| Test Date | 08/01/2020        |
|-----------|-------------------|
| Test Time | 2:30 PM - 5:30 PM |
| Subject   | BTECH             |

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Section : Physics

Q.1 A uniform sphere of mass 500 g rolls without slipping on a plane horizontal surface with its centre moving at a speed of 5.00 cm/s. Its kinetic energy is:

Options 1.  $8.75 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{J}$ 

- 2.  $8.75 \times 10^{-3} \text{ J}$
- 3.  $6.25 \times 10^{-4} \text{ J}$
- 4.  $1.13 \times 10^{-3}$  J

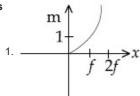
Question Type : MCQ

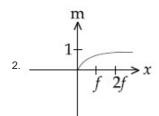
Question ID: 4050361698
Option 1 ID: 4050366149
Option 2 ID: 4050366150
Option 3 ID: 4050366147
Option 4 ID: 4050366148
Status: Answered

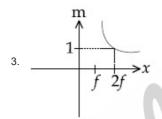
Q.2 An object is gradually moving away from the focal point of a concave mirror along the axis of the mirror. The graphical representation of the magnitude of linear magnification (m) versus distance of the object from the mirror (x) is correctly given by

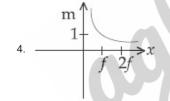
(Graphs are drawn schematically and are not to scale)

Options









Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : **4050361709** Option 1 ID : **4050366191** Option 2 ID : **4050366194** 

Option 3 ID : 4050366193
Option 4 ID : 4050366192
Status : Not Answers

Status : Not Answered

Q.3 A transverse wave travels on a taut steel wire with a velocity of v when tension in it is  $2.06 \times 10^4$  N. When the tension is changed to T, the velocity changed to v/2. The value of T is close to:

Options 1.  $2.50 \times 10^4 \text{ N}$ 

2.  $5.15 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{N}$ 

 $3.30.5 \times 10^4 \text{ N}$ 

4  $10.2 \times 10^2 \,\mathrm{N}$ 

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 4050361702 Option 1 ID: 4050366163 Option 2 ID: 4050366164 Option 3 ID: 4050366165 Option 4 ID: 4050366166 Status: Answered

Chosen Option: 2

Q.4 Consider a mixture of n moles of helium gas and 2n moles of oxygen gas (molecules taken to be rigid) as an ideal gas. Its  $C_{\rm P}/C_{\rm V}$  value will be :

Options <sub>1.</sub> 19/13

2. 67/45

3. 40/27

4. 23/15

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 4050361701
Option 1 ID: 4050366161
Option 2 ID: 4050366159
Option 3 ID: 4050366162
Option 4 ID: 4050366160
Status: Not Answered



As shown in fig. when a spherical cavity (centred at O) of radius 1 is cut out of a uniform sphere of radius R (centred at C), the centre of mass of remaining (shaded) part of sphere is at G, i.e on the surface of the cavity. R can be determined by the equation:

Options 1. 
$$(R^2+R+1)(2-R)=1$$

2. 
$$(R^2-R-1)(2-R)=1$$

3. 
$$(R^2-R+1)(2-R)=1$$

4.  $(R^2+R-1)(2-R)=1$ 

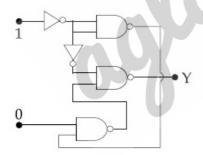
Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 4050361697 Option 1 ID: 4050366145 Option 2 ID: 4050366146 Option 3 ID: 4050366144 Option 4 ID: 4050366143

Status: Not Answered

Chosen Option: --

Q.6 In the given circuit, value of Y is:



Options 1. 0

- 2. toggles between 0 and 1
- 3. will not execute
- 4. 1

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID : 4050361712 Option 1 ID: 4050366203 Option 2 ID: 4050366205 Option 3 ID: 4050366206 Option 4 ID: 4050366204 Status: Answered

A Carnot engine having an efficiency of  $\frac{1}{10}$  is being used as a refrigerator. If the work done on the refrigerator is 10 J, the amount of heat absorbed from the reservoir at lower

Options <sub>1.</sub> 99 J

2. 100 J

temperature is:

- 3. 1 J
- 4. 90 J

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 4050361700
Option 1 ID: 4050366156
Option 2 ID: 4050366155
Option 3 ID: 4050366158
Option 4 ID: 4050366157
Status: Not Answered

Chosen Option: --

Q.8 In a double-slit experiment, at a certain point on the screen the path difference

between the two interfering waves is  $\frac{1}{8}$ th of a wavelength. The ratio of the intensity of light at that point to that at the centre of

a bright fringe is:

Options 1. 0.853

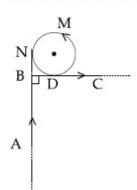
- 2. 0.672
- 3. 0.568
- 4. 0.760

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 4050361710
Option 1 ID: 4050366195
Option 2 ID: 4050366197
Option 3 ID: 4050366198
Option 4 ID: 4050366196

Status : Not Attempted and Marked For Review

Q.9 A very long wire ABDMNDC is shown in figure carrying current I. AB and BC parts are straight, long and at right angle. At D wire forms a circular turn DMND of radius R. AB, BC parts are tangential to circular turn at N and D. Magnetic field at the centre of circle is:



Options

1. 
$$\frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi R} \left( \pi + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right)$$

$$2~\frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi R} \left(\pi - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$$

3. 
$$\frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi R} (\pi + 1)$$

$$4 \frac{\mu_0 I}{2R}$$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 4050361705 Option 1 ID: 4050366175 Option 2 ID: 4050366176 Option 3 ID: 4050366178 Option 4 ID: 4050366177

