

电子产品的序贯抽检与多阶段策略优化

摘要

电子产品生产线面临零部件次品率、生产过程抽检及次品率、产品退换与拆解回收等多重质量控制问题。本文针对以上问题，构建了基于序贯概率比检验 $SPRT$,⁷ 优化算法和高斯过程的综合决策模型。该模型通过动态调整零部件抽样方案、优化生产过程中的检测与拆解策略，并在考虑次品率波动的情况下，最大化生产净利润。实验结果验证了模型在降低抽检成本、提高决策效率和增强鲁棒性方面的有效性。

针对问题一提出的零部件抽样验收问题，本文构建了基于序贯概率比检验 $SPRT$ 的动态抽样决策模型，利用给定的标称次品率与引入的扰动量构建零假设与备择假设下的似然函数以拟合问题设置的两种情况，进而确定 $SPRT$ 的决策边界。为提升模型泛化能力，本文采用**多层感知机** MLP 对扰动量进行函数拟合，最终实现在 3% 以下抽样占比下对零部件批次做出平均精度超过 90% 的决策。

针对问题二，我们构建了包含零配件 1、零配件 2、成品是否检测以及成品是否拆解，共四个生产流程决策变量。对于题目中给出的 6 种情况，本文首先计算出了在不同情况下，投入零件在自然组合状态下组装得到次品数量的概率分布，确保每个生产周期投入生产的零件都符合对应的概率分布。本文模拟了在连续生产过程中所有可能的决策变量组合，以最大化单件成品的纯利润为目标，计算出了在每种情况下的最优决策方案以及对应的单件成品的纯利润。

针对问题三，本文扩展了生产流程决策变量，包含了 8 个零件、3 个半成品和 1 个成品的相关决策，共 16 个生产流程决策变量。本文首先计算出了投入零件在自然组合状态下组装得到不同半成品次品数量的概率分布，确保每个生产周期投入生产的零件都分别符合对应的概率分布。本文模拟了企业的连续生产过程，基于遗传算法，以最大化单件成品的纯利润为目标，计算出了最优决策方案以及对应的单件成品的纯利润。

针对问题四，我们将各阶段由于抽样误差所引起的归纳误差建模为**马尔可夫过程**，将单次的偏差量化高斯分布。通过**前向扩散**过程论证了误差传递策略的有效性。对于单次误差分布的建模，我们依据 $SPRT$ 在多次二分采样后的误差与真实值的偏差作为样本值，通过对样本序列的最大似然估计回归出单次误差分布，通过对问题二和三的优化模型引入该误差分布，我们获得了更具备鲁棒性的决策方案。

关键词： $SPRT$ 多层感知机 遗传算法 马尔可夫过程 前向扩散过程

一、问题重述

某电子产品的生产企业需要综合诸多考虑购置零部件、产品抽检、产品拆解、报废等问题，以确保产品质量的同时降低成本。

问题一：考虑到零配件供应商所述次品率不高于既定标称值，企业拟采用抽样检测方法以验收此批零配件。因为企业需承担检测费用，企业希望应用数学模型得到最少抽检次数的抽样方案。

已知标称值为 10%，结合以下两种不同情况，分别设计出具体的抽样检测方案：

1. 拒收条件：在 95% 的置信水平下，如果检测结果表明零配件的次品率超出了标称值，那么这批零配件将被拒收。

2. 接收条件：在 90% 的置信水平下，如果检测结果表明零配件的次品率未超过标称值，那么这批零配件将被接收。

问题二：在已知零配件及成品次品率情况下，在电子产品生产的零配件检测、装配、成品检测、不合格品拆解的各个阶段为企业作出最优决策。并且结合判断依据及相应的指标对表 1 中企业在生产中遇到的情况作出相应的最优决策方案。

问题三：在零配件、半成品和成品的次品率已知情况下，重复问题 2 的生产决策方案以适配有 m 道工序、 n 个零配件的问题。并且应用此方法针对表 2 中情况给出判断依据和指标得到最优的决策方案。

问题四：在零配件、半成品和成品的次品率均由抽样检测获得的情况下，重新考虑问题 2、3 的生产决策方案。

二、问题分析

2.1 问题一的分析

我们需要根据题目中给出的两种不同的情况，分别设计抽样检测方案。考虑单次检验为次品严格服从经典二项分布，拟采用异常检测的经典取样方法：序贯概率比检测 *SPRT* 来动态地作出抽样决策。

2.2 问题二的分析

由于已知各零配件以及成品的次品率，依据排列组合我们能够得知在生产成品时零配件优劣的组合情况以及对应的概率分布。我们通过构建一个包含零配件 1、零配件 2、成品检测和成品拆解的生产流程决策模型，分析了六种不同情况下的次品概率分布。通

过模拟所有可能的决策组合，我们旨在最大化单件成品的纯利润，并为每种情况确定了最优的生产策略。

2.3 问题三的分析

问题三实际上是对问题二的一个延伸问题，增加了生产流程的阶段和零配件的数量，不过依然能够继承问题二中的思路。我们通过已知的零配件、半成品以及成品的次品率对每一生产轮次中零配件、半成品以及成品的次品情况分布进行考虑，计算出每个阶段的次品期望值。结合生产决策向量及成本收益，构造最大化收益的目标函数，最后我们运用优化遗传算法得到最优的决策方案。

2.4 问题四的分析

在问题四中我们需要根据抽样检测来确定，鉴于问题一中我们讨论的是单次检验的情况，我们能够构造零配件、半成品以及成品的次品率概率分布波动曲线。将此处构造的次品率概率分布波动曲线代入问题二、三中的模型，求得更加符合实际的决策方案。

三、基本假设与符号说明

3.1 基本假设

- 假定每批零配件的次品率严格服从二项分布
- 假定每次抽检结果为次品的事件之间相互独立
- 假定每次生产的产品都能够流通到市场上（被客户购买）
- 假定生产过程中检测、组装、拆解不会对零配件造成损伤

3.2 符号说明

符号	含义
N	每批供应商提供的零配件总量
D_i	第 i 次抽检的零配件数量
μ	次品率
ν	产品中实际次品占比
A	拒真的决策边界
B	纳伪的决策边界
LR	似然比
C	决策向量

四、问题一模型的建立与求解

针对每批零配件，假定总量为 N ，我们考虑采用异常检测的经典取样方法：序贯概率比检测 $SPRT$ 作为抽检方案。在此之前我们考虑每次取样的样本量为 D_i ，令单个零件次品与否的布尔值为 x ，考虑其单次试验成功（为次品）概率的期望为 μ ，则其显然服从经典的二项分布表示：

$$Bern(x|\mu) = \mu^x(1 - \mu)^{1-x} \quad (1)$$

接下来考虑其在样本集上的对数似然函数，针对第 i 次取样 D_i ，对其中的每个样本取到观测 x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n ，根据题目要求样本集中零配件的次品产生事件可认定为相互独立的。则其似然函数可写为：

$$\mathbf{P}(D_i|\mu) = \prod_{n=1}^N p(x_n|\mu) = \prod_{n=1}^N \mu^{x_n}(1 - \mu)^{1-x_n} \quad (2)$$

为便于后续处理，我们取其对数似然：

$$\begin{aligned} \ln \mathbf{P}(D|\mu) &= \ln \prod_{n=1}^N \mu^{x_n}(1 - \mu)^{1-x_n} = \ln \mu \sum_{n=1}^N x_n + \ln(1 - \mu) \sum_{n=1}^N (1 - x_n) \\ &= \ln \mu \sum_{n=1}^N x_n + \ln(1 - \mu)(N - \sum_{n=1}^N x_n) = \sum_{n=1}^N x_n \ln \mu + (1 - x_n) \ln(1 - \mu) \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

接下来我们依据题干给定零假设和备择假设：

$$\begin{cases} H_0 : \mu > 0.1 \\ H_1 : \mu \leq 0.1 \end{cases} \quad (4)$$

题干中的两种情况意味着拒真和纳伪的显著性水平 α 和 β 分别为 0.05 和 0.1。在 $SPRT$ 语境下，考虑决策边界：

$$A = \ln \frac{\beta}{1 - \alpha} \quad B = \ln \frac{1 - \beta}{\alpha}$$

于是，针对每次采样 D_i ，我们需要求出在零假设和备择假设下的似然比 LR ：

$$LR = \frac{\sum_{n=1}^N x_n \ln \mu_0 + (1 - x_n) \ln(1 - \mu_0)}{\sum_{n=1}^N x_n \ln \mu_1 + (1 - x_n) \ln(1 - \mu_1)} \quad (5)$$

需要注意的是，在原生的 $SPRT$ 场景中， H_0 和 H_1 一般被认定为较为复杂的参数估计 θ_0 和 θ_1 ，这取决于它们事先假定样本服从一个较为严谨且高度可表达的概率分布。然而基于问题一，在没有明确历史数据和概率分布的先验情况下，我们只能将其建模为一般二项分布，为了遵循 $SPRT$ 的使用场景，我们将二项分布参数建模为 $\mu_0 = 0.1 + \Delta\mu_0$ ， $\mu_1 = 0.1 - \Delta\mu_1$ 。通过轻微扰动量来拟合样本的分布与所报称值的差异，扰动量的设置取决于样本量的大小，这点我们将在后续给出实验和说明。

尽管在许多场景中单样本取样策略以及被证明取得了很好的效果，但考虑到题干背景，我们依然选择样本集作为采样标准。遵循 *SPRT* 方法，给定总零配件量 N ，初次取样 D_i 应为按照标称值所取的总样本配比，我们取 $D_1 = 0.01N$ ，而后计算出当前样本下的对数似然比 LR_1 。序贯检验比方法遵循以下停止法则：

$$\gamma = \inf \{n | n \geq 1, LR_n \in (A, B)\} \quad (6)$$

具体来说，若 $LR_1 \leq A$ ，接受 H_0 假设；若 $LR_1 \geq B$ ，接受 H_1 假设；否则继续采样。初次采样的样本量为 $D_1 = 0.01N$ ，假定每次采样的次品数为 n_i ，则此后每次采样量依据以下法则确定：

$$D_{i+1} = D_i - n_i \quad (7)$$

检验的完整流程可以作出如下表所示：

Algorithm 1: 序贯概率比检验 (SPRT) 流程

Input: 总零配件数量 N ，显著性水平 α ，第二类错误概率 β ，扰动量 $\Delta\mu_0, \Delta\mu_1$

Output: 接受的假设 (H_0 或 H_1)

1 计算决策边界 $A \leftarrow \ln \frac{\beta}{1-\alpha}$, $B \leftarrow \ln \frac{1-\beta}{\alpha}$;

2 设置 $\mu_0 \leftarrow 0.1 + \Delta\mu_0$, $\mu_1 \leftarrow 0.1 - \Delta\mu_1$;

3 初始样本量 $D_1 \leftarrow 0.01N$;

4 $i \leftarrow 1$;

5 **while** TRUE **do**

6 取样 D_i 个零配件，记录次品数量 n_i ;

7 计算 LR_i :

$$LR_i = \frac{\sum_{n=1}^{D_i} x_n \ln \mu_0 + (1 - x_n) \ln(1 - \mu_0)}{\sum_{n=1}^{D_i} x_n \ln \mu_1 + (1 - x_n) \ln(1 - \mu_1)}$$

if $LR_i \leq A$ **then**

8 接受零假设 H_0 ; **break**

9 **end**

10 **else if** $LR_i \geq B$ **then**

11 接受备择假设 H_1 ; **break**

12 **end**

13 **else**

14 $i \leftarrow i + 1$; $D_{i+1} \leftarrow D_i - n_i$ 继续执行采样策略

15 **end**

16 **end**

17 **return** 接受的假设 (H_0 或 H_1)

接下来我们考虑之前我们搁置的 $\Delta\mu$ 的选取，这是该方案唯一的松弛参数；我们希望把它建模成一个函数而非定量。这是由于我们面临一个相当大的搜索空间，它主要取决于两个因素：（1）总零配件数量 N ，由于该变量我们是不可控且无先验的，所以我们暂且假定它的范围波动为 $[1000, 1000000]$ ；（2）真实标称值 (Ground Truth) 我们也预先假定它的范围波动为 $[5\%, 15\%]$ 。 $\Delta\mu$ 的确定直接意味着 *SPRT* 策略的固定，面对庞大的

搜索空间这样做显然是欠鲁棒的，因此寻找一种对 $\Delta\mu$ 的拟合 $\Delta\mu = f(N, \theta)$ 是迫在眉睫的。其中 N 作为零配件总数是我们面临实际场景时的唯一自变量。 θ 是拟合函数的待优化参数。目标函数应该考虑到：（1）优化项：即尽可能减少取样量 D ；（2）惩罚项：即不出现误判的情况。于是它可以设计为：

$$\Delta\mu = f(N, \theta) \quad s.t. \arg\max_{\theta} \left(\frac{1}{D} \times \mathbf{1}_H \right) \quad (8)$$

这里的 $\mathbf{1}_H$ 是对假设 H 的指示函数，用以表示最终选取的假设是否为真。我们使用多层感知机（MLP）去拟合函数 $f(N, \theta)$ ，自定虚拟数据集的范围遵循前文中给出的零件数量 N 和真实标称值的波动范围。在 1000 个 epoch 中，我们选取测试集中精度最高的 MLP 模型作为评估基线以衡量 SPRT 的表现情况。最终结果如图1所示。具体来说，我们在

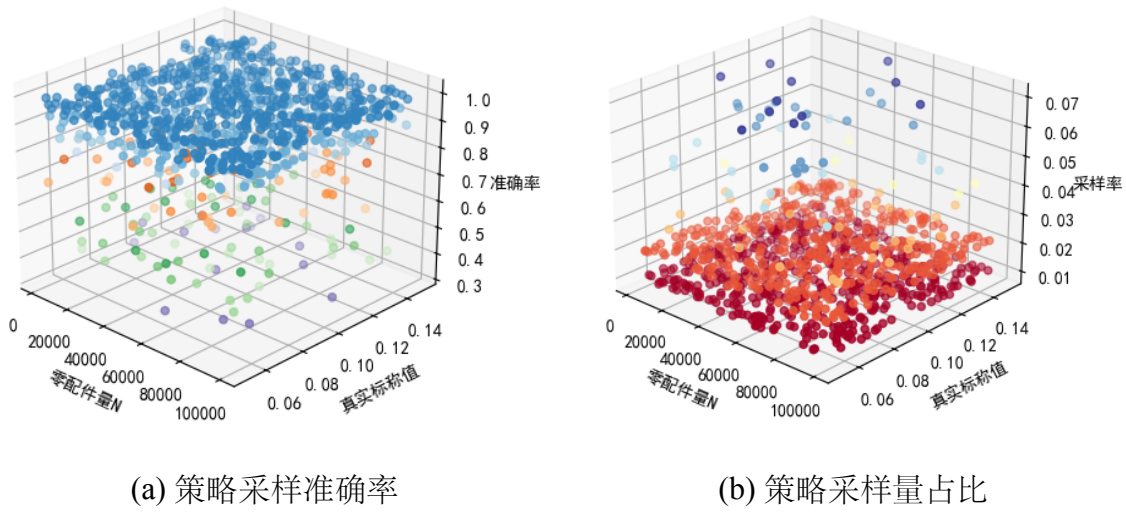


图 1 策略采样结果

N 和真实标称值的预测范围内均匀采样；对于每个样本点，我们模拟 100 种样本集情况（这体现在零配件次品的分布次序上）；在 100 种样本集中由于 N 固定，我们拟合的 $\Delta\mu$ 也固定，因此 SPRT 策略也是固定的，我们充分评估此基准上的假设判断成功率，发现在绝大多数情况下我们的策略都具备 80% 以上的成功率；由于总样本量的跨度较大，我们用策略共采集的样本量在总样本中的占比作为衡量指标，我们的采样占比绝大多数情况小于 3%，这充分体现了我们采样策略的高效。此外根据我国工业检测国标：对于一般工业零件需要达到 2%-5% 的抽检率²，对于高风险零件需要达到 10% 以上的抽检率；我们的采样策略是合乎标准且稳健的。

五、问题二的模型建立与求解

首先，我们可以将电子产品加工过程分为三个阶段，即：零配件、成品、市场。每当生产过程从一个阶段进入到另一个阶段均需要决策是否需要进行抽检，将此过程抽象为图2。

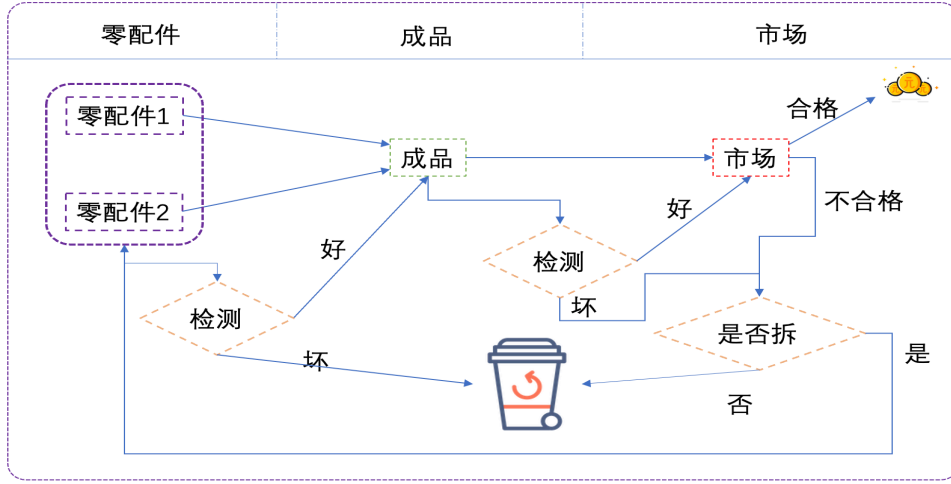


图 2 电子器件生产的流程图

在生产流程建模中，我们引入一个决策向量 $\vec{C} = (c_1, c_2, c_3, c_4)^T$ ，其中每个元素 c_i 分别代表对零配件 1、零配件 2、成品进行抽样检测，以及对检测出不合格的成品进行拆解的决策。具体而言，当 c_i 取值为 0 时，表示不进行抽样检测/拆解（丢弃），而当 c_i 取值为 1 时，表示进行抽样检测/拆解。本文的目标是寻求最优的决策方案 \vec{C} ，使得生产流程的预期净利润最大化。

由于零部件和成品的次品率均为已知，且假设每批零部件数量 N 充足，我们可以通过排列组合的方式计算出成品中包含不同数量正次品零部件的概率。假设每批投入的零部件 1 和零部件 2 的数量分别为 N_1 和 N_2 （其中 N 足够大），且它们的次品率分别为 μ_1 和 μ_2 。根据大数定律，我们可以近似认为供应商提供的零部件 1 和零部件 2 的次品数量分别为 $N_1 \cdot \mu_1$ 和 $N_2 \cdot \mu_2$ 。首先，我们考虑一种简化场景，即不对零部件进行检测，直接将它们组装成成品，且不对不合格成品进行拆解，此时决策向量为 $\vec{C} = (0, 0, 0, 0)^T$ 。在这种情况下，包含至少一个次品零部件的成品数量 k 的取值范围为 $[\max N_1 \cdot \mu_1, N_2 \cdot \mu_2, N_1 \cdot \mu_1 + N_2 \cdot \mu_2]$ 。假设在 k 个成品中，分别有 i 个和 j 个零部件 1 和零部件 2 为次品，则可知成品中包含 i 个次品零部件 1 和 j 个次品零部件 2 的概率 $P_{i,j}$ ：

$$P_{i,j} = C_{N_1 \cdot \mu_1}^i C_{N_2 \cdot \mu_2}^j \mu_1^i \mu_2^j (1 - \mu_1)^{k-i} (1 - \mu_2)^{k-j} \quad (9)$$

则 i 和 j 应当满足 $i + j \geq k, i \leq k, j \leq k$ ，经过计算得到 i 和 j 的取值范围为 $[k - j, k]$ 和 $[\frac{k}{2}, k]$ 。我们假设 P_k 为存在次品零部件的成品数目为 k 的概率，计算公式如下：

$$P_k = \sum_{i=k-j}^k \sum_{j=\frac{k}{2}}^k C_{N_1 \cdot \mu_1}^i C_{N_2 \cdot \mu_2}^j \mu_1^i \mu_2^j (1 - \mu_1)^{k-i} (1 - \mu_2)^{k-j} \quad (10)$$

