Project 2

<Hangman Extreme>

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Introduction

Title: Hangman Extreme

Classic Hangman is an interactive word guessing game where the player has a certain amount of turns before the full image of a man hanging appears.

Each time a word unknown to the player will be selected with a graphical representation indicating the amount of letters this word has. The player is then requested to enter a letter that they think is present in the unknown word. Guess enough letters correctly that makes up the full word before the entire hanging man image appears. The appearance of the image of the hanging man is dependent on the amount of incorrect letters that were inputted as each time a part of his body reveals itself.

Hangman Extreme is based off the classic Hangman game but has some additional modes and features embedded into it.

Recently, the game is included with more features to setup the game. To start with, the game is introduced with the option of sorting the words in ascending or descending order using two different recursive sorts to which is it inserted into a virtual Tree-like structure so that the words can be displayed and selected for the tree for the Hangman game.

Moreover, the game also as an easier multi-round game mode where random words from the game's library are selected and with the use of a virtual graph so that the random words can be chosen based on the idea of minimizing the accumulated lengths of all those words (using Prim's Algorithm). In other words, from the first to the last round, the game will try to have you guess less.

The game is also just included with a Table of existing words for that round so that the player is able to search the chosen word for Hangman on the Table (with the use of hashing) for hints if the player finds him/herself stuck during the game.

There is a "Normal Mode" that is closest to the original version of the game that's mentioned above. Within this game mode you have features such as the "Guess Word" ability to guess the entire word to complete your turn/game quicker but in return you will lose the game if you guess the wrong word. The "Lifeline" feature that allows you to guess the word as well but is not a sudden lose if you were to guess wrongly; however, this feature is only available once per turn. You'll also have the ability to view your previous inputs for the current round (called "View Inputs").

The second game type is called "Ez-Mode". Within this mode of Hangman Extreme, there's only a list of potentially 25 randomly selected words from a list of over 800. On top of that, these words will display for you in alphabetical order for you to better guess the word. The features:

"Guess Word", "Lifeline", and "View Inputs" is also available for "Ez-Mode" along with the processing game modes that will be mentioned below.

The third game mode is potentially the longest out of all the game modes, (hence the name "Marathon Mode") as the player is able to select the number rounds with a randomly selected word per each round. The player has to win each round as they have done before for all of the rounds to finish.

The last game mode is called "Custom Word Mode" where the player can choose the number of rounds for another person to play as they enter word(s) of their choice for each number of rounds that they have chosen. These words will them be collected and inserted into the library of the game so that they can later be called in the future.

Summary

Project Size: ~ 2460 lines

Number of Variables: 18+

Number of Functions/Methods: 35+

Number of Classes: 6

Types of Containers Used: 5

Besides going beyond of 750 lines of code, I have utilized Hash, Recursive Sorts, Tree, and Graph.

For **hashing**, I used a hash table along with the RS-Hash to allow the player to be able to utilized the hash's O(1) search for a possible word during a round of Hangman within the <u>Custom Word Mode</u> (a mode which the host of the game are able to have to game play with their own inserted words to which it will be sorted in the main library (words.txt) for further games) if they have a clue on what the word of the round might be and choose to use this feature as a hint.

For **Recursive Sorts**, I used a Bubble recursive sort and a Selection recursive sort to be able to have the randomly chosen list of words to be in ascending order or descending order as a setup option for a game mode that utilizes a Tree.

For **Tree**, I used a binary tree that eventually takes in the sorted words through recursion (this was mentioned above) and displays the words in Pre-Order and Post-Order or In-Order to allow

the Host of the game to see their choices of sorts so that they will be able to confirm what the order they want the player to play in.

For **Graph**, I used Prim's algorithm to generate a minimum spanning tree of a graph of the random words' lengths then used the visited vertices to select which random words to use for the gameplay.

Description

The main point of this program is to use the hash, tree, recursive sorts, and graph.

The uses of hash, tree, recursive sorts, and graph are listed above under **Summary**.

Sample Input/Output

Start of Hangman Extreme (menu):

Gameplay with selectable features:

Endgame – Request to document score:

<u>Game Setup with Recursive Sorts then Tree – Request which Order the words would be played in then confirms:</u>

You have chosen Tree Mode where you're able to sort the random words with the use of RECURSIVE SORTS and confirm your settings of the words from a TREE to confirm your selection so that you'd be ready to offer the game to the player.

Let's begin...

Randomly chosen words: experience let start now take

Enter 1 to sort ABC Order.

Enter 2 to sort in Reverse.

User Input: 2

Sorted Reversed Order: take start now let experience

Inserting onto Tree...