Status: Answered

Q.10 A particle of mass m is dropped from a height h above the ground. At the same time another particle of the same mass is thrown vertically upwards from the ground with a speed of √2gh. If they collide head-on completely inelastically, the time taken for the combined mass to

reach the ground, in units of  $\sqrt{\frac{h}{g}}\;$  is :

Options

$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$$

2. 
$$\sqrt{\frac{3}{4}}$$

3. 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$

4. 
$$\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}$$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 4050361696 Option 1 ID : 4050366142

Option 2 ID : **4050366141** Option 3 ID : **4050366139** 

Option 4 ID : 4050366140 Status : Answered

Q.11 A plane electromagnetic wave of frequency 25 GHz is propagating in vacuum along the z-direction. At a particular point in space and time, the field is magnetic given  $\stackrel{\rightarrow}{\rm B} = 5 \times 10^{-8} \stackrel{\wedge}{\it j} {\rm T}$  . The corresponding electric field  $\stackrel{
ightarrow}{E}$  is (speed of light  $c = 3 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ 

Options 1. 
$$1.66 \times 10^{-16} \, \hat{i} \, \text{V/m}$$

2. 
$$-1.66 \times 10^{-16} \, \overset{\wedge}{i} \, \text{V/m}$$

$$3. - 15 \hat{i} \text{ V/m}$$

$$4.15\hat{i}$$
 V/m

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 4050361708 Option 1 ID: 4050366189

Option 2 ID: 4050366190 Option 3 ID: 4050366188 Option 4 ID: 4050366187

Status: Answered

Q.12 An electron (mass m) with initial velocity

 $\stackrel{
ightarrow}{v} = v_0 \stackrel{\wedge}{i} + v_0 \stackrel{\wedge}{j}$  is in an electric field

 $\overrightarrow{E}=-E_0\, \hat{k}$  . If  $\lambda_0$  is initial de-Broglie wavelength of electron, its de-Broglie wave

length at time t is given by :

Options

1. 
$$\frac{\lambda_0 \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{e^2 E^2 t^2}{m^2 v_0^2}}}$$

$$2. \quad \frac{\lambda_0}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{e^2 E_0^2 t^2}{m^2 v_0^2}}}$$

3. 
$$\sqrt{1 + \frac{e^2 E^2 t^2}{2m^2 v_0^2}}$$

4. 
$$\frac{\lambda_0}{\sqrt{2 + \frac{e^2 E^2 t^2}{m^2 v_0^2}}}$$

Question Type :  $\mathbf{MCQ}$ 

Question ID : **4050361711** Option 1 ID : **4050366202** 

Option 2 ID: **4050366199** Option 3 ID: **4050366200** 

Option 4 ID : 4050366201

Status: Not Answered

Q.13 A simple pendulum is being used to determine the value of gravitational acceleration g at a certain place. The length of the pendulum is 25.0 cm and a stop watch with 1 s resolution measures the time taken for 40 oscillations to be 50 s. The accuracy in g is:

Options <sub>1.</sub> 5.40%

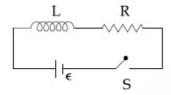
- 2. 3.40%
- 3. 4.40%
- 4. 2.40%

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 4050361694
Option 1 ID: 4050366134
Option 2 ID: 4050366131
Option 3 ID: 4050366133
Option 4 ID: 4050366132
Status: Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

Q.14



As shown in the figure, a battery of emf  $\epsilon$  is connected to an inductor L and resistance R in series. The switch is closed at t=0. The total charge that flows from the battery, between t=0 and t=t<sub>c</sub> (t<sub>c</sub> is the time constant of the circuit) is:

Options

$$\frac{\epsilon L}{eR^2}$$

$$2 \ \frac{\varepsilon L}{R^2} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{e} \right)$$

3. 
$$\frac{\epsilon L}{R^2}$$

4. 
$$\frac{\epsilon R}{eL^2}$$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 4050361707 Option 1 ID : 4050366183 Option 2 ID : 4050366186 Option 3 ID : 4050366185 Option 4 ID : 4050366184 Status : Answered

Q.15 Consider two charged metallic spheres  $S_1$  and  $S_2$  of radii  $R_1$  and  $R_2$ , respectively. The electric fields  $E_1$  (on  $S_1$ ) and  $E_2$  (on  $S_2$ ) on their surfaces are such that  $E_1/E_2=R_1/R_2$ . Then the ratio  $V_1$ (on  $S_1$ )/ $V_2$ (on  $S_2$ ) of the electrostatic potentials on each sphere is:

Options 1.  $R_1/R_2$ 

- 2.  $(R_1/R_2)^2$
- 3.  $(R_2/R_1)$
- $4 \left(\frac{R_1}{R_2}\right)^3$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 4050361703
Option 1 ID: 4050366167
Option 2 ID: 4050366168
Option 3 ID: 4050366170
Option 4 ID: 4050366169
Status: Answered

Chosen Option: 1

Q.16 A particle moves such that its position

vector  $\overrightarrow{\mathbf{r}}(\mathbf{t}) = \cos\omega \mathbf{t} \hat{i} + \sin\omega \mathbf{t} \hat{j}$  where  $\omega$  is a constant and  $\mathbf{t}$  is time. Then which of the following statements is true for the velocity

 $\overrightarrow{v}$  (t) and acceleration  $\overrightarrow{a}$  (t) of the particle :

Options

 $\overrightarrow{v}$  is perpendicular to  $\overrightarrow{r}$  and  $\overrightarrow{a}$  is directed away from the origin

 $\overrightarrow{v}$  and  $\overrightarrow{a}$  both are perpendicular to

1

3.  $\overrightarrow{v}$  and  $\overrightarrow{a}$  both are parallel to  $\overrightarrow{r}$ 

