.2 (98.2)	4019.3 (2.9)	-997.0 (77.8)	801.7 (77.7)	4160.5 (2.5)	
Upfront $\times$ rd 3	-2097.2 (85.9)	-166.9 (98.5)	-2507.9 (53.6)	-3138.1 (79.4)	1238.4 (89.2)	-2442.8 (54.7)	
WithGrace $\times$ rd 3	20427.2 (11.9)	-15162.2 (5.2)	9361.3 (7.6)	22846.8 (6.7)	-15747.8 (4.2)	9517.5 (7.5)	
InKind $\times$ rd 3	-13769.3 (7.7)	13947.0 (4.9)	-8483.5 (10.3)	-16281.8 (1.8)	12968.8 (5.8)	-8506.1 (10.7)	
Unfront $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	1017.6 (96.9)	12346.3 (49.6)	4546.9 (58.8)	-3442.0 (89.4)	15738.9 (39.7)	4942.3 (55.7)	
WithGrace $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	4936.4 (89.9)	-20293.8 (26.2)	-14426.4 $(29.9)$	-2460.0 $(94.6)$	-21384.3 $(24.0)$	-14717.7 $(28.9)$	
$InKind \times UltraPoor \times rd 3$	-4734.4 (86.0)	748.6 (96.5)	16812.0 (20.7)	3530.4 (87.7)	-1208.2 (94.2)	17117.5 (19.8)	
rd 4	125.9 (97.9)	2473.4 (48.7)	4060.4 (2.3)	1958.9 (69.4)	2558.1 (46.7)	4205.8 (2.0)	
Unfront × rd 4	4340.2 (70.1)	2058.7 (84.7)	-1913.3 (62.0)	2767.8 (81.2)	1512.0 (88.9)	-1865.4 (62.8)	
WithGrace × rd 4	23660.7 (21.5)	-17271.3 (7.1)	9690.0 (7.0)	26087.2 (18.7)	-15735.8 (10.8)	9941.9 (6.6)	
InKind × rd 4	-21651.4 (21.3)	18176.9 (4.8)	-5152.4 (34.6)	-22807.0 $(21.1)$	16980.0 (5.4)	-5257.7 (34.4)	
Upfront $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	-6766.1 (77.8)	20084.4 (34.8)	3398.2 (65.6)	-12079.6 $(62.1)$	19424.1 (37.4)	3923.0 (60.9)	
WithGrace $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	35291.5 (35.9)	-36030.7 (11.5)	-11845.8 (32.5)	27859.7 (44.2)	-33714.9 $(14.3)$	-12135.1 (31.3)	
$InKind \times UltraPoor \times rd 4$	-17761.3 (53.9)	-2933.2 (90.5)	12268.1 (31.6)	-10220.5 (69.1)	-4072.4 (86.7)	12671.9 (30.1)	
Flood in round 1				-11106.9 (1.8)	1672.5 (78.5)	560.8 (81.4)	
Head literate0				5909.8 (42.6)	-1672.1 (77.1)	-162.5 (96.1)	
NetValue0	0.8 (2.5)	(41.3)	0.3 (35.7)	0.8 (0.7)	0.2 (44.5)	0.3 (41.7)	
Household size0				6856.8 (0.6)	-524.9 (83.2)	1940.7 (0.9)	
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$	28555 2	39185 1	21496 10	28555 2	39185 1	21496 10	
T = 3 $T = 4$	10 48	11 92	60 222	10 48	9 92	60 222	
$ar{R}^2 N$	-0.048 166	0.073 299	0.032 796	0.071 166	0.065 295	0.044 796	

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). UltraPoor is an indicator variable if the household is classified as the ultra poor. Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Net assets uses only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock.

2. P values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level.

## III.5.12 Livestock, experienced vs. inexperienced

		Attri	tIn			
Arn	m	2	3	4	9	Sum
t	traditional	7	4	20	144	175

```
5 2 1 192 200
 large
               3
 large grace 12
                  3 171 189
 cattle
           5
              5 13 176 199
           29 14 37 683 763
 Sum
   NumCows
         1 2
                                  7
tee
     0
                  3
                              6
                                      8
                                           9 <NA>
                                                  Sum
     15 309 153
 2
                 40
                     11
                          1
                              2
                                 0
                                      1
                                          1 197
                                                 730
      5 337 175
                  40
                     16
                              2
                                  2
                                           0 110 689
 3
                           1
                                       1
      4 218
            201
                 54
                              2
 4
                      11
                          4
                                  0
                                       1
                                           1
                                             86
                                                 582
      24 864 529
                 134
                     38
                         6
                              6
                                  2
                                      3
                                           2 393 2001
 Sum
```

```
Г17
~ + dummyLarge + dummyLargeGrace + dummyCattle
+ TotalImputedValue0
+ dummyAdiCattle0
FloodInRd1 + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + NA
dummyAdiCattle0.Large + dummyAdiCattle0.LargeGrace + dummyAdiCattle0.Cattle + NA
[2]
\sim + dummyUltraPoor + dummyLargeSize + dummyWithGrace
+ dummyWithGrace + dummyInKind + UDdummyUltraPoor
+ dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor + UDdummyLargeSize.UltraPoor + dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor
+ UDdummyWithGrace.UltraPoor + dummyInKind.UltraPoor + UDdummyInKind.UltraPoor
+ TotalImputedValue0
+ dummyAdiCattle0
FloodInRd1 + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + NA
dummyAdiCattle0.LargeSize + dummyAdiCattle0.WithGrace + dummyAdiCattle0.InKind + NA
[3]
\sim + dummyLargeSize + dummyWithGrace + dummyInKind
+ TotalImputedValue0
+ dummyAdiCattle0
FloodInRd1 + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + NA
dummyAdiCattle0.LargeSize + dummyAdiCattle0.WithGrace + dummyAdiCattle0.InKind + NA
[4]
~ + Time.3 + Time.4 + dummyLarge
+ dummyLarge + dummyLargeGrace + dummyCattle
+ dummyLarge.Time3 + dummyLargeGrace.Time3 + dummyCattle.Time3
+ dummyLarge.Time4 + dummyLargeGrace.Time4 + dummyCattle.Time4
+ TotalImputedValue0
+ dummyAdiCattle0
FloodInRd1 + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + NA
```

```
dummyAdiCattle0.Large + dummyAdiCattle0.Time3 + dummyAdiCattle0.Large.Time3 + dummyAdiCatt
+ dummyAdiCattle0.Time4 + dummyAdiCattle0.Large.Time4 + dummyAdiCattle0.LargeGrace
+ dummyAdiCattle0.LargeGrace.Time3 + dummyAdiCattle0.LargeGrace.Time4 + dummyAdiCattle0.C
+ dummyAdiCattle0.Cattle.Time3 + dummyAdiCattle0.Cattle.Time4
[5]
~ + Time.3 + Time.4 + dummyLargeSize
+ dummyLargeSize + dummyWithGrace + dummyInKind
+ dummyLargeSize.Time3 + dummyWithGrace.Time3 + dummyInKind.Time3
+ dummyLargeSize.Time4 + dummyWithGrace.Time4 + dummyInKind.Time4
+ TotalImputedValue0
+ dummyAdiCattle0
FloodInRd1 + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + NA
dummyAdiCattle0.Time3 + dummyAdiCattle0.Time4 + dummyAdiCattle0.LargeSize + dummyAdiCattle
+ dummyAdiCattle0.LargeSize.Time3 + dummyAdiCattle0.LargeSize.Time4 + dummyAdiCattle0.Wi
+ dummyAdiCattle0.WithGrace.Time3 + dummyAdiCattle0.WithGrace.Time4 + dummyAdiCattle0.Inl
+ dummyAdiCattle0.InKind.Time3 + dummyAdiCattle0.InKind.Time4
[6]
\sim + Time.3 + Time.4 + dummyLarge
+ dummyLarge + dummyLargeGrace + dummyCattle
+ dummyUltraPoor + dummyLarge.Time3 + dummyLargeGrace.Time3
+ dummyCattle.Time3 + dummyUltraPoor.Time3 + dummyLarge.Time4
+ dummyLargeGrace.Time4 + dummyCattle.Time4 + dummyUltraPoor.Time4
+ dummyLarge.UltraPoor + dummyLargeGrace.UltraPoor + dummyCattle.UltraPoor
+ dummyLarge.UltraPoor.Time3 + dummyLarge.UltraPoor.Time4 + dummyLargeGrace.UltraPoor.Time3
+ dummyLargeGrace.UltraPoor.Time4 + dummyCattle.UltraPoor.Time3 + dummyCattle.UltraPoor.
+ TotalImputedValue0
+ dummyAdiCattle0
FloodInRd1 + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + NA
dummyAdiCattle0.Large + dummyAdiCattle0.Time3 + dummyAdiCattle0.Large.Time3 + d\mathfrak{q}mmyAdiCat\mathfrak{q}
+ dummyAdiCattle0.Time4 + dummyAdiCattle0.Large.Time4 + dummyAdiCattle0.LargeGrace
+ dummyAdiCattle0.LargeGrace.Time3 + dummyAdiCattle0.LargeGrace.Time4 + dummyAdiCattle0.0
+ dummyAdiCattle0.Cattle.Time3 + dummyAdiCattle0.Cattle.Time4
[7]
~ + Time.3 + Time.4 + dummyUltraPoor
+ dummyUltraPoor + dummyLargeSize + dummyWithGrace
+ dummyInKind + dummyUltraPoor.Time3 + dummyLargeSize.Time3
+ dummyWithGrace.Time3 + dummyInKind.Time3 + dummyUltraPoor.Time4
+ dummyLargeSize.Time4 + dummyWithGrace.Time4 + dummyInKind.Time4
+ dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor + dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor + dummyInKind.UltraPoor
+ dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor.Time3 + dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor.Time4 + dummyWithGrace.UltraP
+ dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor.Time4 + dummyInKind.UltraPoor.Time3 + dummyInKind.UltraPoor.T
+ TotalImputedValue0
+ dummyAdiCattle0
FloodInRd1 + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + NA
```

```
dummyAdiCattle0.Time3 + dummyAdiCattle0.Time4 + dummyAdiCattle0.LargeSize + dummyAdiCattle0
+ dummyAdiCattle0.LargeSize.Time3 + dummyAdiCattle0.LargeSize.Time4 + dummyAdiCattle0.WithGrace.Time3 + dummyAdiCattle0.WithGrace.Time4 + dummyAdiCattle0.Inkind.Time4
```

TABLE 113: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF LIVESTOCK VALUES, CATTLE REARING EXPERIENCES

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(Intercept)		20988.8 (0.0)	19163.1 (0.0)	18376.3 (0.0)	13156.3 (0.0)	12960.5 (0.0)
Large	0.273 (0.45)	9658.2 (0.3)	8875.2 (0.1)	8841.8 (0.1)	8594.1 (0.2)	8817.1 (0.2)
LargeGrace	0.248 (0.43)	4797.2 (5.2)	4507.2 (5.4)	4709.9 (4.1)	4770.8 (3.3)	5000.6 (2.3)
Cattle	0.264 (0.44)	4448.8 (1.0)	4675.9 (0.5)	4642.3 (0.5)	4641.7 (0.5)	4769.6 (0.4)
AdiCattle0	0.153 (0.36)			4190.5 (2.2)	3812.3 (4.0)	4274.4 (2.6)
AdiCattle0	0.153 (0.36)			4190.5 (2.2)	3812.3 (4.0)	4274.4 (2.6)
Flood in round 1	0.491 (0.50)				760.3 (64.4)	689.3 (68.3)
Head literate()	0.114 (0.32)				-637.2 (75.5)	-407.7 (83.9)
TotalImputedValue0	5315.315 (12450.23)		0.4 (0.0)	0.4 (0.0)	0.4 (0.0)	0.4 (0.0)
Household size0	4.219 (1.43)				1207.6 (2.0)	1227.3 (1.9)
AdiCattle $0 \times \text{Large}$	0.044 (0.21)					-7693.9 (15.1)
AdiCattle0 × LargeGrace	0.028 (0.16)					4528.2 (39.9)
$AdiCattle0 \times Cattle$	0.046 (0.21)					-4123.7 (39.6)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		25997 41	25997 41	25997 41	25997 40	25997 40
T = 3 T = 4		107 582	107 582	107 582	106 582	106 582
$ar{R}^2 N$	1998	0.024 2001	0.075 2001	0.08 2001	0.086 1998	0.09 1998

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodlnRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Net assets uses only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock. OwnCattle0 is an indicator if a household owned cattle at the baseline. AdiCattle0 is an indicator if a household engaged in the cattle lease-in contract at the baseline.

Table 114: ANCOVA estimation of livestock values by attributes, cattle rearing experiences

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(Intercept)		20988.8 (0.0)	19163.1 (0.0)	18376.3 (0.0)	13156.3 (0.0)	12960.5 (0.0)
Unfront	0.785 (0.41)	9658.2 (0.3)	8875.2 (0.1)	8841.8 (0.1)	8594.1 (0.2)	8817.1 (0.2)
WithGrace	0.512 (0.50)	-4861.1 (16.7)	-4368.0 (16.3)	-4131.9 (18.2)	-3823.4 (23.0)	-3816.5 (23.4)
InKind	0.264 (0.44)	-348.4 (87.3)	168.7 (93.9)	-67.6 (97.5)	-129.0 (95.1)	-231.0 (91.2)
AdiCattle0	0.153 (0.36)			4190.5 (2.2)	3812.3 (4.0)	4274.4 (2.6)
AdiCattle0	0.153 (0.36)			4190.5 (2.2)	3812.3 (4.0)	4274.4 (2.6)
Flood in round 1	0.491 (0.50)				760.3 (64.4)	689.3 (68.3)
Head literate()	0.114 (0.32)				-637.2 (75.5)	-407.7 (83.9)
TotalImputedValue0	5315.315 (12450.23)		0.4 (0.0)	0.4 (0.0)	0.4 (0.0)	0.4 (0.0)
Household size0	4.219 (1.43)				1207.6 (2.0)	1227.3 (1.9)
$AdiCattle0 \times Upfront$	0.118 (0.32)					-7693.9 (15.1)
AdiCattle0 × WithGrace	0.074 (0.26)					12222.1 (3.3)
AdiCattle $0 \times InKind$	0.046 (0.21)					-8651.9 (10.0)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		25997 41	25997 41	25997 41	25997 40	25997 40
T = 3 $T = 4$		107 582	107 582	107 582	106 582	106 582
$ar{R}^2 N$	1998	0.024 2001	0.075 2001	0.08 2001	0.086 1998	0.09 1998

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. Net assets uses only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock. OwnCattle0 is an indicator if a household owned cattle at the baseline. AdiCattle0 is an indicator if a household engaged in the cattle lease-in contract at the baseline.

Table 115: ANCOVA estimation of livestock values by period, cattle rearing experiences

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(Intercept)		18147.6 (0.0)	16229.4 (0.0)	15428.0 (0.0)	10035.0 (0.0)	9797.7 (0.0)
Large	0.273 (0.45)	9799.3 (0.3)	9000.6 (0.1)	8979.4 (0.1)	8692.0 (0.2)	8880.2 (0.2)
LargeGrace	0.248 (0.43)	4333.7 (7.8)	4057.8 (7.8)	4279.7 (6.0)	4331.0 (4.9)	4579.8 (3.5)
Cattle	0.264 (0.44)	4343.4 (1.3)	4560.8 (0.8)	4534.9 (0.8)	4516.9 (0.7)	4597.4 (0.7)
AdiCattle0	0.153 (0.36)	, ,	, ,	4207.5 (2.2)	3821.7 (4.0)	4590.9 (1.2)
rd 3	0.348 (0.48)	2846.9 (0.2)	2921.4 (0.2)	2916.1 (0.2)	3056.4 (0.1)	3049.3 (0.1)
Large $\times$ rd 3	0.094 (0.29)	-2110.9 (46.9)	-2095.8 (46.9)	-2153.3 (45.8)	-1776.5 (54.6)	-1619.3 (58.0)
LargeGrace × rd 3	0.085 (0.28)	1083.7 (67.0)	1049.7 (67.4)	912.9 (71.4)	943.0 (70.9)	807.4 (74.1)
Cattle $\times$ rd 3	0.091 (0.29)	-611.9 (78.1)	-725.7 (74.2)	-767.1 (72.9)	-737.0 (74.0)	-579.1 (79.4)
AdiCattle $0 \times rd 3$	0.054 (0.23)	(, 5.5)	(, ,,_)	(, =, ,	(,	-2413.8 (25.1)
AdiCattle0 $\times$ Large $\times$ rd 3	0.015 (0.12)					-6106.0 (36.4)
$AdiCattle0 \times LargeGrace \times rd~3$	0.011 (0.10)					-7107.4 (22.2)
AdiCattle0 $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 3	0.016 (0.12)					-5071.1 (31.8)
rd 4	0.326 (0.47)	6010.7 (0.0)	6178.3 (0.0)	6187.5 (0.0)	6256.1 (0.0)	6360.0 (0.0)
Large × rd 4	0.094 (0.29)	-415.0 (90.5)	-351.9 (91.8)	-426.0 (90.1)	-393.4 (90.8)	-197.8 (95.3)
LargeGrace × rd 4	0.081 (0.27)	3985.9 (18.3)	3843.3 (18.7)	3778.0 (18.9)	3973.4 (17.2)	4203.3 (12.9)
Cattle × rd 4	0.085 (0.28)	2023.3 (46.0)	2286.5 (40.6)	2243.8 (41.2)	2430.9 (37.3)	2792.8 (29.7)
AdiCattle0 × rd 4	0.050 (0.22)	(40.0)	(40.0)	(41.2)	(37.3)	-94.2 (97.8)
AdiCattle0 × Large × rd 4	0.016 (0.12)					-6657.6 (40.3)
$AdiCattle0 \times LargeGrace \times rd~4$	0.009 (0.09)					474.6 (96.7)
AdiCattle0 $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 4	0.015 (0.12)					-10334.6 (16.3)
AdiCattle0	0.153 (0.36)			4207.5 (2.2)	3821.7 (4.0)	4590.9 (1.2)
AdiCattle0 × rd 3	0.054 (0.23)			(2.2)	(4.0)	-2413.8 (25.1)
AdiCattle0 × rd 4	0.050 (0.22)					-94.2 (97.8)
Flood in round 1	0.491 (0.50)				779.7 (63.5)	698.6 (68.0)
Head literate()	0.114 (0.32)				-649.9 (75.1)	-419.7 (83.5)
TotalImputedValue0	5315.315 (12450.23)		0.4 (0.0)	0.4 (0.0)	0.4 (0.0)	0.4 (0.0)
Household size0	4.219 (1.43)		(0.0)	(0.0)	1234.9 (1.7)	1254.5 (1.6)
AdiCattle0 × Large	0.044 (0.21)				(1.7)	-6683.7 (19.4)
AdiCattle0 × LargeGrace	0.028					5175.1
$AdiCattle0 \times Cattle$	(0.16) 0.046 (0.21)					(30.4) -2939.2 (53.8)
mean of dependent variable $T-2$	(0.21)	25997 41	25997 41	25997 41	25997 40	25997
T = 2 $T = 3$ $T = 4$		41 107 582	41 107 582	41 107 582	40 106 582	40 106 582
$ar{R}^2$	1000	0.035	0.087	0.091	582 0.098	582 0.101
N	1998	2001	2001	2001	1998	1998

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Net assets uses only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock. OwnCattle0 is an indicator if a household owned cattle at the baseline. AdiCattle0 is an indicator if a household engaged in the cattle lease-in contract at the baseline.

<sup>2.</sup> P values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level.

Table 116: ANCOVA estimation of livestock values by period, attributes, cattle rearing experiences

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(Intercept)		18147.6 (0.0)	16229.4 (0.0)	15428.0 (0.0)	10035.0 (0.0)	9797.7 (0.0)
Unfront	0.785 (0.41)	9799.3 (0.3)	9000.6 (0.1)	8979.4 (0.1)	8692.0 (0.2)	8880.2 (0.2)
WithGrace	0.512 (0.50)	-5465.6 (12.0)	-4942.8 (11.4)	-4699.7 (13.0)	-4361.0 (16.8)	-4300.5 $(17.7)$
InKind	0.264 (0.44)	9.6 (99.6)	502.9 (81.8)	255.2 (90.6)	185.9 (92.9)	17.6 (99.3)
AdiCattle0	0.153 (0.36)			4207.5 (2.2)	3821.7 (4.0)	4590.9 (1.2)
rd 3	0.348 (0.48)	2846.9 (0.2)	2921.4 (0.2)	2916.1 (0.2)	3056.4 (0.1)	3049.3 (0.1)
Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.269 (0.44)	-2110.9 (46.9)	-2095.8 (46.9)	-2153.3 (45.8)	-1776.5 (54.6)	-1619.3 (58.0)
WithGrace × rd 3	0.176 (0.38)	3194.6 (27.8)	3145.5 (27.7)	3066.2 (28.7)	2719.5 (35.7)	2426.7 (40.3)
InKind × rd 3	0.091 (0.29)	-1695.5 (45.0)	-1775.4 $(42.0)$	-1680.0 (44.2)	-1680.0 (44.8)	-1386.5 (52.1)
AdiCattle $0 \times rd 3$	0.054 (0.23)					-2413.8 (25.1)
AdiCattle0 × Upfront × rd 3	0.041 (0.20)					-6106.0 (36.4)
AdiCattle $0 \times$ WithGrace $\times$ rd $3$	0.026 (0.16)					-1001.4 (87.9)
AdiCattle0 $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 3	0.016 (0.12)					2036.2 (67.5)
rd 4	0.326 (0.47)	6010.7 (0.0)	6178.3 (0.0)	6187.5 (0.0)	6256.1 (0.0)	6360.0 (0.0)
Upfront $\times$ rd 4	0.260 (0.44)	-415.0 (90.5)	-351.9 (91.8)	-426.0 (90.1)	-393.4 (90.8)	-197.8 (95.3)
WithGrace × rd 4	0.166 (0.37)	4400.9 (20.6)	4195.2 (22.2)	4204.0 (21.8)	4366.8 (20.6)	4401.1 (19.5)
InKind × rd 4	0.085 (0.28)	-1962.6 (47.5)	-1556.8 (57.3)	-1534.1 (57.4)	-1542.5 (57.3)	-1410.5 (60.2)
AdiCattle $0 \times rd 4$	0.050 (0.22)	( 1.12)	(2.1.2)		(	-94.2 (97.8)
AdiCattle $0 \times \text{Upfront} \times \text{rd } 4$	0.039 (0.19)					-6657.6 (40.3)
AdiCattle $0 \times WithGrace \times rd 4$	0.024 (0.15)					7132.2 (53.7)
AdiCattle0 $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 4	0.015 (0.12)					-10809.1 (33.2)
AdiCattle0	0.153 (0.36)			4207.5 (2.2)	3821.7 (4.0)	4590.9 (1.2)
AdiCattle $0 \times rd 3$	0.054 (0.23)			, ,	, ,	-2413.8 (25.1)
AdiCattle $0 \times rd 4$	0.050 (0.22)					-94.2 (97.8)
Flood in round 1	0.491 (0.50)				779.7 (63.5)	698.6 (68.0)
Head literate0	0.114 (0.32)				-649.9 (75.1)	-419.7 (83.5)
TotalImputedValue0	5315.315 (12450.23)		0.4 (0.0)	0.4 (0.0)	0.4 (0.0)	0.4 (0.0)
Household size0	4.219 (1.43)				1234.9 (1.7)	1254.5 (1.6)
$AdiCattle0 \times Upfront$	0.118 (0.32)					-6683.7 (19.4)
AdiCattle0 × WithGrace	0.074 (0.26)					11858.7 (2.8)
$AdiCattle0 \times InKind$	0.046 (0.21)					-8114.2 (11.1)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		25997 41	25997 41	25997 41	25997 40	25997 40
T = 3 T = 4		107 582	107 582	107 582	106 582	106 582
$ar{R}^2 N$	1998	0.035 2001	0.087 2001	0.091 2001	0.098 1998	0.101 1998

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodlnRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Net assets uses only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock. OwnCattle0 is an indicator if a household owned cattle at the baseline. AdiCattle0 is an indicator if a household engaged in the cattle lease-in contract at the baseline.

Table 117: ANCOVA estimation of livestock values by arm, poverty status, and period, cattle rearing experiences

covariates (Intercept)	mean/std	(1) 19524.9	(2) 17441.3	(3) 16618.3	(4) 11021.7	(5) 10714.5
Large	0.273	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
LargeGrace	(0.45) 0.248	(0.2) 4316.5	(0.0) 4222.7	(0.0) 4441.1	(0.1) 4480.3	(0.1) 4695.1
Cattle	(0.43) 0.264	(7.3) 4488.6	(6.2) 4890.6	(4.6) 4842.3	(3.8) 4848.5	(2.8) 4920.1
AdiCattle0	(0.44) 0.153	(0.8)	(0.4)	(0.4) 4428.8	(0.4) 4056.8	(0.4) 4861.9
UltraPoor	(0.36)	-2211.7	-2333.5	(1.4) -2347.5	(2.5)	(0.7) -2160.5
Large × UltraPoor	(0.48) 0.172	(14.6) -6762.9	(12.0) -5362.4	(11.9) -5778.0	(14.0) -5827.7	(15.5) -5617.4
LargeGrace × UltraPoor	(0.38)	(15.5) 2964.1	(21.9) 4713.8	(18.7) 4681.9	(19.2) 5133.0	(20.1)
Cattle × UltraPoor	(0.38)	(40.9) -329.3	(19.9) 1616.1	(19.5) 1705.1	(14.9) 1994.4	(13.9) 1871.2
rd 3	(0.39)	(92.6) 2739.0	(64.6) 2824.6	(62.7) 2813.9	(57.3)	(59.3) 2959.7
Large × rd 3	(0.48)	(0.3) -1701.3	(0.2)	(0.2) -1834.0	(0.1) -1503.0	(0.1) -1338.6
LargeGrace × rd 3	(0.29)	(52.4)	(51.0)	(49.7) 1745.7	(58.2) 1741.2	(62.0) 1595.5
Cattle × rd 3	(0.28)	(40.6) -176.2	(44.2) -371.3	(48.1) -410.7	(48.7) -409.6	(51.3) -261.0
UltraPoor × rd 3	(0.29)	(93.2) -173.9	(86.1) -161.2	(84.7) -129.4	(84.9) -4.9	(90.4) 137.1
Large × UltraPoor × rd 3	(0.41) 0.058	(93.4) 9482.5	(93.9) 8456.5	(95.1) 8413.9	(99.8) 8795.8	(94.8) 9085.4
LargeGrace × UltraPoor × rd 3	(0.23) 0.060	(10.9) -2198.5	(14.9) -2250.9	(15.3) -2027.0	(13.2) -2465.8	(12.9) -2330.0
	(0.24)	(70.8)	(69.7)	(72.2)	(66.7)	(68.0) 5752.5
Cattle × UltraPoor × rd 3	0.061 (0.24)	6790.8 (9.3)	6200.6 (12.4)	6187.8 (12.5)	5865.2 (14.2)	(14.7)
AdiCattle0 × rd 3	0.054 (0.23)					-2565.3 (23.8)
AdiCattle0 × Large × rd 3	0.015 (0.12)					-6609.2 (33.7)
AdiCattle0 × LargeGrace × rd 3	0.011 (0.10)					-6827.9 (23.6)
AdiCattle0 $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 3	0.016 (0.12)	<b>5</b> 000 0	<0.00 A	6024.4	(110.0	-4836.0 (32.3)
rd 4	0.326 (0.47)	5800.8 (0.0)	6028.1 (0.0)	6031.1 (0.0)	6110.0 (0.0)	6223.3 (0.0)
Large × rd 4	0.094 (0.29)	-0.4 (100.0)	-92.1 (97.7)	-182.3 (95.4)	-187.0 (95.3)	-8.9 (99.8)
LargeGrace × rd 4	0.081 (0.27)	4529.1 (11.5)	4206.8 (13.9)	4102.1 (14.5)	4256.3 (13.6)	4415.0 (10.7)
Cattle × rd 4	0.085 (0.28)	2418.1 (34.7)	2622.5 (32.8)	2554.4 (33.7)	2705.5 (31.2)	3060.6 (24.8)
UltraPoor × rd 4	0.211 (0.41)	1631.0 (48.4)	1216.1 (60.4)	1343.5 (56.4)	1315.4 (57.6)	1561.2 (51.0)
Large $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.060 (0.24)	13906.7 (4.1)	12914.2 (5.6)	12668.7 (6.1)	12398.9 (6.5)	12393.2 (7.1)
LargeGrace × UltraPoor × rd 4	0.056 (0.23)	4581.8 (46.7)	4240.1 (49.1)	4381.3 (46.8)	4069.7 (50.1)	4600.5 (43.7)
Cattle $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.060 (0.24)	8720.9 (8.8)	6810.5 (20.7)	6690.5 (21.0)	6298.8 (24.0)	5699.4 (29.5)
AdiCattle $0 \times rd 4$	0.050 (0.22)					-296.6 (93.3)
AdiCattle $0 \times \text{Large} \times \text{rd } 4$	0.016 (0.12)					-6937.5 (39.8)
AdiCattle0 × LargeGrace × rd 4	0.009 (0.09)					1833.7 (87.4)
AdiCattle0 $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 4	0.015 (0.12)					-9663.1 (18.6)
AdiCattle0	0.153 (0.36)			4428.8 (1.4)	4056.8 (2.5)	4861.9 (0.7)
AdiCattle $0 \times rd 3$	0.054 (0.23)					-2565.3 (23.8)
AdiCattle0 × rd 4	0.050 (0.22)					-296.6 (93.3)
Flood in round 1	0.491 (0.50)				659.2 (68.4)	601.2 (71.9)
Head literate0	0.114 (0.32)				-921.0 (64.9)	-673.9 (73.4)
TotalImputedValue0	5315.315 (12450.23)		0.4 (0.0)	0.4 (0.0)	0.4 (0.0)	0.4 (0.0)
Household size0	4.219 (1.43)				1288.2 (1.1)	1306.5 (1.1)
AdiCattle $0 \times \text{Large}$	0.044 (0.21)					-5465.2 (26.2)
AdiCattle0 × LargeGrace	0.028 (0.16)					5366.5 (27.1)
$AdiCattle0 \times Cattle$	0.046 (0.21)		164			-2731.9 (55.8)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		25997 41	25997 41	25997 41	25997 40	25997 40

Table 118: ANCOVA estimation of livestock values by attributes, poverty status, and period, cattle rearing experiences