Words in Pre-Order (Reversed Order): take start now let experience

Words in In-Order (ABC Order): experience let now start take

Do you want In-Order (ABC Order) instead? (y/n)

User Input: n

(for testing purposes) chosenWord = take

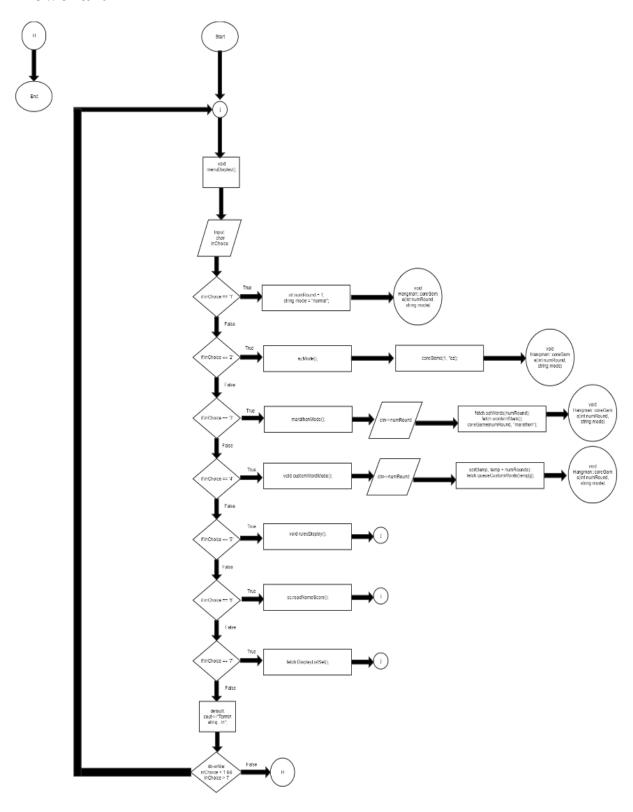
Try: 1/6

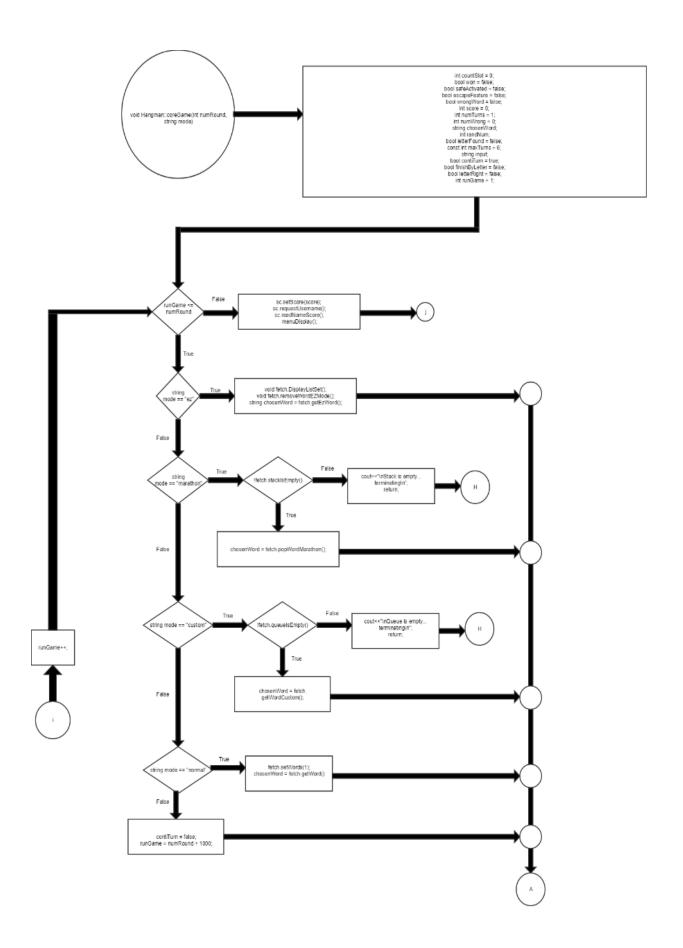
Enter "1" to guess word. (Will lose instantly if guessed wrong.)