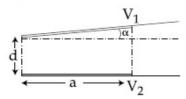
 $\overset{\rightarrow}{v}$  is perpendicular to  $\overset{\rightarrow}{r}$  and  $\overset{\rightarrow}{a}$  is directed towards the origin

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 4050361695 Option 1 ID: 4050366138 Option 2 ID: 4050366136 Option 3 ID: 4050366135 Option 4 ID: 4050366137

Status : Answered

Q.17 A capacitor is made of two square plates each of side 'a' making a very small angle α between them, as shown in figure. The capacitance will be close to:



Options
1. 
$$\frac{\epsilon_0 a^2}{d} \left( 1 - \frac{\alpha a}{2d} \right)$$

$$2. \ \frac{\varepsilon_0 a^2}{d} \left( 1 - \frac{\alpha a}{4d} \right)$$

3. 
$$\frac{\epsilon_0 a^2}{d} \left( 1 + \frac{\alpha a}{d} \right)$$

4. 
$$\frac{\epsilon_0 a^2}{d} \left( 1 - \frac{3\alpha a}{2d} \right)$$

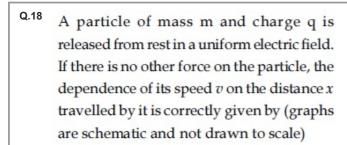
Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 4050361704 Option 1 ID : 4050366172

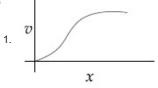
Option 2 ID : 4050366174

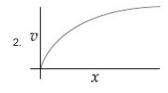
Option 3 ID : **4050366173** 

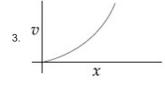
Option 4 ID : 4050366171 Status : Not Answered

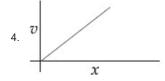












Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 4050361706 Option 1 ID: 4050366182 Option 2 ID: 4050366181 Option 3 ID: 4050366180 Option 4 ID: 4050366179 Status: Answered

Q.19 A galvanometer having a coil resistance  $100~\Omega$  gives a full scale deflection when a current of 1 mA is passed through it. What is the value of the resistance which can convert this galvanometer into a voltmeter giving full scale deflection for a potential difference of  $10~\mathrm{V}$ ?

Options 1.  $10~\mathrm{k}\Omega$ 

2.  $8.9 \text{ k}\Omega$ 

3.  $7.9 \text{ k}\Omega$ 

4.  $9.9 \text{ k}\Omega$ 

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 4050361713

Option 1 ID: 4050366210

Option 2 ID: 4050366207

Option 3 ID: 4050366209

Option 4 ID: 4050366208

Status: Not Answered

Chosen Option: --

Q.20 M
5 m
5 m

Two liquids of densities  $\rho_1$  and  $\rho_2(\rho_2=2\rho_1)$  are filled up behind a square wall of side 10 m as shown in figure. Each liquid has a height of 5 m. The ratio of the forces due to these liquids exerted on upper part MN to that at the lower part NO is (Assume that the liquids are not mixing):

Options 1. 1/3

2. 2/3

3. 1/2

4. 1/4

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID : 4050361699
Option 1 ID : 4050366153
Option 2 ID : 4050366151
Option 3 ID : 4050366152
Option 4 ID : 4050366154
Status : Answered

| Q.21            | A ball is dropped from the top of a 100 m           |  |
|-----------------|---|--|
|                 | high tower on a planet. In the last $\frac{1}{2}$ s |  |
|                 | before hitting the ground, it covers a              |  |
|                 | distance of 19 m. Acceleration due to               |  |
|                 | gravity (in ms-2) near the surface on that          |  |
|                 | planet is   |  |
| Giver<br>Answer |   |  |
|                 |   | Question Type : <b>SA</b>                  |
|                 |   | Question ID : 4050361714 Status : Answered |
|                 |   | Guide : / illottorea                       |
| Q.22            | The first member of the Balmer series of            |  |
|                 | hydrogen atom has a wavelength of                   |  |
|                 | 6561 Å. The wavelength of the second                |  |
|                 | member of the Balmer series (in nm) is              |  |
|                 | ·   |  |
| Giver<br>Answer |   |  |
|                 |   |  |

O.23 The series combination of two batteries, both of the same emf 10 V, but different internal resistance of 20  $\Omega$  and 5  $\Omega$ , is connected to the parallel combination of two resistors 30  $\Omega$  and R  $\Omega$ . The voltage difference across the battery of internal resistance 20  $\Omega$  is zero, the value of R (in  $\Omega$ ) is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

Given 2 Answer:

Question Type : SA
Question ID : 4050361717
Status : Answered

Question Type : SA

Question ID: 4050361718

Status : Not Attempted and Marked For Review

Q.24 Three containers  $C_1$ ,  $C_2$  and  $C_3$  have water at different temperatures. The table below shows the final temperature T when different amounts of water (given in liters)

are taken from each container and mixed (assume no loss of heat during the process)

| $C_1$ | $C_2$ | C <sub>3</sub> | T    |
|-------|-------|----------------|------|
| 11    | 21    |                | 60°C |
| _     | 11    | 21             | 30°C |
| 21    |       | 11             | 60°C |
| 11    | 11    | 11             | θ    |

The value of  $\theta$  (in  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  to the nearest integer)

Given 90 Answer:

Question Type : SA
Question ID : 4050361716
Status : Answered

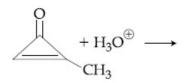
Q.25 An asteroid is moving directly towards the centre of the earth. When at a distance of 10 R (R is the radius of the earth) from the earths centre, it has a speed of 12 km/s. Neglecting the effect of earths atmosphere, what will be the speed of the asteroid when it hits the surface of the earth (escape velocity from the earth is 11.2 km/s)? Give your answer to the nearest integer in kilometer/s