由此可以得到成品中的不合格产品的期望值 M 为（ μ_3 为成品次品率）：

$$M = \sum_{k=\max\{N_1 \cdot \mu_1, N_2 \cdot \mu_2\}}^{N_1 \cdot \mu_1 + N_2 \cdot \mu_2} k \cdot P_k + (\min\{N_1, N_2\} - k) \cdot \mu_3 \quad (11)$$

令: 产品售价为 p_1 检测零配件 1、2 及成品的费用分别为 f_1 、 f_2 和 f_3 , f_4 和 f_5 为调换损失及拆解费用, 则可以构造产生费用的行向量 $\vec{F} = [N_1 \cdot f_1, N_2 \cdot f_2, \min\{N_1, N_2\} \cdot f_3, M \cdot f_5]$, 考虑产品在上一轮需要退换, 我们设置 M^{-1} 为上一轮需要退换产品数 (第一轮中 $M^{-1} = 0$)。则可以定义本轮零部件池中真实次品率为 $\nu_i = \frac{M^{-1} + N_i \mu_i}{M^{-1} + N_i}$, 其中 $i = 1, 2$ 。同时需要计算零配件成本及装配成本, 设零配件 1、2 的成本分别为 d_1 、 d_2 , 装配成本为 d_3 , 则可以算出本轮生产的成本函数 $cost = d_1 \cdot N_1 + d_2 \cdot N_2 + \min\{N_1, N_2\} \cdot d_3$, 于是可以将本轮产生的抽检退换费用定义为 $R = \vec{F} \cdot \vec{C} + M \cdot f_4 \cdot c_3$ 由此能够得到此轮次获利 $Profit$:

$$Profit = (\min\{N_1, N_2\} - M^{-1}) \cdot p_1 - R - cost \quad (12)$$

使函数适配 16 中不同的决策方案, 我们需要定义每轮零配件池中所含数量 N'_1 、 N'_2 即包含每轮次固定补充数量 N_1 、 N_2 也包含上一轮次零产品拆解后补进的配件 (即: $N' = N + M^{-1} \cdot c_3$)。 M 为新轮次中成品次品数目。则零配件池中为次品的平配件数目 n_1 、 n_2 的计算公式如下:

$$n_1 = N_1 \cdot \mu_1 + \sum_{j=\frac{k}{2}}^k M \cdot P_{i,j} \quad n_2 = N_2 \cdot \mu_2 + \sum_{i=\frac{k}{2}}^k M \cdot P_{i,j} \quad (13)$$

在此基础上我们可以构造每轮次的收益 $Profit$:

$$\begin{cases} Profit = (\min\{N'_1 - n_1 \cdot c_1, N'_2 - n_2 \cdot c_2\} - M' \cdot c_3) \cdot p_1 - R - cost \\ M = \sum_{k=\max\{n_1, n_2\}}^{n_1+n_2} k \cdot P_k + (\min\{N'_1 - n_1 \cdot c_1, N'_2 - n_2 \cdot c_2\} - k) \cdot \mu_3 \end{cases} \quad (14)$$

为了更直观的得到不同决策向量对电子产品生产的收益的影响, 我们将图2中的单次生产流程抽象为一个生产轮次。在每个轮次中我们假设每轮接受供应商提供的配件数目为固定的 N_1 、 N_2 , 经过上一轮被检测为次品的零部件全部被舍弃, 被拆解的成品中的零配件投入下一轮次的零配件池进入生产。在每轮次生产中我们需要确定不同决策向量以保证电子产品生产的收益, 于是我们拟定 t 个生产轮次 (t 足够大), 每个生产轮次中决策向量 $\vec{C} = (c_1, c_2, c_3, c_4)^T$ 以此来迭代检验各决策的优劣, 如图3。

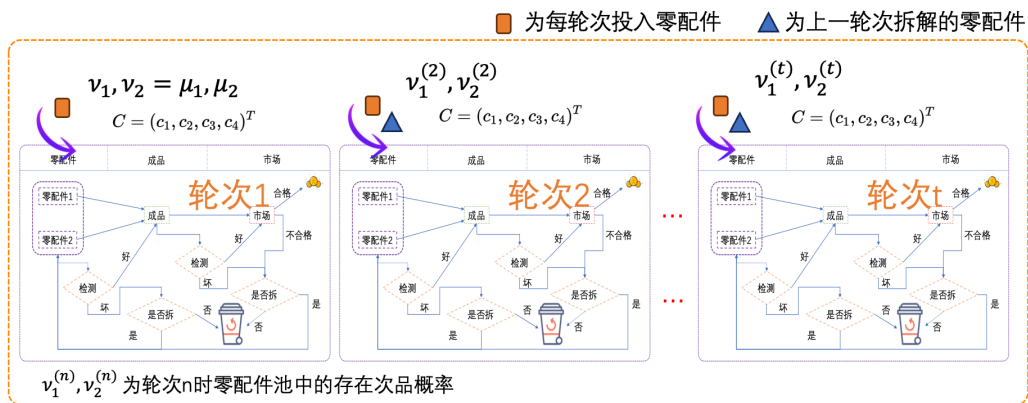


图3 产品次品率迭代流程图

综上我们构建了一个以最大获利期望为目标函数的生产的决策模型：

$$\begin{aligned} \max Profit &= \mathbb{E}((\min\{N'_1 - n_1 \cdot c_1, N'_2 - n_2 \cdot c_2\} - M' \cdot c_3) \cdot p_1 - R - cost) \\ s.t. \quad &\begin{cases} M = \sum_{k=\max\{n_1, n_2\}}^{n_1+n_2} k \cdot P_k + (\min\{N'_1 - n_1 \cdot c_1, N'_2 - n_2 \cdot c_2\} - k) \cdot \mu_3 \\ n_1 = N_1 \cdot \mu_1 + \sum_{j=\frac{k}{2}}^k M \cdot P_{i,j} \quad n_2 = N_2 \cdot \mu_2 + \sum_{i=\frac{k}{2}}^k M \cdot P_{i,j} \\ N'_1 = N_1 + M^{-1} \cdot c_3, \quad N'_2 = N_2 + M^{-1} \cdot c_3 \\ \vec{C} = (c_1, c_2, c_3, c_4) \\ \vec{F} = [N_1 \cdot f_1, N_2 \cdot f_2, \min\{N_1, N_2\} \cdot f_3, M \cdot f_5] \\ P_k = \sum_{i=k-j}^k \sum_{j=\frac{k}{2}}^k C_{n_1}^i C_{n_2}^j \nu_1^i \nu_2^j (1 - \nu_1)^{k-i} (1 - \nu_2)^{k-j} \\ P_{i,j} = C_{n_1}^i C_{n_2}^j \nu_1^i \nu_2^j (1 - \nu_1)^{k-i} (1 - \nu_2)^{k-j} \\ cost = d_1 \cdot N_1 + d_2 \cdot N_2 + \min\{N_1, N_2\} \cdot d_3 \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

通过编写求解代码，穷举出所有决策向量 \vec{C} 可能，并且在 6 个不同情况下计算出每个决策向量的收益期望，最终分别选出最大收益的决策向量 \vec{C} ，作为最优决策方案。其中 0 代表不抽检/不拆解，1 代表抽检/拆解。

表 2 决策结果图

情况	零配件 1	零配件 2	成品	拆解	最大纯利润（元/件）
1	1	1	0	1	15.83
2	1	1	0	1	8.65
3	1	1	0	1	13.46
4	1	1	1	1	11.33
5	0	1	0	0	7.12
6	0	0	0	0	18.67

根据结果表2中结果显示，我们通过对比情况 1，2，3 得知在零配件和成品的次品率相同时，次品率对最大纯利润的影响远远大于调换损失的影响，对比情况 2 和 4，在次品率相同的情况下，产品检测成本的降低比调换损失的增加影响更显著，由此证明了此决策方案在零配件次品率较小，检测成本较低的情况下具有较好的稳健性。情况 5 更加证实了次品率和抽检成本是影响最大纯利润的关键因素，而非拆解、调换成本，进一步证实了我们决策方案能够将影响利润的因素缩小到可控范围，而对环境外部因素造成的调换、拆解因素敏感性较低。在情况 6 中，我们发现不抽检不拆解的决策方案在纯利润上具有较大优势，这是由于在次品率非常低的情况下，即使不抽检或回收零件都能够保证产品的质量，获得最大的收益。

六、问题三的模型建立与求解

首先沿用问题二的思路我们将生产加工过程分为四个阶段，即：零配件准备、半成品、成品、市场。每个阶段都需要决策出抽检方案，此过程可抽象为图4。

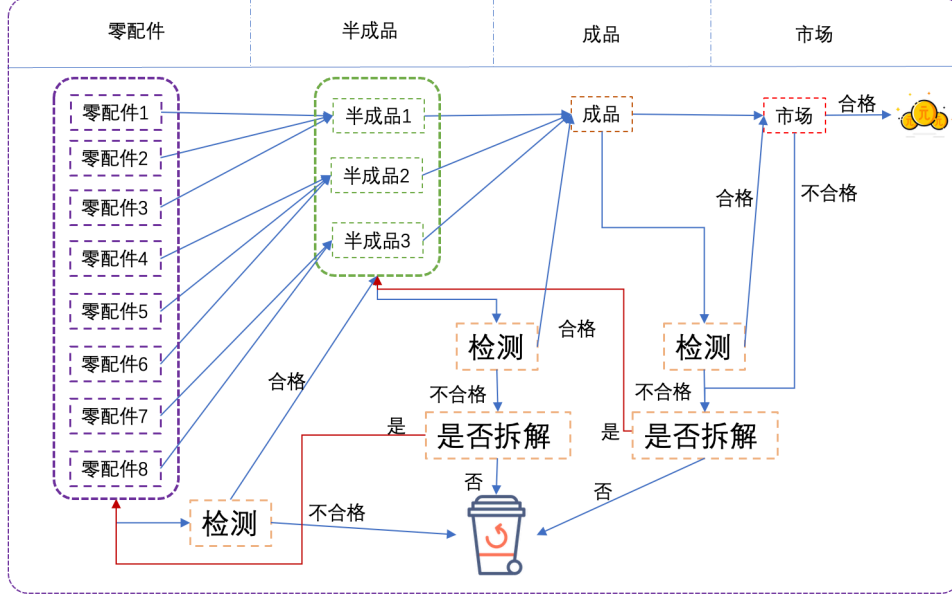


图 4 电子器件生产四阶段的流程图

对于多个生产阶段的情况中我们设定所有的退货产品如果需要拆解则拆解为半成品，半成品拆解为零配件，然后将生产部件分别投入下一轮次的配件池和半成品池。题目中要考虑推广到 m 道工序 n 个零配件的情况，我们可以将问题二的模型进行推广，构造决策向量为 $\vec{C} = (c_1, c_2, \dots, c_{16})^T$ ，其中的元素 c_i 分别表示零配件 1~8 是否抽检、半成品 1~3 的抽检和拆解情况以及成品是否抽检、是否拆解 (c_i 的值为 0 时表示为不抽检/不拆解 (丢弃)，值为 1 时表示检测/拆解)。我们首先考虑对所有零配件、半成品、成品不进行检测不拆除的情况，即 $\vec{C} = (0, 0, \dots, 0)^T$ 。这里假设半成品中存在次品零部件的半成品数目分别为 k_1, k_2, k_3 ，成品中存在次品零部件的成品数目为 k 。令 8 种零配件的次品率为 $\mu_1, \mu_2, \dots, \mu_8$ ，半成品的次品率为 μ'_1, μ'_2, μ'_3 ，成品的次品率为 μ'' 。与第二问相同我们假定每一轮次投入的零配件数是固定的数值 N_1, N_2, \dots, N_8 ，则能够计算出零配件中存在次品的数目为 $n_1 \sim n_8$ ，其中 $n_i = N_i \cdot \mu_i$ 我们设置零配件池中的真实次品占比为 $\nu_{1,1}, \nu_{1,2}, \dots, \nu_{1,8}$ (在第一代时 $\nu_{1,i} = \mu_i$) $\nu_{1,i} = \frac{M_i^{-1} \cdot c + N_i \mu_i}{M_i^{-1} \cdot c + N_i}$ 这里我们用 M^{-1} 来表示上一轮退换货的产品数 (第一轮里面 $M^{-1} = 0$) 以第一个半成品为例，可以得到存在次品零部件的半成品数目为 k_1 的概率 P_{k_1} 为：

$$P_{k_1} = \sum_i \sum_j \sum_z C_{n_1}^i C_{n_2}^j C_{n_3}^z \nu_{1,1}^i \nu_{1,2}^j \nu_{1,3}^z (1 - \nu_{1,1})^{k_1-i} (1 - \nu_{1,2})^{k_1-j} (1 - \nu_{1,3})^{k_1-z} \quad (15)$$

其中 k_1 个半成品中存在的三个零配件情况为 i, j, z ，则需要满足 $i + j + z \geq k_1, i \leq$

$k_1, j \leq k_1, z \leq k_1$ 。由此能够算出半成品 1 中不合格品的期望值 M_1 为:

$$M_1 = \sum_{k_1=\max\{n_1, n_2, n_3\}}^{n_1+n_2+n_3} k_1 \cdot P_{k_1} + (\min\{N_1, N_2, N_3\} - k_1) \cdot \mu'_1 \quad (16)$$

同理可以得到半成品 2、半成品 3 和成品的不合格品的期望值 M_2 、 M_3 :

$$M_2 = \sum_{k_2=\max\{n_4, n_5, n_6\}}^{n_4+n_5+n_6} k_2 \cdot P_{k_2} + (\min\{N_4, N_5, N_6\} - k_2) \cdot \mu'_2 \quad (17)$$

$$M_3 = \sum_{k_3=\max\{n_7, n_8\}}^{n_7+n_8} k_3 \cdot P_{k_3} + (\min\{N_7, N_8\} - k_3) \cdot \mu'_3 \quad (18)$$

接着我们能够通过不合格产品的期望算出各个半成品中存在次品的概率 $\nu_{2,i}$ 为:

$$\begin{aligned} \nu_{2,1} &= \frac{M^{-1} \cdot c_{12} + \min\{n_1, n_2, n_3\}}{M^{-1} \cdot c_{12} + \min\{N_1, N_2, N_3\}} \\ \nu_{2,2} &= \frac{M^{-1} \cdot c_{12} + \min\{n_4, n_5, n_6\}}{M^{-1} \cdot c_{12} + \min\{N_4, N_5, N_6\}} \\ \nu_{2,3} &= \frac{M^{-1} \cdot c_{12} + \min\{n_7, n_8\}}{M^{-1} \cdot c_{12} + \min\{N_7, N_8\}} \end{aligned}$$

由此我们能够计算出成品中存在次品零部件的成品数目为 k 的概率 P_k 为:

$$P_k = \sum_i \sum_j \sum_z C_{M_1}^i C_{M_2}^j C_{M_3}^z \nu_{2,1}^i \nu_{2,2}^j \nu_{2,3}^z (1 - \nu_{2,1})^{k_1-i} (1 - \nu_{2,2})^{k_1-j} (1 - \nu_{2,3})^{k_1-z} \quad (19)$$

其中 k 个成品中存在的三个次半成品情况为 i 、 j 、 z ，则需要满足 $i + j + z \geq k$ ， $i \leq k$ ， $j \leq k$ ， $z \leq k$ 。由此能够算出成品中不合格品的期望值 M 为:

$$M = \sum_{k=\max\{M_1, M_2, M_3\}}^{M_1+M_2+M_3} k \cdot P_k + (\min\{N_1, N_2, \dots, N_8\} - k) \cdot \mu'' \quad (20)$$

在理想情况下，所有的成品都进入市场，此时所产生的检测、退换、拆解费用为 $\vec{F} = [N_1 \cdot f_1, N_2 \cdot f_2, \dots, N_8 \cdot f_8, \min\{N_1, N_2, N_3\} \cdot f_9, \min\{N_4, N_5, N_6\} \cdot f_{10}, \min\{N_7, N_8\} \cdot f_{11}, \min\{N_1, N_2, \dots, N_8\} \cdot f_{12}, M_1 \cdot f_{13}, M_2 \cdot f_{14}, M_3 \cdot f_{15}, M \cdot f_{16}]$ ，此行向量中 $f_1 \sim f_{12}$ 均为抽样检测所产生的费用， $f_{13} \sim f_{16}$ 为次品拆解费用， f_{16} 为退换产生费用。由此能够算出生产线检测、拆解、退换费 R 为:

$$R = \vec{F} \cdot \vec{C} + M \cdot f_{17} \quad (21)$$

每个阶段所产生的成本可以用 $d_i \cdot N_i$ 来表示，其中 d_i 为每个零配件、半成品、成品的成本费用 $i = 1, 2, \dots, 12$ ，则单轮次成本 $cost = \sum_{i=1}^{12} d_i \cdot N_i$ 。综合考虑我们每轮需要调换上一轮里面次品的产品，而这一部分产品无法获利，这里我们用 M^{-1} 来表示上一轮退换回的产品数（第一轮里面 $M^{-1} = 0$ ），于是我们能够得到每轮次的收益 $Profit$:

$$Profit = (\min\{N_1, N_2, \dots, N_8\} - M^{-1}) \cdot p_1 - R - cost \quad (22)$$

与问题二类似构建产品动态生产流程图，因为需要考虑的多维参数，我们拟通过遗传进化算法¹帮助快速找到最优的生产决策向量 \vec{C} 。

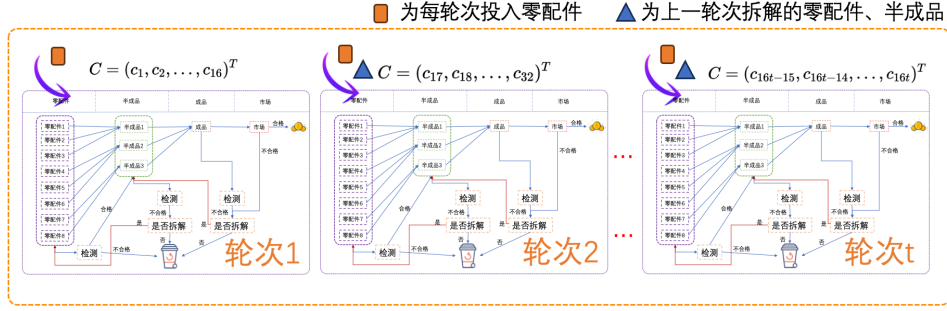


图 5 产品动态生产里路程图图

综合上述算式，我们能够得到每轮次的收益 $Profit$ ：

$$\max Profit = \mathbb{E}((\min\{N_1, N_2, \dots, N_8\} - M_{(n)}^{-1}) \cdot p_1 - R - cost)$$

$$s.t. \begin{cases} R = \vec{F} \cdot \vec{C} + M \cdot f_{17} \\ M = \sum_{k=\max\{M_1, M_2, M_3\}}^{M_1+M_2+M_3} k \cdot P_k + (\min\{N_1, N_2, \dots, N_8\} - k) \cdot \mu'' \\ M_1 = \sum_{k_1=\max\{n_1, n_2, n_3\}}^{n_1+n_2+n_3} k_1 \cdot P_{k_1} + (\min\{N_1, N_2, N_3\} - k_1) \cdot \mu'_1 \\ M_2 = \sum_{k_2=\max\{n_4, n_5, n_6\}}^{n_4+n_5+n_6} k_2 \cdot P_{k_2} + (\min\{N_4, N_5, N_6\} - k_2) \cdot \mu'_2 \\ M_3 = \sum_{k_3=\max\{n_7, n_8\}}^{n_7+n_8} k_3 \cdot P_{k_3} + (\min\{N_7, N_8\} - k_3) \cdot \mu'_3 \\ P_{k_1} = \sum_i \sum_j \sum_z C_{n_1}^i C_{n_2}^j C_{n_3}^z \nu_{1,1}^i \nu_{1,2}^j \nu_{1,3}^z (1 - \nu_{1,1})^{k_1-i} (1 - \nu_{1,2})^{k_1-j} (1 - \nu_{1,3})^{k_1-z} \\ P_{k_2} = \sum_i \sum_j \sum_z C_{n_4}^i C_{n_5}^j C_{n_6}^z \nu_{2,1}^i \nu_{2,2}^j \nu_{2,3}^z (1 - \nu_{2,1})^{k_2-i} (1 - \nu_{2,2})^{k_2-j} (1 - \nu_{2,3})^{k_2-z} \\ P_{k_3} = \sum_i \sum_j \sum_z C_{n_7}^i C_{n_8}^j \nu_{3,1}^i \nu_{3,2}^j (1 - \nu_{3,1})^{k_3-i} (1 - \nu_{3,2})^{k_3-j} \\ \nu_{1,i} = \frac{M_i^{-1} \cdot c_j + N_i \mu_i}{M_i^{-1} \cdot c_j + N_i}, i = 1 \sim 8 \\ \nu_{2,1} = \frac{M^{-1} \cdot c_{15} + \min\{n_1, n_2, n_3\}}{M^{-1} \cdot c_{12} + \min\{N_1, N_2, N_3\}} \quad \nu_{2,2} = \frac{M^{-1} \cdot c_{15} + \min\{n_4, n_5, n_6\}}{M^{-1} \cdot c_{12} + \min\{N_4, N_5, N_6\}} \quad \nu_{2,3} = \frac{M^{-1} \cdot c_{15} + \min\{n_7, n_8\}}{M^{-1} \cdot c_{12} + \min\{N_7, N_8\}} \\ cost = \sum_{i=1}^8 d_i \cdot N_i + d_9 \cdot N_9 + d_{11} \cdot N_{11} + d_{13} \cdot N_{13} + d_{15} \cdot N_{15} \end{cases}$$