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(Intercept)		19524.9 (0.0)	17441.3 (0.0)	16618.3 (0.0)	11021.7 (0.0)	10714.5 (0.0)
Unfront	0.785 (0.41)	9989.3 (0.2)	9386.6 (0.0)	9359.6 (0.0)	9098.4 (0.1)	9240.2 (0.1)
WithGrace	0.512 (0.50)	-5672.7 (9.7)	-5163.9 (8.6)	-4918.5 (9.6)	-4618.1 (12.9)	-4545.1 (13.8)
InKind	0.264 (0.44)	172.1 (93.6)	667.9 (75.8)	401.3 (85.0)	368.3 (85.8)	225.0 (91.2)
AdiCattle0	0.153 (0.36)			4428.8 (1.4)	4056.8 (2.5)	4861.9 (0.7)
UltraPoor	0.630 (0.48)	-2211.7 (14.6)	-2333.5 (12.0)	-2347.5 (11.9)	-2278.0 (14.0)	-2160.5 (15.5)
$Up front \times Ultra Poor$	0.524 (0.50)	-6762.9 (15.5)	-5362.4 (21.9)	-5778.0 (18.7)	-5827.7 (19.2)	-5617.4 (20.1)
WithGrace × UltraPoor	0.352 (0.48)	9726.9 (3.7)	10076.2 (2.8)	10460.0 (2.5)	10960.6 (2.1)	10778.8 (2.0)
InKind $\times$ UltraPoor	0.181 (0.39)	-3293.4 $(33.7)$	-3097.7 (40.0)	-2976.8 (41.6)	-3138.6 (38.9)	-3290.2 (36.2)
rd 3	0.348 (0.48)	2.739.0 (0.3)	2824.6 (0.2)	2813.9 (0.2)	2961.2 (0.1)	2959.7 (0.1)
UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	0.217 (0.41)	-173.9 (93.4)	-161.2 (93.9)	-129.4 (95.1)	-4.9 (99.8)	137.1 (94.8)
Unfront × rd 3	0.269 (0.44)	-1701.3 (52.4)	-1771.2 (51.0)	-1834.0 (49.7)	-1503.0 (58.2)	-1338.6 (62.0)
WithGrace $\times$ rd 3	0.176 (0.38)	3769.9 (19.4)	3674.1 (19.8)	3579.7 (20.7)	3244.2 (26.2)	2934.1 (29.8)
InKind × rd 3	0.091 (0.29)	-2244 8 (34.1)	-2274.1 (32.6)	-2156.4 (34.8)	-2150.8 (35.4)	-1856.5 (41.4)
Upfront $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	0.179 (0.38)	9482.5 (10.9)	8456.5 (14.9)	8413.9 (15.3)	8795.8 (13.2)	9085.4 (12.9)
WithGrace × UltraPoor × rd 3	0.121 (0.33)	-11681.0 (9.7)	-10707 4 (12.4)	-10440.9 (13.1)	-11261.6 (10.5)	-11415.4 $(10.2)$
$InKind \times UltraPoor \times rd \ 3$	0.061 (0.24)	8989.3 (10.6)	8451.5 (12.5)	8214.8 (12.9)	8331.0 (12.9)	8082.5 (13.2)
AdiCattle $0 \times \text{rd } 3$	0.054 (0.23)		. ,			-2565.3 (23.8)
AdiCattle $0 \times \text{Upfront} \times \text{rd } 3$	0.041 (0.20)					-6609.2 (33.7)
AdiCattle $0 \times \text{WithGrace} \times \text{rd } 3$	0.026 (0.16)					-218.7 (97.5)
AdiCattle0 $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 3	0.016 (0.12)					1991.9 (68.7)
rd 4	0.326 (0.47)	5800.8 (0.0)	6028.1 (0.0)	6031.1 (0.0)	6110.0 (0.0)	6223.3 (0.0)
UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.211 (0.41)	1631.0 (48.4)	1216.1 (60.4)	1343.5 (56.4)	1315.4 (57.6)	1561.2 (51.0)
Unfront × rd 4	0.260 (0.44)	-0.4 (100.0)	-92.1 (97.7)	-182.3 (95.4)	-187 0 (95.3)	-8.9 (99.8)
WithGrace × rd 4	0.166 (0.37)	4529.5 (17.0)	4298.9 (18.7)	4284.4 (18.6)	4443.3 (17.5)	4424.0 (16.7)
InKind × rd 4	0.085 (0.28)	-2111.0 (44.3)	-1584.3 (57.1)	-1547.7 (57.5)	-1550.8 (57.6)	-1354.5 (62.0)
$Upfront \times UltraPoor \times rd \ 4$	0.176 (0.38)	13906.7 (4.1)	12914.2 (5.6)	12668.7 (6.1)	12398.9 (6.5)	12393.2 (7.1)
WithGrace × UltraPoor × rd 4	0.116 (0.32)	-9325.0 (21.1)	-8674.0 (23.8)	-8287.3 (25.6)	-8329.2 (25.6)	-7792.7 (28.7)
$InKind \times UltraPoor \times rd\ 4$	0.060 (0.24)	4139.1 (48.6)	2570.4 (67.4)	2309.2 (69.9)	2229.1 (71.4)	1098.8 (85.4)
AdiCattle $0 \times rd 4$	0.050 (0.22)		. ,			-296.6 (93.3)
AdiCattle0 × Upfront × rd 4	0.039 (0.19)					-6937.5 (39.8)
AdiCattle0 × WithGrace × rd 4	0.024 (0.15)					8771.2 (45.8)
AdiCattle0 $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 4	0.015 (0.12)					-11496.8 (30.4)
AdiCattle0	0.153 (0.36)			4428.8 (1.4)	4056.8 (2.5)	4861.9 (0.7)
AdiCattle0 × rd 3	0.054 (0.23)				,	-2565.3 (23.8)
AdiCattle0 × rd 4	0.050 (0.22)					-296.6 (93.3)
Flood in round 1	0.491 (0.50)				659.2 (68.4)	601.2 (71.9)
Head literate0	0.114 (0.32)				-921.0 (64.9)	-673.9 (73.4)
TotalImputedValue0	5315.315 (12450.23)		0.4 (0.0)	0.4 (0.0)	0.4 (0.0)	0.4 (0.0)
Household size0	4 219 (1.43)			. ,	1288.2 (1.1)	1306.5 (1.1)
$AdiCattle0 \times Upfront$	0.118 (0.32)				. ,	-5465.2 (26.2)
AdiCattle0 × WithGrace	0.074 (0.26)					10831.7 (3.9)
$AdiCattle0 \times InKind$	0.046 (0.21)					-8098.4 (11.1)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		25997 41	16 <b>5</b> 5997	25997 41	25997 40	25997 40
T = 3 T = 4		107 582	107 582	107 582	106 582	106 582

Table 119: ANCOVA estimation of livestock values, cattle rearing experiences

		mean/std			(1)			
	Adi	Own	None	Adi	Own	None		
(Intercept)				24608.9 (0.0)	27911.4 (0.0)	18234.3 (0.0)		
Large	0.289 (0.45)	0.324 (0.47)	0.255 (0.44)	2460.2 (62.2)	18660.0 (1.9)	7221.6 (0.5)		
LargeGrace	0.180 (0.39)	0.252 (0.43)	0.262 (0.44)	8853.0 (12.4)	4424.5 (30.7)	4421.2 (8.0)		
Cattle	0.302 (0.46)	0.229 (0.42)	0.266 (0.44)	1499.8 (73.7)	4457.2 (14.9)	5247.6 (2.1)		
Flood in round 1	0.613 (0.49)	0.494 (0.50)	0.462 (0.50)					
Head literate0	0.121 (0.33)	0.157 (0.36)	0.099 (0.30)					
TotalImputedValue0		27300.771 (14001.64)						
Household size0	4.364 (1.25)	4.506 (1.39)	4.100 (1.47)					
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$				27368 1	36 <u>1</u> 34	22629 35		
T = 3 $T = 4$				17 90	12 121	78 371		

TABLE 119: ANCOVARESTIMATION OF LIVESTOCK VALUES, CATTLE REARING EXPERIENCES (CONTINUED)

N	305	(2)	1304	305	(3)	1304
		(=)			(5)	
(Intercept)	Adi 24608.9 (0.0)	Own 23332.2 (0.0)	None 18234.3 (0.0)	Adi 11551.0 (5.0)	Own 20057.7 (3.6)	None 13507.8 (0.0)
Large	2460.2 (62.2)	18276.5 (1.8)	7221.6 (0.5)	1909.0 (68.3)	18336.8 (2.3)	6842.7 (0.7)
LargeGrace	8853.0 (12.4)	4293.8 (33.6)	4421.2 (8.0)	9387.7 (7.7)	5579.9 (22.0)	4305.5 (9.0)
Cattle	1499.8 (73.7)	4822.4 (14.1)	5247.6 (2.1)	921.6 (83.5)	5587.9 (11.7)	5078.3 (2.4)
Flood in round 1				-2605.8 (41.7)	1865.4 (68.9)	1138.4 (50.2)
Head literate()				4546.1 (34.3)	-5026.7 (26.3)	533.9 (79.7)
TotalImputedValue0		0.2 (27.1)			0.2 (35.1)	
Household size0				3286.3 (1.7)	558.8 (76.2)	1053.7 (3.4)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$	27368 1	36 <u>1</u> 34	22629 35	27368 1	36134 4	22629 35
T = 3 $T = 4$	17 90	12 121	78 371	17 90	11 121	78 371
$ar{R}^2 N$	0.011 305	0.072 392	0.018 1304	0.046 305	0.072 389	0.024 1304

Source: Estimated with GUK administrative and survey data.

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Narrow net assets uses only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock. OwnCattle0 is an indicator if a household owned cattle at the baseline. AdiCattle0 is an indicator if a household engaged in the cattle lease-in contract at the baseline. Adi and None subgroups do not own cattle at the baseline. We used net asset values at the baseline NetAssets0 in place of NumCows0 in ANCOVA estimation.

Table 120: ANCOVA estimation of livestock values by attributes, cattle rearing experiences

		mean/std			(1)	
		_			_	
	Adi	Own	None	Adi	Own	None
(Intercept)				24608.9 (0.0)	27911.4 (0.0)	18234.3 (0.0)
Unfront	0.770 (0.42)	0.805 (0.40)	0.783 (0.41)	2460.2 (62.2)	18660.0 (1.9)	7221.6 (0.5)
WithGrace	0.482 (0.50)	0.481 (0.50)	0.528 (0.50)	6392.7 (27.0)	-14235.4 $(9.4)$	-2800.4 (26.7)
InKind	0.302 (0.46)	0.229 (0.42)	0.266 (0.44)	-7353.1 (16.9)	32.7 (99.4)	826.5 (71.3)
Flood in round 1	0.613 (0.49)	0.494 (0.50)	0.462 (0.50)			
Head literate()	0.121 (0.33)	0.157 (0.36)	0.099 (0.30)			
TotalImputedValue0		27300.771 (14001.64)				
Household size()	4.364 (1.25)	4.506 (1.39)	4.100 (1.47)			
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$				27368 1	36134 5	22629 35
$\begin{array}{c} T = 3 \\ T = 4 \end{array}$				17 90	12 121	78 371
$ar{R}^2 N$	305	389	1304	0.011 305	0.066 392	0.018 1304

Table 120: ANCOVA estimation of livestock values by attributes, cattle rearing experiences (continued)

		(2)			(3)	
(Intercept)	Adi	Own	None	Adi	Own	None
	24608.9	23332.2	18234.3	11551.0	20057.7	13507.8
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(5.0)	(3.6)	(0.0)
Unfront	2460.2	18276.5	7221.6	1909.0	18336.8	6842.7
	(62.2)	(1.8)	(0.5)	(68.3)	(2.3)	(0.7)
WithGrace	6392.7 (27.0)	-13982.7 $(8.9)$	-2800.4 $(26.7)$	7478.7 (16.2)	-12756.9 (16.2)	-2537.2 (33.3)
InKind	-7353.1	528.5	826.5	-8466.2	8.0	772.8
	(16.9)	(90.6)	(71.3)	(11.2)	(99.9)	(72.9)
Flood in round 1				-2605.8 (41.7)	1865.4 (68.9)	1138.4 (50.2)
Head literate()				4546.1 (34.3)	-5026.7 (26.3)	533.9 (79.7)
TotalImputedValue0		(27.1)			0.2 (35.1)	
Household size0				3286.3 (1.7)	558.8 (76.2)	1053.7 (3.4)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$	27368	36134	22629	27368	36134	22629
	1	5	35	1	4	35
T = 3 $T = 4$	17	12	78	17	11	78
	90	121	371	90	121	371
$ar{R}^2 N$	0.011	0.072	0.018	0.046	0.072	0.024
	305	392	1304	305	389	1304

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. Narrow net assets uses only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock. OwnCattle0 is an indicator if a household owned cattle at the baseline. AdiCattle0 is an indicator if a household engaged in the cattle lease-in contract at the baseline. Adi and None subgroups do not own cattle at the baseline. We used net asset values at the baseline NetAssets0 in place of NumCows0 in ANCOVA estimation.

Table 121: ANCOVA estimation of livestock values by period, cattle rearing experiences

		mean/std			(1)	
	Adi	Own	None	Adi	Own	None
(Intercept)				21787.5 (0.0)	27254.0 (0.0)	14561.5 (0.0)
Large	0.289 (0.45)	0.324 (0.47)	0.255 (0.44)	3420.7 (45.9)	17923.0 (1.8)	7318.5 (0.9)
LargeGrace	$0.180 \\ (0.39)$	0.252 (0.43)	0.262 $(0.44)$	9026.8 (9.5)	5177.6 (22.2)	3574.7 (15.0)
Cattle	0.302 (0.46)	0.229 (0.42)	0.266 (0.44)	2367.8 (58.5)	3876.2 (22.1)	5048.1 (3.3)
rd 3	0.351 (0.48)	0.344 (0.48)	0.348 (0.48)	886.0 (66.1)	-475.3 (81.5)	4434.8 (0.0)
Large × rd 3	0.098 (0.30)	0.108 (0.31)	0.088 (0.28)	-6914.6 (32.9)	1673.8 (76.3)	-1486.8 (63.7)
LargeGrace × rd 3	0.069 (0.25)	0.085 (0.28)	0.089 (0.28)	-5485.7 (30.7)	-5765.6 (26.5)	3918.9 (13.4)
Cattle $\times$ rd 3	0.102 (0.30)	0.082 (0.28)	0.090 (0.29)	-4923.0 (35.7)	3125.6 (51.0)	-834.8 (72.3)
rd 4	0.325 (0.47)	0.314 (0.46)	0.330 (0.47)	6243.1 (6.5)	3130.2 (23.4)	7236.5 (0.0)
Large × rd 4	0.102 (0.30)	0.105 (0.31)	0.089 (0.28)	-6165.0 (46.9)	6220.8 (40.8)	-391.8 (90.7)
LargeGrace × rd 4	$0.056 \\ (0.23)$	0.082 (0.28)	$0.086 \\ (0.28)$	4370.0 (69.5)	-3411.3 (61.6)	6176.6 (4.0)
Cattle × rd 4	0.098 (0.30)	0.067 (0.25)	0.087 $(0.28)$	-6354.9 (41.2)	4720.0 (44.8)	3412.9 (20.9)
Flood in round 1	0.613 (0.49)	0.494 (0.50)	0.462 (0.50)			
Head literate0	0.121 (0.33)	0.157 (0.36)	0.099 (0.30)			
TotalImputedValue0		27300.771 (14001.64)				
Household size()	4.364 (1.25)	4.506 (1.39)	4.100 (1.47)			
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$				27368 1	36 <u>1</u> 34	22629 35
T = 3 $T = 4$				17 90	12 121	78 371
$ar{R}^2 N$	305	389	1304	0.009 305	0.055 392	0.045 1304

Table 121: ANCOVA estimation of livestock values by period, cattle rearing experiences (continued)

		(2)			(3)	
(Intercept)	Adi	Own	None	Adi	Own	None
	21787.5	22677.0	14561.5	8564.6	19093.2	9686.7
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(17.2)	(4.9)	(0.1)
Large	3420.7	17574.3	7318.5	2834.5	17588.7	6912.9
	(45.9)	(1.7)	(0.9)	(50.4)	(2.3)	(1.3)
LargeGrace	9026.8	5037.7	3574.7	9480.2	6293.3	3445.6
	(9.5)	(25.6)	(15.0)	(5.9)	(16.4)	(16.7)
Cattle	2367.8	4205.0	5048.1	1803.5	4981.0	4859.1
	(58.5)	(21.6)	(3.3)	(67.6)	(18.0)	(3.7)
rd 3	886.0 (66.1)	-549.0 (78.8)	4434.8 (0.0)	1134.3 (58.0)	-186.8 (92.6)	4478.3 (0.0)
Large × rd 3	-6914.6	1519.4	-1486.8	-6910.4	2857.0	-1441.4
	(32.9)	(78.5)	(63.7)	(33.0)	(60.6)	(64.8)
LargeGrace $\times$ rd 3	-5485.7 $(30.7)$	-5683.5 (26.8)	3918.9 (13.4)	-5209.5 (34.0)	-5583.3 (28.2)	3940.2 (13.9)
Cattle $\times$ rd 3	-4923.0	3238.4	-834.8	-5162.9	3324.8	-798.1
	(35.7)	(49.4)	(72.3)	(34.0)	(48.4)	(73.7)
rd 4	6243.1	3176.2	7236.5	6545.1	3182.3	7286.8
	(6.5)	(23.0)	(0.0)	(5.2)	(23.5)	(0.0)
Large × rd 4	-6165.0	5950.6	-391.8	-5766.3	5442.9	-273.6
	(46.9)	(42.5)	(90.7)	(49.4)	(47.7)	(93.5)
LargeGrace × rd 4	4370.0	-3405.7	6176.6	4977.0	-2962.8	6293.8
	(69.5)	(61.6)	(4.0)	(65.1)	(66.9)	(4.0)
Cattle $\times$ rd 4	-6354.9	5188.3	3412.9	-6033.8	5322.2	3589.8
	(41.2)	(41.2)	(20.9)	(42.6)	(41.0)	(18.6)
Flood in round 1				-2787.4 (39.5)	1853.4 (69.5)	1186.2 (48.1)
Head literate()				4669.9 (33.8)	-5011.2 (27.0)	442.7 (83.2)
TotalImputedValue0		0.2 (27.3)			0.2 (35.1)	
Household size0				3308.8 (1.8)	598.2 (74.8)	1082.8 (3.1)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$	27368	36134	22629	27368	36134	22629
	1	5	35	1	4	35
T = 3 $T = 4$	17	12	78	17	11	78
	90	121	371	90	121	371
$ar{R}^2$	0.009	0.06	0.045	0.046	0.059	0.052
	305	392	1304	305	389	1304

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Narrow net assets uses only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock. OwnCattle0 is an indicator if a household owned cattle at the baseline. AdiCattle0 is an indicator if a household engaged in the cattle lease-in contract at the baseline. Adi and None subgroups do not own cattle at the baseline. We used net asset values at the baseline NetAssets0 in place of NumCows0 in ANCOVA estimation.

Table 122: ANCOVA estimation of livestock values by attributes and period, cattle rearing experiences

		mean/std			(1)			
	Adi	Own	None	Adi	Own	None		
(Intercept)		-		21787.5 (0.0)	27254.0 (0.0)	14561.5 (0.0)		
Unfront	0.770 (0.42)	0.805 (0.40)	0.783 (0.41)	3420.7 (45.9)	17923.0 (1.8)	7318.5 (0.9)		
WithGrace	0.482 (0.50)	0.481 (0.50)	0.528 (0.50)	5606.1 (30.3)	-12745.4 (11.1)	-3743.8 (16.2)		
InKind	0.302 (0.46)	0.229 (0.42)	0.266 (0.44)	-6659.0 (20.1)	-1301.3 (75.1)	1473.4 (51.0)		
rd 3	0.351 (0.48)	0.344 (0.48)	$0.348 \\ (0.48)$	886.0 (66.1)	-475.3 (81.5)	4434.8 (0.0)		
Unfront $\times$ rd 3	0.269 (0.44)	0.275 (0.45)	0.268 (0.44)	-6914.6 (32.9)	1673.8 (76.3)	-1486.8 (63.7)		
WithGrace $\times$ rd 3	$0.170 \\ (0.38)$	0.167 (0.37)	0.179 (0.38)	1428.8 (81.3)	-7439.4 (23.1)	5405.7 (9.2)		
InKind $\times$ rd 3	0.102 (0.30)	0.082 (0.28)	0.090 (0.29)	562.8 (88.4)	8891.2 (10.6)	-4753.6 (5.1)		
rd 4	0.325 (0.47)	0.314 (0.46)	0.330 (0.47)	6243.1 (6.5)	3130.2 (23.4)	7236.5 (0.0)		
Unfront × rd 4	0.256 (0.44)	0.254 (0.44)	0.262 (0.44)	-6165.0 (46.9)	6220.8 (40.8)	-391.8 (90.7)		
WithGrace × rd 4	0.154 (0.36)	0.149 (0.36)	0.173 (0.38)	10535.0 (33.5)	-9632.1 (23.2)	6568.4 (5.9)		
InKind × rd 4	0.098 (0.30)	0.067 (0.25)	0.087 (0.28)	-10724.8 $(30.0)$	8131.3 (23.6)	-2763.7 (33.6)		
Flood in round 1	0.613 (0.49)	0.494 (0.50)	0.462 (0.50)					
Head literate0	0.121 (0.33)	0.157 (0.36)	0.099 (0.30)					
TotalImputedValue0		27300.771 (14001.64)						
Household size0	4.364 (1.25)	4.506 (1.39)	4.100 (1.47)					
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$				27368 1	36 <u>1</u> 34	22629 35		
T = 3 $T = 4$				17 90	12 121	78 371		
$ar{R}^2$	305	389	1304	0.009 305	$0.055 \\ 392$	0.045 1304		

Table 122: ANCOVA estimation of livestock values by attributes and period, cattle rearing experiences (continued)

		(2)			(3)	
(Intercept)	Adi 21787.5 (0.0)	Own 22677.0 (0.0)	None 14561.5 (0.0)	Adi 8564.6 (17.2)	Own 19093.2 (4.9)	None 9686.7 (0.1)
Upfront	3420.7 (45.9)	17574.3 (1.7)	7318.5 (0.9)	2834.5 (50.4)	17588.7 (2.3)	6912.9 (1.3)
WithGrace	5606.1 (30.3)	-12536.6 (10.6)	-3743.8 (16.2)	6645.7 (18.2)	-11295.4 (18.8)	-3467.3 (20.7)
InKind	-6659.0 $(20.1)$	-832.8 (84.5)	1473.4 (51.0)	-7676.7 (14.8)	-1312.3 (75.1)	1413.5 (52.3)
rd 3	886.0 (66.1)	-549.0 (78.8)	4434.8 (0.0)	1134.3 (58.0)	-186.8 (92.6)	4478.3 (0.0)
Unfront $\times$ rd 3	-6914.6 (32.9)	1519.4 (78.5)	-1486.8 (63.7)	-6910.4 (33.0)	2857.0 (60.6)	-1441.4 (64.8)
WithGrace $\times$ rd 3	1428.8 (81.3)	-7203.0 (24.1)	5405.7 (9.2)	1700.9 (77.9)	-8440.3 (17.6)	5381.7 (9.7)
InKind $\times$ rd 3	562.8 (88.4)	8921.9 (10.5)	-4753.6 (5.1)	46.7 (99.1)	8908.1 (10.8)	-4738.3 (5.6)
rd 4	6243.1 (6.5)	3176.2 (23.0)	7236.5 (0.0)	6545.1 (5.2)	3182.3 (23.5)	7286.8 (0.0)
Unfront × rd 4	-6165.0 (46.9)	5950.6 (42.5)	-391.8 (90.7)	-5766.3 (49.4)	5442.9 (47.7)	-273.6 (93.5)
WithGrace × rd 4	10535.0 (33.5)	-9356.2 (23.8)	6568.4 (5.9)	10743.3 (31.9)	-8405.7 (31.2)	6567.5 (6.2)
InKind × rd 4	-10724.8 $(30.0)$	8593.9 (22.5)	-2763.7 (33.6)	-11010.8 (28.0)	8285.0 (24.5)	-2704.0 $(35.2)$
Flood in round 1				-2787.4 $(39.5)$	1853.4 (69.5)	1186.2 (48.1)
Head literate()				4669.9 (33.8)	-5011.2 (27.0)	442.7 (83.2)
TotalImputedValue0		0.2 (27.3)			0.2 (35.1)	
Household size()				3308.8 (1.8)	598.2 (74.8)	1082.8 (3.1)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$	27368 1	36 <u>1</u> 34	22629 35	27368 1	36134	22629 35
T = 3 $T = 4$	17 90	12 121	78 371	17 90	11 121	78 371
$ar{R}^2 N$	0.009 305	0.06 392	0.045 1304	0.046 305	0.059 389	0.052 1304

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Narrow net assets uses only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock. OwnCattle0 is an indicator if a household owned cattle at the baseline. AdiCattle0 is an indicator if a household engaged in the cattle lease-in contract at the baseline. Adi and None subgroups do not own cattle at the baseline. We used net asset values at the baseline NetAssets0 in place of NumCows0 in ANCOVA estimation.

## III.5.13 Cattle holding, experienced vs. inexperienced

		Att	ritIr	)										
Arm			2	3 4	9	Sum								
traditi	ona	1	7	1 20	144	175								
large			5	2 1	192	200								
large g	rac	e 1	2 :	3	171	189								
cattle			5 !	5 13	176	199								
Sum		2	9 14	1 37	683	763								
NumC	OWS													
tee	0	1	2	3	4		5	6	7	8	9	<na></na>	Sum	
2 1	5	309	153	40	11		1	2	0	1	1	197	730	
3	5	337	175	40	16	,	1	2	2	1	0	110	689	
4	4	218	201	54	11		4	2	0	1	1	86	582	
Sum 2	4	864	529	134	38	3	6	6	2	3	2	393	2001	

<sup>2.</sup> P values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level.

```
NumCows0
Cattle
     0
         1 2 3
                      5 Sum
 Adi
    108
         0 0 0 0 0 108
         0
                      0 484
 None 484
            0
                0
                    0
      0 99 30
               5
 Own
                    3
                       1 138
 Sum
    592 99
            30
                       1 730
```

```
[1]
~ + dummyLarge + dummyLargeGrace + dummyCattle
+ NumCows0
+ dummyAdiCattle0
FloodInRd1 + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + NA
dummyAdiCattle0.Large + dummyAdiCattle0.LargeGrace + dummyAdiCattle0.Cattle + NA
[2]
~ + dummyUltraPoor + dummyLargeSize + dummyWithGrace
+ dummyWithGrace + dummyInKind + UDdummyUltraPoor
+ dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor + UDdummyLargeSize.UltraPoor + dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor
+ UDdummyWithGrace.UltraPoor + dummyInKind.UltraPoor + UDdummyInKind.UltraPoor
+ NumCows0
+ dummyAdiCattle0
FloodInRd1 + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + NA
dummyAdiCattle0.LargeSize + dummyAdiCattle0.WithGrace + dummyAdiCattle0.InKind + NA
[3]
~ + dummyLargeSize + dummyWithGrace + dummyInKind
+ NumCows0
+ dummyAdiCattle0
FloodInRd1 + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + NA
dummyAdiCattle0.LargeSize + dummyAdiCattle0.WithGrace + dummyAdiCattle0.InKind + NA
[4]
~ + Time.3 + Time.4 + dummyLarge
+ dummyLarge + dummyLargeGrace + dummyCattle
+ dummyLarge.Time3 + dummyLargeGrace.Time3 + dummyCattle.Time3
+ dummyLarge.Time4 + dummyLargeGrace.Time4 + dummyCattle.Time4
+ NumCows0
+ dummyAdiCattle0
FloodInRd1 + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + NA
dummyAdiCattle0.Large + dummyAdiCattle0.Time3 + dummyAdiCattle0.Large.Time3 + dummyAdiCatt
+ dummyAdiCattle0.Time4 + dummyAdiCattle0.Large.Time4 + dummyAdiCattle0.LargeGrace
```

+ dummyAdiCattle0.LargeGrace.Time3 + dummyAdiCattle0.LargeGrace.Time4 + dummyAdiCattle0.0

```
+ dummyAdiCattle0.Cattle.Time3 + dummyAdiCattle0.Cattle.Time4
[5]
~ + Time.3 + Time.4 + dummyLargeSize
+ dummyLargeSize + dummyWithGrace + dummyInKind
+ dummyLargeSize.Time3 + dummyWithGrace.Time3 + dummyInKind.Time3
+ dummyLargeSize.Time4 + dummyWithGrace.Time4 + dummyInKind.Time4
+ NumCows0
+ dummyAdiCattle0
FloodInRd1 + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + NA
dummyAdiCattle0.Time3 + dummyAdiCattle0.Time4 + dummyAdiCattle0.LargeSize + dummyAdiCattle
+ dummyAdiCattle0.LargeSize.Time3 + dummyAdiCattle0.LargeSize.Time4 + dummyAdiCattle0.Wi
+ dummyAdiCattle0.WithGrace.Time3 + dummyAdiCattle0.WithGrace.Time4 + dummyAdiCattle0.In
+ dummyAdiCattle0.InKind.Time3 + dummyAdiCattle0.InKind.Time4
[6]
~ + Time.3 + Time.4 + dummyLarge
+ dummyLarge + dummyLargeGrace + dummyCattle
+ dummyUltraPoor + dummyLarge.Time3 + dummyLargeGrace.Time3
+ dummyCattle.Time3 + dummyUltraPoor.Time3 + dummyLarge.Time4
+ dummyLargeGrace.Time4 + dummyCattle.Time4 + dummyUltraPoor.Time4
+ dummyLarge.UltraPoor + dummyLargeGrace.UltraPoor + dummyCattle.UltraPoor
+ dummyLarge.UltraPoor.Time3 + dummyLarge.UltraPoor.Time4 + dummyLargeGrace.UltraPoor.Time3
+ dummyLargeGrace.UltraPoor.Time4 + dummyCattle.UltraPoor.Time3 + dummyCattle.UltraPoor.
+ NumCows0
+ dummyAdiCattle0
FloodInRd1 + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + NA
dummyAdiCattle0.Large + dummyAdiCattle0.Time3 + dummyAdiCattle0.Large.Time3 + dummyAdiCatt
+ dummyAdiCattle0.Time4 + dummyAdiCattle0.Large.Time4 + dummyAdiCattle0.LargeGrace
+ dummyAdiCattle0.LargeGrace.Time3 + dummyAdiCattle0.LargeGrace.Time4 + dummyAdiCattle0.
+ dummyAdiCattle0.Cattle.Time3 + dummyAdiCattle0.Cattle.Time4
[7]
  + Time.3 + Time.4 + dummyUltraPoor
+ dummyUltraPoor + dummyLargeSize + dummyWithGrace
+ dummyInKind + dummyUltraPoor.Time3 + dummyLargeSize.Time3
+ dummyWithGrace.Time3 + dummyInKind.Time3 + dummyUltraPoor.Time4
+ dummyLargeSize.Time4 + dummyWithGrace.Time4 + dummyInKind.Time4
+ dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor + dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor + dummyInKind.UltraPoor
+ dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor.Time3 + dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor.Time4 + dummyWithGrace.UltraF
+ dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor.Time4 + dummyInKind.UltraPoor.Time3 + dummyInKind.UltraPoor.T
+ NumCows0
+ dummyAdiCattle0
FloodInRd1 + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + NA
dummyAdiCattle0.Time3 + dummyAdiCattle0.Time4 + dummyAdiCattle0.LargeSize + dummyAdiCattle
```

+ dummyAdiCattle0.LargeSize.Time3 + dummyAdiCattle0.LargeSize.Time4 + dummyAdiCattle0.Wi

+ dummyAdiCattle0.WithGrace.Time3 + dummyAdiCattle0.WithGrace.Time4 + dummyAdiCattle0.InKind.Time3 + dummyAdiCattle0.InKind.Time4

TABLE 123: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF CATTLE HOLDING, CATTLE REARING EXPERIENCES

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(Intercept)		1.49 (0.0)	1.39 (0.0)	1.36 (0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Large	0.273 (0.45)	0.40 (0.8)	0.37 (0.5)	0.37 (0.5)	0.36 (1.0)	0.37 (0.9)
LargeGrace	$0.248 \\ (0.43)$	0.07 (54.7)	0.08 (48.6)	0.09 (43.8)	0.09 (40.1)	0.10 (34.9)
Cattle	0.264 (0.44)	0.00 (98.8)	0.02 (77.7)	0.02 (76.6)	0.02 (79.0)	0.03 (73.0)
AdiCattle0	0.153 (0.36)			0.15 (5.5)	0.14 (9.5)	0.16 (7.5)
AdiCattle0	0.153 (0.36)			0.15 (5.5)	0.14 (9.5)	0.16 (7.5)
Flood in round 1	0.491 (0.50)				0.03 (68.1)	0.03 (74.2)
Head literate()	0.114 (0.32)				0.01 (92.7)	0.02 (84.3)
Number of cattle0	0.266 (0.62)		0.31 (0.2)	0.32 (0.1)	0.31 (0.4)	0.30 (0.3)
Household size()	4.219 (1.43)				0.05 (5.2)	0.05 (5.3)
AdiCattle $0 \times \text{Large}$	0.044 (0.21)					-0.49 (6.6)
AdiCattle0 × LargeGrace	0.028 (0.16)					0.15 (60.5)
$AdiCattle0 \times Cattle$	0.046 (0.21)					-0.18 (44.3)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		2 87	2 87	2 87	2 85	2 85
$\begin{array}{c} T = 3 \\ T = 4 \end{array}$		168 395	168 395	168 395	168 395	168 395
$ar{R}^2 N$	1998	0.031 1608	0.076 1608	0.079 1608	0.08 1606	0.087 1606

Source: Estimated with GUK administrative and survey data.

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Net assets uses only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock. OwnCattle0 is an indicator if a household owned cattle at the baseline. AdiCattle0 is an indicator if a household engaged in the cattle lease-in contract at the baseline.