Given 11.2 Answer:

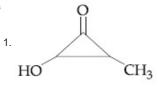
Question Type : **SA**Question ID : **4050361715**Status : **Answered** 

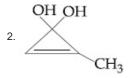
Section : Chemistry

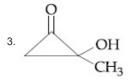
Q.1 The major product in the following reaction is:

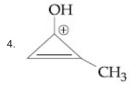


Options









Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 4050361734 Option 1 ID : 4050366278 Option 2 ID : 4050366277 Option 3 ID : 4050366276

Option 4 ID : **4050366279** 

Status : Answered

Q.2 Among the reactions (a) - (d), the reaction(s) that does/do not occur in the blast furnace during the extraction of iron is/are:

- (a) CaO +SiO<sub>2</sub> → CaSiO<sub>3</sub>
- (b)  $3\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3 + \text{CO} \rightarrow 2\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4 + \text{CO}_2$
- (c)  $\text{FeO} + \text{SiO}_2 \rightarrow \text{FeSiO}_3$
- (d) FeO  $\rightarrow$  Fe+ $\frac{1}{2}$ O<sub>2</sub>

Options 1. (a)

- 2. (a) and (d)
- 3. (c) and (d)
- 4. (d)

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : **4050361726** Option 1 ID : **4050366244** 

Option 2 ID : 4050366247

Option 3 ID: 4050366246

Option 4 ID : 4050366245 Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option: --

Q.3 Hydrogen has three isotopes (A), (B) and (C). If the number of neutron(s) in (A), (B) and (C) respectively, are (x), (y) and (z), the sum of (x), (y) and (z) is:

Options 1. 3

- 2. 2
- 3. 4
- 4. 1

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 4050361727

Option 1 ID: **4050366250** Option 2 ID: **4050366249** Option 3 ID: **4050366251** 

Option 4 ID : 4050366248

Status : Answered

Q.4 For the following Assertion and Reason, the correct option is:

> Assertion : For hydrogenation reactions, the catalytic activity increases from Group 5 to Group 11

> > metals with maximum activity shown by Group 7 - 9 elements.

 $Reason: \quad The \, reactants \, are \, most \, strongly \,$ 

adsorbed on group 7 - 9

elements.

Options The assertion is true, but the reason is false.

2. Both assertion and reason are false.

Both assertion and reason are true

and the reason is the correct explanation for the assertion.

Both assertion and reason are true but

the reason is not the correct explanation for the assertion.

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 4050361719
Option 1 ID: 4050366218
Option 2 ID: 4050366219
Option 3 ID: 4050366216
Option 4 ID: 4050366217
Status: Answered

Chosen Option: 3

## Q.5 Two monomers in maltose are:

Options 1.  $\alpha$ -D-glucose and  $\beta$ -D-glucose

2.  $\alpha$ -D-glucose and  $\alpha$ -D-galactose

3.  $\alpha$ -D-glucose and  $\alpha$ -D-Fructose

4.  $\alpha$ -D-glucose and  $\alpha$ -D-glucose

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 4050361732 Option 1 ID: 4050366271 Option 2 ID: 4050366270 Option 3 ID: 4050366268 Option 4 ID: 4050366269

Status : Answered

Q.6 Preparation of Bakelite proceeds via reactions:

## **Options**

- Electrophilic addition and dehydration
- 2. Condensation and elimination
- 3. Electrophilic substitution and dehydration
- Nucleophilic addition and dehydration

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 4050361736 Option 1 ID: 4050366285 Option 2 ID: 4050366287 Option 3 ID: 4050366284 Option 4 ID: 4050366286 Status: Answered

Chosen Option: 4

Q.7 The radius of the second Bohr orbit, in SOM.C terms of the Bohr radius,  $a_0$ , in  $Li^{2+}$  is :

## **Options**

Question Type : MCQ Question ID: 4050361722

Option 1 ID: 4050366228 Option 2 ID: 4050366231 Option 3 ID: 4050366229 Option 4 ID: 4050366230 Status: Answered

Q.8 A metal (A) on heating in nitrogen gas gives compound B. B on treatment with H2O gives a colourless gas which when passed through CuSO<sub>4</sub> solution gives a dark blue-violet coloured solution. A and B respectively, are:

Options 1. Na and NaNO<sub>3</sub>

- 2. Na and Na<sub>3</sub>N
- 3. Mg and Mg<sub>3</sub>N<sub>2</sub>
- 4. Mg and Mg(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 4050361728 Option 1 ID: 4050366255 Option 2 ID: 4050366252 Option 3 ID: 4050366253 Option 4 ID: 4050366254 Status: Answered

Chosen Option: 3

- Among (a) (d), the complexes that can Bem display geometrical isomerism are :
  - [Pt(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>Cl] +
  - (b)  $[Pt(NH_3)Cl_5]^-$
  - $[Pt(NH_3)_2Cl(NO_2)]$
  - [Pt(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub>ClBr]<sup>2+</sup> (d)

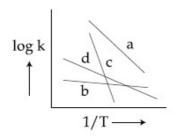
Options 1. (b) and (c)

- 2. (d) and (a)
- 3. (c) and (d)
- 4. (a) and (b)

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 4050361731 Option 1 ID: 4050366265 Option 2 ID: 4050366267 Option 3 ID: 4050366266 Option 4 ID: 4050366264 Status: Answered

Q.10 Consider the following plots of rate constant versus  $\frac{1}{T}$  for four different reactions. Which of the following orders is correct for the activation energies of these reactions?