与问题二中的求解方法类似，但是因为问题三中的决策向量维度更高，我们需要更加精确的遗传算法来求解最优解，其算法流程如下：

Algorithm 2: 遗传算法 (GA) 流程

Input: 每个阶段决策成本 $Cost_i$, 次品率 μ_i , 变异率 p_m , 交叉率 p_c , 种群数目 t

Output: 最优决策向量 \vec{C}^* , 最大化每轮生产收益 $Profit_{max}$

```
1 初始化决策向量种群  $P = \{\vec{C}_1, \vec{C}_2, \dots, \vec{C}_n\}$ , 其中  $\vec{C}_i$  为随机生成的长度为  $4t$  的二进制向量;  
2 while 未达到终止条件 do  
3   for 每个个体  $\vec{C}_i \in P$  do  
4     | 计算每轮收益  $Profit(\vec{C}_i)$ ;  
5   end  
6   计算种群适应度  $Fitness(P)$ ;  
7   选择父代个体:  $Parents \leftarrow Select(P, Fitness(P))$ ;  
8   if  $rand() < p_c$  then  
9     | 执行交叉操作:  $Offspring \leftarrow Crossover(Parents)$ ;  
10  end  
11  if  $rand() < p_m$  then  
12    | 执行变异操作:  $Offspring \leftarrow Mutate(Offspring)$ ;  
13  end  
14  更新种群:  $P \leftarrow Update(P, Offspring, Fitness(P \cup Offspring))$ ;  
15 end  
16  $\vec{C}^* \leftarrow \underset{\vec{C} \in P}{\operatorname{argmax}} Profit(\vec{C})$ ;  
17  $Profit_{max} \leftarrow Profit(\vec{C}^*)$ ;  
18 return  $\vec{C}^*, Profit_{max}$ 
```

首先设置合理的变异率、交叉率、种群数目 t 及各成本参数。通过对随机生成的决策向量进行适应度计算, 选择适应度高的个体进行交叉和变异操作, 最后选择最优的个体组成新的种群, 直到得到最优决策向量 \vec{C} 为止。我们得到最优的决策向量为 $\vec{C} = (11111111100000011)$, 并且最大获利为 58.73 元/件。此结果表明因为题目中零配件检测单价较低, 所以我们选择对 8 中零配件均进行检测, 因而组成半成品的零部件都是合格品, 由此我们不需要对半成品进行检测和拆解, 然而考虑到成品的退换成本及零部件成本较高, 我们对成品也进行检测并且在检测到次品时进行拆解回收。

七、问题四的模型建立与求解

本问题中我们需要考虑到抽样检测的准确性和应对风险的鲁棒性, 而不能直接获取真实次品率: 相比于对每个阶段的抽样进行风险建模, 一个更为直观的想法是对每一步的预测次品率 μ 进行概率建模, 这样做的好处是便于拟合我们在工序每阶段的概率分布 (这可以被看作是相互独立事件间的概率分布的传播)——我们选用高斯分布拟合之。事实上, 如果我们假定阶段 p 的期望为问题二及三中给定的次品率, 那么:

$$z_p = \mu_p + \sigma_p \odot \epsilon, \epsilon \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \mathbf{I}) \quad (23)$$

对于每次评估的 μ_p ，我们只需计算出相应的风险参数 σ_p ，就可以重新从标准高斯分布中采样出噪声施加在其上：

$$z \sim \mathcal{N}(z; \mu_p, \sigma_p^2 \mathbf{I}) \quad (24)$$

这样，实际的工序流程中次品率就被建模成了高斯分布，在优化过程中从中采样即可。

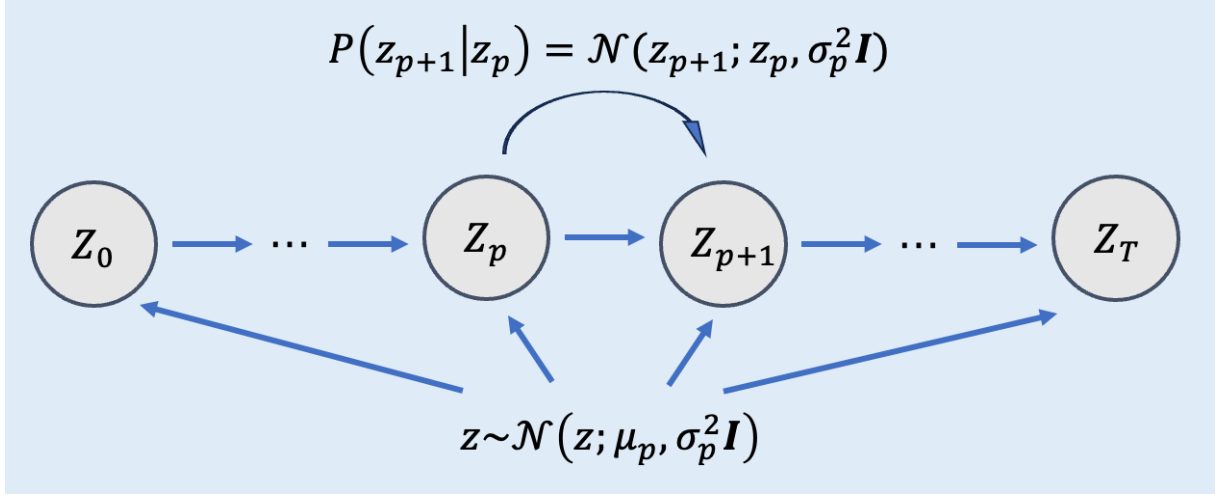


图 6 工序流程的马尔可夫过程

接下来，我们论证该分布在工序流程中的可传播性。事实上，如果我们把零配件的组装和成品看作一个马尔可夫过程，⁴如图6，那么，概率分布的传播就可以视为一个前向动力学模型，针对任意的相邻两个工序（我们暂且搁置对于一般的偏置项的考虑）：

$$\begin{aligned} P(z_{p+1}|z_p) &= \mathcal{N}(z_{p+1}; z_p, \sigma_p^2 \mathbf{I}) \\ &= \mu_{p+1} z_p + \sigma_{p+1} \odot \epsilon \\ &= \mu_{p+1} (\mu_p + \sigma_p \odot \epsilon) + \sigma_{p+1} \odot \epsilon \\ &= \mu_{p+1} \mu_p + (\mu_{p+1} \sigma_p + \sigma_{p+1}) \odot \epsilon \end{aligned} \quad (25)$$

而又根据独立高斯分布的可加性： $\mathcal{N}(0, \sigma_1^2 \mathbf{I}) + \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma_2^2 \mathbf{I}) \sim \mathcal{N}(0, (\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2) \mathbf{I})$ 我们便可以得到 z_{p+1} 的分布：

$$z_{p+1} \sim \mathcal{N}(z_{p+1}; \mu_{p+1} \mu_p, \sqrt{(\mu_{p+1} \sigma_p)^2 + \sigma_{p+1}^2} \mathbf{I}) \quad (26)$$

于是，我们的风险就可以通过前向动力学模型来传播了， μ 的期望依然遵循于预先设定的标准，而风险可以通过标准差逐层传递³。

我们假设对问题二的零配件 1，零配件 2，成品；问题三的各种零配件，半成品，成品的次品率都采用 *SPRT* 进行抽样，我们预先设定 H_0 边界范围为： $[S_1, S_2]$ ；取其初始值为 $\frac{S_1+S_2}{2}$ ，每次确定其相对预设值的大小后，我们采用二分法逐渐收缩范围，重复 10 次，设定最终结果为 μ_i ，并根据与样本集的真实误差确定 σ_i ，在总样本中确定反复取得样本

集，获得 $\sigma_1, \sigma_2, \dots, \sigma_n$ ，考虑其拟合上文中的高斯分布：

$$f(x; \sigma_p) = \frac{1}{\sigma_p \sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2\sigma_p^2}\right) \quad (27)$$

观测数据的似然函数是参数 σ_p 的函数，它表示在给定参数 σ_p 的情况下，观测到数据的概率。由于观测数据独立同分布，因此似然函数可以写成：

$$L(\sigma_p) = \prod_{i=1}^n f(\sigma_i; \sigma_p) = \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{\sigma_p \sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{\sigma_i^2}{2\sigma_p^2}\right) \quad (28)$$

取其对数似然：

$$\begin{aligned} \ln L(\sigma_p) &= \sum_{i=1}^n \ln(f(\sigma_i; \sigma_p)) = \sum_{i=1}^n \left[\ln\left(\frac{1}{\sigma_p \sqrt{2\pi}}\right) - \frac{\sigma_i^2}{2\sigma_p^2} \right] \\ &= -n \ln(\sigma_p) - n \ln(\sqrt{2\pi}) - \frac{1}{2\sigma_p^2} \sum_{i=1}^n \sigma_i^2 \end{aligned} \quad (29)$$

求解上述方程，得到参数 σ_p 的 MLE⁶ 估计值：

$$\hat{\sigma}_p = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n \sigma_i^2}{n}} \quad (30)$$

根据上述的次品率的模型能够算出每个阶段产品的标称值，由此我们给原本各阶段的次品率加上标准差的估计值。因为标准差的估计是分阶段判断的，现在拟将零配件阶段的，半成品阶段和成品阶段的标准差定位为 $\sigma_1, \sigma_2, \sigma_3$ 。则第二问可以将决策方案的目标函数及约束条件改为：

$$\begin{aligned} \max \text{Profit} &= \mathbb{E}((\min\{N'_1 - n_1 \cdot c_1, N'_2 - n_2 \cdot c_2\} - M' \cdot c_3) \cdot p_1 - R - \text{cost}) \\ s.t. \quad &\begin{cases} M = \sum_{k=\max\{n_1, n_2\}}^{n_1+n_2} k \cdot P_k + (\min\{N'_1 - n_1 \cdot c_1, N'_2 - n_2 \cdot c_2\} - k) \cdot \mu_3 \\ n_1 = N_1 \cdot (\mu_1 + \sigma_1 \varepsilon) + \sum_{j=\frac{k}{2}}^k M \cdot P_{i,j} \quad n_2 = N_2 \cdot (\mu_2 + \sigma_2 \varepsilon) + \sum_{i=\frac{k}{2}}^k M \cdot P_{i,j} \\ N'_1 = N_1 + M^{-1} \cdot c_3, \quad N'_2 = N_2 + M^{-1} \cdot c_3 \\ \vec{C} = (c_1, c_2, c_3, c_4) \\ \vec{F} = [N_1 \cdot f_1, N_2 \cdot f_2, \min\{N_1, N_2\} \cdot f_3, M \cdot f_5] \\ P_k = \sum_{i=k-j}^k \sum_{j=\frac{k}{2}}^k C_{n_1}^i C_{n_2}^j (\nu_1 + \sigma_1 \varepsilon)^i (\nu_2 + \sigma_2 \varepsilon)^j (1 - \nu_1 + \sigma_1 \varepsilon)^{k-i} (1 - \nu_2 + \sigma_2 \varepsilon)^{k-j} \\ P_{i,j} = C_{n_1}^i C_{n_2}^j (\nu_1 + \sigma_1 \varepsilon)^i (\nu_2 + \sigma_2 \varepsilon)^j (1 - \nu_1 + \sigma_1 \varepsilon)^{k-i} (1 - \nu_2 + \sigma_2 \varepsilon)^{k-j} \\ \text{cost} = d_1 \cdot N_1 + d_2 \cdot N_2 + \min\{N_1, N_2\} \cdot d_3 \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

最终结果如表3所示：

情况	零配件 1	零配件 2	成品	拆解	最大纯利润 (元/件)
1	1	1	0	1	15.55
2	1	1	0	1	8.37
3	1	1	0	1	13.14
4	1	1	1	1	11.03
5	0	1	0	0	7.06
6	0	0	0	0	18.68

表 3 引入误差的决策结果图

我们同样地处理问题三:

$$\begin{aligned}
\max \sum_{n=1}^t \text{Profit} &= (\min\{N_1, N_2, \dots, N_8\} - M_{(n)}^{-1}) \cdot p_1 - R - \text{cost} \\
s.t. \quad & \begin{cases} R = \vec{F} \cdot \vec{C} + M \cdot f_{17} \\ M = \sum_{k=\max\{M_1, M_2, M_3\}}^{M_1+M_2+M_3} k \cdot P_k + (\min\{N_1, N_2, \dots, N_8\} - k) \cdot \mu'' \\ M_1 = \sum_{k_1=\max\{n_1, n_2, n_3\}}^{n_1+n_2+n_3} k_1 \cdot P_{k_1} + (\min\{N_1, N_2, N_3\} - k_1) \cdot \mu'_1 \\ M_2 = \sum_{k_2=\max\{n_4, n_5, n_6\}}^{n_4+n_5+n_6} k_2 \cdot P_{k_2} + (\min\{N_4, N_5, N_6\} - k_2) \cdot \mu'_2 \\ M_3 = \sum_{k_3=\max\{n_7, n_8\}}^{n_7+n_8} k_3 \cdot P_{k_3} + (\min\{N_7, N_8\} - k_3) \cdot \mu'_3 \\ P_{k_1} = \sum_i \sum_j \sum_z C_{n_1}^i C_{n_2}^j C_{n_3}^z \nu_{1,1}^i \nu_{1,2}^j \nu_{1,3}^z (1 - \nu_{1,1})^{k_1-i} (1 - \nu_{1,2})^{k_1-j} (1 - \nu_{1,3})^{k_1-z} \\ P_{k_2} = \sum_i \sum_j \sum_z C_{n_4}^i C_{n_5}^j C_{n_6}^z \nu_{2,1}^i \nu_{2,2}^j \nu_{2,3}^z (1 - \nu_{2,1})^{k_2-i} (1 - \nu_{2,2})^{k_2-j} (1 - \nu_{2,3})^{k_2-z} \\ P_{k_3} = \sum_i \sum_j \sum_z C_{n_7}^i C_{n_8}^j \nu_{3,1}^i \nu_{3,2}^j (1 - \nu_{3,1})^{k_3-i} (1 - \nu_{3,2})^{k_3-j} \\ \nu_{1,i} = \frac{M_i^{-1} + N_i(\mu_i + \sigma_i)}{M_i^{-1} + N_i}, i = 1, 2, 3 \\ \nu_{2,i} = \frac{M_i^{-1} + \min\{n_1, n_2, n_3\}}{M_i^{-1} + \min\{N_1, N_2, N_3\}} i = 1, 2, 3 \\ \text{cost} = \sum_{i=1}^{12} d_i \cdot N_i \end{cases}
\end{aligned}$$

经过求解可以得到最优的决策向量 \vec{C} 与原问题相同, 单件最大获利从 58.13 下降到 56.54。

问题二和问题三引入风险后, 尽管最优决策向量未发生变化, 但单件净利润普遍下降。此现象可由扩散过程中的归纳偏置和风险累计予以解释。归纳偏置是指模型对未来预测的隐含假设, 本文中体现为对每个工序阶段次品率的先验高斯分布假设。此假设引入了认知不确定性, 即对真实次品率的估计存在偏差, 该偏差以标准差 σ 量化并通过前向扩散过程逐层累加。风险累计是指不确定性在扩散过程中不断累积, 导致预测的方差增大, 最终影响净利润期望。具体而言, 下一阶段的风险 σ_{p+1} 不仅受本阶段风险 σ_p 的

影响，还受到阶段转移概率 μ_{p+1} 的放大，形成类似“滚雪球”效应。因此，即使最优决策向量未变，但由于风险在每个阶段都被放大并传递至下一阶段，最终导致整体净利润期望下降。此现象也符合信息论哲学，即不确定性的增加必然导致预期收益的减少。

八、灵敏度分析

在问题一中，我们考虑 $\Delta\mu$ 的变化对采样准确率和采样量占比的影响。具体来说，我们将 $\Delta\mu_1, \Delta\mu_2$ 的值分别向上和向下浮动 0-10%，同时对 N 的值做出相应浮动以进行测试，在每个测试点，对标称值在 5%-15% 内均匀采样，最终求得相关指标在各个测试点的均值。可以发现，我们的模型在面对大跨度的样本量时有较强的鲁棒性；针对某一

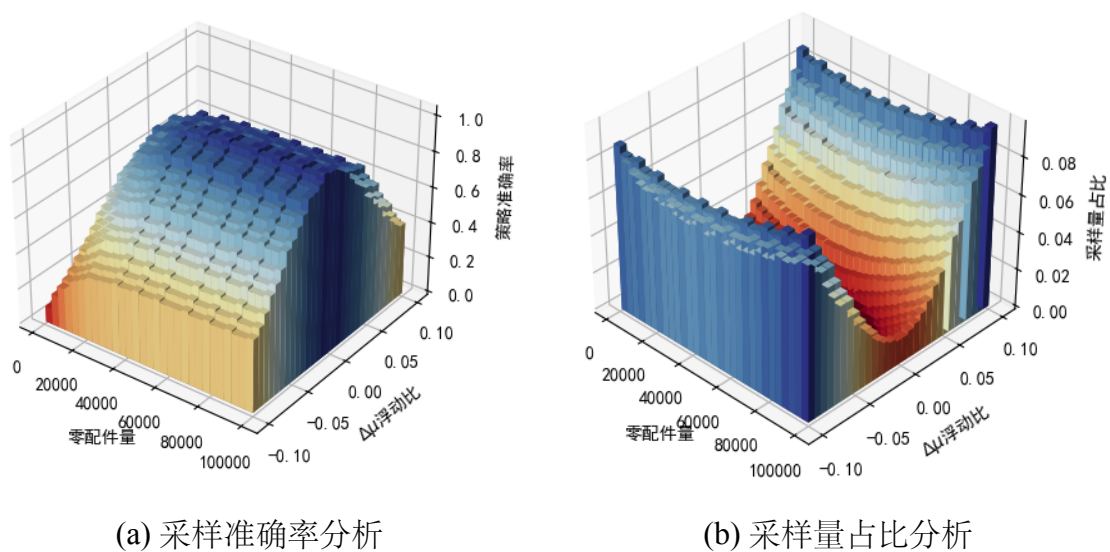


图 7 SPRT 灵敏度分析

特定的真实次品率，采样量占比和采样准确率对样本量的变化都不敏感，这充分说明我们的模型能够适应不同的工业生产要求情况。另一方面，考虑到 $\Delta\mu$ 在不同浮动值下模型的表现，我们发现在两项指标上模型对 $\Delta\mu$ 的浮动都较为敏感。在 10% 的浮动率内足以使模型的策略准确率明显降低和采样量显著增大。这证实了该参数对模型的影响是相当深刻的。在问题一中我们采用未经扰动的，由 MLP 直接输出的 $\Delta\mu$ 参与 SPRT 抽样时，策略准确率维持在 0.8 以上的较高水平，而采样量维持在 3% 以下的较低水平。这足以证明 MLP 对于 $\Delta\mu$ 的拟合相当有效，它的拟合误差在极其小的范围内，因此不会出现以上浮动所带来的不稳定结果。