Table 124: ANCOVA estimation of cattle holding by attributes, cattle rearing experiences

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(Intercept)		1.49 (0.0)	1.39 (0.0)	1.36 (0.0)	1.15 (0.0)	1.14 (0.0)
Unfront	0.785 (0.41)	0.40 (0.8)	0.37 (0.5)	0.37 (0.5)	0.36 (1.0)	0.37 (0.9)
WithGrace	0.512 $(0.50)$	-0.33 (5.6)	-0.29 (4.8)	-0.28 (5.5)	-0.26 (9.1)	-0.27 (8.6)
InKind	0.264 (0.44)	-0.07 (51.5)	-0.06 (58.9)	-0.06 (53.8)	-0.07 (47.7)	-0.08 (45.3)
AdiCattle0	0.153 (0.36)			0.15 (5.5)	0.14 (9.5)	0.16 (7.5)
AdiCattle0	0.153 (0.36)			0.15 (5.5)	0.14 (9.5)	0.16 (7.5)
Flood in round 1	0.491 (0.50)				0.03 (68.1)	0.03 (74.2)
Head literate0	0.114 (0.32)				0.01 (92.7)	0.02 (84.3)
Number of cattle0	0.266 (0.62)		0.31 (0.2)	0.32 (0.1)	0.31 (0.4)	0.30 (0.3)
Household size0	4.219 (1.43)				0.05 (5.2)	0.05 (5.3)
$AdiCattle0 \times Upfront$	0.118 (0.32)					-0.49 (6.6)
AdiCattle0 × WithGrace	0.074 (0.26)					0.64 (2.0)
$AdiCattle0 \times InKind$	0.046 (0.21)					-0.33 (18.3)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		2 87	2 87	2 87	2 85	2 85
$\begin{array}{c} T = 3 \\ T = 4 \end{array}$		168 395	168 395	168 395	168 395	168 395
$ar{R}^2 N$	1998	0.031 1608	0.076 1608	0.079 1608	0.08 1606	0.087 1606

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. Net assets uses only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock. OwnCattle0 is an indicator if a household owned cattle at the baseline. AdiCattle0 is an indicator if a household engaged in the cattle lease-in contract at the baseline.

Table 125: ANCOVA estimation of cattle holding by period, cattle rearing experiences

LE 123. AINCOVA ESTIMA						
covariates (Intercept)	mean/std	(1) 1.47	(2) 1.36	(3)	(4) 1.11	(5) 1.10
	0.273	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0) $0.37$
Large	(0.45)	(0.6)	0.37 (0.4)	0.37 (0.4)	(0.8)	(0.7)
LargeGrace	$0.248 \\ (0.43)$	0.01 (94.3)	$ \begin{array}{c} 0.02 \\ (88.5) \end{array} $	0.03 (81.9)	0.03 (78.5)	0.04 (71.0)
Cattle	0.264 (0.44)	-0.05 (44.1)	-0.03 (72.3)	-0.03 (73.6)	-0.03 (69.5)	-0.03 (74.1)
AdiCattle0	0.153 (0.36)			0.16 (5.0)	0.14 (8.8)	0.16 (5.4)
rd 3	0.348 (0.48)	-0.02 (71.4)	0.00 (96.9)	0.00 (94.6)	0.01 (91.9)	0.00 (93.9)
Large × rd 3	0.094 (0.29)	-0.05 (74.9)	-0.05 (75.5)	-0.05 (75.1)	-0.05 (77.1)	-0.04 (79.1)
LargeGrace × rd 3	0.085 (0.28)	0.19 (28.5)	0.20 (25.5)	0.20 (26.5)	0.20 (26.0)	0.20 (25.9)
Cattle $\times$ rd 3	0.091 (0.29)	0.17 (18.0)	0.16 (23.6)	0.16 (24.1)	0.16 (25.1)	0.16 (23.7)
AdiCattle0 × rd 3	0.054 (0.23)	(10.0)	(23.0)	(24.1)	(23.1)	-0.11 (32.2)
AdiCattle $0 \times \text{Large} \times \text{rd } 3$	0.015					-0.20
AdiCattle0 × LargeGrace × rd 3	(0.12) 0.011 (0.10)					(58.2) -0.39
AdiCattle0 $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 3	(0.10) 0.016 (0.12)					(21.1) -0.13
rd 4	(0.12) 0.326	0.16	0.18	0.19	0.19	(68.4)
Large × rd 4	(0.47) 0.094	(0.9)	(0.5)	(0.4)	(0.4)	(0.4)
LargeGrace × rd 4	(0.29) 0.081	(74.5) 0.40	(79.1) 0.39	(79.1) 0.38	(78.7) 0.40	(80.4) 0.40
Cattle × rd 4	(0.27) 0.085	(3.3)	(3.6)	(3.7)	(3.1)	(2.5) 0.36
AdiCattle0 × rd 4	(0.28) 0.050	(0.8)	(1.1)	(1.1)	(1.1)	(0.9)
AdiCattle $0 \times \text{Large} \times \text{rd } 4$	(0.22) 0.016					(57.0) -0.02
	(0.12)					(94.8)
AdiCattle0 × LargeGrace × rd 4	0.009 (0.09)					-0.10 (87.0)
AdiCattle0 $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 4	0.015 (0.12)					-0.28 (42.8)
AdiCattle0	0.153 (0.36)			0.16 (5.0)	0.14 (8.8)	0.16 (5.4)
AdiCattle $0 \times rd 3$	0.054 $(0.23)$					-0.11 (32.2)
AdiCattle0 × rd 4	0.050 (0.22)					0.10 (57.0)
Flood in round 1	0.491 (0.50)				0.04 (65.7)	0.03 (72.6)
Head literate0	0.114 (0.32)				0.01 (89.0)	0.02 (80.3)
Number of cattle0	0.266 (0.62)		0.31 (0.2)	0.33 (0.1)	0.31 (0.4)	0.30 (0.3)
Household size0	4.219 (1.43)		()	()	0.05 (4.6)	0.05 (4.7)
AdiCattle0 × Large	0.044 (0.21)				(1.0)	-0.47 (6.9)
AdiCattle0 × LargeGrace	0.028 (0.16)					0.21 (44.4)
$AdiCattle0 \times Cattle$	0.046 (0.21)					-0.13 (57.0)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$	(3.21)	2 87	2 87	2 87	2 85	2 85
T = 3 T = 4		168 395	168 395	168 395	168 395	168 395
$ar{R}^2 N$	1998	0.04 1608	0.086 1608	0.089 1608	0.091 1606	0.095 1606

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Net assets uses only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock. OwnCattle0 is an indicator if a household owned cattle at the baseline. AdiCattle0 is an indicator if a household engaged in the cattle lease-in contract at the baseline.

<sup>2.</sup> P values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level.

Table 126: ANCOVA estimation of cattle holding by period, attributes, cattle rearing experiences

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(Intercept)		1.47 (0.0)	1.36 (0.0)	1.33 (0.0)	1.11 (0.0)	1.10 (0.0)
Unfront	0.785 (0.41)	0.39 (0.6)	0.37 (0.4)	0.37 (0.4)	0.35 (0.8)	0.37 (0.7)
WithGrace	0.512 (0.50)	-0.38 (2.6)	-0.35 (1.9)	-0.34 (2.3)	-0.32 (4.0)	-0.33 (3.6)
InKind	0.264 (0.44)	-0.06 (59.8)	-0.05 (68.3)	-0.05 (62.7)	-0.06 (58.3)	-0.07 (53.3)
OwnCattle0	0.195 (0.40)					
AdiCattle0	0.153 (0.36)			0.16 (5.1)	0.14 (8.8)	0.16 (5.4)
AdiCattle $0 \times Upfront$	0.118 (0.32)					-0.47 (6.9)
AdiCattle0 × WithGrace	0.074 (0.26)					0.68 (0.9)
AdiCattle $0 \times InKind$	0.046 (0.21)					-0.34 (16.0)

Table 126: ANCOVA estimation of cattle holding by period, attributes, cattle rearing experiences (continued)

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
rd 3	$0.348 \\ (0.48)$	-0.02 (71.4)	(97.3)	0.00 (95.0)	0.01 (91.9)	0.00 (93.9)
Unfront × rd 3	0.269 (0.44)	-0.05 (74.9)	-0.05 (75.5)	-0.05 (75.1)	-0.05 (77.1)	-0.04 (79.1)
WithGrace × rd 3	0.176 (0.38)	0.24 (17.1)	0.25 (14.2)	0.25 (14.6)	0.25 (15.0)	0.24 (15.6)
InKind × rd 3	0.091 (0.29)	-0.02 (90.7)	-0.05 (75.1)	-0.04 (76.7)	-0.05 (74.0)	-0.04 (78.5)
AdiCattle $0 \times rd 3$	0.054 (0.23)					-0.11 (32.2)
AdiCattle0 × Unfront × rd 3	0.041 (0.20)					-0.20 (58.2)
AdiCattle $0 \times WithGrace \times rd 3$	0.026 (0.16)					-0.19 (53.7)
AdiCattle0 × InKind × rd 3	0.016 (0.12)					0.26 (32.2)
rd 4	0.326 (0.47)	0.16 (1.0)	0.18 (0.5)	0.19 (0.4)	0.19 (0.4)	0.19 (0.4)
Unfront × rd 4	0.260 (0.44)	0.04 (80.3)	0.04 (81.9)	0.04 (81.8)	0.05 (78.7)	0.04 (80.4)
WithGrace × rd 4	0.166 (0.37)	0.36 (7.8)	0.35 (8.3)	0.35 (8.6)	0.35 (8.7)	0.36 (7.0)
InKind × rd 4	0.085 (0.28)	-0.06 (73.2)	-0.05 (77.4)	-0.05 (79.4)	-0.05 (77.9)	-0.05 (78.7)
AdiCattle $0 \times rd 4$	$0.050 \\ (0.22)$					0.10 (57.0)
AdiCattle0 × Unfront × rd 4	0.039 (0.19)					-0.02 (94.8)
AdiCattle0 $\times$ WithGrace $\times$ rd 4	0.024 (0.15)					-0.07 (90.2)
AdiCattle0 × InKind × rd 4	0.015 (0.12)					-0.19 (74.0)
FloodInRd1	0.491 (0.50)				0.04 (65.7)	0.03 (72.6)
Head literate()	0.114 (0.32)				0.01 (89.0)	0.02 (80.3)
NumCattle0	$0.266 \\ (0.62)$		(0.31)	0.32 (0.1)	0.31 (0.4)	$0.30 \\ (0.3)$
HHsize()	4.219 (1.43)				0.05 (4.6)	0.05 (4.7)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		2 85	2 85	2 85	2 85	2 85
T = 3 $T = 4$		168 395	168 395	168 395	168 395	168 395
$ar{R}^2$	1998	0.039 1606	0.083 1606	0.086 1606	0.091 1606	0.095 1606

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Net assets uses only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock. OwnCattle0 is an indicator if a household owned cattle at the baseline. AdiCattle0 is an indicator if a household engaged in the cattle lease-in contract at the baseline.

Table 127: ANCOVA estimation of cattle holding by arm, poverty status, and period, cattle rearing experiences

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(Intercept)		1.52 (0.0)	1.40 (0.0)	1.36 (0.0)	1.12 (0.0)	1.11 (0.0)
Large	0.273 (0.45)	0.42 (0.2)	0.40 (0.1)	0.40 (0.1)	0.38 (0.2)	0.40 (0.2)
LargeGrace	0.248 (0.43)	0.03 (80.7)	0.04 (67.9)	0.05 (60.9)	0.06 (55.9)	0.07 (50.3)
Cattle	0.264	-0.03	0.00	0.00	-0.00	0.00
AdiCattle0	(0.44)	(59.1)	(100.0)	(98.7) 0.18	(98.7)	(98.2) 0.18
UltraPoor	(0.36) 0.630 (0.48)	-0.09	-0.11 (12.2)	(2.0) -0.11	(4.0) -0.11	(2.1) -0.10
Large × UltraPoor	(0.48)	(16.5) -0.25	(13.3) -0.17	(12.2) -0.19	(13.3) -0.18	(16.5) -0.16
LargeGrace × UltraPoor	(0.38)	(17.9)	(33.8)	(29.6)	(33.1)	(37.2)
Cattle × UltraPoor	(0.38) 0.181	(1.9)	(1.0)	(0.9)	(0.5)	(0.4)
rd 3	(0.39)	(21.7) -0.03	(9.6) -0.00	(9.4) -0.00	(6.3)	(6.7) -0.00
Large × rd 3	0.48)	(59.3) -0.03	(93.9) -0.03	(96.1) -0.03	(100.0) -0.03	(99.1) -0.02
LargeGrace × rd 3	(0.29) 0.085	(84.8) 0.24	(82.8)	(82.0) 0.24	(83.5) 0.24	(87.9) 0.24
Cattle × rd 3	(0.28) 0.091	(15.0) 0.19	(15.3) 0.17	(16.4) 0.17	(16.4) 0.17	(16.2) 0.18
UltraPoor × rd 3	(0.29)	(12.3) -0.05	(19.1) -0.04	(19.7) -0.03	(21.0) -0.03	(19.9) -0.02
Large × UltraPoor × rd 3	(0.41) 0.058	(62.8) 0.70	(73.2) 0.65	(77.4) 0.65	(79.6) 0.65	(83.6) 0.67
LargeGrace × UltraPoor × rd 3	(0.23)	(0.6) -0.34	(1.1) -0.32	(1.1)	(1.0) -0.33	(1.0) -0.32
Cattle × UltraPoor × rd 3	(0.24)	(31.3)	(34.6)	(35.8)	(32.9)	(33.1)
AdiCattle $0 \times \text{rd } 3$	(0.24)	(1.7)	(3.7)	(3.3)	(4.2)	(4.2) -0.13
	(0.23)					(26.1) $-0.28$
AdiCattle0 × Large × rd 3	(0.12)					(46.8)
AdiCattle0 × LargeGrace × rd 3	0.011 (0.10)					-0.39 (19.9)
AdiCattle0 $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 3	0.016 (0.12)	0.45	0.10	0.40	0.40	-0.13 (68.0)
rd 4	0.326 (0.47)	0.15 (0.8)	0.18 (0.4)	0.18 (0.3)	0.18 (0.3)	0.18 (0.3)
Large × rd 4	0.094 (0.29)	0.06 (67.8)	0.05 (75.8)	0.05 (76.4)	0.05 (76.7)	0.04 (77.7)
LargeGrace × rd 4	0.081 $(0.27)$	0.41 (2.2)	0.39 (2.9)	0.38 (3.2)	0.40 (2.8)	0.40 (2.6)
Cattle × rd 4	0.085 (0.28)	0.34 (0.9)	0.34 (1.5)	0.34 (1.5)	0.34 (1.6)	0.35 (1.5)
UltraPoor × rd 4	0.211 (0.41)	0.09 (44.6)	0.08 (51.7)	0.09 (46.3)	0.09 (46.0)	0.10 (41.4)
Large $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.060 (0.24)	0.79 (1.9)	0.75 (2.7)	0.74 (2.9)	0.74 (2.9)	0.71 (3.9)
LargeGrace × UltraPoor × rd 4	0.056 (0.23)	-0.16 (65.6)	-0.15 (67.5)	-0.15 (67.9)	-0.15 (67.4)	-0.12 (72.8)
Cattle $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.060 (0.24)	0.46 (9.3)	0.37 (21.0)	0.37 (21.0)	0.35 (24.1)	0.33 (26.9)
AdiCattle0 × rd 4	0.050 (0.22)	()				0.07 (68.6)
AdiCattle $0 \times \text{Large} \times \text{rd } 4$	0.016 (0.12)					-0.08 (85.1)
$AdiCattle0 \times LargeGrace \times rd~4$	0.009 (0.09)					-0.01 (98.6)
AdiCattle0 $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 4	0.015 (0.12)					-0.23 (50.8)
AdiCattle0	0.153			0.18 (2.0)	0.16 (4.0)	0.18
AdiCattle0 × rd 3	(0.36) 0.054 (0.23)			(2.0)	(4.0)	(2.1) $-0.13$
AdiCattle0 × rd 4	(0.23)					(26.1)
Flood in round 1	(0.22) 0.491				0.04	(68.6)
Head literate0	(0.50)				0.01	(67.7) 0.02
Number of cattle0	(0.32) 0.266		0.32	0.34	(89.0)	(79.1)
Household size0	(0.62) 4.219		(0.2)	(0.1)	(0.4) 0.05	(0.3) 0.05
AdiCattle0 × Large	(1.43) 0.044				(2.2)	(2.4) -0.37
AdiCattle0 × LargeGrace	(0.21) 0.028					(10.0) 0.23
AdiCattle0 × Cattle	(0.16) 0.046		170			(39.3) -0.12
mean of dependent variable	(0.21)	2	179	2	2	(61.0)
T=2		2 87	2 87	2 87	2 85	2 85

Table 128: ANCOVA estimation of cattle holding by attributes, poverty status, and period, cattle rearing experiences

EARING EXPERIENCES						
covariates (Intercept)	mean/std	(1) 1.52	(2) 1.40	(3) 1.36	(4) 1.12	(5) 1.11
Unfront	0.785	(0.0)	(0.0) (0.40	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
	(0.41)	(0.2)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.2)	(0.2)
WithGrace	0.512 (0.50)	-0.39 (1.7)	-0.36 (1.0)	-0.34 (1.2)	-0.32 (2.6)	-0.33 (2.5)
InKind	0.264 (0.44)	-0.06 (58.0)	-0.04 (67.9)	-0.05 (61.5)	-0.06 (54.9)	-0.07 (50.6)
AdiCattle0	0.153 (0.36)			0.18 (2.0)	0.16 (4.0)	0.18 (2.1)
UltraPoor -	0.630 (0.48)	-0.09 (16.5)	-0.11 (13.3)	-0.11 (12.2)	-0.11 (13.3)	-0.10 (16.5)
$Upfront \times UltraPoor$	0.524 (0.50)	-0.25 (17.9)	-0.17 (33.8)	-0.19 (29.6)	-0.18 (33.1)	-0.16 (37.2)
WithGrace × UltraPoor	0.352 (0.48)	0.67 (0.2)	0.68 (0.1)	0.70 (0.1)	0.72 (0.1)	0.70 (0.1)
InKind $\times$ UltraPoor	0.181 (0.39)	-0.23 (21.4)	-0.21 (27.9)	-0.21 (26.8)	-0.21 (27.2)	-0.22 (24.5)
rd 3	0.348 (0.48)	-0.03 (59.3)	-0.00 (93.9)	-0.00 (96.1)	(100.0)	-0.00 (99.1)
UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	0.217 (0.41)	-0.05 (62.8)	-0.04 (73.2)	-0.03 (77.4)	-0.03 (79.6)	-0.02 (83.6)
Unfront × rd 3	0.41)	-0.03 (84.8)	-0.03 (82.8)	-0.03 (82.0)	-0.03 (83.5)	-0.02 (87.9)
WithGrace × rd 3	0.176	0.27 (9.2)	0.28	0.27	0.27 (8.3)	0.26
InKind × rd 3	(0.38)	-0.04	(7.7) -0.07 (62.2)	(8.0) -0.06	-0.07	(8.9) -0.06
Upfront × UltraPoor × rd 3	(0.29) 0.179	(75.9)	(62.2)	(64.3)	(62.0)	(65.9)
WithGrace × UltraPoor × rd 3	(0.38)	(0.6) -1.04	(1.1) -0.97	(1.1) -0.96	(1.0) -0.98	(1.0) -0.99
InKind × UltraPoor × rd 3	0.061	(0.4) 0.84	(0.5) 0.78	(0.6) 0.77	(0.4)	(0.4) 0.77
AdiCattle $0 \times rd 3$	(0.24) 0.054	(1.1)	(1.6)	(1.6)	(1.7)	(1.4) -0.13
AdiCattle0 $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 3	(0.23) 0.041					(26.1) -0.28
AdiCattle0 × WithGrace × rd 3	(0.20)					(46.8) -0.12
AdiCattle0 $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 3	(0.16) 0.016					(73.8)
rd 4	(0.12) 0.326	0.15	0.10	0.19	0.19	0.27 (30.7)
	(0.47)	0.15 (0.8)	0.18 (0.4)	0.18 (0.3)	0.18 (0.3)	0.18 (0.3)
UltraPoor × rd 4	0.211 (0.41)	0.09 (44.6)	0.08 (51.7)	0.09 (46.3)	0.09 (46.0)	0.10 (41.4)
Unfront × rd 4	0.260 (0.44)	0.06 (67.8)	0.05 (75.8)	0.05 (76.4)	0.05 (76.7)	0.04 (77.7)
WithGrace × rd 4	$0.166 \\ (0.37)$	0.35 $(6.1)$	$ \begin{array}{c} 0.34 \\ (6.2) \end{array} $	(6.5)	0.35 (5.7)	0.35 (4.8)
InKind × rd 4	0.085 (0.28)	-0.06 (70.4)	-0.05 (78.1)	-0.04 (80.9)	-0.05 (76.4)	-0.05 (78.3)
Upfront $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.176 (0.38)	0.79 (1.9)	0.75 (2.7)	0.74 (2.9)	0.74 (2.9)	0.71 (3.9)
WithGrace × UltraPoor × rd 4	0.116 (0.32)	-0.96 (1.7)	-0.91 (2.0)	-0.89 (2.1)	-0.89 (2.1)	-0.84 (3.0)
$InKind \times UltraPoor \times rd~4$	0.060 (0.24)	0.62 (7.2)	0.53 (13.6)	0.52 (13.6)	0.50 (15.3)	0.46 (18.4)
AdiCattle $0 \times rd 4$	0.050 (0.22)	(7.12)	(10.0)	(15.0)	(10.0)	0.07 (68.6)
AdiCattle0 × Upfront × rd 4	0.039 (0.19)					-0.08
AdiCattle0 × WithGrace × rd 4	0.024					(85.1)
AdiCattle0 × InKind × rd 4	(0.15) 0.015					(91.2) -0.22
AdiCattle0	(0.12) 0.153			0.18	0.16	(69.7) 0.18
AdiCattle0 × rd 3	(0.36) 0.054			(2.0)	(4.0)	(2.1) -0.13
AdiCattle0 × rd 4	(0.23)					(26.1) 0.07
Flood in round 1	(0.22) 0.491				0.04	(68.6) 0.03
Head literate()	(0.50)				(62.4) 0.01	(67.7) 0.02
	(0.32)		0.22	0.24	(89.0)	(79.1)
Number of cattle0	0.266 (0.62)		0.32 (0.2)	0.34 (0.1)	0.32 (0.4)	0.31 (0.3)
Household size0	4.219 (1.43)				0.05 (2.2)	0.05 (2.4)
AdiCattle0 × Upfront	0.118 (0.32)					-0.37 (10.0)
AdiCattle0 × WithGrace	0.074 (0.26)					0.60 (1.2)
$AdiCattle0 \times InKind$	$0.046 \\ (0.21)$		100			-0.34 (15.9)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		2. 87	180 <sub>2.</sub> 87	2. 87	2. 85	2. 85
T = 3		168	168	168	168	168

Table 129: ANCOVA estimation of livestock holding, subsamles by cattle rearing experiences

		mean/std				(1)	
Ξ							
		Adi	Own	None	Adi	Own	None
	(Intercept)				$ \begin{array}{c} 1.65 \\ (0.0) \end{array} $	(0.0)	(0.0)
	Large	0.333 (0.47)	0.342 (0.48)	0.268 (0.44)	-0.05 (84.7)	0.95 (1.3)	0.26 (1.5)
	LargeGrace	0.127 (0.33)	0.268 (0.44)	0.254 $(0.44)$	0.22 (47.7)	0.37 (3.8)	-0.02 (84.3)
	Cattle	0.321 (0.47)	0.200 (0.40)	0.278 (0.45)	-0.12 (60.6)	0.18 (24.0)	-0.01 (90.1)
	Flood in round 1	0.533 (0.50)	0.447 (0.50)	0.393 (0.49)			
	Head literate()	0.133 (0.34)	0.166 (0.37)	0.129 (0.34)			
	Number of cattle0		1.420 (0.71)				
	NetValue0	959.667 (8196.80)	30907.220 (15484.74)	2795.554 (3689.93)			
	Household size0	4.655 (1.17)	4.563 (1.42)	4.346 (1.38)			
	mean of dependent variable $T = 2$				2 13	2 13	1 61
	T = 3 $T = 4$				24 64	16 104	128 227

Table 129: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF LIVESTOCK HOLDING, SUBSAMILES BY CATTLE REARING EXPERIENCES (CONTINUED)

N 165 295 791 253 357 998

		(2)			(3)	
		_			_	
(Intercept)	Adi 1.65 (0.0)	Own 1.24 (0.0)	None 1.42 (0.0)	Adi 1.02 (0.6)	Own 1.37 (1.5)	None 1.24 (0.0)
Large	-0.05 (84.7)	0.92 (1.3)	0.26 (1.5)	-0.12 (65.0)	0.93 (9.5)	0.12 (47.6)
LargeGrace	0.22 (47.7)	0.36 (5.0)	-0.02 (84.3)	0.74 (14.5)	0.19 (48.0)	0.02 (91.8)
Cattle	-0.12 (60.6)	0.19 (24.1)	-0.01 (90.1)	-0.08 (80.4)	0.14 (55.8)	-0.08 (61.7)
Flood in round 1				-0.32 (13.8)	0.06 (82.2)	0.20 (4.5)
Head literate()				0.39 (20.9)	-0.18 (52.1)	-0.01 (92.2)
Number of cattle0		0.22 (11.3)			-0.74 (7.6)	
NetValue0				0.00 (2.4)	0.00 (1.0)	-0.00 (93.8)
Household size0				0.16 (4.1)	0.01 (96.3)	0.04 (26.1)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$	2 13	2 13	1 61	2 8	2 6	1 31
$\begin{array}{c} T = 3 \\ T = 4 \end{array}$	24 64	16 104	128 227	12 35	12 79	83 134
$ar{R}^2 N$	0.006 253	0.085 357	0.024 998	0.074 137	0.086 267	0.024 599

Source: Estimated with GUK administrative and survey data.

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Narrow net assets uses only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock. OwnCattle0 is an indicator if a household owned cattle at the baseline. AdiCattle0 is an indicator if a household engaged in the cattle lease-in contract at the baseline. Adi and None subgroups do not own cattle at the baseline. We used net asset values at the baseline NetAssets0 in place of NumCows0 in ANCOVA estimation.

Table 130: ANCOVA estimation of livestock holding by attributes, subsamles by cattle rearing experiences

		mean/std			(1)	
	Adi	Own	None	Adi	Own	None
(Intercept)				1.65 (0.0)	1.54 (0.0)	1.42 (0.0)
Unfront	0.782 (0.41)	0.810 (0.39)	0.800 (0.40)	-0.05 (84.7)	0.95 (1.3)	0.26 (1.5)
WithGrace	0.448 (0.50)	0.468 (0.50)	0.532 (0.50)	0.27 (34.0)	-0.58 (14.1)	-0.28 (1.3)
InKind	0.321 (0.47)	0.200 (0.40)	0.278 (0.45)	-0.34 (21.0)	-0.19 (28.5)	0.01 (91.2)
Flood in round 1	0.533 (0.50)	0.447 (0.50)	0.393 (0.49)			
Head literate()	0.133 (0.34)	0.166 (0.37)	0.129 (0.34)			
Number of cattle0		1.420 (0.71)				
NetValue()	959.667 (8196.80)	30907.220 (15484.74)	2795.554 (3689.93)			
Household size0	4.655 (1.17)	4.563 (1.42)	4.346 (1.38)			
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$				2 13	2 13	1 61
T = 3 T = 4				24 64	16 104	128 227
$ar{R}^2 N$	165	295	791	0.006 253	0.074 357	0.024 998

Table 130: ANCOVA estimation of Livestock holding by attributes, subsamles by cattle rearing experiences (continued)

		(2)			(3)	
(Intercept)	Adi 1.65 (0.0)	Own 1.24 (0.0)	None 1.42 (0.0)	Adi 1.02 (0.6)	Own 1.37 (1.5)	None 1.24 (0.0)
Unfront	-0.05 (84.7)	0.92 (1.3)	0.26 (1.5)	-0.12 (65.0)	0.93 (9.5)	0.12 (47.6)
WithGrace	0.27 (34.0)	-0.56 (13.5)	-0.28 (1.3)	0.86 (5.8)	-0.74 (21.8)	-0.10 (44.0)
InKind	-0.34 (21.0)	-0.17 (36.4)	0.01 (91.2)	-0.82 (8.5)	-0.05 (84.0)	-0.09 (39.5)
Flood in round 1				-0.32 (13.8)	0.06 (82.2)	0.20 (4.5)
Head literate()				0.39 (20.9)	-0.18 (52.1)	-0.01 (92.2)
Number of cattle0		0.22 (11.3)			-0.74 (7.6)	
NetValue0				0.00 (2.4)	0.00 (1.0)	-0.00 (93.8)
Household size0				0.16 (4.1)	0.01 (96.3)	0.04 (26.1)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$	2 13	2 13	1 61	2 8	$\frac{2}{6}$	1 31
T = 3 T = 4	24 64	16 104	128 227	12 35	12 79	83 134
$ar{R}^2 N$	0.006 253	0.085 357	0.024 998	0.074 137	0.086 267	0.024 599

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. Narrow net assets uses only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock. OwnCattle0 is an indicator if a household owned cattle at the baseline. AdiCattle0 is an indicator if a household engaged in the cattle lease-in contract at the baseline. Adi and None subgroups do not own cattle at the baseline. We used net asset values at the baseline NetAssets0 in place of NumCows0 in ANCOVA estimation.

Table 131: ANCOVA estimation of livestock holding by period, subsamles by cattle rearing experiences

	mean/std			(1)			
	Adi	Own	None	Adi	Own	None	
(Intercept)				1.60 (0.0)	1.50 (0.0)	1.41 (0.0)	
Large	0.333 (0.47)	0.342 (0.48)	0.268 (0.44)	-0.02 (91.5)	0.92 (0.9)	0.25 (3.1)	
LargeGrace	0.127 (0.33)	0.268 (0.44)	0.254 (0.44)	0.22 (45.2)	0.37 (3.8)	-0.13 (28.3)	
Cattle	0.321 (0.47)	0.200 (0.40)	0.278 (0.45)	-0.12 (56.3)	0.13 (40.1)	-0.08 (38.6)	
rd 3	0.352 (0.48)	0.346 (0.48)	0.349 (0.48)	-0.09 (37.2)	0.04 (73.8)	0.01 (90.1)	
Large × rd 3	0.115 (0.32)	0.115 (0.32)	0.091 (0.29)	-0.23 (56.4)	0.10 (75.9)	-0.01 (92.5)	
LargeGrace × rd 3	0.048 $(0.22)$	0.092 (0.29)	$0.088 \\ (0.28)$	-0.15 (62.1)	0.07 (83.8)	0.35 (5.9)	
Cattle $\times$ rd 3	0.109 (0.31)	0.071 (0.26)	0.095 (0.29)	0.04 (91.4)	0.29 (30.4)	0.18 (17.1)	
rd 4	0.315 (0.47)	0.319 (0.47)	0.327 (0.47)	0.27 (10.6)	0.14 (29.1)	0.17 (0.6)	
Large × rd 4	0.115 (0.32)	0.112 (0.32)	0.091 (0.29)	-0.00 (99.8)	0.19 (63.0)	0.05 (75.3)	
LargeGrace × rd 4	0.036 (0.19)	0.088 (0.28)	0.083 (0.28)	0.30 (58.7)	-0.08 (83.4)	0.61 (0.2)	
Cattle $\times$ rd 4	0.103 (0.30)	0.061 (0.24)	0.091 (0.29)	0.10 (79.1)	0.38 (20.0)	0.42 (0.2)	
Flood in round 1	0.533 (0.50)	0.447 (0.50)	0.393 (0.49)				
Head literate()	0.133 (0.34)	0.166 (0.37)	0.129 (0.34)				
Number of cattle0		1.420 (0.71)					
NetValue0	959.667 (8196.80)	30907.220 (15484.74)	2795.554 (3689.93)				
Household size0	4.655 (1.17)	4.563 (1.42)	4.346 (1.38)				
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$				2 13	2 13	1 61	
$\begin{array}{c} T = 3 \\ T = 4 \end{array}$				24 64	16 104	128 227	
$ar{R}^2 N$	165	295	791	0.007 253	0.058 357	0.05 998	

TABLE 131: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF LIVESTOCK HOLDING BY PERIOD, SUBSAMLES BY CATTLE REARING EXPERIENCES (CONTINUED)

		(2)			(3)	
(Intercept)	Adi 1.60	Own 1.20	None 1.41	Adi 0.98	Own 1.35	None 1.29
Large	(0.0) -0.02 (91.5)	(0.0) 0.89 (0.9)	(0.0) 0.25 (3.1)	(1.9) -0.03 (91.7)	(2.2) 0.89 (9.1)	(0.0) 0.07 (68.4)
LargeGrace	0.22 (45.2)	0.36 (6.1)	-0.13 (28.3)	0.59 (16.6)	0.20 (50.0)	-0.09 (56.8)
Cattle	-0.12 (56.3)	0.14 (40.9)	-0.08 (38.6)	-0.05 (87.2)	0.10 (68.2)	-0.17 (25.6)
rd 3	-0.09 (37.2)	0.04 (72.2)	0.01 (90.1)	-0.16 (32.4)	-0.00 (96.9)	-0.06 (33.0)
Large × rd 3	-0.23 (56.4)	0.11 (73.9)	-0.01 (92.5)	-0.54 (29.2)	0.20 (57.5)	0.20 (28.8)
LargeGrace × rd 3	-0.15 (62.1)	0.11 (75.6)	0.35 (5.9)	0.12 (75.0)	0.06 (88.2)	0.33 (7.1)
Cattle $\times$ rd 3	0.04 (91.4)	0.30 (28.4)	0.18 (17.1)	-0.16 (68.7)	0.24 (37.3)	0.30 (7.4)
rd 4	0.27 (10.6)	0.14 (29.1)	0.17 (0.6)	0.38 (23.0)	0.09 (48.6)	0.10 (11.3)
Large × rd 4	-0.00 (99.8)	0.18 (64.6)	0.05 (75.3)	-0.21 (69.5)	0.15 (71.1)	0.16 (37.2)
LargeGrace × rd 4	0.30 (58.7)	-0.07 (84.0)	0.61 (0.2)	1.37 (21.6)	-0.18 (61.3)	0.58 (0.3)
Cattle $\times$ rd 4	0.10 (79.1)	0.41 (16.8)	0.42 (0.2)	-0.06 (87.6)	0.20 (48.5)	0.47 (0.7)
Flood in round 1				-0.35 (15.2)	0.06 (83.1)	0.20 (4.5)
Head literate0				0.39 (22.1)	-0.18 (53.7)	0.00 (97.7)
Number of cattle0		0.23 (10.6)			-0.74 (8.2)	
NetValue0				0.00 (1.8)	0.00 (1.2)	-0.00 (89.4)
Household size0				0.16 (5.3)	0.01 (94.8)	0.04 (23.8)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$	2 13	2 13	1 61	2 8	2 6	1 31
T = 3 T = 4	24 64	16 104	128 227	12 35	12 79	83 134
$ar{R}^2 N$	0.007 253	0.07 357	0.05 998	0.094 137	0.06 267	0.035 599

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodlnRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Narrow net assets uses only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock. OwnCattle0 is an indicator if a household owned cattle at the baseline. AdiCattle0 is an indicator if a household engaged in the cattle lease-in contract at the baseline. Adi and None subgroups do not own cattle at the baseline. We used net asset values at the baseline NetAssets0 in place of NumCows0 in ANCOVA estimation.