Options 1.  $E_b > E_a > E_d > E_c$ 

- 2.  $E_a > E_c > E_d > E_b$
- 3.  $E_c > E_a > E_d > E_b$
- 4.  $E_b > E_d > E_c > E_a$

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 4050361720 Option 1 ID: 4050366223

Option 2 ID: 4050366221 Option 3 ID: 4050366222

Option 4 ID: 4050366220

Status: Marked For Review

The major product [B] in the following sequence of reactions is:

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3-\text{C}=\text{CH}-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3 & \text{(i)} \ \text{B}_2\text{H}_6 \\ \text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2 & \hline \text{(ii)} \ \text{H}_2\text{O}_2, \text{OH} \end{array} \hspace{-0.5cm} [\text{A}]$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{dil. H}_2SO_4} [B]$$

Options  $CH_2 = C - CH_2CH_2CH_3$ CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>

$$CH_3-C-CH_2CH_2CH_3$$
2.  $C$ 
 $H_3C$ 
 $CH_3$ 

3. 
$$CH_3-C=CH-CH_2CH_3$$
  
CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 4050361738 Option 1 ID: 4050366293

Option 3 ID: 4050366294

Status: Not Answered

Chosen Option: --

Option 2 ID: 4050366295

Option 4 ID: 4050366292

Q.12 The correct order of the calculated spin-only magnetic moments of complexes (A) to (D) is:

- (A) Ni(CO)<sub>4</sub>
- (B) [Ni(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>6</sub>]Cl<sub>2</sub>
- (C) Na<sub>2</sub>[Ni(CN)<sub>4</sub>]
- (D) PdCl<sub>2</sub>(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>

Options 1 (A)  $\approx$  (C)  $\leq$  (B)  $\approx$  (D)

- 2. (C) < (D) < (B) < (A)
- 3. (C)  $\approx$  (D) < (B) < (A)
- 4 (A)  $\approx$  (C)  $\approx$  (D)  $\leq$  (B)

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 4050361730

Option 1 ID : 4050366262

Option 2 ID: 4050366260

Option 3 ID: 4050366261

Option 4 ID: 4050366263

Status : Not Attempted and Marked For Review

Chosen Option: --

Q.13 Arrange the following bonds according to their average bond energies in descending order:

Options 1. C - F > C - CI > C - Br > C - I

- 2 C-Br>C-I>C-CI>C-F
- 3. C I > C Br > C CI > C F
- 4. C CI > C Br > C I > C F

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 4050361723

Option 1 ID : 4050366233

Option 2 ID : 4050366235

Option 3 ID: 4050366234

Option 4 ID: 4050366232

Status : Answered

Q.14 Kjeldahl's method cannot be used to estimate nitrogen for which of the following compounds?

Options 1. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub> NH<sub>2</sub>

- 2. CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>−C≡N
- 3. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub> NO<sub>2</sub>
- 4. O | I | NH<sub>2</sub>-C-NH<sub>2</sub>

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 4050361733
Option 1 ID: 4050366275
Option 2 ID: 4050366273
Option 3 ID: 4050366274
Option 4 ID: 4050366272
Status: Answered

Q.15 Among the compounds A and B with molecular formula C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, A is having higher boiling point the B. The possible structures of A and B are:

Options

1. 
$$B = H_3CO$$
 OCH<sub>3</sub>

$$A = H_3CO OCH_3$$
 $OCH_3$ 

 $OCH_3$ 

$$B = HO$$
 OH

$$B = HO$$
 OH

$$A = H_3CO$$
 OCH<sub>3</sub>

$$^{4.}$$
 B = HO OH

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 4050361737 Option 1 ID : 4050366289 Option 2 ID : 4050366291 Option 3 ID : 4050366288

Option 4 ID : 4050366290 Status : Answered

Q.16 For the following Assertion and Reason, the correct option is:

> Assertion: The pH of water increases with increase in temperature.

> Reason: The dissociation of water into

 $H^+$  and  $OH^-$  is an exothermic

reaction.

Options

Both assertion and reason are true,

- and the reason is the correct explanation for the assertion.
- 2. Both assertion and reason are false.

Both assertion and reason are true,

- but the reason is not the correct explanation for the assertion.
- Assertion is not true, but reason is true.

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 4050361721 Option 1 ID: 4050366224 Option 2 ID: 4050366227 Option 3 ID: 4050366225 Option 4 ID: 4050366226

Status: Marked For Review

Chosen Option: 4

Q.17 Which of the following compounds is likely to show both Frenkel and Schottky defects in its crystalline form?

Options 1. AgBr

- 2. CsCl
- KBr
- 4. ZnS

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 4050361724 Option 1 ID: 4050366239 Option 2 ID: 4050366237 Option 3 ID: 4050366238 Option 4 ID: 4050366236

Status: Marked For Review

Q.18 White phosphorus on reaction with concentrated NaOH solution in an inert atmosphere of CO<sub>2</sub> gives phosphine and compound (X). (X) on acidification with HCl gives compound (Y). The basicity of compound (Y) is:

Options 1. 2

- 2. 1
- 3. 4
- 4. 3

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 4050361729
Option 1 ID: 4050366257
Option 2 ID: 4050366256
Option 3 ID: 4050366259
Option 4 ID: 4050366258

Status: Marked For Review

Chosen Option: 2

Q.19 An unsaturated hydrocarbon X absorbs two hydrogen molecules on catalytic hydrogenation, and also gives following reaction:

$$X \xrightarrow{O_3} A \xrightarrow{[Ag(NH_3)_2]^+} A$$

B(3-oxo-hexanedicarboxylic acid)

