Keys in SQL

Primary key- A primary key is a unique identifier for each record in the table. It ensures that each row can be uniquely identified and accessed within the table.

Foreign key-A foreign key is a field in a table that refers to the primary key of another table. It establishes relationships between tables.

<u>Primary Key</u>: A primary key is a key which uniquely identifies each record in a table. It ensures that each tuple or record can be uniquely identified within the table. It is always <u>Unique+ Not null</u>

ID	Name	Hometown
123	Rahul	KOLKATA
245	Raj	KOLKATA
434	Riti	DELHI

Foreign Key: A foreign key is a field in a table that refers to the primary key in another table. It establishes a relationship between two tables.

Student

Primary key

(Base/referenced table)

Roll no	Name	Hometown
1	Rahul	KOLKATA
2	Raj	KOLKATA
3	Riti	DELHI

Subject

(referencing table)

Roll no	Name	subject
1	Rahul	Maths
2	Raj	SST
3	Riti	Science

Foreign key

Referenced table - Table having primary key (pk) Referencing table- Table having foreign key(fk)

Student

(Base/referenced table)

Roll no	Name	Hometown
1	Rahul	KOLKATA
2	Raj	KOLKATA
3	Riti	DELHI
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Primary key

Subject

(referencing table)

Roll no	subject id	subject
1	s1	Maths
2	s2	SST
3	s3	Science
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Foreign key