Table 132: ANCOVA estimation of livestock holding by attributes and period, subsamles by cattle rearing experiences

	mean/std				(1)	
	Adi	Own	None	Adi	Own	None
(Intercept)				1.60 (0.0)	1.50 (0.0)	1.41 (0.0)
Unfront	0.782 (0.41)	0.810 (0.39)	0.800 (0.40)	-0.02 (91.5)	0.92 (0.9)	0.25 (3.1)
WithGrace	0.448 (0.50)	0.468 (0.50)	0.532 (0.50)	0.24 (35.7)	-0.55 (12.7)	-0.38 (0.3)
InKind	0.321 (0.47)	0.200 (0.40)	0.278 (0.45)	-0.34 (20.2)	-0.24 (16.6)	0.05 (66.3)
rd 3	0.352 (0.48)	0.346 (0.48)	0.349 (0.48)	-0.09 (37.2)	0.04 (73.8)	0.01 (90.1)
Unfront $\times$ rd 3	0.273 (0.45)	0.278 (0.45)	0.274 (0.45)	-0.23 (56.4)	0.10 (75.9)	-0.01 (92.5)
WithGrace $\times$ rd 3	0.158 (0.37)	0.163 (0.37)	0.183 (0.39)	0.07 (78.5)	-0.03 (93.8)	0.36 (5.5)
InKind × rd 3	0.109 (0.31)	0.071 (0.26)	0.095 (0.29)	0.19 (31.1)	0.21 (50.0)	-0.17 (32.0)
rd 4	0.315 (0.47)	0.319 (0.47)	0.327 (0.47)	0.27 (10.6)	0.14 (29.1)	0.17 (0.6)
Unfront × rd 4	0.255 (0.44)	0.261 (0.44)	0.265 (0.44)	-0.00 (99.8)	0.19 (63.0)	0.05 (75.3)
WithGrace × rd 4	0.139 (0.35)	0.149 (0.36)	0.174 (0.38)	0.30 (57.8)	-0.27 (53.1)	0.56 (0.6)
InKind × rd 4	0.103 (0.30)	0.061 (0.24)	0.091 (0.29)	-0.20 (70.0)	0.45 (17.4)	-0.19 (31.6)
Flood in round 1	0.533 (0.50)	0.447 (0.50)	0.393 (0.49)			
Head literate()	0.133 (0.34)	0.166 (0.37)	0.129 (0.34)			
Number of cattle0		1.420 (0.71)				
NetValue0	959.667 (8196.80)	30907.220 (15484.74)	2795.554 (3689.93)			
Household size0	4.655 (1.17)	4.563 (1.42)	4.346 (1.38)			
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$				2 13	2 13	1 61
$\begin{array}{c} T = 3 \\ T = 4 \end{array}$				24 64	16 104	128 227
$ar{R}^2 N$	165	295	791	0.007 253	0.058 357	0.05 998

TABLE 132: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF LIVESTOCK HOLDING BY ATTRIBUTES AND PERIOD, SUBSAMLES BY CATTLE REARING EXPERIENCES (CONTINUED)

		(2)			(3)	
(Intercept)	Adi 1.60 (0.0)	Own 1.20 (0.0)	None 1.41 (0.0)	Adi 0.98 (1.9)	Own 1.35 (2.2)	None 1.29 (0.0)
Upfront	-0.02 (91.5)	0.89 (0.9)	0.25 (3.1)	-0.03 (91.7)	0.89 (9.1)	0.07 (68.4)
WithGrace	0.24 (35.7)	-0.53 (12.2)	-0.38 (0.3)	0.62 (9.5)	-0.70 (22.8)	-0.16 (23.6)
InKind	-0.34 (20.2)	-0.21 (23.1)	0.05 (66.3)	-0.64 (11.1)	-0.09 (73.1)	-0.08 (44.4)
rd 3	-0.09 (37.2)	0.04 (72.2)	0.01 (90.1)	-0.16 (32.4)	-0.00 (96.9)	-0.06 (33.0)
Upfront × rd 3	-0.23 (56.4)	0.11 (73.9)	-0.01 (92.5)	-0.54 (29.2)	0.20 (57.5)	0.20 (28.8)
WithGrace $\times$ rd 3	0.07 (78.5)	0.00 (99.5)	0.36 (5.5)	0.66 (15.0)	-0.15 (69.3)	0.14 (43.6)
InKind × rd 3	0.19 (31.1)	0.19 (56.9)	-0.17 (32.0)	-0.28 (44.1)	0.19 (55.1)	-0.04 (82.1)
rd 4	0.27 (10.6)	0.14 (29.1)	0.17 (0.6)	0.38 (23.0)	0.09 (48.6)	0.10 (11.3)
Unfront × rd 4	-0.00 (99.8)	0.18 (64.6)	0.05 (75.3)	-0.21 (69.5)	0.15 (71.1)	0.16 (37.2)
WithGrace $\times$ rd 4	0.30 (57.8)	-0.26 (54.7)	$0.56 \\ (0.6)$	1.57 (16.1)	-0.33 (44.0)	0.42 (2.4)
InKind × rd 4	-0.20 (70.0)	0.49 (16.1)	-0.19 (31.6)	-1.43 (19.2)	0.38 (22.9)	-0.11 (53.7)
Flood in round 1				-0.35 (15.2)	0.06 (83.1)	0.20 (4.5)
Head literate0				0.39 (22.1)	-0.18 (53.7)	0.00 (97.7)
Number of cattle0		0.23 (10.6)			-0.74 (8.2)	
NetValue0				0.00 (1.8)	0.00 (1.2)	-0.00 (89.4)
Household size0				0.16 (5.3)	0.01 (94.8)	0.04 (23.8)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$	2 13	2 13	1 61	$\frac{2}{8}$	2 6	1 31
T = 3 $T = 4$	24 64	16 104	128 227	12 35	12 79	83 134
$rac{ar{R}^2}{N}$	0.007 253	0.07 357	0.05 998	0.094 137	0.06 267	0.035 599

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Narrow net assets uses only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock. OwnCattle0 is an indicator if a household owned cattle at the baseline. AdiCattle0 is an indicator if a household engaged in the cattle lease-in contract at the baseline. Adi and None subgroups do not own cattle at the baseline. We used net asset values at the baseline NetAssets0 in place of NumCows0 in ANCOVA estimation.

2. P values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level.

# IV Estimation using complete panel HHs in household assets

This section uses subsample limited to households which gives complete panel of household assets.

### IV.1 Assets

### IV.1.1 Productive assets

Productive assets are sorveyed consistently across rounds, except hand pumps that were asked only in round 1. Major productive assets (above 300 entries) are bees-box, cage incubator, dheki, fishing net, ginning machine, hand pump, sickle/dao/axe/spade. Bee boxes have increased dramat-

ically from round 2. Sickles/dao/axes/spades and fishing nets have decreased dramatically since round 2. These indicate that household production may have shifted to more domestic-oriented tasks. There is no indication that productive asset holding related to cattle rearing has increased.

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Error in file(filename, "r", encoding = encoding): コネクションを開くことができません
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[1] excl
[[1]]
PAssetAmount ~ dummyLarge + dummyLargeGrace + dummyCattle
PAssetAmount ~ dummyLarge + dummyLargeGrace + dummyCattle + PAssetAmount0
[[3]]
PAssetAmount ~ FloodInRd1 + dummyLarge + dummyLargeGrace + dummyCattle +
   HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + PAssetAmount0
PAssetAmount ~ FloodInRd1 + dummyLarge + dummyLargeGrace + dummyCattle +
    dummyHadCows + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + PAssetAmount0 +
    dummyHadCows.Large + dummyHadCows.LargeGrace + dummyHadCows.Cattle
[[5]]
PAssetAmount ~ FloodInRd1 + dummyLarge + dummyLargeGrace + dummyCattle +
   HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + PAssetAmount0 + NumCows0
ΓΓ6]]
PAssetAmount ~ FloodInRd1 + dummyLarge + dummyLargeGrace + dummyCattle +
    dummyHadCows + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + PAssetAmount0 +
   NumCows0 + dummyHadCows.Large + dummyHadCows.LargeGrace +
    dummyHadCows.Cattle
[1] exclP
[[1]]
PAssetAmount ~ dummyUltraPoor + dummyLargeSize + dummyWithGrace +
    dummyInKind + dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor + dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor +
    dummyInKind.UltraPoor
PAssetAmount ~ dummyUltraPoor + dummyLargeSize + dummyWithGrace +
    dummyInKind + PAssetAmount0 + dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor +
    dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor + dummyInKind.UltraPoor
[[3]]
PAssetAmount ~ FloodInRd1 + dummyUltraPoor + dummyLargeSize +
    dummyWithGrace + dummyInKind + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 +
    PAssetAmount0 + dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor + dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor +
    dummyInKind.UltraPoor
PAssetAmount ~ FloodInRd1 + dummyUltraPoor + dummyLargeSize +
    dummyWithGrace + dummyInKind + dummyHadCows + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 +
    PAssetAmount0 + dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor + dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor +
    dummyInKind.UltraPoor + dummyHadCows.LargeSize + dummyHadCows.WithGrace +
    dummyHadCows.InKind
[[5]]
PAssetAmount ~ FloodInRd1 + dummyUltraPoor + dummyLargeSize +
    dummyWithGrace + dummyInKind + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 +
    PAssetAmount0 + NumCows0 + dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor + dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor +
    dummyInKind.UltraPoor
```

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[[6]]
PAssetAmount ~ FloodInRd1 + dummyUltraPoor + dummyLargeSize +
    dummyWithGrace + dummyInKind + dummyHadCows + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 +
    PAssetAmount0 + NumCows0 + dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor + dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor +
    dummyInKind.UltraPoor + dummyHadCows.LargeSize + dummyHadCows.WithGrace +
    dummvHadCows.InKind
[1] excla
[[1]]
PAssetAmount ~ dummyLargeSize + dummyWithGrace + dummyInKind
PAssetAmount ~ dummyLargeSize + dummyWithGrace + dummyInKind +
   PAssetAmount0
[[3]]
PAssetAmount ~ FloodInRd1 + dummyLargeSize + dummyWithGrace +
    dummyInKind + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + PAssetAmount0
ΓΓ4]]
PAssetAmount ~ FloodInRd1 + dummyLargeSize + dummyWithGrace +
    dummyInKind + dummyHadCows + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + PAssetAmount0 +
    dummyHadCows.LargeSize + dummyHadCows.WithGrace + dummyHadCows.InKind
[[5]]
PAssetAmount ~ FloodInRd1 + dummyLargeSize + dummyWithGrace +
    dummyInKind + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + PAssetAmount0 + NumCows0
PAssetAmount ~ FloodInRd1 + dummyLargeSize + dummyWithGrace +
    dummyInKind + dummyHadCows + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + PAssetAmount0 +
    NumCows0 + dummyHadCows.LargeSize + dummyHadCows.WithGrace +
    dummyHadCows.InKind
[1] exclT
[[1]]
PAssetAmount ~ Time.3 + Time.4 + dummyLarge + dummyLargeGrace +
    dummyCattle + dummyLarge.Time3 + dummyLargeGrace.Time3 +
    dummyCattle.Time3 + dummyLarge.Time4 + dummyLargeGrace.Time4 +
    dummyCattle.Time4
[[2]]
PAssetAmount ~ Time.3 + Time.4 + dummyLarge + dummyLargeGrace +
    dummyCattle + dummyLarge.Time3 + dummyLargeGrace.Time3 +
    dummyCattle.Time3 + dummyLarge.Time4 + dummyLargeGrace.Time4 +
    dummyCattle.Time4 + PAssetAmount0
[[3]]
PAssetAmount ~ FloodInRd1 + Time.3 + Time.4 + dummyLarge + dummyLargeGrace +
    dummyCattle + dummyLarge.Time3 + dummyLargeGrace.Time3 +
    dummyCattle.Time3 + dummyLarge.Time4 + dummyLargeGrace.Time4 +
    dummyCattle.Time4 + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + PAssetAmount0
[[4]]
PAssetAmount ~ FloodInRd1 + Time.3 + Time.4 + dummyLarge + dummyLargeGrace +
    dummyCattle + dummyLarge.Time3 + dummyLargeGrace.Time3 +
    dummyCattle.Time3 + dummyLarge.Time4 + dummyLargeGrace.Time4 +
    dummyCattle.Time4 + dummyHadCows + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 +
    PAssetAmount0 + dummyHadCows.Large + dummyHadCows.Time3 +
    dummyHadCows.Large.Time3 + dummyHadCows.Time4 + dummyHadCows.Large.Time4 +
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dummyHadCows.LargeGrace + dummyHadCows.LargeGrace.Time3 +
    dummyHadCows.LargeGrace.Time4 + dummyHadCows.Cattle + dummyHadCows.Cattle.Time3 +
    dummyHadCows.Cattle.Time4
[[5]]
PAssetAmount ~ FloodInRd1 + Time.3 + Time.4 + dummyLarge + dummyLargeGrace +
    dummyCattle + dummyLarge.Time3 + dummyLargeGrace.Time3 +
    dummyCattle.Time3 + dummyLarge.Time4 + dummyLargeGrace.Time4 +
    dummyCattle.Time4 + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + PAssetAmount0 +
   NumCows0
[[6]]
PAssetAmount ~ FloodInRd1 + Time.3 + Time.4 + dummyLarge + dummyLargeGrace +
    dummyCattle + dummyLarge.Time3 + dummyLargeGrace.Time3 +
    dummyCattle.Time3 + dummyLarge.Time4 + dummyLargeGrace.Time4 +
    dummyCattle.Time4 + dummyHadCows + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 +
    PAssetAmount0 + NumCows0 + dummyHadCows.Large + dummyHadCows.Time3 +
    dummyHadCows.Large.Time3 + dummyHadCows.Time4 + dummyHadCows.Large.Time4 +
    dummyHadCows.LargeGrace + dummyHadCows.LargeGrace.Time3 +
    dummyHadCows.LargeGrace.Time4 + dummyHadCows.Cattle + dummyHadCows.Cattle.Tilme3 +
    dummyHadCows.Cattle.Time4
[1] exclTa
[[1]]
PAssetAmount ~ Time.3 + Time.4 + dummyLargeSize + dummyWithGrace +
    dummyInKind + dummyLargeSize.Time3 + dummyWithGrace.Time3 +
    dummyInKind.Time3 + dummyLargeSize.Time4 + dummyWithGrace.Time4 +
    dummyInKind.Time4
PAssetAmount ~ Time.3 + Time.4 + dummyLargeSize + dummyWithGrace +
    dummyInKind + dummyLargeSize.Time3 + dummyWithGrace.Time3 +
    dummyInKind.Time3 + dummyLargeSize.Time4 + dummyWithGrace.Time4 +
    dummyInKind.Time4 + PAssetAmount0
[[3]]
PAssetAmount ~ FloodInRd1 + Time.3 + Time.4 + dummyLargeSize +
    dummyWithGrace + dummyInKind + dummyLargeSize.Time3 + dummyWithGrace.Time3 +
    dummyInKind.Time3 + dummyLargeSize.Time4 + dummyWithGrace.Time4 +
    dummyInKind.Time4 + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + PAssetAmount0
[[4]]
PAssetAmount ~ FloodInRd1 + Time.3 + Time.4 + dummyLargeSize +
    dummyWithGrace + dummyInKind + dummyLargeSize.Time3 + dummyWithGrace.Time3 +
    dummyInKind.Time3 + dummyLargeSize.Time4 + dummyWithGrace.Time4 +
    dummyInKind.Time4 + dummyHadCows + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 +
    PAssetAmount0 + dummyHadCows.Time3 + dummyHadCows.Time4 +
    dummyHadCows.LargeSize + dummyHadCows.LargeSize.Time3 + dummyHadCows.LargeSize.Time4 -
    dummyHadCows.WithGrace + dummyHadCows.WithGrace.Time3 + dummyHadCows.WithGrace.Time4 -
    dummyHadCows.InKind + dummyHadCows.InKind.Time3 + dummyHadCows.InKind.Time4
PAssetAmount ~ FloodInRd1 + Time.3 + Time.4 + dummyLargeSize +
    dummyWithGrace + dummyInKind + dummyLargeSize.Time3 + dummyWithGrace.Time3 +
    dummyInKind.Time3 + dummyLargeSize.Time4 + dummyWithGrace.Time4 +
    dummyInKind.Time4 + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + PAssetAmount0 +
   NumCows0
[[6]]
PAssetAmount ~ FloodInRd1 + Time.3 + Time.4 + dummyLargeSize +
    dummyWithGrace + dummyInKind + dummyLargeSize.Time3 + dummyWithGrace.Time3 +
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dummyInKind.Time3 + dummyLargeSize.Time4 + dummyWithGrace.Time4 +
    dummyInKind.Time4 + dummyHadCows + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 +
    PAssetAmount0 + NumCows0 + dummyHadCows.Time3 + dummyHadCows.Time4 +
    dummyHadCows.LargeSize + dummyHadCows.LargeSize.Time3 + dummyHadCows.LargeSize.Time4 -
    dummyHadCows.WithGrace + dummyHadCows.WithGrace.Time3 + dummyHadCows.WithGrace.Time4 -
    dummyHadCows.InKind + dummyHadCows.InKind.Time3 + dummyHadCows.InKind.Time4
[1] exclTPa
[[1]]
PAssetAmount ~ Time.3 + Time.4 + dummyUltraPoor + dummyLargeSize +
    dummyWithGrace + dummyInKind + dummyUltraPoor.Time3 + dummyLargeSize.Time3 +
    dummyWithGrace.Time3 + dummyInKind.Time3 + dummyUltraPoor.Time4 +
    dummyLargeSize.Time4 + dummyWithGrace.Time4 + dummyInKind.Time4 +
    dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor + dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor + dummyInKind.UltraPoor |+
    dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor.Time3 + dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor.Time4 +
    dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor.Time3 + dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor.Time4 +
    dummyInKind.UltraPoor.Time3 + dummyInKind.UltraPoor.Time4
ΓΓ2]]
PAssetAmount ~ Time.3 + Time.4 + dummyUltraPoor + dummyLargeSize +
    dummyWithGrace + dummyInKind + dummyUltraPoor.Time3 + dummyLargeSize.Time3 +
    dummyWithGrace.Time3 + dummyInKind.Time3 + dummyUltraPoor.Time4 +
    dummyLargeSize.Time4 + dummyWithGrace.Time4 + dummyInKind.Time4 +
    PAssetAmount0 + dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor + dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor +
    dummyInKind.UltraPoor + dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor.Time3 +
    dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor.Time4 + dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor.Time3 +
    dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor.Time4 + dummyInKind.UltraPoor.Time3 +
    dummyInKind.UltraPoor.Time4
[[3]]
PAssetAmount ~ FloodInRd1 + Time.3 + Time.4 + dummyUltraPoor +
    dummyLargeSize + dummyWithGrace + dummyInKind + dummyUltraPoor.Time3 +
    dummyLargeSize.Time3 + dummyWithGrace.Time3 + dummyInKind.Time3 +
    dummyUltraPoor.Time4 + dummyLargeSize.Time4 + dummyWithGrace.Time4 +
    dummyInKind.Time4 + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + PAssetAmount0 +
    dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor + dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor + dummyInKind.UltraPoor
    dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor.Time3 + dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor.Time4 +
    dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor.Time3 + dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor.Time4 +
    dummyInKind.UltraPoor.Time3 + dummyInKind.UltraPoor.Time4
ΓΓ4]]
PAssetAmount ~ FloodInRd1 + Time.3 + Time.4 + dummyUltraPoor +
    dummyLargeSize + dummyWithGrace + dummyInKind + dummyUltraPoor.Time3 +
    dummyLargeSize.Time3 + dummyWithGrace.Time3 + dummyInKind.Time3 +
    dummyUltraPoor.Time4 + dummyLargeSize.Time4 + dummyWithGrace.Time4 +
    dummyInKind.Time4 + dummyHadCows + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 +
    PAssetAmount0 + dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor + dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor +
    dummyInKind.UltraPoor + dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor.Time3 +
    dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor.Time4 + dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor.Time3 +
    dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor.Time4 + dummyInKind.UltraPoor.Time3 +
    dummyInKind.UltraPoor.Time4 + dummyHadCows.Time3 + dummyHadCows.Time4 +
    dummyHadCows.LargeSize + dummyHadCows.LargeSize.Time3 + dummyHadCows.LargeSize.Time4 -
    dummyHadCows.WithGrace + dummyHadCows.WithGrace.Time3 + dummyHadCows.WithGrace.Time4 -
    dummyHadCows.InKind + dummyHadCows.InKind.Time3 + dummyHadCows.InKind.Time4
PAssetAmount ~ FloodInRd1 + Time.3 + Time.4 + dummyUltraPoor +
    dummyLargeSize + dummyWithGrace + dummyInKind + dummyUltraPoor.Time3 +
    dummyLargeSize.Time3 + dummyWithGrace.Time3 + dummyInKind.Time3 +
    dummyUltraPoor.Time4 + dummyLargeSize.Time4 + dummyWithGrace.Time4 +
```

dummyInKind.Time4 + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 + PAssetAmount0 +

```
NumCows0 + dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor + dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor +
    dummyInKind.UltraPoor + dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor.Time3 +
    dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor.Time4 + dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor.Time3 +
    dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor.Time4 + dummyInKind.UltraPoor.Time3 +
    dummyInKind.UltraPoor.Time4
[[6]]
PAssetAmount ~ FloodInRd1 + Time.3 + Time.4 + dummyUltraPoor +
    dummyLargeSize + dummyWithGrace + dummyInKind + dummyUltraPoor.Time3 +
    dummyLargeSize.Time3 + dummyWithGrace.Time3 + dummyInKind.Time3 +
    dummyUltraPoor.Time4 + dummyLargeSize.Time4 + dummyWithGrace.Time4 +
    dummyInKind.Time4 + dummyHadCows + HHsize0 + HeadLiteracy0 +
   PAssetAmount0 + NumCows0 + dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor + dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor +
    dummyInKind.UltraPoor + dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor.Time3 +
    dummyLargeSize.UltraPoor.Time4 + dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor.Time3 +
    dummyWithGrace.UltraPoor.Time4 + dummyInKind.UltraPoor.Time3 +
    dummyInKind.UltraPoor.Time4 + dummyHadCows.Time3 + dummyHadCows.Time4 +
    dummyHadCows.LargeSize + dummyHadCows.LargeSize.Time3 + dummyHadCows.LargeSize.Time4 -
    dummyHadCows.WithGrace + dummyHadCows.WithGrace.Time3 + dummyHadCows.WithGrace.Time4 -
    dummyHadCows.InKind + dummyHadCows.InKind.Time3 + dummyHadCows.InKind.Time4
```

```
Error in `geom_boxplot()`:
! Problem while computing aesthetics.
i Error occurred in the 1st layer.
Caused by error:
! オブジェクト 'PAssetAmount' がありません
```

```
Error in `geom_boxplot()`:
! Problem while computing aesthetics.
i Error occurred in the 1st layer.
Caused by error:
! オブジェクト 'PAssetAmount' がありません
```

### FIGURE 27: PRODUCTIVE ASSET HOLDING

Source: Survey data.

Note:

Productive assets are bees-box, brooder, cage incubator, country boat, deep tube well, dheki, done/swing basket, engine boat, fishing net, ginning machine, gola (grain storage), hand pump, husking machine, jata, ladder(moi), other, specify, plough and yoke, power pump, power tiller, rickshaw, rower pump, saw, sewing machine, shallow tube well, sickle/dao/axe/spade, spray, thresher, tractor, treddle pump, weeder.

TABLE 133: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF PRODUCTIVE ASSETS

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(Intercept)		571.2 (0.0)	200.4 (16.1)	313.7 (30.8)	358.2 (33.6)	331.2 (33.9)
Large	0.021 (0.45)	1237.9 (3.5)	1163.6 (4.1)	1281.1 (2.8)	1526.2 (2.5)	1354.3 (2.7)
LargeGrace	0.002 (0.43)	792.4 (9.4)	653.4 (16.0)	609.1 (17.9)	667.1 (17.8)	644.3 (15.7)
Cattle	0.017 (0.44)	148.0 (40.0)	187.7 (32.3)	253.7 (23.5)	291.3 (21.4)	350.6 (13.7)
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)				88.4 (83.9)	
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)				88.4 (83.9)	
$HadCattle \times Large$	0.016 (0.22)				139.7 (90.6)	
HadCattle × LargeGrace	0.004 (0.20)				1548.0 (21.3)	
$HadCattle \times Cattle$	-0.006 (0.19)				201.2 (59.7)	
Flood in round 1	0.487 (0.50)			-662.6 (8.8)	-867.9 (6.3)	-709.0 (9.6)
Head literate0	0.121 (0.33)			-595.0 (2.0)	-692.3 (4.2)	-622.5 (2.7)
PAssetAmount0	1255.054 (2646.96)		0.4 (0.3)	0.3 (0.5)	0.4 (0.2)	0.4 (0.2)
Household size0	4.306 (1.43)			58.9 (52.5)	48.3 (68.1)	35.3 (74.2)
Number of cattle0	0.300 (0.66)					93.8 (79.0)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		1124 20	1124 20	1124 20	1124 17	1124 14
T = 3 $T = 4$		104 632	104 625	101 625	57 529	56 604
$ar{R}^2 N$	1718	0.005 2124	0.026 2103	0.028 2097	0.031 1718	0.03 1938

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Only households that are observed for all 4 rounds are used. Households are continuing members and replacing members of early rejecters and received loans prior to 2015 Janunary. Productive assets do not include livestock. Regressions (1)-(3), (5)-(6) use only arm and calendar information. (4) and (7) use previous six month repayment and saving information which is lacking in rd 1, hence starts from rd 2.

Table 134: ANCOVA estimation of productive assets by attributes

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(Intercept)		571.2 (0.0)	200.4 (16.1)	313.7 (30.8)	358.2 (33.6)	331.2 (33.9)
Unfront	0.040 (0.41)	1237.9 (3.5)	1163.6 (4.1)	1281.1 (2.8)	1526.2 (2.5)	1354.3 (2.7)
WithGrace	0.019 (0.50)	-445.5 (55.2)	-510.2 (48.4)	-672.0 (35.4)	-859.2 (30.3)	-710.0 (35.1)
InKind	0.017 (0.44)	-644.4 (19.3)	-465.7 (34.0)	-355.5 (44.8)	-375.8 (45.0)	-293.7 (53.4)
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)				88.4 (83.9)	
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)				88.4 (83.9)	
$HadCattle \times Upfront$	0.014 (0.18)				139.7 (90.6)	
HadCattle × WithGrace	-0.002 (0.23)				1408.3 (40.1)	
$HadCattle \times InKind$	-0.006 (0.19)				-1346.8 (28.3)	
Flood in round 1	0.487 (0.50)			-662.6 (8.8)	-867.9 (6.3)	-709.0 (9.6)
Head literate0	0.121 (0.33)			-595.0 (2.0)	-692.3 (4.2)	-622.5 (2.7)
PAssetAmount0	1255.054 (2646.96)		0.4 (0.3)	0.3 (0.5)	0.4 (0.2)	0.4 (0.2)
Household size0	4.306 (1.43)			58.9 (52.5)	48.3 (68.1)	35.3 (74.2)
Number of cattle0	0.300 (0.66)					93.8 (79.0)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		1124 20	1124 20	1124 20	1124 17	1124 14
T = 3 $T = 4$		104 632	104 625	101 625	57 529	56 604
$ar{R}^2 N$	1718	0.005 2124	0.026 2103	0.028 2097	0.031 1718	0.03 1938

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Only households that are observed for all 4 rounds are used. Households are continuing members and replacing members of early rejecters and received loans prior to 2015 Janunary. Productive assets do not include livestock. Regressions (1)-(3), (5)-(6) use only arm and calendar information. (4) and (7) use previous six month repayment and saving information which is lacking in rd 1, hence starts from rd 2.