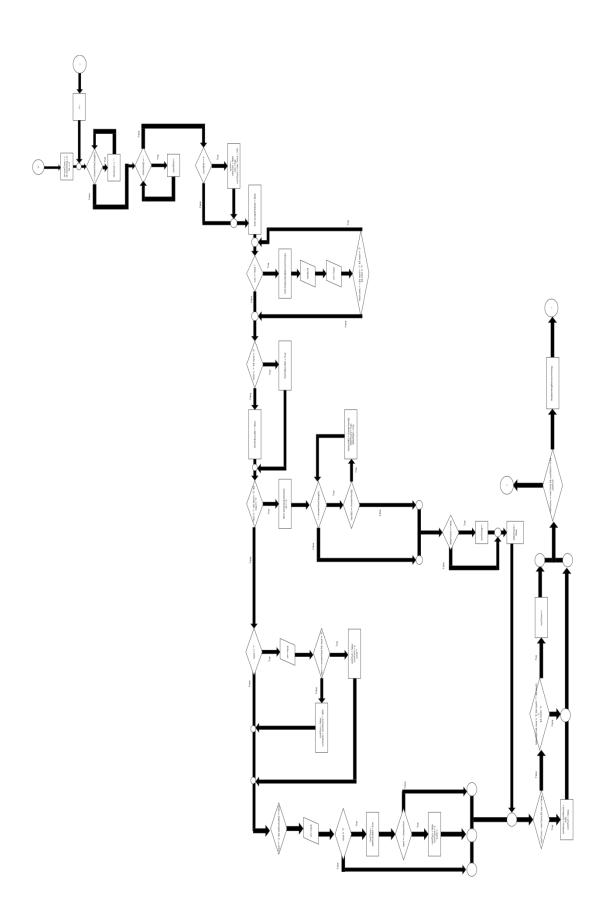
Enter "1" to guess word without losing. (Once per round)

Enter "2" to guess word without losing. (Once per round)

Flowchart







Pseudo Code

```
Initialize
Display menu
If '1' is entered from the menu (Normal Mode has been selected)
      Select obtain random word from words.txt
       Set\ numRound = 1;
       Set\ maxRound = 6;
      Display characterized graphics
       Request Input
       If input == "1"
              Request player to guess word
                     If input == chosenWord
                            Then win game
                     Else
                            Then lose game
      Else if input == "2"
              Request player to guess word
              If input == chosenWord
                     Then win game
              Else
                     Continue turn
       Else if input == "3"
              Then display sorted inputs from STL's List
```

Else if input == letter in chosenWord

Then continue turn

```
Else if '2' is entered from the menu (Ez-Mode has been selected)
```

Obtain 25 words from words.txt

Insert those 25 words into STL's Set

Calls function to the core of the game

Use Iterator to display all elements of STL's Set and pick a random word from it

Display characterized graphics

Request Input

If input == "1"

Request player to guess word

If input == chosenWord

Then win game

Else

Then lose game

Else if input == "2"

Request player to guess word

If input == chosenWord

Then win game

Else

Continue turn

Else if input == "3"

Then display sorted inputs from STL's List

Else if input == *letter in chosenWord*

Then continue turn

Else if '3' is entered from menu (Marathon Mode has been selected)

Run Marathon Mode

Request for number of rounds

Obtain words based on number of rounds

Push words on to STL's Stack

Pop a word from Stack from for each round

Checks if letter is in words

Else if '4' is entered from menu (Custom Word Mode has been selected)

Run Custom Word Mode

Requests number of rounds

Requests a word to be entered for each round

Push word on to STL's Queue

Pop word from STL's Queue for each round

Run core game

Else if '5' is entered from menu (Show the rules)

Then display the rules

Else if '6' is entered from menu (Show the Score Board)

Then display the names and scores from STL's Map

Else if '7' is entered from the menu (Show the Ez-Mode free words that has been chosen)

Use Iterator to go through STL's Set to display the list of words chosen only for Ez-Mode

Else if '8' is entered from the menu setup game with the use of TREE and RECURSIVE SORTS

Else if '9' is entered from the menu setup game with the use of Graph and Prim's Algorithm

Major Variables

Type	Variable Name	Description	Location
Integer	numTurns	Stores the number of rounds	void coreGame(int, string)
	numWrong	Stores the number of wrong inputs	void coreGame(int, string)
	countSlot	Counts for amount of open slots left	void coreGame(int, string)
	score	Stores the score for each word correct	void coreGame(int, string)
	newScore	Obtains the score for class Scoreboard	Class Scoreboard
string	input	Stores player's input	void coreGame(int, string)
	chosenWord	Stores the word chosen for the round	void coreGame(int, string)
	storeLine	Displays progress of unknown word	void coreGame(int, string)
	*wordList	Stores the string for class WordFetch	class WordFetch
char	input	Store yes/no choice for confirmations with	void
		player	Scoreboard::requestUsername();
bool	won	Holds winning status	void coreGame(int, string)
	safeActivated	Holds if player has activated their lifeline	void coreGame(int, string)
	escapeFeature	Holds if player has exited guess word mode	void coreGame(int, string)
	wrongWord	Holds if the wrong word has been guessed	void coreGame(int, string)
	letterFound	Alerts game if letter has been found	void coreGame(int, string)
	contiTurn	Holds if turn should continue after guessing word mode	void coreGame(int, string)
	finishByLetter	Holds if player previous turn was Letter Mode	void coreGame(int, string)
	letterRight	Holds if guessed letter is correct	void coreGame(int, string)