为深入探究零部件总量对模型稳健性的影响，我们针对问题二的六种情况和问题 3 开展了精细化的灵敏度分析，分析结果如表 4 所示。通过对其进行细致分析，我们观察到模型的决策方案在应对不同零部件总量变化时展现出卓越的稳健性。首先，从宏观层面来看，尽管所有情况下的单件利润都随着零部件总量的增加呈现出下降趋势，但值得

工序场景	零配件量 N						
	100	200	400	800	1600	3200	6400
问题 2-情况 1	16.03	15.92	15.87	15.84	15.83	15.81	15.79
问题 2-情况 2	8.85	8.74	8.69	8.66	8.63	8.62	8.61
问题 2-情况 3	13.87	13.64	13.53	13.47	13.44	13.38	13.29
问题 2-情况 4	11.47	11.39	11.35	11.33	11.33	11.31	11.31
问题 2-情况 5	7.23	7.17	7.14	7.07	7.05	7.07	7.05
问题 2-情况 6	19.02	18.67	18.68	18.67	18.69	18.69	18.67
问题 3	59.26	58.85	58.84	58.73	58.69	58.69	58.68

表 4 零配件总量变化时不同情况下单件利润

注意的是，这种下降趋势并非线性关系，而是呈现出一种渐进式下降的趋势，体现了模型决策的精细化和对成本控制的有效性。其次，从微观层面来看，针对每种场景，单件利润的下降幅度都较为平缓，进一步印证了模型的稳健性。例如，在情况 1 中，当零部件总量从 100 增加到 6400 时，单件利润仅下降了 0.24 元，下降幅度仅为初始值的 1.5%；在情况 6 中，即使零部件总量增加 64 倍，单件利润也仅仅下降了 0.35 元，下降幅度仅为初始值的 1.8%。此外，通过对比不同情况下的下降幅度，我们发现次品率和产品检测成本对模型稳健性的影响更为显著，而调换损失的影响相对较小。这表明模型能够有效地应对次品率和产品检测成本的波动，从而保证企业在不同生产环境下都能获得相对稳定的收益。综上所述，模型的决策方案在面对不同规模的生产需求时能够保持卓越的适应性和稳定性，体现了模型的鲁棒性，为企业在复杂多变的市场环境中制定科学合理的生产决策提供了有力支撑。

九、模型评价

这篇论文针对电子产品生产线的多阶段质量控制问题，提出了一个基于序贯概率比检验 $SPRT$ 、优化算法和高斯过程的综合决策模型。其优势主要体现在以下方面：

- (1) **动态抽样策略：**利用 $SPRT$ 构建了动态调整零部件抽样方案的决策模型。通过引入扰动量，构建零假设和备择假设下的似然函数，并采用多层感知机 MLP 对扰动量进行函数拟合，实现了在低抽样率下对零部件批次做出高精度决策。
- (2) **多阶段策略优化：**针对多阶段生产流程，构建了多轮次决策向量并通过遗传算法找到最优决策方案。该方法能够有效地处理多阶段、多零部件的复杂生产流程，并最大化生产净利润。
- (3) **误差传递建模：**将各阶段由于抽样误差所引起的归纳误差建模为马尔可夫过程，并将单次偏差量化高斯分布。通过前向扩散过程论证了误差传递策略的有效性，并利用最大似然估计回归出单次误差分布，使得模型更具鲁棒性。

然而在现实应用中，模型也具有明显的不足之处和可发展性：

理想模型的简化性：模型假设每批零部件的次品率严格服从二项分布，并且每次抽检结果为次品的事件之间相互独立。然而，在实际生产过程中，次品率可能受到多种因素的影响，例如原材料质量、生产工艺、操作人员等，并且次品事件之间可能存在关联性。这些因素可能导致模型的假设与实际情况存在偏差，从而影响模型的可靠性。

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9.1 附录参考说明

支撑材料文件目录：

- **sprt.py** ——SPRT 算法源程序 (问题一)
- **pro1_sensi.py** ——问题一灵敏度分析源程序
- **2_1.py** ——问题二方案一源程序
- **2_2.py** ——问题二方案二源程序
- **2_3.py** ——问题二方案三源程序
- **2_4.py** ——问题二方案四源程序
- **2_5.py** ——问题二方案五源程序
- **2_6.py** ——问题二方案六源程序
- **Question_3.py** ——问题三源程序
- **4_2_1.py** ——问题四针对问题二方案一源程序
- **4_2_2.py** ——问题四针对问题二方案二源程序
- **4_2_3.py** ——问题四针对问题二方案三源程序
- **4_2_4.py** ——问题四针对问题二方案四源程序
- **4_2_5.py** ——问题四针对问题二方案五源程序
- **4_2_6.py** ——问题四针对问题二方案六源程序
- **4_3.py** ——问题四针对问题三源程序
- **gaussion.py** ——问题四高斯分布源程序

附录 A 问题一的 Python 代码

1.1 pro1_sensi.py(第一问灵敏度分析代码)

```
1      import torch
2      import torch.nn as nn
3      import torch.optim as optim
4      import numpy as np
5      from tqdm import tqdm
6
7      class MLP(nn.Module):
8          def __init__(self, input_size, hidden_size, output_size):
9              super(MLP, self).__init__()
10             self.fc1 = nn.Linear(input_size, hidden_size[0])
11             self.relu1 = nn.ReLU()
12             self.fc2 = nn.Linear(hidden_size[0], hidden_size[1])
13             self.relu2 = nn.ReLU()
14             self.fc3 = nn.Linear(hidden_size[1], output_size)
15
```

```

16     def forward(self, x):
17         x = self.fc1(x)
18         x = self.relu1(x)
19         x = self.fc2(x)
20         x = self.relu2(x)
21         x = self.fc3(x)
22         return x
23
24     def SPRT(S, delta_mu, alpha=0.05, beta=0.1):
25         A = torch.tensor(np.log((1 - beta) / alpha),
26                           dtype=torch.float32).to(device)
27         B = torch.tensor(np.log(beta / (1 - alpha)),
28                           dtype=torch.float32).to(device)
29         batch_size = S.shape[0]
30         predictions = torch.zeros(batch_size, dtype=torch.float32,
31                                   requires_grad=True).to(device)
32         samples_taken = torch.zeros(batch_size, dtype=torch.float32).to(device)
33         for i in range(batch_size):
34             sample = S[i]
35             D1 = int(0.01 * sample.shape[0])
36             LR = torch.tensor(0.0, dtype=torch.float32).to(device)
37             hint = 1
38
39             j = 1
40             n1 = sample[:D1]
41             while True:
42                 mu0_pred = torch.tensor(0.1, dtype=torch.float32).to(device) +
43                     delta_mu[0]
44                 mu1_pred = torch.tensor(0.1, dtype=torch.float32).to(device) -
45                     delta_mu[1]
46                 LR_numerator = torch.sum(n1 * torch.log(mu0_pred) + (1 - n1) *
47                                         torch.log(1 - mu0_pred))
48                 LR_denominator = torch.sum(n1 * torch.log(mu1_pred) + (1 - n1) *
49                                         torch.log(1 - mu1_pred))
50                 LR = LR_numerator / (LR_denominator + 1e-19)
51
52                 if LR <= A:
53                     hint = 0
54                     break
55                 elif LR >= B:
56                     hint = 1
57                     break
58                 else:
59                     j += 1
60                     if 2 * D1 - int(torch.sum(n1).item()) >= len(sample):
61                         break
62                     n1 = sample[D1: 2 * D1 - int(torch.sum(n1).item())]

```

```

56         predictions[i] = hint
57         samples_taken[i] = j * D1
58
59     return predictions, samples_taken
60
61 def train_model(model, optimizer, criterion, epoch, epochs, delta_mu):
62     model.train()
63     running_loss = 0.0
64     for i in tqdm(range(10000), ncols=100, desc="Training"):
65         N = np.random.randint(1000, 100000)
66         gt = np.random.uniform(gt_range[0], gt_range[1])
67         sample = np.random.choice([0, 1], size=N, p=[gt, 1 - gt])
68         if gt > 0.1:
69             gt = 0
70         else:
71             gt = 1
72         inputs = torch.tensor([N], dtype=torch.float32).to(device)
73         targets = torch.tensor([gt], dtype=torch.float32).to(device)
74         outputs = model(inputs) + torch.tensor(delta_mu,
75             dtype=torch.float32).to(device)
76         pred, samples = SPRT(torch.tensor([sample],
77             dtype=torch.float32).to(device), outputs)
78         loss = criterion(pred.float(), targets.float())
79         loss.backward()
80         optimizer.step()
81         optimizer.zero_grad()
82         running_loss += loss.item()
83     return running_loss / 10000
84
85 def evaluate_model(model, criterion, delta_mu):
86     model.eval()
87     running_loss = 0.0
88     correct = 0
89     total = 0
90     total_samples = 0
91     with torch.no_grad():
92         for i in tqdm(range(1000), ncols=100, desc="Evaluating"):
93             N = np.random.randint(1000, 100000)
94             gt = np.random.uniform(gt_range[0], gt_range[1])
95             sample = np.random.choice([0, 1], size=N, p=[gt, 1 - gt])
96             if gt > 0.1:
97                 gt = 0
98             else:
99                 gt = 1
100             inputs = torch.tensor([N], dtype=torch.float32).to(device)
101             targets = torch.tensor([gt], dtype=torch.float32).to(device)

```

```

101         outputs = model(inputs) + torch.tensor(delta_mu,
102            dtype=torch.float32).to(device)
103         pred, samples = SPRT(torch.tensor([sample],
104            dtype=torch.float32).to(device), outputs)
105         loss = criterion(pred.float(), targets.float())
106         running_loss += loss.item()
107         correct += (pred == targets).sum().item()
108         total += 1
109         total_samples += samples.item()
110     accuracy = correct / total
111     average_samples = total_samples / total
112     return running_loss / 1000, accuracy, average_samples
113
114 if __name__ == "__main__":
115     gt_range = (0.05, 0.15)
116     input_size = 1
117     hidden_size = [16, 64]
118     output_size = 2
119     learning_rate = 0.001
120     epochs = 10
121     batch_size = 32
122     criterion = nn.MSELoss()
123     device = torch.device("cuda:0" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu")
124
125     # 灵敏度分析: 遍历 delta_mu
126     delta_mu_values = np.arange(0.01, 0.11, 0.01)
127     results = []
128     for delta_mu in delta_mu_values:
129         print(f"Evaluating delta_mu = {delta_mu:.2f}")
130
131         model = MLP(input_size, hidden_size, output_size).to(device)
132         optimizer = optim.Adam(model.parameters(), lr=learning_rate)
133
134         for epoch in range(epochs):
135             train_loss = train_model(model, optimizer, criterion, epoch,
136                epochs, [delta_mu, delta_mu])
137             test_loss, accuracy, average_samples = evaluate_model(model,
138                criterion, [delta_mu, delta_mu])
139             print(
140                 f"Epoch {epoch+1}, Train Loss: {train_loss:.4f}, Test Loss:
141                 {test_loss:.4f}, "
142                 f"Accuracy: {accuracy:.4f}, Average Samples:
143                 {average_samples:.2f}"
144             )

```

```

142         results.append((delta_mu, accuracy, average_samples))
143
144     print("\nSensitivity Analysis Results:")
145     print("Delta Mu | Accuracy | Average Samples")
146     print("-----|-----|-----")
147     for delta_mu, accuracy, average_samples in results:
148         print(f"{delta_mu:.2f} | {accuracy:.4f} |
                {average_samples:.2f}")

```

1.2 sprt.py

```

1     import torch
2 import torch.nn as nn
3 import torch.optim as optim
4 import numpy as np
5 from tqdm import tqdm
6
7 class MLP(nn.Module):
8     def __init__(self, input_size, hidden_size, output_size):
9         super(MLP, self).__init__()
10        self.fc1 = nn.Linear(input_size, hidden_size[0])
11        self.relu1 = nn.ReLU()
12        self.fc2 = nn.Linear(hidden_size[0], hidden_size[1])
13        self.relu2 = nn.ReLU()
14        self.fc3 = nn.Linear(hidden_size[1], output_size)
15
16    def forward(self, x):
17        x = self.fc1(x)
18        x = self.relu1(x)
19        x = self.fc2(x)
20        x = self.relu2(x)
21        x = self.fc3(x)
22        return x
23
24 def SPRT(S, delta_mu, alpha=0.05, beta=0.1):
25     A = torch.tensor(np.log((1 - beta) / alpha), dtype=torch.float32).to(device)
26     B = torch.tensor(np.log(beta / (1 - alpha)), dtype=torch.float32).to(device)
27     batch_size = S.shape[0]
28     predictions = torch.zeros(batch_size, dtype=torch.float32,
29                               requires_grad=True).to(device)
30     for i in range(batch_size):
31         sample = S[i]
32         D1 = int(0.01 * sample.shape[0]) # 初始样本量
33         LR = torch.tensor(0.0, dtype=torch.float32).to(device)
34         hint = 1 # 初始化预测假设为1

```



```

35     j = torch.ones(batch_size, dtype=torch.float32,
36                     requires_grad=True).to(device)
37     n1 = sample[:D1]
38     while j < 10:
39         mu0_pred = torch.tensor(0.1, dtype=torch.float32).to(device) +
40             delta_mu[0]
41         mu1_pred = torch.tensor(0.1, dtype=torch.float32).to(device) -
42             delta_mu[1]
43         LR_numerator = torch.sum(n1 * torch.log(mu0_pred) + (1 - n1) *
44             torch.log(1 - mu0_pred))
45         LR_denominator = torch.sum(n1 * torch.log(mu1_pred) + (1 - n1) *
46             torch.log(1 - mu1_pred))
47         LR = LR_numerator / (LR_denominator + 1e-19)
48
49         if LR <= A:
50             hint = 0
51             break
52         elif LR >= B:
53             hint = 1
54             break
55         else:
56             j += 1
57             n1 = sample[D1 : 2 * D1 - int(torch.sum(n1).item())]
58     predictions[i] = hint
59
60     return predictions, j
61
62 def train_model(model, optimizer, criterion, epoch, epochs):
63     model.train()
64     running_loss = 0.0
65     for i in tqdm(range(10000), ncols=100, desc="Training"):
66         N = np.random.randint(1000, 100000)
67         gt = np.random.uniform(gt_range[0], gt_range[1])
68         sample = np.random.choice([0, 1], size=N, p=[gt, 1 - gt])
69         if gt > 0.1:
70             gt = 0
71         else:
72             gt = 1
73         inputs = torch.tensor([N], dtype=torch.float32).to(device)
74         targets = torch.tensor([gt], dtype=torch.float32).to(device)
75         outputs = model(inputs)
76         pred, j = SPRT(torch.tensor([sample], dtype=torch.float32).to(device),
77                         outputs)
78         loss = j*criterion(pred.float(), targets.float())
79         loss.backward()
80         optimizer.step()
81         optimizer.zero_grad()

```

```

76         running_loss += loss.item()
77     return running_loss / 10000
78
79
80 def evaluate_model(model, criterion):
81     model.eval()
82     running_loss = 0.0
83     correct = 0
84     total = 0
85     with torch.no_grad():
86         for i in tqdm(range(1000), ncols=100, desc="Evaluating"):
87             N = np.random.randint(1000, 100000)
88             gt = np.random.uniform(gt_range[0], gt_range[1])
89             sample = np.random.choice([0, 1], size=N, p=[gt, 1 - gt])
90             if gt > 0.1:
91                 gt = 0
92             else:
93                 gt = 1
94             inputs = torch.tensor([N], dtype=torch.float32).to(device)
95             targets = torch.tensor([gt], dtype=torch.float32).to(device)
96             outputs = model(inputs)
97             pred,_ = SPRT(torch.tensor([sample], dtype=torch.float32).to(device),
98                           outputs)
99             loss = criterion(pred.float(), targets.float())
100             running_loss += loss.item()
101             correct += (pred == targets).sum().item()
102             total += 1
103     accuracy = correct / total
104     return running_loss / 1000, accuracy
105
106 if __name__ == "__main__":
107     gt_range = (0.05, 0.15)
108     input_size = 1
109     hidden_size = [16, 64]
110     output_size = 2
111     learning_rate = 0.001
112     epochs = 1000
113     batch_size = 32
114
115     device = torch.device("cuda:3" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu")
116
117     model = MLP(input_size, hidden_size, output_size).to(device)
118     optimizer = optim.Adam(model.parameters(), lr=learning_rate)
119     criterion = nn.MSELoss()
120
121     for epoch in range(epochs):

```

```

122     train_loss = train_model(model, optimizer, criterion, epoch, epochs)
123     test_loss, accuracy = evaluate_model(model, criterion)
124     print(
125         f"Epoch {epoch+1}, Train Loss: {train_loss:.4f}, Test Loss:
           {test_loss:.4f}, Accuracy: {accuracy:.4f}"
126     )

```

附录 B 问题二的 python 代码

2.1 2_1.py(决策向量求解)

```

1     import random
2     import numpy as np
3     from scipy.special import comb
4
5     def Solve(Element_S1, Element_S2, Test_Mark_S1, Test_Mark_S2,
               Test_Mark_Finished_Product, Dismantle_Mark_Finished_Product, Exchange_Quantity):
6
7         Profit = 0
8         Cost = 0
9         Test_Price_S1 = 2
10        Test_Price_S2 = 3
11        Finished_Product_Defect_Rate = 0.1
12        Finished_Product_Assemble_Price = 6
13        Finished_Product_Test_Price = 3
14        Finished_Product_Sell_Price = 56
15        Finished_Product_Exchange_Loss = 6
16        Finished_Product_Dismantle_cost = 5
17
18        # 零件阶段
19        if Test_Mark_S1 == 1:
20            Cost += Test_Price_S1 * len(Element_S1)
21            Element_S1 = [x for x in Element_S1 if x != 0]
22        if Test_Mark_S2 == 1:
23            Cost += Test_Price_S2 * len(Element_S2)
24            Element_S2 = [x for x in Element_S2 if x != 0]
25
26        random.shuffle(Element_S1)
27        random.shuffle(Element_S2)
28
29        if len(Element_S1) == len(Element_S2):
30            Finished_Product = [int(a * b) for a, b in zip(Element_S1, Element_S2)]
31            Finished_Product_Form = np.array([Element_S1, Element_S2])
32            Cost += Finished_Product_Assemble_Price * len(Finished_Product)

```

```

33     Qualified_Finished_Products_Indices = [index for index, value in
        enumerate(Finished_Product) if value == 1]
34     Num_To_Select = int(len(Qualified_Finished_Products_Indices) *
        Finished_Product_Defect_Rate)
35     Qualified_Finished_Products_Selected_Indices =
        np.random.choice(Qualified_Finished_Products_Indices,
            size=Num_To_Select, replace=False)
36     for index in Qualified_Finished_Products_Selected_Indices:
37         Finished_Product[index] = 0
38     Element_S1 = []
39     Element_S2 = []
40     elif len(Element_S1) < len(Element_S2):
41         Selected_Indices_S2 = random.sample(range(len(Element_S2)),
            len(Element_S1))
42         Selected_Element_S2 = [Element_S2[i] for i in Selected_Indices_S2]
43         Finished_Product = [int(a * b) for a, b in zip(Element_S1,
            Selected_Element_S2)]
44         Finished_Product_Form = np.array([Element_S1, Selected_Element_S2])
45         Cost += Finished_Product_Assemble_Price * len(Finished_Product)
46         Qualified_Finished_Products_Indices = [index for index, value in
            enumerate(Finished_Product) if value == 1]
47         Num_To_Select = int(len(Qualified_Finished_Products_Indices) *
            Finished_Product_Defect_Rate)
48         Qualified_Finished_Products_Selected_Indices =
            np.random.choice(Qualified_Finished_Products_Indices,
                size=Num_To_Select, replace=False)
49         for index in Qualified_Finished_Products_Selected_Indices:
50             Finished_Product[index] = 0
51         Element_S1 = []
52         Element_S2 = [Element_S2[i] for i in range(len(Element_S2)) if i not in
            Selected_Indices_S2]
53     elif len(Element_S1) > len(Element_S2):
54         Selected_Indices_S1 = random.sample(range(len(Element_S1)),
            len(Element_S2))
55         Selected_Element_S1 = [Element_S1[i] for i in Selected_Indices_S1]
56         Finished_Product = [int(a * b) for a, b in zip(Selected_Element_S1,
            Element_S2)]
57         Finished_Product_Form = np.array([Selected_Element_S1, Element_S2])
58         Cost += Finished_Product_Assemble_Price * len(Finished_Product)
59         Qualified_Finished_Products_Indices = [index for index, value in
            enumerate(Finished_Product) if value == 1]
60         Num_To_Select = int(len(Qualified_Finished_Products_Indices) *
            Finished_Product_Defect_Rate)
61         Qualified_Finished_Products_Selected_Indices =
            np.random.choice(Qualified_Finished_Products_Indices,
                size=Num_To_Select, replace=False)
62         for index in Qualified_Finished_Products_Selected_Indices:

```

```

63         Finished_Product[index] = 0
64         Element_S1 = [Element_S1[i] for i in range(len(Element_S1)) if i not in
65             Selected_Indices_S1]
66
67         Element_S2 = []
68
69     # 成品阶段
70     if Test_Mark_Finished_Product == 1:
71         Cost += Finished_Product_Test_Price * len(Finished_Product)
72         Qualified_Finished_Products_Indices = [index for index, value in
73             enumerate(Finished_Product) if value == 1]
74         Unqualified_Finished_Products_Indices = [index for index, value in
75             enumerate(Finished_Product) if value == 0]
76         Profit += Finished_Product_Sell_Price *
77             (len(Qualified_Finished_Products_Indices) - Exchange_Quantity)
78         Exchange_Quantity = 0
79         if Dismantle_Mark_Finished_Product == 1:
80             Cost += Finished_Product_Dismantle_cost *
81                 len(Unqualified_Finished_Products_Indices)
82             Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form = Finished_Product_Form[:,
83                 Unqualified_Finished_Products_Indices]
84             Element_S1.extend(Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[0])
85             Element_S2.extend(Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[1])
86         else:
87             Qualified_Finished_Products_Indices = [index for index, value in
88                 enumerate(Finished_Product) if value == 1]
89             Unqualified_Finished_Products_Indices = [index for index, value in
90                 enumerate(Finished_Product) if value == 0]
91             Profit += Finished_Product_Sell_Price * (len(Finished_Product) -
92                 Exchange_Quantity)
93             Exchange_Quantity = 0
94             Cost += Finished_Product_Exchange_Loss *
95                 len(Unqualified_Finished_Products_Indices)
96             Exchange_Quantity = len(Unqualified_Finished_Products_Indices)
97             if Dismantle_Mark_Finished_Product == 1:
98                 Cost += Finished_Product_Dismantle_cost *
99                     len(Unqualified_Finished_Products_Indices)
100                 Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form = Finished_Product_Form[:,
101                     Unqualified_Finished_Products_Indices]
102                 Element_S1.extend(Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[0])
103                 Element_S2.extend(Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[1])
104             else:
105                 return Profit, Cost, Element_S1, Element_S2, Exchange_Quantity
106
107     return Profit, Cost, Element_S1, Element_S2, Exchange_Quantity
108
109 S1 = S2 = 1000
110 Defect_Rate_S1 = 0.1
111 Defect_Rate_S2 = 0.1
112 Bad_S1 = int(Defect_Rate_S1 * S1)

```

```

98 Bad_S2 = int(Defect_Rate_S2 * S2)
99
100 Time = 1
101 Simulation_Number = 100
102 Profits = np.zeros(16)
103 Costs = np.zeros(16)
104 Purchase_Price_S1 = 4
105 Purchase_Price_S2 = 18
106
107 Decision_Matrix = np.zeros((16, 4), dtype=int)
108 for i in range(16):
109     Binary_Representation = format(i, '04b')
110     for j in range(4):
111         Decision_Matrix[i, j] = int(Binary_Representation[j])
112
113 for i in range(0,16):
114     Test_Mark_S1 = Decision_Matrix[i][0]
115     Test_Mark_S2 = Decision_Matrix[i][1]
116     Test_Mark_Finished_Product = Decision_Matrix[i][2]
117     Dismantle_Mark_Finished_Product = Decision_Matrix[i][3]
118     for j in range(0, Time):
119         Element_S1 = []
120         Element_S2 = []
121         Exchange_Quantity = 0
122         k = 0
123         while k < Simulation_Number:
124             random.seed(j * Time + k)
125             np.random.seed(j * Time + k)
126             Prepared_Element_S1 = np.ones(S1)
127             Random_Indices_S1 = np.random.choice(S1, size=Bad_S1, replace=False)
128             Prepared_Element_S1[Random_Indices_S1] = 0
129             Element_S1.extend(Prepared_Element_S1)
130             Prepared_Element_S2 = np.ones(S2)
131             Random_Indices_S2 = np.random.choice(S2, size=Bad_S2, replace=False)
132             Prepared_Element_S2[Random_Indices_S2] = 0
133             Element_S2.extend(Prepared_Element_S2)
134             Costs[i] += Purchase_Price_S1 * len(Prepared_Element_S1) +
                Purchase_Price_S2 * len(Prepared_Element_S2)
135             Profit, Cost, Element_S1, Element_S2, Exchange_Quantity =
                Solve(Element_S1, Element_S2, Test_Mark_S1, Test_Mark_S2,
                    Test_Mark_Finished_Product, Dismantle_Mark_Finished_Product,
                    Exchange_Quantity)
136             Profits[i] += Profit
137             Costs[i] += Cost
138             k += 1
139
140 Profits = Profits / (Simulation_Number * Time)

```

```

141 Costs = Costs / (Simulation_Number * Time)
142 Pure_Profits = (Profits - Costs) / S1
143 print(Pure_Profits)
144 Max_Index = np.argmax(Pure_Profits)
145 Binary_Max_Index = format(Max_Index, '04b')
146 print("最大值是:", Pure_Profits[Max_Index])
147 print("最大值的索引是:", Max_Index)
148 print("最大值的索引的二进制表示是:", Binary_Max_Index)

```

附录 C 问题三的 python 代码

3.1 Question_3.py (遗传算法求解过程)

```

1  import random
2  import numpy as np
3  from scipy.special import comb
4
5  def Solve(Element_S1, Element_S2, Element_S3, Element_S4, Element_S5, Element_S6,
6           Element_S7, Element_S8, Semi_Finished_Product_S1, Semi_Finished_Product_S2,
7           Semi_Finished_Product_S3, Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form,
8           Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form, Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form, Decision_Vector,
9           Exchange_Quantity):
10
11     Profit = 0
12     Cost = 0
13     Test_Price_S1 = 1
14     Test_Price_S2 = 1
15     Test_Price_S3 = 2
16     Test_Price_S4 = 1
17     Test_Price_S5 = 1
18     Test_Price_S6 = 2
19     Test_Price_S7 = 1
20     Test_Price_S8 = 2
21     Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Defect_Rate = 0.1
22     Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Assemble_Price = 8
23     Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Test_Price = 4
24     Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Dismantle_cost = 6
25     Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Defect_Rate = 0.1
26     Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Assemble_Price = 8
27     Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Test_Price = 4
28     Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Dismantle_cost = 6
29     Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Defect_Rate = 0.1
30     Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Assemble_Price = 8
31     Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Test_Price = 4
32     Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Dismantle_cost = 6

```

```

29 Finished_Product_Defect_Rate = 0.1
30 Finished_Product_Assemble_Price = 8
31 Finished_Product_Test_Price = 6
32 Finished_Product_Dismantle_cost = 10
33 Finished_Product_Sell_Price = 200
34 Finished_Product_Exchange_Loss = 40
35
36 Test_Mark_S1 = Decision_Vector[0]
37 Test_Mark_S2 = Decision_Vector[1]
38 Test_Mark_S3 = Decision_Vector[2]
39 Test_Mark_S4 = Decision_Vector[3]
40 Test_Mark_S5 = Decision_Vector[4]
41 Test_Mark_S6 = Decision_Vector[5]
42 Test_Mark_S7 = Decision_Vector[6]
43 Test_Mark_S8 = Decision_Vector[7]
44 Test_Mark_Semi_Finished_Product_S1 = Decision_Vector[8]
45 Dismantle_Mark_Semi_Finished_Product_S1 = Decision_Vector[9]
46 Test_Mark_Semi_Finished_Product_S2 = Decision_Vector[10]
47 Dismantle_Mark_Semi_Finished_Product_S2 = Decision_Vector[11]
48 Test_Mark_Semi_Finished_Product_S3 = Decision_Vector[12]
49 Dismantle_Mark_Semi_Finished_Product_S3 = Decision_Vector[13]
50 Test_Mark_Finished_Product = Decision_Vector[14]
51 Dismantle_Mark_Finished_Product = Decision_Vector[15]
52
53 # 零件阶段
54 if Test_Mark_S1 == 1:
55     Cost += Test_Price_S1 * len(Element_S1)
56     Element_S1 = [x for x in Element_S1 if x != 0]
57 if Test_Mark_S2 == 1:
58     Cost += Test_Price_S2 * len(Element_S2)
59     Element_S2 = [x for x in Element_S2 if x != 0]
60 if Test_Mark_S3 == 1:
61     Cost += Test_Price_S3 * len(Element_S3)
62     Element_S3 = [x for x in Element_S3 if x != 0]
63 if Test_Mark_S4 == 1:
64     Cost += Test_Price_S4 * len(Element_S4)
65     Element_S4 = [x for x in Element_S4 if x != 0]
66 if Test_Mark_S5 == 1:
67     Cost += Test_Price_S5 * len(Element_S5)
68     Element_S5 = [x for x in Element_S5 if x != 0]
69 if Test_Mark_S6 == 1:
70     Cost += Test_Price_S6 * len(Element_S6)
71     Element_S6 = [x for x in Element_S6 if x != 0]
72 if Test_Mark_S7 == 1:
73     Cost += Test_Price_S7 * len(Element_S7)
74     Element_S7 = [x for x in Element_S7 if x != 0]
75 if Test_Mark_S8 == 1:

```



```

76     Cost += Test_Price_S8 * len(Element_S8)
77     Element_S8 = [x for x in Element_S8 if x != 0]
78
79     Min_S1_S2_S3 = min(len(Element_S1), len(Element_S2), len(Element_S3))
80     random.shuffle(Element_S1)
81     random.shuffle(Element_S2)
82     random.shuffle(Element_S3)
83     Selected_Element_S1 = Element_S1[:Min_S1_S2_S3]
84     Selected_Element_S2 = Element_S2[:Min_S1_S2_S3]
85     Selected_Element_S3 = Element_S3[:Min_S1_S2_S3]
86     Semi_Finished_Product_S1.extend([int(a * b * c) for a, b, c in
        zip(Selected_Element_S1, Selected_Element_S2, Selected_Element_S3)])
87     if len(Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form) == 0 or
        (len(Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form) == 3 and all(len(sublist) == 0 for
        sublist in Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form)):
88         Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form = np.array([Selected_Element_S1,
        Selected_Element_S2, Selected_Element_S3])
89     else:
90         Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form =
            np.concatenate((np.array(Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form),
            np.array([Selected_Element_S1, Selected_Element_S2,
            Selected_Element_S3])), axis=1)
91     Cost += Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Assemble_Price * Min_S1_S2_S3
92     Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Indices = [index for index, value in
        enumerate(Semi_Finished_Product_S1) if value == 1]
93     Num_To_Select = int(len(Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Indices) *
        Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Defect_Rate)
94     Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Selected_Indices =
        np.random.choice(Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Indices,
        size=Num_To_Select, replace=False)
95     for index in Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Selected_Indices:
96         Semi_Finished_Product_S1[index] = 0
97     Element_S1 = Element_S1[Min_S1_S2_S3:]
98     Element_S2 = Element_S2[Min_S1_S2_S3:]
99     Element_S3 = Element_S3[Min_S1_S2_S3:]
100
101     Min_S4_S5_S6 = min(len(Element_S4), len(Element_S5), len(Element_S6))
102     random.shuffle(Element_S4)
103     random.shuffle(Element_S5)
104     random.shuffle(Element_S6)
105     Selected_Element_S4 = Element_S4[:Min_S4_S5_S6]
106     Selected_Element_S5 = Element_S5[:Min_S4_S5_S6]
107     Selected_Element_S6 = Element_S6[:Min_S4_S5_S6]
108     Semi_Finished_Product_S2.extend([int(a * b * c) for a, b, c in
        zip(Selected_Element_S4, Selected_Element_S5, Selected_Element_S6)])
109     if len(Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form) == 0 or
        (len(Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form) == 3 and all(len(sublist) == 0 for

```

```

        sublist in Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form)):
110     Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form = np.array([Selected_Element_S4,
        Selected_Element_S5, Selected_Element_S6])
111 else:
112     Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form =
        np.concatenate((np.array(Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form),
        np.array([Selected_Element_S4, Selected_Element_S5,
        Selected_Element_S6])), axis=1)
113 Cost += Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Assemble_Price * Min_S4_S5_S6
114 Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Indices = [index for index, value in
        enumerate(Semi_Finished_Product_S2) if value == 1]
115 Num_To_Select = int(len(Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Indices) *
        Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Defect_Rate)
116 Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Selected_Indices =
        np.random.choice(Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Indices,
        size=Num_To_Select, replace=False)
117 for index in Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Selected_Indices:
118     Semi_Finished_Product_S2[index] = 0
119 Element_S4 = Element_S4[Min_S4_S5_S6:]
120 Element_S5 = Element_S5[Min_S4_S5_S6:]
121 Element_S6 = Element_S6[Min_S4_S5_S6:]
122
123 Min_S7_S8= min(len(Element_S7), len(Element_S8))
124 random.shuffle(Element_S7)
125 random.shuffle(Element_S8)
126 Selected_Element_S7 = Element_S7[:Min_S7_S8]
127 Selected_Element_S8 = Element_S8[:Min_S7_S8]
128 Semi_Finished_Product_S3.extend([int(a * b) for a, b in
        zip(Selected_Element_S7, Selected_Element_S8)])
129 if len(Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form) == 0 or
        (len(Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form) == 2 and all(len(sublist) == 0 for
        sublist in Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form)):
130     Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form = np.array([Selected_Element_S7,
        Selected_Element_S8])
131 else:
132     Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form =
        np.concatenate((np.array(Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form),
        np.array([Selected_Element_S7, Selected_Element_S8])), axis=1)
133 Cost += Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Assemble_Price * Min_S7_S8
134 Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Indices = [index for index, value in
        enumerate(Semi_Finished_Product_S3) if value == 1]
135 Num_To_Select = int(len(Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Indices) *
        Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Defect_Rate)
136 Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Selected_Indices =
        np.random.choice(Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Indices,
        size=Num_To_Select, replace=False)
137 for index in Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Selected_Indices:

```

```

138     Semi_Finished_Product_S3[index] = 0
139 Element_S7 = Element_S7[Min_S7_S8:]
140 Element_S8 = Element_S8[Min_S7_S8:]
141
142 # 半成品阶段
143 if Test_Mark_Semi_Finished_Product_S1 == 1:
144     Cost += Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Test_Price * len(Semi_Finished_Product_S1)
145     Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Indices = [index for index, value in
146         enumerate(Semi_Finished_Product_S1) if value == 1]
147     Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Indices = [index for index, value in
148         enumerate(Semi_Finished_Product_S1) if value == 0]
149     Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1 = [Semi_Finished_Product_S1[i] for i in
150         range(len(Semi_Finished_Product_S1)) if i in
151         Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Indices]
152     Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form = Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form[:,
153         Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Indices]
154     Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S1 = Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1
155     Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form =
156         Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form
157
158     if Dismantle_Mark_Semi_Finished_Product_S1 == 1:
159         Cost += Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Dismantle_cost *
160             len(Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Indices)
161         Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form =
162             Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form[:,
163             Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Indices]
164         Element_S1.extend(Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form[0])
165         Element_S2.extend(Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form[1])
166         Element_S3.extend(Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form[2])
167         Semi_Finished_Product_S1 = []
168         Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form = [[], [], []]
169     else:
170         Semi_Finished_Product_S1 = []
171         Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form = [[], [], []]
172 else:
173     Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S1 = Semi_Finished_Product_S1
174     Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form = Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form
175     Semi_Finished_Product_S1 = []
176     Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form = [[], [], []]
177
178 if Test_Mark_Semi_Finished_Product_S2 == 1:
179     Cost += Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Test_Price * len(Semi_Finished_Product_S2)
180     Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Indices = [index for index, value in
181         enumerate(Semi_Finished_Product_S2) if value == 1]
182     Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Indices = [index for index, value in
183         enumerate(Semi_Finished_Product_S2) if value == 0]

```

```

173     Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2 = [Semi_Finished_Product_S2[i] for i in
        range(len(Semi_Finished_Product_S2)) if i in
            Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Indices]
174     Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form = Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form[:,
        Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Indices]
175     Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S2 = Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2
176     Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form =
        Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form
177
178     if Dismantle_Mark_Semi_Finished_Product_S2 == 1:
179         Cost += Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Dismantle_cost *
            len(Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Indices)
180         Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form =
            Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form[:,
                Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Indices]
181         Element_S4.extend(Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form[0])
182         Element_S5.extend(Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form[1])
183         Element_S6.extend(Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form[2])
184         Semi_Finished_Product_S2 = []
185         Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form = [[], [], []]
186     else:
187         Semi_Finished_Product_S2 = []
188         Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form = [[], [], []]
189     else:
190         Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S2 = Semi_Finished_Product_S2
191         Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form = Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form
192         Semi_Finished_Product_S2 = []
193         Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form = [[], [], []]
194
195     if Test_Mark_Semi_Finished_Product_S3 == 1:
196         Cost += Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Test_Price * len(Semi_Finished_Product_S3)
197         Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Indices = [index for index, value in
            enumerate(Semi_Finished_Product_S3) if value == 1]
198         Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Indices = [index for index, value in
            enumerate(Semi_Finished_Product_S3) if value == 0]
199         Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3 = [Semi_Finished_Product_S3[i] for i in
            range(len(Semi_Finished_Product_S3)) if i in
                Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Indices]
200         Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form = Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form[:,
            Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Indices]
201         Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S3 = Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3
202         Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form =
            Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form
203
204     if Dismantle_Mark_Semi_Finished_Product_S3 == 1:
205         Cost += Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Dismantle_cost *
            len(Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Indices)

```

```

206         Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form =
            Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form[:,
            Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Indices]
207         Element_S7.extend(Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form[0])
208         Element_S8.extend(Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form[1])
209         Semi_Finished_Product_S3 = []
210         Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form = [[], []]
211     else:
212         Semi_Finished_Product_S3 = []
213         Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form = [[], []]
214     else:
215         Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S3 = Semi_Finished_Product_S3
216         Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form = Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form
217         Semi_Finished_Product_S3 = []
218         Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form = [[], []]
219
220     # 成品阶段
221     Finished_Product_Number = min(len(Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S1),
        len(Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S2), len(Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S3))
222     random.shuffle(Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S1)
223     random.shuffle(Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S2)
224     random.shuffle(Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S3)
225     Selected_Indices_Semi_Finished_Product_S1 =
        random.sample(range(len(Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S1)),
        Finished_Product_Number)
226     Selected_Semi_Finished_Product_S1 = [Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S1[i] for i
        in Selected_Indices_Semi_Finished_Product_S1]
227     Selected_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form =
        Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form[:,
        Selected_Indices_Semi_Finished_Product_S1]
228     Selected_Indices_Semi_Finished_Product_S2 =
        random.sample(range(len(Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S2)),
        Finished_Product_Number)
229     Selected_Semi_Finished_Product_S2 = [Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S2[i] for i
        in Selected_Indices_Semi_Finished_Product_S2]
230     Selected_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form =
        Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form[:,
        Selected_Indices_Semi_Finished_Product_S2]
231     Selected_Indices_Semi_Finished_Product_S3 =
        random.sample(range(len(Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S3)),
        Finished_Product_Number)
232     Selected_Semi_Finished_Product_S3 = [Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S3[i] for i
        in Selected_Indices_Semi_Finished_Product_S3]
233     Selected_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form =
        Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form[:,
        Selected_Indices_Semi_Finished_Product_S3]