TABLE 135: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF BROAD PRODUCTIVE ASSETS BY PERIOD

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(Intercept)		842.5 (0.0)	471.1 (1.7)	591.4 (10.7)	657.3 (12.0)	606.0 (13.4)
Large	0.021 (0.45)	1459.9 (3.5)	1387.5 (4.0)	1505.5 (2.8)	1737.5 (2.7)	1545.9 (2.8)
LargeGrace	0.002 (0.43)	926.0 (10.4)	790.5 (15.8)	744.0 (17.4)	766.8 (18.4)	755.4 (16.2)
Cattle	0.017 (0.44)	116.2 (51.8)	164.9 (39.0)	232.5 (28.4)	270.7 (28.1)	307.4 (19.9)
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)				173.8 (74.1)	
rd 3	0.342 (0.47)	-296.4 (19.0)	-303.0 (18.5)	-303.4 (18.4)	-334.6 (19.3)	-275.7 (22.4)
Large $\times$ rd 3	0.094 (0.29)	-816.7 (27.9)	-825.6 (27.6)	-820.2 (27.9)	-826.4 (35.6)	-701.6 (35.5)
LargeGrace × rd 3	0.084 (0.28)	-165.4 (72.3)	-163.3 (73.1)	-144.5 (75.8)	47.8 (92.2)	-26.8 (95.4)
Cattle $\times$ rd 3	0.089 (0.28)	226.1 (33.3)	149.3 (55.0)	158.0 (53.3)	182.6 (44.4)	315.4 (21.3)
rd 4	0.316 (0.47)	-747.5 (0.8)	-745.8 (0.8)	-747.7 (0.8)	-855.6 (0.5)	-758.7 (0.7)
Large $\times$ rd 4	0.093 (0.29)	-1534.1 (7.1)	-1545.4 (7.0)	-1566.5 (6.8)	-1540.0 (11.0)	-1441.9 (9.0)
LargeGrace × rd 4	0.079 (0.27)	-1223.6 (9.0)	-1258.4 (8.6)	-1271.0 (8.6)	-1178.3 (10.4)	-1189.4 (10.5)
Cattle $\times$ rd 4	0.082 (0.27)	111.6 (65.8)	94.2 (71.7)	67.3 (80.4)	75.0 (76.9)	207.1 (44.0)
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)	(	( , , , ,	(	173.8 (74.1)	
$HadCattle \times Large$	0.016 (0.22)				40.2 (97.6)	
HadCattle × LargeGrace	0.004 (0.20)				2070.8 (19.4)	
$HadCattle \times Cattle$	-0.006 (0.19)				286.1 (47.1)	
HadCattle × rd 3	0.075 (0.26)				-164.7 (71.5)	
HadCattle $\times$ Large $\times$ rd 3	0.005 (0.13)				841.8 (46.3)	
HadCattle × LargeGrace × rd 3	0.001 (0.12)				-2020.7 (14.6)	
HadCattle $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 3	-0.001 (0.11)				-583.7 (16.7)	
HadCattle × rd 4	0.068 (0.25)				-829.9 (31.7)	
HadCattle $\times$ Large $\times$ rd 4	0.006 (0.13)				153.9 (92.8)	
HadCattle × LargeGrace × rd 4	0.002 (0.12)				-3922.5 (16.7)	
HadCattle $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 4	-0.003 (0.10)				-621.5 (15.3)	
Flood in round 1	0.487 (0.50)			-666.2 (8.8)	-868.0 (6.4)	-707.9 (9.7)
Head literate0	0.121 (0.33)			-596.9 (2.0)	-685.4 (4.5)	-621.8 (2.7)
PAssetAmount()	1255.054 (2646.96)		0.4 (0.3)	0.3 (0.6)	0.4 (0.2)	0.4 (0.2)
Household size0	4.306 (1.43)			57.8 (53.4)	48.3 (68.3)	35.9 (73.9)
Number of cattle0	0.300 (0.66)					93.3 (79.2)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		1124 20	1124 20	1124 20	1124 17	1124 14
T = 3 $T = 4$		104 632	104 625	101 625	57 529	56 604
$ar{R}^2 N$	1718	0.007 2124	0.027 2103	0.029 2097	0.029 1718	0.031 1938

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Only households that are observed for all 4 rounds are used. Households are continuing members and replacing members of early rejecters and received loans prior to 2015 January. Productive assets do not include livestock. Regressions (1)-(3), (5)-(6) use only arm and calendar information. (4) and (7) use previous six month repayment and saving information which is lacking in rd 1, hence starts from rd 2.

<sup>2.</sup> P values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level. 195

TABLE 136: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF BROAD PRODUCTIVE ASSETS BY ATTRIBUTES AND PERIOD

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(Intercept)	mean/stu	842.5	471.1	591.4	657.3	606.0
Unfront	0.040	(0.0) 1459.9	(1.7) 1387.5	(10.7) 1505.5	(12.0) 1737.5	(13.4) 1545.9
	(0.41)	(3.5)	(4.0)	(2.8)	(2.7)	(2.8)
WithGrace	0.019 (0.50)	-533.9 (54.7)	-597.0 (49.1)	-761.5 (37.6)	-970.7 (31.4)	-790.5 (37.0)
InKind	0.017 (0.44)	-809.8 (16.5)	-625.6 (27.4)	-511.5 (35.2)	-496.1 (38.4)	-448.0 (41.0)
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)				173.8 (74.1)	
rd 3	0.342 (0.47)	-296.4 (19.0)	-303.0 (18.5)	-303.4 (18.4)	-334.6 (19.3)	-275.7 (22.4)
Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.267 (0.44)	-816.7 (27.9)	-825.6 (27.6)	-820.2 (27.9)	-826.4 (35.6)	-701.6 (35.5)
WithGrace × rd 3	0.173 (0.38)	651.4 (44.4)	662.3 (44.0)	675.7 (43.1)	874.2 (36.9)	674.9 (42.8)
InKind $\times$ rd 3	0.089 (0.28)	391.5 (39.2)	312.6 (50.5)	302.6 (51.5)	134.8 (76.1)	342.1 (44.8)
rd 4	0.316 (0.47)	-747.5 (0.8)	-745.8 (0.8)	-747.7 (0.8)	-855.6 (0.5)	-758.7 (0.7)
Upfront × rd 4	0.254 (0.44)	-1534.1 (7.1)	-1545.4 (7.0)	-1566.5 (6.8)	-1540.0 (11.0)	-1441.9 (9.0)
WithGrace × rd 4	0.161 (0.37)	310.4 (77.3)	287.0 (79.2)	295.5 (78.7)	361.7 (75.4)	252.6 (81.6)
InKind × rd 4	0.082 (0.27)	1335.2 (6.0)	1352.5 (6.1)	1338.3 (6.3)	1253.3 (6.3)	1396.5 (5.4)
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)	(0.0)	(0.1)	(0.5)	173.8 (74.1)	(3.4)
HadCattle × Upfront	0.014				40.2 (97.6)	
HadCattle × WithGrace	(0.18) -0.002 (0.23)				2030.5 (32.3)	
$HadCattle \times InKind$	-0.006 (0.19)				-1784.7 (26.6)	
HadCattle × rd 3	0.075 (0.26)				-164.7 (71.5)	
HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.004 (0.11)				841.8 (46.3)	
HadCattle × WithGrace × rd 3	-0.000 (0.14)				-2862.5 (10.4)	
HadCattle $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 3	-0.001 (0.11)				1437.0 (30.6)	
HadCattle $\times$ rd 4	0.068 (0.25)				-829.9 (31.7)	
HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 4	0.005 (0.10)				153.9 (92.8)	
$HadCattle \times WithGrace \times rd 4$	-0.001 (0.13)				-4076.3 (21.6)	
HadCattle $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 4	-0.003 (0.10)				3300.9 (24.3)	
Flood in round 1	0.487 (0.50)			-666.2 (8.8)	-868.0 (6.4)	-707.9 (9.7)
Head literate0	0.121 (0.33)			-596.9 (2.0)	-685.4 (4.5)	-621.8 (2.7)
PAssetAmount()	1255.054 (2646.96)		0.4 (0.3)	0.3 (0.6)	0.4 (0.2)	0.4 (0.2)
Household size0	4.306 (1.43)		, ,	57.8 (53.4)	48.3 (68.3)	35.9 (73.9)
Number of cattle()	0.300 (0.66)			( )	()	93.3 (79.2)
mean of dependent variable $T = 2$		1124 20	1124 20	1124 20	1124 17	1124 14
T = 3 $T = 4$		104 632	104 625	101 625	57 529	56 604
$ar{R}^2 N$	1718	0.007 2124	0.027 2103	0.029 2097	0.029 1718	0.031 1938

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Only households that are observed for all 4 rounds are used. Households are continuing members and replacing members of early rejecters and received loans prior to 2015 January. Productive assets do not include livestock. Regressions (1)-(3), (5)-(6) use only arm and calendar information. (4) and (7) use previous six month repayment and saving information which is lacking in rd 1, hence starts from rd 2.

<sup>2.</sup>  $\it P$  values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level. 196

Table 137: ANCOVA estimation of broad productive assets by attributes, poverty status, and  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(Intercept)		870.1 (0.0)	500.2 (1.7)	643.9 (9.1)	693.1 (11.9)	657.0 (11.9)
Unfront	0.040 (0.41)	1429.3 (3.9)	1349.8 (4.6)	1455.0 (3.1)	1699.9 (3.4)	1489.2 (3.0)
WithGrace	0.019 (0.50)	-574.7 (51.6)	-641.5 (45.9)	-820.9 (34.0)	-1073.4 (27.5)	-849.4 (33.6)
InKind	0.017 (0.44)	-761.0 (19.3)	-569.4 (32.4)	-438.7 (43.1)	-396.5 (48.4)	-378.2 (49.0)
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)				139.7 (79.2)	
UltraPoor	0.625 (0.48)	-147.8 (75.8)	-143.9 (76.6)	-147.0 (76.3)	-194.3 (73.0)	-146.4 (76.7)
$Up front \times Ultra Poor$	0.051 (0.30)	-1260.0 $(47.2)$	-1331.7 (45.5)	-1682.8 (37.4)	-2034.2 (35.7)	-1655.9 (39.5)
WithGrace × UltraPoor	0.036 (0.39)	1490.3 (40.6)	1548.4 (39.1)	1723.2 (35.6)	2278.0 (29.5)	1762.8 (35.2)
InKind × UltraPoor	0.019 (0.35)	-705.4 (23.0)	-773.5 (16.0)	-847.1 (12.4)	-1232.3 (4.2)	-837.1 (13.4)
rd 3	0.342 (0.47)	-301.2 (18.0)	-306.6 (17.7)	-308.1 (17.5)	-344.4 (17.5)	-287.0 (20.5)
UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	0.210 (0.41)	-218.0 (57.1)	-250.6 (51.9)	-257.3 (50.8)	-343.9 (40.7)	-233.6 (54.3)
Unfront $\times$ rd 3	0.267 (0.44)	-786.2 (30.7)	-796.8 (30.4)	-794.1 (30.6)	-758.6 (40.1)	-657.1 (40.0)
WithGrace $\times$ rd 3	0.173 (0.38)	673.3 (41.9)	686.9 (41.3)	705.1 (40.2)	914.3 (33.2)	704.9 (39.9)
InKind $\times$ rd 3	0.089 (0.28)	367.7 (37.6)	290.5 (49.5)	280.6 (50.6)	95.9 (81.0)	312.1 (44.7)
Upfront $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	0.017 (0.18)	-252.2 (85.3)	-266.1 (84.6)	-278.5 (83.9)	-40.3 (97.8)	-209.7 (87.7)
WithGrace × UltraPoor × rd 3	0.012 (0.23)	273.5 (84.8)	287.5 (84.1)	310.3 (82.8)	367.9 (80.7)	426.1 (76.2)
InKind $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	0.006 (0.20)	343.0 (56.9)	226.6 (71.0)	204.4 (73.8)	59.7 (93.0)	239.8 (69.3)
rd 4	0.316 (0.47)	-729.6 (0.8)	-725.4 (0.9)	-729.8 (0.9)	-837.4 (0.4)	-747.5 (0.7)
UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.202 (0.40)	-354.7 (45.8)	-364.8 (44.7)	-381.1 (42.9)	-595.8 (26.5)	-418.6 (38.2)
Unfront × rd 4	0.254 (0.44)	-1487.3 (8.4)	-1497.2 (8.4)	-1511.3 (8.2)	-1443.4 (13.6)	-1370.0 (11.4)
WithGrace × rd 4	0.161 (0.37)	419.5 (68.7)	404.8 (70.0)	415.5 (69.4)	494.0 (65.6)	371.3 (72.4)
InKind × rd 4	0.082 (0.27)	1217.2 (6.1)	1227.0 (6.3)	1213.9 (6.6)	1118.4 (6.7)	1271.8 (5.8)
Upfront $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.017 (0.17)	272.1 (86.9)	255.1 (87.7)	243.1 (88.3)	421.7 (81.3)	344.4 (83.3)
WithGrace $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.011 (0.23)	-1382.3 (44.2)	-1392.0 (44.1)	-1385.5 (44.3)	-1740.3 (38.4)	-1390.7 (43.7)
$InKind \times UltraPoor \times rd \ 4$	0.006 (0.20)	1594.0 (6.4)	1593.8 (6.5)	1565.8 (7.4)	1855.4 (9.2)	1604.9 (6.3)
HadCattle	0.218 (0.41)	( /	(3.3.)		139.7 (79.2)	(3.3)
$HadCattle \times Upfront$	0.014 (0.18)				89.0 (94.8)	
HadCattle × WithGrace	-0.002 (0.23)				2221.2 (28.2)	
$HadCattle \times InKind$	-0.006 (0.19)				-1874.9 (24.0)	
HadCattle × rd 3	0.075 (0.26)				-131.8 (77.0)	
$HadCattle \times Upfront \times rd\ 3$	0.004 (0.11)				701.4 (53.2)	
$HadCattle \times WithGrace \times rd 3$	-0.000 (0.14)				-2893.1 (9.9)	
HadCattle $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 3	-0.001 (0.11)				1463.0 (31.1)	
HadCattle × rd 4	0.068 (0.25)				-804.0 (33.0)	
HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 4	0.005 (0.10)				21.4 (99.0)	
HadCattle × WithGrace × rd 4	-0.001 (0.13)				-4285.7 (19.0)	
HadCattle $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 4	-0.003 (0.10)				3551.3 (21.3)	
Flood in round 1	0.487 (0.50)			-728.9 (8.5)	-953.4 (6.4)	-765.9 (9.6)
Head literate0	0.121 (0.33)			-693.8 (2.4)	-812.3 (4.2)	-708.4 (2.9)
PAsset Amount()	1255.054 (2646.96)		0.4 (0.3)	0.3 (0.5)	0.4 (0.2)	0.4 (0.2)
Household size0	4.306 (1.43)		197	66.7 (49.6)	68.7 (59.3)	46.6 (68.3)
Number of cattle()	0.300 (0.66)			()	()	90.8 (79.8)

#### IV.1.2 Net assets: Assets+Livestock-GUK Debt-Other Debts

Keep households with baseline household asset information. For productive assets, all households have baseline information but ownership is spattered. Net assets = Assets + net saving - debt to GUK - debts to relatives and money lenders. Assets use only items observed for all 4 rounds for household assets *including* radios and cassette players (which have possibly large errors).

```
Number of obs by Arm and attrition
           AttritIn
Arm
             2 3
                     4
                         9 Sum
            6 4 20 144 174
 traditional
 large 5 2 1 192 200
 large grace 22 3 3 171 199
 cattle 5 5 13 177 200
            38 14 37 684 773
 Sum
Number of obs by membership status and attrition
                   AttritIn
BStatus
                      2
                             4
                                 9 Sum
                             8 578 600
 borrower
                         6
 pure saver
                             0
                               0
                                    0
                      0
                         0
 individual rejection
                               75
                      9
                        4
                             1
                                   89
 group rejection
                      9
                         4
                             0
                               55
                                   68
 rejection by flood
                     12
                         0 28
                                0
                     38 14 37 708 797
 Sum
```

```
NeA1R2
```

```
NonNA

tee FALSE TRUE Sum

1 548 940 1488

2 137 1261 1398

3 35 1332 1367

4 12 1172 1184

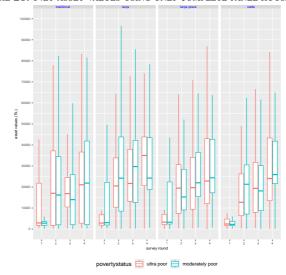
Sum 732 4705 5437
```

```
2
                   3
Arm
                       4 Sum
 traditional 58
                 58
                       58
                          174
                131
 large
             131
                      131
                           393
 large grace 118
                 118
                      118
                          354
 cattle
             118
                 118
                      118
                          354
 Sum
             425 425
                     425 1275
```

```
tee
Arm 2 3 4 Sum
traditional 58 58 58 174
```

large	131	131	131	393
large grace	118	118	118	354
cattle	118	118	118	354
Sum	425	425	425	1275

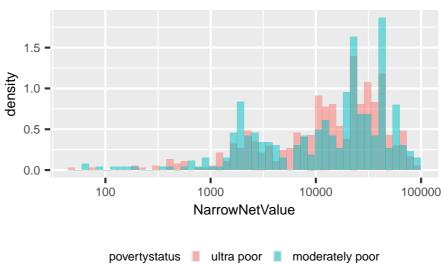
Figure 28: Net asset values using only complete panel households



Source: Survey data.

Note: Net asset values = total gross asset values - debt outstanding. Debt outstanding takes the value of the month immediately after the respective survey round interview. Net assets uses only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets.

FIGURE 29: NET ASSET VALUES AT ROUND 1 USING ONLY COMPLETE PANEL HOUSEHOLDS



Source: Survey data.

Note: Net asset values = total gross asset values - debt outstanding. Debt outstanding takes the value of the month immediately after the respective survey round interview. Net assets uses only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets.

TABLE 138: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF COMPLETE PANEL NET ASSETS

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercept)		35721.2 (0.0)	29090.5 (0.0)	25209.0 (0.0)	28512.5 (0.0)	25581.7 (0.0)	29233.3 (0.0)
Large	0.047 (0.46)	7700.4 (9.5)	8110.8 (7.4)	7378.2 (12.7)	3455.3 (34.4)	7345.2 (12.9)	3518.6 (34.1)
LargeGrace	0.035 (0.45)	-2603.3 (53.5)	-2008.7 (63.2)	-1377.9 (74.3)	-3785.0 (24.4)	-1490.0 (72.0)	-3891.9 (22.5)
Cattle	0.033 (0.45)	-6158.2 (2.2)	-4169.3 (21.0)	-3776.2 (28.0)	-6102.8 (2.5)	-3915.6 (26.1)	-6239.9 (2.2)
HadCattle	0.322 (0.47)				-9156.3 (25.8)		-10761.6 (24.4)
HadCattle	0.322 (0.47)				-9156.3 (25.8)		-10761.6 (24.4)
$HadCattle \times Large$	0.024 (0.27)				24638.9 (1.7)		24022.7 (1.8)
HadCattle × LargeGrace	0.009 (0.25)				14114.6 (9.5)		13233.7 (10.4)
HadCattle × Cattle	-0.001 (0.24)				14692.2 (7.3)		14396.8 (7.6)
Flood in round 1	0.468 (0.50)			5143.7 (5.4)	6185.1 (1.3)	5116.1 (5.3)	6069.4 (1.2)
Head literate0	0.118 (0.32)			-2608.5 (38.9)	-2498.2 (38.9)	-2595.4 (39.3)	-2455.8 (39.7)
NetValue0	12126.558 (16498.30)		0.5 (0.1)	0.5 (0.1)	0.6 (2.8)	0.2 (48.5)	0.2 (39.0)
Household size0	4.711 (1.40)			374.4 (67.3)	237.1 (78.8)	453.2 (60.5)	328.1 (70.3)
Number of cattle0	0.468 (0.80)					5980.9 (38.0)	9274.6 (35.3)
mean of dependent variable $\bar{R}^2$		35662 0.038	35662 0.118	35662 0.125	35662 0.144	35662 0.126	35662 0.145
N	1275	1275	1275	1275	1275	1275	1275

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. Net assets use only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock. Regressions (1)-(3), (5)-(6) use only arm and calendar information. (4) and (7) use previous six month repayment and saving information which is lacking in rd 1, hence starts from rd 2.

TABLE 139: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF COMPLETE PANEL NET ASSETS BY ATTRIBUTES

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercept)		35721.2 (0.0)	29090.5 (0.0)	25209.0 (0.0)	28512.5 (0.0)	25581.7 (0.0)	29233.3 (0.0)
Unfront	0.115 (0.34)	7700.4 (9.5)	8110.8 (7.4)	7378.2 (12.7)	3455.3 (34.4)	7345.2 (12.9)	3518.6 (34.1)
WithGrace	0.068 (0.50)	-10303.7 (4.8)	-10119.5 (2.5)	-8756.1 (6.0)	-7240.2 (5.4)	-8835.2 (5.7)	-7410.6 (4.6)
InKind	0.033 (0.45)	-3554.9 (32.7)	-2160.5 (49.2)	-2398.4 (38.5)	-2317.9 (32.7)	-2425.6 (38.0)	-2347.9 (31.5)
HadCattle	0.322 (0.47)				-9156.3 (25.8)		-10761.6 $(24.4)$
HadCattle	0.322 (0.47)				-9156.3 (25.8)		-10761.6 (24.4)
$HadCattle \times Upfront$	0.032 (0.21)				24638.9 (1.7)		24022.7 (1.8)
HadCattle × WithGrace	0.008 (0.28)				-10524.3 (20.0)		-10789.0 (19.0)
HadCattle × InKind	-0.001 (0.24)				577.6 (91.4)		1163.0 (82.9)
Flood in round 1	0.468 (0.50)			5143.7 (5.4)	6185.1 (1.3)	5116.1 (5.3)	6069.4 (1.2)
Head literate0	0.118 (0.32)			-2608.5 (38.9)	-2498.2 (38.9)	-2595.4 (39.3)	-2455.8 (39.7)
NetValue()	12126.558 (16498.30)		0.5 (0.1)	0.5 (0.1)	0.6 (2.8)	0.2 (48.5)	0.2 (39.0)
Household size0	4.711 (1.40)			374.4 (67.3)	237.1 (78.8)	453.2 (60.5)	328.1 (70.3)
Number of cattle0	0.468 (0.80)					5980.9 (38.0)	9274.6 (35.3)
mean of dependent variable $\bar{R}^2$		35662 0.038	35662 0.118	35662 0.125	35662 0.144	35662 0.126	35662 0.145
N	1275	1275	1275	1275	1275	1275	1275

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. Net assets use only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock. Regressions (1)-(3), (5)-(6) use only arm and calendar information. (4) and (7) use previous six month repayment and saving information which is lacking in rd 1, hence starts from rd 2.

TABLE 140: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF COMPLETE PANEL NET ASSETS BY PERIOD

covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(Intercept)		32690.8 (0.0)	26060.0 (0.0)	22178.6 (0.0)	25062.9 (0.0)	22551.3 (0.0)	25783.7 (0.0)
Large	0.047 (0.46)	7341.4 (12.2)	7751.8 (9.6)	7019.2 (15.9)	3297.7 (37.2)	6986.2 (16.0)	3361.1 (36.8)
LargeGrace	0.035 (0.45)	-3342.9 (46.8)	-2748.3 (54.2)	-2117.4 (64.0)	-4768.8 (16.2)	-2229.5 (61.8)	-4875.8 (14.7)
Cattle	0.033 (0.45)	-6373.8 (2.6)	-4384.9 (19.9)	-3991.9 (26.8)	-6188.7 (2.2)	-4131.2 (24.9)	-6325.7 (2.0)
HadCattle	0.322 (0.47)				-8534.9 (30.1)		-10140.3 (28.1)
rd 3	0.333 (0.47)	1328.6 (45.4)	1328.6 (45.4)	1328.6 (45.5)	1549.2 (33.7)	1328.6 (45.5)	1549.2 (33.7)
Large $\times$ rd 3	0.103 (0.30)	3466.4 (55.6)	3466.4 (55.6)	3466.4 (55.6)	1651.4 (75.4)	3466.4 (55.7)	1651.4 (75.4)
LargeGrace × rd 3	0.093 (0.29)	2593.9 (67.7)	2593.9 (67.7)	2593.9 (67.7)	3234.7 (56.0)	2593.9 (67.8)	3234.7 (56.0)
Cattle $\times$ rd 3	0.093 (0.29)	377.4 (94.8)	377.4 (94.8)	377.4 (94.8)	-589.7 (91.0)	377.4 (94.8)	-589.7 (91.0)
rd 4	0.333 (0.47)	8740.3 (0.0)	8740.3 (0.0)	8740.3 (0.0)	9316.1 (0.0)	8740.3 (0.0)	9316.1 (0.0)
Large × rd 4	0.103 (0.30)	881.7 (88.8)	881.7 (88.8)	881.7 (88.8)	272.9 (96.1)	881.7 (88.8)	272.9 (96.1)
LargeGrace × rd 4	0.093 (0.29)	5786.1 (31.8)	5786.1 (31.8)	5786.1 (31.8)	7886.5 (13.0)	5786.1 (31.9)	7886.5 (13.0)
Cattle $\times$ rd 4	0.093 (0.29)	2017.9 (72.2)	2017.9 (72.3)	2017.9 (72.3)	1449.8 (78.5)	2017.9 (72.3)	1449.8 (78.5)
HadCattle	0.322 (0.47)				-8534.9 (30.1)		-10140.3 (28.1)
HadCattle × Large	0.024 (0.27)				23290.5 (3.4)		22674.3 (3.8)
HadCattle × LargeGrace	0.009 (0.25)				16681.5 (7.1)		15800.6 (7.8)
$HadCattle \times Cattle$	-0.001 (0.24)				13610.2 (13.4)		13314.8 (13.9)
HadCattle × rd 3	0.107 (0.31)				-1952.5 (49.8)		-1952.5 (49.8)
HadCattle $\times$ Large $\times$ rd 3	0.008 (0.16)				12189.0 (19.7)		12189.0 (19.8)
HadCattle × LargeGrace × rd 3	0.003 (0.15)				-8267.6 (40.8)		-8267.6 (40.8)
HadCattle $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 3	-0.000 (0.14)				7610.7 (37.6)		7610.7 (37.6)
HadCattle × rd 4	0.107 (0.31)				-5059.9 (17.4)		-5059.9 (17.4)
HadCattle × Large × rd 4	0.008 (0.16)				4037.3 (73.9)		4037.3 (73.9)
HadCattle × LargeGrace × rd 4	0.003 (0.15)				-20725.4 (5.8)		-20725.4 (5.8)
HadCattle $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 4	$-0.000 \\ (0.14)$				5133.7 (60.9)		5133.7 (60.9)
Flood in round 1	0.468 (0.50)			5143.7 (5.5)	6185.1 (1.4)	5116.1 (5.4)	6069.4 (1.3)
Head literate0	0.118 (0.32)			-2608.5 (39.1)	-2498.2 (39.2)	-2595.4 (39.4)	-2455.8 (40.0)
NetValue0	12126.558 (16498.30)		0.5 (0.1)	0.5 (0.1)	0.6 (2.9)	0.2 (48.6)	0.2 (39.3)
Household size0	4.711 (1.40)			374.4 (67.4)	237.1 (79.0)	453.2 (60.6)	328.1 (70.4)
Number of cattle0	0.468 (0.80)					5980.9 (38.2)	9274.6 (35.6)
mean of dependent variable $\bar{R}^2$		35662 0.054	35662 0.135	35662 0.142	35662 0.164	35662 0.142	35662 0.165
N	1275	1275	1275	1275	1275	1275	1275

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodInRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Large, LargeGrace, Cattle are indicator variables of the large, large grace, and cattle arms, respectively. The default arm category is traditional arm. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Net assets use only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock. Regressions (1)-(3), (5)-(6) use only arm and calendar information. (4) and (7) use previous six month repayment and saving information which is lacking in rd 1, hence starts from rd 2.

TABLE 141: ANCOVA ESTIMATION OF COMPLETE PANEL NET ASSETS BY ATTRIBUTES AND PERIOD

TABLE 171. ALICOVA	ESTIMATION				SSEIS BI AITRIBUTES AND PERIOD			
covariates	mean/std	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
(Intercept)		32690.8 (0.0)	26060.0 (0.0)	22178.6 (0.0)	25062.9 (0.0)	22551.3 (0.0)	25783.7 (0.0)	
Unfront	0.115 (0.34)	7341.4 (12.2)	7751.8 (9.6)	7019.2 (15.9)	3297.7 (37.2)	6986.2 (16.0)	3361.1 (36.8)	
WithGrace	0.068 (0.50)	-10684.3 (5.6)	-10500.1 (3.2)	-9136.6 (6.7)	-8066.6 (4.7)	-9215.8 (6.5)	-8236.9 (4.1)	
InKind	0.033 (0.45)	-3031.0 (45.9)	-1636.6 (64.8)	-1874.4 (55.3)	-1419.9 (59.6)	-1901.7 (54.8)	-1449.9 (58.5)	
HadCattle	0.322 (0.47)				-8534.9 (30.1)		-10140.3 (28.1)	
rd 3	0.333 (0.47)	1328.6 (45.4)	1328.6 (45.4)	1328.6 (45.5)	1549.2 (33.7)	1328.6 (45.5)	1549.2 (33.7)	
Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.288 (0.45)	3466.4 (55.6)	3466.4 (55.6)	3466.4 (55.6)	1651.4 (75.4)	3466.4 (55.7)	1651.4 (75.4)	
WithGrace $\times$ rd 3	0.185 (0.39)	-872.5 (83.3)	-872.5 (83.3)	-872.5 (83.3)	1583.3 (67.6)	-872.5 (83.3)	1583.3 (67.6)	
InKind $\times$ rd 3	0.093 (0.29)	-2216.5 (57.5)	-2216.5 (57.5)	-2216.5 (57.6)	-3824.4 (30.3)	-2216.5 (57.6)	-3824.4 (30.4)	
rd 4	0.333 (0.47)	8740.3 (0.0)	8740.3 (0.0)	8740.3 (0.0)	9316.1 (0.0)	8740.3 (0.0)	9316.1 (0.0)	
Upfront × rd 4	0.288 (0.45)	881.7 (88.8)	881.7 (88.8)	881.7 (88.8)	272.9 (96.1)	881.7 (88.8)	272.9 (96.1)	
WithGrace × rd 4	0.185 (0.39)	4904.5 (29.0)	4904.5 (29.0)	4904.5 (29.1)	7613.6 (4.8)	4904.5 (29.1)	7613.6 (4.8)	
InKind × rd 4	0.093 (0.29)	-3768.3 (32.4)	-3768.3 (32.4)	-3768.3 (32.4)	-6436.7 (6.3)	-3768.3 (32.5)	-6436.7 (6.3)	
HadCattle	0.322 (0.47)				-8534.9 (30.1)		-10140.3 (28.1)	
$HadCattle \times Upfront$	0.032 (0.21)				23290.5 (3.4)		22674.3 (3.8)	
HadCattle × WithGrace	0.008 (0.28)				-6609.0 (43.1)		-6873.7 (41.5)	
HadCattle × InKind	-0.001 (0.24)				-3071.2 (59.0)		-2485.8 (66.7)	
HadCattle × rd 3	0.107 (0.31)				-1952.5 (49.8)		-1952.5 (49.8)	
HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.011 (0.12)				12189.0 (19.7)		12189.0 (19.8)	
$HadCattle \times WithGrace \times rd 3$	0.003 (0.16)				-20456.5 (0.7)		-20456.5 (0.7)	
HadCattle $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 3	-0.000 (0.14)				15878.3 (1.5)		15878.3 (1.5)	
HadCattle × rd 4	0.107 (0.31)				-5059.9 (17.4)		-5059.9 (17.4)	
HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 4	0.011 (0.12)				4037.3 (73.9)		4037.3 (73.9)	
HadCattle × WithGrace × rd 4	0.003 (0.16)				-24762.7 (2.2)		-24762.7 (2.2)	
HadCattle $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 4	-0.000 (0.14)				25859.2 (0.2)		25859.2 (0.2)	
Flood in round 1	0.468 (0.50)			5143.7 (5.5)	6185.1 (1.4)	5116.1 (5.4)	6069.4 (1.3)	
Head literate0	0.118 (0.32)			-2608.5 (39.1)	-2498.2 (39.2)	-2595.4 (39.4)	-2455.8 $(40.0)$	
NetValue0	12126.558 (16498.30)		0.5 (0.1)	0.5 (0.1)	0.6 (2.9)	0.2 (48.6)	0.2 (39.3)	
Household size0	4.711 (1.40)			374.4 (67.4)	237.1 (79.0)	453.2 (60.6)	328.1 (70.4)	
Number of cattle0	0.468 (0.80)					5980.9 (38.2)	9274.6 (35.6)	
mean of dependent variable $\bar{R}^2$		35662 0.054	35662 0.135	35662 0.142	35662 0.164	35662 0.142	35662 0.165	
N	1275	1275	1275	1275	1275	1275	1275	

Notes: 1. ANCOVA estimates using administrative and survey data. Post treatment regressands are regressed on categorical variables, pre-treatment regressand and other covariates. FloodlnRd1 and HeadLiterate0 are indicator variables for the presence of self reported damage by a flood at the baseline, and literacy of household head, respectively. HHsize0 is household size at the baseline. We annotate the number of periods that a household is observed with T. The total number of households is shown for each values of T. T=4 indicates the number of households with complete panel information, T=3 indicates number of households observed three times, T=2 indicates the number of households observed twice. N indicates total number of observations used in ANCOVA estimation, or N=1×(T=2)+2×(T=3)+3×(T=4). Upfront is an indicator variable of the arm with an upfront large disbursement, WithGrace is an indicator variable of the arm with a grace period, InKind is an indicator variable of the arm which lends a heifer. rd2, rd3, rd4 are dummy variables for second, third, and fourth round of survey. Net assets use only assets observed for all 4 rounds in household assets. Household assets do not include livestock. Regressions (1)-(3), (5)-(6) use only arm and calendar information. (4) and (7) use previous six month repayment and saving information which is lacking in rd 1, hence starts from rd 2.

<sup>2.</sup> P values in percentages in parenthesises. Standard errors are clustered at group (village) level.

