

Question 1:

a) By the big-Oh definition, $f(n) \leq cg(n)$, for $n \geq n_0$.

$5n^3 + 2n^2 + 3n < (5+2+3)n^3 = cn^3$. for $c=10$ when $n \geq n_0 = 1$.

b) By the big-Theta definition, $c'g(n) \leq f(n) \leq c''g(n)$, for $n \geq n_0$.

$n < (7n^2 + 2n - 8)^{1/2} < (7+2)n$. for $c'=1$ $c''=9$ when $n \geq n_0 = 1$.

c) $d(n) = O(f(n)) \rightarrow d(n) \leq cf(n)$,

$e(n) = O(g(n)) \rightarrow e(n) \leq cg(n)$

$cf(n) * cg(n) = c_{\text{NEW}}f(n)g(n)$

$d(n)e(n) \leq c_{\text{NEW}}f(n)g(n)$

$d(n)e(n)$ is $O(f(n)g(n))$

Question 2:

1. $\Theta(n^2)$

2. $\Theta(n)$

3. $\Theta(n \log n)$

4. $\Theta(n)$