Concepts



Hash: Located in *Hash.cpp* (Lines: 18 - 138)

Object Declaration of Hash --> Located in Hangman.cpp (Line 27)

Tree: Located in *BalancedTree.cpp* (Lines: 18 - 264)

Object Declaration of BalancedTree --> Located in Hangman.h (Line 33)

Recursive Sorts: Located in *Recursive Sorts.cpp* (Lines: 4 - 51)

Object Declaration of RecursiveSorts --> Located in Hangman.cpp (Line 30)

Graph: Located in *Hangman.cpp* (Lines: 834 – 948)

---- (Old From Project 1) ---

Maps: Located in *Scoreboard.cpp* (Lines: 88 -189)

Sets: Located in *WordFetch.cpp* (Lines: 90 – 201)

Lists: Located in *WordFetch.cpp* (Lines 203-230)

Stacks: Located in *WordFetch.cpp* (Lines 233-261)

Queues: Located in *WordFetch.cpp* (Lines 264-300)

Iterators: Located in *Scoreboard.cpp* (lines 103-105), *WordFetch.cpp* (lines: 117 & 189-194 & 221-223)

Algorithms: Located in *WordFetch.cpp* (lines: 117), *Hangman.cpp* (lines: 437), *Scoreboard.cpp* (Line 143)

Reference

- 1) The C++ Standard Library by Nicolai M. Josuttis
- 2) www.cplusplus.com
- 3) Introduction to Algorithms (Third Edition) by Charles E. Leiserson

Program

//filename: main.cpp

```
#include <ctime>
```

#include <cstdlib>

#include <iostream> //For input output

#include <fstream> //Use to obtain words from words.txt

#include "WordFetch.h"

#include "Hangman.h"

```
using namespace std;
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
  srand(time(NULL));
  //Declares object for Hangman class
  Hangman h;
  //Display the Hangman title on the screen
  h.titleDisplay();
  //Displays the menu to select game mode
  h.menuDisplay();
  return 0;
}
//filename: Hangman.cpp
#include <cstdlib>
#include <iostream>
#include <ctime>
#include "Hangman.h"
#include "WordFetch.h"
#include "Scoreboard.h"
#include <algorithm> //To use STL's sort algorithm
using namespace std;
void Hangman::coreGame(int numRound, string mode){
```

```
int countSlot = 0;
                      //counts the value for open slots left
bool won = false;
                       //holds winning status
bool safeActivated = false; //Checks if player has activated their lifeline
bool escapeFeature = false; //Checks if player has exited guess word mode
bool wrongWord = false; //Checks if the wrong word has been guessed
int score = 0;
                    //Stores the number points
int numTurns = 1;
                       //Stores the number of turns
int numWrong = 0;
                        //Store the number of wrong guesses for letters
string chosenWord;
                        //Stores the word chosen for the round
int randNum;
                      //Stores a random number for choosing word
bool letterFound = false; //Alerts game if letter has been found
const int maxTurns = 6; //Holds number of max turns per round
string input;
                    //Stores player's input
bool contiTurn = true; //Checks if turn should continue after guessing word mode
bool finishByLetter = false; //Checks if player previous turn was Letter Mode
bool letterRight = false; //Checks if guessed letter is correct
//Holds the status of guessed characters and open slots left
string storeLine = "";
srand(time(0));
//Do-Whole loops the number of rounds a game mode offers
//Also increments the number of rounds in its condition
for(int runGame = 1; runGame <= numRound; runGame++){
  /***********
```