Table 142: ANCOVA estimation of complete panel net assets by arm, poverty status, and period

			THEE THEI				
covariates (Intercept)	mean/std	(1) 31756.8	(2) 24762.5	(3) 18945.3	(4) 22197.8	(5) 19204.9	(6) 22794.3
Large	0.047	(0.0) 7833.7	(0.0) 8711.6	(0.1) 8308.0	(0.0) 4595.1	(0.1) 8270.1	(0.0) 4594.8
LargeGrace	(0.46) 0.035	(7.5) -2556.1	(4.0) -1582.8	(7.2) -404.3	(17.9) -3398.1	(7.2) -489.9	(18.1) -3515.6
Cattle	(0.45)	(59.2) -5518.2	(73.1) -3167.2	(93.1) -2276.0	(32.5)	(91.5) -2381.7	(30.1)
	(0.45)	(8.4)	(37.3)	(54.3)	(9.3)	(52.2)	(8.3)
UltraPoor	0.595 (0.49)	-5705.5 (0.5)	-6017.0 (0.1)	-6556.0 (0.0)	-5553.3 (0.1)	-6524.8 (0.0)	-5483.9 (0.2)
Large × UltraPoor	0.030 (0.36)	-13993.8 (1.9)	-9623.3 (7.0)	-8019.0 (12.5)	-9947.7 (2.7)	-8050.6 (12.2)	-10021.0 (2.8)
LargeGrace × UltraPoor	0.037 (0.36)	7878.6 (19.1)	12027.1 (3.6)	14406.0 (1.7)	12087.4 (2.0)	14142.6 (1.8)	11557.4 (2.0)
Cattle × UltraPoor	0.021 (0.35)	4227.3 (42.8)	4325.6 (35.8)	6919.6 (13.0)	4718.7 (24.6)	6883.1 (13.0)	4629.2 (25.8)
rd 3	0.333 (0.47)	1453.3 (44.3)	1453.3 (44.4)	1453.3 (44.4)	1727.6 (32.3)	1453.3 (44.4)	1727.6 (32.3)
Large × rd 3	0.103 (0.30)	3615.2 (57.3)	3615.2 (57.3)	3615.2 (57.3)	1480.4 (80.0)	3615.2 (57.3)	1480.4 (80.1)
LargeGrace × rd 3	0.093 (0.29)	2727.3 (69.0)	2727.3 (69.0)	2727.3 (69.0)	3264.2 (59.9)	2727.3 (69.0)	3264.2 (59.9)
Cattle $\times$ rd 3	0.093 (0.29)	434.2 (94.5)	434.2 (94.5)	434.2 (94.5)	-684.3 (90.7)	434.2 (94.5)	-684.3 (90.7)
UltraPoor × rd 3	0.198 (0.40)	2202.8 (45.7)	2202.8 (45.7)	2202.8 (45.8)	2289.1 (44.1)	2202.8 (45.8)	2289.1 (44.1)
Large $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	0.010 (0.21)	9191.0 (32.2)	9191.0 (32.2)	9191.0 (32.3)	8959.0 (33.4)	9191.0 (32.3)	8959.0 (33.4)
LargeGrace × UltraPoor × rd 3	0.012 (0.21)	-6092.7 (54.9)	-6092.7 (54.9)	-6092.7 (55.0)	-8144.7 (41.5)	-6092.7 (55.0)	-8144.7 (41.6)
Cattle $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	0.007 (0.20)	4290.2 (62.3)	4290.2	4290.2 (62.3)	3073.9 (72.1)	4290.2	3073.9
rd 4	0.333	8866.4	(62.3) 8866.4	8866.4	9442.3	(62.4) 8866.4	(72.1) 9442.3
Large × rd 4	(0.47)	(0.0) 1153.1	(0.0) 1153.1	(0.0) 1153.1	(0.0)	(0.0) 1153.1	(0.0)
LargeGrace × rd 4	(0.30) 0.093	(85.4) 5667.8	(85.5) 5667.8	(85.5) 5667.8	(97.0) 7719.4	(85.5) 5667.8	(97.0) 7719.4
Cattle × rd 4	(0.29) 0.093	(36.4) 2094.2	(36.4) 2094.2	(36.4) 2094.2	(17.9) 1498.4	(36.5) 2094.2	(17.9) 1498.4
UltraPoor × rd 4	(0.29) 0.198	(72.8) 6552.4	(72.8) 6552.4	(72.9) 6552.4	(79.3) 6232.5	(72.9) 6552.4	(79.4) 6232.5
Large × UltraPoor × rd 4	(0.40) 0.010	(4.1) 16456.6	(4.1) 16456.6	(4.1) 16456.6	(5.3) 16289.4	(4.1) 16456.6	(5.3) 16289.4
LargeGrace × UltraPoor × rd 4	(0.21) 0.012	(13.3) 1430.3	(13.3) 1430.3	(13.4) 1430.3	(13.9) -871.3	(13.4) 1430.3	(13.9) -871.3
Cattle × UltraPoor × rd 4	(0.21) 0.007	(87.9) 6253.8	(87.9) 6253.8	(87.9) 6253.8	(92.8) 5556.5	(87.9) 6253.8	(92.8) 5556.5
HadCattle	(0.20) 0.322	(42.3)	(42.3)	(42.4)	(48.3) -7780.4	(42.4)	(48.3) -8969.0
HadCattle × rd 3	(0.47) 0.107				(33.1)		(32.7) -2089.7
	(0.31)				(46.6)		(46.6)
HadCattle × rd 4	0.107 (0.31)			5707.5	-4962.1 (17.1)	57642	-4962.1 (17.1)
Flood in round 1	0.468 (0.50)			5787.5 (3.5)	6578.5 (1.0)	5764.3 (3.4)	6483.8 (0.9)
Head literate0	0.118 (0.32)			-2795.3 (34.4)	-2757.5 (33.0)	-2782.3 (34.7)	-2716.8 (33.6)
NetValue0	12126.558 (16498.30)		0.5 (0.1)	0.5 (0.2)	0.6 (3.6)	0.3 (27.0)	0.3 (23.4)
Household size0	4.711 (1.40)			634.3 (45.6)	488.5 (57.2)	681.8 (42.1)	551.8 (51.2)
HadCattle × Large	0.024 (0.27)				20591.8 (5.1)		20198.1 (5.3)
HadCattle $\times$ Large $\times$ rd 3	0.008 (0.16)				13344.3 (15.0)		13344.3 (15.0)
HadCattle $\times$ Large $\times$ rd 4	0.008 (0.16)				5767.9 (62.3)		5767.9 (62.3)
HadCattle × LargeGrace	0.009 (0.25)				16036.0 (7.8)		15410.2 (8.2)
$HadCattle \times LargeGrace \times rd~3$	0.003 (0.15)				-8631.0 (39.1)		-8631.0 (39.1)
HadCattle × LargeGrace × rd 4	0.003 (0.15)				-20570.1 (6.5)		-20570.1 (6.5)
$HadCattle \times Cattle$	-0.001 (0.24)				12984.8 (14.0)		12782.6 (14.4)
HadCattle × Cattle × rd 3	-0.000 (0.14)				7096.7 (40.6)		7096.7 (40.6)
HadCattle $\times$ Cattle $\times$ rd 4	-0.000				4180.5		4180.5
Number of cattle0	(0.14) 0.468 (0.80)		204		(68.0)	3685.6	(68.1) 6757.2
mean of dependent variable	(0.80)	35662	35662	35662	35662	(58.1) 35662	(48.9) 35662
$R^2$		0.08	0.158	0.169	0.187	0.169	0.187

Table 143: ANCOVA estimation of complete panel net assets by attributes, poverty status, and period

VIC.	'D							
	covariates (Intercept)	mean/std	(1) 31756.8	(2) 24762.5	(3) 18945.3	(4) 22197.8	(5) 19204.9	(6) 22794.3
	Unfront	0.115	(0.0) 7833.7	(0.0) 8711.6	(0.1) 8308.0	(0.0) 4595.1	(0.1) 8270.1	(0.0) 4594.8
	WithGrace	(0.34)	(7.5) -10389.8	(4.0) -10294.4	(7.2) -8712.3	(17.9) -7993.3	(7.2) -8760.0	(18.1) -8110.4
	InKind	(0.50)	(4.0) -2962.0	(1.8)	(5.1) -1871.7	(2.8) -1378.3	(5.0) -1891.8	(2.4) -1406.0
	HadCattle	(0.45)	(46.4)	(65.4)	(53.9)	(59.8) -7780.4	(53.5)	(58.8) -8969.0
	HadCattle	0.322 (0.47) 0.595	-5705.5	-6017.0	-6556 O	-7/80.4 (33.1) -5553.3	-6524.8	-8969.0 (32.7) -5483.9
		(0.49)	(0.5) -13993.8	(0.1)	(0.0)	(0.1)	(0.0) -8050.6	(0.2)
	Upfront × UltraPoor WithGrace × UltraPoor	0.089 (0.25) 0.058	-13993.8 (1.9) 21872.4	-9623.3 (7.0)	-8019.0 (12.5)	-9947.7 (2.7) 22035.1	(12.2)	-10021.0 (2.8) 21578.4
		(0.38)	(0.0)	21650.3 (0.0)	22425.0 (0.0)	(0.0)	22193.3 (0.0)	(0.0)
	InKind × UltraPoor	0.021 (0.35)	-3651.3 (49.9)	-7701.4 (16.1)	-7486.4 (17.2)	-7368.7 (17.9)	-7259.6 (17.7)	-6928.2 (18.7)
	rd 3	0.333 (0.47)	1453.3 (44.3)	1453.3 (44.4)	1453.3 (44.4)	1727.6 (32.3)	1453.3 (44.4)	1727.6 (32.3)
	UltraPoor × rd 3	0.198 (0.40)	2202.8 (45.7)	2202.8 (45.7)	2202.8 (45.8)	2289.1 (44.1)	2202.8 (45.8)	2289.1 (44.1)
	Unfront × rd 3	0.288 (0.45)	3615.2 (57.3)	3615.2 (57.3)	3615.2 (57.3)	1480.4 (80.0)	3615.2 (57.3)	1480.4 (80.1)
	WithGrace × rd 3	0.185 (0.39)	-887.9 (83.1)	-887.9 (83.1)	-887.9 (83.1)	1783.8 (63.8)	-887.9 (83.1)	1783.8 (63.8)
	InKind × rd 3	0.093 (0.29)	-2293.0 (57.1)	-2293.0 (57.1)	-2293.0 (57.2)	-3948.5 (29.9)	-2293.0 (57.2)	-3948.5 (29.9)
	Upfront $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 3	0.030 (0.15)	9191.0 (32.2)	9191.0 (32.2)	9191.0 (32.3)	8959.0 (33.4)	9191.0 (32.3)	8959.0 (33.4)
	WithGrace × UltraPoor × rd 3	0.019 (0.22)	-15283.7 (5.7)	-15283.7 (5.7)	-15283.7 (5.7)	-17103.7 (3.7)	-15283.7 (5.7)	-17103.7 (3.7)
	$InKind \times UltraPoor \times rd 3$	0.007 (0.20)	10382.9 (15.9)	10382.9 (15.9)	10382.9 (16.0)	11218.6 (13.1)	10382.9 (16.0)	11218.6 (13.1)
	rd 4	0.333 (0.47)	8866.4 (0.0)	8866.4 (0.0)	8866.4 (0.0)	9442.3 (0.0)	8866.4 (0.0)	9442.3 (0.0)
	UltraPoor × rd 4	0.198 (0.40)	6552.4 (4.1)	6552.4 (4.1)	6552.4 (4.1)	6232.5 (5.3)	6552.4 (4.1)	6232.5 (5.3)
	Unfront × rd 4	0.288 (0.45)	1153.1 (85.4)	1153.1 (85.5)	1153.1 (85.5)	219.4 (97.0)	1153.1 (85.5)	219.4 (97.0)
	WithGrace × rd 4	0.185 (0.39)	4514.7 (28.8)	4514.7 (28.8)	4514.7 (28.9)	7500.1 (3.7)	4514.7 (28.9)	7500.1 (3.7)
	InKind × rd 4	0.093 (0.29)	-3573.6 (35.4)	-3573.6 (35.4)	-3573.6 (35.5)	-6221.1 (7.7)	-3573.6 (35.5)	-6221.1 (7.7)
	Upfront $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.030 (0.15)	16456.6 (13.3)	16456.6 (13.3)	16456.6 (13.4)	16289.4 (13.9)	16456.6 (13.4)	16289.4 (13.9)
	WithGrace $\times$ UltraPoor $\times$ rd 4	0.019 (0.22)	-15026.4 (12.9)	-15026.4 (12.9)	-15026.4 (13.0)	-17160.7 (8.4)	-15026.4 (13.0)	-17160.7 (8.4)
	$InKind \times UltraPoor \times rd \ 4$	0.007 $(0.20)$	4823.5 (43.9)	4823.5 (43.9)	4823.5 (44.0)	6427.9 (31.0)	4823.5 (44.0)	6427.9 (31.0)
	HadCattle	0.322 (0.47)				-7780.4 (33.1)		-8969.0 (32.7)
	$HadCattle \times Upfront$	0.032 (0.21)				20591.8 (5.1)		20198.1 (5.3)
	HadCattle × WithGrace	0.008 (0.28)				-4555.9 (57.6)		-4787.8 (55.9)
	HadCattle × InKind	-0.001 (0.24)				-3051.1 (60.3)		-2627.6 (65.6)
	HadCattle x rd 3	0.107 (0.31)				-2089.7 (46.6)		-2089.7 (46.6)
	HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 3	0.011 (0.12)				13344.3 (15.0)		13344.3 (15.0)
	HadCattle $\times$ WithGrace $\times$ rd 3	0.003 (0.16)				-21975.3 (0.4)		-21975.3 (0.4)
	HadCattle $\times$ InKind $\times$ rd 3	-0.000 (0.14)				15727.7 (1.9)		15727.7 (1.9)
	HadCattle × rd 4	0.107 (0.31)				-4962.1 (17.1)		-4962.1 (17.1)
	HadCattle $\times$ Upfront $\times$ rd 4	0.011 (0.12)				5767.9 (62.3)		5767.9 (62.3)
	HadCattle × WithGrace × rd 4	0.003 (0.16)				-26338.0 (1.0)		-26338.0 $(1.0)$
	HadCattle × InKind × rd 4	-0.000 (0.14)				24750.6 (0.3)		24750.6 (0.3)
	Flood in round 1	0.468 (0.50)			5787.5 (3.5)	6578.5 (1.0)	5764.3 (3.4)	6483.8 (0.9)
	Head literate0	0.118 (0.32)			-2795.3 (34.4)	-2757.5 (33.0)	-2782.3 (34.7)	-2716.8 (33.6)
	NetValue0	12126.558 (16498.30)		0.5 (0.1)	0.5 (0.2)	0.6 (3.6)	0.3 (27.0)	0.3 (23.4)
	Household size0	4.711 (1.40)		205	634.3 (45.6)	488.5 (57.2)	681.8 (42.1)	551.8 (51.2)
	Number of cattle0	0.468 (0.80)			/	, ,	3685.6 (58.1)	6757.2 (48.9)
		()					, /	,,

# V Summarising results

# V.1 Counting observations used in ANCOVA estimation

	survey	Arm	BStatus	Num	
	<num></num>	<fctr></fctr>	<fctr></fctr>		
1:	1	traditional	borrower	1	109
2:	2	traditional	borrower	1	108
3:		traditional	borrower	1	108
4:		traditional	borrower	1	107
5:			individual rejection	1	31
6:			individual rejection	1	26
7:			individual rejection	1	26
8:			individual rejection	1	25
9:		traditional	_	1	40
10:		traditional	group rejection		
			group rejection	1	39
11:		traditional	group rejection	1	36
12:		traditional	group rejection	1	36
13:		traditional	rejection by flood	1	20
14:		traditional	rejection by flood	1	17
15:	3	traditional	rejection by flood	1	18
16:	1	large	borrower	1	171
17:	2	large	borrower	1	163
18:	3	large	borrower	1	165
19:	4	large	borrower	1	164
20:	1		individual rejection	1	9
21:	2	_	individual rejection	1	8
22:	3		individual rejection	1	9
23:	4	large	individual rejection	1	9
24:	1	large	group rejection	1	20
25:	2	large	group rejection	1	20
26:	3	large	group rejection	1	19
27:	4	large	group rejection	1	19
28:	1	large grace	borrower	1	167
29:	2	large grace	borrower	1	163
30:		large grace	borrower	1	163
31:		large grace	borrower	1	160
32:	1		individual rejection	1	13
33:	2		individual rejection	1	9
34:			individual rejection	1	11
35:			individual rejection	1	11
36:		large grace	group rejection	1	10
37:	1	large grace	rejection by flood	1	10
38:	1	cattle	borrower	1	153
39:	2	cattle	borrower	1	151
40:	3	cattle	borrower	1	150
				-	
41:	4	cattle	borrower	1	147
42:	1		individual rejection	1	37
43:	2		individual rejection	1	29
44:	3		individual rejection	1	30
45:	4		individual rejection	1	30
46:	1	cattle	rejection by flood	1	10
47:	2	cattle	rejection by flood	1	10
48:	3	cattle	rejection by flood	1	10
	survey	Arm	BStatus	Num	N

```
1: cattle 7054319 1 3 9 individual rejection No
Mgroup
<fctr>
1: drop outs
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```
Arm TradGroup BStatus hhid survey traditional:5 planned:0 borrower :1 Min. : 7031513 1:4 large :0 twice :0 pure saver :0 1st Qu.: 7054408 3:1 large grace:0 double :0 individual rejection:0 Median : 7054413 cattle :0 NA's :5 group rejection :0 Mean :36912148 rejection by flood :4 3rd Qu.:81710203 Max. :81710203

NLAssetAmount Min. :1960 1st Qu.:2780 Median :3600 Mean :4040 3rd Qu.:5080 Max. :6560 NA's :2
```

	Arm		В	Status	hhid	survey	NumCows
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1:	traditional		bo	rrower	7031513	1	1
2:	traditional	rejection	bу	flood	7054408	1	0
3:	traditional	rejection	bу	flood	7054413	1	0
4:	traditional	rejection	bу	flood	81710203	1	2
5:	traditional	rejection	bу	flood	81710203	3	2
1		-	-				

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Key: <hhid, tee>
Empty data.table (0 rows and 3 cols): BStatus,hhid,tee
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	survey	BStatus	Num	N
	<num></num>	<fctr></fctr>	<int></int>	<int></int>
1:	1	borrower	1	102
2:	2	borrower	1	106
3:	3	borrower	1	108
4:	4	borrower	1	107
5:	1	individual rejection	1	28
6:	2	individual rejection	1	26
7:	3	individual rejection	1	26
8:	4	individual rejection	1	25
9:	1	group rejection	1	35
10:	2	group rejection	1	39
11:	3	group rejection	1	36
12:	4	group rejection	1	36
13:	1	rejection by flood	1	19
14:	2	rejection by flood	1	17
15:	3	rejection by flood	1	18

```
      used
      (Mb)
      gc
      trigger
      (Mb)
      limit
      (Mb)
      max
      used
      (Mb)

      Ncells
      2843586
      151.9
      4521784
      241.5
      NA
      4521784
      241.5

      Vcells
      375189468
      2862.5
      628440838
      4794.7
      56320
      413311950
      3153.4
```

```
[1] 1
```

```
[1] 10
```

Warning in rbind(c("", "&", rbind(paste0("\\makebox[", hcenter, unit, "]{", : number of contents of the second co

Table 144: Number of observations by Borrower Status and Arm												
	(a)		(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)						
File	BStatus	traditional	large	large grace	cattle	Sum						
Schooling	borrower	101	224	205	183	713						
	individual rejection	23	9	16	41	89						
	group rejection	54	13	17	0	84						
	rejection by flood	27	0	13	11	51						
	Sum	205	246	251	235	937						
Repayment	borrower	85	171	167	153	576						
	individual rejection	31	9	13	37	90						
	group rejection	40	20	10	0	70						
	rejection by flood	20	0	10	10	40						
	Sum	176	200	200	200	776						
Asset	borrower	85	171	167	153	576						
	individual rejection	30	9	13	37	89						
	group rejection	39	20	9	0	68						
	rejection by flood	20	0	10	10	40						
	Sum	174	200	199	200	773						
Livestock	borrower	85	171	166	152	574						
	individual rejection	30	9	13	37	89						
	group rejection	40	20	0	0	60						
	rejection by flood	20	0	10	10	40						
	Sum	175	200	189	199	763						
LivestockProducts	borrower	85	171	167	153	576						
	individual rejection	30	9	13	37	89						
	group rejection	40	20	10	0	70						
	rejection by flood	20	0	10	10	40						
	Sum	175	200	200	200	775						
LabourIncome	borrower	85	171	167	153	576						
	individual rejection	30	9	13	37	89						
	group rejection	40	20	10	0	70						
	rejection by flood	20	0	10	10	40						
	Sum	175	200	200	200	775						
FarmIncome	borrower	9	38	24	23	94						
	individual rejection	2	0	0	2	4						
	group rejection	0	8	0	0	8						
	rejection by flood	1	0	0	0	1						
	Sum	12	46	24	25	107						
Consumption	borrower	84	166	166	152	568						
2 Shoump won	individual rejection	27	9	11	33	80						
	group rejection	39	19	0	0	58						
	rejection by flood	18	0	Ő	10	28						
	Sum	168	194	177	195	734						
OtherBorrowing	borrower	169	336	332	304	1141						
OnlorDonowing	individual rejection	57	18	24	70	169						
	group rejection	79	40	10	0	129						
	rejection by flood	38	0	10	20	68						
	Sum	343	394	376	394	1507						
	Sain	573	5)7	310	3) <del>T</del>	1507						

Source: Survey data.

Note:

INDLE 1TJ, INUMB	ER OF OBSERVATIONS USE (a)	L II LOTIMATION	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
	` ,	(b	, ,	` '	` ′	` '
File	BStatus	traditional	large	large grace	cattle	sun
Schooling	borrower	82	169	164	146	561
Schooling	individual rejection	15	6	5	30	56
Schooling	group rejection	45	11	0	0	56
Schooling	rejection by flood	18	0	0	10	28
Schooling	sum	160	186	169	186	701
Repayment	borrower	76	120	112	91	399
Repayment	individual rejection	0	0	0	0	0
Repayment	group rejection	0	0	0	0	0
Repayment	rejection by flood	0	0	0	0	0
Repayment	sum	76	120	112	91	399
Asset	borrower	84	166	166	152	568
Asset	individual rejection	27	9	11	33	80
Asset	group rejection	39	20	0	0	59
Asset	rejection by flood	18	0	0	10	28
Asset	sum	168	195	177	195	735
AssetRobustness	borrower	39	108	96	78	321
AssetRobustness	individual rejection	12	3	7	23	45
AssetRobustness	group rejection	28	9	ó	0	37
AssetRobustness	rejection by flood	10	0	0	6	16
AssetRobustness	sum	89	120	103	107	419
Land	borrower	55	107	103	88	353
Land	individual rejection	14	4	3	11	32
Land		15	33	0	0	48
Land	group rejection	8	0	0	0	8
	rejection by flood	92	144			6 44]
Land	sum			106 164	99	
Livestock	borrower	83	165		151	563
Livestock	individual rejection	25	9	11	28	73
Livestock	group rejection	36	19	10	0	65
Livestock	rejection by flood	18	0	0	9	27
Livestock	sum	162	193	185	188	728
NumCows	borrower	59	120	126	129	434
NumCows	individual rejection	13	4	6	17	40
NumCows	group rejection	16	18	10	0	44
NumCows	rejection by flood	7	0	0	7	14
NumCows	sum	95	142	142	153	532
AssetLivestock	borrower	73	150	149	147	519
AssetLivestock	individual rejection	21	5	10	25	61
AssetLivestock	group rejection	32	19	0	0	51
AssetLivestock	rejection by flood	16	0	0	8	24
AssetLivestock	sum	142	174	159	180	655
NetAssetGUK	borrower	33	104	90	75	302
NetAssetGUK	individual rejection	10	2	6	17	35
NetAssetGUK	group rejection	24	9	0	0	33
NetAssetGUK	rejection by flood	8	0	0	5	13
NetAssetGUK	sum	75	115	96	97	383
NetAsset	borrower	73	150	149	147	519
NetAsset	individual rejection	21	5	10	25	61
NetAsset	group rejection	32	19	0	0	51
NetAsset	rejection by flood	16	0	0	8	24
NetAsset	sum	142	174	159	180	655
LabourIncome	borrower	99	194	194	177	664
LabourIncome	individual rejection	27	11	12	31	81
LabourIncome	group rejection	47	21	0	0	68
LabourIncome	rejection by flood	19	0	0	14	33
LabourIncome	sum	192	226	206	222	846
FarmIncome	borrower	4	24	13	10	51
FarmIncome	individual rejection	0	0	0	0	0
FarmIncome	group rejection	0	2	0	0	2
FarmIncome	rejection by flood	0	0	0	0	0
FarmIncome	sum	4	26	13	10	53
Consumption	borrower	84	164	163	150	561
		26	9	11	30	76
Consumption	marviduai rejection	20				
Consumption Consumption	individual rejection group rejection			0	0	
Consumption Consumption Consumption	group rejection rejection by flood	36 17	18 0			54 27

Source: Survey data.

Note:

	R OF OBSERVATIONS USED (a)		(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
	· /	(b	. ,	( )	. ,	
File	BStatus	traditional	large	large grace	cattle	sur
Schooling	borrower	62	134	125	105	42
Schooling	individual rejection	10	5	2	19	36
Schooling	group rejection	38	8	0	0	46
Schooling	rejection by flood	0	0	0	0	0
	•	110	147	127	124	
Schooling	sum					50
Repayment	borrower	85	170	166	152	57:
Repayment	individual rejection	0	0	0	0	0
Repayment	group rejection	0	0	0	0	0
Repayment	rejection by flood	0	0	0	0	0
Repayment	sum	85	170	166	152	57:
Asset	borrower	83	161	155	145	54
Asset	individual rejection	24	8	9	26	67
Asset	group rejection	36	19	0	0	55
Asset	rejection by flood	0	0	0	0	0
Asset	sum	143	188	164	171	66
AssetRobustness	borrower	38	106	93	75	31:
AssetRobustness	individual rejection	10	3	6	17	36
AssetRobustness	group rejection	28	9	0	0	37
AssetRobustness	rejection by flood	0	0	0	0	0
AssetRobustness	sum	76	118	99	92	38:
Land		49			68	
	borrower		100	93		310
Land	individual rejection	9	4	3	9	25
Land	group rejection	15	30	0	0	45
Land	rejection by flood	0	0	0	0	0
Land	sum	73	134	96	77	38
Livestock	borrower	70	144	135	139	48
Livestock	individual rejection	16	4	7	21	48
Livestock	group rejection	28	18	0	0	46
Livestock	rejection by flood	0	0	0	0	0
Livestock	sum	114	166	142	160	58:
NumCows	borrower	59	126	116	128	42
NumCows	individual rejection	12	3	4	12	31
NumCows	group rejection	20	16	0	0	36
NumCows	rejection by flood	0	0	0	0	0
NumCows	•	91	145	120	140	49
AssetLivestock	Sum	70	143	135	139	48
AssetLivestock	borrower	16				
	individual rejection		4	7	21	48
AssetLivestock	group rejection	28	18	0	0	46
AssetLivestock	rejection by flood	0	0	0	0	0
AssetLivestock	sum	114	166	142	160	58
NetAssetGUK	borrower	31	100	85	71	28
NetAssetGUK	individual rejection	7	1	5	14	27
NetAssetGUK	group rejection	21	9	0	0	30
NetAssetGUK	rejection by flood	0	0	0	0	0
NetAssetGUK	sum	59	110	90	85	34
NetAsset	borrower	70	144	135	139	48
NetAsset	individual rejection	16	4	7	21	48
NetAsset	group rejection	28	18	0	0	46
NetAsset	rejection by flood	0	0	ő	Ö	0
NetAsset	sum	114	166	142	160	58:
LabourIncome	borrower	103	208	196	172	67
LabourIncome	individual rejection	26	12	130	35	86
LabourIncome	group rejection	46	23	0	0	69
LabourIncome	rejection by flood	0	0	0	0	0
LabourIncome	sum	175	243	209	207	83
FarmIncome	borrower	NA	1	NA	NA	1
FarmIncome	individual rejection	NA	0	NA	NA	0
FarmIncome	group rejection	NA	0	NA	NA	0
FarmIncome	rejection by flood	NA	0	NA	NA	0
FarmIncome	sum	NA	1	NA	NA	1
	borrower	83	162	156	146	54
Consumption	DOITOWCI					
Consumption		24	8	9	26	67
Consumption Consumption	individual rejection	24	8		26 0	
Consumption				9 0 0		67 54 0

Source: Survey data.

### V.2 IGA

 $IGA\ info\ is\ from\ c:/data/GUK/received/cleaned\_by\_RA/GUKAdminstrativeData.dta.$ 

In traditional arm, there are 33 borrowing members who report cattle as their first IGA, and 76 borrowing members (69.72%) who report other than cattle as their first IGA. This contrasts with the non-traditional arms that 466 borrowing members who report cattle as their first IGA and 25 borrowing members (5.09%) other than cattle as their first IGA.

FIGURE 30: FIRST IGA CHOICES

20000 - 15000 - 10000 - 15000 20000

net assets in round2 (Tk)

Source: Survey data.

Note: The first income generating activity (IGA) choices are plotted. The rows headed by n = 1, 2, 3 indicate there are n project(s) owned by the household, and displayed type of project on the horizontal axis shows the contents of first project that was invested.

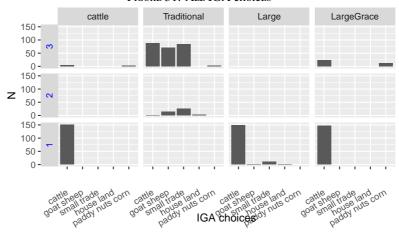
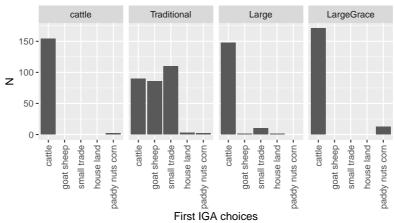


FIGURE 31: ALL IGA CHOICES

Source: Survey data.

Note:

FIGURE 32: ALL IGA CHOICES (COLLAPSED VIEW)



Source: Survey data.

Note:

## V.3 Graphs

Cumulative changes of non-traditional arm up to t is given by (Intercept)+ $b_{Arm}+b_t+b_{Arm}*_t$ . This is given by Intercept+Arm+TimeX+Arm.TimeX. For the traditional arm, it is given by (Intercept) +  $b_t$ .

Time-varying impacts relative to the traditional arm is given by  $b_{Arm} + b_{Arm*_t}$ . This is given by Arm+Arm.TimeX.