X will be:

Options

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 4050361735 Option 1 ID: 4050366280 Option 2 ID: 4050366281 Option 3 ID: 4050366282 Option 4 ID: 4050366283 Status: Answered

Q.20 The increasing order of the atomic radii of the following elements is:

- (a) C
- (b)
  - O (c)
- (d) Cl
- (e) Br

- Options 1. (b) < (c) < (d) < (a) < (e)
  - 2. (d) < (c) < (b) < (a) < (e)
  - 3. (c) < (b) < (a) < (d) < (e)
  - 4. (a) < (b) < (c) < (d) < (e)

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 4050361725 Option 1 ID: 4050366241 Option 2 ID: 4050366243 Option 3 ID: 4050366242 Option 4 ID: 4050366240 Status: Answered

Chosen Option: 3

Q.21 In the following sequence of reactions the maximum number of atoms present in molecule 'C' in one plane is \_\_\_\_\_

$$A \xrightarrow{\quad Red \ hot \quad} B \xrightarrow{\quad CH_3Cl \ (1. \ eq.) \quad} C$$

$$\xrightarrow{\quad Cu \ tube \quad} B \xrightarrow{\quad CH_3Cl \ (1. \ eq.) \quad} C$$

(A is a lowest molecular weight alkyne)

Given 12 Answer:

Question Type: SA

Question ID: 4050361743 Status: Answered

Q.22 For an electrochemical cell

$$Sn(s)|Sn^{2\,+}(aq,\,1M)||Pb^{2\,+}(aq,\,1M)|Pb(s)$$

the ratio  $\frac{[Sn^{2+}]}{[Pb^{2+}]}$  when this cell attains

equilibrium is \_\_\_\_\_.

Given: 
$$E_{Sn^{2+}|Sn}^0 = -0.14V$$
,

$$E_{Pb^{2+}|Pb}^{0} = -0.13V, \ \frac{2.303RT}{F} = 0.06$$

Given 1 Answer:

Question Type : SA

Question ID: 4050361741 Status: Answered

Q.23 At constant volume, 4 mol of an ideal gas when heated from 300 K to 500 K changes its internal energy by 5000 J. The molar heat capacity at constant volume is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

Given 100 Answer:

Question Type : **SA**Question ID : **4050361740** 

Question ID : 4050361740 Status : Answered

Q.24 Complexes (ML<sub>5</sub>) of metals Ni and Fe have ideal square pyramidal and trigonal bipyramidal geometries, respectively. The sum of the 90°, 120° and 180° L–M–L angles in the two complexes is \_\_\_\_\_.

Given **390** Answer:

Question Type : SA

Question ID : 4050361742

Status : Answered

Q.25 NaClO<sub>3</sub> is used, even in spacecrafts, to produce O<sub>2</sub>. The daily consumption of pure O<sub>2</sub> by a person is 492 L at 1 atm, 300 K. How much amount of NaClO<sub>3</sub>, in grams, is required to produce O<sub>2</sub> for the daily consumption of a person at 1 atm, 300 K?

 $NaClO_3(s) + Fe(s) \rightarrow O_2(g) + NaCl(s) + FeO(s)$  $R = 0.082 \text{ L atm mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$ 

Given 400 Answer:

Question Type : **SA**Question ID : **4050361739**Status : **Answered** 

Section : Mathematics

 $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\int_0^x t \sin(10t) dt}{x}$  is equal to:

Options 1. 0

- 2.  $\frac{1}{10}$
- $4. \frac{1}{10}$

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 4050361751 Option 1 ID: 4050366332 Option 2 ID: 4050366330 Option 3 ID: 4050366329 Option 4 ID: 4050366331 Status: Not Answered

Chosen Option: --

Q.2 The length of the perpendicular from the origin, on the normal to the curve, MARIAN.C  $x^2 + 2xy - 3y^2 = 0$  at the point (2, 2) is:

Options  $1.\sqrt{2}$ 

- 2.  $4\sqrt{2}$
- 3. 2
- 4 2√2

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 4050361753 Option 1 ID: 4050366337 Option 2 ID: 4050366340 Option 3 ID: 4050366338 Option 4 ID: 4050366339 Status: Not Answered

Let

$$\stackrel{\rightarrow}{a} = \stackrel{\wedge}{i} - 2\stackrel{\wedge}{j} + \stackrel{\wedge}{k}$$

and

$$\overrightarrow{b} = \overrightarrow{i} - \overrightarrow{j} + \overrightarrow{k}$$
 be two vectors. If  $\overrightarrow{c}$  is a

vector such that  $\overrightarrow{b} \times \overrightarrow{c} = \overrightarrow{b} \times \overrightarrow{a}$  and

 $\overrightarrow{c} \cdot \overrightarrow{a} = 0$ , then  $\overrightarrow{c} \cdot \overrightarrow{b}$  is equal to :

Options

1. 
$$-\frac{3}{2}$$

- 2.  $\frac{1}{2}$
- $3. \frac{1}{2}$
- 4. -1

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 4050361760 Option 1 ID : 4050366368 Option 2 ID : 4050366365 Option 3 ID : 4050366366

Option 4 ID : 4050366367 Status : Answered

Chosen Option: 2

Q.4 The area (in sq. units) of the region  $\{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : x^2 \le y \le 3 - 2x\}$ , is:

Options

- 1.  $\frac{32}{3}$
- 2.  $\frac{34}{3}$
- 3.  $\frac{29}{3}$
- $\frac{31}{3}$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 4050361755
Option 1 ID: 4050366345
Option 2 ID: 4050366348
Option 3 ID: 4050366346
Option 4 ID: 4050366347