```

```

234 Finished_Product = [int(a * b * c) for a, b, c in
                        zip(Selected_Semi_Finished_Product_S1, Selected_Semi_Finished_Product_S2,
                            Selected_Semi_Finished_Product_S3)]
235 Finished_Product_Form =
        np.concatenate((Selected_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form,
                        Selected_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form,
                        Selected_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form), axis=0)
236 Cost += Finished_Product_Assemble_Price * Finished_Product_Number
237 Qualified_Finished_Product_Indices = [index for index, value in
        enumerate(Finished_Product) if value == 1]
238 Num_To_Select = int(len(Qualified_Finished_Product_Indices) *
        Finished_Product_Defect_Rate)
239 Qualified_Finished_Product_Selected_Indices =
        np.random.choice(Qualified_Finished_Product_Indices, size=Num_To_Select,
                        replace=False)
240 for index in Qualified_Finished_Product_Selected_Indices:
241     Finished_Product[index] = 0
242 Semi_Finished_Product_S1.extend([Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S1[i] for i in
        range(len(Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S1)) if i not in
        Selected_Indices_Semi_Finished_Product_S1])
243 Semi_Finished_Product_S2.extend([Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S2[i] for i in
        range(len(Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S2)) if i not in
        Selected_Indices_Semi_Finished_Product_S2])
244 Semi_Finished_Product_S3.extend([Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S3[i] for i in
        range(len(Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S3)) if i not in
        Selected_Indices_Semi_Finished_Product_S3])
245 Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form = np.concatenate((Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form,
        Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form[:, [Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S1[i]
        for i in range(len(Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S1)) if i not in
        Selected_Indices_Semi_Finished_Product_S1]]), axis=1)
246 Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form = np.concatenate((Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form,
        Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form[:, [Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S2[i]
        for i in range(len(Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S2)) if i not in
        Selected_Indices_Semi_Finished_Product_S2]]), axis=1)
247 Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form = np.concatenate((Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form,
        Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form[:, [Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S3[i]
        for i in range(len(Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S3)) if i not in
        Selected_Indices_Semi_Finished_Product_S3]]), axis=1)
248
249 if Test_Mark_Finished_Product == 1:
250     Cost += Finished_Product_Test_Price * len(Finished_Product)
251     Qualified_Finished_Product_Indices = [index for index, value in
        enumerate(Finished_Product) if value == 1]
252     Unqualified_Finished_Product_Indices = [index for index, value in
        enumerate(Finished_Product) if value == 0]
253 Profit += Finished_Product_Sell_Price *
        (len(Qualified_Finished_Product_Indices) - Exchange_Quantity)

```

```

254 Exchange_Quantity = 0
255 if Dismantle_Mark_Finished_Product == 1:
256     Cost += Finished_Product_Dismantle_cost *
257         len(Unqualified_Finished_Product_Indices)
258     Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form = Finished_Product_Form[:,
259         Unqualified_Finished_Product_Indices]
260     Semi_Finished_Product_S1.extend([int(a * b * c) for a, b, c in
261         zip(Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[0],
262             Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[1],
263             Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[2])])
264     Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form =
265         np.concatenate((Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form,
266             np.array([Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[0].tolist(),
267                 Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[1].tolist(),
268                 Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[2].tolist()]), axis=1)
269     Semi_Finished_Product_S2.extend([int(a * b * c) for a, b, c in
270         zip(Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[3],
271             Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[4],
272             Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[5])])
273     Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form =
274         np.concatenate((Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form,
275             np.array([Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[3].tolist(),
276                 Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[4].tolist(),
277                 Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[5].tolist()]), axis=1)
278     Semi_Finished_Product_S3.extend([int(a * b) for a, b in
279         zip(Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[6],
280             Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[7])])
281     Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form =
282         np.concatenate((Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form,
283             np.array([Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[6].tolist(),
284                 Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[7].tolist()]), axis=1)
285 else:
286     Qualified_Finished_Product_Indices = [index for index, value in
287         enumerate(Finished_Product) if value == 1]
288     Unqualified_Finished_Product_Indices = [index for index, value in
289         enumerate(Finished_Product) if value == 0]
290     Profit += Finished_Product_Sell_Price * (len(Finished_Product) -
291         Exchange_Quantity)
292     Exchange_Quantity = 0
293     Cost += Finished_Product_Exchange_Loss *
294         len(Unqualified_Finished_Product_Indices)
295     Exchange_Quantity = len(Unqualified_Finished_Product_Indices)
296 if Dismantle_Mark_Finished_Product == 1:
297     Cost += Finished_Product_Dismantle_cost *
298         len(Unqualified_Finished_Product_Indices)

```

```

275     Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form = Finished_Product_Form[:,
        Unqualified_Finished_Product_Indices]
276     Semi_Finished_Product_S1.extend([int(a * b * c) for a, b, c in
        zip(Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[0],
            Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[1],
            Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[2])])
277     Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form =
        np.concatenate((Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form,
            np.array([Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[0].tolist(),
                Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[1].tolist(),
                Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[2].tolist()]))), axis=1)
278     Semi_Finished_Product_S2.extend([int(a * b * c) for a, b, c in
        zip(Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[3],
            Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[4],
            Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[5])])
279     Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form =
        np.concatenate((Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form,
            np.array([Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[3].tolist(),
                Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[4].tolist(),
                Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[5].tolist()]))), axis=1)
280     Semi_Finished_Product_S3.extend([int(a * b) for a, b in
        zip(Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[6],
            Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[7])])
281     Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form =
        np.concatenate((Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form,
            np.array([Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[6].tolist(),
                Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[7].tolist()]))), axis=1)
282
283     return Profit, Cost, Element_S1, Element_S2, Element_S3, Element_S4,
        Element_S5, Element_S6, Element_S7, Element_S8, Semi_Finished_Product_S1,
        Semi_Finished_Product_S2, Semi_Finished_Product_S3,
        Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form, Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form,
        Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form, Exchange_Quantity
284
285 class Genetic_Algorithm:
286     def __init__(self, Objective_Function, Initial_Solution, Population_Size=100,
        Mutation_Rate=0.1, Crossover_Rate=0.5, Max_Iter=100, Elitism_Rate=0.05):
287         self.Objective_Function = Objective_Function
288         self.Population_Size = Population_Size
289         self.Mutation_Rate = Mutation_Rate
290         self.Crossover_Rate = Crossover_Rate
291         self.Max_Iter = Max_Iter
292         self.Elitism_Rate = Elitism_Rate
293         self.Dim = len(Initial_Solution)
294         self.Population = np.random.randint(2, size=(Population_Size, self.Dim))
295
296     def Select(self, Fitness):

```



```

297     Fitness = np.array(Fitness)
298     Fitness = Fitness - np.min(Fitness) + 1e-10
299     Probabilities = Fitness / np.sum(Fitness)
300     Cumulative_Probabilities = np.cumsum(Probabilities)
301     Selected_Indices = []
302     for _ in range(self.Population_Size):
303         r = random.random()
304         for i, cp in enumerate(Cumulative_Probabilities):
305             if r < cp:
306                 Selected_Indices.append(i)
307                 break
308     return self.Population[Selected_Indices]
309
310 def Crossover(self, Parent1, Parent2):
311     if random.random() < self.Crossover_Rate:
312         Cross_Point = random.randint(0, self.Dim - 1)
313         Child1 = np.concatenate((Parent1[:Cross_Point], Parent2[Cross_Point:]))
314         Child2 = np.concatenate((Parent2[:Cross_Point], Parent1[Cross_Point:]))
315         return Child1, Child2
316     else:
317         return Parent1, Parent2
318
319 def Mutate(self, Individual):
320     for i in range(self.Dim):
321         if random.random() < self.Mutation_Rate:
322             Individual[i] = 1 - Individual[i]
323     return Individual
324
325 def Optimize(self):
326     for Generation in range(self.Max_Iter):
327         Fitness = [self.Objective_Function(x) for x in self.Population]
328
329         # 选择精英个体
330         Elite_Size = int(self.Population_Size * self.Elitism_Rate)
331         Elite_Indices = np.argsort(Fitness)[-Elite_Size:]
332         Elite_Population = self.Population[Elite_Indices]
333
334         Selected_Population = self.Select(Fitness)
335         New_Population = []
336         for i in range(0, self.Population_Size - Elite_Size, 2):
337             Parent1 = Selected_Population[i]
338             Parent2 = Selected_Population[i + 1]
339             Child1, Child2 = self.Crossover(Parent1, Parent2)
340             Child1 = self.Mutate(Child1)
341             Child2 = self.Mutate(Child2)
342             New_Population.append(Child1)
343             New_Population.append(Child2)

```

```

344
345     # 将精英个体加入新种群
346     New_Population.extend(Elite_Population)
347     self.Population = np.array(New_Population)
348     Best_Solution = self.Population[np.argmax(Fitness)]
349     Best_Fitness = np.max(Fitness)
350
351     print(f"Generation {Generation}: Best_Solution = {Best_Solution}, Best
        Fitness = {Best_Fitness}")
352
353     return Best_Solution, Best_Fitness
354
355 def Objective_Function(X):
356
357     S1 = 100
358     S2 = 100
359     S3 = 100
360     S4 = 100
361     S5 = 100
362     S6 = 100
363     S7 = 100
364     S8 = 100
365     Defect_Rate_S1 = 0.1
366     Defect_Rate_S2 = 0.1
367     Defect_Rate_S3 = 0.1
368     Defect_Rate_S4 = 0.1
369     Defect_Rate_S5 = 0.1
370     Defect_Rate_S6 = 0.1
371     Defect_Rate_S7 = 0.1
372     Defect_Rate_S8 = 0.1
373     Bad_S1 = int(Defect_Rate_S1 * S1)
374     Bad_S2 = int(Defect_Rate_S2 * S2)
375     Bad_S3 = int(Defect_Rate_S3 * S3)
376     Bad_S4 = int(Defect_Rate_S4 * S4)
377     Bad_S5 = int(Defect_Rate_S5 * S5)
378     Bad_S6 = int(Defect_Rate_S6 * S6)
379     Bad_S7 = int(Defect_Rate_S7 * S7)
380     Bad_S8 = int(Defect_Rate_S8 * S8)
381
382     Simulation_Number = 100
383     Time = 1
384     Profits = 0
385     Costs = 0
386     Purchase_Price_S1 = 2
387     Purchase_Price_S2 = 8
388     Purchase_Price_S3 = 12
389     Purchase_Price_S4 = 2

```

```

390 Purchase_Price_S5 = 8
391 Purchase_Price_S6 = 12
392 Purchase_Price_S7 = 8
393 Purchase_Price_S8 = 12
394
395 for i in range(0, Time):
396     Decision_Vector = X
397     Element_S1 = []
398     Element_S2 = []
399     Element_S3 = []
400     Element_S4 = []
401     Element_S5 = []
402     Element_S6 = []
403     Element_S7 = []
404     Element_S8 = []
405     Semi_Finished_Product_S1 = []
406     Semi_Finished_Product_S2 = []
407     Semi_Finished_Product_S3 = []
408     Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form = [[], [], []]
409     Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form = [[], [], []]
410     Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form = [[], []]
411     Exchange_Quantity = 0
412     k = 0
413     while k < Simulation_Number:
414         random.seed(i * Time + k)
415         np.random.seed(i * Time + k)
416         Prepared_Element_S1 = np.ones(S1)
417         Random_Indices_S1 = np.random.choice(S1, size=Bad_S1, replace=False)
418         Prepared_Element_S1[Random_Indices_S1] = 0
419         Element_S1.extend(Prepared_Element_S1)
420         Prepared_Element_S2 = np.ones(S2)
421         Random_Indices_S2 = np.random.choice(S2, size=Bad_S2, replace=False)
422         Prepared_Element_S2[Random_Indices_S2] = 0
423         Element_S2.extend(Prepared_Element_S2)
424         Prepared_Element_S3 = np.ones(S3)
425         Random_Indices_S3 = np.random.choice(S3, size=Bad_S3, replace=False)
426         Prepared_Element_S3[Random_Indices_S3] = 0
427         Element_S3.extend(Prepared_Element_S3)
428         Prepared_Element_S4 = np.ones(S4)
429         Random_Indices_S4 = np.random.choice(S4, size=Bad_S4, replace=False)
430         Prepared_Element_S4[Random_Indices_S4] = 0
431         Element_S4.extend(Prepared_Element_S4)
432         Prepared_Element_S5 = np.ones(S5)
433         Random_Indices_S5 = np.random.choice(S5, size=Bad_S5, replace=False)
434         Prepared_Element_S5[Random_Indices_S5] = 0
435         Element_S5.extend(Prepared_Element_S5)
436         Prepared_Element_S6 = np.ones(S6)

```

```

437     Random_Indices_S6 = np.random.choice(S6, size=Bad_S6, replace=False)
438     Prepared_Element_S6[Random_Indices_S6] = 0
439     Element_S6.extend(Prepared_Element_S6)
440     Prepared_Element_S7 = np.ones(S7)
441     Random_Indices_S7 = np.random.choice(S7, size=Bad_S7, replace=False)
442     Prepared_Element_S7[Random_Indices_S7] = 0
443     Element_S7.extend(Prepared_Element_S7)
444     Prepared_Element_S8 = np.ones(S8)
445     Random_Indices_S8 = np.random.choice(S8, size=Bad_S8, replace=False)
446     Prepared_Element_S8[Random_Indices_S8] = 0
447     Element_S8.extend(Prepared_Element_S8)
448     Costs += Purchase_Price_S1 * len(Prepared_Element_S1) +
         Purchase_Price_S2 * len(Prepared_Element_S2)
449     Costs += Purchase_Price_S3 * len(Prepared_Element_S3) +
         Purchase_Price_S4 * len(Prepared_Element_S4)
450     Costs += Purchase_Price_S5 * len(Prepared_Element_S5) +
         Purchase_Price_S6 * len(Prepared_Element_S6)
451     Costs += Purchase_Price_S7 * len(Prepared_Element_S7) +
         Purchase_Price_S8 * len(Prepared_Element_S8)
452     Profit, Cost, Element_S1, Element_S2, Element_S3, Element_S4,
         Element_S5, Element_S6, Element_S7, Element_S8,
         Semi_Finished_Product_S1, Semi_Finished_Product_S2,
         Semi_Finished_Product_S3, Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form,
         Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form, Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form,
         Exchange_Quantity = Solve(Element_S1, Element_S2, Element_S3,
         Element_S4, Element_S5, Element_S6, Element_S7, Element_S8,
         Semi_Finished_Product_S1, Semi_Finished_Product_S2,
         Semi_Finished_Product_S3, Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form,
         Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form, Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form,
         Decision_Vector, Exchange_Quantity)
453     Profits += Profit
454     Costs += Cost
455     k += 1
456
457     Profits = Profits / (Simulation_Number * Time)
458     Costs = Costs / (Simulation_Number * Time)
459     Pure_Profits = Profits - Costs
460
461     return Pure_Profits
462
463 Period = 1
464 Initial_Solution = np.zeros(16 * Period)
465 Genetic_Algorithm = Genetic_Algorithm(Objective_Function, Initial_Solution)
466 Best_Solution, Best_Fitness = Genetic_Algorithm.Optimize()
467 print(f"Best Solution: {Best_Solution}")
468 print(f"Best Fitness: {Best_Fitness}")

```

附录 D 问题四的 python 代码

4.1 gaussian.py(高斯分布代码)

```
1  import torch
2  import torch.nn as nn
3  import torch.optim as optim
4  import numpy as np
5  from tqdm import tqdm
6
7
8  class MLP(nn.Module):
9      def __init__(self, input_size, hidden_size, output_size):
10         super(MLP, self).__init__()
11         self.fc1 = nn.Linear(input_size, hidden_size[0])
12         self.relu1 = nn.ReLU()
13         self.fc2 = nn.Linear(hidden_size[0], hidden_size[1])
14         self.relu2 = nn.ReLU()
15         self.fc3 = nn.Linear(hidden_size[1], output_size)
16
17     def forward(self, x):
18         x = self.fc1(x)
19         x = self.relu1(x)
20         x = self.fc2(x)
21         x = self.relu2(x)
22         x = self.fc3(x)
23         return x
24
25
26     def SPRT(S, delta_mu, alpha=0.05, beta=0.1):
27         A = torch.tensor(np.log((1 - beta) / alpha),
28                          dtype=torch.float32).to(device)
29         B = torch.tensor(np.log(beta / (1 - alpha)),
30                          dtype=torch.float32).to(device)
31         batch_size = S.shape[0]
32         predictions = torch.zeros(batch_size, dtype=torch.float32,
33                                   requires_grad=True).to(device)
34         for i in range(batch_size):
35             sample = S[i]
36             D1 = int(0.01 * sample.shape[0])
37             LR = torch.tensor(0.0, dtype=torch.float32).to(device)
38             hint = 1
39
40             j = torch.ones(batch_size, dtype=torch.float32,
41                             requires_grad=True).to(device)
42             n1 = sample[:D1]
```

```

39     while j < 10:
40         mu0_pred = torch.tensor(0.1, dtype=torch.float32).to(device) +
            delta_mu[0]
41         mu1_pred = torch.tensor(0.1, dtype=torch.float32).to(device) -
            delta_mu[1]
42         LR_numerator = torch.sum(n1 * torch.log(mu0_pred) + (1 - n1) *
            torch.log(1 - mu0_pred))
43         LR_denominator = torch.sum(n1 * torch.log(mu1_pred) + (1 - n1) *
            torch.log(1 - mu1_pred))
44         LR = LR_numerator / (LR_denominator + 1e-19)
45
46         if LR <= A:
47             hint = 0
48             break
49         elif LR >= B:
50             hint = 1
51             break
52         else:
53             j += 1
54             n1 = sample[D1: 2 * D1 - int(torch.sum(n1).item())]
55         predictions[i] = hint
56
57     return predictions, j
58
59
60 def mle_predict(model, N, sigma_seq):
61     inputs = torch.tensor([N], dtype=torch.float32).to(device)
62     outputs = model(inputs)
63     noise = torch.randn(outputs.shape).to(device) * sigma_seq[0]
64
65     pred, j = SPRT(torch.tensor([sample], dtype=torch.float32).to(device),
        outputs + noise)
66
67     return pred, j
68
69 def mle_newton(data):
70     n = len(data)
71     mu = np.mean(data)
72     sigma = np.std(data)
73
74     for _ in range(100):
75         f = np.sum((data - mu)**2 / sigma**3) - n / sigma
76         f_prime = -3 * np.sum((data - mu)**2 / sigma**4) + n / sigma**2
77         sigma -= f / f_prime
78
79     return sigma
80

```

```

81
82     def train_model_mle(model, optimizer, criterion, epoch, epochs):
83         model.train()
84         running_loss = 0.0
85         for i in tqdm(range(10000), ncols=100, desc="Training"):
86             N = np.random.randint(1000, 100000)
87             gt = np.random.uniform(gt_range[0], gt_range[1])
88             sample = np.random.choice([0, 1], size=N, p=[gt, 1 - gt])
89             if gt > 0.1:
90                 gt = 0
91             else:
92                 gt = 1
93
94
95             sigma = mle_newton(sample)
96
97             inputs = torch.tensor([N], dtype=torch.float32).to(device)
98             targets = torch.tensor([gt], dtype=torch.float32).to(device)
99             outputs = model(inputs)
100
101
102             noise = torch.randn(outputs.shape).to(device) * sigma
103
104             pred, j = SPRT(torch.tensor([sample], dtype=torch.float32).to(device),
105                             outputs + noise)
106             loss = j * criterion(pred.float(), targets.float())
107             loss.backward()
108             optimizer.step()
109             optimizer.zero_grad()
110             running_loss += loss.item()
111         return running_loss / 10000
112
113     def evaluate_model(model, criterion):
114         model.eval()
115         running_loss = 0.0
116         correct = 0
117         total = 0
118         with torch.no_grad():
119             for i in tqdm(range(1000), ncols=100, desc="Evaluating"):
120                 N = np.random.randint(1000, 100000)
121                 gt = np.random.uniform(gt_range[0], gt_range[1])
122                 sample = np.random.choice([0, 1], size=N, p=[gt, 1 - gt])
123                 if gt > 0.1:
124                     gt = 0
125                 else:
126                     gt = 1

```

```

127         inputs = torch.tensor([N], dtype=torch.float32).to(device)
128         targets = torch.tensor([gt], dtype=torch.float32).to(device)
129         outputs = model(inputs)
130         pred, _ = SPRT(torch.tensor([sample],
131                                   dtype=torch.float32).to(device), outputs)
132         loss = criterion(pred.float(), targets.float())
133         running_loss += loss.item()
134         correct += (pred == targets).sum().item()
135         total += 1
136     accuracy = correct / total
137     return running_loss / 1000, accuracy
138
139 if __name__ == "__main__":
140     gt_range = (0.05, 0.15)
141     input_size = 1
142     hidden_size = [16, 64]
143     output_size = 2
144     learning_rate = 0.001
145     epochs = 1000
146     batch_size = 32
147
148     device = torch.device("cuda:0" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu")
149
150     model = MLP(input_size, hidden_size, output_size).to(device)
151     optimizer = optim.Adam(model.parameters(), lr=learning_rate)
152     criterion = nn.MSELoss()
153
154     sigma_seq = torch.tensor([0.01, 0.02, 0.03])
155
156     for epoch in range(epochs):
157         train_loss = train_model_mle(model, optimizer, criterion, epoch,
158                                     epochs)
159         test_loss, accuracy = evaluate_model(model, criterion)
160         print(
161             f"Epoch {epoch+1}, Train Loss: {train_loss:.4f}, Test Loss:
162               {test_loss:.4f}, Accuracy: {accuracy:.4f}"
163         )
164
165         N = np.random.randint(1000, 100000)
166         pred, j = mle_predict(model, N, sigma_seq)
167         print(f"MLE Prediction for N={N}: {pred.item()}, Sampling Times:
168               {j.item()}")