Need to run construct confi manually and run EstimationMemo.rnw again to draw error bar charts. To compute linear functions of estimated parameters, we use a vector hv giving linear combinations, covariance matrix of the regression this V, and run *Wald* tests with:

glht(model=thisreg, linfct = matrix(hv, byrow = T, nrow=1),
 alternative="two.sided". vcov.=thisV)

arternativ	e- two.sided , vcovthisv)			
Object	What it does	Note		
hvT0	Picks covariates to test overall change.			
	"\\(Intercept\\)"			
hvN0	Overall mean impact of each non-traditional arm. "\\(Intercept\\)", "dummyInKind"			
hvN1	Difference of period 2 Arm relative to period 2 trad. "dummyInKind"			
hvTinT	Picks covariates to test changes in period t relative to period 2. "Time.4"			
hv	Collects all coefficients by far to compute changes. \\((Intercept\\)) + Time.T	hv < -hvT0 + hvTinT		
hvNinT	Picks covariates to test changes in period t relative to period 2 trad. "Time.4", "dummyInKind.Time4"	Use this if period 2 trad is the reference.		
dhvNinT	Difference relative to concurrent trad. "dummyInKind.Time4"	Marginal difference between g and trad in period T.		
cumNrelativeT	Cumulative difference relative to concurrent trad. "dummyInKind.Time2"+"dummyInKind.Time3" +"dummyInKind.Time4"	cumstrings adds dummyInKind.TimeX a period loops goes, with paste(cumstrings paste0("", covadd.nontrad[[i]][2], "\$"), set = "—")		
periNrelativeT	Periodwise difference relative to concurrent trad. "dummyInKind"+"dummyInKind.TimeX"	Total difference between g and trad in tin X. Period X effects relative to trad in per X. "dummyInKind" is stored in peristring at hvN1		
hvN2	Nontrad gross mean in period t. \\(Intercept\\)+TimeX+TimeX.Arm =hvT0 + hvNinT	Baseline trad + change relative to period 2 trad.		
us		, ,		
ells 28465	84 152.1 4521784 241.5 N	NA 4521784 241.5		

cumstrings0 <- peristrings0 <- paste0("^", covadd.nontrad[[1]][2], "\$") &
peristrings2 <- paste(peristrings0, paste0("^", covadd.nontrad[[i]][2], "\$"), sep = "|")</pre>

01.	WII	m : :	
Object	What it does	Typical terms	Code
hvT0	picks covariates to test overall change	[[1]]"\\(Intercept\\)"	covadd.trad[[1]]
hvN0	Arm	<pre>[[1]]"\\(Intercept\\)", "dummyInKind"</pre>	covadd.nontrad[[1]]
hvN1	Arm - trad, in period 2	[[1]][2] "dummyInKind"	covadd.nontrad[[1]][2]
hvTinT	trad in each period - trad in period 2	[[2]] "Time.4"	covadd.trad[[i]]
hv	trad in each period	intercept + Time.T	hv = hvT0 + hvTinT
hvNinT	Arm in each period - nontrad in period 2. For period 2, period 2 level of Arm is reurned.	[[2]] "Time.4", "dummyInKind.Time4"	covadd.nontrad[[i]][c(1,2)]
dhvNinT	Difference = $0$ (of Arm g and trad in time X)	[[2]][1] "dummyInKind.Time4"	covadd.nontrad[[i]][2]
hvNinT2	Arm in each period - trad in period 2	[[2]] Arm TimeX + Arm.TimeX+	hvN1 + covadd.nontrad[[i]][c(1,2)]
periNrelativeT	Cumulative difference = 0 (of arm g and trad in time X)	"dummyInKind"+"dummyInKind.TimeX" for cumulative effects relative to trad in time X	periNrelativeT=hvN1+dhvNinT
hvN2	nontrad gross mean in period $t$ = cumulative trad + relative to concurrent trad = $0$	Intercept+TimeX +Arm+TimeX.Arm	hvT0 + hvNinT
Impacts by ba	seline experience j		
dhvJ0	Average difference = 0 (of experienced j and trad)	dummyAdiCattle0	j
dhvJinT	Difference = $0$ (of experienced j and trad in period X)	dummyAdiCattle0.TimeX	paste0("^", j, ".Time.\$")
hvJinT	Cumulative difference = $0$ (of experience j and trad in period X)	<pre>dummyAdiCattle0 + dummyAdiCattle0.TimeX</pre>	dhvJ0+dhvJinT
hvJG0	Average difference = 0 (of experience*arm j*g and arm g)	dummyAdiCattle0.Large	paste0("^", j, "\$")
dhvJGinT	Difference = 0 (of experience*arm j*g and arm g in period X)	dummyAdiCattle0.Large.TimeX	paste0(", j, ";", covadd.nontrad[[i]][2])
hvJGinT	Cumulative difference = 0 (of experience*arm j*g and arm g in period X)	<pre>dummyAdiCattle0.Large + dummyAdiCattle0.Large.TimeX</pre>	hvJG0 + dhvJGinT
periJGinT	Cumulative difference = $0$ (of experience*arm j*g and trad in time X)	<pre>dummyLarge + dummyLarge.TimeX + dummyAdiCattle0 + dummyAdiCattle0.TimeX + dummyAdiCattle0.Large + dummyAdiCattle0.Large.TimeX</pre>	periNrelativeT+hvJinT+hvJGinT
要求されたパッ	ッケージ		
carData を			
要求されたパッ	ッケージ		
mvtnorm を			
要求されたパッ	_		
survival を	ロード中です		
<del>                                     </del>	<i>L</i> 30		
要求されたパッ   TH.data を「			
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要求されたパッ	 ッケージ		
14.66 # E	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		_

MASS をロード中です

次のパッケージを付け加えます	
: 'TH.data'	

|以下のオブジェクトは 'package:MASS' <mark>からマスクされています</mark>:

geyser

Object	What it does	Formula	Code
hvMofTA	average change = 0 (of males in trad school i)	Intercept + School = dMofT	addcovaMofT[c(1, i)]
hvFofTA	average change = 0 (of females in trad school i)	Intercept + School + Female + School.Female = hvMofTA + dFofT	hvMofTA + addcov- aFofT[c(1, i)]
hvMofNA	average change = 0 (of nontrad arm g at school i)	intercept + Arm + School + Arm.School = hvMofTA + dMofNA	hvMofTA + addcova- MofN[c(1, i)]
hvFofNA	average change = 0 (of nontrad Arm g at School i for females)	Intercept + Arm + School + Female + Arm.School + Arm.Female + School.Female + Arm.School.Female = Intercept + Arm + School + Arm.School (hvMofNA) + Female + School.Female (dFofT) + Arm.Female + Arm.School.Female (dFofNA) = hvMofNA + dFofT + dFofNA	$\begin{aligned} hvMofNA + dFofT + ad-\\ dcovaFofN[c(1,i)] \end{aligned}$
hvMofN	average difference = 0 (of nontrad Arm g rel- ative to trad, at School i)	hvMofNA - hvMofTA = Arm + Arm.School	dMofNA
hvFofN	difference = 0 (of non- trad Arm g females to trad females, at School i)	hvFofNA - hvFofTA = Arm + School + Female + Arm.School + Arm.Female + School.Female + Arm.School.Female - (School + Female + School.Female) = Arm + Arm.School + Arm.Female + Arm.School.Female = hvMofNA + dFofNA	hvMofNA + dFofNA
hvMofTinT	difference = 0 (of trad in timeX relative to pe- riod 2, at School i)	School + TimeX + School.TimeX - School = TimeX + School.TimeX	addteeMofTinT[c(1 ,i)]
hvFofTinT	difference = 0 (of fe- male trad in timeX rel- ative to period 2, at School i)	School + TimeX + Female + School.TimeX + School.Female + Female.TimeX + School.Female.TimeX - (School + Female + School.Female)= TimeX + School.TimeX + Female.TimeX + School.Female.TimeX = hvMofTinT + FofTinT	hvMofTinT + ad- dteeFofTinT[c(1 ,i)]
hvMofTinTL	cumulative change = 0 (of trad at school i in period X)	Intercept + School + TimeX + School.TimeX = hvMofTA + hv-MofTinT	
hvFofTinTL	cumulative change = 0 (of female trad at school i in period X)	Intercept + School + Female + TimeX + School.TimeX + School.Female + Female.TimeX + School.Female.TimeX = hvFofTA + hvFofTinT	
dMofNinT	diff = 0 (of nontrad change relative to con- current trad change, at school iin period X)	$\begin{aligned} & \text{TimeX} + \text{Arm.TimeX} + \text{School.TimeX} + \text{Arm.School.TimeX} + \text{CtimeX} \\ & + \text{School.TimeX}) = \text{Arm.TimeX} + \text{Arm.School.TimeX} \end{aligned}$	addteeMofNinT[c(1,i)]
dFofNinT	diff = 0 (of female nontrad change rela- tive to concurrent fe- male trad change, at school i in period X)	TimeX + Arm.TimeX + Female.TimeX + School.TimeX + Arm.School.TimeX + Arm.Female.TimeX + Female.School.TimeX + Arm.School.Female.TimeX - (TimeX + Female.TimeX + School.TimeX + Female.School.TimeX) = Arm.TimeX + Arm.School.TimeX + Arm.Female.TimeX + Arm.School.Female.TimeX = dMofNinT + Arm.Female.TimeX + Arm.School.Female.TimeX = dMofNinT + dFofNinT0	addteeFofNinT[c(1,i)]
hvMofNinT	difference = $0$ (of non- trad relative to concur- rent trad, at school iin period $X$ )	Arm + School + TimeX + Arm.School + Arm.TimeX + School.TimeX + Arm.School.TimeX - (School + TimeX + School.TimeX)= Arm + Arm.School + Arm.TimeX + Arm.School.TimeX = hvMofN + dMofNinT	hvMofN + dMofNinT
hvFofNinT	difference = 0 (of female nontrad relative to concurrent female trad, at school iin period X)	Arm + School + Female + TimeX + Arm.School + Arm.Female + Arm.TimeX + School.Female + School.TimeX + Female.TimeX + Arm.School.Female + Arm.School.TimeX + Arm.Female.TimeX + School.Female.TimeX + Arm.School.Female.TimeX + School.Female.TimeX + Female + TimeX + School.Female + School.TimeX + Female.TimeX) = Arm + Arm.School (MofN) + Arm.Female + Arm.School.Female (dFofN) + Arm.TimeX + Arm.School.TimeX (dMofNinT)+ Arm.Female.TimeX + Arm.School.Female.TimeX (dFofNinT0) = hvMofN + dFofN + dMofNinT + dFofNinT0 = hvMofN + dFofN + dFofNinT	hvMofN + dFofNA + dFofNinT
hvMofNinTL	cumulative change = 0 (of nontrad school i in period X)	(intercept) + Arm + School + TimeX + Arm.School + Arm.TimeX + School.TimeX + Arm.School.TimeX = hvMofTinTL + hvMofNinT	
		(intercept) + School + TimeX + School.TimeX (hvMofTinTL) + Arm + Arm.School (hvMofN) + Arm.TimeX + Arm.School.TimeX (dMofNinT)	
		(intercept) + Arm + School + Arm.School (MofNA) TimeX + School.TimeX (MofNinT) Arm.TimeX + Arm.School.TimeX (dMofNinT)	
L. D. CNI TI		(intercent)   Ame   Cabal   Free   T' V	

hyEofNinTI cumulative change - (intercent) + Arm + School + Female + TimeY

dMofT=addcovaMofT[c(1, i)] (Intercept), dummyJunior, dummyHigh

dFofT=addcovaFofT[c(1, i)] Female, dummyJunior.Female, dummyHigh.Female

 $dMofNA = addcovaMofN[c(1,i)] \ dummyInKind, dummyInKind.dummyJunior, dummyInKind.dummyHigh \ dFofNA = addcovaFofN[c(1,i)] \ dummyInKind.Female, \ dummyInKind.dummyJunior.Female, \ dummyInKind.dummyHigh.Female$ 

hvMofTinT=addteeMofTinT[c(1 ,i)] Time.4, dummyJunior.Time4, dummyHigh.Time4 dFofTinT=addteeFofTinT[c(1 ,i)] Female.Time4, dummyJunior.Female.Time4, dummy-High.Female.Time4

dMofNinT=addteeMofNinT[c(1,i)] dummyInKind.Time4, dummyInKind.dummyJunior.Time4, dummyInKind.dummyHigh.Time4

dFofNinT=addteeFofNinT[c(1,i)] dummyInKind.Female.Time4, dummyInKind.dummyJunior.Female.Time4 dummyInKind.dummyHigh.Female.Time4

	num					
FileName		2	3	4	5	6
Consumption	0	257	257	0	0	0
ConsumptionOLS	0	361	361	361	361	361
LabourIncome	0	361	361	361	361	361
Land	0	361	361	361	361	361
Livestock	0	137	137	137	0	0
NetAssets	0	361	361	361	361	361
NetAssetsAnnualPrices	0	361	361	361	361	361
NetAssetsByExperiencea	0	253	253	253	0	0
NetAssetsByExperiencen	0	253	253	253	0	0
NetAssetsByExperienceo	0	253	253	253	0	0
NetAssetsExperience	0	541	541	541	541	0
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NetNLAssets	0	361	361	361	361	361
NumCows		361	361	361	0	0
NumCowsByExperiencea	137	137	137	0	0	0
NumCowsByExperiencen	137	137	137	0	0	0
NumCowsByExperienceo	137	137	137	0	0	0
NumCowsExperience	0	541	541	541	541	0

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1 .	sum of (nontrac	d - trad	in A			2		
	sum of (nontrac					3	85.2276	
/ Z:	Sum of (nontrac	ı – trad,	, in e	acii period)	herinteracivel	3	03.22/0	

```
3: sum of (nontrad - trad, in each period) periNrelativeT 2 94.2623
4: sum of (nontrad - trad, in each period) periNrelativeT 3 120.0333
4: sum of (nontrad - trad, in each period) periNrelativeT
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6: sum of (nontrad - trad, in each period) periNrelativeT
7: sum of (nontrad - trad, in each period) periNrelativeT
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				217		

0.1	C	т.	2	T a IZ d a al	Maria
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                                                                      4
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                                                                      4
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20:
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                                                            N 1
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40:
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```
nontrad in each period - trad in period 2
                                                            NinT2
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                    level of trad in each period
                                                               TL
                                                                        3
                    level of trad in each period
64:
                                                               ΤL
                                                                        4
                    level of trad in each period
65:
                                                               ΤI
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66:
                                                             TinT
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                                                                        3
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                                                                        3
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                                                             TinT
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94:
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                         422.44175 2.66042e-01
56:
    152.92079 -116.60017
57:
    85.22758 -90.64283 261.09798 3.41953e-01
58: 134.16950 -46.78632 315.12532 1.46121e-01
59: 3179.33984 3016.60057 3342.07911 0.00000e+00
60: 2032.45751 1802.78924 2262.12577 0.00000e+00
```

```
61: 6358.67968 6033.20114 6684.15821 0.00000e+00
62: 2032.45751 1802.78924 2262.12577 0.00000e+00
63: 3731.64511 3561.36684 3901.92338 0.00000e+00
64: 2124.38018 1876.34097 2372.41940 0.00000e+00
65: 3838.37697 3682.25682 3994.49712 0.00000e+00
66: 3179.33984 3016.60057 3342.07911 0.00000e+00
67:
      0.00000
               0.00000
                          0.00000
68: 552.30527 479.66994 624.94060 0.00000e+00
               7.66953 176.17583 3.25090e-02
69:
    91.92268
    659.03713 598.24425 719.83002 0.00000e+00
70:
71: 3170.47099 2976.42379 3364.51819 0.00000e+00
72: 1970.98336 1693.06823 2248.89850 0.00000e+00
73: 6349.81083 6018.12013 6681.50153 0.00000e+00
74: 2032.45751 1802.78924 2262.12577 0.00000e+00
75: 3527.02988 3259.65088 3794.40888 0.00000e+00
76: 2160.25425 1769.65304 2550.85547 0.00000e+00
77: 3700.63560 3449.41085 3951.86035 0.00000e+00
78:
    -8.86885 -143.99120 126.25351 8.97616e-01
79:
   -61.47414 -215.44427 92.49599 4.33630e-01
80: 3161.60214 2869.47090 3453.73339 0.00000e+00
81: -61.47414 -215.44427 92.49599 4.33630e-01
82: 338.82120 67.00354 610.63885 1.45748e-02
83:
    66.32260 -166.08767 298.73288 5.75704e-01
84: 512.42691 356.44170 668.41213 1.32984e-10
85: 3170.47099 2976.42379 3364.51819 0.00000e+00
86:
      0.00000
               0.00000
                          0.00000
   347.69004 135.34136 560.03872 1.33722e-03
87:
88: 127.79675 -158.88000 414.47349 3.82001e-01
89: 521.29576 329.21932 713.37220 1.08847e-07
90:
     -8.86885 -143.99120
                         126.25351 8.97616e-01
91:
      0.00000
               0.00000
                          0.00000
                                       NA
92: -204.61523 -416.21589
                           6.98543 5.80539e-02
93:
     35.87407 -217.70597 289.45411 7.81422e-01
94: -137.74137 -324.08301
                          48.60026 1.47355e-01
     -8.86885 -143.99120 126.25351 8.97616e-01
95:
96: -61.47414 -215.44427 92.49599 4.33630e-01
97: -213.48408 -485.40253 58.43438 1.23825e-01
98: -25.60007 -224.77407 173.57392 8.00972e-01
99: -146.61022 -302.77540
                          9.55496 6.57542e-02
     estimate
                      1 b
                                 ub
                                         pvalue
```

	FileName	regtype	num	attributes	gender	school			Impac <sup>.</sup>	tType
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1:	Schooling	Т	2	traditional	all	primary	level	of	reference	trad
2:	Schooling	Т	2	traditional	all	junior	level	of	reference	trad
3:	Schooling	Т	2	traditional	all	high	level	of	reference	trad
4:	Schooling	Т	3	traditional	all	primary	level	of	reference	trad
5:	Schooling	Т	3	traditional	all	junior	level	of	reference	trad
6:	Schooling	Т	3	traditional	all	high	level	of	reference	trad
7:	Schooling	Т	4	traditional	all	primary	level	of	reference	trad
8:	Schooling	Т	4	traditional	all	junior	level	of	reference	trad
9:	Schooling	Т	4	traditional	all	high	level	of	reference	trad
10:	Schooling	Та	2	traditional	all	primary	level	of	reference	trad
11:	Schooling	Та	2	traditional	all	junior	level	of	reference	trad
12:	Schooling	Та	2	traditional	all	high	level	of	reference	trad
13:	Schooling	Та	3	traditional	all	primary	level	of	reference	trad
14:	Schooling	Та	3	traditional	all	junior	level	of	reference	trad
15:	Schooling	Та	3	traditional	all	high	level	of	reference	trad
16:	Schooling	Та	4	traditional	all	primary	level	of	reference	trad
17:	Schooling	Та	4	traditional	all	junior	level	of	reference	trad
18:	Schooling	Та	4	traditional	all	high	level	of	reference	trad
1	_					_				

```
ub
   period hv estimate lb ub
<num> <char> <num> <num> <num> <num>
                                                pvalue
                                                  <num>
1:
       NA MofTA 0.654996 0.570694 0.739298 0.00000e+00
       NA MofTA 0.654996 0.570694 0.739298 0.00000e+00
2:
       NA MofTA 0.654996 0.570694 0.739298 0.00000e+00
3:
       NA MofTA 0.703637 0.628657 0.778617 0.00000e+00
4:
5:
       NA MofTA 0.558788 0.463473 0.654103 0.00000e+00
       NA MofTA 0.465110 0.375061 0.555160 0.00000e+00
6:
       NA MofTA 0.816777 0.679928 0.953626 0.00000e+00
7:
           MofTA 0.698685 0.547135 0.850235 0.00000e+00
8:
       NA
9:
       NA MofTA 0.606556 0.447721 0.765391 1.08358e-13
10:
       NA MofTA 0.654996 0.570694 0.739298 0.00000e+00
11:
       NA MofTA 0.654996 0.570694 0.739298 0.00000e+00
       NA MofTA 0.654996 0.570694 0.739298 0.00000e+00
12:
       NA MofTA 0.703637 0.628657 0.778617 0.00000e+00
13:
       NA MofTA 0.558788 0.463473 0.654103 0.00000e+00
14:
       NA MofTA 0.465110 0.375061 0.555160 0.00000e+00
15:
16:
       NA MofTA 0.816777 0.679928 0.953626 0.00000e+00
17:
       NA MofTA 0.698685 0.547135 0.850235 0.00000e+00
18:
       NA MofTA 0.606556 0.447721 0.765391 1.08358e-13
```

```
FileName regtype num attributes
     <fctr> <fctr> <num>
                          <fctr>
1: Schooling
              T 5
                             Large
                 Τ
2: Schooling
                       5
                              Large
                T 5
T 5
T 5
T 5
T 5
3: Schooling
                              Large
4: Schooling
                              Large
5: Schooling
                              Large
6: Schooling
                              Large
                                              ImpactType period
                                                 <fctr> <num> <num>
1: female nontrad - female trad, in each period, at school 2 -0.407138
2: female nontrad - female trad, in each period, at school
                                                            3 -0.260304
3: female nontrad - female trad, in each period, at school
                                                            4 -0.392079
4:
                nontrad - trad, in each period, at school
                                                            2 -0.140731
5:
                nontrad - trad, in each period, at school
                                                            3 -0.194737
               nontrad - trad, in each period, at school
                                                            4 -0.243397
                     ub gender school hv pvalue
      estimate
         <num>
                  <num> <fctr> <fctr> <fctr>
1: -0.172937656 0.0612629 female junior FofNinT 0.147728
2: 0.035773671 0.3318515 female junior FofNinT 0.812710
3: -0.095465521 0.2011480 female junior FofNinT 0.527973
4: -0.000432567 0.1398662 male junior MofNinT 0.995176
5: 0.001223819 0.1971844 male junior MofNinT 0.990229
6: 0.009168600 0.2617341 male junior MofNinT 0.943250
                         AtType
                          <fctr>
1: Arms (relative to Traditional)
2: Arms (relative to Traditional)
3: Arms (relative to Traditional)
4: Arms (relative to Traditional)
5: Arms (relative to Traditional)
6: Arms (relative to Traditional)
```

```
Error in factor(variables, labels = c("Broad net assets", "Net assets", : 無効な 'labels' です; 長さ 4 は 1 または 3 であるべきです
```

```
Error in factor(variables, labels = c("Broad net assets", "Net assets", : 無効な'labels' です; 長さ 4 は 1 または 3 であるべきです
```

	regres	sand	d				
attributes	land	net	non-livestock	assets	net	assets	cattle
Large/Upfront	15			15		15	12
LargeGrace	15			15		15	12
Cattle	15			15		15	12
WithGrace	15			15		15	12
InKind	15			15		15	12

Error in factor(regressand, labels = c("Net assets (BDT)", "Net non-livestock assets (BDT)数 'labels' です; 長さ 3 は 1 または 2 であるべきです

	regressand				
attributes	net assets	net no	n livestock	assets	cattle
Large/Upfront	15			0	12
LargeGrace	15			0	12
Cattle	15			0	12
WithGrace	15			0	12
InKind	15			0	12

n	um				
SubGroup	1	2	3	4	Sum
All members	9	9	9	9	36
Owner	9	9	9	0	27
Adi	9	9	9	0	27
None	9	9	9	0	27
Sum	36	36	36	9	117

	regressand	
attributes	Net assets,\nannual price (BDT) Net non-livestock\n a	assets (BDT)
Large	15	15
LargeGrace	15	15
Cattle	15	15
	regressand	
attributes	Net broad assets\n (BDT) Cattle (counts)	
Large	15 9	
LargeGrace	15 9	
Cattle	15 9	

	regre	essand						
attributes	Net	assets	(BDT)	Net	non-livestock	assets\n(BDT)	Cattle	(counts)
Large			15			15		12
LargeGrace			15			15		12
Cattle			15			15		12

	attributes	
ImpactType	Traditiona	l Large
level of trad in each period at school	1	8 0
level of female trad in each period at school	1	8 0
nontrad - trad, in each period, at school		0 18
female nontrad - female trad, in each period,	at school	0 18
	attributes	
ImpactType	LargeGrace	Cattle
level of trad in each period at school	6	0
level of female trad in each period at school	6	0
nontrad - trad, in each period, at school	18	18
female nontrad - female trad, in each period,	at school 18	18

	attributes		
ImpactType	Traditiona	l Upfro	nt
level of trad in each period at school	1	8	0
level of female trad in each period at school	1	8	0
nontrad - trad, in each period, at school		0	18
female nontrad - female trad, in each period, at scho	ool	0	18
	attributes		
ImpactType	WithGrace	InKind	
level of trad in each period at school	0	0	
level of female trad in each period at school	0	0	
nontrad - trad, in each period, at school	18	18	
female nontrad - female trad, in each period, at scho	ool 18	18	

```
attributes
ImpactType
                                                                         Traditional
 level of trad in each period at school
 level of female trad in each period at school
 nontrad change - trad change, in each period, at school
  female nontrad change - female trad change, in each period, at school
0
                                                                        attributes
ImpactType
                                                                         Large
 level of trad in each period at school
                                                                              0
  level of female trad in each period at school
                                                                             0
  nontrad change - trad change, in each period, at school
                                                                            18
  female nontrad change - female trad change, in each period, at school
                                                                        attributes
ImpactType
                                                                         LargeGrace
 level of trad in each period at school
 level of female trad in each period at school
  nontrad change - trad change, in each period, at school
  female nontrad change - female trad change, in each period, at school
18
                                                                        attributes
ImpactType
                                                                         Cattle
 level of trad in each period at school
  level of female trad in each period at school
                                                                              0
  nontrad change - trad change, in each period, at school
                                                                              18
  female nontrad change - female trad change, in each period, at school
                                                                              18
```

```
attributes
                                                                          Traditional
ImpactType
  level of trad in each period at school
 level of female trad in each period at school
18
 nontrad change - trad change, in each period, at school
 female nontrad change - female trad change, in each period, at school
0
                                                                         attributes
ImpactType
                                                                          Upfront
  level of trad in each period at school
                                                                                0
  level of female trad in each period at school
                                                                                0
```

```
nontrad change - trad change, in each period, at school
                                                                              18
  female nontrad change - female trad change, in each period, at school
                                                                              18
                                                                        attributes
ImpactType
                                                                         WithGrace
 level of trad in each period at school
 level of female trad in each period at school
 nontrad change - trad change, in each period, at school
 female nontrad change - female trad change, in each period, at school
18
                                                                        attributes
ImpactType
                                                                         InKind
 level of trad in each period at school
                                                                              0
 level of female trad in each period at school
                                                                              0
 nontrad change - trad change, in each period, at school
                                                                             18
 female nontrad change - female trad change, in each period, at school
                                                                             18
```

	OwnCa	attle	9	
AdiCattle	0	1	< NA >	Sum
0	519	141	0	660
1	112	0	0	112
<na></na>	0	0	1	1
Sum	631	141	1	773

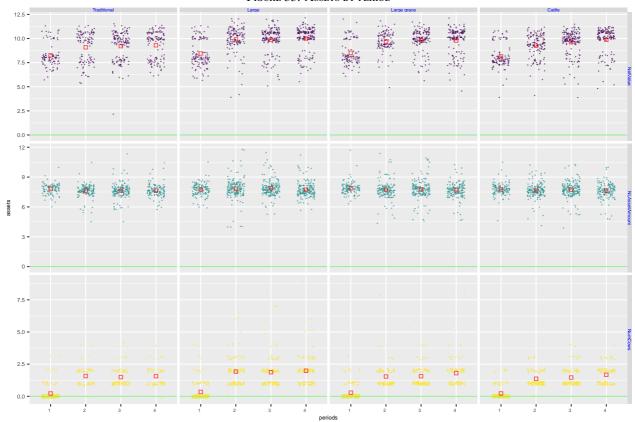


FIGURE 33: ASSETS BY PERIOD

Source: Tabulated with survey data.

Note: Red squares are means of respective data. Asset values are expressed in BDT. Net assets=total assets - debts. Debts include outstanding loaned amount of the experiment. Total assets use items observed in all 4 rounds of household surveys. Net non livestock assets=net assets-livestock asset values. Number of cattle is a headcount of cattle holding. All net assets are in logarithms, number of cattle is in natural numbers.

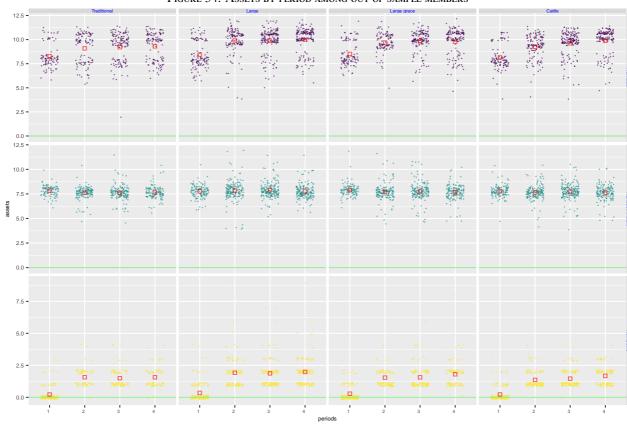
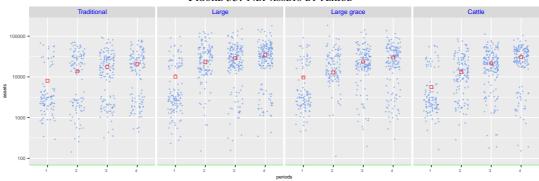


FIGURE 34: ASSETS BY PERIOD AMONG OUT OF SAMPLE MEMBERS

Source: Tabulated with survey data. Out of sample members are households who were not a part of 800 members and treated with the same intervention arms as in our experiment.

Note: Red squares are means of respective data. Asset values are expressed in BDT. Net assets=total assets - debts. Debts include outstanding loaned amount of the experiment. Total assets use items observed in all 4 rounds of household surveys. Net non livestock assets=net assets-livestock asset values. Number of cattle is a headcount of cattle holding. All net assets are in logarithms, number of cattle is in natural numbers.

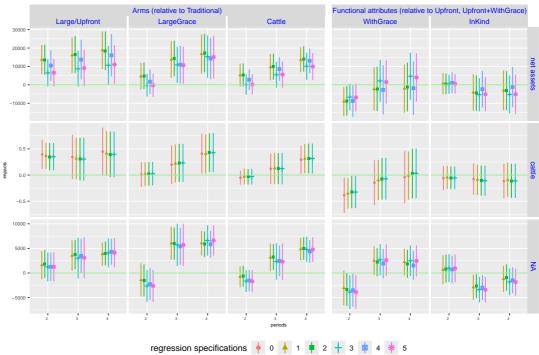
FIGURE 35: NET ASSETS BY PERIOD



Source: Tabulated with survey data.

Note: Red squares are means of respective data. Net assets are in logarithms.

Figure 36: Impacts on net assets relative to concurrent traditional arm



Source: Estimated with survey data.

Note:

Cumulative impacts on net assets. Large/Upfront, Large grace, Cattle are impacts relative to Traditional arm. WithGrace and InKind are the impacts of respective marginal functional attributes. Panels show cumulative impacts of respective arm or attributes k relative to tradiotional arm which are obtained by 2nd period =  $b_{2k}$ , 3rd period =  $b_{2k} + b_{3k}$ , 4th period =  $b_{2k} + b_{4k}$  in the estimating equation  $y_{it} = b_1y_{i1} + b_2 + b'_2\mathbf{d}_i + b_3c_{3t} + b'_3\mathbf{d}_ic_{3t} + b_4c_{4t} + b'_4\mathbf{d}_ic_{4t} + e_{it}$ , t = 2, 3, 4, where  $y_{it}$  is the outcome measure of member i in period t,  $\mathbf{d}_i$  is a vector of arms or functional attributes,  $c_{3t}$ ,  $c_{4t}$  are indicator variables of period 3 and 4. Bars show 95% confidence intervals using cluster robust standard errors. Asset values are expressed in Taka. Net assets=total assets - debts. Debts include outstanding loaned amount of the experiment. Total assets use items observed in all 4 rounds of household surveys.

- All non-Traditional arms achieve larger net assets than Traditional arm by period 4.
- This is achieved through increases in both livestock and non-livestock assets relative to Traditional arm.
- Large arm shows an earlier increase in all non-Traditional arms. This indicates the borrowers of this arm may be better prepared than other non-Traditional arms as they had to build up cash holding before the loan is disbursed. The impacts in period 4 are similar in all non-Traditional arms. It implies that better preparation may affect the time course of impacts, but not their size (in midium term).
- Cattle arm confidence intervals are tightest among the all non-Traditional arms. While its

sample size is largest (n = 199), it is the same as the Large arm and rejection and flood caused attrition are greater (47 vs. 29). This hints that the limited room of discretionary decision making under this arm may have resulted in smaller variations in project returns.

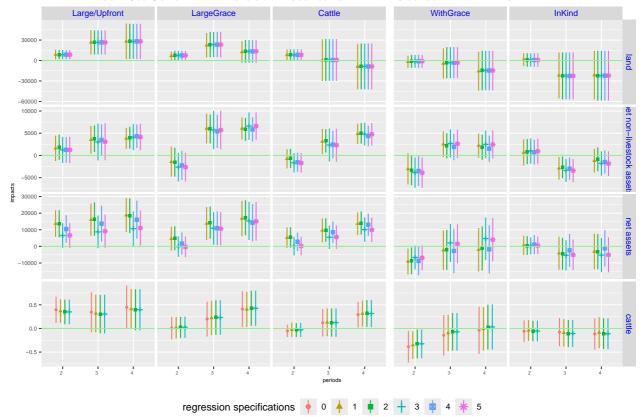


FIGURE 37: CUMULATIVE IMPACTS ON VARIOUS ASSETS RELATIVE TO CONCURRENT TRADITIONAL ARM

Source: Estimated with survey data.