Status : Not Answered

If 
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 9 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and  $I = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ , then

 $10A^{-1}$  is equal to:

Options 1. A-4I

- 2. 6I A
- 3. A 6I
- 4. 4I A

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 4050361747 Option 1 ID: 4050366315 Option 2 ID: 4050366313 Option 3 ID: 4050366316 Option 4 ID: 4050366314 Status: Answered

Chosen Option: 3

Q.6 The mean and variance of 20 observations are found to be 10 and 4, respectively. On rechecking, it was found that an SOM.C observation 9 was incorrect and the correct observation was 11. Then the correct variance is:

Options 1. 3.99

- 2. 4.01
- 3. 4.02
- 4. 3.98

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 4050361761 Option 1 ID: 4050366370 Option 2 ID: 4050366371 Option 3 ID: 4050366372 Option 4 ID: 4050366369

Status : Not Attempted and Marked For Review

Q.7 The differential equation of the family of curves, x<sup>2</sup>=4b(y+b), b ∈ R, is:

Options 1. 
$$x(y')^2 = x + 2yy'$$

2. 
$$x(y')^2 = 2yy' - x$$

3. 
$$xy'' = y'$$

4. 
$$x(y')^2 = x - 2yy'$$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 4050361756 Option 1 ID : 4050366351 Option 2 ID : 4050366352 Option 3 ID : 4050366349 Option 4 ID : 4050366350

Status : Not Answered Chosen Option : --

Q.8 If a hyperbola passes through the point P(10, 16) and it has vertices at  $(\pm 6, 0)$ , then the equation of the normal to it at P is:

Options 1. 
$$3x + 4y = 94$$

2. 
$$2x + 5y = 100$$

3. 
$$x + 2y = 42$$

4. 
$$x + 3y = 58$$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : **4050361758**Option 1 ID : **4050366357**Option 2 ID : **4050366360** 

Option 3 ID : **4050366359** Option 4 ID : **4050366358** 

Status : Not Attempted and Marked For Review

Chosen Option: --

Q.9 Which of the following statements is a tautology?

Options 1. 
$$p \vee (\sim q) \rightarrow p \wedge q$$

2. 
$$\sim (p \land \sim q) \rightarrow p \lor q$$

3. 
$$\sim (p \vee \sim q) \rightarrow p \wedge q$$

$$4 \ {\sim} (p \ \lor \ {\sim} q) \ \to \ p \lor q$$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 4050361763
Option 1 ID: 4050366377
Option 2 ID: 4050366379
Option 3 ID: 4050366378
Option 4 ID: 4050366380

Status : **Answered** Chosen Option : **4** 

If the 10<sup>th</sup> term of an A.P. is  $\frac{1}{20}$  and its

 $20^{th}$  term is  $\frac{1}{10}$ , then the sum of its first

200 terms is:

Options <sub>1.</sub> 50

2. 
$$50\frac{1}{4}$$

4. 
$$100\frac{1}{2}$$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 4050361750
Option 1 ID : 4050366325
Option 2 ID : 4050366326
Option 3 ID : 4050366327
Option 4 ID : 4050366328
Status : Answered

Chosen Option: 3

Q.11

Let 
$$\alpha = \frac{-1 + i\sqrt{3}}{2}$$
. If

$$a = (1 + \alpha) \sum_{k=0}^{100} \alpha^{2k} \text{ and } b = \sum_{k=0}^{100} \alpha^{3k} \text{, then}$$
a and b are the roots of the quadratic

a and b are the roots of the quadratic equation:

Options 1.  $x^2 + 101x + 100 = 0$ 

2. 
$$x^2 - 102x + 101 = 0$$

3. 
$$x^2 - 101x + 100 = 0$$

4. 
$$x^2 + 102x + 101 = 0$$

Question Type :  $\boldsymbol{MCQ}$ 

Question ID: 4050361745 Option 1 ID: 4050366305 Option 2 ID: 4050366308 Option 3 ID: 4050366307 Option 4 ID: 4050366306 Status: Answered

- Q.12 Let S be the set of all functions  $f:[0,1] \to \mathbb{R}$ , which are continuous on [0,1] and differentiable on (0,1). Then for every f in S, there exists a  $c \in (0,1)$ , depending on f, such that :
- Options 1. |f(c)-f(1)| < (1-c)|f'(c)|
  - 2  $\frac{f(1) f(c)}{1 c} = f'(c)$
  - 3. |f(c)+f(1)| < (1+c)|f'(c)|
  - 4. |f(c)-f(1)| < |f'(c)|

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 4050361752 Option 1 ID: 4050366334 Option 2 ID: 4050366336 Option 3 ID: 4050366335 Option 4 ID: 4050366333 Status: Answered

Chosen Option: 2

Q.13 Let A and B be two events such that the probability that exactly one of them occurs

is  $\frac{2}{5}$  and the probability that A or B occurs

is  $\frac{1}{2}$ , then the probability of both of them

occur together is:

Options 1. 0.02

- 2. 0.20
- 3. 0.01
- 4. 0.10

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 4050361762
Option 1 ID: 4050366374
Option 2 ID: 4050366376
Option 3 ID: 4050366373
Option 4 ID: 4050366375
Status: Answered

If 
$$I = \int_{1}^{2} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{2x^3 - 9x^2 + 12x + 4}}$$
, then:

Options 1. 
$$\frac{1}{8} < I^2 < \frac{1}{4}$$

2. 
$$\frac{1}{9} < I^2 < \frac{1}{8}$$

3. 
$$\frac{1}{16} < I^2 < \frac{1}{9}$$

$$4 \frac{1}{6} < I^2 < \frac{1}{2}$$

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 4050361754 Option 1 ID: 4050366343 Option 2 ID: 4050366341 Option 3 ID: 4050366342 Option 4 ID: 4050366344 Status: Not Answered