Setting Up Round

```
*************
fetch.deleteInputHist();
contiTurn = true;
won = false;
safeActivated = false;
finishByLetter = false;
letterFound = false;
//Determines how chosenWord is selected depending on game mode
if(mode == "ez"){}
  fetch.DisplayListSet();
  fetch.removeWordEZMode();\\
  chosenWord = fetch.getEzWord();
}else if(mode == "marathon"){
  cout<<"\nNOTE: Unless you've guessed the wrong word under challenge"
    <<" mode \"Word Mode\" (Option \"1\") you can still continue "
    <="and play.\n You'll just not get a point for that word.\n";
  if(!fetch.stackIsEmpty())
    chosenWord = fetch.popWordMarathon();
}else if(mode == "custom"){
  if(!fetch.queueIsEmpty()){
    chosenWord = fetch.getWordCustom();
}else if(mode == "normal"){
  fetch.setWords(1);
  chosenWord = fetch.getWord();
}else{
  cout<<endl<<"Error: Game Mode has not been selected correctly.";
  cout<<" Now terminating...\n";
  contiTurn = false;
```

```
runGame = numRound + 1000;
}
cout <<\!\!endl\!<<\!\!"(for\ testing\ purposes)\ chosenWord="<\!\!<\!\!chosenWord\!<<\!\!endl;
//Holds the status of guessed characters and open slots left
storeLine = "";
//For-loop that checks the number of open slots base on
//the length of the chosen word for the round
for(int \ i = 0; \ i < chosenWord.length(); \ i++)\{
  storeLine+="-";
}
cout<<endl;
//Reset for new round
numTurns = 1;
numWrong = 0;
/***********
      Starting Game
************
//Do-while loop: Checks the winning conditions
do{
  cout << "\n\t\t\t Try: "<< numTurns << "/"
    <<maxTurns<<endl;
  letterRight = false; //Resets if player guessed letter right
  //Resets countSlot to 0 for every round
```

```
//checks if player has won
countSlot = 0;
//For-loop that assigns the number of open slots base on
//the length of the chosen word for the round
for(int \ i = 0; \ i < chosenWord.length(); \ i++)\{
  //Increments countSlot for every open slots avaliable
  if(storeLine[i] == '-'){}
     countSlot++; //counts the amount of open slots left
                 //if count == 0 then player wins
  }
}
//If there are no open slots left then word has been guess
//Therefore player has won
if(countSlot == 0){
  score++;
  contiTurn = false;
  won = true;
  numTurns = maxTurns + 100; //Terminates do-while loop round
                    //if word has been guessed in
                    //Letter Mode
}
escapeFeature = false;
if(won == false){
```

```
//inner while loop: Prompts the player to enter guessed
//character or select one of the following features
//Feature #1: Guess word and instantly lose
//Feature #2: A once per round life line where incorrectly guessed
//word will not cause the player to lose
do{
  //Displays the appropriate hangman image based on amount of
  //wrong guesses
  displayHangMan(numWrong);
  //Displays status of guessing the word
  cout<<endl<<storeLine<<endl;
  cout<<"Enter \"1\" to guess word. (Will lose instantly if "
     <<"guessed wrong.)\n";
  //Opens up game feature to allow a free mode where guessing
  //a word wrong will not harm player's status of winning
  if(safeActivated == false)
    cout<<"Enter \"2\" to guess word without losing. "
       <<"(Once per round)\n";
  cout<<"Enter \"3\" to see numbers you have previously entered\n";
  //Prompts player for input
  cout<<"Enter a letter: ";
  cin>>input;
  if(input == "3")
     fetch.displayInputList();
```

```
if(input == "2" && safeActivated == true)
     cout<<"\nSorry. You have already used up your life line"
       <<" (Option 2). You must wait for the next round "
       <<"to use it again.\n";
  //Warns the player if they've enter too many letters
  if(input.size() > 1)
     cout<<"\nInvalid Input: You must only enter 1 character. "
       <<"Please enter \"1\" or if you haven't \"2\" to"
       <<" guess the entire word.\n";
  //do-while loop checks for activation of features and size of
  //input
  //If player chooses one of the two options above, it will then
  //terminate this do-while loop to proceed them to the next
}while(input.size() > 1 && input != "1" && input != "2"
     && input != "3");
//Checks what the previous mode was
if(input != "1" && input != "2")
  finishByLetter = true;
else
  finishByLetter = false;
//Stores the guessed values per turn
if(input != "1" && input != "2" && input != "3"){
  fetch.storeInputList(input);
```

```
//Checks if inputed character is present in the chosen word
if(input != "1" && input != "2" && input != "3"){
  for(int i = 0; i < chosenWord.length(); i++){
     for(int \ j = 0; \ j < chosenWord.length(); j++)\{
       if(input[0] == chosenWord[i]){
          storeLine[i] = chosenWord[i];
          letterFound = true;
          letterRight = true;
       }
     }
  }
  //Keeps track of the number of wrong guesses
  if(letterFound == false)
     numWrong++;
  letterFound = false; //resets found letter to false for
                //the next turn
 // numTurns++; //Incrementor for number of rounds
//Unlocks word guessing mode
}else if(input == "1"){
  cout<<endl;
  cout<<"BEWARE: Guess the word correctly and you will automatic"
     <="ally win the game.\nGuess the wrong word and you will"
     <<" instantly lose.\n";
  cout<<"If you're not up for it, enter \"0\" to return to "
```

```
<="guessing only letters.\n";
  cout<<"Enter the word: ";
  cin>>input;
  if(input !="0"){
     if(input == chosenWord){}
       cout<<"*** You've guessed the correct word! "
         <<"You have WON! ***"<<endl;
       contiTurn = false;
       numTurns = 0;
       score++;
     }else{
       cout<<"\nYour guess was wrong. You Lose\n";
       contiTurn = false;
       runGame = numRound + 1000;
     }
  }
//Unlocks the safe feature of the game
}else if(input == "2" && safeActivated == false){
  cout<<endl;
  cout<<"Warning: You'll only have safety mode once per turn.\n";
  cout<<"Safe Mode --- You will not lose a guess if word is "
     <<"guessed incorrectly.\n";
  cout << "Enter \"0\" if you do not wish to use up this feature.\n";
  cout<<"Enter the word: ";</pre>
  cin>>input;
```

```
if(input != "0"){
         numTurns--; //Does not count turn if life mode
         safeActivated = true;
         if(input == chosenWord){}
           cout<<"*** You've guessed the correct word! "
             <="You have WON! ***"<<endl;
           contiTurn = false;
           numTurns = 0;
           score++;
         }
      }
  }
  //Terminates the for-loop if player loses a turn in letter mode
  //In other words, GAMEOVER
  if(numTurns > maxTurns \&\& won == false){}
    runGame = numRound + 1000;
    contiTurn = false;
  }
  if(!letterRight && input != "0" && input!= "1" && input!= "2"
      && input!= "3")
    numTurns++;
}while(numTurns <= maxTurns && countSlot != 0 && contiTurn);</pre>
//Redisplay man's status
displayHangMan(numWrong);
```

```
//Informs player of the game's outcome before game ends
  if(finishByLetter == true){
     if(won == true){}
       cout<<"\n*** YOU'VE WON ***\n";
     }else
       cout<<"\n*** You lose. Better luck next time! ***"<<endl;</pre>
  }
  //Displays the word at the end of the game
  cout <<\!\!endl\!<<\!\!"Answer: "<\!\!<\!\!chosenWord\!<<\!\!endl;
} //End of for-loop
//Takes in score for scoreboard
sc.setScore(score);
//Requests if player wants to enter a username and have score be stored
sc.requestUsername();
//Displays scoreboard of previous players
sc.readNameScore();
menuDisplay();
```