```

4.2 4_2_1.py(根据问题二情况的求解代码)

```

1 import random

```



```

2  import numpy as np
3  from scipy.special import comb
4
5  def Solve(Element_S1, Element_S2, Test_Mark_S1, Test_Mark_S2,
6           Test_Mark_Finished_Product, Dismantle_Mark_Finished_Product,
7           Exchange_Quantity):
8
9      Profit = 0
10     Cost = 0
11     Test_Price_S1 = 2
12     Test_Price_S2 = 3
13     Finished_Product_Defect_Rate = 0.1
14     Finished_Product_Assemble_Price = 6
15     Finished_Product_Test_Price = 3
16     Finished_Product_Sell_Price = 56
17     Finished_Product_Exchange_Loss = 6
18     Finished_Product_Dismantle_cost = 5
19     Perturbed_Finished_Product_Defect_Rate = Finished_Product_Defect_Rate +
20         np.random.normal(0, 0.01)
21
22     # 零件阶段
23     if Test_Mark_S1 == 1:
24         Cost += Test_Price_S1 * len(Element_S1)
25         Element_S1 = [x for x in Element_S1 if x != 0]
26     if Test_Mark_S2 == 1:
27         Cost += Test_Price_S2 * len(Element_S2)
28         Element_S2 = [x for x in Element_S2 if x != 0]
29
30     random.shuffle(Element_S1)
31     random.shuffle(Element_S2)
32
33     if len(Element_S1) == len(Element_S2):
34         Finished_Product = [int(a * b) for a, b in zip(Element_S1, Element_S2)]
35         Finished_Product_Form = np.array([Element_S1, Element_S2])
36         Cost += Finished_Product_Assemble_Price * len(Finished_Product)
37         Qualified_Finished_Products_Indices = [index for index, value in
38             enumerate(Finished_Product) if value == 1]
39         Num_To_Select = int(len(Qualified_Finished_Products_Indices) *
40             Perturbed_Finished_Product_Defect_Rate)
41         Qualified_Finished_Products_Selected_Indices =
42             np.random.choice(Qualified_Finished_Products_Indices,
43                 size=Num_To_Select, replace=False)
44         for index in Qualified_Finished_Products_Selected_Indices:
45             Finished_Product[index] = 0
46             Element_S1 = []
47             Element_S2 = []
48     elif len(Element_S1) < len(Element_S2):

```

```

42     Selected_Indices_S2 = random.sample(range(len(Element_S2)),
43                                         len(Element_S1))
44     Selected_Element_S2 = [Element_S2[i] for i in Selected_Indices_S2]
45     Finished_Product = [int(a * b) for a, b in zip(Element_S1,
46                                                    Selected_Element_S2)]
47     Finished_Product_Form = np.array([Element_S1, Selected_Element_S2])
48     Cost += Finished_Product_Assemble_Price * len(Finished_Product)
49     Qualified_Finished_Products_Indices = [index for index, value in
50                                             enumerate(Finished_Product) if value == 1]
51     Num_To_Select = int(len(Qualified_Finished_Products_Indices) *
52                          Perturbed_Finished_Product_Defect_Rate)
53     Qualified_Finished_Products_Selected_Indices =
54         np.random.choice(Qualified_Finished_Products_Indices,
55                          size=Num_To_Select, replace=False)
56     for index in Qualified_Finished_Products_Selected_Indices:
57         Finished_Product[index] = 0
58     Element_S1 = []
59     Element_S2 = [Element_S2[i] for i in range(len(Element_S2)) if i not in
60                  Selected_Indices_S2]
61 elif len(Element_S1) > len(Element_S2):
62     Selected_Indices_S1 = random.sample(range(len(Element_S1)),
63                                         len(Element_S2))
64     Selected_Element_S1 = [Element_S1[i] for i in Selected_Indices_S1]
65     Finished_Product = [int(a * b) for a, b in zip(Selected_Element_S1,
66                                                    Element_S2)]
67     Finished_Product_Form = np.array([Selected_Element_S1, Element_S2])
68     Cost += Finished_Product_Assemble_Price * len(Finished_Product)
69     Qualified_Finished_Products_Indices = [index for index, value in
70                                             enumerate(Finished_Product) if value == 1]
71     Num_To_Select = int(len(Qualified_Finished_Products_Indices) *
72                          Perturbed_Finished_Product_Defect_Rate)
73     Qualified_Finished_Products_Selected_Indices =
74         np.random.choice(Qualified_Finished_Products_Indices,
75                          size=Num_To_Select, replace=False)
76     for index in Qualified_Finished_Products_Selected_Indices:
77         Finished_Product[index] = 0
78     Element_S1 = [Element_S1[i] for i in range(len(Element_S1)) if i not in
79                  Selected_Indices_S1]
80     Element_S2 = []
81
82 # 成品阶段
83 if Test_Mark_Finished_Product == 1:
84     Cost += Finished_Product_Test_Price * len(Finished_Product)
85     Qualified_Finished_Products_Indices = [index for index, value in
86                                             enumerate(Finished_Product) if value == 1]
87     Unqualified_Finished_Products_Indices = [index for index, value in
88                                              enumerate(Finished_Product) if value == 0]

```

```

73     Profit += Finished_Product_Sell_Price *
74         (len(Qualified_Finished_Products_Indices) - Exchange_Quantity)
75     Exchange_Quantity = 0
76     if Dismantle_Mark_Finished_Product == 1:
77         Cost += Finished_Product_Dismantle_cost *
78             len(Unqualified_Finished_Products_Indices)
79         Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form = Finished_Product_Form[:,
80             Unqualified_Finished_Products_Indices]
81         Element_S1.extend(Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[0])
82         Element_S2.extend(Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[1])
83     else:
84         Qualified_Finished_Products_Indices = [index for index, value in
85             enumerate(Finished_Product) if value == 1]
86         Unqualified_Finished_Products_Indices = [index for index, value in
87             enumerate(Finished_Product) if value == 0]
88         Profit += Finished_Product_Sell_Price * (len(Finished_Product) -
89             Exchange_Quantity)
90         Exchange_Quantity = 0
91         Cost += Finished_Product_Exchange_Loss *
92             len(Unqualified_Finished_Products_Indices)
93         Exchange_Quantity = len(Unqualified_Finished_Products_Indices)
94     if Dismantle_Mark_Finished_Product == 1:
95         Cost += Finished_Product_Dismantle_cost *
96             len(Unqualified_Finished_Products_Indices)
97         Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form = Finished_Product_Form[:,
98             Unqualified_Finished_Products_Indices]
99         Element_S1.extend(Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[0])
100        Element_S2.extend(Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[1])
101
102    return Profit, Cost, Element_S1, Element_S2, Exchange_Quantity
103
104    S1 = 1000
105    S2 = 1000
106    Defect_Rate_S1 = 0.1
107    Defect_Rate_S2 = 0.1
108
109    Time = 1
110    Simulation_Number = 100
111    Profits = np.zeros(16)
112    Costs = np.zeros(16)
113    Purchase_Price_S1 = 4
114    Purchase_Price_S2 = 18
115
116    Decision_Matrix = np.zeros((16, 4), dtype=int)
117    for i in range(16):
118        Binary_Representation = format(i, '04b')
119        for j in range(4):

```

```

111         Decision_Matrix[i, j] = int(Binary_Representation[j])
112
113     for i in range(0, 16):
114         Test_Mark_S1 = Decision_Matrix[i][0]
115         Test_Mark_S2 = Decision_Matrix[i][1]
116         Test_Mark_Finished_Product = Decision_Matrix[i][2]
117         Dismantle_Mark_Finished_Product = Decision_Matrix[i][3]
118         for j in range(0, Time):
119             Element_S1 = []
120             Element_S2 = []
121             Exchange_Quantity = 0
122             k = 0
123             while k < Simulation_Number:
124                 random.seed(j * Time + k)
125                 np.random.seed(j * Time + k)
126                 Perturbed_Defect_Rate_S1 = Defect_Rate_S1 + np.random.normal(0, 0.01)
127                 Perturbed_Defect_Rate_S2 = Defect_Rate_S2 + np.random.normal(0, 0.01)
128                 Bad_S1 = int(Perturbed_Defect_Rate_S1 * S1)
129                 Bad_S2 = int(Perturbed_Defect_Rate_S2 * S2)
130                 Prepared_Element_S1 = np.ones(S1)
131                 Random_Indices_S1 = np.random.choice(S1, size=Bad_S1, replace=False)
132                 Prepared_Element_S1[Random_Indices_S1] = 0
133                 Element_S1.extend(Prepared_Element_S1)
134                 Prepared_Element_S2 = np.ones(S2)
135                 Random_Indices_S2 = np.random.choice(S2, size=Bad_S2, replace=False)
136                 Prepared_Element_S2[Random_Indices_S2] = 0
137                 Element_S2.extend(Prepared_Element_S2)
138                 Costs[i] += Purchase_Price_S1 * len(Prepared_Element_S1) +
139                             Purchase_Price_S2 * len(Prepared_Element_S2)
140                 Profit, Cost, Element_S1, Element_S2, Exchange_Quantity =
141                     Solve(Element_S1, Element_S2, Test_Mark_S1, Test_Mark_S2,
142                         Test_Mark_Finished_Product, Dismantle_Mark_Finished_Product,
143                         Exchange_Quantity)
144                 Profits[i] += Profit
145                 Costs[i] += Cost
146                 k += 1
147
148     Profits = Profits / (Simulation_Number * Time)
149     Costs = Costs / (Simulation_Number * Time)
150     Pure_Profits = (Profits - Costs) / S1
151     print(Pure_Profits)
152     Max_Index = np.argmax(Pure_Profits)
153     Binary_Max_Index = format(Max_Index, '04b')
154     print("最大值是:", Pure_Profits[Max_Index])
155     print("最大值的索引是:", Max_Index)
156     print("最大值的索引的二进制表示是:", Binary_Max_Index)

```

4.3 4_3.py(根据问题三情况的求解代码)

```
1  import random
2  import numpy as np
3  from scipy.special import comb
4
5  def Solve(Element_S1, Element_S2, Element_S3, Element_S4, Element_S5,
6            Element_S6, Element_S7, Element_S8, Semi_Finished_Product_S1,
7            Semi_Finished_Product_S2, Semi_Finished_Product_S3,
8            Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form, Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form,
9            Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form, Decision_Vector, Exchange_Quantity):
10
11      Profit = 0
12      Cost = 0
13      Test_Price_S1 = 1
14      Test_Price_S2 = 1
15      Test_Price_S3 = 2
16      Test_Price_S4 = 1
17      Test_Price_S5 = 1
18      Test_Price_S6 = 2
19      Test_Price_S7 = 1
20      Test_Price_S8 = 2
21      Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Defect_Rate = 0.1
22      Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Assemble_Price = 8
23      Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Test_Price = 4
24      Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Dismantle_cost = 6
25      Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Defect_Rate = 0.1
26      Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Assemble_Price = 8
27      Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Test_Price = 4
28      Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Dismantle_cost = 6
29      Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Defect_Rate = 0.1
30      Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Assemble_Price = 8
31      Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Test_Price = 4
32      Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Dismantle_cost = 6
33      Finished_Product_Defect_Rate = 0.1
34      Finished_Product_Assemble_Price = 8
35      Finished_Product_Test_Price = 6
36      Finished_Product_Dismantle_cost = 10
37      Finished_Product_Sell_Price = 200
38      Finished_Product_Exchange_Loss = 40
39
40      Perturbed_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Defect_Rate =
41          Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Defect_Rate + np.random.normal(0, 0.01)
42      Perturbed_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Defect_Rate =
43          Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Defect_Rate + np.random.normal(0, 0.01)
44      Perturbed_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Defect_Rate =
45          Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Defect_Rate + np.random.normal(0, 0.01)
```

```

39
40     Test_Mark_S1 = Decision_Vector[0]
41     Test_Mark_S2 = Decision_Vector[1]
42     Test_Mark_S3 = Decision_Vector[2]
43     Test_Mark_S4 = Decision_Vector[3]
44     Test_Mark_S5 = Decision_Vector[4]
45     Test_Mark_S6 = Decision_Vector[5]
46     Test_Mark_S7 = Decision_Vector[6]
47     Test_Mark_S8 = Decision_Vector[7]
48     Test_Mark_Semi_Finished_Product_S1 = Decision_Vector[8]
49     Dismantle_Mark_Semi_Finished_Product_S1 = Decision_Vector[9]
50     Test_Mark_Semi_Finished_Product_S2 = Decision_Vector[10]
51     Dismantle_Mark_Semi_Finished_Product_S2 = Decision_Vector[11]
52     Test_Mark_Semi_Finished_Product_S3 = Decision_Vector[12]
53     Dismantle_Mark_Semi_Finished_Product_S3 = Decision_Vector[13]
54     Test_Mark_Finished_Product = Decision_Vector[14]
55     Dismantle_Mark_Finished_Product = Decision_Vector[15]
56
57     # 零件阶段
58     if Test_Mark_S1 == 1:
59         Cost += Test_Price_S1 * len(Element_S1)
60         Element_S1 = [x for x in Element_S1 if x != 0]
61     if Test_Mark_S2 == 1:
62         Cost += Test_Price_S2 * len(Element_S2)
63         Element_S2 = [x for x in Element_S2 if x != 0]
64     if Test_Mark_S3 == 1:
65         Cost += Test_Price_S3 * len(Element_S3)
66         Element_S3 = [x for x in Element_S3 if x != 0]
67     if Test_Mark_S4 == 1:
68         Cost += Test_Price_S4 * len(Element_S4)
69         Element_S4 = [x for x in Element_S4 if x != 0]
70     if Test_Mark_S5 == 1:
71         Cost += Test_Price_S5 * len(Element_S5)
72         Element_S5 = [x for x in Element_S5 if x != 0]
73     if Test_Mark_S6 == 1:
74         Cost += Test_Price_S6 * len(Element_S6)
75         Element_S6 = [x for x in Element_S6 if x != 0]
76     if Test_Mark_S7 == 1:
77         Cost += Test_Price_S7 * len(Element_S7)
78         Element_S7 = [x for x in Element_S7 if x != 0]
79     if Test_Mark_S8 == 1:
80         Cost += Test_Price_S8 * len(Element_S8)
81         Element_S8 = [x for x in Element_S8 if x != 0]
82
83     Min_S1_S2_S3 = min(len(Element_S1), len(Element_S2), len(Element_S3))
84     random.shuffle(Element_S1)
85     random.shuffle(Element_S2)

```

```

86     random.shuffle(Element_S3)
87     Selected_Element_S1 = Element_S1[:Min_S1_S2_S3]
88     Selected_Element_S2 = Element_S2[:Min_S1_S2_S3]
89     Selected_Element_S3 = Element_S3[:Min_S1_S2_S3]
90     Semi_Finished_Product_S1.extend([int(a * b * c) for a, b, c in
        zip(Selected_Element_S1, Selected_Element_S2, Selected_Element_S3)])
91     if len(Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form) == 0 or
        (len(Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form) == 3 and all(len(sublist) == 0 for
            sublist in Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form)):
92         Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form = np.array([Selected_Element_S1,
            Selected_Element_S2, Selected_Element_S3])
93     else:
94         Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form =
            np.concatenate((np.array(Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form),
                np.array([Selected_Element_S1, Selected_Element_S2,
                    Selected_Element_S3])), axis=1)
95     Cost += Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Assemble_Price * Min_S1_S2_S3
96     Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Indices = [index for index, value in
        enumerate(Semi_Finished_Product_S1) if value == 1]
97     Num_To_Select = int(len(Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Indices) *
        Perturbed_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Defect_Rate)
98     Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Selected_Indices =
        np.random.choice(Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Indices,
            size=Num_To_Select, replace=False)
99     for index in Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Selected_Indices:
100         Semi_Finished_Product_S1[index] = 0
101     Element_S1 = Element_S1[Min_S1_S2_S3:]
102     Element_S2 = Element_S2[Min_S1_S2_S3:]
103     Element_S3 = Element_S3[Min_S1_S2_S3:]
104
105     Min_S4_S5_S6 = min(len(Element_S4), len(Element_S5), len(Element_S6))
106     random.shuffle(Element_S4)
107     random.shuffle(Element_S5)
108     random.shuffle(Element_S6)
109     Selected_Element_S4 = Element_S4[:Min_S4_S5_S6]
110     Selected_Element_S5 = Element_S5[:Min_S4_S5_S6]
111     Selected_Element_S6 = Element_S6[:Min_S4_S5_S6]
112     Semi_Finished_Product_S2.extend([int(a * b * c) for a, b, c in
        zip(Selected_Element_S4, Selected_Element_S5, Selected_Element_S6)])
113     if len(Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form) == 0 or
        (len(Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form) == 3 and all(len(sublist) == 0 for
            sublist in Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form)):
114         Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form = np.array([Selected_Element_S4,
            Selected_Element_S5, Selected_Element_S6])
115     else:
116         Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form =
            np.concatenate((np.array(Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form),

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```

        np.array([Selected_Element_S4, Selected_Element_S5,
                  Selected_Element_S6])), axis=1)
117 Cost += Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Assemble_Price * Min_S4_S5_S6
118 Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Indices = [index for index, value in
          enumerate(Semi_Finished_Product_S2) if value == 1]
119 Num_To_Select = int(len(Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Indices) *
          Perturbed_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Defect_Rate)
120 Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Selected_Indices =
          np.random.choice(Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Indices,
          size=Num_To_Select, replace=False)
121 for index in Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Selected_Indices:
122     Semi_Finished_Product_S2[index] = 0
123 Element_S4 = Element_S4[Min_S4_S5_S6:]
124 Element_S5 = Element_S5[Min_S4_S5_S6:]
125 Element_S6 = Element_S6[Min_S4_S5_S6:]
126
127 Min_S7_S8= min(len(Element_S7), len(Element_S8))
128 random.shuffle(Element_S7)
129 random.shuffle(Element_S8)
130 Selected_Element_S7 = Element_S7[:Min_S7_S8]
131 Selected_Element_S8 = Element_S8[:Min_S7_S8]
132 Semi_Finished_Product_S3.extend([int(a * b) for a, b in
          zip(Selected_Element_S7, Selected_Element_S8)])
133 if len(Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form) == 0 or
          (len(Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form) == 2 and all(len(sublist) == 0 for
          sublist in Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form)):
134     Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form = np.array([Selected_Element_S7,
          Selected_Element_S8])
135 else:
136     Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form =
          np.concatenate((np.array(Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form),
          np.array([Selected_Element_S7, Selected_Element_S8])), axis=1)
137 Cost += Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Assemble_Price * Min_S7_S8
138 Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Indices = [index for index, value in
          enumerate(Semi_Finished_Product_S3) if value == 1]
139 Num_To_Select = int(len(Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Indices) *
          Perturbed_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Defect_Rate)
140 Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Selected_Indices =
          np.random.choice(Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Indices,
          size=Num_To_Select, replace=False)
141 for index in Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Selected_Indices:
142     Semi_Finished_Product_S3[index] = 0
143 Element_S7 = Element_S7[Min_S7_S8:]
144 Element_S8 = Element_S8[Min_S7_S8:]
145
146 # 半成品阶段
147 if Test_Mark_Semi_Finished_Product_S1 == 1:

```



```

148     Cost += Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Test_Price *
        len(Semi_Finished_Product_S1)
149     Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Indices = [index for index, value in
        enumerate(Semi_Finished_Product_S1) if value == 1]
150     Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Indices = [index for index, value in
        enumerate(Semi_Finished_Product_S1) if value == 0]
151     Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1 = [Semi_Finished_Product_S1[i] for i
        in range(len(Semi_Finished_Product_S1)) if i in
        Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Indices]
152     Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form =
        Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form[:,
        Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Indices]
153     Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S1 = Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1
154     Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form =
        Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form
155
156     if Dismantle_Mark_Semi_Finished_Product_S1 == 1:
157         Cost += Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Dismantle_cost *
            len(Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Indices)
158         Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form =
            Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form[:,
            Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Indices]
159         Element_S1.extend(Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form[0])
160         Element_S2.extend(Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form[1])
161         Element_S3.extend(Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form[2])
162         Semi_Finished_Product_S1 = []
163         Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form = [[], [], []]
164     else:
165         Semi_Finished_Product_S1 = []
166         Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form = [[], [], []]
167     else:
168         Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S1 = Semi_Finished_Product_S1
169         Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form = Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form
170         Semi_Finished_Product_S1 = []
171         Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form = [[], [], []]
172
173     if Test_Mark_Semi_Finished_Product_S2 == 1:
174         Cost += Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Test_Price *
            len(Semi_Finished_Product_S2)
175         Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Indices = [index for index, value in
            enumerate(Semi_Finished_Product_S2) if value == 1]
176         Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Indices = [index for index, value in
            enumerate(Semi_Finished_Product_S2) if value == 0]
177         Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2 = [Semi_Finished_Product_S2[i] for i
            in range(len(Semi_Finished_Product_S2)) if i in
            Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Indices]