Chosen Option: --

Q.15 Let 
$$f: (1, 3) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$
 be a function defined by

$$f(x) = \frac{x[x]}{1+x^2}$$
, where [x] denotes the

greatest integer  $\leq x$ . Then the range of f

Options 1. 
$$\left(\frac{2}{5}, \frac{3}{5}\right] \cup \left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{4}{5}\right)$$

$$2.\left(\frac{2}{5},\frac{1}{2}\right)\cup\left(\frac{3}{5},\frac{4}{5}\right]$$

3. 
$$\left(\frac{2}{5}, \frac{4}{5}\right]$$

$$4. \left(\frac{3}{5}, \frac{4}{5}\right)$$

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 4050361744 Option 1 ID: 4050366304 Option 2 ID: 4050366303 Option 3 ID: 4050366302 Option 4 ID: 4050366301 Status: Answered

Q.16 The mirror image of the point (1, 2, 3) in a

plane is 
$$\left(-\frac{7}{3}, -\frac{4}{3}, -\frac{1}{3}\right)$$
. Which of the

following points lies on this plane?

Options <sub>1.</sub> (1, 1, 1)

- 2. (1, -1, 1)
- 3. (-1, -1, 1)
- 4. (-1, -1, -1)

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 4050361759
Option 1 ID: 4050366362
Option 2 ID: 4050366363
Option 3 ID: 4050366364
Option 4 ID: 4050366361
Status: Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

Q.17 The system of linear equations

$$\lambda x + 2y + 2z = 5$$

$$2\lambda x + 3y + 5z = 8$$

$$4x + \lambda y + 6z = 10$$
 has:

Options 1. no solution when  $\lambda = 8$ 

- 2. a unique solution when  $\lambda = -8$
- 3. no solution when  $\lambda = 2$
- 4 infinitely many solutions when  $\lambda = 2$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID: 4050361748
Option 1 ID: 4050366318
Option 2 ID: 4050366317
Option 3 ID: 4050366320
Option 4 ID: 4050366319
Status: Answered

Q.18 Let S be the set of all real roots of the equation,  $3^x(3^x-1)+2=|3^x-1|+|3^x-2|$ . Then S:

Options 1. contains exactly two elements.

- 2. is a singleton.
- 3. is an empty set.
- 4. contains at least four elements.

Question Type: MCQ
Question ID: 4050361746
Option 1 ID: 4050366311
Option 2 ID: 4050366310
Option 3 ID: 4050366309
Option 4 ID: 4050366312
Status: Answered

Chosen Option: 1

Q.19 If  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  be the coefficients of  $x^4$  and  $x^2$  respectively in the expansion of

$$(x + \sqrt{x^2 - 1})^6 + (x - \sqrt{x^2 - 1})^6$$
, then:

Options 1.  $\alpha + \beta = 60$ 

2. 
$$\alpha + \beta = -30$$

3. 
$$\alpha - \beta = 60$$

4. 
$$\alpha - \beta = -132$$

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 4050361749
Option 1 ID: 4050366321
Option 2 ID: 4050366323
Option 3 ID: 4050366324
Option 4 ID: 4050366322
Status: Answered

Q.20 If a line, y = mx + c is a tangent to the circle,  $(x-3)^2 + y^2 = 1$  and it is perpendicular to a line  $L_1$ , where  $L_1$  is the tangent to the circle,

 $x^2 + y^2 = 1$  at the point  $\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$ ; then:

Options 1. 
$$c^2 - 7c + 6 = 0$$

2. 
$$c^2 + 7c + 6 = 0$$

3. 
$$c^2 + 6c + 7 = 0$$

4. 
$$c^2 - 6c + 7 = 0$$

Question Type: MCQ

Question ID: 4050361757 Option 1 ID: 4050366353 Option 2 ID: 4050366354 Option 3 ID: 4050366355 Option 4 ID : 4050366356 Status: Answered

Chosen Option: 3

Q.21

Let a line y = mx (m > 0) intersect the parabola,  $y^2 = x$  at a point P, other than the origin. Let the tangent to it at P meet the x-axis at the point Q. If area  $(\Delta OPQ) = 4$ sq. units, then m is equal to

Given 1 Answer:

Question Type: SA

Question ID: 4050361767 Status: Answered

Q.22

The number of 4 letter words (with or without meaning) that can be formed from the eleven letters of the word 'EXAMINATION' is \_\_\_\_\_.

Given 330 Answer:

> Question Type: SA Question ID: 4050361764

Status: Answered

The sum,  $\sum_{n=1}^{7} \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{4}$  is equal to Q.23

Given 343 Answer:

Question Type: SA

Question ID: 4050361765 Status: Answered

Q.24 Let f(x) be a polynomial of degree 3 such that f(-1) = 10, f(1) = -6, f(x) has a critical point at x = -1 and f'(x) has a critical point at x = 1. Then f(x) has a local minima at x =\_\_\_\_\_.

Given -1 Answer:

Question Type: SA

Question ID: 4050361766 Status: Answered

Q.25 If  $\frac{\sqrt{2}\sin\alpha}{\sqrt{1+\cos2\alpha}} = \frac{1}{7}$  and  $\sqrt{\frac{1-\cos2\beta}{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}$ ,

 $\alpha$ ,  $\beta \in \left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$ , then  $\tan(\alpha + 2\beta)$  is equal to

Given **1.63** 

Answer:

Question Type : SA

Question ID: 4050361768 Status: Answered