//filename: Scoreboard.cpp (not entire file)

```
*********************
         Map -
* Used to store and display both usernames & score from
* usernames.txt & scores.txt
//Displays the list of previous names & scores
void Scoreboard::readNameScore(){
 updateNameScoreMap();
 map <string, string> :: iterator itr;
 cout<<endl<<endl;
 Scoreboard
 cout<<endl;
 cout << "Players: \n";
 cout<<"----\n";
 for (itr = m.begin(); itr != m.end(); ++itr){
  cout << itr->first<< endl << "\tScore ----> " << itr->second<<endl;
 }
 cout << endl;
```

```
//Takes in score
void Scoreboard::setScore(int score){
  newScore = score;
//Checks if username already exists
bool\ Scoreboard:: check Username (string\ username) \{
  updateNameScoreMap();
  bool foundName; //Returns if username already exist or not
  //Checks to see if the name on already on the map
  if(m.count(username) == 0)
    foundName = false;
  else
    foundName = true;
  //cout<<endl<<"foundName = "<<foundName<<endl;
  //cout<<endl<<"m.count = "<<m.count(username)<<endl;
return foundName;}
//Checks if backup username already exists too
bool Scoreboard::checkUserCode(string username){
  bool foundCode = false; //Returns if username already exist or not
  std::hash<std::string> str_hash;
```

```
ifstream myfile ("backup_usernames.txt");
  if (myfile.is_open()){
     stringstream ss; //create a stringstream
     while ( getline (myfile,line) && foundCode != true){
       ss << str_hash(username); //add integer to the stream
       cout<<"\n\t\t\tss.str() = "<<ss.str()<<endl;
       if(ss.str() == line)
         foundCode = true;
     }
     myfile.close();
  }else cout <<"\nReading error: Unable to open backup_usernames.txt for "
         <="cross-referencing with hash.\n";
  //cout<<endl<<"foundCode = "<<foundCode<<endl;
return foundCode;}
//Updates the map dealing with the scoreboard
void Scoreboard::updateNameScoreMap(){
  string lineName;
  string lineScore;
                       //temporary string for each line in .txt
  int countLine = 0; //Counts the number of lines (elements) in .txt
  int i = 0;
                //incrementer
  ifstream myfileCount ("usernames.txt");
```