```

```

178     Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form =
        Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form[:,
        Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Indices]
179 Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S2 = Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2
180 Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form =
        Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form
181
182     if Dismantle_Mark_Semi_Finished_Product_S2 == 1:
183         Cost += Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Dismantle_cost *
            len(Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Indices)
184         Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form =
            Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form[:,
            Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Indices]
185         Element_S4.extend(Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form[0])
186         Element_S5.extend(Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form[1])
187         Element_S6.extend(Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form[2])
188         Semi_Finished_Product_S2 = []
189         Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form = [[], [], []]
190     else:
191         Semi_Finished_Product_S2 = []
192         Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form = [[], [], []]
193     else:
194         Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S2 = Semi_Finished_Product_S2
195         Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form = Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form
196         Semi_Finished_Product_S2 = []
197         Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form = [[], [], []]
198
199     if Test_Mark_Semi_Finished_Product_S3 == 1:
200         Cost += Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Test_Price *
            len(Semi_Finished_Product_S3)
201         Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Indices = [index for index, value in
            enumerate(Semi_Finished_Product_S3) if value == 1]
202         Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Indices = [index for index, value in
            enumerate(Semi_Finished_Product_S3) if value == 0]
203         Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3 = [Semi_Finished_Product_S3[i] for i
            in range(len(Semi_Finished_Product_S3)) if i in
            Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Indices]
204         Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form =
            Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form[:,
            Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Indices]
205         Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S3 = Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3
206         Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form =
            Qualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form
207
208     if Dismantle_Mark_Semi_Finished_Product_S3 == 1:
209         Cost += Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Dismantle_cost *
            len(Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Indices)

```

```

210         Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form =
                Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form[:,
                Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Indices]
211         Element_S7.extend(Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form[0])
212         Element_S8.extend(Unqualified_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form[1])
213         Semi_Finished_Product_S3 = []
214         Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form = [[], []]
215     else:
216         Semi_Finished_Product_S3 = []
217         Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form = [[], []]
218 else:
219     Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S3 = Semi_Finished_Product_S3
220     Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form = Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form
221     Semi_Finished_Product_S3 = []
222     Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form = [[], []]
223
224 # 成品阶段
225 Finished_Product_Number = min(len(Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S1),
                                len(Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S2),
                                len(Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S3))
226 random.shuffle(Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S1)
227 random.shuffle(Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S2)
228 random.shuffle(Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S3)
229 Selected_Indices_Semi_Finished_Product_S1 =
        random.sample(range(len(Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S1)),
        Finished_Product_Number)
230 Selected_Semi_Finished_Product_S1 = [Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S1[i] for
        i in Selected_Indices_Semi_Finished_Product_S1]
231 Selected_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form =
        Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form[:,
        Selected_Indices_Semi_Finished_Product_S1]
232 Selected_Indices_Semi_Finished_Product_S2 =
        random.sample(range(len(Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S2)),
        Finished_Product_Number)
233 Selected_Semi_Finished_Product_S2 = [Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S2[i] for
        i in Selected_Indices_Semi_Finished_Product_S2]
234 Selected_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form =
        Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form[:,
        Selected_Indices_Semi_Finished_Product_S2]
235 Selected_Indices_Semi_Finished_Product_S3 =
        random.sample(range(len(Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S3)),
        Finished_Product_Number)
236 Selected_Semi_Finished_Product_S3 = [Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S3[i] for
        i in Selected_Indices_Semi_Finished_Product_S3]
237 Selected_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form =
        Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form[:,
        Selected_Indices_Semi_Finished_Product_S3]

```

```

238 Finished_Product = [int(a * b * c) for a, b, c in
    zip(Selected_Semi_Finished_Product_S1, Selected_Semi_Finished_Product_S2,
        Selected_Semi_Finished_Product_S3)]
239 Finished_Product_Form =
    np.concatenate((Selected_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form,
        Selected_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form,
        Selected_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form), axis=0)
240 Cost += Finished_Product_Assemble_Price * Finished_Product_Number
241 Qualified_Finished_Product_Indices = [index for index, value in
    enumerate(Finished_Product) if value == 1]
242 Num_To_Select = int(len(Qualified_Finished_Product_Indices) *
    Finished_Product_Defect_Rate)
243 Qualified_Finished_Product_Selected_Indices =
    np.random.choice(Qualified_Finished_Product_Indices, size=Num_To_Select,
        replace=False)
244 for index in Qualified_Finished_Product_Selected_Indices:
245     Finished_Product[index] = 0
246 Semi_Finished_Product_S1.extend([Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S1[i] for i in
    range(len(Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S1)) if i not in
    Selected_Indices_Semi_Finished_Product_S1])
247 Semi_Finished_Product_S2.extend([Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S2[i] for i in
    range(len(Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S2)) if i not in
    Selected_Indices_Semi_Finished_Product_S2])
248 Semi_Finished_Product_S3.extend([Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S3[i] for i in
    range(len(Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S3)) if i not in
    Selected_Indices_Semi_Finished_Product_S3])
249 Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form =
    np.concatenate((Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form,
        Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form[:,
        [Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S1[i] for i in
        range(len(Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S1)) if i not in
        Selected_Indices_Semi_Finished_Product_S1]]), axis=1)
250 Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form =
    np.concatenate((Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form,
        Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form[:,
        [Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S2[i] for i in
        range(len(Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S2)) if i not in
        Selected_Indices_Semi_Finished_Product_S2]]), axis=1)
251 Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form =
    np.concatenate((Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form,
        Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form[:,
        [Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S3[i] for i in
        range(len(Passed_Semi_Finished_Product_S3)) if i not in
        Selected_Indices_Semi_Finished_Product_S3]]), axis=1)
252
253 if Test_Mark_Finished_Product == 1:
254     Cost += Finished_Product_Test_Price * len(Finished_Product)

```

```

255     Qualified_Finished_Product_Indices = [index for index, value in
        enumerate(Finished_Product) if value == 1]
256     Unqualified_Finished_Product_Indices = [index for index, value in
        enumerate(Finished_Product) if value == 0]
257     Profit += Finished_Product_Sell_Price *
        (len(Qualified_Finished_Product_Indices) - Exchange_Quantity)
258     Exchange_Quantity = 0
259     if Dismantle_Mark_Finished_Product == 1:
260         Cost += Finished_Product_Dismantle_cost *
            len(Unqualified_Finished_Product_Indices)
261         Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form = Finished_Product_Form[:,
            Unqualified_Finished_Product_Indices]
262         Semi_Finished_Product_S1.extend([int(a * b * c) for a, b, c in
            zip(Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[0],
                Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[1],
                Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[2])])
263         Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form =
            np.concatenate((Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form,
                np.array([Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[0].tolist(),
                    Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[1].tolist(),
                    Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[2].tolist()]))), axis=1)
264         Semi_Finished_Product_S2.extend([int(a * b * c) for a, b, c in
            zip(Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[3],
                Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[4],
                Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[5])])
265         Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form =
            np.concatenate((Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form,
                np.array([Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[3].tolist(),
                    Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[4].tolist(),
                    Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[5].tolist()]))), axis=1)
266         Semi_Finished_Product_S3.extend([int(a * b) for a, b in
            zip(Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[6],
                Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[7])])
267         Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form =
            np.concatenate((Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form,
                np.array([Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[6].tolist(),
                    Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[7].tolist()]))), axis=1)
268
269     else:
270         Qualified_Finished_Product_Indices = [index for index, value in
            enumerate(Finished_Product) if value == 1]
271         Unqualified_Finished_Product_Indices = [index for index, value in
            enumerate(Finished_Product) if value == 0]
272         Profit += Finished_Product_Sell_Price * (len(Finished_Product) -
            Exchange_Quantity)
273         Exchange_Quantity = 0

```

```

274     Cost += Finished_Product_Exchange_Loss *
           len(Unqualified_Finished_Product_Indices)
275     Exchange_Quantity = len(Unqualified_Finished_Product_Indices)
276
277     if Dismantle_Mark_Finished_Product == 1:
278         Cost += Finished_Product_Dismantle_cost *
               len(Unqualified_Finished_Product_Indices)
279         Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form = Finished_Product_Form[:,
               Unqualified_Finished_Product_Indices]
280         Semi_Finished_Product_S1.extend([int(a * b * c) for a, b, c in
               zip(Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[0],
               Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[1],
               Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[2])])
281         Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form =
               np.concatenate((Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form,
               np.array([Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[0].tolist(),
               Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[1].tolist(),
               Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[2].tolist()])), axis=1)
282         Semi_Finished_Product_S2.extend([int(a * b * c) for a, b, c in
               zip(Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[3],
               Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[4],
               Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[5])])
283         Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form =
               np.concatenate((Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form,
               np.array([Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[3].tolist(),
               Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[4].tolist(),
               Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[5].tolist()])), axis=1)
284         Semi_Finished_Product_S3.extend([int(a * b) for a, b in
               zip(Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[6],
               Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[7])])
285         Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form =
               np.concatenate((Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form,
               np.array([Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[6].tolist(),
               Unqualified_Finished_Product_Form[7].tolist()])), axis=1)
286
287     return Profit, Cost, Element_S1, Element_S2, Element_S3, Element_S4,
           Element_S5, Element_S6, Element_S7, Element_S8, Semi_Finished_Product_S1,
           Semi_Finished_Product_S2, Semi_Finished_Product_S3,
           Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form, Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form,
           Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form, Exchange_Quantity
288
289     class Genetic_Algorithm:
290         def __init__(self, Objective_Function, Initial_Solution,
               Population_Size=100, Mutation_Rate=0.1, Crossover_Rate=0.5, Max_Iter=100,
               Elitism_Rate=0.05):
291             self.Objective_Function = Objective_Function
292             self.Population_Size = Population_Size

```

```

293     self.Mutation_Rate = Mutation_Rate
294     self.Crossover_Rate = Crossover_Rate
295     self.Max_Iter = Max_Iter
296     self.Elitism_Rate = Elitism_Rate
297     self.Dim = len(Initial_Solution)
298     self.Population = np.random.randint(2, size=(Population_Size, self.Dim))
299
300     def Select(self, Fitness):
301         Fitness = np.array(Fitness)
302         Fitness = Fitness - np.min(Fitness) + 1e-10
303         Probabilities = Fitness / np.sum(Fitness)
304         Cumulative_Probabilities = np.cumsum(Probabilities)
305         Selected_Indices = []
306         for _ in range(self.Population_Size):
307             r = random.random()
308             for i, cp in enumerate(Cumulative_Probabilities):
309                 if r < cp:
310                     Selected_Indices.append(i)
311                     break
312         return self.Population[Selected_Indices]
313
314     def Crossover(self, Parent1, Parent2):
315         if random.random() < self.Crossover_Rate:
316             Cross_Point = random.randint(0, self.Dim - 1)
317             Child1 = np.concatenate((Parent1[:Cross_Point], Parent2[Cross_Point:]))
318             Child2 = np.concatenate((Parent2[:Cross_Point], Parent1[Cross_Point:]))
319             return Child1, Child2
320         else:
321             return Parent1, Parent2
322
323     def Mutate(self, Individual):
324         for i in range(self.Dim):
325             if random.random() < self.Mutation_Rate:
326                 Individual[i] = 1 - Individual[i]
327         return Individual
328
329     def Optimize(self):
330         for Generation in range(self.Max_Iter):
331             Fitness = [self.Objective_Function(x) for x in self.Population]
332
333             # 选择精英个体
334             Elite_Size = int(self.Population_Size * self.Elitism_Rate)
335             Elite_Indices = np.argsort(Fitness)[-Elite_Size:]
336             Elite_Population = self.Population[Elite_Indices]
337
338             Selected_Population = self.Select(Fitness)
339             New_Population = []

```

```

340         for i in range(0, self.Population_Size - Elite_Size, 2):
341             Parent1 = Selected_Population[i]
342             Parent2 = Selected_Population[i + 1]
343             Child1, Child2 = self.Crossover(Parent1, Parent2)
344             Child1 = self.Mutate(Child1)
345             Child2 = self.Mutate(Child2)
346             New_Population.append(Child1)
347             New_Population.append(Child2)
348
349             # 将精英个体加入新种群
350             New_Population.extend(Elite_Population)
351             self.Population = np.array(New_Population)
352             Best_Solution = self.Population[np.argmax(Fitness)]
353             Best_Fitness = np.max(Fitness)
354
355             print(f"Generation {Generation}: Best_Solution = {Best_Solution}, Best
                 Fitness = {Best_Fitness}")
356
357         return Best_Solution, Best_Fitness
358
359     def Objective_Function(X):
360
361         S1 = 100
362         S2 = 100
363         S3 = 100
364         S4 = 100
365         S5 = 100
366         S6 = 100
367         S7 = 100
368         S8 = 100
369         Defect_Rate_S1 = 0.1
370         Defect_Rate_S2 = 0.1
371         Defect_Rate_S3 = 0.1
372         Defect_Rate_S4 = 0.1
373         Defect_Rate_S5 = 0.1
374         Defect_Rate_S6 = 0.1
375         Defect_Rate_S7 = 0.1
376         Defect_Rate_S8 = 0.1
377
378         Simulation_Number = 100
379         Time = 10
380         Profits = 0
381         Costs = 0
382         Purchase_Price_S1 = 2
383         Purchase_Price_S2 = 8
384         Purchase_Price_S3 = 12
385         Purchase_Price_S4 = 2

```



```

386     Purchase_Price_S5 = 8
387     Purchase_Price_S6 = 12
388     Purchase_Price_S7 = 8
389     Purchase_Price_S8 = 12
390
391     for i in range(0, Time):
392         Decision_Vector = X
393         Element_S1 = []
394         Element_S2 = []
395         Element_S3 = []
396         Element_S4 = []
397         Element_S5 = []
398         Element_S6 = []
399         Element_S7 = []
400         Element_S8 = []
401         Semi_Finished_Product_S1 = []
402         Semi_Finished_Product_S2 = []
403         Semi_Finished_Product_S3 = []
404         Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form = [[], [], []]
405         Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form = [[], [], []]
406         Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form = [[], []]
407         Exchange_Quantity = 0
408         k = 0
409         while k < Simulation_Number:
410             random.seed(i * Time + k)
411             np.random.seed(i * Time + k)
412
413             Perturbed_Defect_Rate_S1 = Defect_Rate_S1 + np.random.normal(0, 0.01)
414             Perturbed_Defect_Rate_S2 = Defect_Rate_S2 + np.random.normal(0, 0.01)
415             Perturbed_Defect_Rate_S3 = Defect_Rate_S3 + np.random.normal(0, 0.01)
416             Perturbed_Defect_Rate_S4 = Defect_Rate_S4 + np.random.normal(0, 0.01)
417             Perturbed_Defect_Rate_S5 = Defect_Rate_S5 + np.random.normal(0, 0.01)
418             Perturbed_Defect_Rate_S6 = Defect_Rate_S6 + np.random.normal(0, 0.01)
419             Perturbed_Defect_Rate_S7 = Defect_Rate_S7 + np.random.normal(0, 0.01)
420             Perturbed_Defect_Rate_S8 = Defect_Rate_S8 + np.random.normal(0, 0.01)
421             Bad_S1 = int(Perturbed_Defect_Rate_S1 * S1)
422             Bad_S2 = int(Perturbed_Defect_Rate_S2 * S2)
423             Bad_S3 = int(Perturbed_Defect_Rate_S3 * S3)
424             Bad_S4 = int(Perturbed_Defect_Rate_S4 * S4)
425             Bad_S5 = int(Perturbed_Defect_Rate_S5 * S5)
426             Bad_S6 = int(Perturbed_Defect_Rate_S6 * S6)
427             Bad_S7 = int(Perturbed_Defect_Rate_S7 * S7)
428             Bad_S8 = int(Perturbed_Defect_Rate_S8 * S8)
429
430             Prepared_Element_S1 = np.ones(S1)
431             Random_Indices_S1 = np.random.choice(S1, size=Bad_S1, replace=False)
432             Prepared_Element_S1[Random_Indices_S1] = 0

```

```

433     Element_S1.extend(Prepared_Element_S1)
434     Prepared_Element_S2 = np.ones(S2)
435     Random_Indices_S2 = np.random.choice(S2, size=Bad_S2, replace=False)
436     Prepared_Element_S2[Random_Indices_S2] = 0
437     Element_S2.extend(Prepared_Element_S2)
438     Prepared_Element_S3 = np.ones(S3)
439     Random_Indices_S3 = np.random.choice(S3, size=Bad_S3, replace=False)
440     Prepared_Element_S3[Random_Indices_S3] = 0
441     Element_S3.extend(Prepared_Element_S3)
442     Prepared_Element_S4 = np.ones(S4)
443     Random_Indices_S4 = np.random.choice(S4, size=Bad_S4, replace=False)
444     Prepared_Element_S4[Random_Indices_S4] = 0
445     Element_S4.extend(Prepared_Element_S4)
446     Prepared_Element_S5 = np.ones(S5)
447     Random_Indices_S5 = np.random.choice(S5, size=Bad_S5, replace=False)
448     Prepared_Element_S5[Random_Indices_S5] = 0
449     Element_S5.extend(Prepared_Element_S5)
450     Prepared_Element_S6 = np.ones(S6)
451     Random_Indices_S6 = np.random.choice(S6, size=Bad_S6, replace=False)
452     Prepared_Element_S6[Random_Indices_S6] = 0
453     Element_S6.extend(Prepared_Element_S6)
454     Prepared_Element_S7 = np.ones(S7)
455     Random_Indices_S7 = np.random.choice(S7, size=Bad_S7, replace=False)
456     Prepared_Element_S7[Random_Indices_S7] = 0
457     Element_S7.extend(Prepared_Element_S7)
458     Prepared_Element_S8 = np.ones(S8)
459     Random_Indices_S8 = np.random.choice(S8, size=Bad_S8, replace=False)
460     Prepared_Element_S8[Random_Indices_S8] = 0
461     Element_S8.extend(Prepared_Element_S8)
462     Costs += Purchase_Price_S1 * len(Prepared_Element_S1) +
         Purchase_Price_S2 * len(Prepared_Element_S2)
463     Costs += Purchase_Price_S3 * len(Prepared_Element_S3) +
         Purchase_Price_S4 * len(Prepared_Element_S4)
464     Costs += Purchase_Price_S5 * len(Prepared_Element_S5) +
         Purchase_Price_S6 * len(Prepared_Element_S6)
465     Costs += Purchase_Price_S7 * len(Prepared_Element_S7) +
         Purchase_Price_S8 * len(Prepared_Element_S8)
466     Profit, Cost, Element_S1, Element_S2, Element_S3, Element_S4,
         Element_S5, Element_S6, Element_S7, Element_S8,
         Semi_Finished_Product_S1, Semi_Finished_Product_S2,
         Semi_Finished_Product_S3, Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form,
         Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form, Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form,
         Exchange_Quantity = Solve(Element_S1, Element_S2, Element_S3,
         Element_S4, Element_S5, Element_S6, Element_S7, Element_S8,
         Semi_Finished_Product_S1, Semi_Finished_Product_S2,
         Semi_Finished_Product_S3, Semi_Finished_Product_S1_Form,
         Semi_Finished_Product_S2_Form, Semi_Finished_Product_S3_Form,

```

```

        Decision_Vector, Exchange_Quantity)
467     Profits += Profit
468     Costs += Cost
469     k += 1
470
471     Profits = Profits / (Simulation_Number * Time)
472     Costs = Costs / (Simulation_Number * Time)
473     Pure_Profits = Profits - Costs
474
475     return Pure_Profits
476
477 Period = 1
478 Initial_Solution = np.zeros(16 * Period)
479 Genetic_Algorithm = Genetic_Algorithm(Objective_Function, Initial_Solution)
480 Best_Solution, Best_Fitness = Genetic_Algorithm.Optimize()
481 print(f"Best Solution: {Best_Solution}")
482 print(f"Best Fitness: {Best_Fitness}")

```