## Math 305 Homework 5

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## Problem 1

```
1_{\scriptscriptstyle 1} % Initialize the game board
2 board = [0 0 0 0 0 9 0 9 0 -6 0 0 0 0 0 0 -6 0 0];
4 num_simulations = 500;
5 total = 0;
7 for i=1:num_simulations
8 % Initialize the player's position and turn counter
9 pos = 1;
10 num_turns = 0;
_{\rm 12} % Play the game until the player reaches square 20 (EXACTLY)
13 while pos < 20
      % Roll the die
      roll = randi(6);
15
      \% Update the player's position based on the roll
17
      if roll == 1 || roll == 2
18
           % Do not move
19
       elseif roll == 3 || roll == 4
20
          pos = pos + 1;
21
22
           pos = pos + 2;
23
      end
24
25
      % Reset player to square 19 if they roll a 2.
26
      if pos == 21
27
          pos = 19;
28
29
30
31
      % Check for chutes and ladders
      if board(pos) ~= 0
32
33
           pos = pos + board(pos);
34
35
      \% Increment the turn counter
36
      num_turns = num_turns + 1;
37
game_lengths(i) = num_turns;
40 total = total + num_turns;
41 end
```

```
42 average = total / num_simulations;
```

- 2. Average of 500 games: 23.4260 turns.
- 3. Transition matrix:

```
P = zeros(20, 20);

% Roll a 1 or 2

P(1:20+1:end) = 1/3;

% Roll a 3 or 4

P(1:19, 2:20) = 1/3;

P(20, 20) = 1/3;

% Roll a 5 or 6

P(1:18, 3:20) = 1/3;

P(19, 20) = 1/6;

P(19, 20) = 1/6;

P(20, 20) = 1/3;

**Chutes and ladders**

P(6, 15) = 1;

P(8, 17) = 1;

P(9, 3) = 1;

P(18, 12) = 1;

P(19, 20) = 1/3;
```

- 4. As *n* increases, the probability of being on square 20 increases, and the probability of being on square 1 decreases.
  - The absorbing state is square 20 (but idk if that counts because the game instantly ends)
  - Minimum length is 6 turns, rolling 2,2,2,1,2,1.
  - The number of turns at which you'd be done 50% of the time is 9 turns.

```
p50 = prctile(game_lengths, 50)
```

I got around 9 on average.

• The number of turns at which you'd be done 90% of the time is 24 turns.

```
p90 = prctile(game_lengths, 90)
```