Note: Cumulative impacts on various asset measures. Large/Upfront, Large grace, Cattle are impacts relative to Traditional arm. WithGrace and InKind are the impacts of respective marginal functional attributes. Panels show cumulative impacts of respective arm or attributes k relative to tradiotional arm which are obtained by 2nd period =  $b_{2k}$ , 3rd period =  $b_{2k} + b_{3k}$ , 4th period =  $b_{2k} + b_{4k}$  in the estimating equation  $y_{it} = b_1 y_{i1} + b_2 + b_2' \mathbf{d}_i + b_3 c_{3t} + b_3' \mathbf{d}_i c_{3t} + b_4 c_{4t} + b_4' \mathbf{d}_i c_{4t} + e_{it}$ , t = 2, 3, 4, where  $y_{it}$  is the outcome measure of member i in period t,  $\mathbf{d}_i$  is a vector of arms or functional attributes,  $c_{3t}$ ,  $c_{4t}$  are indicator variables of period 3 and 4. Bars show 95% confidence intervals using cluster robust standard errors. Asset values are expressed in BDT. Net assets=total assets - debts. Debts include outstanding loaned amount of the experiment. Total assets use items observed in all 4 rounds of household surveys. Net non livestock assets=net assets-livestock asset values. Number of cattle is a headcount of cattle holding.

FIGURE 38: CUMULATIVE IMPACTS ON NET ASSETS RELATIVE TO CONCURRENT TRADITIONAL ARM

Source: Estimated with survey data.

Note:

Cumulative impacts on net assets of non-Traditional arms relative to Traditional arm. Large/Upfront, Large grace, Cattle are impacts relative to Traditional arm. WithGrace and InKind are the impacts of respective marginal functional attributes. Panels show cumulative impacts of respective arm or attributes k relative to tradiotional arm which are obtained by 2nd period =  $b_{2k}$ , 3rd period =  $b_{2k} + b_{3k}$ , 4th period =  $b_{2k} + b_{4k}$  in the estimating equation  $y_{it} = b_1y_{i1} + b_2 + b_2'\mathbf{d}_i + b_3c_{3t} + b_3'\mathbf{d}_ic_{3t} + b_4c_{4t} + b_4'\mathbf{d}_ic_{4t} + e_{it}$ , t = 2, 3, 4, where  $y_{it}$  is the outcome measure of member i in period t,  $\mathbf{d}_i$  is a vector of arms or functional attributes,  $c_{3t}$ ,  $c_{4t}$  are indicator variables of period 3 and 4. Bars show 95% confidence intervals using cluster robust standard errors., Asset values are expressed in BDT. Net assets=total assets - debts. Debts include outstanding loaned amount of the experiment. Total assets use items observed in all 4 rounds of household surveys. Net non livestock assets=net assets-livestock asset values. Number of cattle is a headcount of cattle holding.

Results of land holding is similar to net assets, as it is a part of net assets, but the gap widens as period progresses. This is seen in the point estimates of non-traditional arms that are positive, yet most of estimates are imprecise and have their 95% confidence intervals crossing zero. Among all three assets, land holding may be most reliable indicator of wealth for fewer missingness. Net assets are defined as total assets less debt outstanding, yet we have smaller coverage of asset items in the first period which inflates the increasing trend.<sup>†</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> This change in coverage is common to all arms, and given randomisation, this should not affect identification of imapets by ANCOVA estimator as it is captured in the estimates of traditional arm, although it adds an extra noise.

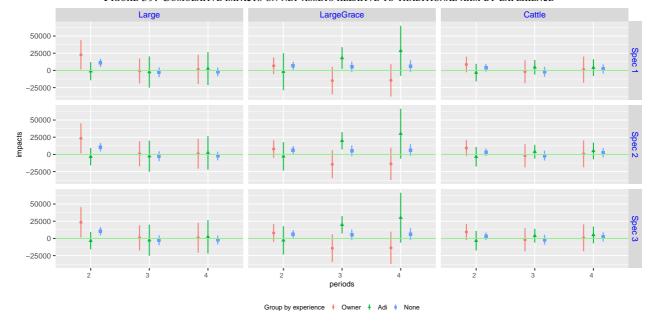


FIGURE 39: CUMULATIVE IMPACTS ON NET ASSETS RELATIVE TO TRADITIONAL ARM BY EXPERIENCE

Source: Estimated with survey data.

Note: Asset values are expressed in BDT. Net assets=total assets - debts. Debts include outstanding loaned amount of the experiment. Total assets use items observed in all 4 rounds of household surveys. Net non livestock assets=net assets-livestock asset values. Number of cattle is a headcount of cattle holding. Adi is a group who has an experience of lease-in cattle contract at the period 2, Own is a group who holds cattle at the period 2, and None are all other individuals. There are 141 members who owned cattle at the period 2, 112 members who ever practiced Adi at the period 2, and 523 members

who have no experience in cattle rearing.

FIGURE 40: CUMULATIVE IMPACTS ON CATTLE HOLDING RELATIVE TO TRADITIONAL ARM BY EXPERIENCE

Source: Estimated with survey data.

Note:

Asset values are expressed in BDT. Net assets=total assets - debts. Debts include outstanding loaned amount of the experiment. Total assets use items observed in all 4 rounds of household surveys. Net non livestock assets=net assets-livestock asset values. Number of cattle is a headcount of cattle holding. Adi is a group who has an experience of lease-in cattle contract at the period 2, Own is a group who holds cattle at the period 2, and None are all other individuals. There are 141 members who owned cattle at the period 2, 112 members who ever practiced Adi at the period 2, and 523 members

who have no experience in cattle rearing.

• Figure 42 shows negative impacts of nontraditional arm among boys of primary school. Impacts on the boys are always negative among non-traditional arms for all school levels. But only primary school impacts are estimated precisely enough to be statistically distinct from zero.

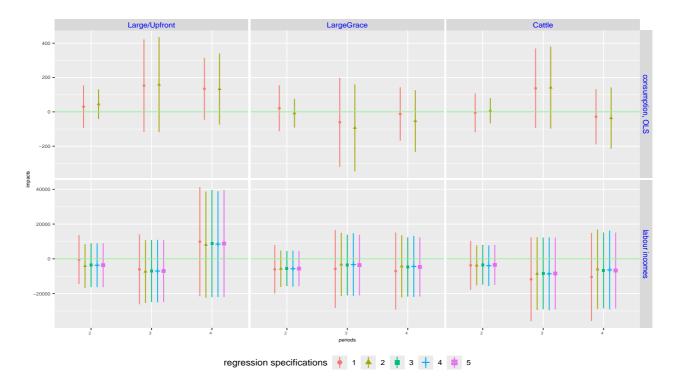
- Figure 43 shows the negative impacts on primary school aged boys are due to the upfront nature of the leding.
- Given that the Upfront nature of the lending causes borrowers to purchase a heiffer, the negative impacts on the boy's schooling is most likely to be due to heiffer related labour. Impacts in period 4 are -0.038646, -0.034893, -0.052939 percentage points for Large, LargeGrace, and Cattle arms, respectively.

## V.4 Project cycle

There are issues with the project cycle data.

• There are 94 members who report multiple entries (rows). This is the intended way of reporting multiple projects. However, 12 members report IGAs (iga1\_1st, etc.) that do not match with respective project\_type. Among all members, project\_type is less in details ("cow") and IGAs are more detailed ("cow, trade, goat"). In the majority cases, the contents in the former is a subset of the contents of the latter. In other cases, they simply differ: There are 96 unmatching members of which 60 with NAs in project\_type. Given that there are (a rel-

FIGURE 41: CUMULATIVE EFFECTS ON LABOUR INCOME AND PER CAPITA CONSUMPTION



Source: Constructed from ANCOVA estimation results Table 36, Table 37, Table 28, Table 29.

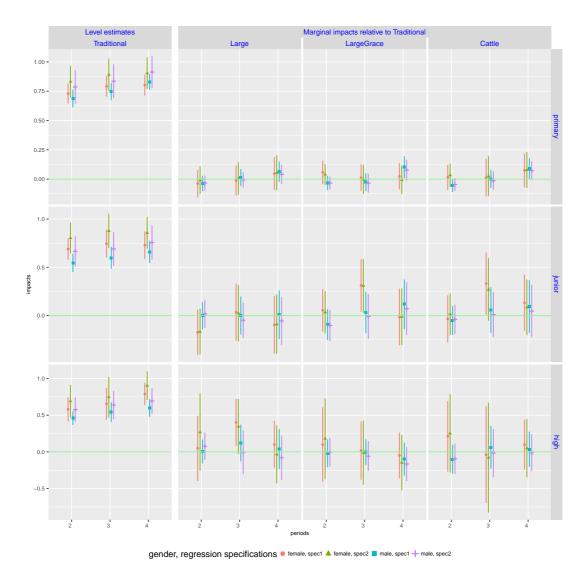
Note: Style and placement of panels follow the Figure ??. Large/Upfront, Large grace, Cattle are impacts relative to Traditional arm. WithGrace and InKind are the impacts of respective marginal functional attributes. Panels show cumulative impacts of respective arm or attributes k relative to tradiotional arm which are obtained by 2nd period =  $b_{2k}$ , 3rd period =  $b_{2k}$  +  $b_{3k}$ , 4th period =  $b_{2k} + b_{4k}$  in the estimating equation  $y_{it} = b_1y_{i1} + b_2 + b_2'\mathbf{d}_i + b_3c_{3t} + b_3'\mathbf{d}_ic_{3t} + b_4c_{4t} + b_4'\mathbf{d}_ic_{4t} + e_{it}$ , t = 2, 3, 4, where  $y_{it}$  is the outcome measure of member i in period t,  $\mathbf{d}_i$  is a vector of arms or functional attributes,  $c_{3t}$ ,  $c_{4t}$  are indicator variables of period 3 and 4. Bars show 95% confidence intervals using cluster robust standard errors. Per capita consumption is a total of food, hygiene, social, and energy expenditure divided by the number of household members, expressed as the annualied values in BDT. In-kind consumption of home made products is imputed at median prices. Labour income is labour incomes of household in 1000 BDT units.

atively small number of) 36 cases of nonNAs in project type and detailed IGAs, I will use information only in igaX\_Y and ignore project\_type.

- There is one piece of information that may not to be dropped with project\_type where 0
  members report ox in their project while IGAs report cows. I will overwrite cow as IGA with
  ox.
- igaX\_Y supposedly indicates X-th income generating activity in Y-th most recent project. But year\_Y shows that igaX\_Y is Y-th oldest project. year\_2nd (all 2014), year\_3rd (all 2015) are reported only for traditional indicates that year\_Y refers to disbursement years, not necessarily the project starting year. This is further supported by no year\_2nd is recorded for other arms. Information exists in iga1\_1st, iga1\_2nd, iga1\_3rd (most, 2nd most, 3rd most recent igas), but not in iga2\_1st, iga2\_2nd, iga2\_3rd, iga3\_1st, iga3\_2nd, iga3\_3rd.

		Proje	ct				
IGAs	;	COW	ОХ	goat/sheep	business/trade	land	sum
2	cows, goat	0	0	2	0	0	2
2	cows,land	6	0	0	0	0	6
2	cows,trade	5	0	0	3	0	8
2	goats,cow	3	0	4	0	0	7
2	goats,trade	0	0	3	2	0	5
2	trades,cow	2	0	0	2	0	4
2	trades,goat	0	0	0	1	0	1

FIGURE 42: EFFECTS ON CHILD SCHOOLING BY ARM



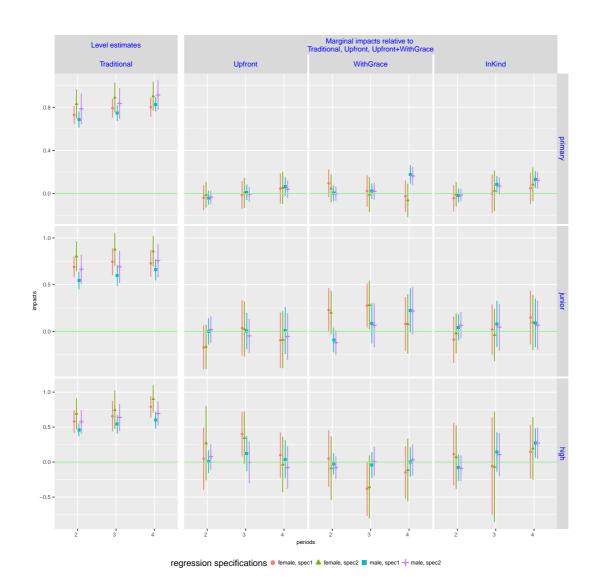
Source: Constructed from ANCOVA estimation results of Table ??.

Note: The left most column shows schooling level of Traditional arm. The right three columns show marginal impacts of each arms relative to the Traditional arm. Each rows are grouped into primary, junior, and high school levels. Large/Upfront, Large grace, Cattle are impacts relative to Traditional arm. WithGrace and InKind are the impacts of respective marginal functional attributes. Panels show cumulative impacts of respective arm or attributes k relative to tradiotional arm which are obtained by 2nd period =  $b_{2k}$ , 3rd period =  $b_{2k}$  +  $b_{3k}$ , 4th period =  $b_{2k}$  +  $b_{4k}$  in the estimating equation  $y_{it} = b_1y_{i1} + b_2 + b_2'\mathbf{d}_i + b_3c_{3t} + b_3'\mathbf{d}_ic_{3t} + b_4c_{4t} + b_4'\mathbf{d}_ic_{4t} + e_{it}$ , t = 2, 3, 4, where  $y_{it}$  is the outcome measure of member i in period t,  $\mathbf{d}_i$  is a vector of arms or functional attributes,  $c_{3t}$ ,  $c_{4t}$  are indicator variables of period 3 and 4. Bars show 95% confidence intervals using cluster robust standard errors.

COW	327	0	0	0	0	327	
cow,goat,land	1	0	0	0	0	1	
cow,goat,trade	4	0	7	2	0	13	
cow,land,nutcorn	9	0	0	0	0	9	
cow,land,trade	3	0	0	0	0	3	
land	0	0	0	0	2	2	
OX	0	1	0	0	0	1	
trade	0	0	0	1	0	1	
sum	360	1	16	11	2	390	

		Proje	ct					
IG	As	COW	ОХ	<pre>goat/sheep</pre>	business/trade	land	<na></na>	sum
	2 cows,goat	0	3	0	0	0	0	3

FIGURE 43: EFFECTS ON CHILD SCHOOLING BY FUNCTIONAL ATTRIBUTE

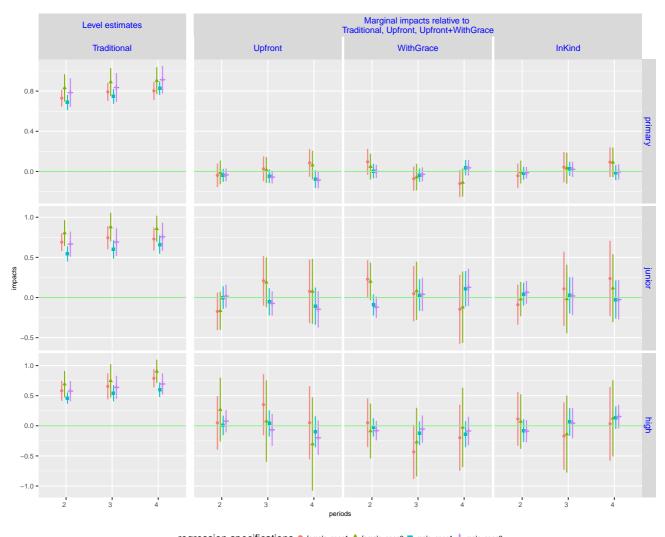


Source: Constructed from ANCOVA estimation results of Table ??.

Note: The left most column shows schooling level of Traditional arm. The right three columns show marginal impacts of each functional attributes. Upfront shows impacts relative to the Traditional arm, With grace shows impacts relative to Traditional arm and Upfront, and In Kind shows impacts relative to Traditional arm, Upfront, and With grace. Each rows are grouped into primary, junior, and high school levels. Large/Upfront, Large grace, Cattle are impacts relative to Traditional arm. WithGrace and InKind are the impacts of respective marginal functional attributes. Panels show cumulative impacts of respective arm or attributes k relative to tradictional arm which are obtained by 2nd period =  $b_{2k}$ , 3rd period =  $b_{2k}$  +  $b_{3k}$ , 4th period =  $b_{2k}$  +  $b_{4k}$  in the estimating equation  $y_{it}$  =  $b_1y_{i1}$  +  $b_2$  +  $b_2'$ d<sub>i</sub> +  $b_3c_{3t}$  +  $b_3'$ d<sub>i</sub>c<sub>3t</sub> +  $b_4c_{4t}$  +  $b_4'$ d<sub>i</sub>c<sub>4t</sub> +  $e_{it}$ , t = 2, 3, 4, where  $y_{it}$  is the outcome measure of member i in period t, d<sub>i</sub> is a vector of arms or functional attributes,  $c_{3t}$ ,  $c_{4t}$  are indicator variables of period 3 and 4. Bars show 95% confidence intervals using cluster robust standard errors.

2 cows,land	0	4	1	0	0	0	5
2 cows, nutcorn	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
2 cows,trade	0	5	3	0	0	3	11
2 goats,cow	0	5	0	0	0	0	5
2 goats,trade	2	1	0	0	0	7	10
2 trades,cow	0	0	3	0	0	4	7
2 trades, goat	0	1	0	0	0	2	3
COW	0	179	5	1	1	34	220
cow,goat,trade	0	5	0	0	0	1	6
cow,land,nutcorn	0	8	0	0	0	1	9
cow,land,trade	0	1	0	0	0	2	3
goat	0	0	0	0	0	1	1

Figure 44: Concurrent effects on child schooling by functional attribute



regression specifications ● female, spec1 ▲ female, spec2 ■ male, spec1 + male, spec2

Source: Constructed from ANCOVA estimation results of Table ??.

Note: The left most column shows schooling level of Traditional arm. The right three columns show marginal impacts of each functional attributes. Upfront shows impacts relative to the Traditional arm, With grace and In Kind show impacts relative to Upfront. Each rows are grouped into primary, junior, and high school levels. Impacts are per period effects  $b_{2t}$  relative to concurrent respective comparison group, not the total effects  $b_0 + b_{2t}$ .

house	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
land	5	1	0	0	0	4	10
OX	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
trade	6	5	1	0	0	0	12
sum	14	219	13	1	1	60	308

```
year_2nd
year_1st 0 2014
2013 27 95
```

У	ear	_3rd
year_1st		
2013	27	95

Arm BStatus IGAs Project

```
traditional: 0 borrower:27 2 cows,land : 8 cow :14 large : 0 2 cows,nutcorn : 1 ox :12 large grace:22 cow,land,nutcorn:18 NA's: 1 cow : 0 NA's : 5
```

```
BStatus
                                        IGAs
                                                        Project
                                                                  year_2nd
        Arm
                                                                  2014:95
                            2 cows, trade :19
traditional:95
               borrower:95
                                               COW
                                                        : 21
                            cow, goat, trade:19 ox
                                                            :22
                                              goat/sheep
                             2 goats, trade :15
                                                            :23
                            2 goats, cow :12 business/trade:10
                            2 trades, cow :11 NA's :19
                            cow,land,trade: 6
                             (Other)
year_3rd
2015:95
```

```
Arm BStatus IGAs Project year_3rd large grace:22 borrower:27 2 cows,land : 8 cow :14 0:27 NA's :5 2 cows,nutcorn : 1 ox :12 cow,land,nutcorn:18 NA's: 1
```

Tabulation of loan projects shows that there is no member invested all in goats and goats are not the members' main assets. Among the 85 tradtional loan recipients who report their loan projects, there are 27 members who report to have purchased a goat twice and 15 who have invested in a retail trade twice. It is also puzzling that, among traditional arm members, 27 report to have invested in a cow twice, which seems unlikely with their purchasing powers.

Number of reported IGAs by arm shows that traditional members report a project everytime they receive a loan, hence all have 3 IGAs. Interestingly, none has three goats.

```
1 3 sum
traditional 0.00 100.00 95
large 100.00 0.00 217
large grace 88.83 11.17 197
cow NaN NaN 0
<NA> 97.35 2.65 189
```

Goat holding size and total holding increase by the final round but the number of holders is decreasing, indicating a limited number of expansion in goat holding. Interestingly, it is only traditional arm holding that are increasing while all ther arms reduce the goat holding size.

```
addmargins(table0(lvo[o800==1L & tee == 1, .(Arm, Num)]))
```

```
Num
Arm
              1
                     3
                        4 Sum
                  9 39 114 175
 traditional
             13
              6
                  6 22 166 200
 large
 large grace
             14
                  7
                     26 142 189
 cattle
             11
                  8
                    20 160 199
 Sum
             44 30 107 582 763
```

```
NumOwned.goatsheep NumOwned.chickenduck
                     hhid
                                   survey
         Arm
traditional:20
                Min. : 7010103
                                   1:116
                                           0:100
                1st Qu.: 7021186
                                           1: 6
                                                              2
                                                                     :19
large :14
                                           2: 7
                Median : 7036864
large grace:51
                                                              4
                                                                     :16
                                           4: 3
                Mean : 7818279
                                                              3
       : 31
                                                                     : 6
cattle
                3rd Qu.: 7096233
                                                              5
                                                                     : 5
                Max. :81710316
                                                              1
                                                                    : 3
                                                              (Other): 4
NumCows ObPattern
0:104
       0111: 1
1: 8
       1000:91
2: 3
       1010: 1
       1011: 0
3:
  1
        1100: 8
        1110: 1
        1111:14
```

## Cattle ownership at rd 1.

	1	NumCo	DWS					
Α	rm	0	1	2	3	4	5	Sum
	traditional	147	20	6	2	0	0	175
	large	156	31	8	2	2	0	199
	large grace	163	25	9	1	0	1	199
	cattle	167	24	7	1	0	0	199
	Sum	633	100	30	6	2	1	772

## Cattle ownership of attriters (at round 4) at rd 1.

```
NumCows
Arm
                      3 Sum
             0
                1
                   2
 traditional 18
                     0 20
                1
                   1
 large
             1 0
                   0
                     0
                         1
 large grace 3
                0
                   0
                     0
                         3
 cattle
             7
               2
                  3
                     1
                         13
 Sum
             29 3 4 1
                         37
```

## Cattle ownership at rd 4

N	umCo	DWS									
Arm	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	8	9	<na></na>	Sum
traditional	2	59	30	8	2	0	0	0	0	31	132
large	0	62	67	21	4	3	2	0	1	29	189
large grace	1	61	58	11	5	1	0	1	0	24	162
cattle	1	68	61	16	2	0	0	0	0	22	170
Sum	4	250	216	56	13	4	2	1	1	106	653

	Arm	survey	N	MeanNumCow	MedianNumCow
	<fctr></fctr>	<num></num>	<int></int>	<num></num>	<num></num>
1:	traditional	1	175	0.217143	0
2:	traditional	2	140	1.542169	1
3:	traditional	3	157	1.440678	1
4:	traditional	4	132	1.495050	1

5:	large	1	199	0.306533	0	
6:	large	2	172	1.953125	2	
7:	large	3	188	1.784810	2	
8:	large	4	189	1.943750	2	
9:	large grace	1	199	0.256281	0	
10:	large grace	2	154	1.530435	1	
11:	large grace	3	170	1.496599	1	
12:	large grace	4	162	1.760870	2	
13:	cattle	1	199	0.206030	0	
14:	cattle	2	177	1.365517	1	
15:	cattle	3	181	1.436709	1	
16:	cattle	4	170	1.662162	2	

#### Last observed round.

	Last0	bser	vedF	Round	t
BStatus	1	2	3	4	sum
borrower	11	7	19	538	575
pure saver	0	0	0	0	0
individual rejection	16	3	4	66	89
group rejection	15	2	4	49	70
rejection by flood	13	1	26	0	40
sum	55	13	53	653	774

## Attach 0 cattle ownership when nothing is reported.

```
NumCows
              0 1
Arm
                         3
                                5 sum
                             4
 traditional 147
                20
                         2
                     6
                             0
                                0 175
 large
            156
                31
                     8
                             2
                                0 199
                       1
 large grace 163 25
                    9
                            0
                               1 199
                    7
                            0
 cattle
            167 24
                        1
                                0 199
            633 100
                   30
                               1 772
```

## Number of cattle in round 4.

N	NumCo	OWS								
Arm	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	8	9	sum
traditional	33	59	30	8	2	0	0	0	0	132
large	29	62	67	21	4	3	2	0	1	189
large grace	25	61	58	11	5	1	0	1	0	162
cattle	23	68	61	16	2	0	0	0	0	170
sum	110	250	216	56	13	4	2	1	1	653

There are 5 members in cattle arm who report not to own cattle at least once after receiving cattle. Total holding size and holders may be too low. Below gives holding size of cattle among nonattriting members in cattle arm.

```
NumOwned.cowox
      0 1 2
                  3
survey
                      4 <NA> Sum
    1 150
         22
              4
                  0
                     0
                        0 176
      2 93 28 10
    2
                     1
                         29 163
    3
       2 97
             36
                9
                     3
                         22 169
                     2
             61
                16
          68
                         22 170
```

Members of traditional arm have the smallest cattle holding. In Table 147, ANOVA and Kruskal-Wallis tests indicate that means of cattle holding are different between arms in 2017. Tukey HST gives test results that account for multiple testing and shows that there is a difference between traditional and large, and other arms are in between yet their standard errors are too large to be considered statistically different from both extremes.

1	Arm	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	8	9	sum
	Traditional	33	59	30	8	2	0	0	0	0	132
	Large	29	62	67	21	4	3	2	0	1	189
	Large grace	25	61	58	11	5	1	0	1	0	162
	Cattle	23	68	61	16	2	0	0	0	0	170
	sum	110	250	216	56	13	4	2	1	1	653

## Cattle arm: add a cow for borrowers if NumCows is NA or zero in rd 2 onwards.

N	lumCo	DWS								
Arm	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	8	9	sum
Traditional	33	59	30	8	2	0	0	0	0	132
Large	29	62	67	21	4	3	2	0	1	189
Large grace	25	61	58	11	5	1	0	1	0	162
Cattle	11	80	61	16	2	0	0	0	0	170
sum	98	262	216	56	13	4	2	1	1	653

Margins computed over dimensions

in the following order:

1: Arm

2: groupid

	groupi	d				
Arm	70203	70206	70210	70538	70962	sum
Traditional	0	0	0	0	0	0
Large	1	0	0	1	4	6
Large grace	9 0	1	1	0	0	2
Cattle	0	0	0	0	0	0
sum	1	1	1	1	4	8

Table 147: Anova results for cattle holding equality by arm

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Tests	rd4	rd4 edited	rd3	rd2	rd1
a	b	c	d	e	f
ANOVA Kruskal-Wallis Tukey HST	(0.06) (0.07)	(0.04) (0.02)	(0.17) (0.52)	(0.01) (0.10)	(34.90) (42.63)
Large-Traditional	0.5016 (0.02)	0.5016 (0.02)	0.4172 (0.07)	0.5392 (0.01)	0.0894 (48.58)
Large grace-Traditional	0.3561 (2.35)	0.3561 (2.05)	0.2113 (22.54)	0.2286 (24.96)	0.0391 (92.48)
Cattle-Traditional	0.3031 (6.90)	0.3737 (1.19)	0.1713 (39.63)	0.2044 (31.90)	-0.0111 (99.80)
Large grace-Large	-0.1455 (57.96)	-0.1455 (56.63)	-0.2059 (21.05)	-0.3106 (4.09)	-0.0503 (84.19)
Cattle-Large	-0.1984 (29.35)	-0.1279 (65.68)	-0.2459 (8.59)	-0.3348 (1.68)	-0.1005 (34.97)
Cattle-Large grace	-0.0529 (96.92)	0.0176 (99.87)	-0.0400 (98.21)	-0.0242 (99.68)	-0.0503 (84.19)

Source: Survey data.

Note:

Each column uses respective year cattle ownership information. For ANOVA and Kruskal-Wallis, each entry indicates p values. ANOVA tests for the null of equality of means under normality. Kruskal-Wallis tests for the null of no stochastic dominance among samples without using the normality assumption. Tukey's honest significant tests show difference in means and p values in parenthesis that account for multiple testing under normality. In column 2, we edited data by assigning 1 to members of cattle arm at dates after disbursement if reported holding is NA or zero.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	sum	total	HoldingSize
1	39	44	14	33	3	6	1	140	359	2.56
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	NaN
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	NaN
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	NaN

```
InitialOwner
Arm
                  0
                       1 Sum
                         175
  Traditional 147
                      28
  Large
                156
                      43
                         199
  Large grace
                163
                      36
                         199
  Cattle
                167
                      32
                         199
                633
                     139
                         772
  Sum
```

Warning: Invalid .internal.selfref detected and fixed by taking a (shallow) copy of the da

Given the misreporting in large loans arms, the power may get affected and only large seems to stand out from all other arms, while large grace, cattle are not different in terms of cattle ownership against traditional.

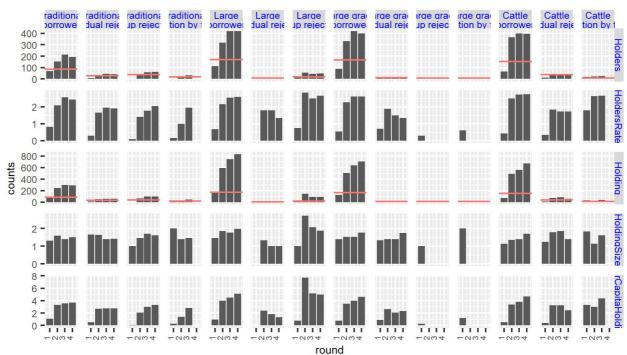


FIGURE 45: CATTLE HOLDING BY ARM AND BORROWER STATUS

Source: Survey data.

Note: Numbers of loan recipients are 85, 170, 166, 152, numbers of reported livestock holding are 85, 170, 166, 152 for traditional, large, large grace, cattle arms, respectively. Red horizontal lines indicate number of loan recipients.

0.75 0.50 -0.25 -0.00 2.0 1.5 -1.0 -0.5 counts 0.0 2 0 1.5 1.0 -0.5 -0.0

FIGURE 46: CATTLE HOLDING BY ARM

Large grace

Cattle

Large

Source: Survey data.

Traditional

Note: Numbers of survey participants are 175, 199, 199, 199 for traditional, large, large grace, cattle arms in round 1, respectively. Holders rates are the number of cattle owners per arm size, holding size is average holding per owner, initial owner holding are average holding per owner who held cattle at period 2, and per capita holding is cattle owned per arm member. Initial owner holding and holder rates show impacts on the intensive and extensive margins, respectively. Per capita holding shows the total impacts on cattle holding.

round

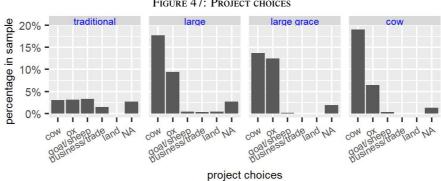
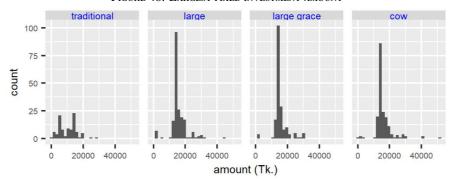


Figure 47: Project choices

Source: Survey data.

Ratios of reported project choices using the lending to total number of projects in InitialSample. NAs include nonresponse Note: to the question and dropped out individuals.

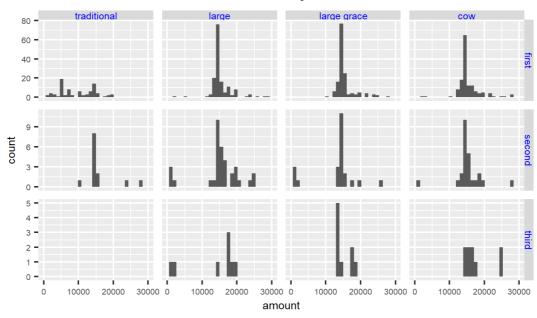
FIGURE 48: LARGEST FIXED INVESTMENT AMOUNT



Source: Survey data.

Note: Reported largest one-off investment amounts of the lending.

FIGURE 49: FIXED INVESTMENT SEQUENCE AND AMOUNTS



Source: Survey data.

Note: Reported largest one-off investment amounts of the lending. Top figure is the first investments reported by year, bottom figure is later investments reported by the sequence of investment projects.

# References

**Frison, Lars and Stuart J. Pocock**, "Repeated measures in clinical trials: Analysis using mean summary statistics and its implications for design," *Statistics in Medicine*, 1992, *11* (13), 1685–1704.

Wooldridge, Jeffrey M., Econometric Analysis of Cross Section and Panel Data, MIT Press, 2010.



	arA2	46.4	МВ
	aob	45.51	MB
İ	arACompletePanel	45.51	MB
	svP11	44.08	MB