string line;

```
while(getline (myfileCount, lineName) ){
 countLine++;
};
myfileCount.close();
//Reading files usernames.txt & scores.txt to insert into map
ifstream myfileName ("usernames.txt");
ifstream myfileScore ("scores.txt");
if (myfileName.is_open() && myfileScore.is_open()){
  while(getline (myfileName, lineName) && getline (myfileScore, lineScore)){
    p.first = lineName;
    p.second = lineScore;
    m.insert(p);
  };
  myfileName.close();
} else
  cout << "\nReading Error: Cannot open usernames.txt or scores.txt";</pre>
```

//filename:WordFetch.cpp

#include <cstdlib>

```
#include <iostream>
#include <ctime>
#include <fstream> //Use to obtain words from words.txt
#include <iterator>
#include <string>
#include <algorithm>
#include <set> //For using sets
#include <list> //For using lists
#include <stack>
#include <queue>
#include "WordFetch.h"
using namespace std;
//Access a random line in word.txt to obtain a word for Normal Mode
//Some elements of this function was borrowed from cplusplus.com
string WordFetch::getRandWords(){
  ifstream myfile("words.txt"); //Access .txt for list of words
  string line = "";
  int numOfWords = 0;
  string newword = "";
  string word = "";
  int wordlength = 0;
  int k = 0;
  string alphabet="a b c d e f g h i j k l m n o p q r s t u v w x y z"; //used for validation
  while(getline(myfile, line)){
    numOfWords++;
  };
```

```
int index = rand()%numOfWords + 1;
  //Reset curser to first line
  myfile.clear();
  myfile.seekg(0, ios::beg);
  //Grab line from file
  for \ (int \ line no = 0; \ getline \ (myfile, newword) \ \&\& \ line no < index; \ line no++);
  wordlength=string(newword).size();
  word="";
  for (int i = 0; wordlength>i; i++){
    for (k = 0; k < 51; k+=2) //Alphabetic Checks
       if (alphabet[k]==newword[i]) //Check if letter is in alphabet
         word=word+newword[i];
  }
return word;}
//Obtains number of words based on number of rounds
void WordFetch::setWords(int nRounds){
  numRounds = nRounds;
  string tempWord = "";
  int count = 0;
  wordList = new string[numRounds];
  for(int numWords = 0; numWords < numRounds; numWords++){</pre>
    tempWord = getRandWords();
     wordList[numWords] = tempWord;
```

```
//for(int m = 0; m < numRounds; m++)
      //cout<<endl<<"word = "<<wordList[m]<<endl;
}
//Destructor deallocates memory
//Update word list if new custom words have been added
WordFetch::~WordFetch(){
  //If queue is not empty then it will write its existing words onto the list
  if(!q.empty()){
    //****** Updating library *****
    //Cleans duplicate entries
    //Organizes words in ABC order
    fstream fileUpdateWords;
    file Update Words.open ("words.txt", fstream::app);\\
      if (fileUpdateWords.is_open()){
         while(!q.empty()){
           fileUpdateWords{<<}q.front();\\
           q.pop();
         };
         fileUpdateWords.close();
       }else
         cout<<"\nWriting Error: Cannot open words.txt to update library.\n";
  }
  delete[] wordList;
}
/********************
              Set -
* Use to single insert words into words.txt and display
```

```
* entire list in alphabetical order with built in sort
void WordFetch::wordsInSet(){
  string line;
  const int numFreeWords = 25;
  ifstream myfileWords ("words.txt");
  if \ (myfileWords.is\_open()) \{\\
    for(int i = 0; i < numFreeWords; i++){
      s.insert(getRandWords());
    };
    myfileWords.close();
  } else
    cout << "\nReading Error: Cannot open words.txt";</pre>
}
//Displays 25 free words from the list of possible words in Alphabetical order
//(utilizing STL set's built-in sort)if player wishes to see it in the menu
void WordFetch::DisplayListSet(){
  cout<<"\nList of 25 Possible Free Words (Alphabetical Order):\n";
  for(set<string>::iterator it = s.begin(); it != s.end(); it++){
    cout<<*it<<endl;
  }
  cout<<endl<<"\n*Note: Unless playing under EZ-Mode, there is not a "
    <<"definitive chance that these words will appear\nin other"
    <<" game modes.\n";
```

```
//Removes a word from STL's Set
void WordFetch::removeWordEZMode(){
  char choice; //Asks if player wants to correct their input mistake
  string input; //Holds word to be removed from Set
  do{
     cout<<endl<<"From the list of words above, would you like to remove any "
       <<"one word to improve your odds? (y/n): ";
     cin>>choice;
     if(choice != 'n' && choice != 'N' && choice != 'Y' && choice != 'Y')
       cout<<"\nSorry your has to be \"y\" for Yes or \"n\" for No.\n";
   } while(choice != 'n' && choice != 'N' && choice != 'y' && choice != 'Y');
  if(choice == 'y' || choice == 'Y'){}
     DisplayListSet(); //Redisplay list from set for player to select
     //Requests player to select a word from set
     cout<<"\nEnter a word you'd like to remove from the list above: ";
     cin>>input;
     int n = 3; //number of attempts
     //Confirms the inputted word exists and removes it
     while(choice != 'n' && choice != 'N' && s.count(input) == 0 && n > 0){
       cout << "\backslash t \backslash t \backslash t \backslash t / t" << n--<< " \ Attempt(s) \ Left \backslash n \backslash n";
       if(s.count(input) == 0){
```

```
cout << "The word \"" << input << "\" does not exist. \";
          cout<<"\nWould you like to try again? (y/n): ";
          cin>>choice;
          if(choice == 'Y')
            choice = 'y';
          else if(choice == 'N')
            choice = 'n';
          if(choice != 'n' && choice != 'y')
            cout<<"\nSorry your input has to be \"y\" for Yes or \"n\""
               <<"for No.\n";
         else if (choice == 'y'){
            cout<<"\nEnter another word to be removed: ";</pre>
            cin>>input;
       }
     if(s.count(input) > 0)
       s.erase(input);
//Obtain a word for Ez-Mode with the use of STL's Set
string WordFetch::getEzWord() const{
```

};

}

```
string ezWord;
  int randomNum = rand()%s.size() + 1;
  int i = 0;
  for(set<string>::iterator it = s.begin(); it != s.end(); it++){
    if(i == randomNum)
      ezWord = *it;
  }
  return ezWord;
}
//Clears the set
void WordFetch::clearWordListSet(){
  s.clear();
          List -
* Used store previous inputs of a round
* ****************
//Pushes inputed value onto the list
void WordFetch::storeInputList(string input){
  l.push_front(input);
```

```
}
//Use to display player's input for the round so that they could see
//the letters they've already guessed
void WordFetch::displayInputList(){
  cout << "\nPrevious\ Inputs\ (from\ Latest\ to\ Oldest)\ RESETS\ FOR\ EVERY\ NEW\ WORD: \n";
  cout<<"-----\n";
  for(list<string>::iterator it = l.begin(); it != l.end(); it++){
    cout << "\backslash t \backslash t" << *it << endl;
  }
}
//Deletes input history list (after every round)
void\ WordFetch:: deleteInputHist() \{
  l.clear();
/**************
         Stacks (LIFO)-
* Used store strings for marathon mode
* ***********************************
```

```
//Pushes all the words onto the stack when Marathon Mode is selected
void WordFetch::wordsInStack(){
  for(int i = 0; i < numRounds; i++)
    st.push(wordList[i]);
}
//Returns a popped value from the stack for Marathon Mode
string\ WordFetch::popWordMarathon()\{
  //Pops the list when STL's stack is not empty
  if(st.empty() != true){
    string temp = st.top();
    st.pop();
    return temp;
  }else
    //Warns player stack is empty
    cout<<"\nThere are no longer any elements on the stack.\n";
return 0;}
//Informs if stack is empty for outside classes
bool WordFetch::stackIsEmpty(){
  return st.empty();
/**************
       Queues (FIFO) -
* Uses Queue to display custom words
****************
```

```
//Pushes custom words onto queue for Custom Word Mode while updating library
void WordFetch::queueCustomWords(string customWord){
  q.push(customWord);
  /****** Updates library *****/
  fstream fileUpdateWords;
  file Update Words. open ("words.txt", fstream::app);\\
     if \ (file Update Words. is \_open()) \{\\
          file Update Words <\!\!<\!\!custom Word <\!\!<\!\!endl;
       fileUpdateWords.close();
     }else
       cout << \text{``} \ NWriting Error: Cannot open words.txt to update library. \ `\ n'';
}
//Returns custom words from queue
string WordFetch::getWordCustom(){
  if(!q.empty()){}
     string temp = q.front();
     q.pop();
     return temp;
  }else
     cout << "\n The queue of custom words is empty.\n";
  return 0;}
```